

INTRODUCTION

Information Communication Technologies (ICTs) are becoming a huge part of the public transportation systems all over the world. ICTs in public transportation, also known as Intelligent Transportation Systems are relatively new in South Africa and even unheard of in some parts of the Free State province of South Africa. These technologies, which include electronic fare payments, Variable Message Signs, Automatic Vehicle Location, CCTV surveillance, mobile applications and the internet are yet to be implemented in the Free State province. The uptake of ICT solutions in public transportation in other countries was based on assumptions that it will improve public transportation through these technological developments. It was thought that technology will improve service delivery, therefore reducing the existing barriers towards public transportation and resulting in the public being more patriotic to public transportation systems (Nelson and Mulley, 2013). Challenges are likely to be encountered when integrating ICTs into the public transportation at all stages of the process, from planning how to use the solutions to the functional stage of the fully integrated public transportation system. Therefore, before deploying these technologies, these possible challenges should be considered, taking into consideration the current state of public transportation, its management, commuters, operators and drivers.

MOTIVATION

Public transportation systems all over the world and in South Africa are improving because of ICT while the Free State's public transportation system is still very much conventional and inefficient with no ICT integration. Considering how ICTs have improved transportation in other areas, implementation should be considered in the Free State. Stakeholders may not all be positively affected by ICT solutions in the public transportation system and even though ICTs may lead to good results, challenges and negative impacts may be encountered when integrating ICTs into the public transportation system at all stages of the integration process, i.e. from planning stages to the final stage where the public transportation is fully integrated with ICT.

CURRENT PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SITUATION



Bus rank in Bloemfontein with

information display boards

Mini-bus taxis at a taxi rank

POSSIBLE CHALLENGES OF INTEGRATING ICTS INTO THE PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM IN THE FREE STATE

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STUDY AREA



What challenges are likely to be faced by stakeholders in integrating ICT solutions into the public transportation system? The public transportation system has many stakeholders who may encounter

METHODOLOGY

Qualitative data gathering through questionnaires and interviews was used. Stratified random sampling was used for fair representation of all stakeholders. Data was gathered between June 2015 and August 2015. Both questionnaires and interviews respondents were passengers, operators, drivers, transportation planners, IT professionals and academics in order to provide a heterogeneous overview of challenges from all the stakeholders perspectives.

To overcome these challenges:

- ICT education
- Community outreach and awareness programs
- Reduced prices on electronics
- Improved ICT infrastructure
- Law enforcement
- Creating demand for ICT in the public transportation system

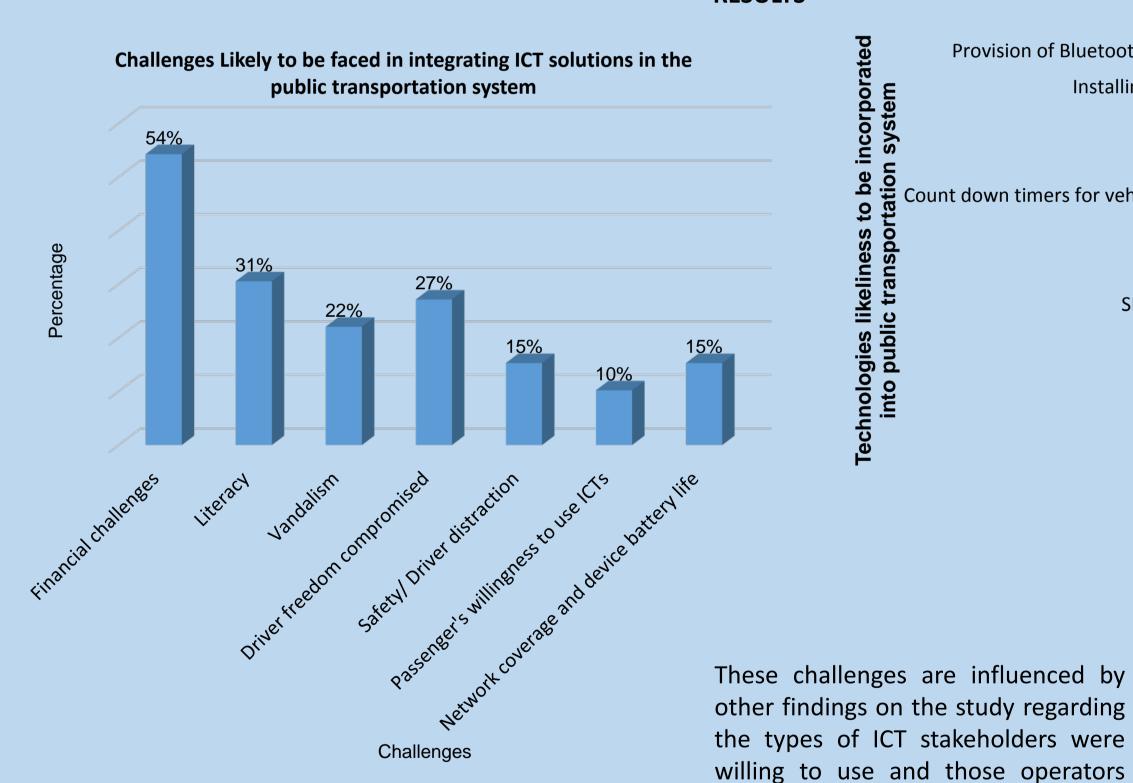
OVERCOMING THE CHALLENGES

- Legislation supporting public transportation through ICT
- Private sector involvement
- Taking responsibility by political leaders, provincial and municipal decision makers

44%

RESULTS

were willing to provide in future.



DISCUSSION

infrastructure, it needs to be expanded to support other technologies and as well as ensure efficiency.

As the public transportation system is a government controlled but run by private companies and individuals, politics

play an integral part in any major decision making that involves public transportation. Skills and competence are needed

for the integration process to be fully operational. Resistance to these technologies and applications by stakeholders may

also be encountered. The public should have the ability and knowledge to use the applications and devices once they are

in place and be willing to use them. Education and awareness of ICT solutions should be promoted to the public because

these are some of the may lead to resistance of the system. Results further showed that most stakeholders may face

financial challenges that my substantially curtail successful integration of ICTs into the public transportation system.

Another major challenge is the infrastructure; even though some ICT solutions can work within the current

Provision of free Wi-Fi at bus ranks Provision of Bluetooth kits for drivers for communication on the road Installing buzzers for passengers to alert drivers to stop Tracking devices in vehicles Vehicle speed monitors Count down timers for vehicle departure and arrival time at stations / rank 10% Provision of online ticket purchasing platform SMS notifications to passengers in cases of delays Placing information display screens at bus stops Installing map and route display screens Installing available seat detectors Installing screens for video games and music Installing CCTV

32% 24% 28% Percentage

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RESEARCH QUESTION

varying challenges at the different stages of integration.

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