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[Phytochemistry, **35**, 785-789 (1994)]

[Lab. of Pharmacognosy]

Eight Phenoic Compounds in root of Sophora exigua.

Munekazu Iinuma*, Junji Yokoyama, Masayashi Ohyama, Toshiyuki Tanaka, Nijsiri Ruangrungsi

The root of Sophora exigua, a deciduous shrub native to Thailand, has been used as a folk medicine for antipyretic and respiratory diseases. In our previous study on the constituents in the roots of the plant, we reported the structural determination of 10 phenoics have a rare B-ring oxygenation. In continued study on phenolic compounds, seven further new prenylated flavanone (exiguaflavanones G-M) and a new benzochromone (exiguachromone) were isolated. These sturctures were confirmed by the analysis of spectral data and chemical transformation.

[Phytochemistry, **35**, 1043-1047 (1994)]

[Lab. of Pharmacognosy]

Two Biflavonoids in the Farinose Exudate of Pentagramma triangularis.

Munekazu Iinuma*, Toshiyuki Tanaka, Koji Suzuki, Frank A. Lang

In continuing studies on the chemistry of farinose exudate of *Pityrogramma calomelanos*, our attention was drawn to the frond exudate of *Pentagramma*. The genus *Pentagramma* has been recently separated from *Pityrogramma* on the basis of morphorogical characters and flavonoid chemistry. In the present study, we isolated two new biflavonoids which composed of a flavone and a dihydrochalcone nucleus, and linked through a methylene group in addition to five known flavonoids. The new structures were determined by means of spectroscopic analysis including of 2D-NMR techniques.

[Phytochemistry, **35**, 1355-1360 (1994)]

[Lab. of Pharmacognosy]

Two xanthones from Root Bark of Garcinia subelliptica.

Munekazu Iinuma*, Hideki Tosa, Toshiyuki Tanaka, Ryouyu Shimano, Fujio Asai, Shigetomo Yonemori

The genus Garcinia has been classified into the Guttifereae, sometimes into the Clusiaceaae. The familiy well-known to be an abundant container of prenylated xanthones, biflavonoids and benzophenones. To search for biologically active compounds in guttiferaceous plants, we investigated the constituents of the root bark of Garcinia subelliptica (Syn. G. spicata) in succession to that of Calophyllum inophyllum. In the present study, two new xanthones named subelliptenones A and B which have novel substitution of isoprenyl unit.