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## The Libraries' Role in the Success of First Year Students

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# The Libraries' Role in the Success of First Year Students



**Georgia International Conference on  
Information Literacy  
August 23, 2013**

Oberlin College Library.

Occasional Bulletin No. 1.

# How to Use . . . . . . . . The Library.

By One of the Staff.

Reprint from the  
March 1

## FROM CARD CATALOG TO THE BOOK ON THE SHELF



**THE CARD CATALOG**  
is an alphabetical list of  
books found in the Library

### THE THREE WAYS OF FINDING A BOOK IN THE CATALOG

- 1 UNDER AUTHORS SURNAME
- 2 UNDER TITLE OF BOOK
- 3 UNDER SUBJECT WITH WHICH BOOK DEALS



**THE CALL NUMBER**  
Directs you to the books location on the shelf  
and is found in the upper left-hand corner of the  
catalog card also on the back of the book  
which is on the shelf

### ARRANGEMENT OF BOOKS

Merical system is followed in correct order

#### CLASSIFICATION

000-099 General works  
100-199 Philosophy  
200-399 Religion  
400-499 Language  
500-599 Natural Sciences  
600-699 Useful Arts  
700-799 Literature  
800-899 History  
900 is not classified but is arranged on the  
900 alphabetically by author

By Robert Johnston, Librarian, Oberlin College



It's time to build a more  
accurate picture of  
undergraduate academic  
research and library use and  
its value

# How many students use Wikipedia for academic research?

1. None
2. Some
3. Most
4. All

# What is the top resource instructors include in research assignment handouts?

1. Online library databases
2. Library shelves
3. Course readings
4. Websites

# What is the most used resource by students to complete academic research?

1. Google
2. Course readings
3. Library catalog
4. Article databases
5. Encyclopedias

# What percent of citations come from the first two pages of the source?

1. 30%
2. 50%
3. 70%
4. 90%



# What percentage of U of M undergrads used the Libraries in Fall 2012?

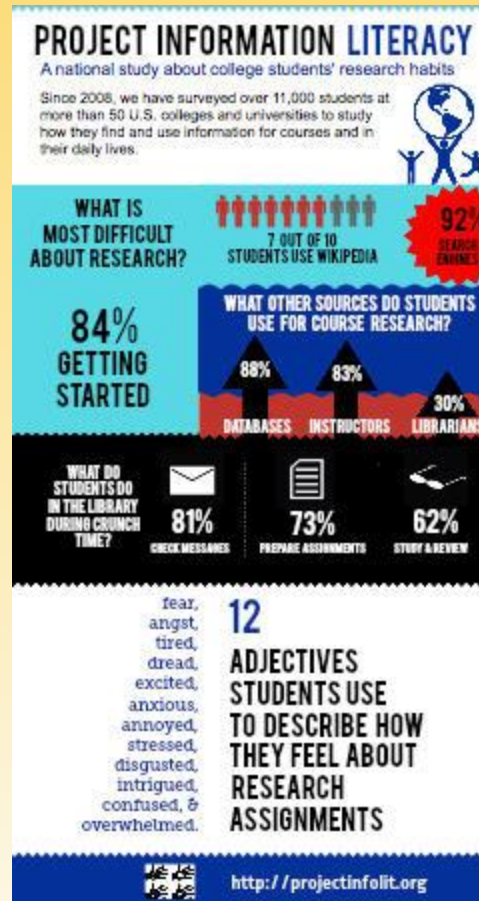
1. 16%
2. 23%
3. 48%
4. 77%

# Does using the libraries contribute to student success?

1. Yes
2. No
3. I don't know
4. Isn't it all on  
Google
5. Prove it

# Ongoing Research

# Project Information Literacy



# Citation Project



# U of MN Libraries Research

# Libraries



# Data







UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

**LIBRARIES**

# Layers of Data

**Office of Institutional Research Performance Data**  
**Term and Cum GPA, Retention**

**Office of Institutional Research Demographics Data**  
**College, Level, Major, Gender, Ethnicity, Age**

**Libraries Data (13 Access Points)**  
**Circulation, Digital, Instruction, Reference, and Workstation**

# Layers of Data

**Libraries Data (13 Access Points)  
Circulation, Digital, Instruction, Reference, and Workstation**

# A Word about Privacy

- In order to get data from OIR, we must retain U of M Internet ID
- For now, not aggregating anything about the library interaction other than count

| This                               | But not this             |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Checked out X books                | Titles                   |
| Attended X workshops               | Which workshops          |
| Reference interaction              | Substance of interaction |
| Logged into library workstation    | Date, location, duration |
| Used X digital resources of Y type | Which ones               |

# Library Data Layer – Fall 2011

- 1,548,209 total transactions in all 5 categories
- 61,195 unique Internet IDs interacted with the Libraries in some identifiable way
- 37,674 people did something in only one of the five categories we measured
- 87 people did something in all five categories
- 9,324 people did only one of the 13 things we measured **and did it only once**

# Library Data Layer – Spring 2012

- Slightly fewer individuals (59,722 vs 61,195)
- Frequency of use higher
- Overall, confirmed Fall findings
  - Differences between counts and frequencies for all access points ranged from 4% to 7%
  - Both increases and decreases

# Questions we can't answer alone

- How many undergraduates used the library?
- Do some colleges use the libraries more than others?
- How many potential users are there?
- Are students who use the libraries more successful?

# Layers of Data

**Office of Institutional Research Demographics Data  
College, Level, Major, Gender, Ethnicity, Age**

**Libraries Data (13 Access Points)  
Circulation, Digital, Instruction, Reference, and Workstation**



# OIR Demographics Layer

- Office of Institutional Research
  - OIR collects and analyzes data to provide information for institutional planning, policy formation, and decision-making
- Key library data numbers:
  - 1,548,209 total transactions in 5 categories
  - 61,195 unique Internet IDs

# 77%

of **Undergrads**

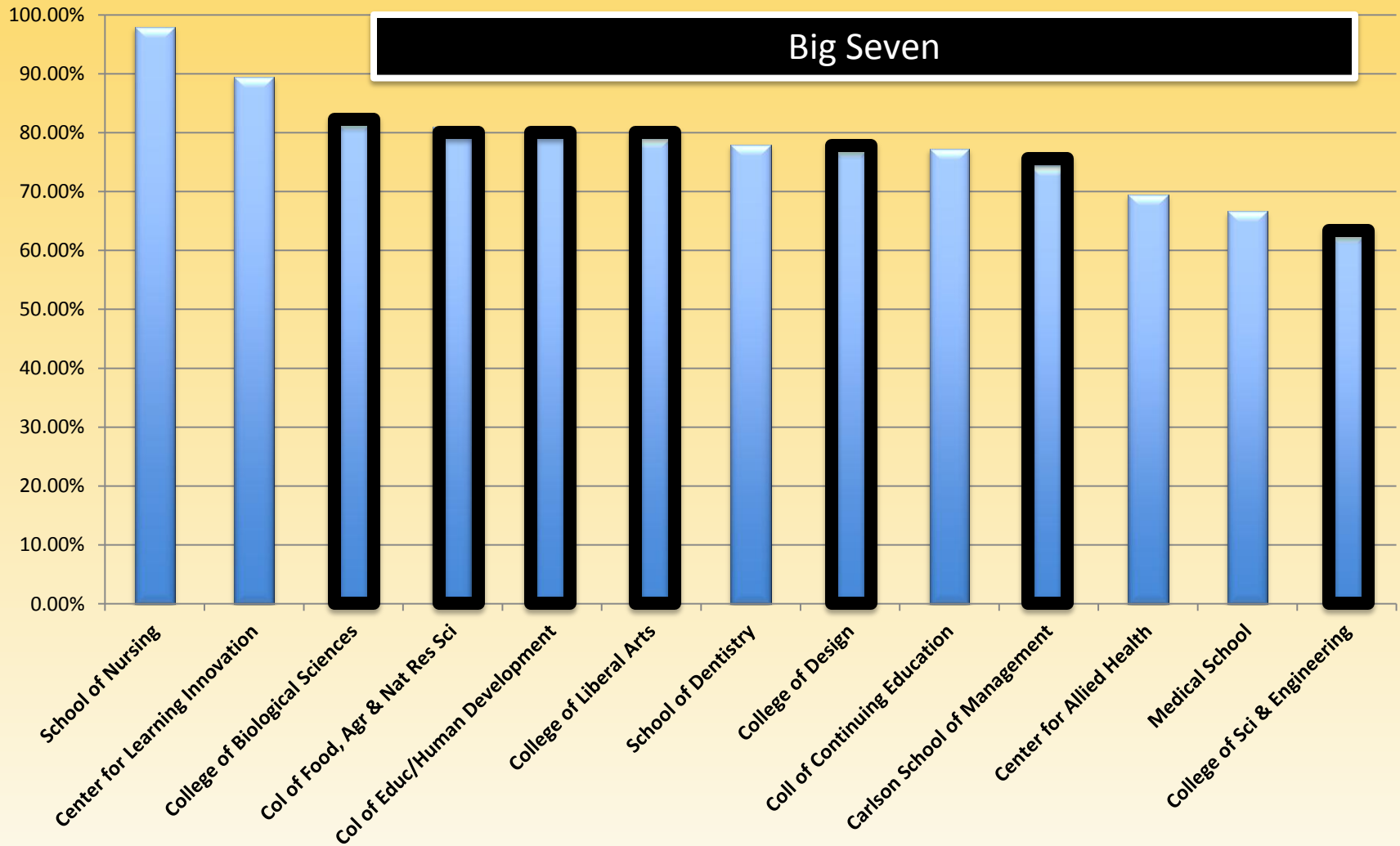
made use of the Libraries  
during the  
Fall Semester 2011

# 85%

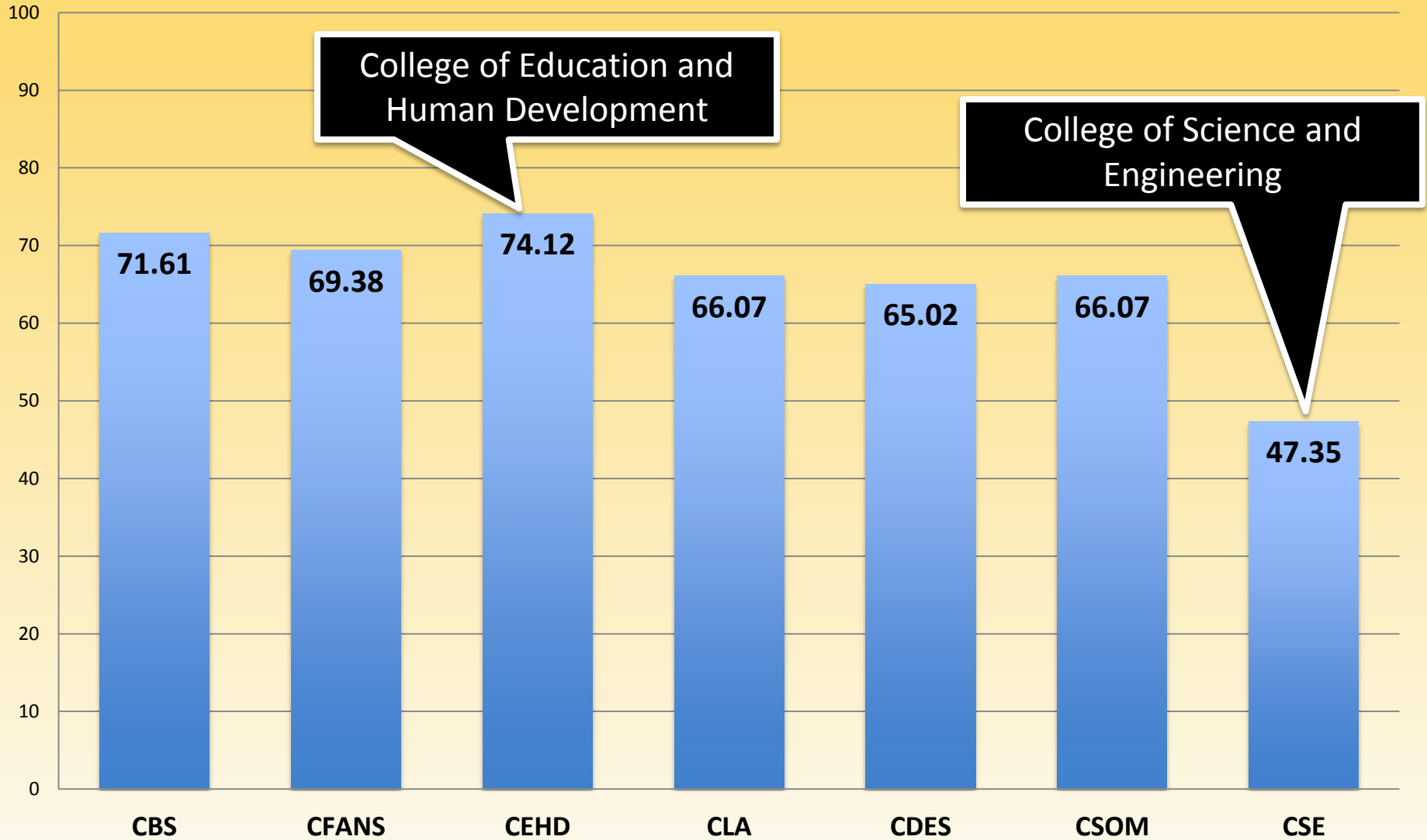
of **Grad Students**

made use of the Libraries  
during the  
Fall Semester 2011  
(including professional  
schools)

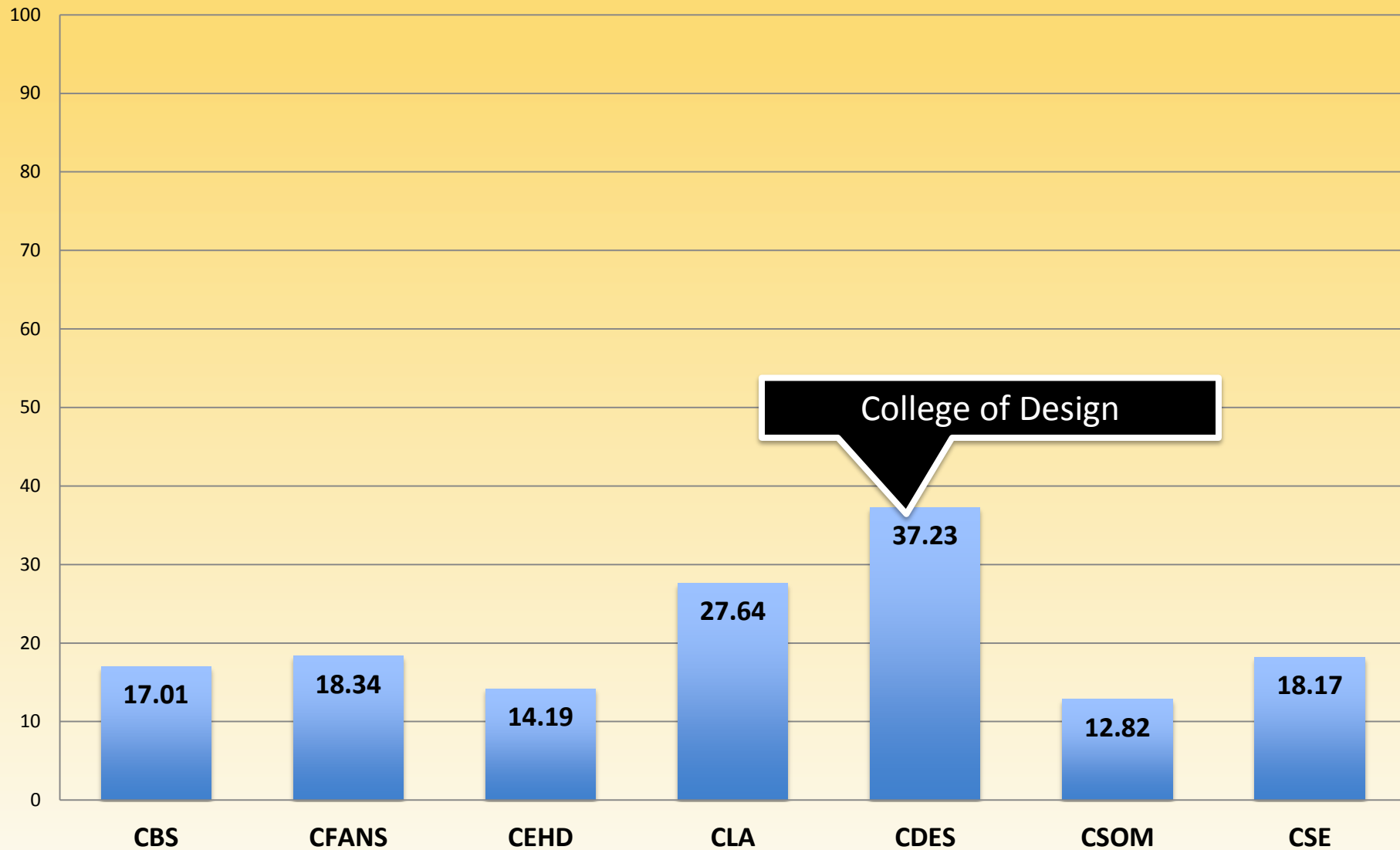
# Percent of Undergrads Using Library



## Undergrad Digital Usage



# Undergrad Circulation Usage



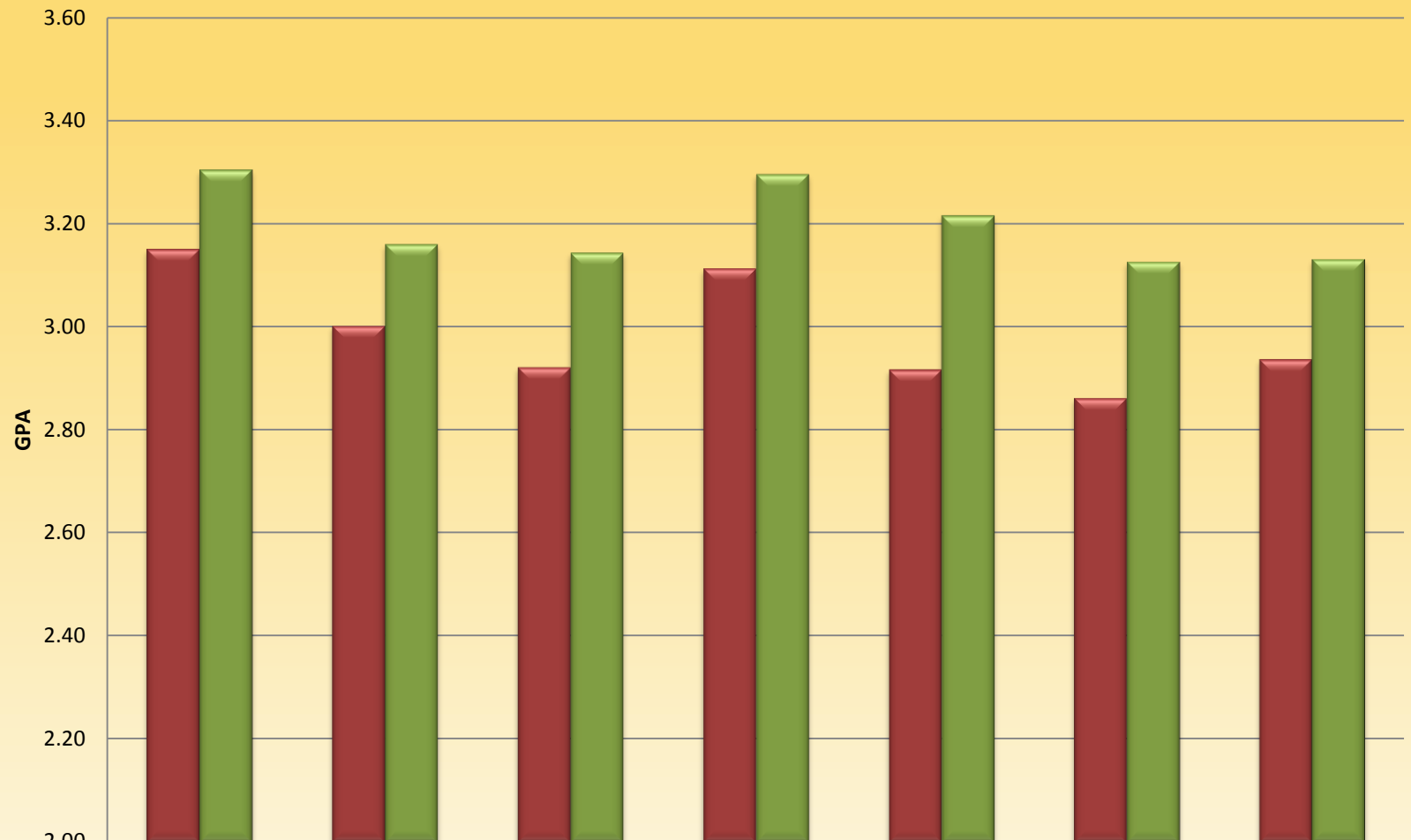
# Layers of Data

**Office of Institutional Research Performance Data  
Term and Cum GPA, Retention**

**Office of Institutional Research Demographics Data  
College, Level, Major, Gender, Ethnicity, Age**

**Libraries Data (13 Access Points)  
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# Undergrad Term GPA - Fall 2011 Term



|   | Carlson School of Management | Col of Educ/Human Development | Col of Food, Agr & Nat Res Sci | College of Biological Sciences | College of Design | College of Liberal Arts | College of Sci & Engineering |
|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| <span style="color: red;">■</span> No Library Use | 3.15                         | 3.00                          | 2.92                           | 3.11                           | 2.92              | 2.86                    | 2.94                         |
| <span style="color: green;">■</span> Library Use  | 3.30                         | 3.16                          | 3.14                           | 3.30                           | 3.22              | 3.13                    | 3.13                         |

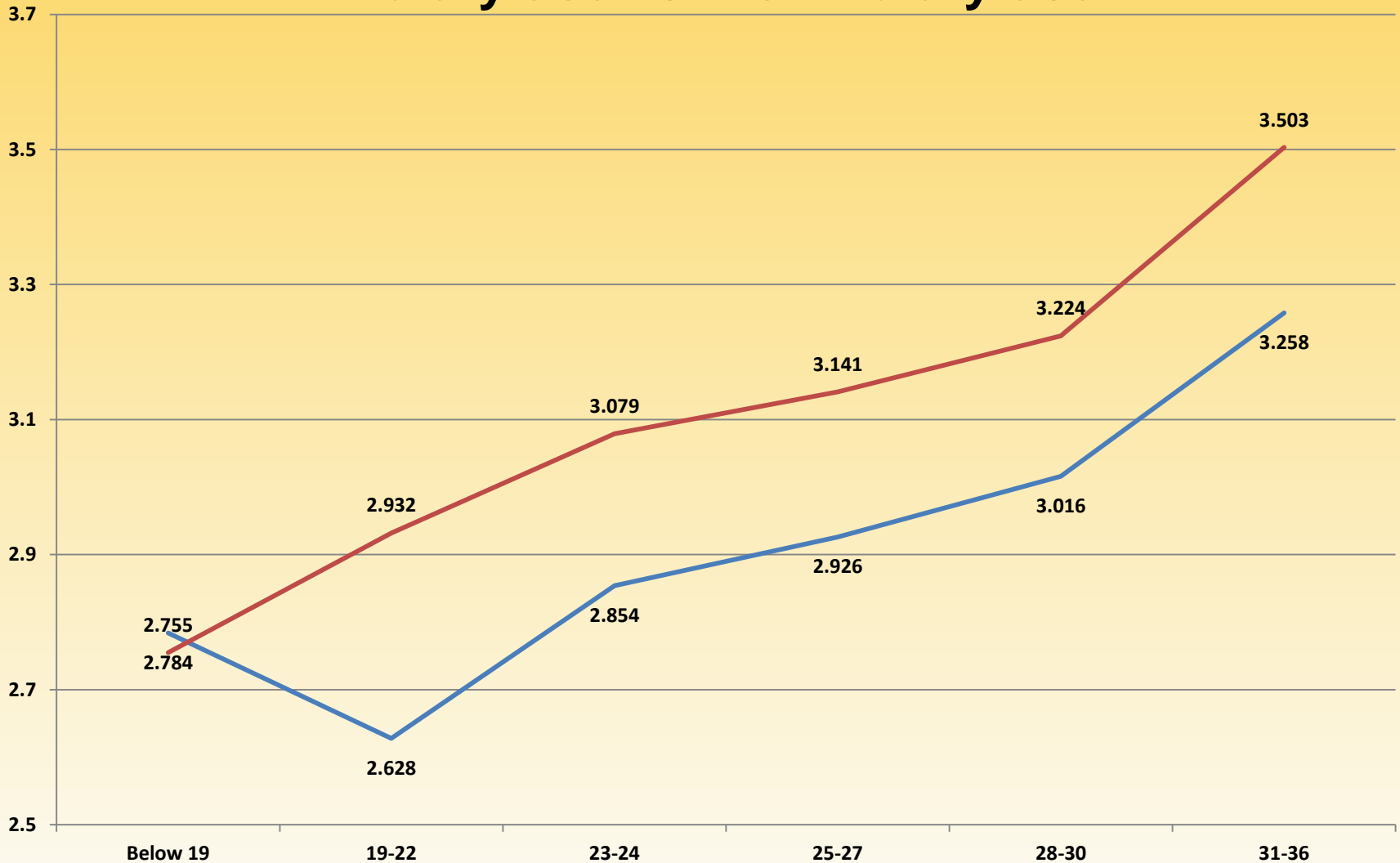
# First Year Students

- Fall 2011 non-transfer,  $n = 5,368$
- Examined two outcomes: first-semester grade point average and retention
- Percent using the library in a measurable way
  - Fall 2011: 71%
  - Spring 2012: 82%



# ACT, Library Use, and GPA

## Library use vs. Non-library use



# GPA Results

Controlling for demographics, college environment, and academic variables:

- Using the library one time was associated with a **.23 increase in students' GPA** holding other factors constant
- A one-unit increase in *types of use* was associated with a **.07 increase in GPA**
- Less difference in Spring 2012, but still a significant positive correlation

# Retention Results

Controlling for the same variables, we examined retention:

- **Fall 2011:** Students who used the library at least once were **1.54** times more likely to re-enroll for Spring 2012
- **Spring 2012:** Students who used the library during their first year were **2.075** times more likely to re-enroll for Fall 2012

# Additional Retention Results

- **Fall 2011:** Students who had “Intro to Library Research II” library instruction were **7.58** times more likely to re-enroll for Spring 2012
- **Spring 2012:** Students enrolled in courses that included library instruction were **1.389** times more likely to re-enroll for Fall 2012
- **Database use** had a significant positive correlation for both semesters

# Takeaways

- We always **thought** library use was beneficial for students; now we have evidence of correlation (if not causation)
- We'll keep collecting these data each semester
  - Confirm 2011-12 findings
  - Create a longitudinal dataset
  - Assess new and ongoing Libraries initiatives

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