brought to you by 🗊 CORE y Archivio istituzionale della ricerca - Università degli Studi di Venezia Ca' Foscari

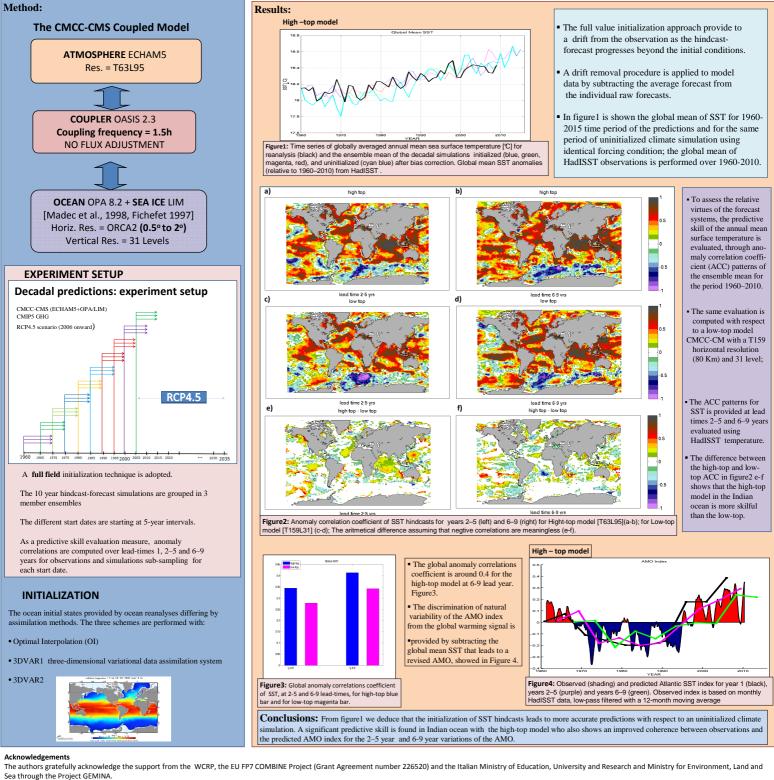
Science and Management of Climate Change coupling on the decadal predictability of the climate system

M. D'Errico (1,2), A. Bellucci (1), C. Cagnazzo (3)

(1) CMCC Euro-Mediterranean Centre for Climate Change, Bologna, Italy, (2) University of Venice, Venice, Italy, (3) ISAC-CNR, Rome, Italy Corresponding author e-mail: miriam.derrico@cmcc.it

ABSTRACT

The coupled ocean-atmosphere CMCC-CMS model is used to investigate the influence of the stratosphere on the decadal predictability. As part of the EU-funded COMBINE Project, a set of decadal prediction experiments are performed for the 1960-2005 period, following the CMIP5 protocol using historical radiative forcing conditions, followed by RCP4.5 scenario settings from 2006 onward. The decadal predictions consist in 3-member ensembles of 10-year simulations starting at 5-year intervals, with the ocean initial states provided by ocean reanalyses differing by assimilation methods and assimilated data. A purpose of this work is to asses the impact of the initialization to reproduce climate variations with respect to an uninitialized climate simulation performed for the same time period of the predictions using identical forcing conditions. Focus will be also laid on the differences between simulations by high-top configuration (CMCCCMS), including a well-resolved stratosphere and equivalent simulations using a low top model (CMCC-CM) differing in vertical extent and vertical resolution, to estimate how the inclusion of a well represented stratosphere could impact climate predictability on the decadal time scales.



Reference:

Bellucci, A., Gualdi, S., Masina, S., Storto, A., Scoccimarro, E., Cagnazzo, C., et al. (2013). Decadal climate predictions with a coupled OAGCM initialized with oceanic reanalyses. *Climate Dynamics*. Manzini, E., C. Cagnazzo, P. G. Fogli, A. Bellucci, and W. Müller (2012), Stratosphere - Troposphere coupling at inter-decadal time scales: Implications for the North Atlantic Ocean, *Geophys. Res. Lett*.