

Supplementary data for article:

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Solvent and structural effects in tautomeric 2(6)-hydroxy-4-methyl-6(2)-oxo-1-(substituted phenyl)-1,2(1,6)-dihydro pyridine-3-carbonitriles: UV, NMR and quantum chemical study

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FTIR and NMR characterization methods

FTIR spectra were recorded in transmission mode on BOMEM (Hartmann & Braun) instrument, MB series in the form of KBr pellets. The purity of the obtained compounds was confirmed by elemental analysis.

^1H and ^{13}C NMR characterizations were performed on a Varian Gemini 2000 (200/50 MHz) instrument at 25 °C. Chemical shifts (δ) were reported in part per million (ppm) relative to tetramethylsilane ($\delta_{\text{H}}=0$ ppm) in ^1H NMR, and to dimethyl sulfoxide ($\delta_{\text{C}}=39.5$ ppm) in ^{13}C NMR, using the residual solvent peak as a reference standard. 2D Nuclear Overhauser effect spectroscopy (NOESY), Heteronuclear Multiple Bond Correlation (HMBC) and Heteronuclear single quantum coherence spectroscopy (HSQC) spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 500 spectrometer (500/125 MHz) equipped with inverse detection triple resonance 5 mm probe (TXI). Standard pulse sequences were used for 2D spectra.

Table S1. Solvent parameters^[1,2] used in Kamlet–Taft equation.

Solvent	π^*	α	β
Ethanol	0.54	0.83	0.77
Methanol	0.6	0.93	0.62
2-Propanol	0.48	0.76	0.95
1-Propanol	0.52	0.78	0.83
1-Butanol	0.47	0.79	0.88
2-Butanol	0.4	0.69	0.8
DMSO	1	0	0.76
THF	0.58	0	0.55
AcN	0.75	0.19	0.31
Anisol	0.73	0	0.32
DMAc	0.88	0	0.76
DMF	0.88	0	0.69
EtAc	0.55	0	0.45
Chl	0.58	0.44	0
Dioxane	0.55	0	0.37
DEE	0.27	0	0.47

Table S2. Solvent parameters^[3] used in Catalán equation.

Solvent*	SP	SdP	SA	SB
Ethanol	0.633	0.783	0.4	0.658
Methanol	0.608	0.904	0.605	0.545
2-Propanol	0.633	0.808	0.283	0.83
1-Propanol	0.658	0.748	0.367	0.782
1-Butanol	0.674	0.655	0.341	0.809
2-Butanol	0.656	0.706	0.221	0.888
DMSO	0.83	1	0.072	0.647
THF	0.714	0.634	0	0.591
AcN	0.645	0.974	0.044	0.286
Anisol	0.82	0.543	0.084	0.299
DMAc	0.763	0.987	0.028	0.65
DMF	0.759	0.977	0.031	0.613
EtAc	0.656	0.603	0	0.542
Chl	0.783	0.614	0.047	0.071
Dioxane	0.737	0.312	0	0.444
DEE	0.617	0.385	0	0.562

Table S3. Substituent constants σ , σ_l , σ_{R^0} and σ_R .^[4]

Comp.	σ	σ_l	σ_{R^0}	σ_R	Comp.	σ	σ_l	σ_{R^0}	σ_R
1	0	0	0	0	9	0.23	0.44	-0.25	-0.19
2	-0.17	-0.04	-0.14	-0.10	10	0.06	0.52	-0.48	-0.37
3	-0.27	0.27	-0.43	-0.66	11	0.43	0.40	0.15	0.15
4	0.78	0.64	0.15	0.15	12	0.37	0.47	-0.25	-0.21
5	0.5	0.30	0.20	0.06	13	0.39	0.44	-0.25	-0.19
6	-0.37	0.29	-0.43	-0.64	14	0.12	0.27	-0.43	-0.66
7	0.18	0.39	-0.16	-0.18	15	-0.07	-0.04	-0.14	-
8	0.23	0.47	-0.25	-0.21	16	0.38	0.30	0.20	0.06

Table S4. Experimental and calculated ¹H and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts for **2-PY** tautomer.^[5]

No.	Substituent	q _{c5}	C4		C3		C2		C6		C5		H5		C4'		4-CH ₃	
			calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp
1	H	-0.602	158.9	159.1	93.3	88.2	154.6	160.7	154.4	161.0	89.4	92.6	5.89	5.69	124.5	128.2	19.2	20.8
2	4-CH ₃	-0.601	158.9	159.4	93.1	88.6	154.8	161.1	154.6	162.5	89.5	92.7	5.88	5.69	137.3	138.0	19.3	20.9
3	4-OCH ₃	-0.588	158.8	159.3	93.2	89.0	154.9	161.2	154.7	162.7	89.6	92.6	5.89	5.69	155.1	159.4	19.2	21.0
4	4-NO ₂	-0.581	160.0	159.0	93.9	88.1	154.0	160.9	153.4	161.3	90.1	95.9	5.97	5.69	147.4	141.0	19.3	20.9
5	4-COCH ₃	-0.579	159.4	158.9	93.7	87.3	154.2	160.7	153.7	161.0	89.9	93.2	5.94	5.66	132.9	136.5	19.3	20.8
6	4-OH	-0.602	158.7	159.5	93.2	89.1	154.9	161.3	154.7	161.4	89.5	92.5	5.87	5.69	152.5	157.6	19.1	21.0
7	4-I'	-	-	159.2	-	88.0	-	160.6	-	160.8	-	92.8	-	5.66	-	159.2	-	20.8
8	4-Cl	-0.598	159.4	159.5	93.5	88.2	154.5	161.0	154.0	161.2	89.7	93.1	5.91	5.66	131.7	133.2	19.2	21.0
9	4-Br	-0.600	159.3	159.4	93.4	88.0	154.4	160.9	154.0	162.4	89.7	93.1	5.92	5.66	124.9	122.4	19.3	21.0
10	4-F	-0.615	159.2	159.1	93.4	87.8	154.7	160.6	154.3	161.1	89.6	92.8	5.90	5.67	159.0	162.8	19.2	20.8
11	3-CF ₃	-0.600	159.4	-	93.4	-	154.3	-	153.8	-	89.8	-	5.94	-	132.9	-	19.3	-
12	3-Cl	-0.602	159.3	159.4	93.4	88.6	154.4	161.3	153.9	162.4	89.6	93.2	5.91	5.67	124.8	128.7	19.3	21.0
13	3-Br	-0.601	159.3	159.2	93.4	87.6	154.4	161.1	153.9	152.5	89.6	93.3	5.90	5.65	127.4	128.3	19.2	21.0
14	3-OCH ₃	-0.613	158.9	159.5	93.3	88.9	154.6	160.8	154.4	162.1	89.6	92.3	5.89	5.70	115.8	114.2	19.1	20.8
15	3-CH ₃	-0.621	158.9	159.2	93.1	88.5	154.6	160.7	154.4	162.2	89.6	92.5	5.89	5.69	124.9	125.4	19.2	20.7
16	3-COCH ₃	-0.586	159.2	159.6	93.3	88.2	154.4	161.1	153.9	162.6	89.9	93.2	5.95	5.70	126.3	128.8	19.2	21.1

*basis set for I substituent is not available

Table S5. Experimental and calculated ¹H and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts for **6-PY** tautomer.^[5]

No.	Substituent	q _{c5}	C3		C2		C4		C5		C6		H5		C4'		4-CH ₃	
			calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp	calc	exp
1	H	-0.562	76.3	83.4	159.0	171.6	148.4	152.8	107.3	98.8	153.4	162.2	6.10	6.09	132.5	128.8	19.5	21.7
2	4-CH ₃	-0.534	76.2	83.6	159.1	171.9	148.3	153.3	108.3	99.0	153.6	161.2	6.09	6.08	137.6	138.6	19.4	21.9
3	4-OCH ₃	-0.559	76.3	83.6	159.3	171.9	148.2	153.6	108.4	99.0	153.6	161.5	6.09	6.07	155.2	159.5	19.4	22.0
4	4-NO ₂	-0.564	76.3	83.4	158.3	172.1	149.3	152.1	107.5	99.4	152.5	162.0	6.18	6.13	147.5	143.2	19.5	21.5
5	4-COCH ₃	-0.525	76.9	83.4	158.6	171.9	148.8	152.3	107.4	99.1	152.9	162.0	6.15	6.13	133.1	137.0	19.4	21.6
6	4-OH	-0.529	76.3	-	159.3	-	148.1	-	107.2	-	153.6	-	6.08	-	152.6	-	19.4	-
7	4-I'	-	-	83.4	-	171.8	-	152.5	-	99.0	-	162.1	-	6.08	-	95.4	-	21.7
8	4-Cl	-0.561	76.7	83.5	158.8	172.1	148.7	152.9	107.3	99.3	153.1	162.5	6.12	6.10	131.4	133.8	19.4	21.9
9	4-Br	-0.552	76.7	83.6	158.8	172.1	148.7	152.9	107.3	99.3	153.1	161.2	6.12	6.09	124.7	121.7	19.4	21.9
10	4-F	-0.553	76.6	83.4	159.0	171.7	148.6	152.9	107.3	99.0	153.3	160.8	6.11	6.09	159.2	162.3	19.4	21.7
11	3-CF ₃	-0.546	76.9	83.6	158.7	172.3	148.8	152.7	107.3	99.5	152.9	162.5	6.16	6.18	123.4	126.1	19.5	21.9
12	3-Cl	-0.555	76.7	83.6	158.7	172.1	148.8	152.8	107.4	99.3	153.0	161.0	6.12	6.10	125.0	129.0	19.5	21.8
13	3-Br	-0.552	76.6	83.5	158.7	172.1	148.7	152.8	107.3	98.3	153.0	161.3	6.13	6.10	127.8	128.6	19.5	21.8
14	3-OCH ₃	-0.549	76.2	83.4	159.1	171.7	148.4	152.9	107.4	98.8	153.3	160.6	6.10	6.08	113.8	114.7	19.4	21.5
15	3-CH ₃	-0.574	76.2	83.4	159.1	171.6	148.2	152.8	107.5	98.8	153.5	160.9	6.09	6.08	125.4	125.3	19.5	21.7
16	3-COCH ₃	-0.545	76.9	83.7	158.7	172.2	148.7	153.0	107.3	99.4	153.0	161.4	6.16	6.13	126.6	128.6	19.5	22.0

*basis set for I substituent is not available

Table S6. Results of TD-DFT calculations for transitions from ground to first vertical excited state for 2-PY tautomers in DMSO.

Compound No.	Energy (eV)	Oscillator strength	Excitation	CI expansion coefficient ^a	% of single particle excitation contribution
1	4.0907	0.2780	HOMO → LUMO	0.69596	96.9
2	4.1091	0.2873	HOMO → LUMO	0.69649	97.0
3	4.0230	0.2269	HOMO → LUMO	0.67684	91.6
			HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.17801	6.3
4	2.9894	0.0221	HOMO → LUMO	0.70513	99.4
5	3.6954	0.0863	HOMO → LUMO	0.69977	97.9
6	4.0177	0.2444	HOMO → LUMO	0.68143	92.9
			HOMO-1 → LUMO	-0.15775	5.0
8	4.0454	0.2740	HOMO → LUMO	0.69464	96.5
9	4.0407	0.2777	HOMO → LUMO	0.69443	96.4
10	4.0738	0.2740	HOMO → LUMO	0.69534	96.7
11	4.0079	0.2424	HOMO → LUMO	0.69425	96.4
12	4.0427	0.2651	HOMO → LUMO	0.69511	96.6
13	4.0390	0.2659	HOMO → LUMO	0.69513	96.6
14	4.0590	0.2696	HOMO → LUMO	0.69113	95.5
15	4.0751	0.2754	HOMO → LUMO	0.69555	96.8
16	3.7908	0.0205	HOMO → LUMO	0.64289	82.7
			HOMO-1 → LUMO	-0.26502	14.0

Table S7. Results of TD-DFT calculations for transitions from ground to first vertical excited state for **6-PY** tautomers in DMSO.

Compound No.	Energy (eV)	Oscillator strength	Excitation	CI expansion coefficient*	% of single particle excitation contribution
1	4.4239	0.1229	HOMO → LUMO	0.67186	90.3
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.17651	6.2
2	4.4269	0.1287	HOMO → LUMO	0.66974	89.7
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.18141	6.6
3	4.4188	0.1278	HOMO → LUMO	0.67150	90.2
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.17619	6.2
4	3.0269	0.0170	HOMO → LUMO	0.70527	99.5
5	3.7557	0.0258	HOMO → LUMO	0.63653	81.0
			HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.29106	16.9
6	4.3774	0.1200	HOMO → LUMO	0.66228	87.7
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.18439	6.8
8	4.3190	0.1057	HOMO → LUMO	0.68301	93.3
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.13746	3.8
9	4.3157	0.1059	HOMO → LUMO	0.68212	93.1
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.14394	4.1
10	4.4034	0.1204	HOMO → LUMO	0.67457	91.0
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.16552	5.5
11	4.2521	0.0733	HOMO → LUMO	0.68942	95.1
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.11035	2.4
12	4.3352	0.0994	HOMO → LUMO	0.68132	92.8
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.14575	4.2
13	4.3401	0.1002	HOMO → LUMO	0.68085	92.7
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.14717	4.3
14	4.4493	0.1152	HOMO → LUMO	0.66897	89.5
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.17690	6.3
15	4.4518	0.1294	HOMO → LUMO	0.66826	89.3
			HOMO → LUMO+1	-0.18921	7.2
16	3.8159	0.0015	HOMO → LUMO	0.46736	43.7
			HOMO-1 → LUMO	0.50970	52.0

Table S8. Absorption frequencies of **6-PY** tautomer in selected solvents.

Solvent/ Comp.		$\nu_{\text{max}} \times 10^{-3} (\text{cm}^{-1})$														
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Ethanol	32.95	32.46	32.43	32.31	31.87	31.51	31.94	31.56	32.99	32.51	29.45	32.43	31.56	32.78	36.15	31.21
Methanol	33.5	32.41	32.78	32.75	31.55	31.94	31.96	31.32	32.66	32.94	28.10	32.26	31.89	32.95	37.51	31.33
2-Propanol	32.97	31.97	32.45	32.68	31.71	31.12	32.14	31.67	32.51	32.46	30.06	32.43	31.25	32.95	35.54	31.05
1-Propanol	33.00	32.24	32.53	32.61	31.79	31.46	32.10	31.86	32.96	32.43	29.68	32.09	31.43	32.60	35.96	31.11
1-Butanol	32.86	32.21	32.50	31.46	32.05	31.56	32.01	31.77	32.65	32.35	29.89	32.09	31.54	32.60	35.87	31.16
2-Butanol	32.71	31.67	32.35	32.65	31.63	31.13	31.98	31.56	32.63	32.21	30.45	32.09	31.23	32.71	35.12	31.01
DMSO	32.22	31.45	31.51	30.56	31.00	-*	31.31	31.41	32.41	31.72	30.21	31.84	31.14	32.70	34.12	31.00
THF	31.84	31.41	31.59	31.66	33.38	30.86	31.21	32.42	31.66	31.54	31.89	31.57	31.11	31.97	33.84	31.21
AcN	32.00	31.75	31.62	31.47	31.58	30.56	31.13	31.67	31.84	31.74	31.45	31.94	31.45	32.17	33.98	31.51
Anisol	31.52	31.84	31.34	31.40	31.79	31.54	31.21	31.95	31.46	31.19	30.67	31.73	31.52	31.60	34.24	31.26
DMAc	32.20	31.34	31.65	31.63	31.73	-	31.82	31.79	31.95	31.73	30.70	32.96	31.03	32.47	33.94	31.00
DMF	32.11	31.35	31.66	30.50	32.06	-	31.11	31.48	31.68	31.72	30.74	30.63	31.11	32.29	33.82	31.10
EtAc	31.82	31.33	31.74	31.84	32.86	30.56	31.24	32.31	31.74	31.54	31.99	31.65	31.15	31.97	33.78	31.23
Chl	31.30	32.10	31.12	32.12	31.45	31.26	31.65	31.31	32.65	31.10	30.93	31.95	31.45	32.07	33.98	31.45
Dioxane	31.39	31.45	31.46	31.52	32.67	30.86	31.25	32.11	31.45	31.19	31.94	31.15	31.21	31.90	33.79	31.40
DEE	31.74	31.33	31.88	31.21	32.00	30.42	31.03	32.03	31.21	31.33	32.45	30.75	31.11	31.50	33.64	31.42

* tautomer **2-PY** predominates

Table S9. Results of the correlation analysis for **6-PY** tautomer according to Kamlet–Taft equation.

Comp.	$\nu_0 \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	$s \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	$b \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	$a \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	R ^a	Sd ^b	F ^c	Solvent excluded from correlation
1	30.81 ± 0.25	0.51 ± 0.34	1.24 ± 0.26	1.15 ± 0.19	0.95	0.22	39.43	-
2	31.40 ± 0.18	0.47 ± 0.24	-0.54 ± 0.18	1.21 ± 0.13	0.94	0.16	30.95	-
3	31.45 ± 0.21	-0.56 ± 0.29	0.95 ± 0.21	0.70 ± 0.16	0.94	0.19	33.12	-
4	32.32 ± 0.36	-1.35 ± 0.49	0.41 ± 0.27	1.58 ± 0.27	0.93	0.31	22.39	DMAc, 1-Butanol
5	34.87 ± 0.46	-4.39 ± 0.66	1.03 ± 0.37	-1.81 ± 0.30	0.92	0.29	16.62	DEE, 2-Butanol, 2-Propanol
6	29.71 ± 0.38	2.19 ± 0.58	- ^d	0.93 ± 0.20	0.92	0.20	15.56	AcN
7	30.98 ± 0.15	-	0.51 ± 0.20	0.84 ± 0.12	0.97	0.11	61.40	DMAc, Chl
8	32.26 ± 0.24	-2.21 ± 0.33	0.54 ± 0.18	-1.11 ± 0.15	0.92	0.15	19.58	2-Butanol, DEE
9	30.72 ± 0.25	0.85 ± 0.32	0.74 ± 0.35	1.24 ± 0.20	0.95	0.20	35.09	Chl
10	30.70 ± 0.23	0.44 ± 0.31	0.89 ± 0.23	1.05 ± 0.17	0.95	0.20	33.71	-
11	33.86 ± 0.48	-3.32 ± 0.65	-	-2.91 ± 0.36	0.94	0.42	31.66	-
12	30.62 ± 0.26	1.35 ± 0.36	-	1.12 ± 0.18	0.92	0.21	18.18	DMF, DMAc
13	31.35 ± 0.11	0.47 ± 0.14	-0.95 ± 0.15	0.83 ± 0.09	0.94	0.09	29.95	Chl
14	30.93 ± 0.18	1.10 ± 0.25	0.69 ± 0.19	0.92 ± 0.14	0.95	0.16	36.26	-
15	32.99 ± 0.54	0.83 ± 0.43	-	2.80 ± 0.41	0.93	0.48	25.48	-
16	31.75 ± 0.09	-	-0.81 ± 0.13	0.17 ± 0.08	0.90	0.08	16.36	Chl

^a Correlation coefficient; ^b Standard deviation; ^c Fisher test of significance; ^d Negligible values with high standard errors

Table S10. Results of the correlation analysis for **6-PY** tautomer according to Catalán equation.

Comp.	$\nu_0 \times 10^{-3}$ (cm ⁻¹)	$c \times 10^{-3}$ (cm ⁻¹)	$d \times 10^{-3}$ (cm ⁻¹)	$b \times 10^{-3}$ (cm ⁻¹)	$a \times 10^{-3}$ (cm ⁻¹)	R ^a	Sd ^b	F ^c	Solvent excluded from correlation
1	31.63 ± 0.09	-1.28 ± 0.12	0.83 ± 0.04	0.99 ± 0.04	2.19 ± 0.05	0.99	0.03	2036.37	-
2	31.63 ± 0.59	- ^d	-	-0.68 ± 0.24	2.35 ± 0.31	0.93	0.18	17.74	-
3	32.74 ± 0.14	-2.20 ± 0.19	-	0.84 ± 0.06	1.54 ± 0.08	0.99	0.04	523.75	-
4	35.43 ± 1.38	-5.06 ± 1.78	-1.17 ± 0.51	0.95 ± 0.61	1.59 ± 0.71	0.93	0.35	11.78	1-Butanol, Chl, DEE
5	35.74 ± 1.06	-3.97 ± 1.34	-1.72 ± 0.40	1.13 ± 0.47	-2.51 ± 0.74	0.90	0.27	7.84	DEE, 2-Butanol, THF, Methanol
6	27.66 ± 0.27	4.50 ± 0.31	-	-	2.67 ± 0.10	0.99	0.05	258.84	-
7	30.43 ± 0.68	- ^d	-	1.14 ± 0.34	1.39 ± 0.37	0.92	0.20	13.00	Chl
8	34.26 ± 0.77	-2.97 ± 1.05	-0.83 ± 0.28	0.85 ± 0.28	-1.63 ± 0.38	0.90	0.19	8.87	2-Butanol, DEE, Anisol
9	30.24 ± 0.85	-	0.60 ± 0.30	1.23 ± 0.42	2.03 ± 0.46	0.93	0.25	16.38	Chl
10	31.75 ± 0.16	-1.55 ± 0.21	0.72 ± 0.06	0.65 ± 0.06	1.87 ± 0.08	0.99	0.05	502.35	-
11	36.27 ± 0.37	-5.38 ± 0.49	-1.26 ± 0.15	-	-6.21 ± 0.20	0.99	0.11	375.14	-
12	30.64 ± 0.88	-	1.15 ± 0.38	-	2.27 ± 0.62	0.91	0.24	9.30	DMAc, DMF, Methanol
13	31.52 ± 0.23	-	-	-0.67 ± 0.09	1.33 ± 0.12	0.97	0.07	40.14	-
14	30.53 ± 0.70	-	1.04 ± 0.29	0.69 ± 0.28	1.27 ± 0.38	0.93	0.21	15.94	DMF
15	33.77 ± 0.22	-	-	-	6.19 ± 0.12	0.99	0.07	1119.12	-
16	32.62 ± 0.18	-1.23 ± 0.24	-	-0.72 ± 0.07	-	0.96	0.05	32.34	-

^a Correlation coefficient; ^b Standard deviation; ^c Fisher test of significance; ^d Negligible values with high standard errors

Table S11. Percentage contribution of solvatochromic parameters calculated from correlation results given in Table 3 for **2-PY** tautomer according to Kamlet–Taft equation.

Compound	P_s (%)	P_b (%)	P_a (%)
1	56.13	29.76	14.11
2	42.37	34.32	23.31
3	57.37	33.66	8.97
4	28.41	64.85	6.74
5	50.87	35.76	13.37
6	37.93	29.89	32.18
7	16.14	49.33	34.53
8	38.00	40.80	21.20
9	33.72	42.07	24.21
10	63.48	36.52	-
11	43.40	25.51	31.09
12	44.26	18.04	37.70
13	25.36	31.52	43.12
14	26.15	53.59	20.26
15	25.40	-	74.60
16	66.14	27.13	6.73

Table S12. Percentage contribution of solvatochromic parameters calculated from correlation results given in Table S3 for **6-PY** tautomer according to Kamlet–Taft equation.

Compound	P_s (%)	P_b (%)	P_a (%)
1	17.59	42.76	39.65
2	21.17	24.33	54.50
3	25.34	42.99	31.67
4	40.42	12.28	47.30
5	60.72	14.25	25.03
6	70.19	-	29.81
7	-	37.78	62.22
8	57.25	13.99	28.76
9	30.03	26.15	43.82
10	18.49	37.39	44.12
11	53.29	-	46.71
12	54.66	-	45.34
13	20.89	42.22	36.89
14	40.59	25.46	33.95
15	22.86	-	77.14
16	-	82.65	17.35

Table S13. Results of the correlations of $\log K_T$ with Kamlet–Taft solvent parameters.

Comp.	<i>c</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>R</i> ^a	<i>Sd</i> ^b	<i>F</i> ^c	Solvent excluded from correlation
1	0.56 ±0.18	-0.25 ±0.26	-0.83 ±0.14	-0.03 ±0.22	0.918	0.15	12.52	1- and 2-Propanol, 1- and 2-Butanol, DMAc
2	1.25 ±0.20	-1.78 ±0.27	-0.79 ±0.14	0.44 ±0.14	0.917	0.12	15.87	DEE, EtAc, Ethanol
3	1.49 ±0.29	-2.37 ±0.40	-1.06 ±0.19	0.75 ±0.21	0.905	0.18	13.73	DEE, 2-Butanol, Ethanol
4	0.82 ±0.27	0.31 ±0.37	-0.55 ±0.20	-1.25 ±0.30	0.900	0.23	12.80	2-Propanol, Anisol, 1-Butanol
5	-0.73 ±0.15	0.62 ±0.20	0.66 ±0.10	0.39 ±0.14	0.950	0.11	27.59	1-Propanol, DMSO, EtAc
6	-0.52 ±0.12	1.33 ±0.18	0.22 ±0.04	-0.30 ±0.06	0.978	0.04	52.24	Anisol, DEE
7	0.71 ±0.16	-0.81 ±0.22	0.08 ±0.11	-0.34 ±0.13	0.896	0.10	10.88	DMAc, AcN, Anisol, DEE
8	0.63 ±0.22	-1.09 ±0.30	-0.04 ±0.14	0.06 ±0.17	0.851	0.13	6.11	1-Propanol, 2-Butanol, DMAc, Anisol, DEE
9	0.34 ±0.14	-0.14 ±0.18	-0.29 ±0.11	-0.46 ±0.21	0.887	0.11	9.79	2-Propanol, 1-Butanol, DMF, Chl
10	1.74 ±0.28	-2.51 ±0.37	-0.73 ±0.16	0.54 ±0.17	0.926	0.14	17.99	DMSO, EtAc, DEE
11	-0.39 ±0.31	2.84 ±0.43	-0.10 ±0.21	0.31 ±0.29	0.912	0.25	18.09	DMSO
12	0.59 ±0.11	-0.71 ±0.15	-0.57 ±0.08	0.33 ±0.08	0.928	0.07	16.59	Methanol, Anisol, DMAc, DEE
13	0.02 ±0.11	-0.31 ±0.15	0.18 ±0.08	0.27 ±0.10	0.909	0.09	11.04	1-Propanol, 2-Butanol, THF, EtAc, Dioxane
14	-0.12 ±0.11	-0.49 ±0.16	-0.24 ±0.09	0.75 ±0.11	0.934	0.09	18.26	Methanol, Anisol, DMSO
15	0.26 ±0.10	0.32 ±0.14	-0.36 ±0.07	-0.23 ±0.10	0.936	0.08	18.90	1-Butanol, 2-Butanol, DMF
16	-0.67 ±0.25	1.20 ±0.34	-0.24 ±0.13	0.32 ±0.16	0.891	0.12	9.02	Ethanol, Anisol, DMSO, DMAc, DEE

^a Correlation coefficient; ^b Standard deviation; ^c Fisher test of significance; ^d Negligible values with high standard errors

Table S14. Results of the correlations of $\log K_T$ with Catalán solvent parameters.

Comp.	<i>h</i>	<i>c</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>R</i> ^a	<i>Sd</i> ^b	<i>F</i> ^c	Solvent excluded from correlation
1	-0.15 ±0.58	0.76 ±0.76	-0.40 ±0.25	-1.13 ±0.33	0.47 ±0.31	0.913	0.17	7.52	1- and 2-Butanol, 1-and 2-Propanol, DMAc
2	1.55 ±0.71	-1.39 ±0.88	-0.86 ±0.23	-0.75 ±0.35	0.53 ±0.22	0.859	0.16	5.63	DEE, EtAc, Ethanol
3	1.24 ±0.75	-1.00 ±0.95	-1.21 ±0.27	-1.15 ±0.38	1.08 ±0.28	0.905	0.19	9.10	DEE, 2-Butanol, Ethanol
4	1.56 ±0.85	-0.85 ±1.22	0.12 ±0.34	-1.48 ±0.46	-1.28 ±0.35	0.911	0.23	9.82	2-Propanol, Anisol, 1-Butanol
5	-1.25 ±0.49	0.94 ±0.62	0.40 ±0.16	1.32 ±0.22	0.34 ±0.16	0.954	0.11	20.47	1-Propanol, DMSO, EtAc
6	0.04 ±0.61	0.21 ±0.71	0.39 ±0.17	0.13 ±0.12	-0.59 ±0.11	0.962	0.06	18.40	Anisol, DEE
7	1.85 ±0.82	-1.80 ±1.14	-0.42 ±0.30	-0.03 ±0.38	-0.39 ±0.25	0.798	0.15	3.07	DMAc, AcN, Anisol, DEE
8	1.37 ±0.66	-1.42 ±0.88	-0.63 ±0.25	0.09 ±0.33	0.07 ±0.25	0.817	0.16	3.00	1-Propanol, 2-Butanol, DMAc, Anisol, DEE
9	0.24 ±0.45	0.34 ±0.61	-0.33 ±0.19	-0.31 ±0.25	-0.51 ±0.24	0.852	0.13	4.64	2-Propanol, 1-Butanol, DMF, Chl
10	2.89 ±0.87	-2.84 ±1.04	-1.27 ±0.24	-0.87 ±0.33	0.74 ±0.21	0.924	0.15	11.69	DMSO, EtAc, DEE
11	-3.15 ±1.08	4.74 ±1.38	1.86 ±0.38	-0.35 ±0.48	0.05 ±0.38	0.901	0.27	10.73	DMSO
12	0.41 ±0.39	-0.27 ±0.52	-0.33 ±0.15	-0.93 ±0.25	0.51 ±0.15	0.874	0.09	5.64	Methanol, Anisol, DMAc, DEE
13	0.23 ±0.32	-0.35 ±0.42	-0.25 ±0.14	0.46 ±0.18	0.30 ±0.14	0.916	0.09	7.78	1-Propanol, 2-Butanol, THF, EtAc, Dioxane
14	-0.64 ±0.33	0.39 ±0.46	-0.11 ±0.29	-0.08 ±0.19	0.93 ±0.12	0.958	0.07	19.74	Methanol, Anisol, DMSO
15	-0.35 ±0.37	1.02 ±0.48	0.03 ±0.16	-0.56 ±0.21	-0.14 ±0.17	0.901	0.011	7.57	1-Butanol, 2-Butanol, DMF
16	-2.35 ±1.25	2.72 ±1.57	0.68 ±0.35	-0.28 ±0.42	0.27 ±0.29	0.741	0.20	1.83	Ethanol, Anisol, DMSO, DMAc, DEE

^a Correlation coefficient; ^b Standard deviation; ^c Fisher test of significance;

Table S15. Results of the correlations of $\log K_T$ with σ_p substituent parameters.

	h	$\rho \times 10^{-3}$	R	Sd	F		h	$\rho \times 10^{-3}$	R	Sd	F		
		1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 14, 15						5, 8, 9, 12, 13, 16					
Methanol	-0.04 ± 0.12	2.90 ± 0.58	0.91 2	0.32	24.86	-0.74 ± 0.12	2.56 ± 0.33	0.968	0.08	59.17			
	1, 2, 3, 7, 10, 11, 15						5, 8, 9, 12, 13, 16						
Ethanol	0.04 ± 0.12	2.68 ± 0.54	0.91 1	0.31	24.54	-0.97 ± 0.20	2.77 ± 0.54	0.930	0.13	25.83			
	1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 11						8, 9, 12, 13, 16						
1-Propanol	0.41 ± 0.06	1.15 ± 0.23	0.92 9	0.15	25.31	-0.76 ± 0.405	2.16 ± 0.16	0.992	0.03	184.4 8			
	1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 11						4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15						
2-Propanol	0.60 ± 0.06	1.48 ± 0.21	0.96 3	0.13	50.51	0.01 ± 0.04	0.64 ± 0.10	0.921	0.07	38.86			
	1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 11, 15						4, 5, 8, 9, 12, 13						
1-Butanol	0.37 ± 0.05	1.15 ± 0.20	0.93 4	0.13	34.35	-0.17 ± 0.209	1.04 ± 0.520	0.933	0.09	26.91			
	2, 3, 6, 10, 11, 15						1, 5, 8, 9, 12, 13, 16						
2-Butanol	0.33 ± 0.07	1.50 ± 0.26	0.94 5	0.17	33.28	-0.75 ± 0.08	1.90 ± 0.23	0.965	0.09	67.39			
	1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 15						7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16						
DMSO	0.29 ± 0.13	2.99 ± 0.57	0.93 5	0.31	27.75	-0.77 ± 0.10	2.25 ± 0.33	0.949	0.09	45.06			
	2, 3, 11, 15						1, 5, 8, 9, 10, 12, 16						
DMAC	0.87 ± 0.16	3.58 ± 0.61	0.97 2	0.233	34.38	-0.22 ± 0.03	0.59 ± 0.09	0.937	0.04	36.14			
	1, 2, 3, 11, 15						5, 8, 9, 12, 13, 16						
DMF	0.63 ± 0.12	4.31 ± 0.50	0.98 0	0.27	74.53	-0.68 ± 0.17	1.49 ± 0.48	0.874	0.11	9.75			
	1, 2, 6, 10, 11, 15						7, 8, 9, 12, 14, 16						
THF	0.63 ± 0.05	1.28 ± 0.21	0.94 0	0.13	37.93	-0.12 ± 0.06	1.01 ± 0.21	0.925	0.05	23.80			
	1, 2, 3, 6, 11, 15						4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16						
EtAc	0.41 ± 0.08	1.29 ± 0.130	0.90 5	0.19	18.03	-0.12 ± 0.07	0.90 ± 0.18	0.872	0.11	25.62			
	1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 11, 15						4, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16						
DEE	0.37 ± 0.03	0.83 ± 0.13	0.94 6	0.08	42.62	-0.04 ± 0.02	0.44 ± 0.05	0.966	0.03	83.03			
	1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 11, 15						4, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16						
Dioxane	0.61 ± 0.05	1.14 ± 0.22	0.91 8	0.14	26.64	-0.02 ± 0.04	0.55 ± 0.09	0.926	0.05	35.86			
	1, 2, 3, 11, 15						4, 5, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16						
ChL	0.32 ± 0.09	2.62 ± 0.037	0.97 1	0.20	48.97	-0.57 ± 0.10	1.53 ± 0.23	0.938	0.12	44.08			
	1, 2, 3, 7, 10, 11, 15						4, 5, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16						
AcN	0.20 ± 0.10	2.20 ± 0.47	0.90 2	0.27	21.99	-0.57 ± 0.11	1.52 ± 0.26	0.920	0.14	32.89			
	1, 2, 3, 6, 11, 15						4, 5, 12, 13, 16						
Anisol	0.63 ± 0.08	2.11 ± 0.30	0.96 2	0.19	49.84	-0.25 ± 0.05	0.54 ± 0.11	0.944	0.04	24.75			

Table S16. Regression fits according to eq. (3) for the 6-PY form.

	$\nu_0 \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	$\rho \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	R	Sd	F	$\nu_0 \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	$\rho \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	R	Sd	F	$\nu_0 \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	$\rho \times 10^{-3}$ (cm $^{-1}$)	R	Sd	F
	1, 5, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 16										7, 8, 11			3, 2, 6	
Methanol	33.38 ± 0.19	-3.90 ± 0.62	0.93	0.30	39.32	34.84 ± 0.16	-15.63 ± 0.54	0.99	0.10	824.27	32.90 ± 0.45	2.35 ± 1.59	0.83	0.22	2.19
	1, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 16										5, 9, 12, 14			3, 6, 15	
Ethanol	32.95 ± 0.43	-5.68 ± 0.52	0.86	0.63	13.94	33.32 ± 0.32	-2.63 ± 0.96	0.89	0.27	7.52	36.62 ± 0.75	13.37 ± 2.80	0.98	0.60	22.87
1-Propanol	33.14 ± 0.36	-5.68 ± 1.25	0.90	0.52	20.50	33.17 ± 0.40	-2.66 ± 1.20	0.84	0.34	4.91	33.77 ± 0.36	5.44 ± 1.34	0.97	0.29	16.59
2-Propanol	32.96 ± 0.23	-5.48 ± 0.81	0.95	0.34	45.28	33.30 ± 0.23	-2.95 ± 0.67	0.95	0.19	19.18	36.56 ± 0.06	14.78 ± 0.23	0.99	0.05	3952.69
1-Butanol	32.85 ± 0.33	-5.00 ± 1.16	0.89	0.48	18.51	32.88 ± 0.20	-1.76 ± 0.59	0.90	0.17	8.88	36.77 ± 0.64	14.83 ± 2.40	0.99	0.52	38.17
2-Butanol	32.64 ± 0.15	-4.39 ± 0.53	0.97	0.21	69.53	33.17 ± 0.15	-2.98 ± 0.46	0.98	0.13	42.26	35.89 ± 0.94	13.98 ± 3.53	0.97	0.76	15.72
DMSO	32.08 ± 0.20	-3.32 ± 0.71	0.90	0.30	21.65	33.34 ± 0.19	-4.45 ± 0.58	0.98	0.16	59.68					
	1, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 16,										9, 12, 14				
DMAc	31.19 ± 0.15	-3.05 ± 0.52	0.93	0.22	34.28	31.93 ± 0.88	2.19 ± 3.38	0.54	0.60	0.42					
DMF	31.93 ± 0.15	-2.46 ± 0.53	0.90	0.22	21.70	33.14 ± 0.14	-6.68 ± 0.55	0.99	0.10	145.61					
	1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 14										9, 10, 11			13, 7, 16	
THF	31.77 ± 0.09	2.80 ± 0.33	0.97	0.23	71.75	31.47 ± 0.04	0.95 ± 0.13	0.99	0.03	56.10	31.26 ± 0.13	-0.26 ± 0.41	0.54	0.07	0.40
EtAc	31.68 ± 0.05	2.58 ± 0.19	0.99	0.13	181.23	31.46 ± 0.01	1.22 ± 0.02	0.99	0.01	3346.6 8	31.29 ± 0.11	-0.26 ± 0.33	0.62	0.05	0.62
	1, 2, 8, 11										5, 7, 9,			6, 10, 14	
DEE	31.67 ± 0.04	1.79 ± 0.15	0.99	0.07	147.73	30.50 ± 0.03	3.00 ± 0.09	0.99	0.02	1142.2 5	31.22 ± 0.02	2.17 ± 0.07	0.99	0.03	843.64
	1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 14										7, 9, 11			4, 12, 13	
Dioxane	31.62 ± 0.06	2.03 ± 0.21	0.98	0.15	88.78	30.80 ± 0.08	2.67 ± 0.26	0.99	0.05	109.16	30.85 ± 0.05	0.85 ± 0.09	0.99	0.03	84.47
	6, 3, 9, 14										1, 7, 12			4, 8, 10, 13, 16	
ChL	32.01 ± 0.09	2.10 ± 0.35	0.97	0.18	30.18	31.31 ± 0.02	1.75 ± 0.10	0.99	0.03	277.25	30.96 ± 0.05	1.42 ± 0.12	0.99	0.06	134.35
	1, 2, 14										7, 11, 13, 16			9, 10, 12	
AcN	32.00 ± 0.01	1.45 ± 0.01	0.99	0.01	9397.8	30.88 ± 0.12	1.46 ± 0.35	0.95	0.07	17.47	31.70 ± 0.01	0.64 ± 0.04	0.99	0.01	320.33
	1, 5, 12, 16										4, 7, 10, 16			2, 6, 15	
Anisol	31.53 ± 0.01	0.54 ± 0.02	0.99	0.01	525.07	31.16 ± 0.01	0.30 ± 0.02	0.99	0.01	135.73	34.15 ± 1.33	7.93 ± 5.57	0.82	1.2	2.03

Table S17. Elements of geometry of the **2-PY** tautomer obtained by the use of B3LYP/6-11++G(d,p) method.

No.	Sub.	Torsion angle	Charge		Bond length			
			θ	q_{C5}	N1-C2	N1-C6	N1-C1'	C6-O
1	H	79.65	-0.602	1.441	1.363	1.449	1.347	1.218
2	4-CH ₃	80.18	-0.601	1.441	1.363	1.448	1.347	1.219
3	4-OCH ₃	76.25	-0.588	1.442	1.363	1.447	1.347	1.219
4	4-NO ₂	66.55	-0.581	1.444	1.367	1.443	1.346	1.218
5	4-COCH ₃	68.93	-0.579	1.443	1.365	1.446	1.346	1.219
6	4-OH	73.35	-0.602	1.442	1.364	1.446	1.347	1.219
7	4-I*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	4-Cl	73.05	-0.598	1.442	1.365	1.446	1.347	1.218
9	4-Br	73.05	-0.600	1.442	1.365	1.446	1.346	1.218
10	4-F	75.69	-0.615	1.442	1.364	1.446	1.347	1.217
11	3-CF ₃	68.54	-0.600	1.443	1.363	1.445	1.346	1.219
12	3-Cl	73.57	-0.602	1.442	1.365	1.446	1.346	1.218
13	3-Br	72.50	-0.601	1.442	1.365	1.446	1.346	1.218
14	3-OCH ₃	74.09	-0.613	1.441	1.363	1.449	1.346	1.219
15	3-CH ₃	77.42	-0.621	1.441	1.363	1.449	1.347	1.219
16	3-COCH ₃	66.19	-0.586	1.443	1.366	1.446	1.346	1.219

Table S18. Elements of geometry of the **6-PY** tautomer obtained by the use of B3LYP/6-311++G(d,p) method.

No.	Sub.	Torsional angle	Charge		Bond length			
			θ	q_{C5}	N1-C2	N1-C6	N1-C1'	C6-O
1	H	78.19	-0.562	1.356	1.452	1.448	1.219	1.338
2	4-CH ₃	77.85	-0.534	1.356	1.452	1.448	1.220	1.338
3	4-OCH ₃	74.04	-0.559	1.356	1.453	1.446	1.220	1.338
4	4-NO ₂	66.07	-0.564	1.360	1.457	1.443	1.219	1.338
5	4-COCH ₃	68.58	-0.525	1.358	1.455	1.446	1.219	1.338
6	4-OH	73.44	-0.529	1.357	1.453	1.446	1.220	1.338
7	4-I*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	4-Cl	71.82	-0.561	1.358	1.454	1.446	1.219	1.338
9	4-Br	71.46	-0.552	1.358	1.455	1.446	1.219	1.338
10	4-F	67.22	-0.553	1.357	1.454	1.446	1.219	1.338
11	3-CF ₃	69.63	-0.546	1.358	1.455	1.445	1.219	1.338
12	3-Cl	73.16	-0.555	1.358	1.454	1.446	1.219	1.338
13	3-Br	73.86	-0.552	1.358	1.454	1.446	1.219	1.338
14	3-OCH ₃	82.77	-0.549	1.356	1.452	1.450	1.220	1.338
15	3-CH ₃	80.91	-0.574	1.356	1.452	1.449	1.219	1.338
16	3-COCH ₃	67.22	-0.545	1.358	1.454	1.446	1.220	1.338

*basis set for I substituent is not available; ^atorsional angle C2-N1-C1'-C2'; ^btorsional angle C6-N1-C1'-C6'

Table S19. Correlation results of the SCS values with the Hammett substituent constants σ_p/σ_m and σ_p^+/σ_m^+ for **6-PY** tautomer according to eq. (3).

Atom		ρ	h	R	F	sd	n	
$C_{1'}$	σ	11.73±1.88	-2.13±0.64	0.866	39	1.94	15	all
	σ^+	8.59±1.28	-0.94±0.51	0.880	45	1.85	15	all
	σ	8.68±1.09	-1.88±0.50	0.911	63	1.61	15	all
	σ	14.04±2.08	-2.48±0.73	0.931	46	1.90	9	4-substituted ^a
	σ^+	10.23±1.42	-0.68±0.60	0.939	52	1.79	9	4-substituted
	σ	9.36±1.15	-2.53±0.62	0.951	67	1.61	9	4-substituted
	σ	16.58±1.20	-3.82±0.47	0.987	191	0.97	7	4-sub. (H i Me excluded)
	σ	10.50±0.66	-3.57±0.40	0.990	257	0.84	7	4-sub. (H i Me excluded)
	σ	2.57±1.02	0.24±0.31	0.747	6	0.52	7	3-substituted ^b
	σ^+	2.05±0.97	0.55±0.52	0.687	4	0.57	7	3-substituted
C_2	σ^+	1.72±0.23	-0.01±0.07	0.985	58	0.11	4	H, 3-Me, 3-COMe, 3-CF ₃
	σ^+	1.55±0.21	1.02±0.07	0.991	57	0.06	3	3-OMe, 3-Br, 3-Cl
C_3	σ	1.39±0.15	0.02±0.04	0.973	96	0.08	7	H, 3-CF ₃ , 3-Cl, 3-Br, 3-OMe, 3-Me, 3-COMe
	σ^+	1.22±0.09	0.05±0.03	0.986	171	0.06	7	H, 3-CF ₃ , 3-Cl, 3-Br, 3-OMe, 3-Me, 3-COMe
	σ	2.05±0.45	-0.03±0.08	0.934	20	0.09	5	H, F, Cl, Br, I
C_4	σ	-1.19±0.15	0.25±0.05	0.911	64	0.20	15	all $\sigma^+(Me, OMe), \sigma^-(NO_2, I)$
	σ	-1.33±0.21	0.24±0.07	0.922	40	0.19	9	4-substituted
	σ^+	-0.78±0.14	0.14±0.06	0.840	31	0.20	15	all
C_5	σ	1.44±0.26	-0.01±0.08	0.941	31	0.12	6	3-substituted
C_6	σ	(0.51±0.09) σ^2	(-0.65±0.01) σ	1.000	11078	0.00	4	H, I, COMe, NO ₂ ,
	σ	(6.32±1.12) σ^2	(-1.18±0.28) σ	0.930	16	0.14	8	Me, OMe, F, 3-Cl, 3-Br, 3-OMe, 3-Me, 3-COMe

^a all 4-substituted compounds; ^b all 3-substituted compounds

Table S20. Correlation results for **6-PY** tautomer obtained according to eq. (4).

Atom		ρ_i	ρ_R	h	R	λ^a	F	sd	n	Compounds included
C _{1'}	σ	8.28±2.61	13.23±2.39	-0.77±1.03	0.870	1.60	19	2.00	15	all
	σ	7.93±2.34	12.96±2.34	0.32±1.00	0.963	1.58	39	1.51	9	4-substituted ^b
	σ	6.00±6.61	18.44±3.15	1.32±3.28	0.963	3.07	26	1.82	7	4- (H i Me excluded)
	σ	3.68±0.93	1.34±0.87	-0.19±0.33	0.917	0.36	8	0.35	6	3-substituted ^c
C ₂	σ	1.09±0.48	-0.14±0.41	0.02±0.15	0.855	0.13	5	0.19	7	H, 3-CF ₃ , 3-Cl, 3-Br, 3-OMe, 3-Me, 3-COMe
	σ	2.31±0.68	2.95±1.09	-0.02±0.12	0.927	1.28	6	0.12	5	H, F, Cl, Br, I
C ₄	σ	-0.85±0.27	-1.20±0.24	0.15±0.11	0.851	1.41	16	0.20	15	all
	σ	-0.96±0.29	-1.56±0.27	0.07±0.12	0.938	1.63	22	0.19	9	4-substituted
C ₅	σ	0.93±0.61	-0.59±0.58	-0.03±0.22	0.810	0.63	3	0.23	6	3-substituted

^a $\lambda = \rho_R/\rho_i$; ^ball 4-substituted compounds; ^c all 3-substituted compounds

Table S21. Calculated energies of the HOMO and LUMO orbitals and energy gap for compounds **1 - 16** in gas phase.

Compound	Tautomer	Gas phase		
		Orbitals energy (eV)	E_{HOMO}	E_{LUMO}
1	2-PY	-6.02	-1.49	4.53
	6-PY	-6.12	-1.18	4.94
2	2-PY	-5.98	-1.45	4.53
	6-PY	-6.07	-1.13	4.94
3	2-PY	-5.94	-1.44	4.50
	6-PY	-6.03	-1.1	4.92
4	2-PY	-6.40	-2.70	3.70
	6-PY	-6.49	-2.72	3.77
5	2-PY	-6.18	-1.93	4.25
	6-PY	-6.27	-1.90	4.37
6	2-PY	-5.98	-1.47	4.51
	6-PY	-6.07	-1.15	4.92
8	2-PY	-6.17	-1.67	4.50
	6-PY	-6.26	-1.38	4.88
9	2-PY	-6.16	-1.67	4.49
	6-PY	-6.25	-1.38	4.87
10	2-PY	-6.11	-1.59	4.52
	6-PY	-6.21	-1.28	4.93
11	2-PY	-6.22	-1.74	4.48
	6-PY	-6.31	-1.47	4.84
12	2-PY	-6.17	-1.67	4.50
	6-PY	-6.26	-1.38	4.88
13	2-PY	-6.16	-1.67	4.49
	6-PY	-6.25	-1.37	4.88
14	2-PY	-6.01	-1.50	4.51
	6-PY	-6.10	-1.14	4.96
15	2-PY	-5.99	-1.47	4.52
	6-PY	-6.08	-1.12	4.96
16	2-PY	-6.11	-1.81	4.30
	6-PY	-6.20	-1.80	4.40

Table S22. Calculated energies of the HOMO and LUMO orbitals and energy gap for compounds **1 - 16** in DMSO, EtOH and THF.

Comp.	Tautomer	DMSO			Ethanol			THF		
		Orbitals energy (eV)								
		E_{HOMO}	E_{LUMO}	E_{gap}	E_{HOMO}	E_{LUMO}	E_{gap}	E_{HOMO}	E_{LUMO}	E_{gap}
1	2-PY	-6.07	-1.46	4.62	-6.07	-1.46	4.61	-6.07	-1.47	4.60
	6-PY	-6.15	-1.13	5.02	-6.15	-1.13	5.02	-6.15	-1.14	5.01
2	2-PY	-6.06	-1.45	4.61	-6.06	-1.45	4.61	-6.05	-1.46	4.60
	6-PY	-6.14	-1.12	5.02	-6.13	-1.12	5.02	-6.13	-1.12	5.01
3	2-PY	-6.03	-1.45	4.58	-6.03	-1.45	4.58	-6.02	-1.46	4.57
	6-PY	-6.09	-1.12	4.97	-6.09	-1.11	4.97	-6.09	-1.12	4.96
4	2-PY	-6.18	-2.71	3.47	-6.18	-2.71	3.48	-6.23	-2.70	3.52
	6-PY	-6.26	-2.73	3.53	-6.26	-2.72	3.53	-6.30	-2.72	3.58
5	2-PY	-6.12	-1.86	4.26	-6.13	-1.86	4.27	-6.15	-1.87	4.28
	6-PY	-6.20	-1.85	4.35	-6.20	-1.85	4.35	-6.23	-1.85	4.37
6	2-PY	-6.01	-1.45	4.57	-6.01	-1.44	4.57	-6.01	-1.45	4.56
	6-PY	-6.08	-1.11	4.96	-6.07	-1.11	4.96	-6.08	-1.12	4.96
8	2-PY	-6.12	-1.53	4.59	-6.11	-1.53	4.58	-6.13	-1.56	4.57
	6-PY	-6.19	-1.23	4.96	-6.19	-1.23	4.96	-6.21	-1.26	4.95
9	2-PY	-6.11	-1.53	4.58	-6.11	-1.53	4.58	-6.13	-1.56	4.57
	6-PY	-6.19	-1.24	4.95	-6.19	-1.24	4.95	-6.21	-1.26	4.95
10	2-PY	-6.09	-1.49	4.60	-6.09	-1.49	4.60	-6.10	-1.51	4.59
	6-PY	-6.17	-1.16	5.00	-6.17	-1.16	5.00	-6.18	-1.19	5.00
11	2-PY	-6.13	-1.56	4.56	-6.13	-1.57	4.56	-6.15	-1.60	4.55
	6-PY	-6.20	-1.28	4.92	-6.20	-1.28	4.92	-6.23	-1.31	4.92
12	2-PY	-6.12	-1.54	4.58	-6.12	-1.54	4.58	-6.14	-1.57	4.57
	6-PY	-6.20	-1.23	4.97	-6.20	-1.23	4.96	-6.22	-1.26	4.96
13	2-PY	-6.12	-1.54	4.58	-6.12	-1.54	4.58	-6.13	-1.57	4.57
	6-PY	-6.20	-1.23	4.97	-6.20	-1.23	4.97	-6.21	-1.25	4.96
14	2-PY	-6.07	-1.47	4.59	-6.07	-1.48	4.59	-6.07	-1.49	4.58
	6-PY	-6.14	-1.12	5.03	-6.14	-1.12	5.03	-6.15	-1.13	5.02
15	2-PY	-6.06	-1.45	4.60	-6.06	-1.46	4.60	-6.05	-1.46	4.59
	6-PY	-6.14	-1.11	5.03	-6.14	-1.11	5.03	-6.14	-1.11	5.02
16	2-PY	-6.11	-1.74	4.37	-6.11	-1.74	4.37	-6.12	-1.75	4.37
	6-PY	-6.19	-1.75	4.43	-6.18	-1.75	4.43	-6.20	-1.75	4.44

Table S23. Difference in atomic charges (Δ_{Charge}) between excited and ground state of appropriate atom in **2-PY** form of *para* substituted compounds.

Atom number* /Compound	Δ_{Charge}								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10
1	0.3529	0.3623	0.3512	0.0214	0.0093	0.345	0.3296	0.33	0.3497
2	-0.1151	-0.1122	-0.0435	-0.2623	-0.0068	-0.0626	-0.1207	-0.1168	-0.1121
3	0.0391	0.0435	0.0263	0.0099	0.0092	0.0283	0.0421	0.0384	0.0402
4	-0.0213	-0.0241	-1E-04	-0.0616	-0.0081	-0.0099	-0.0261	-0.0264	-0.0183
5	0.2102	0.2128	0.242	-0.0599	0.0112	0.2127	0.194	0.1934	0.214
6	-0.2941	-0.3023	-0.2301	-0.2617	-0.0116	-0.2261	-0.291	-0.2907	-0.2976
7	-0.0208	-0.0183	-0.0186	-0.0004	-0.0004	-0.0233	-0.0161	-0.024	-0.0188
8	0.0261	0.0243	0.0186	-0.0002	0.0005	0.022	0.0212	0.0179	0.022
9	0.0218	0.0197	0.0269	-1E-04	0.0006	0.0287	0.0209	0.0283	0.0212
10	1E-04	0.0003	0.001	0.0001	0	0.001	-1E-04	0.0006	0.0002
11	0.0475	0.0449	0.0397	0.0184	0.0009	0.0407	0.0374	0.0431	0.0423
12	-0.0409	-0.0342	-0.0036	-0.12	-0.0026	-0.0144	-0.039	-0.0474	-0.0391
13	-0.2202	-0.2219	-0.1703	-0.1917	-0.0069	-0.1855	-0.2122	-0.2108	-0.216
14	-0.0081	-0.0051	0.0032	-0.031	0.0003	0.0025	-0.0065	-0.0052	-0.01
15	0.0004	0.0004	-0.0008	0.0008	0.0003	0.0005	0.0005	0.0002	0.0003
16	0.002	0.0043	0.002	0.0037	0.0004	0.0021	0.0035	0.0077	0.0021
17	0.0022	-0.0039	-0.0854	0.1569	0.1307	-0.0616	0.0176	0.0169	-0.0022
18	0.0032	0.0025	0.0048	0.0048	-0.0029	0.0002	0.0059	0.028	0.0037
19	0	-0.0004	0.0003	-0.0003	-0.001	0.0006	-0.0004	-0.0002	0
20	0.0069	0.0053	-0.0092	0.0074	0.0018	-0.0025	0.0183	0.0193	0.0132
21	0.0005	0	0.0006	1E-04	-0.0024	0.0003	1E-04	0.0003	-1E-04
22	0.0014	0.0013	-0.0448	0.0864	0.0837	-0.0301	0.003	-0.0192	-0.0005
23	0.0002	-1E-04	0.0009	-0.0008	-0.0023	0.0007	-0.0004	-0.0002	0.0008
24	0.0003	0.0005	-0.015	0.0814	0.0865	-0.0101	-0.0011	-0.0008	1E-04
25	1E-04	0	-0.0005	-0.0008	0.0002	0.0006	-1E-04	-0.0002	0
26	0.0053	0.0002	-0.0437	0.0649	-0.0551	-0.0339	0.0209	0.0223	0.0055
27	0.0001	0	-0.046	0.216	0.4388	-0.0269	-0.0015	-0.0048	-0.0007
28	0	0.0017	0.1594	-0.554	0.0005				
29	0	0	0.1594	-0.1911					
30		1E-04	-0.0036		0.0019				
31			-0.0039		0.0577				
32					0.0111				

Table S24. Difference in atomic charges (Δ_{Charge}) between excited and ground state of appropriate atom in 2-PY form of *meta*-substituted compounds.

Atom number* /Compound	Δ_{Charge}					
	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	0.2966	0.3253	0.32	0.3448	0.3464	0.0253
2	-0.1445	-0.1234	-0.121	-0.1164	-0.1148	-0.1271
3	0.0434	0.0411	0.0388	0.0393	0.0384	0.0024
4	-0.0344	-0.0278	-0.0258	-0.0214	-0.0242	-0.0334
5	0.1668	0.1905	0.1934	0.2027	0.2147	-0.0148
6	-0.285	-0.2879	-0.2862	-0.2925	-0.2964	-0.1413
7	-0.0157	-0.0176	-0.0261	-0.0163	-0.0213	-0.0019
8	0.022	0.0242	0.0324	0.0243	0.0183	0.0014
9	0.0163	0.0192	0.0179	0.0189	0.0286	0.0012
10	0.0002	0.0003	-0.0002	0.0003	0.0013	1E-04
11	0.0413	0.0411	0.043	0.0429	0.0458	0.0117
12	-0.0597	-0.0469	-0.049	-0.0386	-0.038	-0.0552
13	-0.2117	-0.211	-0.2097	-0.2162	-0.2202	-0.1068
14	-0.0089	-0.0073	-0.0068	-0.0053	-0.0056	-0.0117
15	0.0007	0.0002	0.0004	0.0004	0.0007	0.0008
16	0.0017	0.0037	0.0056	0.0037	0.0049	0.0025
17	0.0425	0.0225	0.0211	-0.0184	0.0009	0.0111
18	0.0484	0.0144	0.0142	0.0249	0.0036	0.1742
19	0.001	-0.0003	1E-04	0	0	0.0006
20	0.002	0.0108	0.01	0.0117	0.0089	0.0607
21	1E-04	1E-04	-1E-04	-0.0004	0	-0.0002
22	-0.0018	0.0008	0.0018	0.0021	0.001	-0.0015
23	-0.0004	-1E-04	-0.0002	1E-04	-0.0002	-0.003
24	0.0181	0.0032	0.0031	-0.0004	-0.0008	0.0336
25	0.003	-0.0007	-0.001	-0.0005	0	0.3305
26	0.0008	0.0256	0.0232	1E-04	1E-04	-0.2165
27	0.001	-1E-04	0.001	0.0001	0.0001	-0.0811
28	0.0004			0.0002	0	0
29	0.0565			0	0.0077	0.0128
30	-0.0009			0.0101	0	0.0149
31				-0.0003		0.1097
32					0.0008	

Table S25. Difference in atomic charges (Δ_{Charge}) between excited and ground state of appropriate atom in **6-PY** form of *para* substituted compounds.

Atom number* /Compound	Δ_{Charge}									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	
1	-0.2946	0.2691	0.2657	0.0125	0.0036	-0.2512	0.2213	0.2139	0.2616	
2	0.2142	-0.0751	-0.076	-0.2591	-0.0001	0.249	-0.1212	-0.1144	-0.0868	
3	0.2565	0.0867	0.0851	0.0058	0.0097	0.2699	0.0855	0.0701	0.0797	
4	0.0011	-0.0097	-0.0099	-0.0619	-0.0094	0.0145	-0.0617	-0.023	0.0006	
5	-0.0844	0.2205	0.2254	-0.0141	0.0106	-0.0263	0.2134	0.1896	0.2129	
6	0.0802	-0.289	-0.2909	-0.3059	-0.0004	0.0746	-0.2794	-0.2852	-0.2908	
7	0.0248	-0.0111	-0.0215	0.0005	-0.0003	-0.0514	-0.012	-0.0134	-0.0167	
8	0.0062	0.0162	0.0181	-0.0011	0.0003	-0.0004	0.015	0.0149	0.0179	
9	0.033	-0.0003	0	1E-04	0	0.015	0.0002	1E-04	1E-04	
10	0.0112	0.0154	0.0236	-0.0013	0.0002	-0.0216	0.0124	0.0158	0.0174	
11	-0.0011	0.0231	0.0232	0.0189	0.0007	-0.0076	0.0249	0.0248	0.0283	
12	0.0299	-0.1181	-0.1173	-0.1168	1E-04	-0.0241	-0.1169	-0.1145	-0.1236	
13	-0.1908	-0.0079	-0.0088	-0.0296	0.0008	-0.1641	-0.0119	-0.0113	-0.008	
14	-0.0104	0.001	0.0004	0.0009	0.0002	0.0021	0.0007	-1E-04	0.0004	
15	0.0246	-0.1868	-0.186	-0.1924	-0.0003	0.019	-0.1922	-0.1886	-0.188	
16	-0.1211	0.0033	0.0028	0.0051	0.0011	-0.0996	0.0042	0.0031	0.0036	
17	-0.0115	0.0092	0.0375	0.1581	0.1342	-0.0145	0.0585	0.0614	0.0147	
18	0.0031	0.0205	0.0273	0.005	-0.0079	0.0027	0.0532	0.0218	0.0396	
19	1E-04	0.0003	0.0003	0	-0.0014	0.0003	-0.0018	0.0008	0.0002	
20	-0.003	0.0091	-0.0261	0.0057	0.0025	0.0011	0.0158	0.0151	0.0013	
21	0.0004	-0.0003	-0.0002	0.0001	-0.0027	0.0004	0	1E-04	-1E-04	
22	0	0.0007	0.0003	0.0822	0.0873	0.0002	-0.0006	0.0292	-0.0019	
23	0.0003	0	0	0.0002	-0.0031	-0.0249	-1E-04	-0.0002	0	
24	0.0007	0.0037	0.0092	0.0842	0.0852	1E-04	0.022	0.0205	0.0123	
25	0.0152	0.0002	-0.0007	1E-04	0	0.018	0.0003	0	0.0003	
26	1E-04	0.0187	0.0173	0.0646	-0.0501	1E-04	0.068	0.0691	0.0249	
27	0.0151	-0.0023	-0.0001	0.2164	0.4395	0.0179	0.0021	0.0004	1E-04	
28		0	0.0012	0.1597	-0.5768	0.0009				
29		0.002	0.0004	0.1618	-0.151					
30		0.0013	0		0.0012					
31			1E-04		0.015					
32					0.0112					

Table S26. Difference in atomic charges (Δ_{Charge}) between excited and ground state of appropriate atom in **6-PY** form of *meta*-substituted compounds.

Atom number*	Δ_{Charge}					
	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	0.1654	0.2152	0.2168	0.2795	0.2763	0.0022
2	-0.1552	-0.1181	-0.1171	-0.0573	-0.0783	-0.0169
3	0.0715	0.0759	0.0724	0.0831	0.0803	0.0004
4	-0.0402	-0.018	-0.062	0.0137	0.0022	-0.0093
5	0.1252	0.1752	0.2194	0.2227	0.2277	-0.0003
6	-0.284	-0.2845	-0.2844	-0.2759	-0.2967	-0.0213
7	-0.0103	-0.0099	-0.0126	-0.0384	-0.0144	-0.0002
8	0.0103	0.0149	0.0136	0.0176	0.0177	0
9	0	-1E-04	-0.0002	0.0003	0.0003	0
10	0.0097	0.0112	0.0144	0.0417	0.0168	0.0004
11	0.026	0.0215	0.026	0.0193	0.0235	0.0009
12	-0.1167	-0.1175	-0.1164	-0.1094	-0.1192	-0.0078
13	-0.0141	-0.0136	-0.0137	-0.0133	-0.0136	-0.0003
14	0.0011	0.0014	0.0014	0.0008	0.0006	0.0003
15	-0.1992	-0.1918	-0.1871	-0.1754	-0.1897	-0.0156
16	0.0045	0.0037	0.0039	0.0028	0.0045	0.0002
17	0.102	0.07	0.0672	0.0093	0.013	0.0014
18	0.118	0.0401	0.0442	-0.0132	0.0196	0.1436
19	0.0005	0.0049	-1E-04	0.0007	-0.0003	-1E-04
20	-0.0064	0.0226	0.0171	0.0045	0.0045	0.0758
21	0	-0.0003	0.0004	0.0004	-0.0002	0.0004
22	-0.0098	0.0017	0.0006	0.0065	-0.0017	-0.0105
23	-0.0006	-1E-04	-0.0003	1E-04	0.0002	-0.0031
24	0.0608	0.0182	0.0193	-0.0163	0.0072	-0.0022
25	0.0073	0.0014	0.0019	-0.0152	-0.0001	0.4659
26	0.001	0.0744	0.0741	0.0006	0	-0.523
27	0.0029	0.0017	0.0009	1E-04	0	-0.1592
28	0.0007			-0.0012	0.0022	0.0003
29	0.1295			-0.0012	0.017	0.0133
30	0			0.0138	0.0006	0.0133
31				-0.0003		0.0518
32						-0.0004

Table S27. Difference in charges of R₁ and R₂ rings between excited and ground state in both **2-PY** and **6-PY** forms.

Compound	Δ_{Charge}			
	2-PY		6-PY	
	R ₁	R ₂	R ₁	R ₂
1	-0.0204	0.0202	-0.0207	0.0205
2	-0.0056	0.0055	-0.0627	0.0631
3	0.2439	-0.2438	-0.0661	0.0665
4	-0.9346	0.9348	-0.9384	0.9381
5	-0.0037	0.0036	0.0168	-0.0169
6	0.1617	-0.1622	-0.0022	0.0023
8	-0.0625	0.0623	-0.2177	0.2174
9	-0.0617	0.0614	-0.2182	0.2182
10	-0.0199	0.0198	-0.0914	0.0914
11	-0.1709	0.1707	-0.406	0.4059
12	-0.0763	0.0762	-0.2345	0.2346
13	-0.0733	0.0732	-0.2256	0.2253
14	-0.0294	0.0293	0.0118	-0.0114
15	-0.0214	0.0213	-0.062	0.062
16	-0.4468	0.4466	-0.0673	0.0673

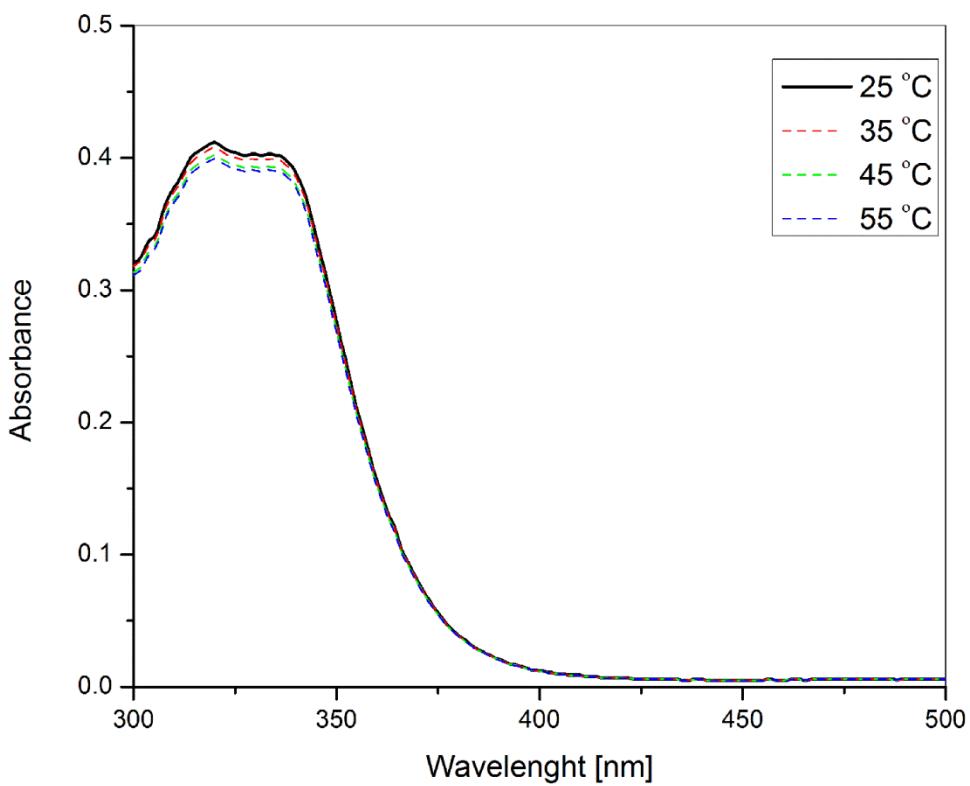


Fig. S1. Temperature-dependent UV spectra of compound **3** in DMF.

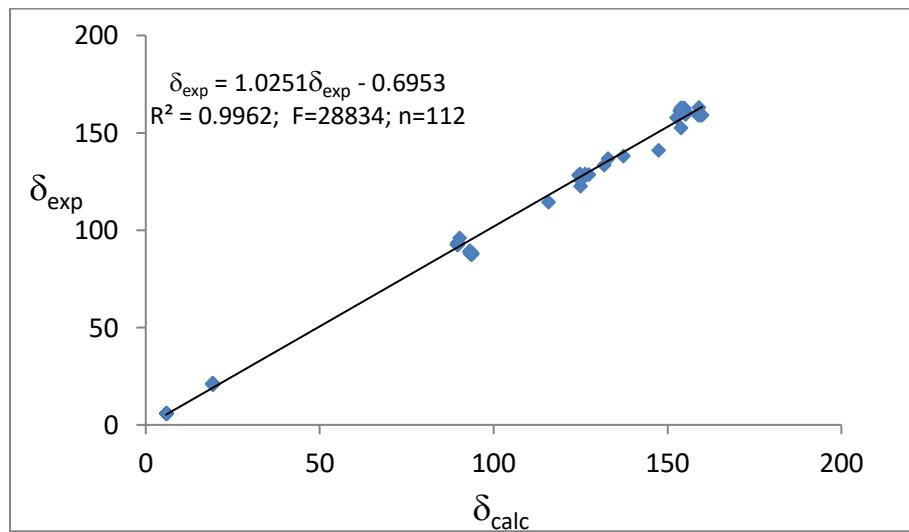


Fig. S2. Plot of δ_{exp} vs δ_{calc} NMR values

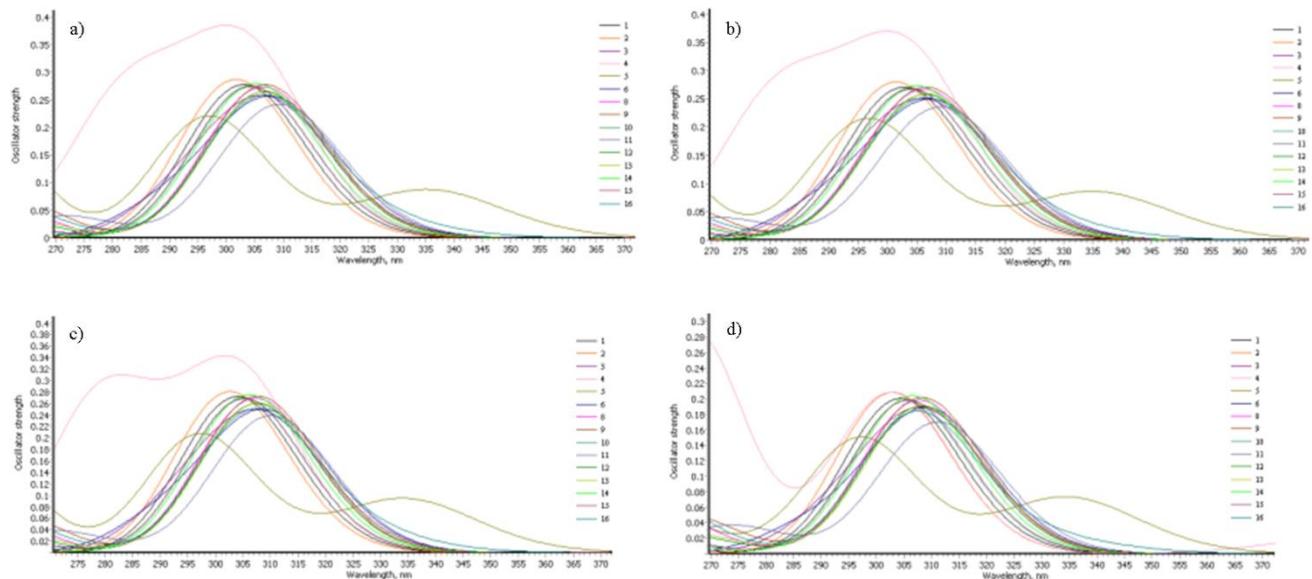


Fig. S3. TD-DFT calculated UV-Vis spectra of **2-PY** form in a) DMSO, b) ethanol, c) THF and d) gas phase.

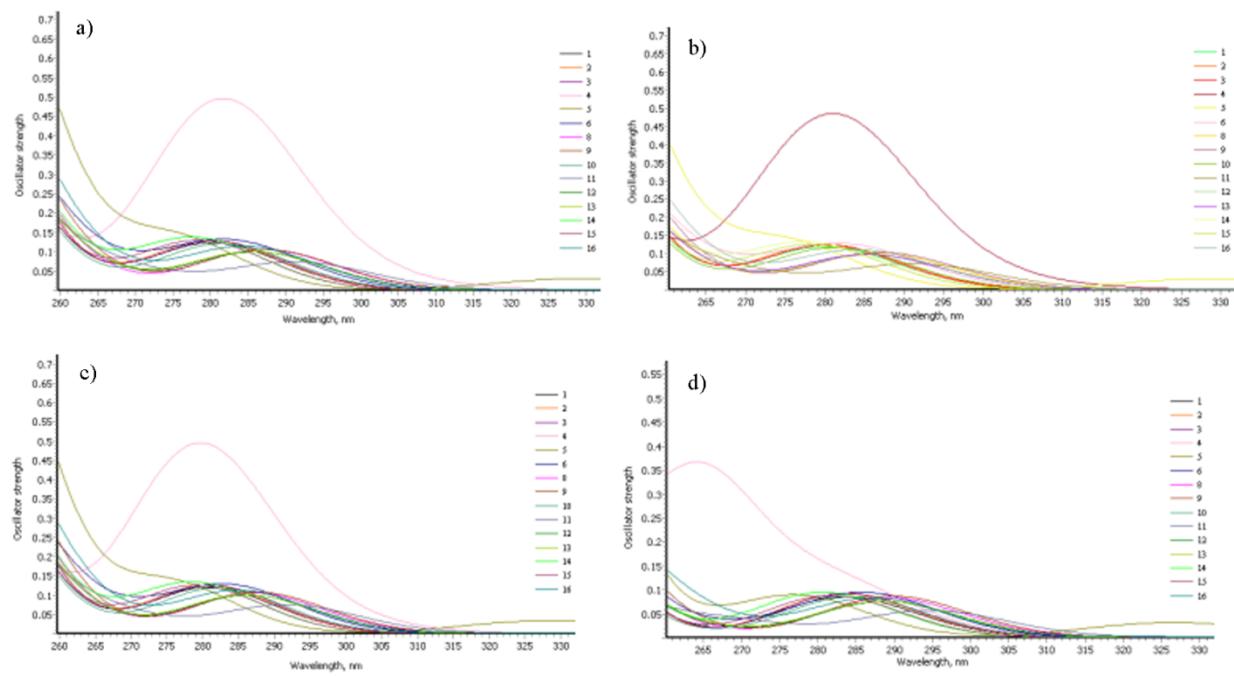


Fig. S4. TD-DFT calculated UV-Vis spectra of **6-PY** form in a) DMSO, b) ethanol, c) THF and d) gas phase.

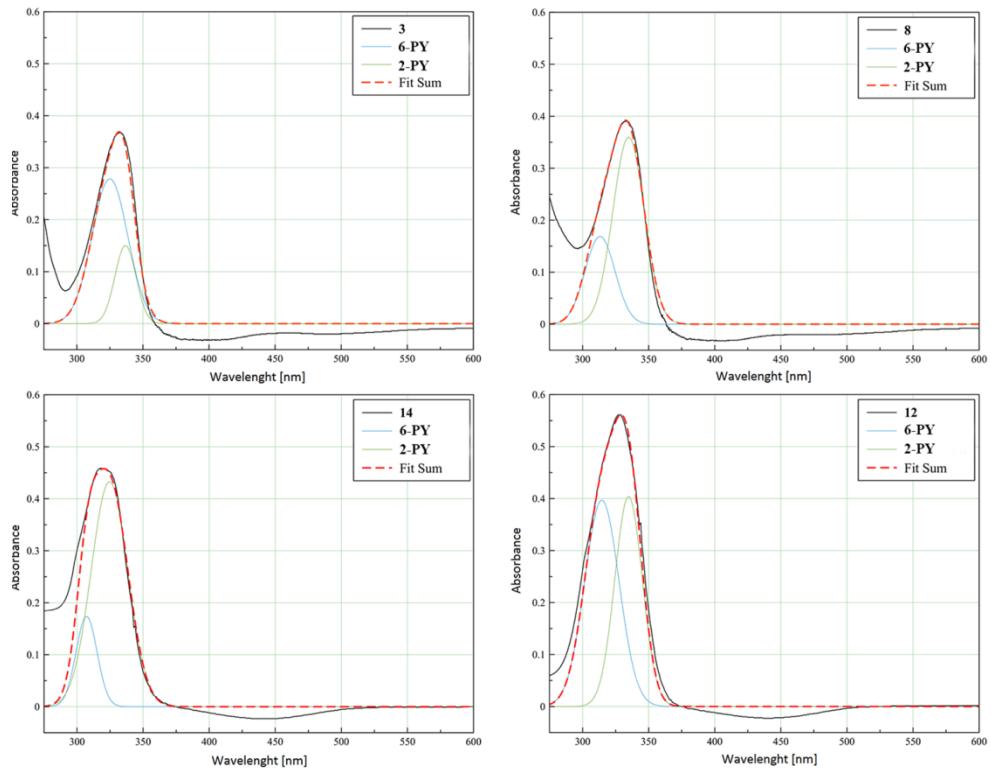


Fig. S5. Resolved overlapping bands of compounds **3**, **8**, **14** and **12** in DMSO.

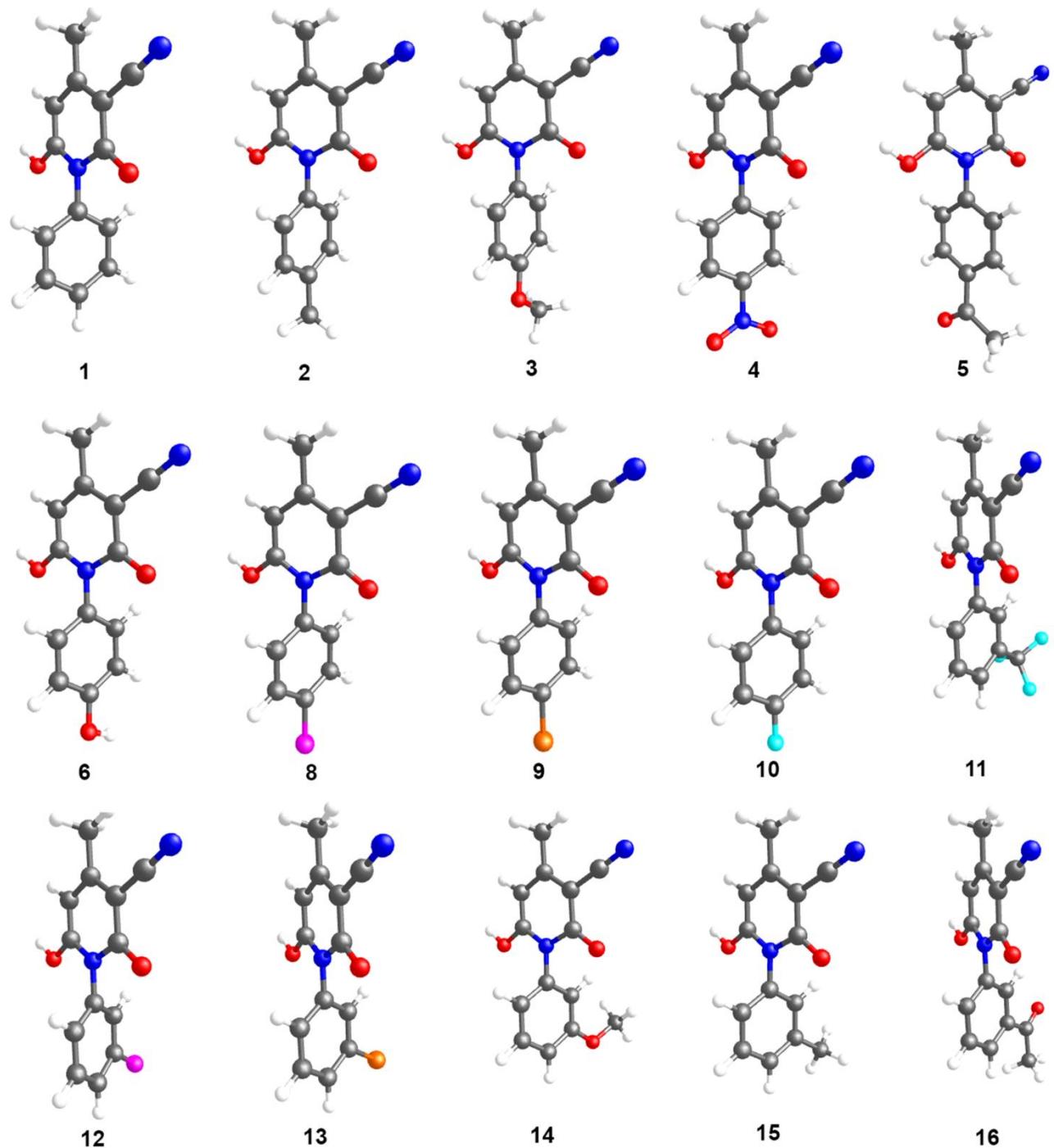


Fig. S6. Optimal geometries of compounds 1 - 16 in 2-PY forms.

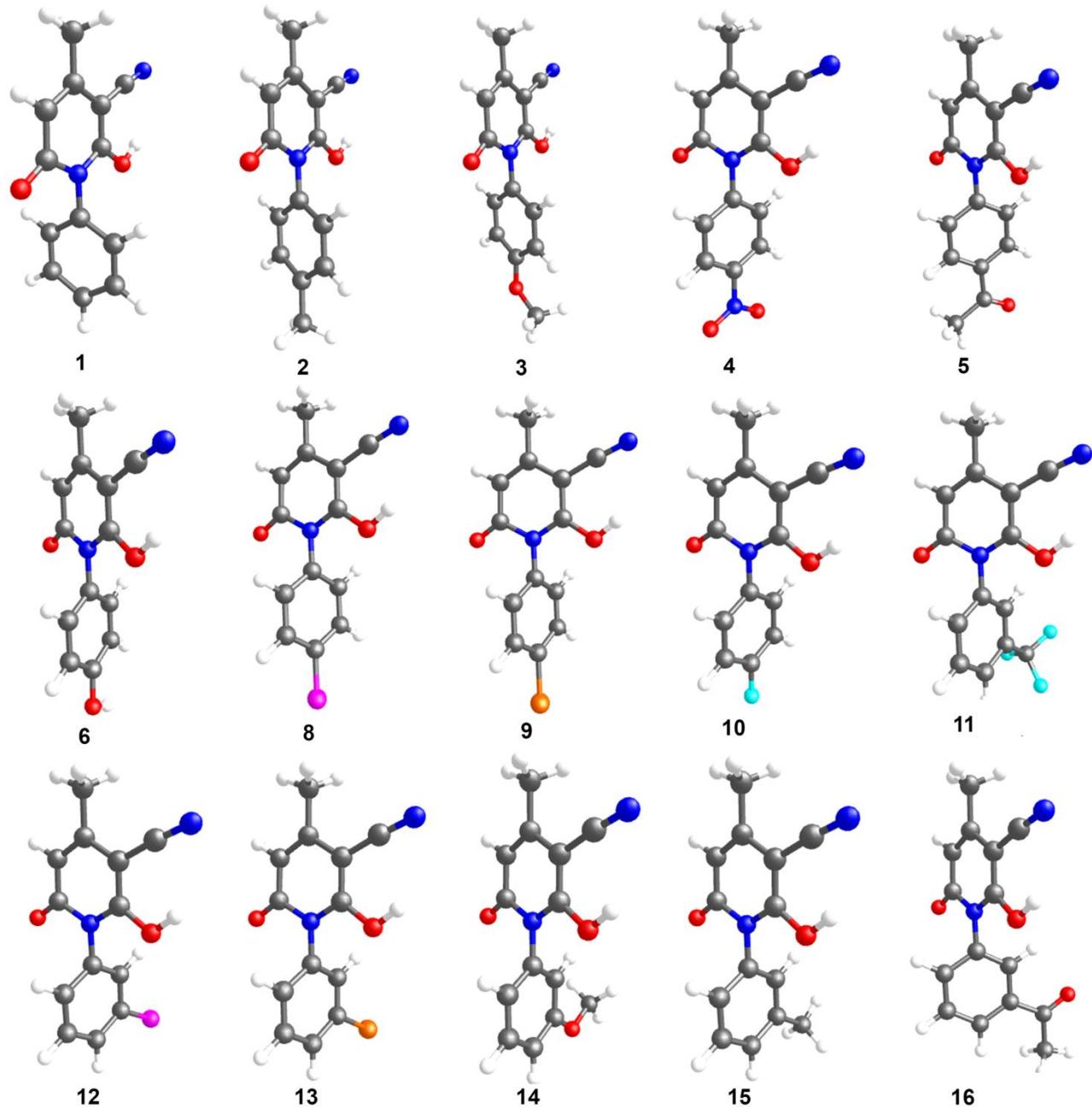


Fig. S7. Optimal geometries of compounds 1 - 16 in 6-PY form.

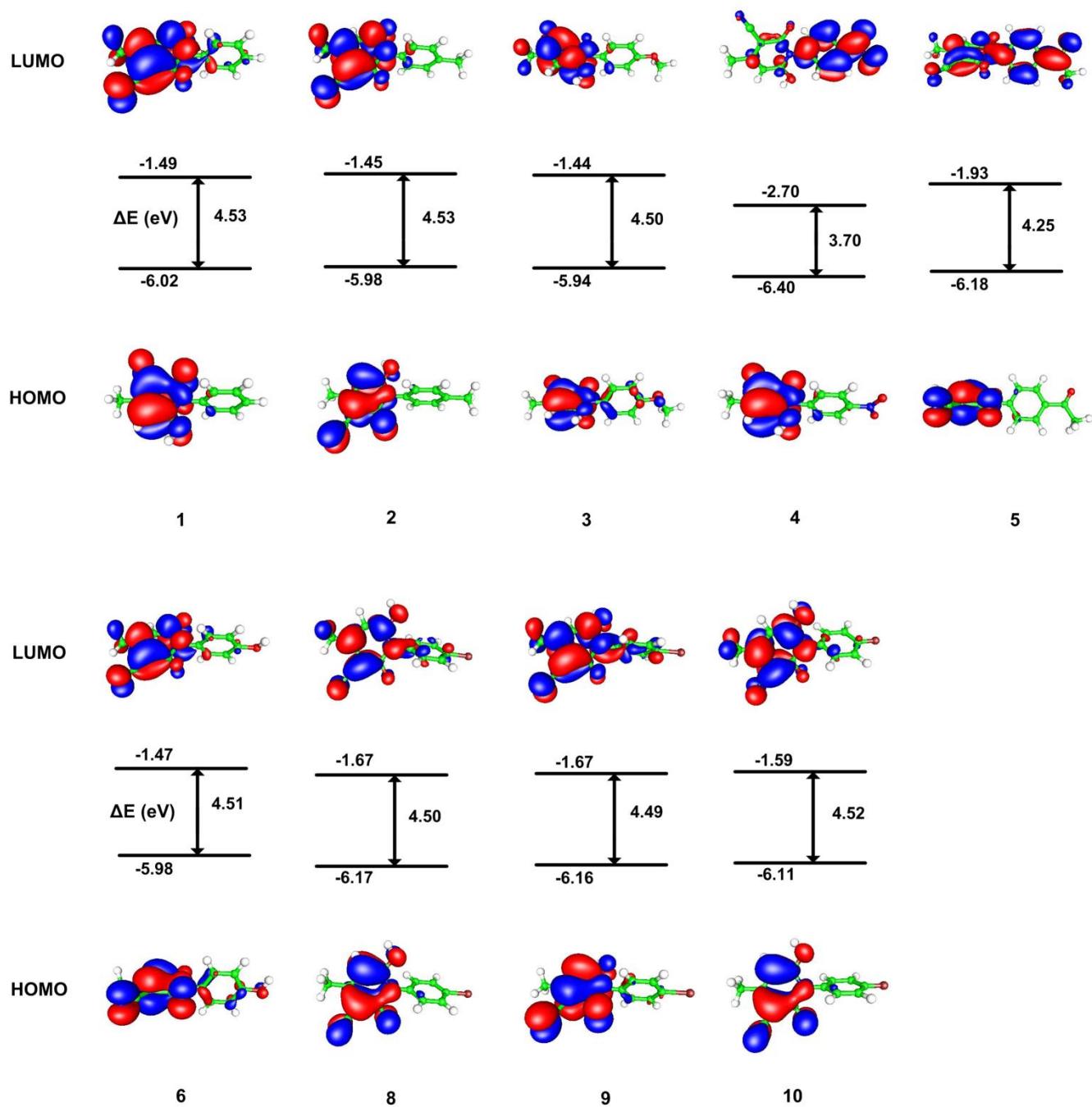


Fig. S8. The molecular orbitals and energy gaps between HOMO and LUMO orbitals of compounds **1 - 10** in the 2-PY form in a gas phase.

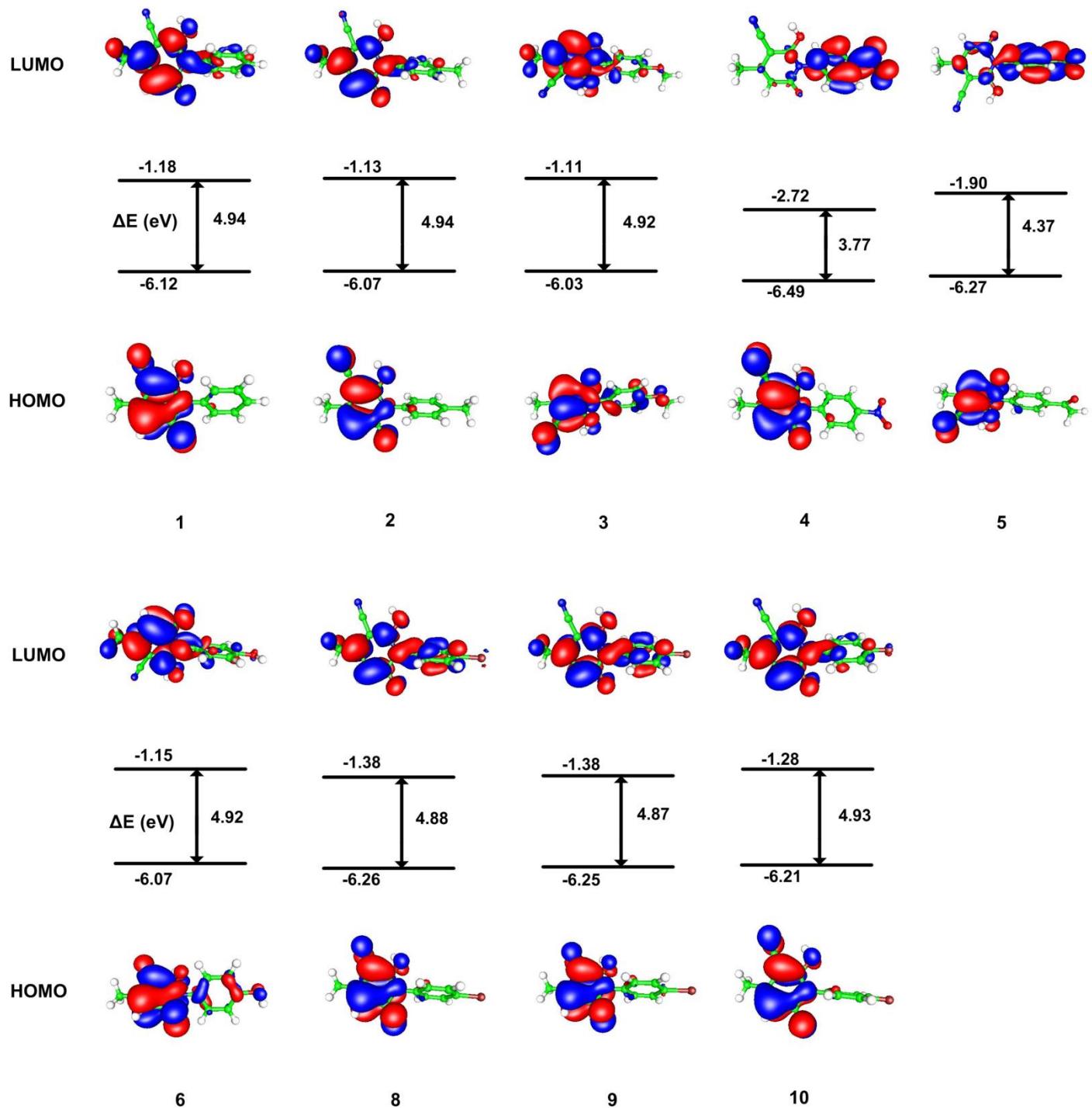


Fig. S9. The molecular orbitals and energy gaps between HOMO and LUMO orbitals of compounds 1 - 10 in the **6-PY** form in a gas phase.

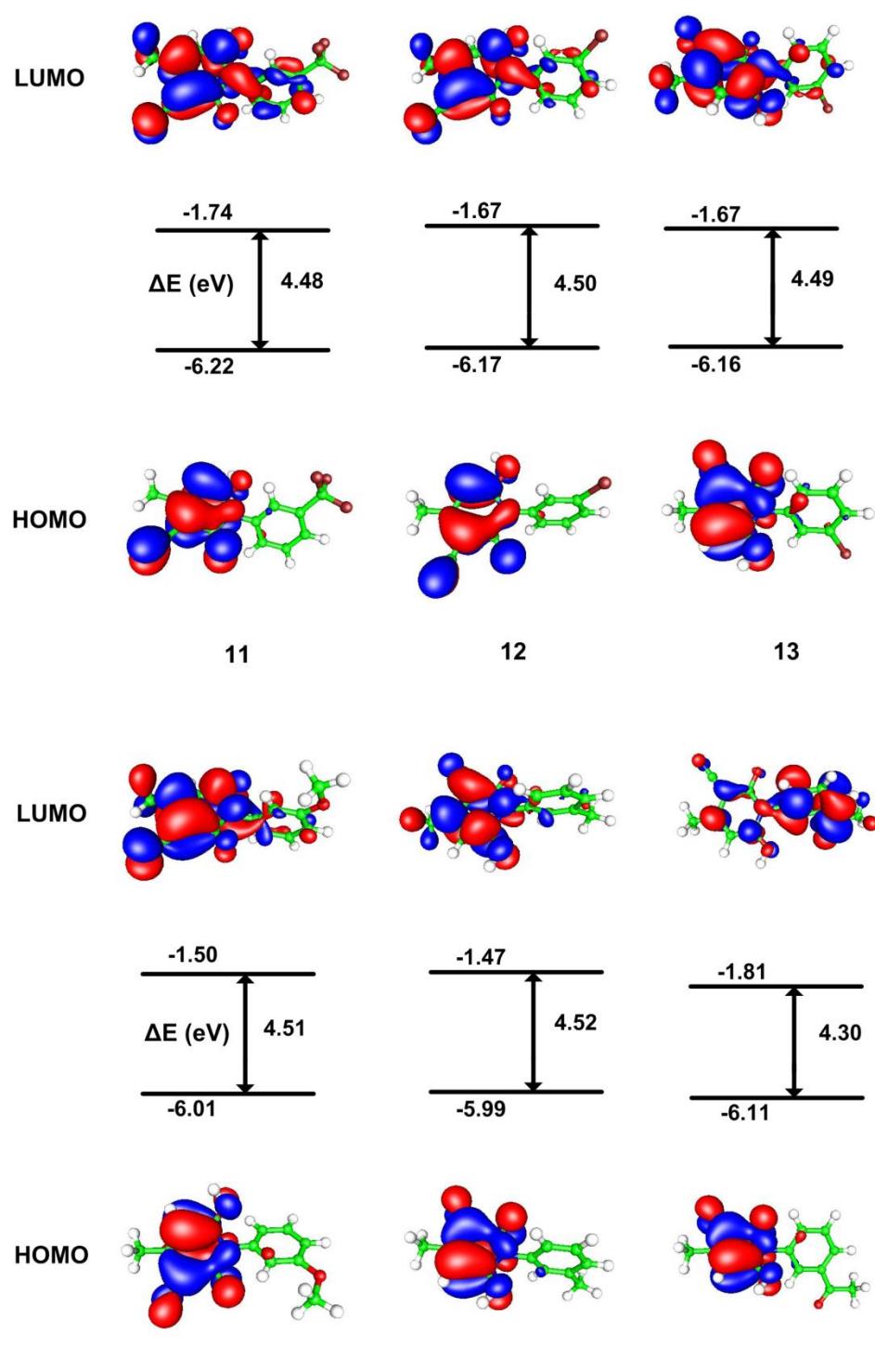


Fig. S10. The molecular orbitals and energy gaps between HOMO and LUMO orbitals of compounds 11 - 16 in the 2-PY form in a gas phase.

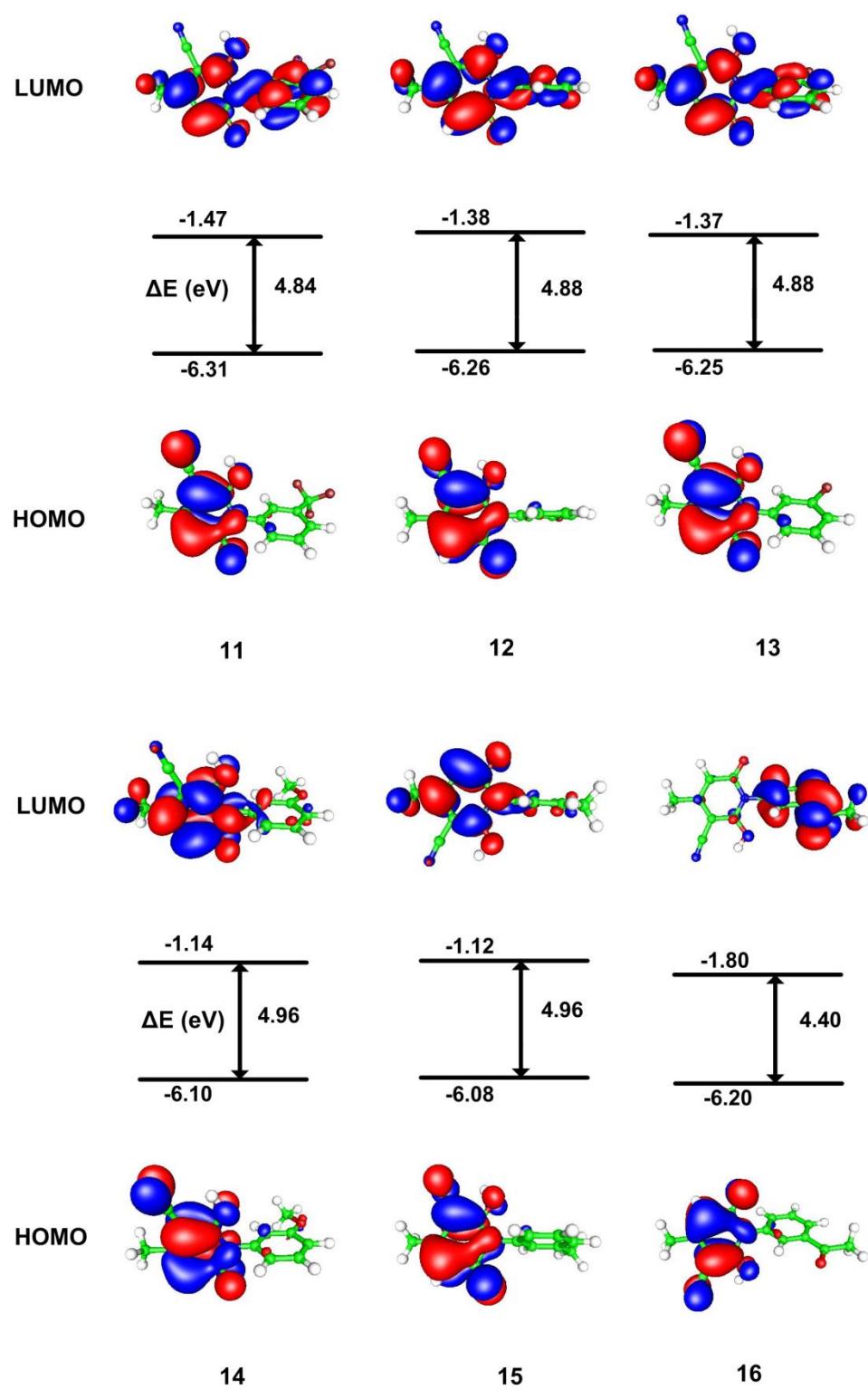


Fig. S11. The molecular orbitals and energy gaps between HOMO and LUMO orbitals of compounds 11 - 16 in the 6-PY form in a gas phase.

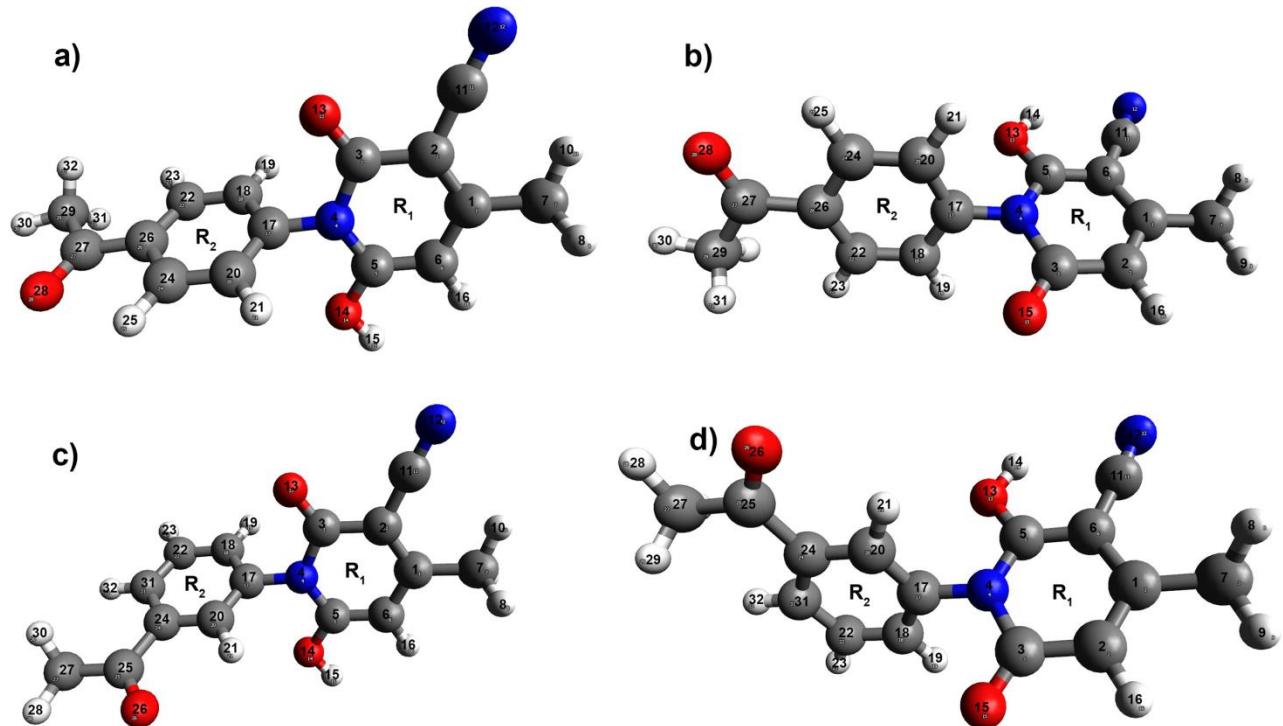


Fig. S12. Numbering of the atoms used in Bader's analysis for all investigated compounds (examples given for **5** (2-PY), **5** (6-PY), **16** (2-PY) and **16** (6-PY) compounds).

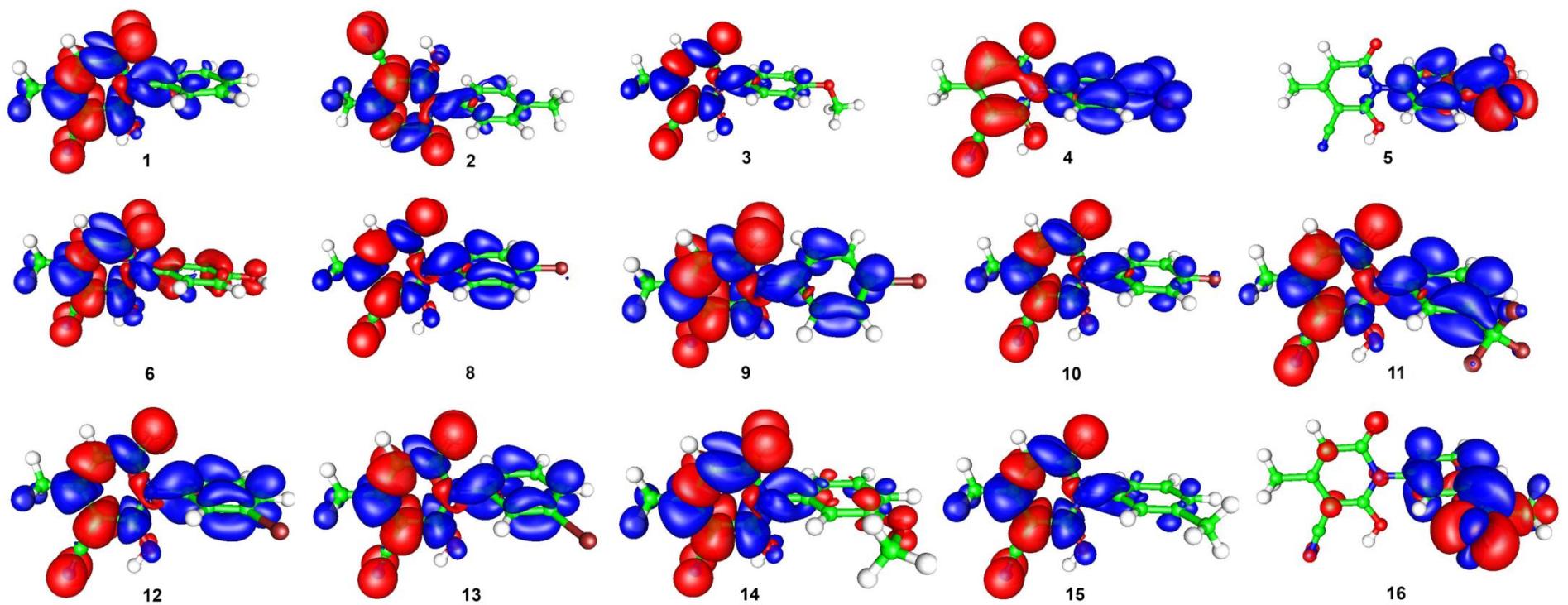


Fig. S13. ICT processes from ground state (red) to excited state (blue) for compounds **1 - 16** in **6-PY** form.

The obtained ground state-DFT results (Tables S21 and S22; Figs. S8 - S11), TD-DFT results (Tables S6 and S7) and plots of electron density differences between ground and excited state (Figs. 4 and S13) indicated that the ICT process is highly feasible for the *nitro*-substituted compounds in both **2-PY** and **6-PY** forms; while in the electron-donor substituted compounds ICT is significantly weaker. Molecular orbitals given in Figs. 4 and S13, clearly show the ICT process during the electronic transition in electron-acceptor substituted compounds. Electron density shifts from pyridone ring to the substituted phenyl ring were observed. On the other hand, both HOMO and LUMO orbitals in electron-donor substituted compounds were associated with the part of molecule without significant ICT. The mechanism of the electronic excitations, and changes in the overall charge distribution in both ground and excited states of the investigated molecules may be related to electron-deficiency of both pyridone and substituted phenyl rings in electron-acceptor substituted compounds and thus higher π -electron mobility was a consequence. In compounds with electron-acceptor substituents, a lower torsional angle around the C₁-N₁ bond is evident (Tables S17 and S18). Because of this, larger π,π -delocalization from the π -electronic system of pyridone moieties occurs, and allows larger charge transfer (Figs. S14 and S15; resonance structures (r.s.) f and n, respectively). The polarizable excited states of electron-acceptor substituted compounds can be, under appropriate preferable solvent-solute interactions, better stabilized with respect to the ground state. Electron-donating substituents increase electron-density at substituted phenyl ring which acts as a π -donor both in **2-PY** form (Fig. S14; r.s. b and c), and in **6-PY** form (Fig. S15; r.s. n). Electron-donating substituents support resonance interaction in the pyridone unit, *i.e.* extended π -electronic system of the pyridone ring. Extended π,π -delocalization in pyridone ring (Fig. S14; r.s. b and Fig. S15; r.s. j) contributes to higher HBD solvent ability (Tables S9) in compounds with electron-donating substituents. The substituent-dependent properties of both **2-PY** and **6-PY** forms can be described by two structures: first structure is quinoid, polarized, and formally aromatic (Figs. S14 and S15; r.s. b and c; and j and k, respectively); the second one is polarized and partially aromatic with respect to localized π -units (Figs. S14 and S15; r.s. f and g; n and o).

Absorption maxima shifts of both **2-PY** and **6-PY** forms are mostly influenced by non-specific solvent effect (Tables 2 and S9), or expressed by Eq. (2) - the largest contribution of solvent polarizability and lesser dipolarity effect (Tables 3 and S10). An appropriate extent of resonance interaction is operative within overall π -resonance system (Figs. S14 and S15), what give rise for larger contribution of solvent effects, *i.e.* polarizability and dipolarity, to the stabilization of excited state in **2-PY** and most compounds in **6-PY** forms in ground state (Tables 3 and S10). In the case of electron-acceptor substituted compounds a high contribution of resonance structure n) in overall resonance hybrid (Figs. S14 and S15; r.s. f and n) could contribute to largest red shifts of compound **4**. This is consistent with the strong electron-accepting properties of the NO₂ group and thus a larger contribution of non-specific interactions (Table 3). Somewhat lower values of coefficient c and d was obtained for compound **4** in **6-PY** form.

It was shown that transmission of the substituent effect by π -polarization mechanism, through differently polarized π -units is not necessarily transmitted in a direct line through the molecular framework but also could be electrostatically interact through the space with electron density at the pyridone ring.^[6] Therefore, the contribution of through space field effect was found to be significant, causing perturbation of π,π -electron density of the pyridone ring (Figs. S14 and S15; r.s. c, g, k and o). All *meta*-substituent showed moderate influences on absorption maxima shifts due to lower extent of direct π -electron delocalization, where higher contribution of π -resonance induced field effect is operative (Figs. S14 and S15; r.s. d, h, l and p). Also, transmission of the electronic effect of *meta*-substituents was achieved by adjustment of the orientation of the induced dipole at substituted phenyl ring achieving, through the space, electrostatic stabilization/destabilization of surrounding/neighboring charges (Figs. S14 and S15; r.s. d, h, l and p).

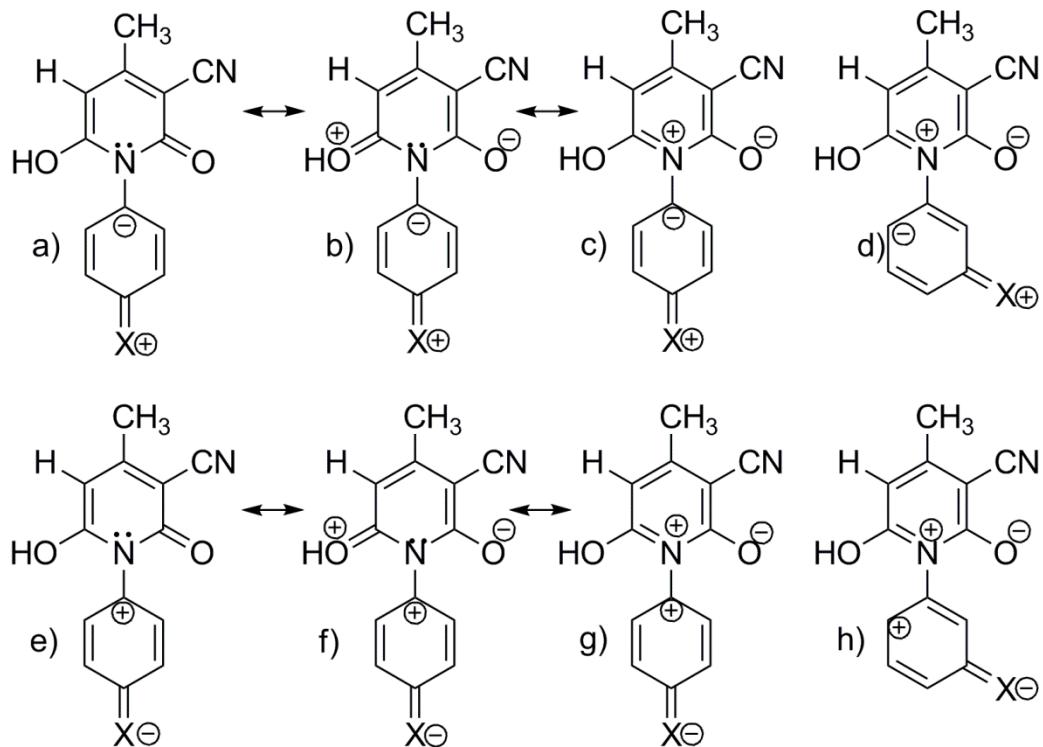


Fig. S14. Resonance structures of **2-PY** form for electron-donor a) - d) and electron-acceptor substituted compounds e) - h).

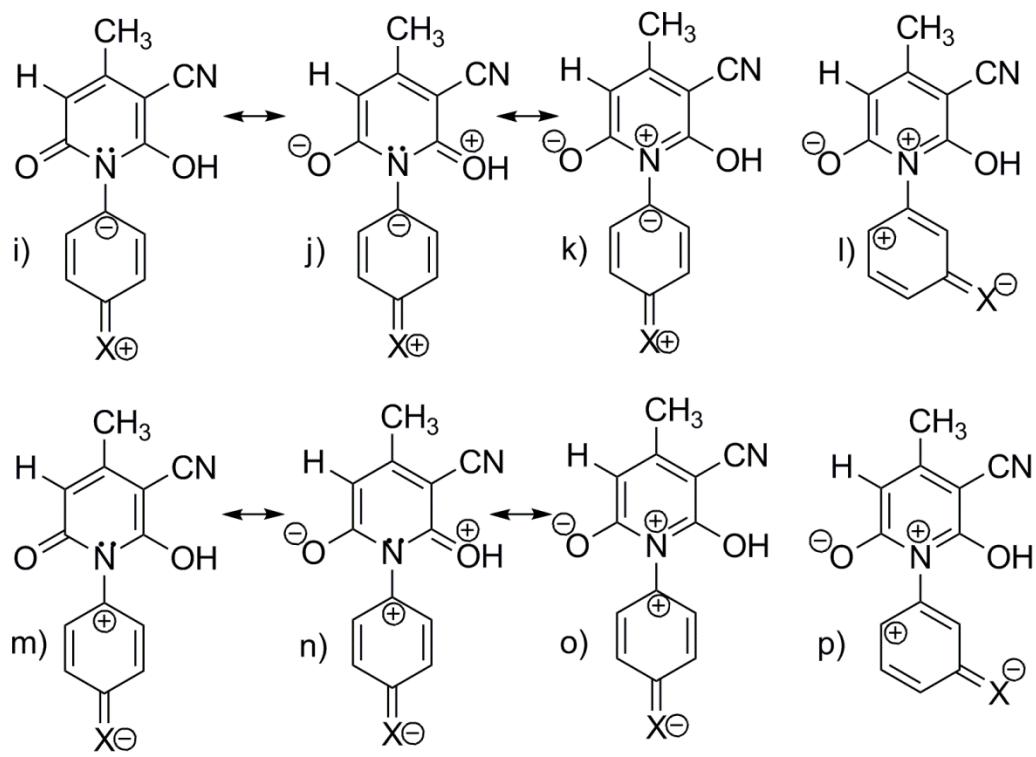


Fig. S15. Resonance structures of **6-PY** form for electron-donor i) - l) and electron-acceptor substituted compounds m) - p).

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