Proceedings of the Iowa Academy of Science

Volume 42 | Annual Issue

Article 35

1935

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Recommended Citation

Dean, H. C.; Smith, F. B.; and Brown, P. E. (1935) "The Composition of Inorganic Colloids Extracted from Three Iowa Soils," *Proceedings of the Iowa Academy of Science*, *42(1)*, 103-104. Available at: https://scholarworks.uni.edu/pias/vol42/iss1/35

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THE COMPOSITION OF INORGANIC COLLOIDS EX-TRACTED FROM THREE IOWA SOILS

H. C. DEAN, F. B. SMITH AND P. E. BROWN

The purpose of this work was to determine the colloidal content of certain soils and to make analyses of the inorganic colloids extracted from these soils. These soils ranging from a pH of 5.53 to a pH of 7.60 were obtained and the total colloidal content determined. The inorganic colloids were then extracted according to Truog and Drosdorff's procedure (2) and analyzed for total SiO₂, Al₂O₃, Fe₂O₃, TiO₂, P₂O₅ and available K₂O. The total SiO₂, Fe₂O₃, Al₂O₃ and TiO₂ were determined by Hillebrand's method (1). The phosphorus content was determined by the magnesium nitrate method. The available K₂O was determined by the *Aspergillus niger* method.

The data obtained, Table I, show that the Webster silty clay

Soil	ΡН	PERCENTAGE TOTAL COLLOIDS	PERCENTAGE INOR- GANIC COLLOIDS		
Tama silt loam	5.53	48.72	45.26		
Webster clay loam	6.89	50.89	44.27		
Webster silty clay loam	7.60	36.72	32.38		

Table I - Colloidal Content of Acid, Neutral and Basic Soils

loam contained 36.72 per cent of colloids, whereas, the Tama silt loam contained 48.72 per cent. The Webster clay loam contained the largest amount of colloids, 50.89 per cent. The Tama silt loam contained the largest amount of inorganic colloids, containing considerably more than the Webster silty clay loam. There was no large difference in the amounts of inorganic colloids of the Tama silt loam and the Webster clay loam.

The analyses of the inorganic colloids, Table II, showed that the inorganic colloid of the Tama silt loam was much higher in SiO_2 and Fe_2O_3 than the two Webster soils. However, the inorganic colloid of the Webster clay loam contained the largest amount

Colloids	Percentage						
	SiO2	Al ₂ O ₃	Fe_2O_3	TiO2	P ₂ O ₅	Available K2O	
Tama silt loam	59.21	20.70	6.97	0.34	0.18	0.031	
Webster clay loam	43.91	32.13	5.21	0.35	0.23	0.029	
Webster silty clay loam	44.84	28.68	5.06	0.45	0.22	0.027	

Table II - Analysis of Inorganic Colloids

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of Al₂O₃. The inorganic colloid of the acid, Tama silt loam, had the largest $\left(\frac{\text{SiO}_3}{R_2O_3}\right)$ ratio. There was practically no difference between the ratios of the two inorganic colloids of the Webster soils. The inorganic colloid of the Webster clay loam, however, was somewhat higher in SiO₂ and P₂O₅ than the colloids of the other soils. There was only a small difference in the amounts of available K_2O of the inorganic colloids. The inorganic colloid of the two Webster soils was slightly lower in available K₂O than that of the Tama silt loam.

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DEPARTMENT OF SOILS.

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