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A Literature Review: Pre-service Teachers' Selfefficacy to Deal with Student with Special Needs

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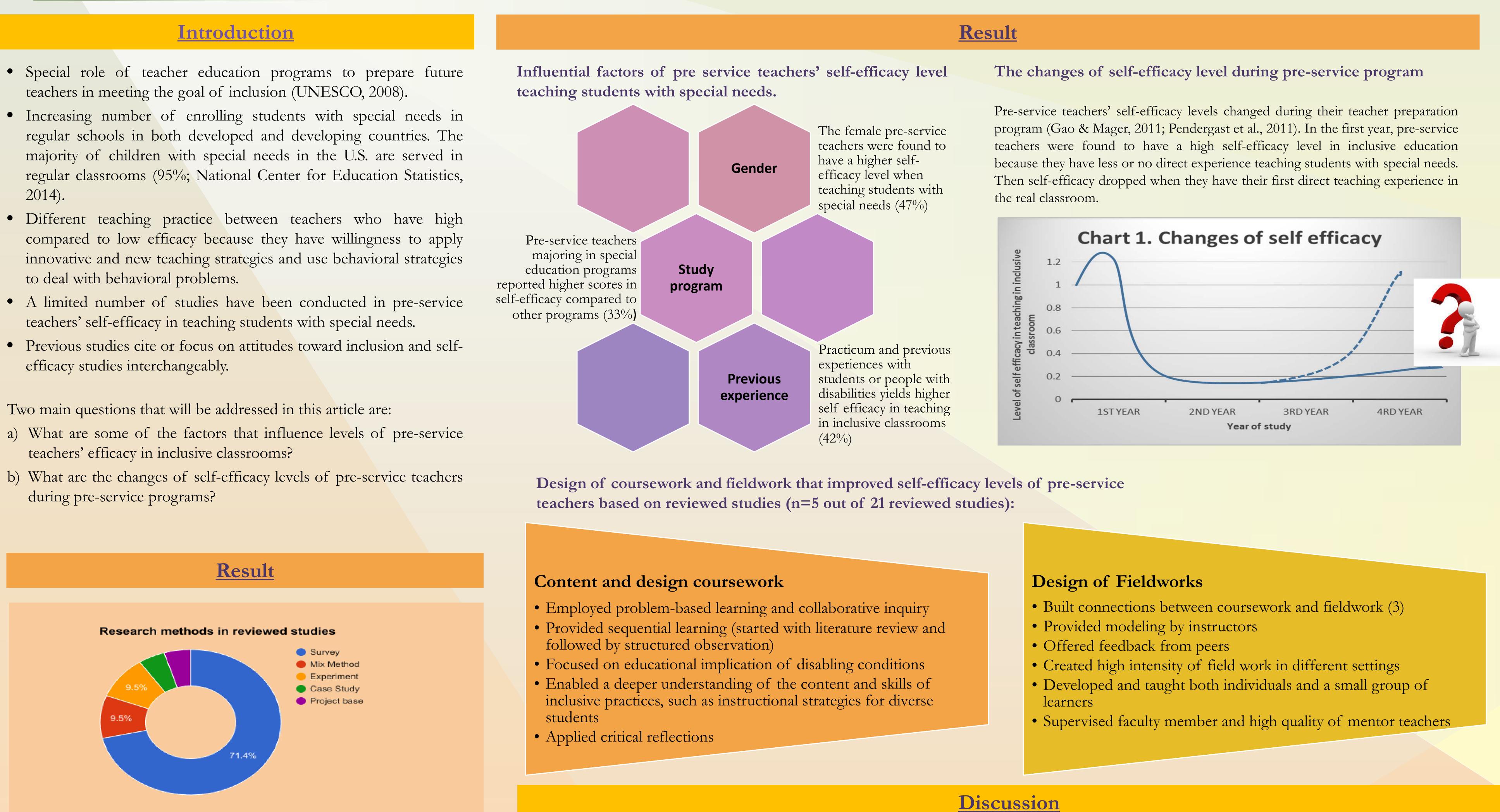
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Pre-service Teachers' Self-efficacy dealing with Student with Special Needs Pujaningsih, Doctoral Students

- teachers in meeting the goal of inclusion (UNESCO, 2008).
- 2014).
- to deal with behavioral problems.
- teachers' self-efficacy in teaching students with special needs.
- efficacy studies interchangeably.

- teachers' efficacy in inclusive classrooms?
- during pre-service programs?



- 1. 21 studies were selected based on inclusion criteria.
- 2. 47 % of studies described the process of the program.
- 3. 57% of studies provided sufficient information about the context in which the study took place.
- 4. Only 38% (n=8) of the total reviewed papers employed pre-post analysis to depict the changes of self-efficacy levels of pre-service teachers after enrollment in specific programs with either innovative coursework design or fieldwork. A fewer number (n=3)of qualitative data were analyzed with rigorous protocols.

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- of self-efficacy, but the attrition number of participants would be the challenge.
- 2. The overestimation of pre-service students' sense of efficacy in the first years of study was assumed as one of the reasons for the higher level of

1. The use of self report instruments do not capture the experience of student teachers during the learning process (Deemer and Minke, 1999), so it needs additional information from multiple data collection methods. This aligns with Dickstein (2013) who revealed that teacher candidates' belief of self-efficacy were shaped by the organizational expectations of effective practices and how the institutions provide various systemic support to achieve the expectations. A longitudinal approach as Pendergast and colleagues (2011) conducted would be the ideal method to capture the growth

self-efficacy in these studies because the pre-service teachers have little or no interaction with real inclusive classrooms. This explanation is corroborated by the study conducted by Shaukat and Sharma (2013). This study revealed that pre-service teachers in Pakistan have higher selfefficacy levels teaching students with special needs compared to those in Australia because pre-service teachers in Pakistan have less interaction in the real classroom. The explanation of 'reality shock' in this phenomena was found in real classrooms during the first field experience.



Recommendation for future research

Future researchers of pre-service teachers' self-efficacy in inclusive classrooms need to include the following six elements in their investigations:

- 1. The sample should provide a balance of participant differences in terms of field of study.
- 2. Include a comprehensive description of the program that consists of specific content in inclusive education, learning strategies, background of the instructors, and the design of the instruction of coursework and/or fieldwork.
- 3. A comprehensive description of the context of the study, including the national policies and laws in inclusive education, the current number of students with special needs enrolled in regular classrooms, and how teachers are currently being prepared to teach in inclusive classrooms.
- 4. The use of multiple data collections to provide a comprehensive explanation.

Summary

This paper offers a detailed analysis of 21 studies that focus on selfefficacy of pre-service teachers in inclusive classrooms. Only 23% (n=5) of the reviewed studies offered some alternative strategies that can be applied to enhance high self-efficacy levels of pre-service teachers, and none of them discussed how to sustain these high levels in inclusive schools. However, some of the these studies revealed some key components of influential factors that can contribute to high levels of self-efficacy. In addition to this, knowing these factors would not be enough to improve and maintain a high level of self-efficacy for pre-service teachers to teach in inclusive classroom. For this reason, more studies with in-depth investigation about specific design of preservice programs and how its impact to support and maintain a greater sense of self-efficacy in teaching in inclusive classroom are needed.

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