# New host record for *Argulus coregoni* (Crustacea: Branchiura: Argulidae), with discussion on its natural distribution in Japan

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**Abstract** An adult male of *Argulus coregoni* Thorell, 1864 was collected from the skin of a gogi charr *Salvelinus leucomaenis imbrius* Jordan and McGregor (Salmoniformes: Salmonidae) in the uppermost reaches of the Takatsu River in Yoshiga, Shimane Prefecture, Japan. This finding represents the first record of *A. coregoni* from western Japan. *Salvelinus leucomaenis imbrius* is a new host for *A. coregoni*. This salmonid is endemic to rivers in part of the Chugoku Region, western Japan, and small isolated populations of the fish occurred at the sampling sites. No other salmonids had been stocked there. These facts indicate that *A. coregoni* is native to the river, which does not support the view put forward in the 1960's that *A. coregoni* had been probably introduced from Europe into Japan.

**Key words**: *Argulus coregoni*, Branchiura, Argulidae, fish parasite, new host, *Salvelinus leucomaenis imbrius* 

#### INTRODUCTION

Argulid branchiurans are predominantly extoparasites of fishes (Yamaguti, 1963). In Japan, *Argulus coregoni* Thorell, 1864 is a parasite of freshwater salmonids (e.g., Hoshina, 1950; Nagasawa et al., 1987; Nagasawa and Ohya, 1996a) although this parasite was initially reported from a cyprinid (Tokioka, 1936). Various aspects of the biology and pathogenicity of *A. coregoni* have been currently studied in Japan, especially by S. Shimura and his colleagues (Shimura and Egusa, 1980; Inoue *et al.*, 1980; Shimura, 1981, 1983a, 1983b; Shimura *et al.*, 1983a, 1983b; Shimura and Inoue, 1984), but most of the studies were conducted by examining salmonids held in a fish hatchery or in a laboratory. Exceptionally, only Takegami (1984) studied the occurrence of *A. coregoni* in wild populations of amago salmon *Oncorhynchus masou ishikawae* Jordan and McGregor (as *Salmo (Oncorhynchus) masou macrostomus*) in a river, central Japan. Little information is thus available on the ecology of *A. coregoni* in wild fish populations in this country. Currently, we collected a male specimen of *A. coregoni* from a gogi charr *Salvelinus leucomaenis imbrius* Jordan and McGregor in Shimane Prefecture, Japan. We herein report on this finding as a new host record for *A. coregoni* and discuss its natural distribution in Japan because Tokioka (1965) suggested that this parasite had been probably introduced together with fish from Europe into Japan.

## **MATERIALS AND METHODS**

Six and two gogi charr Salvelinus leucomaenis imbrius were sampled with rod and line in two

localities (Tachigochi River and nameless stream) of the uppermost reaches of the Takatsu River on June 21, 2008 at Tachigochi (34°20'08"N, 131°57'48"E) and Tadeno (34°20'16"N, 131°54'50"E) in Yoshiga, Shimane Prefecture, Japan, respectively. Both locations ware close, being only about 5 km away each other. The fish sampled were kept alive together in a small bag and brought to the laboratory, where they were measured for total length (TL, mm) and examined for ectoparasites. One *Argulus* specimen was taken and photographed. This specimen was fixed and preserved in 70% ethanol. It is deposited in the crustacean (Cr) collection at the National Museum of Nature and Science, Tokyo, Japan (NSMT-Cr 18777). The fish names used in this paper follow those adopted in Nakabo (2002).

#### **RESULTS**

One adult male of *Argulus coregoni* (Fig. 1) was found on one (135 mm TL) of the eight fish examined (100-190 mm TL). Attachment site was the dorsal skin of the head of the fish. The specimen of *A. coregoni*, 7.5 mm in total length, is characterized by the sharply pointed abdominal lobes, the black speckled surface of the testes, and the sympods of the second to fourth legs bearing various protuberances. Since we kept alive all fish collected in the two locations in the same small bag for transportation to the laboratory, the exact origin of the infested fish is unknown. Thirteen specimens (75-120 mm TL) of the minnow *Phoxinus oxycephalus jouyi* (Jordan and Snyder) (Cypriniformes: Cyprinidae) were also collected in the nameless stream at Tadeno. No fish of this species was infested with *A. coregoni*.

#### DISCUSSION

In Japan, Argulus coregoni is known to occur in central Japan, including Tokyo, Nagano, Aichi,

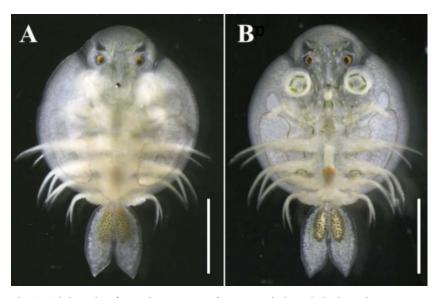


Fig. 1. Adult male of *Argulus coregoni* from a gogi charr *Salvelinus leucomaenis imbrius* in the uppermost reaches of the Takatsu River in Yoshiga, Shimane Prefecture, Japan. A. dorsal view, B. ventral view. Scale bars: 2 mm in A and B.

Shiga, Kyoto, and Wakayama prefectures (Tokioka, 1936; Yamaguti, 1937; Nagasawa *et al.*, 1987; Nagasawa and Ohya, 1996a, 1996b). The present finding represents the first record of *A. coregoni* from western Japan. This species occurs in China (Wang, 1958, 1961; Chen, 1973; Kuang and Qian, 1991), Far Eastern Russia (Smirnova, 1971; Gusev, 1987) and Europe (e.g., Romanovský, 1955; Penczak, 1972; Fryer, 1982; Mikheev *et al.*, 2007; Bandilla *et al.*, 2007) but is not found in North America (Kabata, 1988; Hoffman, 1998).

The gogi charr Salvelinus leucomaenis imbrius is endemic to rivers in part of the Chugoku Region, western Japan (Kimura, 1989). This subspecies of S. leucomaenis is a new host of A. coregoni. In Japan, the following fishes are known as the hosts of A. coregoni (e.g., Tokioka, 1936; Yamaguti, 1937; Hoshina, 1950; Nagasawa et al., 1987; Nagasawa and Ohya, 1996a, 1996b): masu salmon Oncorhynchus masou masou (Brevoort), amago salmon O. masou ishikawae Jordan and McGregor, rainbow trout O. mykiss (Walbaum), brook trout Salvelinus fontinalis (Mitchill), iwana charr S. leucomaenis pluvius (Hildendorf) (Salmoniformes: Salmonidae), ayu Plecoglossus altivelis altivelis Temminck and Schlegel (Salmoniformes: Plecoglossidae), and Acheilognathus melanogaster Bleeker (Cypriniformes: Cyprinidae).

Our sampling sites are located in the uppermost reaches of the Takatsu River, in which small populations of gogi charr are land-locked and isolated between tributaries. No other salmonids had been stocked there before our sampling. These facts suggest that *A. coregoni* is native to the sampling sites, which does not support the view put forward by Tokioka (1965) that *A. coregoni* had been probably introduced together with fish from Europe into Japan. As stated above, this species is found in China and Far Eastern Russia, and it is thus reasonable to conclude that it naturally occurs in the Far Eastern region of Asia including Japan.

Of the two fish species examined, only gogi charr was found to be infested with *A. coregoni*, suggesting that this parasite maintains its populations using this fish as a host. However, since there is a record of *A. coregoni* from a cyprinid in Japan (Tokioka, 1936), it is also probable that minnows *Phoxinus oxycephalus jouyi* harbor the parasite. Nevertheless, even if *A. coregoni* occurs on minnows, its infestation level may be lower than that in gogi charr because salmonids are common hosts for the parasite.

Much remains to be studied on various aspects of the biology of *A. coregoni* in wild fish populations, and we need to conduct intensive research on the species in natural waters.

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# チョウモドキの新宿主と日本における自然分布に関する論議

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要 旨 島根県吉賀町の立河内・蓼野両地区を流れる高津川最上流部の立河内川と無名沢で採集したゴギSalvelinus leucomaenis imbrius 8尾のうち、1尾の頭部背面からエラオ(鰓尾)類チョウ科のチョウモドキArgulus coregoniの成体雄1個体を採集した。これは西日本におけるチョウモドキの初記録である。これまでにゴギからチョウモドキが採集された記録はなく、ゴギは新宿主となる。ゴギは中国地方の一部の河川にのみ生息し、調査河川でゴギ個体群は陸封・分断されており、他のサケ科魚類の放流が過去にないことから、チョウモドキはそこにもともと分布していたと考えられた。これは、チョウモドキは「多分欧州から魚の体表について移入されたものであろう」とする過去の見解を支持しない。

キーワード:チョウモドキ、エラオ類、ゴギ、魚類寄生虫、新宿主