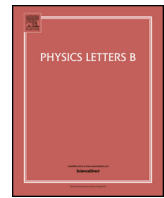




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Search for new resonances in $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ final states in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV with the ATLAS detector



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ABSTRACT

This Letter presents a search for new resonances decaying to final states with a vector boson produced in association with a high transverse momentum photon, $V\gamma$, with $V = W(\rightarrow \ell\nu)$ or $Z(\rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-)$, where $\ell = e$ or μ . The measurements use 20.3 fb^{-1} of proton–proton collision data at a center-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV recorded with the ATLAS detector. No deviations from the Standard Model expectations are found, and production cross section limits are set at 95% confidence level. Masses of the hypothetical a_T and ω_T states of a benchmark Low Scale Technicolor model are excluded in the ranges $[275, 960]$ GeV and $[200, 700] \cup [750, 890]$ GeV, respectively. Limits at 95% confidence level on the production cross section of a singlet scalar resonance decaying to $Z\gamma$ final states have also been obtained for masses below 1180 GeV.

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1. Introduction

The search for diboson resonances is an essential step in exploring the source of Electroweak Symmetry Breaking (EWSB). The observation of a Higgs boson decaying to $\gamma\gamma$, ZZ and W^+W^- final states, reported by the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations [1,2], represents a milestone in particle physics history. However, the precise nature of the observed Higgs boson is not well known, and a dynamical mechanism of EWSB and fermion mass generation may yet involve a variety of heavy bosons of spin-0 or spin-1.

This Letter presents a search for narrow scalar and vector heavy resonances decaying to $W\gamma$ or $Z\gamma$ final states, where the W and Z bosons decay to leptons (e or μ). The existence of a new vector or scalar resonance coupling to a boson pair $W\gamma$ or $Z\gamma$ is predicted by many physics scenarios, including various new physics models with scalar particles [3,4] and vector particles [5].

The Low Scale Technicolor (LSTC) [5] model is used as a benchmark model for the search for spin-1 resonances decaying to $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ final states explored in this paper. The discovery of a Higgs boson, with its parameters in agreement with the Standard Model (SM) predictions, does not exclude the full phase space of the LSTC model, and the basic phenomenology would remain valid for a Technicolor model with a light composite Higgs boson. To minimize the model dependence of the search results, the signal cross section is measured within a well defined fiducial region. The pre-

dicted new bound states of the lightest doublet of technifermions, the technimesons a_T , ω_T , ρ_T and π_T , generate a new phenomenology. The mass splittings between the technimesons are set to be as follows: $m_{\rho_T} = m_{\omega_T}$, $m_{a_T} \approx 1.1 \times m_{\rho_T}$ and $m_{\rho_T} - m_{\pi_T} = m_W$ [6]. The decays of technimesons to technipions are therefore kinematically forbidden. The technimesons mostly decay to pairs of electroweak gauge bosons, the most abundant decay channels being $\omega_T \rightarrow Z\gamma$, $a_T \rightarrow W\gamma$ and $\rho_T \rightarrow WZ, W\gamma$. These technimeson resonances are expected to be narrow, with typical values $\Gamma(\rho_T, \omega_T, a_T) \approx 1$ GeV.

A phenomenological model describing a singlet scalar particle ϕ [7,8] is chosen as another benchmark in the search for spin-0 resonances decaying to $Z\gamma$. The neutral scalar could be composite, produced by a hypothetical new strong interaction. It could be the pseudo-Goldstone boson playing an important role in the dynamical EWSB. This low energy effective model is independent of the underlying dynamical details and its Lagrangian can be written as follows:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}} = c_g \frac{4\pi\alpha_s}{\Lambda} \phi G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu} + c_W \frac{4\pi\alpha_{em}}{\Lambda \cdot \sin^2\theta_W} \phi W_{\mu\nu}^a W^{a\mu\nu} + c_B \frac{4\pi\alpha_{em}}{\Lambda \cdot \cos^2\theta_W} \phi B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu}. \quad (1)$$

Here α_s and α_{em} are, respectively, the couplings of the strong and electromagnetic interactions, Λ is the cutoff scale and θ_W is the Weinberg angle. Moreover, c_g , c_W and c_B are the coupling coefficients between the scalar field ϕ and the gluon field strength $G_{\mu\nu}^a$, the $SU(2)$ field strength $W_{\mu\nu}^a$ and the $U(1)$ field strength $B_{\mu\nu}$, respectively. The scalar field ϕ interacts directly with the

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gauge boson pairs via the dimension-5 operators rather than via the loop-induced processes, and could lead to enhanced production and branching ratio to $Z\gamma$ if Λ is in the TeV scale. No SM Yukawa interaction of ϕ with fermions is allowed so that there is no decay to $b\bar{b}$ or $t\bar{t}$ final states. The WW and ZZ decays of ϕ are suppressed compared with the SM Higgs boson.

Previous limits on new resonances decaying to $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ final states from $p\bar{p}$ and pp production have been obtained at the Tevatron by the DØ Collaboration [9] and at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) by the ATLAS Collaboration [10]. At ATLAS, the production of a_T and ω_T for masses below 703 GeV and 494 GeV, respectively, was excluded within the LSTC benchmark parameters. The most stringent limits on LSTC have been set by the CMS [11] Collaboration, excluding the production of ρ_T for masses below $m_{\rho_T} < 1.14$ TeV, but using a slightly different choice of parameters.

2. ATLAS detector and data sample

The ATLAS detector [12] is composed of an inner tracker detector (ID) surrounded by a thin superconducting solenoid providing a 2 T axial magnetic field, electromagnetic (EM) and hadronic calorimeters (HC), and a muon spectrometer (MS) immersed in the magnetic field produced by a system of superconducting toroids. The ID consists of three subsystems: the pixel and silicon microstrip detectors cover the pseudorapidity¹ range $|\eta| < 2.5$, while the transition radiation tracker, made of straw tubes, has an acceptance range of $|\eta| < 2.0$. The calorimeter system covers the range $|\eta| < 4.9$. The highly segmented electromagnetic calorimeter plays a crucial role in electron and photon identification. It is composed of lead absorbers with Liquid Argon (LAr) as the active material and spans $|\eta| < 3.2$. In the region $|\eta| < 1.8$, a pre-sampler detector using a thin layer of LAr is used to correct for the energy lost by electrons and photons upstream of the calorimeter. The hadronic tile calorimeter ($|\eta| < 1.7$) is a steel/scintillating-tile detector and is located directly outside the envelope of the barrel electromagnetic calorimeter. The end-caps and forward calorimeters use LAr as the active material, with copper (EM) and tungsten (HC) as absorber materials. The MS is composed of three large superconducting air-core toroid magnets of eight coils each, a system of three stations of high precision tracking chambers in the range $|\eta| < 2.7$, and a muon trigger system which covers $|\eta| < 2.4$. The precision measurement is ensured by monitored drift tubes and, at large pseudorapidities ($|\eta| > 2$), for the innermost layer, by cathode strip chambers. The muon trigger system is composed of resistive plate chambers in the barrel region ($|\eta| < 1.05$), and thin gap chambers in the end-cap ($1.05 < |\eta| < 2.4$).

The ATLAS trigger system has three distinct levels, L1, L2 and the event filter, where each trigger level refines the decisions made at the previous level. The data used for the present analysis were collected in 2012 from pp collisions at a center-of-mass energy of 8 TeV at the LHC. The total integrated luminosity is 20.3 fb^{-1} with an uncertainty of 2.8% [13]. Events are selected by triggers requiring at least one identified electron or muon. The transverse energy (E_T) threshold for the single-lepton trigger is 24 GeV. The lepton trigger efficiencies are measured using Z boson candidates as a function of the transverse momentum p_T and η . The trigger

efficiencies for the leptons are approximately 70% for muons with $|\eta| < 1.05$, 90% for muons in the range $1.05 < |\eta| < 2.4$ [14], and 95% for electrons in the range $|\eta| < 2.4$.

3. Signal and background simulated samples

Monte Carlo (MC) event samples, including a full simulation [15] of the ATLAS detector with GEANT4 [16], are used to compare the data to the signal and background expectations. All MC samples are simulated with additional pp interactions (pile-up) in the same and neighboring bunch crossings.

The production and decay of neutral ($\omega_T \rightarrow Z\gamma$) and charged technimesons ($a_T \rightarrow W\gamma$) in the LSTC model are handled by the PYTHIA6.426 generator [17]. The following parameters are used in the event generation: number of technicolors $N_{TC} = 4$; techniquark charges $Q_U = 1$ and $Q_D = 0$ for the $Z\gamma$ final state and $Q_U = 1/2$ and $Q_D = -1/2$ for the $W\gamma$ final state. With this parameterization of the techniquark charges, the dominant contribution to the $W\gamma$ final state is from a_T decay. By removing the ρ_T contribution, the model dependence that could result from having two nearby peaks in the benchmark signal is further reduced. The sine of the mixing angle between the technipions and the electroweak gauge boson longitudinal component is set to $1/3$. As stated in the introduction, the mass splittings between the technimesons are set to: $m_{\rho_T} = m_{\omega_T} = m_{a_T}/1.1$, and $m_{\rho_T} - m_{\pi_T} = m_W$.

Simulations of the signals for singlet scalar particles are generated using MADGRAPH5 [18] interfaced to PYTHIA8 [19] for parton shower and fragmentation processes. The generation uses the leading-order (LO) parton distribution function (PDF) set MSTW2008LO [20]. Since the kinematic distribution of the $Z\gamma$ decay of a scalar boson is determined by its spin and CP properties in the narrow-width approximation, the gluon-gluon fusion production and the decay are simulated by using the SM Higgs process in MADGRAPH5, fixing the resonance width to 5.75 MeV.

The cross section of the singlet scalar process $gg \rightarrow \phi \rightarrow Z\gamma$ is calculated by choosing two sets of coupling parameters in Eq. (1). In the parameter set (a), the coupling coefficients are set to $c_g = c_W = -c_B = 1/4\pi$, as suggested by Naive Dimensional Analysis (NDA) [21]. Here, the relative phases are chosen to enhance the $Z\gamma$ coupling. If a large new color number $N_c' = 4$ of the underlying strong dynamics is considered in NDA [22,23], and larger couplings with the electroweak gauge bosons are assumed [8], then larger values of the coefficients can also be possible, depending on the underlying theory. Thus another parameter set (b) is selected as follows: $c_g = 1/2\pi$, $c_W = -c_B = 1/\pi$. In both parameterizations, the $Z\gamma$ decay rate is dominant over the $\gamma\gamma$ decay rate. The underlying dynamics scale is set to be $\Lambda = 6$ TeV, motivated by the Higgs boson couplings measurements [24,25]. The width of the singlet scalar for each of set (a) and (b) is well below the experimental resolution over the full mass range studied.

The main background processes, SM $pp \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma$ and $pp \rightarrow \ell\nu\gamma$ production, are modeled using the SHERPA (1.4.1) generator [26]. An invariant mass cut of $m(\ell^+\ell^-) > 40$ GeV is applied at the generator level when simulating the $pp \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma$ process. The CT10 [27] PDF is used for samples generated with SHERPA. In the $W\gamma$ analysis, the $Z(\ell^+\ell^-)$ and $Z(\tau^+\tau^-)$ backgrounds are modelled with PYTHIA8. The final state radiation of photons from charged leptons is treated in PYTHIA8 using PHOTOS. TAUOLA (1.20) [28] is used to model τ lepton decays. Events with one or more hard photons at the generator level ($p_T > 10$ GeV) in $Z(\ell^+\ell^-)$ and $Z(\tau^+\tau^-)$ MC simulations are removed, in order to avoid overlaps with $Z\gamma$ MC samples. In the $Z\gamma$ analysis, $Z(\ell^+\ell^-)$ and $Z(\tau^+\tau^-)$ MC samples are used to cross check the data-driven $Z + \text{jet}$ background estimation.

¹ ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the center of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the center of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse (x, y) plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the beam pipe. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$. The distance ΔR in the η - ϕ space is defined as $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$.

The POWHEG [29] generator is used to simulate $t\bar{t}$ production, and is interfaced to PYTHIA8 for parton showering and fragmentation. The single top quark, WW , WZ and ZZ processes are modelled by MC@NLO (4.02) [30,31], interfaced to HERWIG (6.520) [32] for parton showering and fragmentation processes and to JIMMY (4.30) [33] for underlying event simulation. The LO MRST2007 [34] PDF set is used to simulate the $Z(\ell^+\ell^-)$ backgrounds, and the CT10 PDF set is used in simulating $t\bar{t}$, single top quark, WW , WZ and ZZ production.

4. Physics object reconstruction and selection

The W and Z bosons are reconstructed from their leptonic decays and are required in addition to an isolated high E_T photon. Furthermore, collision events are selected by requiring a reconstructed vertex with at least three charged particle tracks with $p_T > 0.4$ GeV. In events with more than one candidate vertex, the one with the highest sum of the p_T^2 of associated tracks is chosen.

An electron candidate is obtained from an energy cluster in the EM calorimeter associated with a reconstructed track in the ID. The transverse energy of electrons is required to be greater than 25 GeV. The electron cluster must lie within the overall fiducial acceptance of the EM calorimeters and the ID. In the $W\gamma$ final states, the electrons found in the transition region between the barrel and end-cap EM calorimeters are removed in order to improve the E_T^{miss} resolution. The acceptance requirements are $|\eta| < 1.37$ or $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.47$ for $W\gamma$ events and $|\eta| < 2.47$ for $Z\gamma$ events. At the electron track's closest approach to the primary vertex, the ratio of the transverse impact parameter d_0 to its uncertainty (the d_0 significance) must be smaller than 6.5, and the longitudinal impact parameter $|z_0|$ must be less than 10 mm. Tight electron identification, as defined in Ref. [35], is used in the $W(e\nu)\gamma$ analysis, whereas loose identification [35] is used to select electrons in the $Z(e^+e^-)\gamma$ analysis. In order to reduce the background due to a jet misidentified as an electron, a calorimeter-based isolation requirement is applied to the electron candidate. The normalized calorimetric isolation ($R_{\text{calo}}^{\text{iso}}$) for electrons must satisfy $R_{\text{calo}}^{\text{iso}} < 0.20$. It is computed as the sum of the positive-energy topological clusters with a reconstructed barycenter falling in a cone of $\Delta R < 0.2$ around the candidate electron cluster divided by the electron E_T . The energy deposited by the electron is subtracted.

In both $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ analyses, muon candidates are identified by associating complete tracks or track segments in the MS to tracks in the ID [36]. Each of these muon candidates corresponds to a combined ID and MS track originating from the primary vertex with transverse momentum $p_T > 25$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.4$. In the $Z\gamma$ analysis, muon candidates can also be formed from tracks reconstructed either in the ID or in the MS. This allows one to increase the signal efficiency by extending the muon $|\eta|$ acceptance up to 2.7. In the central barrel region $|\eta| < 0.1$, which lacks MS coverage, ID tracks are identified as muons based on the associated energy deposits in the calorimeter. These muons are required to have a calorimeter energy deposit consistent with that of a minimum ionizing particle. Muons are required to be isolated by imposing $R_{\text{track}}^{\text{iso}} < 0.3$ (0.15 for muons without an ID track), where $R_{\text{track}}^{\text{iso}}$ is the sum of the p_T of the tracks in a $\Delta R = 0.2$ cone around the muon direction, excluding the track of the muon, divided by the muon p_T . The d_0 significance must be smaller than 3.5, and $|z_0|$ must be less than 10 mm.

Overlap removal is applied to electrons and muons that satisfy all selection criteria and share the same ID track, in order to avoid double counting. In particular, if the muon is identified by the MS, then the electron candidate is discarded, otherwise the muon candidate is rejected.

Photon candidate reconstruction relies on clustered energy deposits in the EM calorimeter with $E_T > 40$ GeV in the range $|\eta| < 2.37$ (excluding the calorimeter transition region $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$). Clusters without matching tracks are directly classified as unconverted photon candidates. Clusters that are matched to tracks which originate from reconstructed conversion vertices in the ID or to tracks consistent with coming from a conversion are considered as converted photon candidates. Both unconverted and converted candidates are used in the present analysis. Tight requirements on the shower shapes [35] are applied to suppress the background from multiple showers produced in meson (e.g. π^0 , η) decays. To further reduce this background, a photon isolation requirement $E_T^{\text{iso}} < 4$ GeV is applied. The isolation variable E_T^{iso} is the total transverse energy recorded in the calorimeters within a cone of $\Delta R = 0.4$ around the photon position excluding the energy deposit of the photon itself. The value of E_T^{iso} is corrected for leakage from the photon energy cluster core into the isolation cone and for contributions from the underlying event and pile-up [35,37].

Jets are reconstructed from calibrated topological clusters built from energy deposits [12] in the calorimeter using the anti- k_t jet clustering algorithm [38] with radius parameter $R = 0.4$. The selected jets are required to have $p_T > 25$ GeV with $|\eta| < 4.5$, and to be well separated from the lepton and photon candidates ($\Delta R(e/\mu/\gamma, \text{jet}) > 0.3$).

The $W\gamma$ final state has missing transverse momentum, E_T^{miss} [39], due to the undetected neutrino from the W boson decay. Its magnitude and direction are measured from the vector sum of the transverse momentum vectors associated with clusters of energy reconstructed in the calorimeters with $|\eta| < 4.9$. A correction is applied to the energy of those clusters that are associated with a reconstructed physical object (jet, electron, τ -lepton, photon). Reconstructed muons are also included in the sum, and any calorimeter energy deposits associated with them are excluded to avoid double counting.

5. $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ event selection

The $\ell\nu\gamma$ candidate events are selected by requiring exactly one lepton with $p_T > 25$ GeV, at least one photon with $E_T^\gamma > 40$ GeV and E_T^{miss} above 35 GeV. In addition, the transverse mass² of the lepton- E_T^{miss} system is required to be greater than 40 GeV. A Z -veto requirement is applied in the electron channel of the $W\gamma$ analysis by requiring that the electron-photon invariant mass be not within 15 GeV of the Z boson mass. This is used to suppress the background where one of the electrons from the Z boson decay is mis-identified as a photon.

The $\ell^+\ell^-\gamma$ candidates are selected by requiring two oppositely charged same-flavor leptons with an invariant mass between 65 and 115 GeV, and at least one photon with $E_T^\gamma > 40$ GeV. For $\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$, at least one of the two muons must be reconstructed both in the ID and the MS. If more than one Z candidate is found in the same event, the one with mass closest to the Z mass is retained.

In both the $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ analyses, a selection requirement $\Delta R(\ell, \gamma) > 0.7$ is applied to suppress the contributions from photons radiated from the selected leptons. If more than one photon passes all of the selection criteria, the one with the highest p_T is selected.

² The transverse mass is defined as $m_T = \sqrt{2p_T(\ell) \cdot E_T^{\text{miss}} \cdot (1 - \cos \Delta\phi)}$, where $\Delta\phi$ is the azimuthal separation between the directions of the lepton and the missing transverse momentum vector.

Table 1

Total number of events passing the $W/Z\gamma$ selection requirements in the data, and expected number of SM background events in the $e\nu\gamma$, $\mu\nu\gamma$, $e^+e^-\gamma$ and $\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$ final states. The first uncertainty is statistical and, when present, the second uncertainty shows an estimate of the systematic effects. The systematic uncertainty is only presented for $W + \text{jets}$ and $\gamma + \text{jets}$ background in $W\gamma$ analysis, and for $Z + \text{jets}$ background in $Z\gamma$ analysis, since the uncertainty on these background estimates dominates the uncertainty of the total background estimate. The “other backgrounds” include contributions from single top, WW and WZ production.

Background	$e\nu\gamma$	$\mu\nu\gamma$	$e^+e^-\gamma$	$\mu^+\mu^-\gamma$
$W(\ell\nu)\gamma$	6100 ± 50	8710 ± 150	–	–
$Z(\ell\ell)\gamma$	1160 ± 40	1100 ± 40	1770 ± 20	2170 ± 30
$Z(\ell\ell) + \text{jets}$			$180 \pm 90 \pm 70$	$160 \pm 90 \pm 50$
$W(\ell\nu) + \text{jets}$	$790 \pm 50 \pm 330$	$1110 \pm 70 \pm 310$	–	–
$\gamma + \text{jets}$	$870 \pm 60 \pm 300$	$1460 \pm 110 \pm 510$	–	–
$t\bar{t}$	700 ± 20	1310 ± 20	4 ± 1	5 ± 1
Other backgrounds	160 ± 10	310 ± 11	2.4 ± 0.3	1.7 ± 0.2
Total expected	$9780 \pm 80 \pm 450$	$14\,000 \pm 130 \pm 620$	$1960 \pm 90 \pm 80$	$2340 \pm 90 \pm 50$
Total observed	10 437	14 082	2086	2429

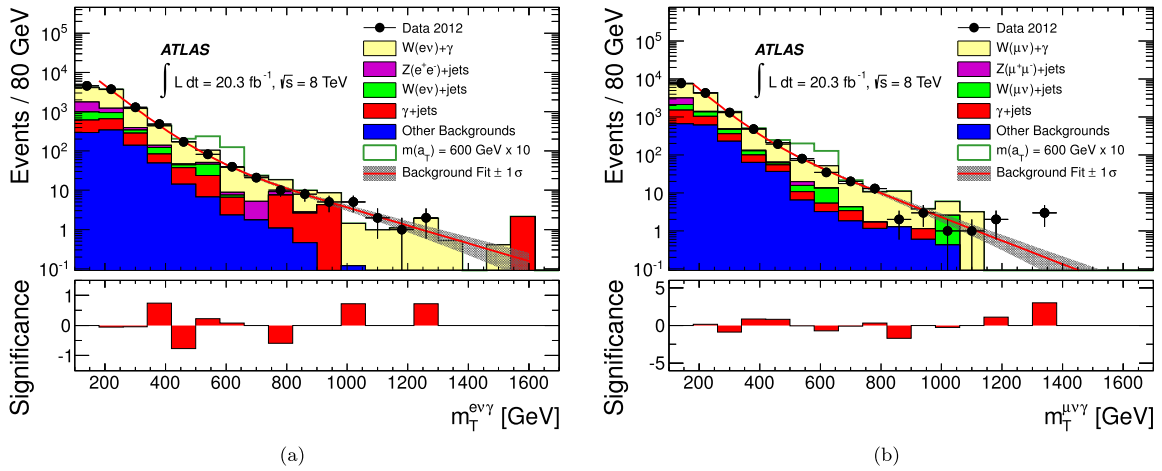


Fig. 1. Three-body transverse mass distribution for the $e\nu\gamma$ (a) and $\mu\nu\gamma$ (b) final states. The background-only fit to the data and the one standard deviation uncertainty band are shown. The significance (see text for details) as a function of $m_T^{e\nu\gamma}$ in the lower panel includes only statistical uncertainties. The expected signal for a resonance mass of 600 GeV is superimposed.

6. Analysis strategy

A search for a signal is performed with an unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the mass spectra of the $e\nu\gamma$ and $e^+e^-\gamma$ systems. In order to select and validate the probability density function used to model the background shape, a study of the background composition is also performed. In the final results, the background normalization and shape are extracted by performing a signal-plus-background maximum likelihood fit directly to the data spectrum.

7. Study of the background composition

The composition of the backgrounds affecting the $e\nu\gamma$ and $e^+e^-\gamma$ searches are studied by using a combination of simulation and data-driven methods. The dominant contribution is the SM $V\gamma$ production, then come other processes, like $V + \text{jets}$, $\gamma + \text{jets}$, $t\bar{t}$ and other diboson final states, such as WW and WZ . The SM $V\gamma$ backgrounds are estimated using SHERPA MC samples. A control region is defined to validate the MC modeling. The events in the control regions are selected by imposing the nominal event selection criteria, except that the photon E_T^γ is required to be between 15 and 40 GeV. The comparison of the relevant kinematic distributions, such as the transverse momenta of the leptons and photons and the transverse missing energy corresponding to the undetected neutrino, in the control regions shows that the $V\gamma$ background is well modeled by the MC simulation.

The backgrounds estimated from data are $Z/W + \text{jets}$ and $\gamma + \text{jets}$ in the $e\nu\gamma$ final state, and $Z + \text{jets}$ in the $e^+e^-\gamma$ final state. The data-driven backgrounds are estimated by using a two-dimensional sideband method, as described in Ref. [40]. The remaining backgrounds, *i.e.* $t\bar{t}$, single top, WW , WZ , and ZZ are estimated with MC simulations.

The background prediction obtained in all four final states is shown in Table 1. The distribution of the $W\gamma$ system three-body transverse mass³ for the selected $W\gamma$ events is shown in Fig. 1, while Fig. 2 presents the $Z\gamma$ invariant mass distribution. Here, data are compared to the sum of the SM expected backgrounds and show fair agreement. The significance, shown as a function of the mass in the lower panels, only includes statistical uncertainties and is defined as the z-value between the data points and the fit expectation, which is the deviation at the right of the mean of a Gaussian distribution, expressed in units of standard deviations, as described in Ref. [41]. The event rate in the high mass region has a significance below three standard deviations, and is attributed to a statistical fluctuation.

³ The $W\gamma$ system three-body transverse mass is defined as:

$$(m_T^{e\nu\gamma})^2 = \left(\sqrt{m_{e\nu}^2 + |\vec{p}_T(\gamma) + \vec{p}_T(\ell)|^2 + E_T^{\text{miss}}{}^2} - |\vec{p}_T(\gamma) + \vec{p}_T(\ell) + \vec{E}_T^{\text{miss}}|^2 \right)^2 \quad (2)$$

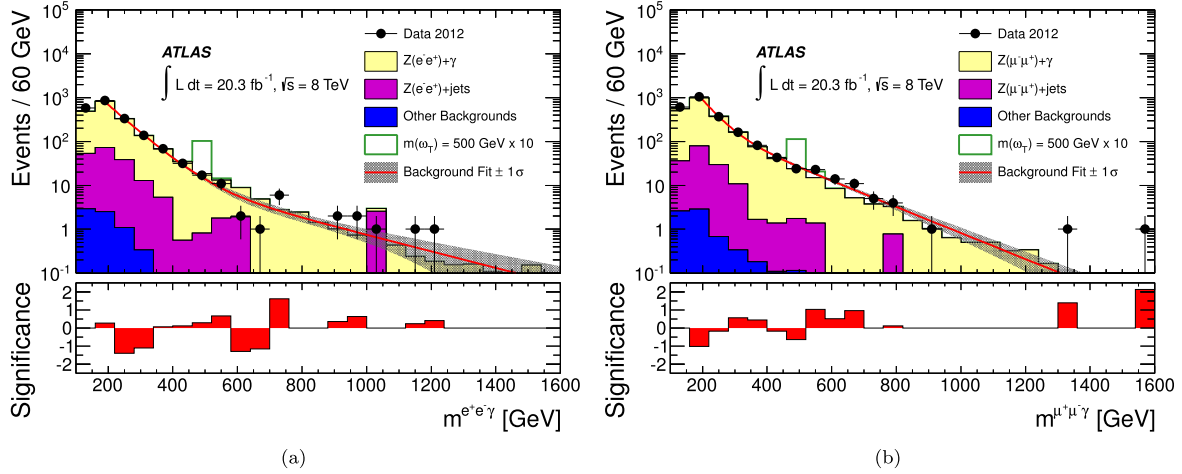


Fig. 2. Three-body invariant mass distribution for (a) the $e^+e^- \gamma$ and (b) $\mu^+\mu^- \gamma$ final states. The background-only fit to the data and the one standard deviation uncertainty band are shown. The significance (see text for details) as a function of $m^{\ell^+\ell^- \gamma}$ in the lower panel includes only statistical uncertainties. The expected signal for a resonance mass of 500 GeV is superimposed.

8. Fit model and statistical methods

The signal and background parameterizations have been chosen to best describe the mass distribution shapes of, respectively, fully simulated MC samples and a mixture of MC samples and data-driven estimates. The fit to data takes into account all systematic uncertainties, discussed in Section 8.4.

8.1. Background modeling

All the mass distributions, shown in Figs. 1 and 2, have a broad maximum in the low mass region due to the kinematic cuts used. The shape of the SM background is thus parameterized only for masses larger than 180 GeV.

A probability density function is chosen to describe the expected SM background mass distribution for the range, between 180 GeV and 1.6 TeV. The variation of the background composition, within systematic uncertainties, presented in Section 7 is also taken into account in evaluating the background parametrization systematics. For both the $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ final states, the probability density function best describing the SM background distribution, in the chosen range, is found to be the sum of two exponentials. The impact of the choice of the background model on the final result has been studied, as discussed in Section 8.4.

The results of the unbinned fit to the data can be seen as the solid curve on each of the mass spectra in Figs. 1 and 2. A good description of data is found, and the Pearson's χ^2 per degree of freedom obtained for the background-only fit is close to unity for all distributions.

8.2. Signal modeling

The parameterizations of the signal shapes have been obtained from the benchmark signal MC samples. For all $W/Z\gamma$ spin-1 and $Z\gamma$ spin-0 resonances considered, the signal mass distribution is described by the sum of a Crystal-Ball function (CB) [42–44], which reproduces the core mass resolution plus a non-Gaussian tail for low mass values, and a small wider Gaussian component that takes into account outliers in the mass distribution. The mean value of the CB and the Gaussian are chosen to be the same.

For simulated events, the mean fitted mass is found to be within 2 GeV of the generated resonance mass for the $Z\gamma$ final state. At the reconstruction level, the full width at half maximum of the $Z\gamma$ signal grows approximately linearly from 7 GeV

to 38 GeV in the electron channel, and from 7 GeV to 100 GeV in the muon channel, for masses generated between 200 GeV and 1.6 TeV. The full width at half maximum of the $W\gamma$ transverse mass also grows approximately linearly, and goes from 50 GeV to 100 GeV in the electron channel, and from 45 GeV to 190 GeV in the muon channel, for masses generated between 200 GeV and 1.6 TeV. These widths are completely dominated by reconstruction effects, since we assume the hypothetical signals to be narrow.

8.3. Statistical method

The search is conducted by performing a scan of the $m_{Z\gamma}$ and $m_{W\gamma}^T$ distributions using a probability density function describing both the background shape and a signal peak at a given mass. The step size used in the scan is 20 GeV for the $W\gamma$ channel and 10 GeV for the $Z\gamma$ channel. The difference in the scan steps takes into account the different resolutions of a hypothetical peak in the two channels. The scan starts at a signal mass of 275 GeV for the $W\gamma$ final state, and of 200 GeV for the $Z\gamma$ final state, and goes up to 1600 GeV. Each fit is performed in a mass range of [180, 1600] GeV for both $Z\gamma$ and $W\gamma$ final states, in order to ensure that there are enough events in the sidebands of a hypothetical signal peak.

The background normalization and the two exponential coefficients of the SM background probability density function are free to vary in the fit. The parameters of the signal probability density functions are fixed to their nominal values from fits to the MC signal model, except for the normalization of the signal and for the nuisance parameters that account for the systematic uncertainties on the signal event rate and resolution, described below. The systematic uncertainty related to the choice of parameterization for the background, on the other hand, has been estimated by testing different parameterizations and verifying that the extracted background and signal yields do not vary significantly, and was found to be negligible with respect to the other systematic and statistical uncertainties considered.

The signal yield, N_S , depends on the parameter of interest of the fit, i.e. the signal fiducial cross section σ_{Fid} at a given signal mass, as follows:

$$N_S = \sigma_{\text{Fid}} \cdot \epsilon_{\text{Reco}} \cdot \int \mathcal{L} dt, \quad (3)$$

where the factor ϵ_{Reco} is the signal reconstruction efficiency, defined as the number of reconstructed signal events passing the full

Table 2

Definition of the fiducial region at the particle generator level. Here p_T^ν is the transverse momentum of the neutrino from the W boson decay; N_ℓ is the number of leptons per event; ϵ_h^p is the photon isolation fraction.

Cuts	$\ell\nu\gamma$	$\ell^+\ell^-\gamma$
Lepton	$p_T^\ell > 25$ GeV $ \eta_\ell < 2.47$ $N_\ell = 1$	$p_T^\ell > 25$ GeV $ \eta_\ell < 2.47$ $N_{\ell^+} = 1, N_{\ell^-} = 1$
Neutrino	$p_T^\nu > 35$ GeV	–
Boson	$m_T^W > 40$ GeV	$65 < m^Z < 115$ GeV
Photon	$E_T^\gamma > 40$ GeV $ \eta^\gamma < 2.37, \Delta R(\ell, \gamma) > 0.7$ $\epsilon_h^p < 0.5$	

event selection divided by the number of events generated in the fiducial region defined in Table 2. The signal reconstruction efficiency has been estimated by using signal MC simulated samples, and accounts for effects due to the detector resolution on the lepton and photon transverse momentum and energies, and on the missing transverse energy. The parameter ϵ_h^p in the table is defined at particle level as the sum of the energy carried by final state particles in a $\Delta R = 0.4$ cone around the photon direction (not including the photon) divided by the energy carried by the photon. To account for the effect of final-state QED radiation, the energy of the generated lepton at particle level is defined as the energy of the lepton after radiation plus the energy of all radiated photons within a $\Delta R = 0.1$ cone around the lepton direction. The σ_{Fid} parameter is the same for both muon and electron channels in each final state, and is thus determined by simultaneously performing the fit in the two channels, so that the results obtained are less sensitive to statistical fluctuations.

In order to test different hypothetical values of the parameter of interest, the test statistic based on the Profile Likelihood Ratio $\lambda(\sigma_{\text{Fid}}; \theta)$ is used, where θ is the vector of nuisance parameters, defined in Ref. [45]. It is defined from the likelihood describing the probability density function of $m_T^{\ell\nu\gamma}$ and $m_T^{\ell^+\ell^-\gamma}$ under a signal-plus-background hypothesis and is a function of the parameter of interest and of the nuisance parameters related to the systematic uncertainties. The statistical tests are then performed on the $m_T^{\ell\nu\gamma}$ and $m_T^{\ell^+\ell^-\gamma}$ distributions combining the muon and electron channels in each final state.

The probability of the background-only hypothesis, or local p_0 -value, is obtained by using a frequentist approach. The latter gives the probability that the background fluctuates to the observation or above. If no hint for a new physics signal is found, the data is interpreted by using a modified frequentist approach (CL_s) [46] for setting limits. A fiducial cross section is claimed to be excluded at 95% CL when CL_s is less than 0.05.

8.4. Systematic uncertainties

Systematic uncertainties on the signal resonances are taken into account as nuisance parameters in the likelihood function used for the full signal and background model. Two different effects are evaluated for each source of systematic uncertainty, one for the signal event rate and one for the resolution of the signal. The rest of the parameters are kept fixed to their nominal value in the fit. Each systematic effect is investigated by propagating the corresponding uncertainty to the signal sample. These are computed separately for each of the simulated resonance mass points. The systematic uncertainties are summarized below for $m_{\omega_T} = 500$ GeV in the $Z\gamma$ channel and $m_{a_T} = 600$ GeV in the $W\gamma$ channel.

For the photon, systematic effects due to isolation, identification, energy resolution and energy scale are considered. The sys-

tematic uncertainties due to the photon reconstruction and identification are dominant. The total effect on the signal event rate is estimated to be 3.4% in all of the channels, and contributes up to 3 GeV, depending on the final state and channel, to the systematic uncertainty on the signal peak width.

The systematic effects due to the electron energy resolution and electron energy scale [47] are treated as fully correlated with the photon energy scale and resolution in the final states containing electrons ($e^+e^-\gamma$ and $e\nu\gamma$). The effects of the muon energy scale and muon energy resolution, lepton identification and trigger efficiency are also investigated. The total effect of the lepton reconstruction and identification on the signal event rate reaches 1.5% in the electron channels, and 1% in the muon channels. The effect on the peak width due to lepton reconstruction and identification amounts to 0.3 GeV or less.

Systematic effects due to the jet energy scale and resolution and the calibration of the missing transverse energy only have an impact on the $W\gamma$ final state. These are found to cause uncertainties in the event rate of about 0.9% and on the peak width of up to 0.2 GeV. The jet energy scale and resolution effects on the $Z\gamma$ final state are negligible.

Finally a systematic uncertainty on the resonance production rate due to the 2.8% uncertainty on the integrated luminosity [13] is considered.

The total systematic uncertainty on the event rate is found to be approximately 5%, adding all independent contributions in quadrature, for all the mass points in the two channels. The systematic uncertainty on the peak width is found to be approximately 1.5 (0.5) GeV for the $Z\gamma$ final state at $m_{\omega_T} = 500$ GeV in the electron (muon) channel, and 2.8 (1.1) GeV at $m_{a_T} = 600$ GeV in the $W\gamma$ final state, in the electron (muon) channel.

Since the SM backgrounds are determined using a fit to the data, uncertainties on the detector resolution and physics object reconstruction or identification have a negligible effect on the total background yield extraction. However, a systematic effect from the background modeling is investigated. The method considered consists of generating background-only “Asimov” datasets⁴ [45], and fitting them with the signal and background model in order to estimate the bias introduced on the fitted signal yield (“spurious signal”). In the $Z\gamma$ low mass region, it is found that the spurious signal reaches 25% of the statistical uncertainty on the total background yield, in the rest of the regions of all $Z\gamma$ and $W\gamma$ final states the spurious signal is below 10% and has a negligible impact. For these regions an additional systematic uncertainty is assigned, associating a nuisance parameter to the amount of spurious signal estimated in the above described procedure.

9. Results

The two largest deviations from the background-only configuration are observed, in the spin-1 search, at 1350 GeV for the $W\gamma$ final state, and at 350 GeV and 700 GeV for the $Z\gamma$ final state. Similarly, in the spin-0 search, the largest deviation is close to 350 GeV. The p_0 -values are estimated to be greater than 0.01 in all cases, corresponding in all cases to a local significance below approximately 2.5σ . These small excesses, also visible in the mass spectra in Figs. 1 and 2, are at the level expected due to statistical fluctuations. No evidence of a new physics signal is found in the $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ final states when analyzing the totality of the 8 TeV data collected by ATLAS in the mass ranges considered.

Therefore, 95% CL limits are set on the production of LSTC technimesons and composite scalars decaying to $W\gamma$ and $Z\gamma$ final

⁴ An Asimov dataset is defined as being a single representative dataset replacing the ensemble of simulated datasets.

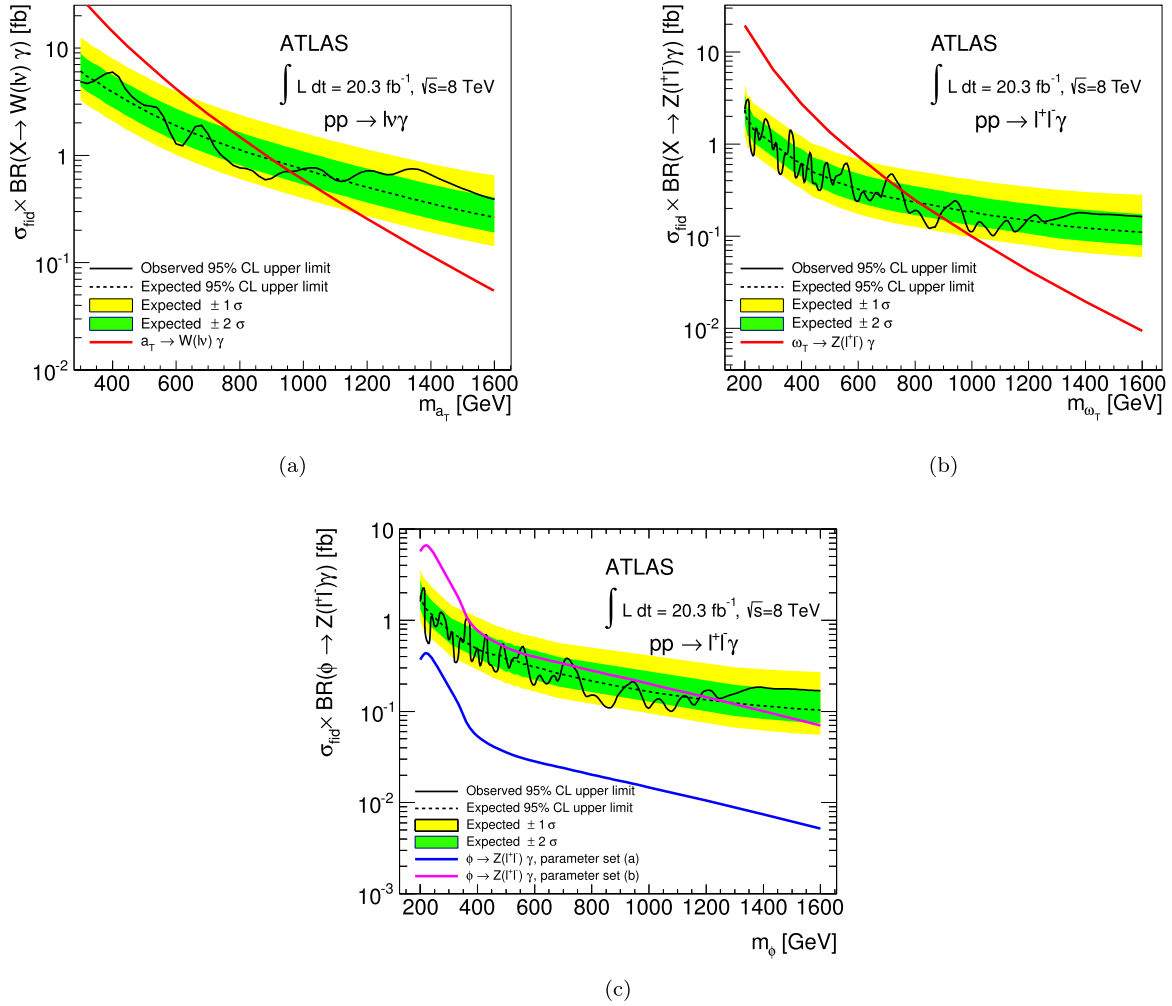


Fig. 3. Observed limits in the fiducial region in the: $W\gamma$ final state as a function of m_{a_T} (a), $Z\gamma$ final state as a function of m_{ω_T} (b) and $Z\gamma$ final state as a function of m_ϕ (c) obtained using the full 8 TeV ATLAS dataset. The black line is the observed limit. The dashed black line is the expected limit, the yellow and green bands are the one and two σ uncertainties on the expectation. The red lines in (a) and (b) are the theoretical cross sections for the LSTC benchmark models considered. The blue line and magenta line in (c) show the theoretical cross sections for the benchmark composite scalar model with the parameter set (a) and (b), respectively. (For interpretation of the references to color in this figure legend, the reader is referred to the web version of this article.)

states. Fig. 3 shows the observed and expected limits in the fiducial region obtained for an LSTC $a_T \rightarrow W\gamma$ (a), $\omega_T \rightarrow Z\gamma$ (b), and for a composite scalar $\phi \rightarrow Z\gamma$ (c). Using 20.3 fb^{-1} of 8 TeV data, the LSTC benchmark model is excluded at 95% CL in the range $[275, 960]$ GeV for $W\gamma$, and $[200, 700] \cup [750, 890]$ GeV for $Z\gamma$. In the spin-0 searches, no sensitivity is reached for the composite scalar model with the parameter set (a), whereas composite scalar models with the parameter set (b) are excluded at 95% CL in most of the mass range $[200, 1180]$ GeV.

10. Conclusions

This paper describes the results of searches with the ATLAS detector for LSTC technimesons and composite scalar particles decaying to $V\gamma$ final states. The observed data prove to be consistent with the SM background expectations. Using the LSTC benchmark model, the production of a_T is excluded up to $m_{a_T} = 960$ GeV in the $W\gamma$ mode and the production of ω_T is excluded in most of the mass range below 890 GeV in the $Z\gamma$ channel. Using the benchmark composite scalar model, the production of ϕ is excluded in most of the mass range below 1180 GeV for coupling scenario (b) described in text. The limits on the LSTC benchmark are more stringent than the previous results obtained at ATLAS and documented in Ref. [40].

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ATLAS Collaboration

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