

4 constitutions 4 Cyberspace.

Camille Akmut

July 18, 2019

In the tradition of computer science texts like Fein's "*The computer-related sciences (synnoetics) at a university in the year 1975*" (1961) or Landin's "*The next 700 programming languages*" (1966), furthered in for instance *The Right to Read* (1997), we present here four constitutions for Cyberspace, or cyberspaces – this conceptual distinction is important (as well as the choice of 'cyberspace(s)' over 'cyber space(s)' i.e. a qualified space within a larger one). Now, dream...

(common to all constitutions)

Preamble

The articles are incremental i.e. : what one establishes first the following ones cannot take away, but whatever they add that is legal is added.

NG No Government.

Article 1.

Beyond this constitution there will be no government.

Article 2.

All are equal and free, and have the same rights.

Article 3.

“the right to freedom of opinion and expression; [this includes] freedom to hold opinions without interference and to seek, receive and impart information”.¹

NG-HO No Government, Humans Only.

Article 1.

(unchanged from NG)

Article 2.

All human beings are equal and free, and have the same rights.

Article 3.

(unchanged from NG)

NG-P No Government, Privacy clause.

Article 1.

(unchanged from NG)

Article 2.

(unchanged from NG)

Article 3.

a. There exists a right to privacy.

b. “the right to freedom of opinion and expression; *etc.*” (unchanged from NG)

NGC No Government or Companies.

Article 1.

(unchanged from NG)

Article 2.

a. Excluded from this constitution – they have no rights – are companies; e.g. any unit/group with profit purposes.

b. Otherwise : all are equal and free, and have the same rights.

Article 3.

(unchanged from NG)

¹The following has no legal value, merely a reference is given : modified *UDHR* article 19.