

## Model-independent measurements of ATP diffusion in PEG-DA hydrogels with various mesh sizes

G.R. Majer

Max Planck Institute for Intelligent Systems, Heisenbergstr. 3, 70569 Stuttgart, Germany

Hydrogels are semi-solid polymer networks formed by cross-linked hydrophilic polymer chains, with mesh sizes that can be tailored by varying the concentration and/or the molecular mass of the polymers. Well-defined hydrogels are ideal materials for various applications including drug delivery, transport of nutrients, or devices to separate small molecules chromatographically. In this context, a fundamental understanding of the diffusion processes of solutes in hydrogels with different mesh sizes is important. A powerful tool to determine the diffusion coefficients of solutes directly, i.e. without the need of a fluorescent label and independent of any diffusion-model assumptions, is pulsed field gradient nuclear magnetic resonance (PFG-NMR). In this work, polyethylene glycol diacrylate (PEG-DA)-based hydrogels with mesh sizes ranging from 1.2 to 4.6 nm were prepared using polymers with molecular masses between 700 and 8000 g/mol and concentrations of up to 27%. The diffusion coefficients of adenosine triphosphate (ATP) in these hydrogels were studied by PFG-NMR. The correlation between the mesh sizes and the diffusion coefficients is analyzed and discussed.