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### How Science, Technology, Engineering, Mathematics (STEM) Project-Based Learning Improves Student Learning

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#### Abstract

The purpose of this paper is to examine how extra-curricular and academic performance is affected by student participation in Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) under project-based learning (PBL) activities. General observation and quantitative analysis was used to evaluate the two aspects. A solar car team project under the philosophy of STEM and PBL is developed and more than two hundred students from electrical and mechanical engineering field participated in the team project and learnt the STEM PBL core value. The team aims to develop a solar-powered vehicle to demonstrate the viability of a renewable energy through the use of green transportation, to promote the awareness of environmental sustainability among the public. It also provides students with an opportunity to put theoretical knowledge into practice, gain hands-on experience, and practice project management skills during development, and thus leading student to understanding science and new technology; and practising engineering skills and mathematics. Till now, six solar vehicles were built with the massive efforts of students. Moreover, design thinking process is adopted to engage and motivate students to learn and develop in the team. The entire process includes the following steps: 'Empathize', allowing students to learn about their audience for their designing process; 'Define', constructing a point of view that is based on user needs and insights; 'Ideate', brainstorming and coming up with creative solutions; 'Prototype', building a representation of one or more of student ideas to show to others and 'test', returning to original user group and testing their ideas for feedback. The team students showed significantly growth rates on research, planning, project implementation and reporting. The team also assists students' further STEM studies and STEM career planning, and the nurturing of diversified

talents with a range of capabilities at different levels in STEM knowledge development. In addition, the team organizes solar car workshops and demonstrations, and supervises group projects for secondary school students. Result of the study implied that STEM with PBL in school benefitted students in that they achieved a greater extension on extra-curricular and academic aspect, especially gaining more solid knowledge in technology and engineering.

**Keywords:** *STEM, PBL, design think process, integration, problem solving* 

#### Introduction

According to the study from Anthony P. Carnevale (2015) that, the highest paying group after graduating from university in the United States is Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) group, especially engineering majors which followed by health and business. As a result, talented students in the United States compete for an engineering degree. The situation, however, is totally different in Hong Kong as it is found that science and engineering are considered "undesirable" for Hong Kong students. The 2014 Joint University Programmes Admission System data show that, the admission requirements for engineering and science degrees are significantly lower than those of law and medicine, even business programmes in Hong Kong.

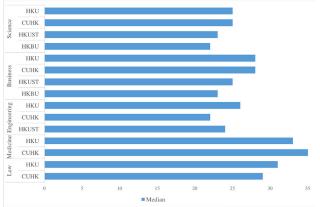


Figure 1. 2014 University Admission Median

In 2015 and 2016 policy address, Hong Kong Government stated that the Education Bureau of Hong Kong SAR will renew and enrich the curricula and learning activities of STEM, allowing students to fully unleash their potential in innovation. The critical problem is how STEM and students attracted each other. Lap-chee Tsui (2015) found that, the major challenge to Hong Kong's Innovation and technology advancement is STEM programmes face strong competition in attracting students with the best academic results.

To promote STEM and equip student with professional knowledge and practical skills, and to be work prepared, Vocational Training Council (VTC) already applied STEM PBL in Hong Kong Institute of Vocational Education (IVE) Tsing Yi, Engineering Discipline, the project is known as 'SOPHIE', a solar car project, and the result showing that STEM give a positive influence to students.

#### STEM PBL in VTC IVE

In 2010, the IVE Solar Car Team, a team that focuses on developing a solar-powered vehicle, was established by the IVE Engineering discipline of the HKIVE Tsing Yi under VTC. STEM PBL is one of the core values of the team in respect to educating students. The team consists of students from Electrical Engineering and Mechanical Engineering working together and aims to design an innovative and more sustainable vehicle called 'SOPHIE' to demonstrate the viability of renewable through using the energy green transportation. From 2010 to 2016, more than two hundred students learnt the core value of the team, among them, around fifteen students were selected to be the core team member every year. They learnt about solar power technology and advanced application, hightech automotive design and fabrication, logistic management and team cooperation. The vehicle 'SOPHIE' allow students to learn by doing and applying ideas, which is the key feature of project based learning which discussed in Bulmenfed (2000). The principle is that students actively construct their understanding by working with and using ideas when they gain a deeper understanding of materials, for example, video camera is used as the side mirror in SOPHIE, responsible

students were initiated that streamline shape cover shall be added on top to maintain the vehicle overall aerodynamic performance.

Till now, six 'SOPHIEs' were built under the massive effort of students. Three of them participated in three races under students' leadership, "Shell Eco-Marathon Asia 2012" with SOPHIE SEM, "World Solar Challenge 2013" with SOPHIE IV and "World Solar Challenge 2015" with SOPHIE V. In each competition, students demonstrated their telnets in building solar vehicles. Students have applied the knowledge learned in classroom to design and fabricate the solar vehicle for competitions and showed their confidence and interest in building the solar vehicle. These experience broaden their view in terms of problem solving, design concept and technology application, thus self-confidence was highly enhanced. From that, it is without doubt that STEM PBL has positively influenced student's extracurricular performances. STEM PBL showed positive attitudes toward learning itself, team communication, and collaborative behaviour which were discussed in literature (i.e. Dominguez & Jaime, 2010; Kaldi, Filippatou & Govaris, 2011; van Rooij, 2009). Furthermore, STEM PBL was examined with respect to increasing students' interest, self-confidence, and selfefficacy, found by Baran & Maskan (2010), which was highly related to the components of STEM BPL such as collaborations in group work and contextual problems reflecting students' real world experiences.

In fact, design thinking process is also adopted to the team operation. The process is divided into five stages, including: Empathize, making use of the Internet, social media and local visits to under the design challenges to understand the way and why peoples engaging in similar projects, the needs are then identified; Define, through the empathizing stage, questions are uncovered and actionable problem statement of what needs to be built: Ideate, with the problem statement on hands, the team started to brainstorm and innovate on building the solar car; Prototype, these innovative ideas are realized by prototyping different parts of the solar car and were tested; Test, improved version of these prototypes were put together for testing (e.g. in campus parking lot), to realize the target product is finally delivered, and the project outcomes are being demonstrated.

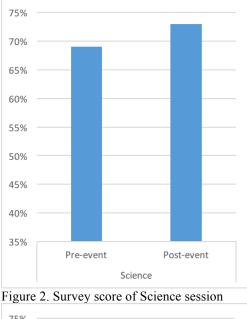
#### Workshop to secondary school

To examine more on the extra curricular and academic aspects, a solar car workshop which is similar to the IVE Solar Car Team working operation is designed for senior secondary school students (i.e. S4 to S6). As junior secondary school students (i.e. S1 to S3) or even primary school students may not have the fundamental knowledge on STEM area, senior secondary school students were chosen.

The workshop introduces the basic solar car structure including solar panel working principle, energy conservation, and mechanical system to the participants, with the real product demonstration, (i.e. SPOPHIE) and divided them in group that hands on a project, a small scale solar car model. From the Transactions of ISATE 2016 The 10th International Symposium on Advances in Technology Education 13-16 September 2016, ISATE Sendai

workshop, it is observed that there are positive effects for students in acquiring content knowledge and nurturing positive attitude toward learning. The primary reasons are the workshop contains hands-on activities and field-based contexts. Moreover, students' problem solving skills are improved since students were required to solve problems embedded in the project.

A set of pre-event and post event survey were conducted with the participants. The results are shown in the following:



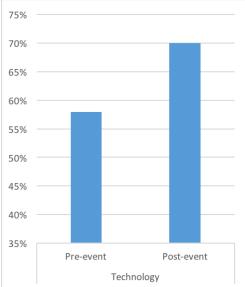


Figure 3. Survey score of Technology session

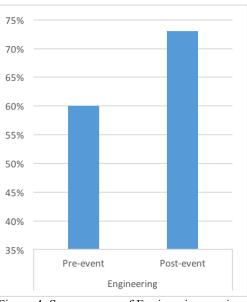


Figure 4. Survey score of Engineering session

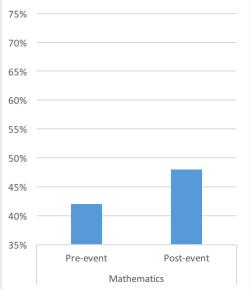


Figure 5. Survey score of Mathematics session

#### Result

The figures and the observation deliver that while STEM PBL was implemented, there is an expected positive growth rate in students' achievement especially in technology and engineering scopes (see Fig. 3 and 4), since these two area are not usually covered in classroom. Collaboration, group projects, ill-defined tasks, and student-centered environments all are interrelationally function with each other. STEM PBL activities benefitted students in that more additional opportunities were given to students to communicate with peers and teachers than would traditional lectures. Teachers of the senior students appreciate that the workshop is interesting and helpful for students' learning. To increase the gaining of every STEM areas, the workshop would be further developed.

#### Conclusion

The effectiveness of implementing STEM PBL in terms of improving students' science and mathematics has not demonstrated as much improvement, however, the findings of this paper assists teachers to rethink how to promote STEM to students out of the traditional classroom and how the STEM PBL varied with the performance levels and benefit students by engaging in STEM PBL activities. STEM is an important key to nurture creativity, innovation, collaboration and problem solving skills of our next generation and to enhance the international competitiveness of Hong Kong.

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