#### Georgia Southern University Digital Commons@Georgia Southern

Georgia International Conference on Information Literacy

(Formerly known as the Georgia Conference on Information Literacy)

Oct 1st, 2:00 PM - 3:30 PM

#### Multiple Partnerships for Student Information Literacy: Library, Writing Center, Faculty, and Administrators

Barbara Alderman *University of Central Florida*, Barbara.Alderman@ucf.edu

Andrew Todd
University of Central Florida, adtodd@gmail.com

Barbara Rau Kyle University of Central Florida, barbara.kyle@ucf.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.georgiasouthern.edu/gaintlit

Part of the <u>Curriculum and Instruction Commons</u>, and the <u>Information Literacy Commons</u>

#### Recommended Citation

Alderman, Barbara; Todd, Andrew; and Kyle, Barbara Rau, "Multiple Partnerships for Student Information Literacy: Library, Writing Center, Faculty, and Administrators" (2010). *Georgia International Conference on Information Literacy*. 12. https://digitalcommons.georgiasouthern.edu/gaintlit/2010/2010/12

This presentation (open access) is brought to you for free and open access by the Conferences & Events at Digital Commons@Georgia Southern. It has been accepted for inclusion in Georgia International Conference on Information Literacy by an authorized administrator of Digital Commons@Georgia Southern. For more information, please contact digitalcommons@georgiasouthern.edu.

## Multiple Partnerships for Student Information Literacy – Library, Writing Center, Faculty, and Administrators

Barbara Alderman – Library

Andrew Todd – Library

Barbara Rau Kyle – Writing Center

University of Central Florida - Regional Campus System

## "Integrating writing and research: A collaborative project to promote Information Fluency on a Regional Campus"

#### Start:

• Spring, 2007 – Grant awarded, participants chosen

#### Objectives:

- Contribute to UCF's vision/research for the QEP
- Address specific issues related to IF on student research & writing
- Investigate the quantitative/qualitative value of a partnership among the Writing Center, Library, and select Faculty
- Conduct the study at a Regional Campus location UCF Cocoa

#### Challenges:

- Faculty participants ever evolving
- Closure of WC 2009 summer term
- Ended up with 2 baselines

## What guided the project?

Particular IF skills we wanted to address:

- Information literacy
- Technology literacy
- Critical thinking

### What guided the project?

Collaboration

- Writing, research skills,
   & critical thinking
- WC, Lib., Teaching F., &
   Admin.
- Emulate team approach of students

#### Roles

- Administrators initiate grant, lead in IRB process, supervise periodic reports to Grant Committee
- Faculty general planning, IRB
- Librarians intervention plan, Wiki, IRB, reports, planning, communications, rubric
- Writing Center intervention plan, rubric, IRB, reports, planning, communications, set-up of space, train consultants

#### Intervention Plan

- Group presentation library & WC
- Individual consultations library & WC
- Information Literacy Test library, WC, & Computer Lab
- Research paper assignment faculty
- Scoring of paper via Rubric library & WC
- Library Assignment librarians
- Writing Center appointments writing center

### Project Timeline

- Year 1 (2007-2008)
  - Setup Writing Center in temporary location
  - Enlisted interested faculty
    - Education, Business, & Communication
  - Evaluated information testing materials
  - Developed rubric for research papers

### Project Timeline

- Year 2 (2008 2009)
  - Move Writing Center to new location
  - Selected Information Literacy Test (ILT)
  - IRB application completed & approved
  - Summer semester & Bldg. 3 renovation
  - Summer semester & Budget no WC
  - Baseline & intervention schedules revised
  - Surveyed faculty for continuing participation
  - Enlisted replacement faculty
    - Business, Communication, Nursing, Psychology

### Project Timeline

- Year 3 (2009-2010)
  - Baseline ILT tests
  - Writing Samples
  - Surveyed faculty for continuing participation
  - Enlisted one more replacement faculty
    - Psychology baseline
  - Conducted baseline & intervention
  - Developed new rubric
  - Applied rubric to research papers
  - Administered the ILT
  - Collected & evaluated results

#### Tools we used

- IRB
- ACRL standards
- James Madison University Information Literacy Test (ILT): Standards 1, 2, 3, 5
- Required paper: Standard 4
- Rubric
- Library Assignment
- Writing Center appointments
- Clickers
- Computer Lab and staff

## Final group of Participants UCF Cocoa Campus Team

Writing Center Barbara Rau Kyle

Library Barbara Alderman Andy Todd

Faculty
Bob Boettcher - Business
Krisann Draves - Nursing
Jim Katt - Communication
Maria Lavooy - Psychology
Erin Murdoch - Psychology
Charlotte Neubauer - Nursing
Jerry Sublette - Communication
Charlie Viggiano - Business

Administration Lauren Miller Denise Young

#### Targeted student interventions

Classroom library/writing center workshops

Library assignment

One-on-one
writing center
/librarian/
student sessions

Topic development and search terms

Information source evaluation and documentation ethics

Search strategies and database mechanics

Original plan vs. final implementation



#### Writing Center involvement

Most successful promotion of information literacy comes through collaboration among librarians, faculty, administration, and staff

Collaboration of services in one location better serves students

Students start research to get big picture contextual knowledge, then to understand the jargon, then to gauge how much to focus/narrow their topics, and only finally to dig out citable information for their papers.

Student research is efficiency (rather than thoroughness) and habit driven

Not just Standard 4 (using information) for writing center involvement, because

- Writing, as a means of learning as well as communicating, is a critical aspect of research
- Ability of students to envision the need for, and understand the scope of, research
  - Begins in the classroom with conceptualization and critical thinking
  - Continues in one-on-one collaborative sessions of thinking and talking about one's writing and research, discussing questions such as: How do you know this is true? What does the opposition have to say?
  - Research ability is enhanced by working with students in stages throughout the completion of an assignment

# The workshops: Do you have any ideas yet for your paper?

- **✓**
- A. I know what my focus will be
- **✓**
- B. I'm thinking of a few different options
- **✓**
- C. I have no clue

Does your topic address any unsolved problems or areas of controversy in your discipline?



A. Yes



B. No

## Do I have a position on this topic?



A. Yes



B. No

## What is the main thing you want to get from your sources?



A. Evidence for your position



B. Background and context



C. Knowledge of opposing positions

## How many rough drafts do you usually write?



A. I revise four or more times before I consider it my final paper.



B. Two or three before my final.



C. One rough draft, and then my final.



D. None. My first is usually my final.

## What is the main reason you cite your sources?

- **✓**
- A. My professor insists on it
- **✓**
- B. To credit others' hard work
- ✓
- C. To enhance my own credibility
- **/**
- D. To give readers an easy path to more information

## Plagiarism - Case Study

Original source:
"Why Braveheart is Bad," by Julie Cross

Mel Gibson's Braveheart tries to convince the audience that William Wallace, the 14th-century Scottish warrior and rebel, was actually a handsome, multi-lingual scholar who not only makes love to the Princess of Wales, but is the father of her future child. This romantic nonsense is not based on historical fact, and dooms what could have been an interesting and worthwhile film.

Source:

University Writing Center (2010). *Plagiarism: How to avoid it.* Retrieved from http://www.uwc.ucf.edu/handouts/Avoiding Plagiarism.pdf

## Is the following plagiarism?

#### **Case #1:**

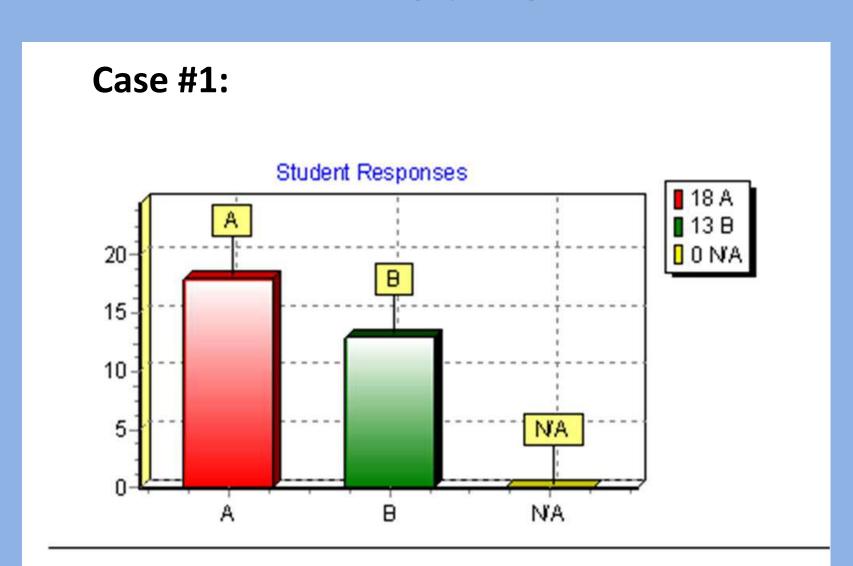
Julie Cross (2008), a film reviewer, writes that the problems of William Wallace's character in *Braveheart* dooms what could have been an interesting and worthwhile film (p. 23).



Source:

University Writing Center (2010). *Plagiarism: How to avoid it.* Retrieved from http://www.uwc.ucf.edu/handouts/Avoiding Plagiarism.pdf

## Is the following plagiarism?



## **Evaluating Sources**

- Date, currency
- Authority, transparency
- Objectivity, accuracy
- Audience
- Purpose

### **Evaluating Sources: Case Study**

Topic: 'pros and cons of seatbelt use'

- Case Study:
  - http://www.monheit.com/crashworthy/Seat-Belts.asp
  - Quote: "it has been shown that a seat belt failure can even be worse than not wearing one at all"
- Book:

http://www.linccweb.org/catalog?screen=direct&query=001458946

## Types of Information Sources

- Encyclopedias, Dictionaries, General Websites Summary information, definitions
- Books, eBooks very detailed information on a broad topic
- Articles current information specific subjects; includes secondary sources like news (articles) and reviews, and primary sources like research studies
- Government & Organizational Websites- good source for statistics, reports, Guidelines (domain = .gov, .org)

To access eBooks, Articles and Databases, go to <a href="http://library.ucf.edu/Databases/">http://library.ucf.edu/Databases/</a>

#### 20 min. Library – Comm. Res. Meth.

- Goal: Find peer-reviewed journal articles that are studies on consumer behavior and online shopping.
- Databases
- Communication & Mass Media Complete
- PsycInfo
- From the UCF Library homepage http://library.ucf.edu
- Click on **Articles & Databases**
- (If you are off campus: Enter your 14 digit library number and password, last 4 digits of pid and click Login. Tip: address field should include "ucfproxy.fcla.edu"
- Click on **C** in the alphabetical line. Scroll down and click on **Communication & Mass Media**.
- Click in the box next to the database and click **Continue**.
- Tools:
- 1.) The Thesaurus subject terms that define what a document is about. Helps us locate search terms to use in searching for useful articles. Think of them as "tags".
- How to use it:
- Select **Thesaurus** in the green area at the top of the screen.
- Type your word or short phrase in the **Browse For** box and click on **Browse**.
- Example: consumer behavior
- Type it in, click Browse
- Click on the term to expand it
- Click **ADD** and then Search.

#### • 2.) Search Boxes:

- Example: from my research goal above
- consumer behavior = DE Descriptor
- study Abstract
- Click in Peer-Reviewed hov
- Search
- Add another term from Suggested Subjects to narrow: electronic commerce
- Look at one search result Shopping orientation and online clothing purchases
- Use Choose Databases and search **Psycinfo** only (uncheck Comm. & Mass Media)
- In 3rd Search Box type = online shopping or electronic commerce
- 3.) Features in database:
- Narrow results, Limiters, Dropdown fields, Citation information, Folders, Search History, My EbscoHost, Persistent link, & Field Information.

## Library Assignment Example: Comm. Res. Meth.

M/hat databasa	is the full text in?
	is the full text in? me database, locate a study which discusses drunken driving and advertising. It was published in 2009. It's peer-reviewed, lead au
= Viljoen, and y	ou can search some terms as <b>SU Subjects</b> . Think about how to narrow the search to look for a study and just use the lead author's ation that you have the article for this question after you have located the full text. The idea is to practice searching with key word
What search te	rms did you use?,,,,
What is the title	e of the article?
What is the nar	me of the journal?
	is the full text located in?
On p.136, <b>Limi</b> t	cations and areas of potential research section, what needs to be done with the conclusions concerning measurement?
3.) Why do we	use peer-reviewed articles in research?
4.) Use the UCF	Library Catalog and locate a book that would help with your choice of research in Q#1 above.
	ation information in APA.



#### Baselines and assessment

#### Baselines

- Consistency of assignments
- Withholding treatment

#### Surveys: timing

- Long after workshop
- Before some visited the Writing Center

#### ILT

- Overall .88 reliability
- Subscore (individual standards) reliability .48-.76, not used

#### Paper evaluations

- Diversity in paper-evaluation team and norming process
- Rubric criteria weighted per assignment



## Paper Evaluation

#### 24 of 87 ACRL Student Outcomes folded into 11 rubric criteria

• Thesis: Standard 1

• Focus: Standard 1

• Organization: Standards 3 and 4

Analysis: Standard 1Synthesis: Standard 3

• Communication: Standard 4

• Evidence: Standard 3

Paraphrases and quotations: Standard 4

• Sources: Standard 3

• In-text citations: Standard 5

• Works Cited: Standard 5

#### Scoring

- 4 Excellent
- 3 Good
- 2 Adequate
- 1 Poor



## Application/paper results

## Paper evaluation

- Synthesis: Synthesizes information and draws reasonable conclusions. Slight but not significant difference.
- Analysis: consistently weakest category 2.08
- Sources: highest overall at 2.36
- In-text Citations: high 2.65 Nursing, course emphasis

# Paper/ILT comparison: Adequate /Proficient

 Mean: all 11 criteria scored within "adequate" (2) range on our 1-4 scale



## Usage and feedback

Writing center usage: 52% of test group

Targeted courses	Baseline course visits	Test course visits, required	Test course visits, additional
COM 3311.0M70	0	30	2
MAN 4720.0070	0	22	5
NUR 3825.0070	33	0	7
SOP 3724/3742	1	23	5
TOTAL	34	<b>7</b> 5	19

- Writing consultant and faculty feedback
  - Students better prepared
  - Students asked more and better questions

#### Data analysis

#### Sample size

293 students in 8 control and experimental courses 77.1% consented participation

#### Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS)

- One-way analysis of variance
- Measures
  - Student survey
  - Paper evaluation
  - ILT



## Performance standards on the 60-item ILT

#### **Proficient**

39 (65%)

- Describe how libraries are organized
- Define major library services
- Choose the appropriate type of reference source for a particular information need
- Identify common types of citations
- Employ basic database search strategies
- Locate a variety of sources in a library or online
- Discriminate between scholarly and popular publications
- Legally and ethically use information



## Performance standards on the 60-item ILT: 2

#### Advanced

54 (90%)

- Modify and improve database search strategies to retrieve better results
- Employ sophisticated database search strategies
- Interpret information in a variety of sources
- Evaluate information in terms of purpose, authority and reliability
- Understand ethical, legal, and socioeconomic issues relating to information access and use



#### ILT Results

- Overall mean was 68.57%, with a high score of 86.66%.
- Mean corresponds with ILT standards of Proficiency (65%)
- High did not quite meet ILT standards for Advanced (90%)

ILT						
group	Mean	N	Std. Deviation			
Control	66.8650	58	8.68060			
	71.8481	27	8.15693			
Experimental	68.6874	84	11.35088			
Total	68.5669	169	10.11213			

<sup>\*</sup> Received additional library instruction

#### Perceptions Survey

14 questions about students' perception of the library/writing center workshop, library assignment, library resources, and writing center consultations

Voluntary, anonymous

Both consenting and non-consenting students could take the survey.

One hundred two students completed the perceptions survey

- Business, n=22 Communications, n=22
- Nursing, n=37 Psychology

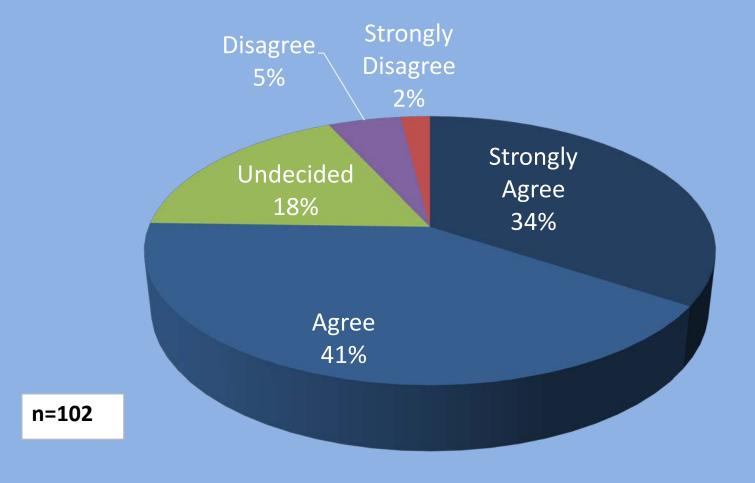
Not every respondent answered every question, as responses were voluntary.

#### Perceptions Survey Scope

- Library-related questions focused on
  - Confidence about research with library resources
  - Comfort with online resources
  - Library Assignment
- Writing Center questions focused on
  - Workshop presentation
  - Writing center consultation

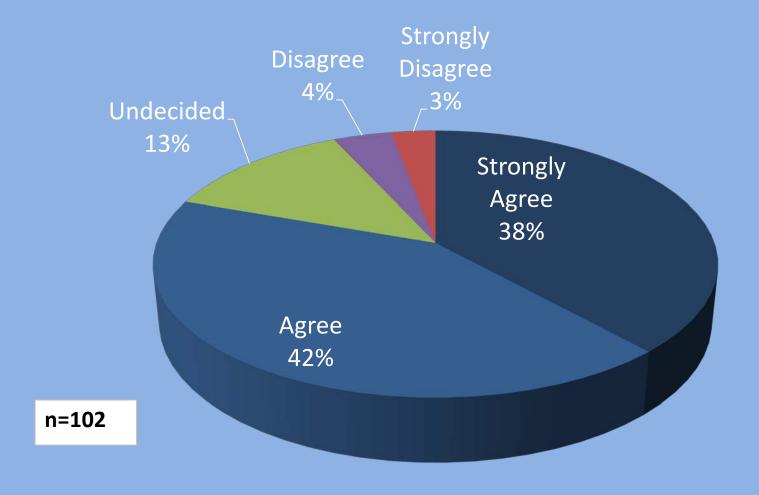


Q4 - I expect my ability to do online research to improve as a result of the Library / Writing Center instruction class.





Q5-I expect my ability to avoid plagiarism to improve as a result of the Library/Writing Center instruction class.

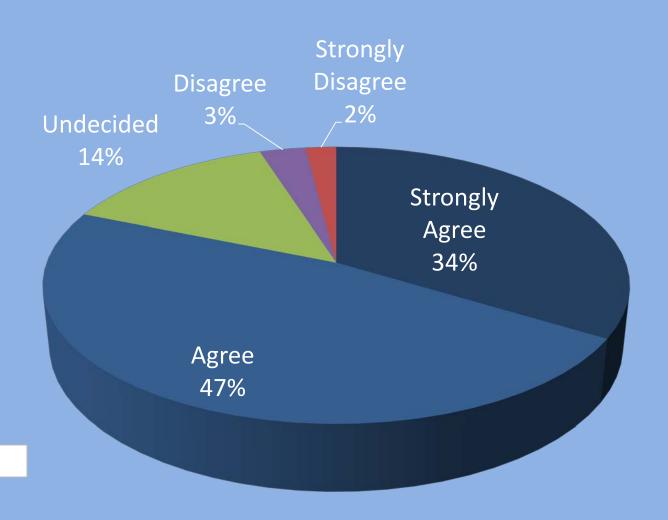




n=101

## Perceptions Survey – Q7

Q7-The Library Assignment made me feel more confident about my ability to use UCF Library resources.

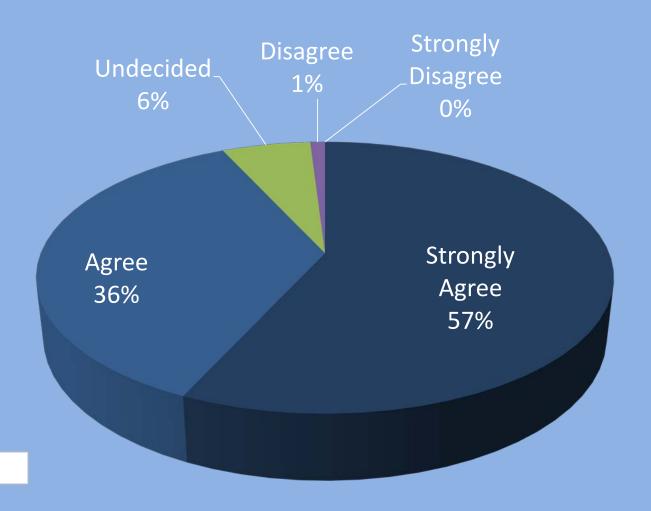




n=102

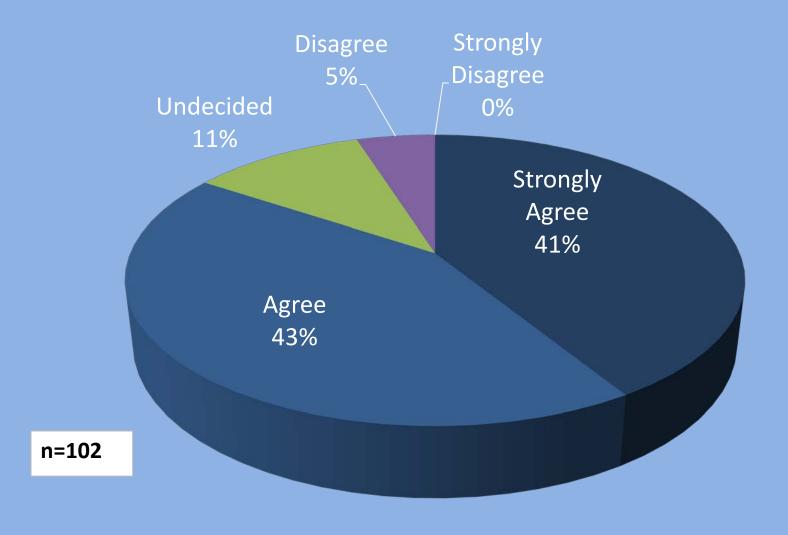
# Perceptions Survey – Q8

Q8-Library databases are valuable to me



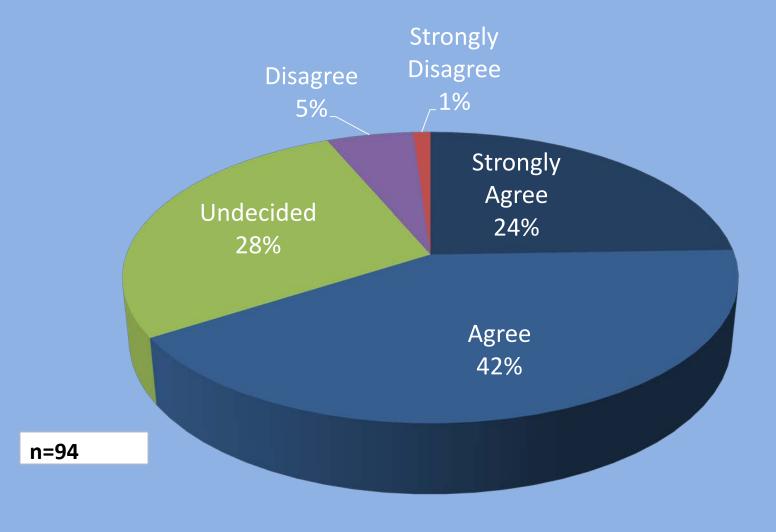


Q9-I found the library electronic resources easy to access



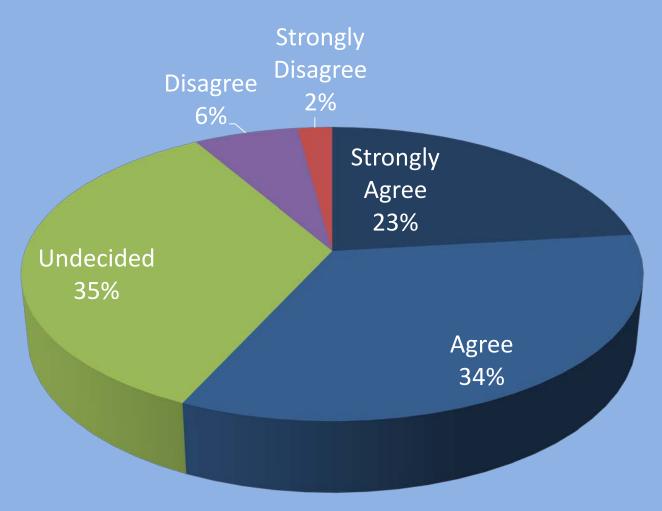


Q13-The Library Writing Center Consultation helped me find answers to my questions and concerns about my paper.





Q14-I expect my writing to improve as a result of the Individual Writing Center Consultation session.



#### Immediate Impact

# Writing Center

- Research-centered consultant training & handouts
- Consultant research checklist
- "Using the Writing Center" faculty-student handout

#### Library

- Continued use of classroom Response System
- Backstage pass Reference librarian referral
- Writing Center consultant training

#### Awareness

- Writing Center staff more confident and attuned to student research issues
- Librarians and Writing Center more aware of limitations of their intervention
- Faculty more aware of limitations of their assignments

#### **Future Possibilities**

Writing Center/Library Collaboration

- Joint BCC/UCF collaborative interventions scheduled
- Addition of an introductory Writing Center tour to Library Instruction sessions

Expansion of Writing Across the Curriculum

- Continuation of joint Library-Writing Center workshops, open to all courses
- Faculty workshops on IL criteria, UCF and BCC
- Writing consultants embedded in courses
- Required student use of Library IL modules, spread over core courses
- Information Literacy credit course

Research

- Compare incoming with outgoing students' IL proficiency
- Repeat study with more rigorous intervention

#### References

- Bruffee, Kenneth A. *Collaborative Learning: Higher Education, Interdependence, and the Authority of Knowledge*. Baltimore: Johns Hopkins UP, 1999.
- Cameron, Lynn, Steven L. Wise, and Susan M. Lottridge. "The Development and Validation of the Information Literacy Test." College and Research Libraries 68 (2007): 229-36.
- Clark, Irene L. "Information Literacy and the Writing Center." Computers and Composition 12 (1995): 203-09.
- Elmborg, James K., and Sheril Hook. *Centers for Learning: Writing Centers and Libraries in Collaboration*. Publications in Librarianship 58. Chicago: ACRL, 2005.
- Emig, Janet. "Writing as a Mode of Learning." College Composition and Communication 28 (1977): 122-28.
- Galvin, J. "Information Literacy and Integrative Learning." College and Undergraduate Libraries 13 (2006): 25-51.
- Haviland, Carol Peterson. "Writing Centers and Writing-Across-the-Curriculum: An Important Connection." Writing Center Journal, 23.2 (2003). <a href="http://louisville.edu/a-s/writingcenter/wcenters/wcj.html">http://louisville.edu/a-s/writingcenter/wcenters/wcj.html</a>.
- Head, Alison J., and Michael B. Eisenberg. "How College Students Seek Information in the Digital Age." *Project Information Literacy Progress Report.* Seattle: The Information School, U Washington, 2009.
- Herrington, Anne. "Writing to Learn: Writing Across the Disciplines." College English 43 (1981): 379-87.
- Holiday-Goodman, Monica, Buford T. Lively, Ruth Nemire, and Joan Mullin. "Development of a Teaching Module on Written and Verbal Communication Skills." *American Journal of Pharmaceutical Education* 58 (1994): 257-61.
- Hrycaj, P., and M. Russo. Perspective on Reflections on Surveys of Faculty Attitudes toward Collaboration with Librarians." *Journal of Academic Librarianship* 33 (2007): 692-96.
- "Information Literacy and Writing Assessment Project: Tutorial for Developing and Evaluating Assignments." University of Maryland University College. Information and Library Services. <a href="http://www.umuc.edu/library/tutorials/information">http://www.umuc.edu/library/tutorials/information</a> literacy/toc.html>.
- Marfleet, B. Gregory, and Brian J. Dille. "Information Literacy and the Undergraduate Research Methods Curriculum." Journal of Political Science Education 1:2 (2005): 175-90.
- McLeod, Susan H., and Margot Iris Soven, eds. Composing a Community: A History of Writing Across the Curriculum. West Lafayette, IN: Parlor, 2006.
- Pan, Denise, Merrie Valliant, and Becky Reed. "Creative Collaboration: Developing a Partnership with an Academic Advisor to Promote Information Literacy and Student Success." College & Undergraduate Libraries. 16:2 (2009): 138-52.
- Van Horne, Sam. "Teaching Information Literacy in the Writing Center." *The Writing Lab Newsletter* 33.8 (2009): 1-5. Vygotsky, L. S. *Thought and Language*. Cambridge, MA: MIT P, 1986.