TECHNOLOGY-ENHANCED TEACHER FEEDBACK TO PUPILS AND PARENTS IN FINNISH BASIC EDUCATION

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Keywords: technology-enhanced feedback; parent-teacher collaboration; information and communication technology (ICT)

Information and communication technology, ICT, permits various modes of parentteacher collaboration. In Finland, online ICT-based platforms are used in most municipalities for giving feedback to pupils and parents. Despite the importance of parent-teacher collaboration and its emphasis in the Finnish Core Curriculum, there are substantial obstacles for successful collaboration. Indeed, there is some variation in how ICT-based platforms are used, and concerns have been expressed in regarding the potential harmful effects of cumulative negative feedback some pupils seem to receive. However, no systematic analyses have been conducted regarding the nature and the accumulation of feedback using any of the available platforms in Finland. Therefore, the aim of this study is to explore how technology-enhanced feedback is utilised in Finnish schools and to determine what kind of feedback pupils and parents receive from their teachers using such ICT-based platforms. To arrive at the conclusions, the entire set of online communication registered in the most common feedback platform in one middlesized municipality during one school year was analysed. Altogether, 704 teachers provided feedback for 7,811 pupils in 211,003 separate actions during school year 2014-2015. The results show that, first, both positive and negative feedback is given using the tool; second, boys receive more negative feedback than girls; and third, feedback is distributed unevenly among students so that negative feedback is concentrated to a relatively small number of pupils. Whereas the first two results confirm earlier knowledge, the third finding provides new insights into negative feedback accumulation. The results indicate that more specific guidelines for technology-enhanced feedback is needed to avoid unequal treatment of pupils and to prevent harmful effects of constant negative feedback from emerging. Feedback is usually intended to enhance learning and behaviour of pupils. With the commonly used online platform in Finland, feedback from teacher is delivered to parents, thus impacting on parent-teacher collaboration. There are only few earlier studies describing technology-enhanced feedback-practices in parentteacher collaboration. Therefore, the results of this study are discussed in the light of earlier studies about creating a trusty, warm parent-teacher collaboration.