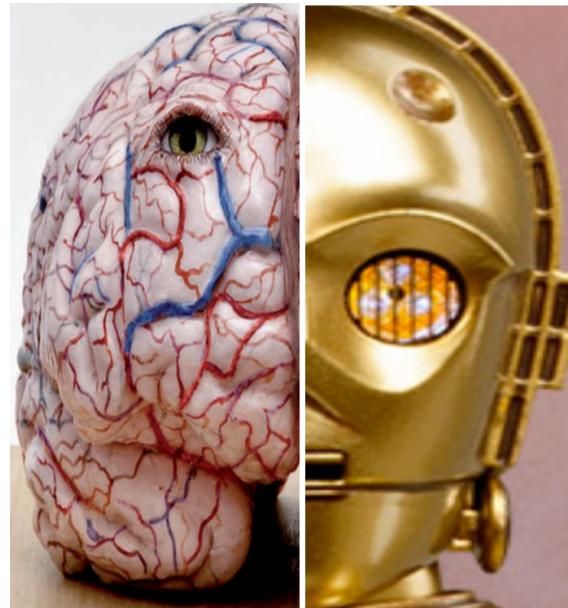


# Is the study of Machine Learning distracting for Neurosciences?

Michel Dojat



# Bio-inspired AI

## Neural networks take over other machine-learning methods

Percentage of papers that mention each method

■ neural networks ■ bayesian networks ■ markov methods ■ evolutionary algorithms  
■ support vector machines

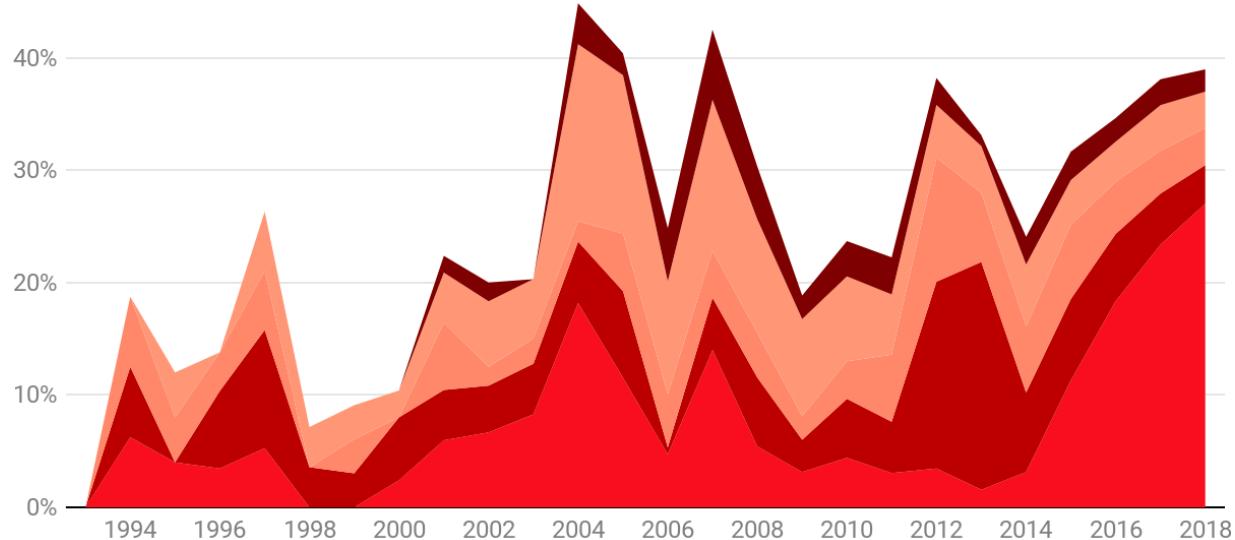
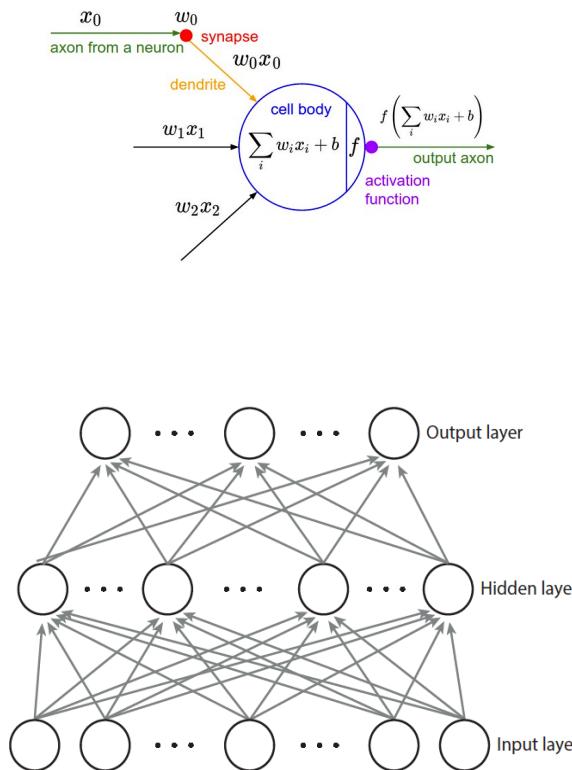


Chart: MIT Technology Review • Source: [arXiv.org](https://arxiv.org) • Created with Datawrapper

# Bio-inspired AI



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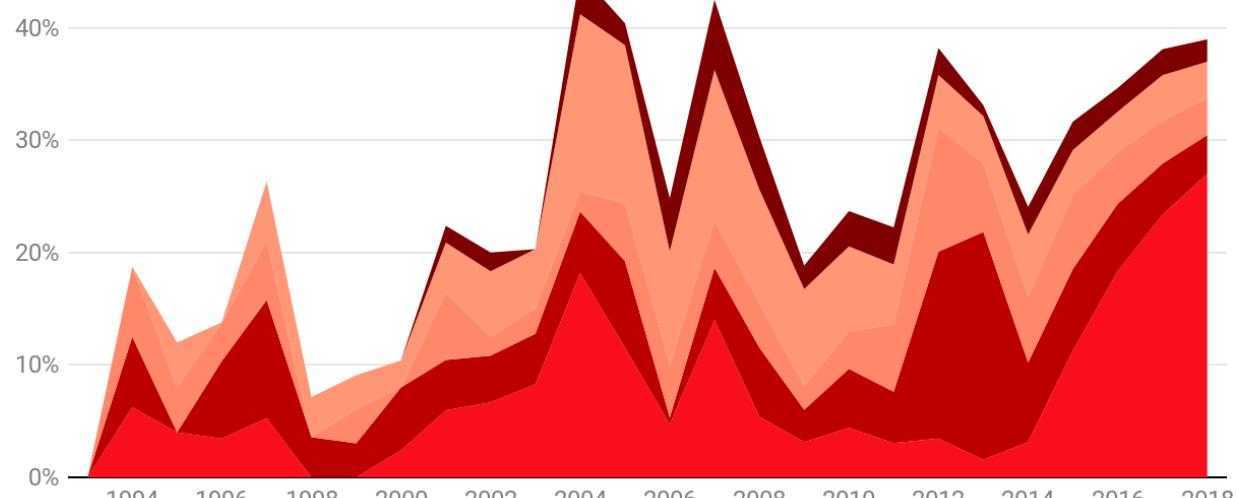
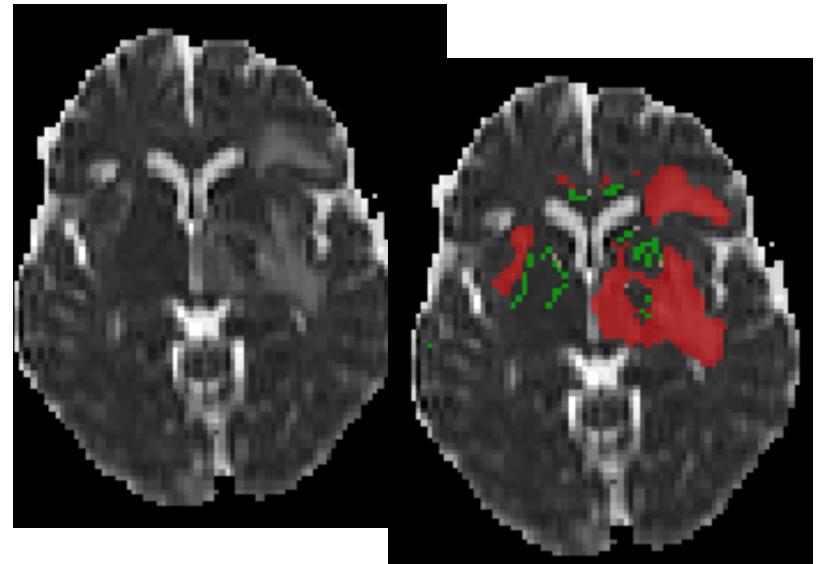
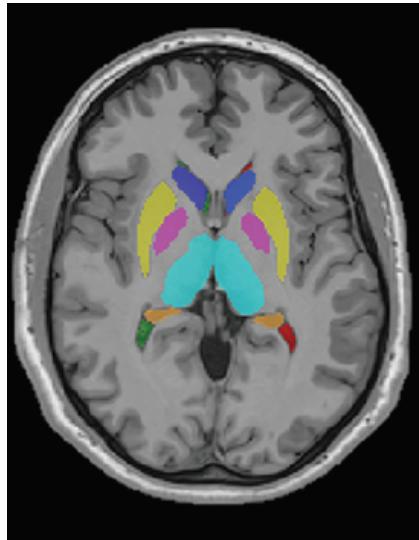


Chart: MIT Technology Review • Source: arXiv.org • Created with Datawrapper

# Computational Anatomy

- Quantification of brain structures
- Quantification of brain lesions
- Groups comparison



# And the Winner is ...



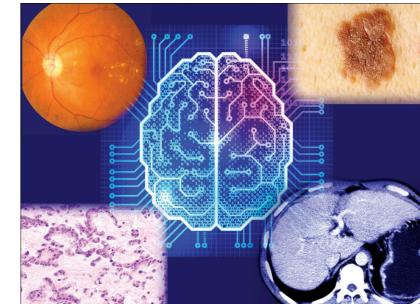
- Machine learning supervised approaches
- ISLES 2017 challenge
  - Stroke : 14 participants, 14 NN ....
  - Trauma: 7 participants, 5 NN
  - Tumor: 22 participants, 19 NN, 1 SVM, 2 RF
- ISLES 2018
  - Stroke : 5 finalists NN
  - Tumor: Segmentation 3 finalists NN, Survival 3 finalists NN
- ...



# Life Science applications

- Classification / segmentation / detection

Moeskops et al TMI 2016; Rajchl et al MIDL 2018 (*brain tissue*);  
Dolz et al. Neuroimage 2018 (*brain structures*); Kamnitsas et al MediA 2016 (*brain lesions*)  
Kleesiek et al Neuroimage 2016 (*brain extraction*); Havaei et al MediA 2016 (*brain tumors*)  
Suk et al NeuroImage 2014 (*AD/MCI*)  
Zhao et al MediA 2017; Suk et al NeuroImage 2016;  
Kin et al Neuroimage 2016 (*functional brain networks*)  
**Ciompi et al Scient Rep 2017** (*lung nodules*); **Esteva et al Nature 2017** (*skin cancer*)



[Quer et al 2017 Lancet]

- Synthetic image generation

Nie et al Miccai 2017 (*MR-CT*); Liu et al Radiology 2017 (*MR-CT*); Zhao et al Media 2018 (*retinal images*)

- Predictive models

Polpin et al Nat Bio Eng 2018 (*cardiovasular risk*); Miotto et al. Scient Rep 2016 (*deepPatient*)

- Processing

Rajchl et al MIDL 2018 (*automatic process for segmentation*), reconstruction, denoising, registration (see Litjens Media 2017)

- Retrieval

Anavi et al Spie 2016

# Open methodological questions

- Influence of data processing
- Data from different centres
- Images augmentation
- Strategy for selection of the best architectures for a given domain application
- Use in clinical routine

International Conference on  
Medical Imaging with Deep Learning  
London, 8 – 10 July 2019  
[info@midl.io](mailto:info@midl.io) | [@midl\\_conference](https://twitter.com/midl_conference)



# Open methodological questions

- Influence of data processing
- Data from different centres
- Images augmentation
- Strategy for selection of the best architectures for a given domain application
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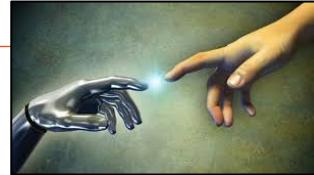
International Conference on  
Medical Imaging with Deep Learning  
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[info@midl.io](mailto:info@midl.io) | [@midl\\_conference](https://twitter.com/midl_conference)



Shanoir  
Shanoir-SA  
Predimed

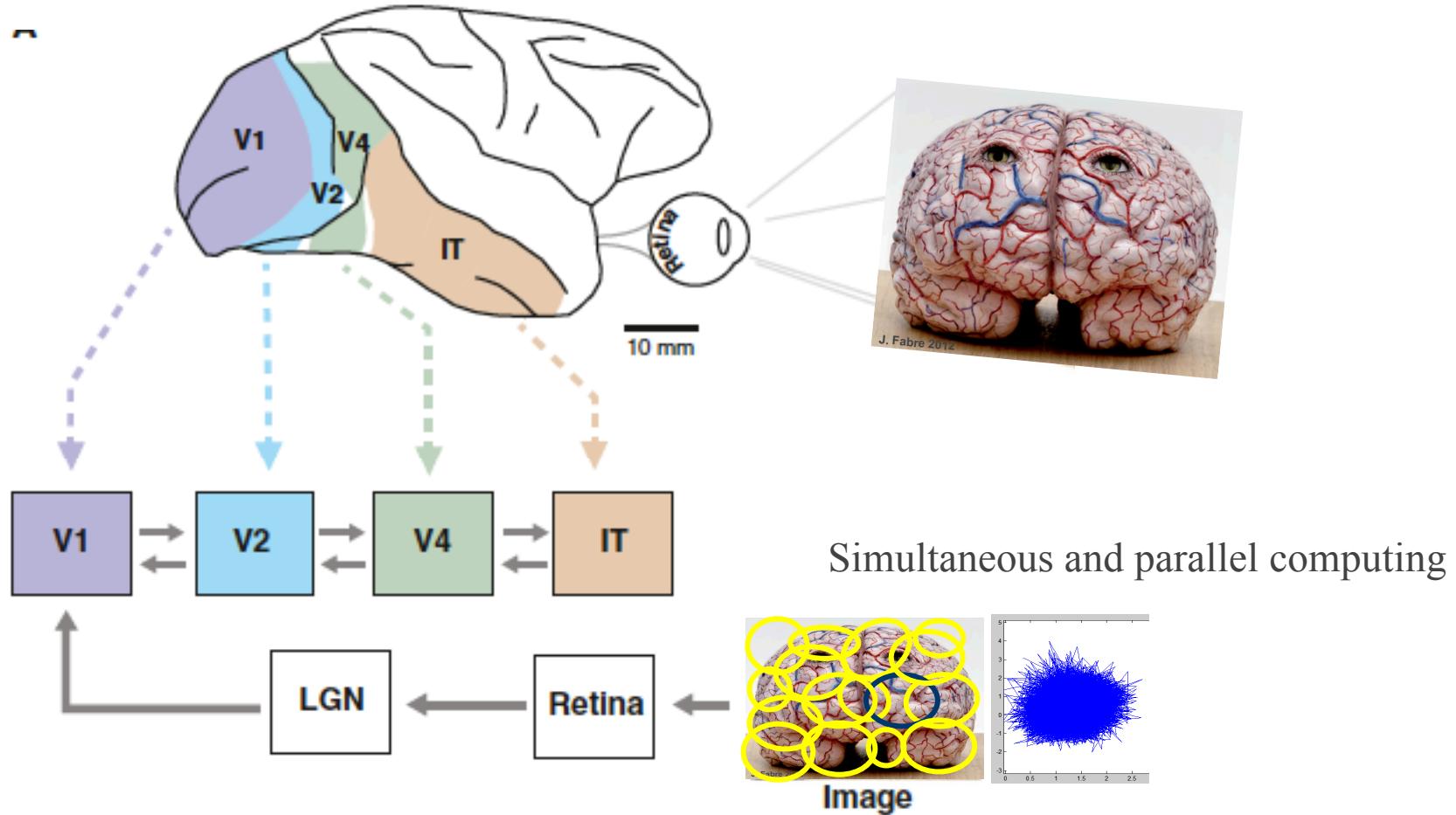
Development of large databases

# ANN & Neurosciences – Cross fertilization



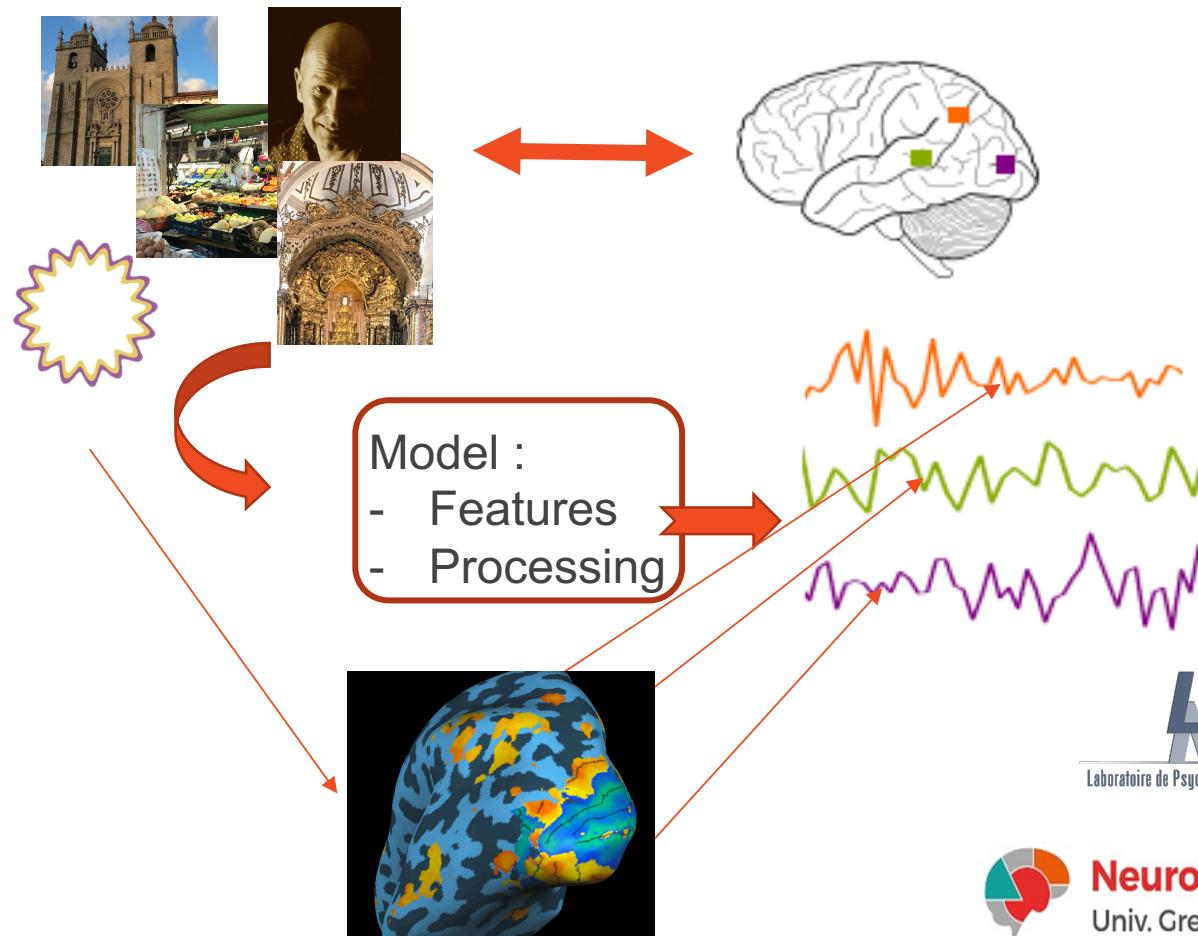
- A case-study: The Human Visual System

# Mammalian visual system



[adapted from Cox & Dean curr bio 2014]

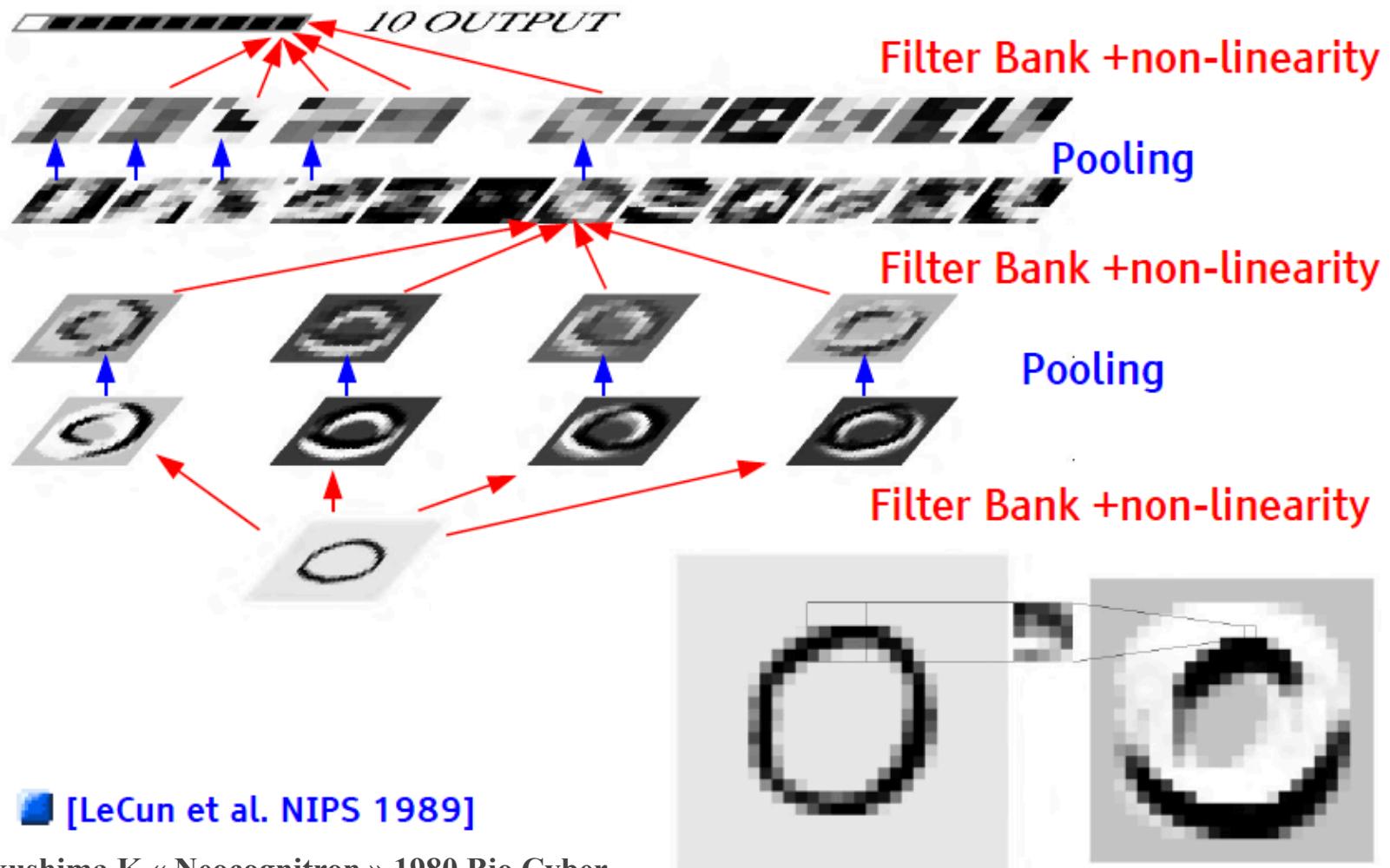
# Visual representation in the Human Brain



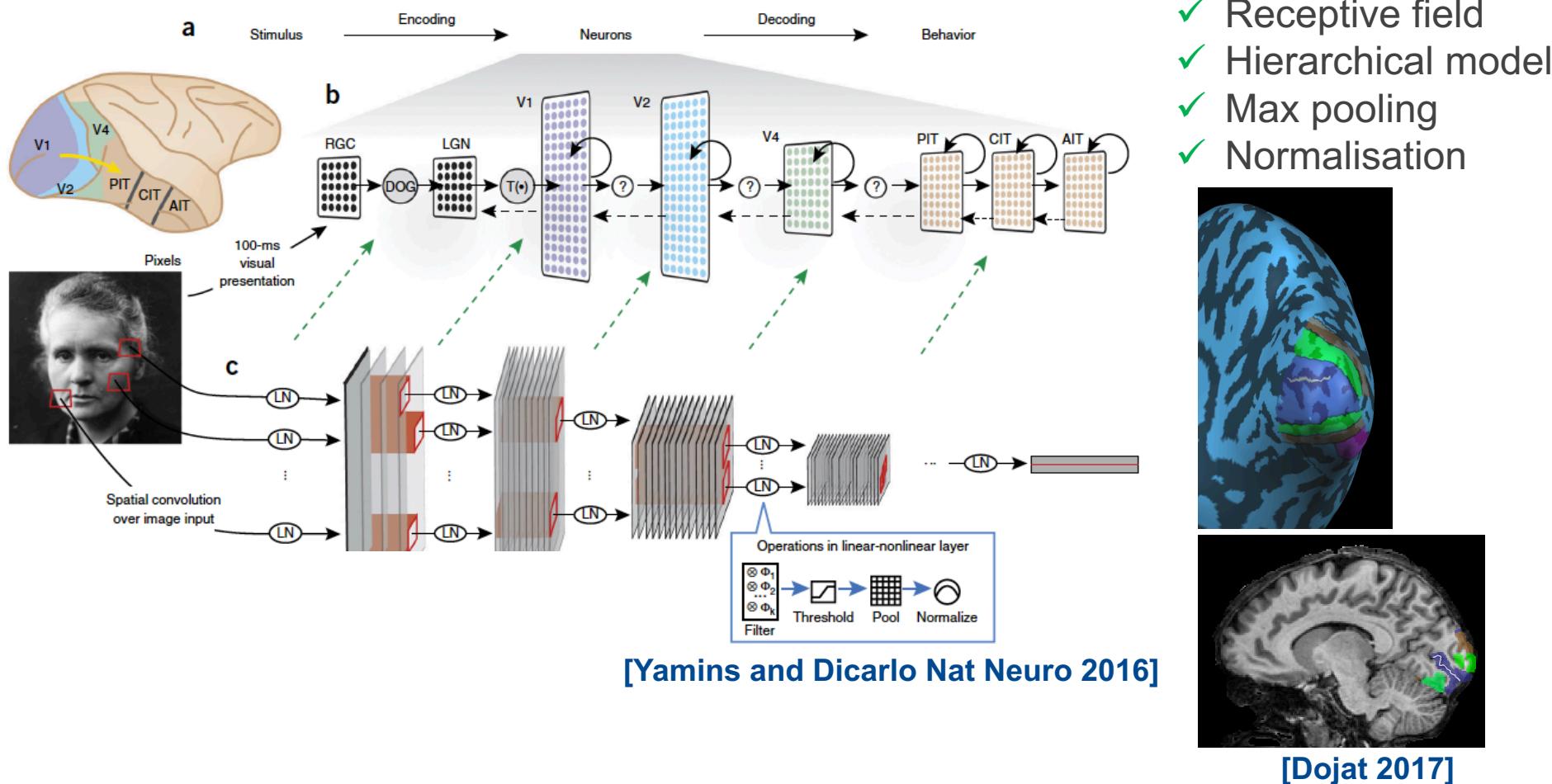
Bold  
Eye-mvt  
EEG



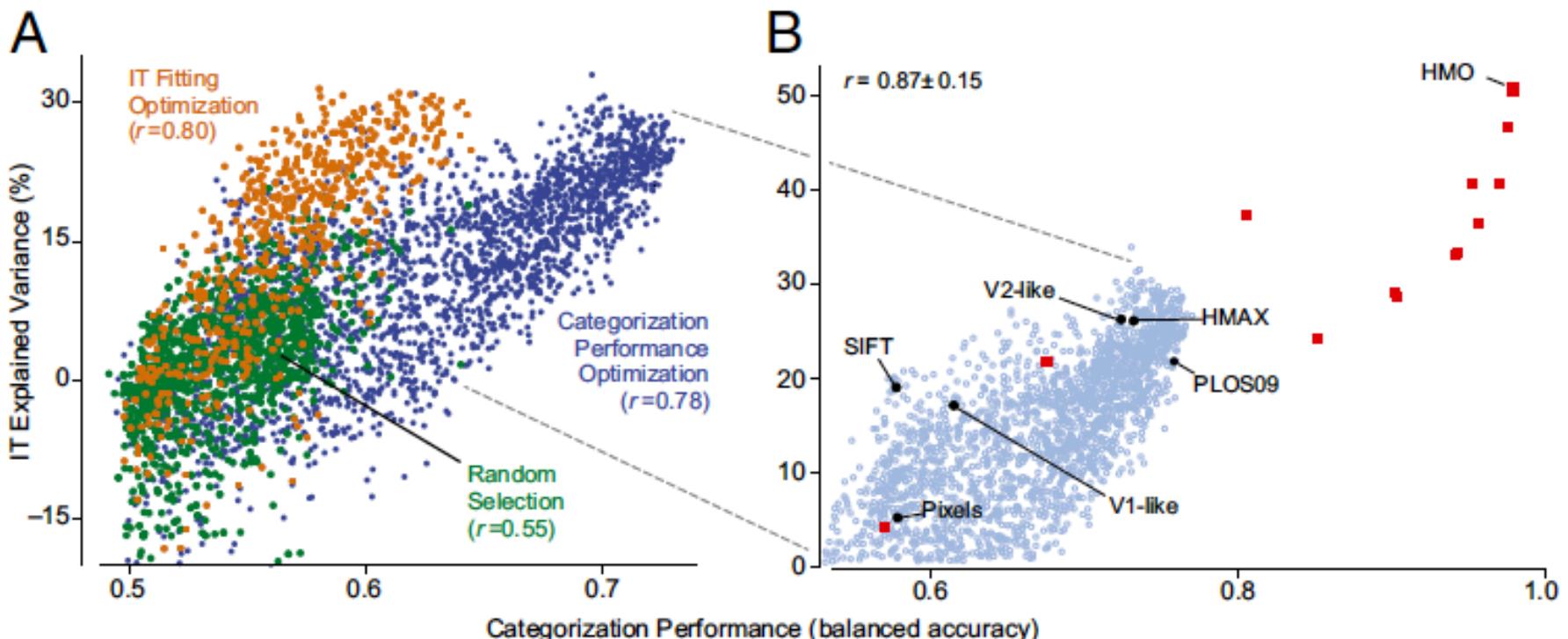
# Convolutional NN



# CNN as a model of the visual system ...



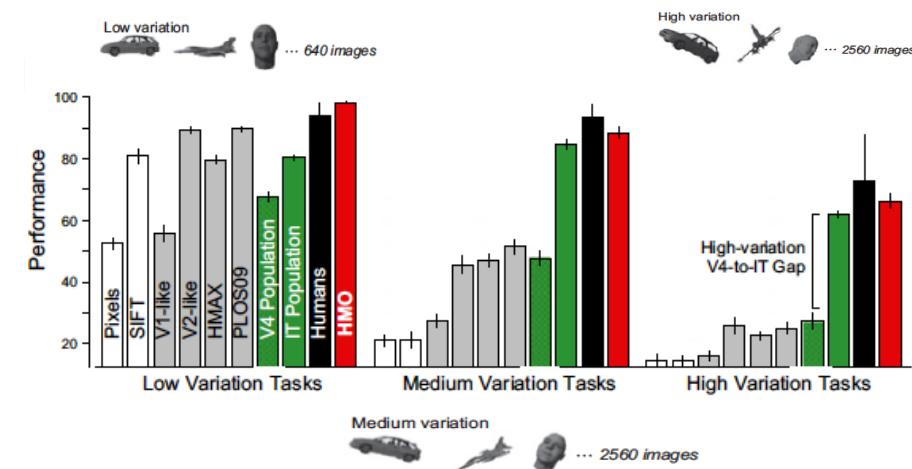
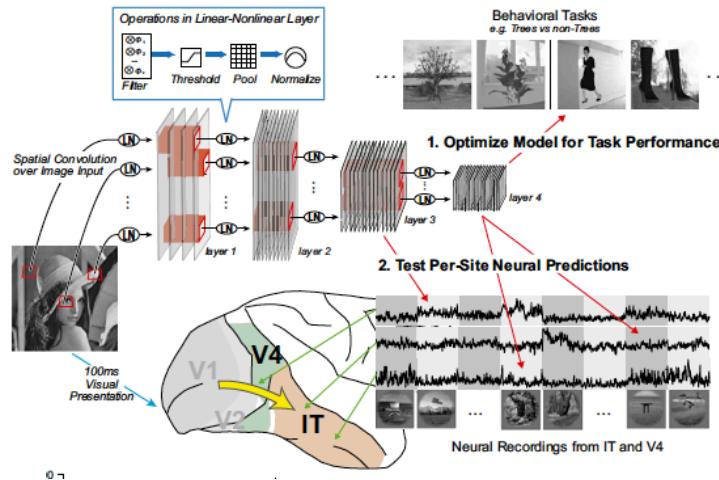
# Hierarchical models for neural responses prediction



[Yamins et al 2014 PNAS]

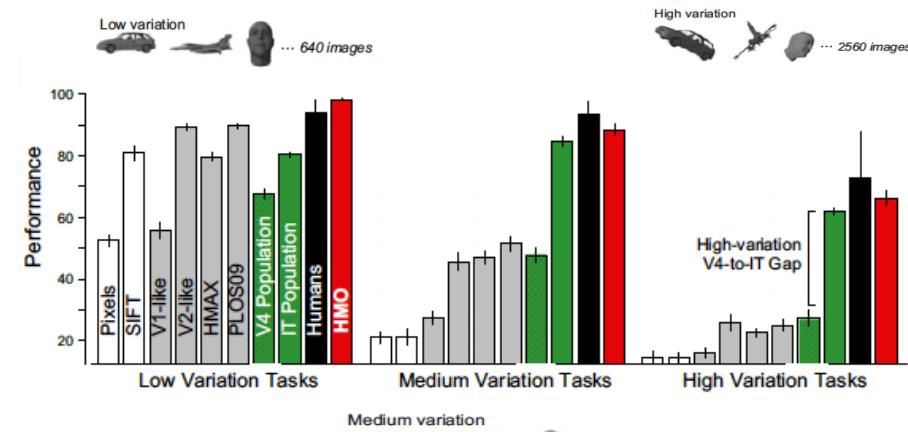
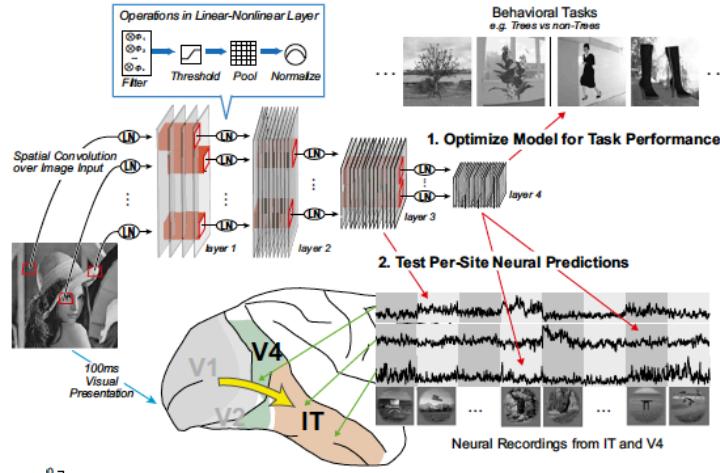
# Hierarchical models for neural responses prediction

[Yamins et al 2014 PNAS]

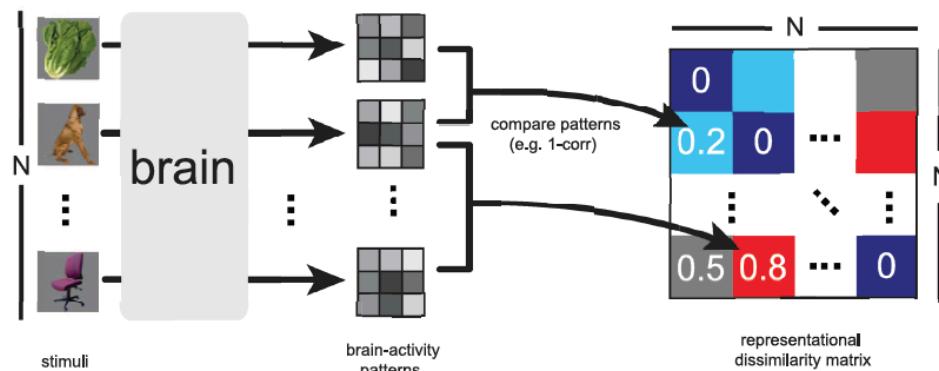


# Hierarchical models for neural responses prediction

[Yamins et al 2014 PNAS]



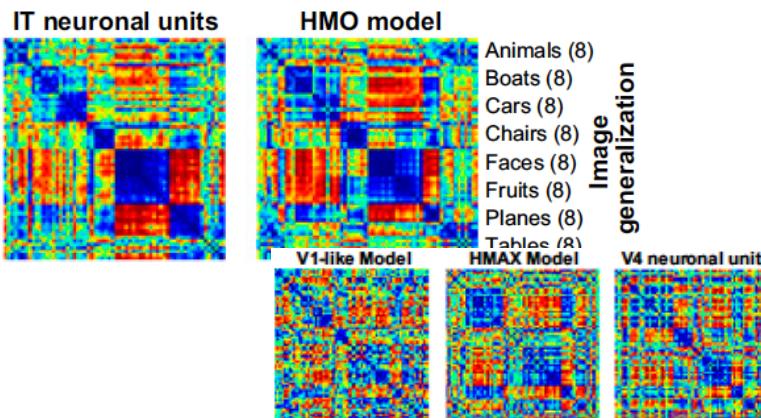
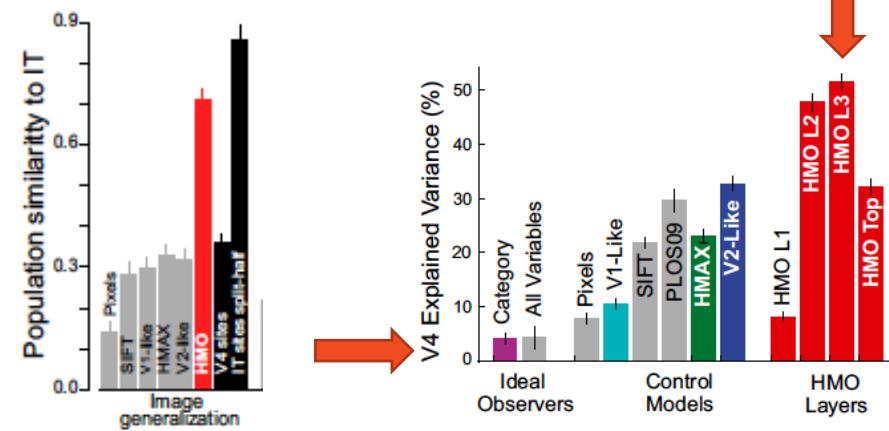
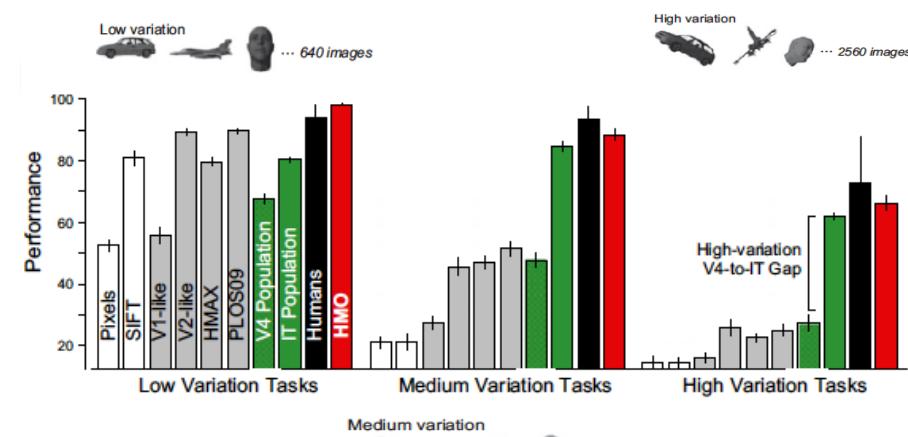
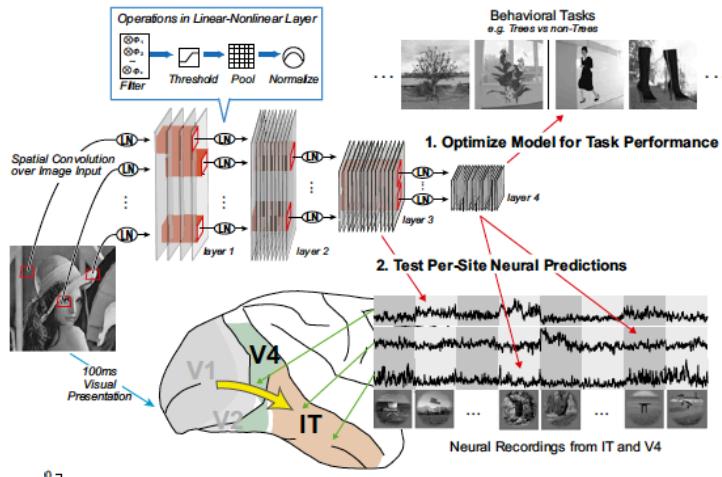
Representation dissimilarity matrices



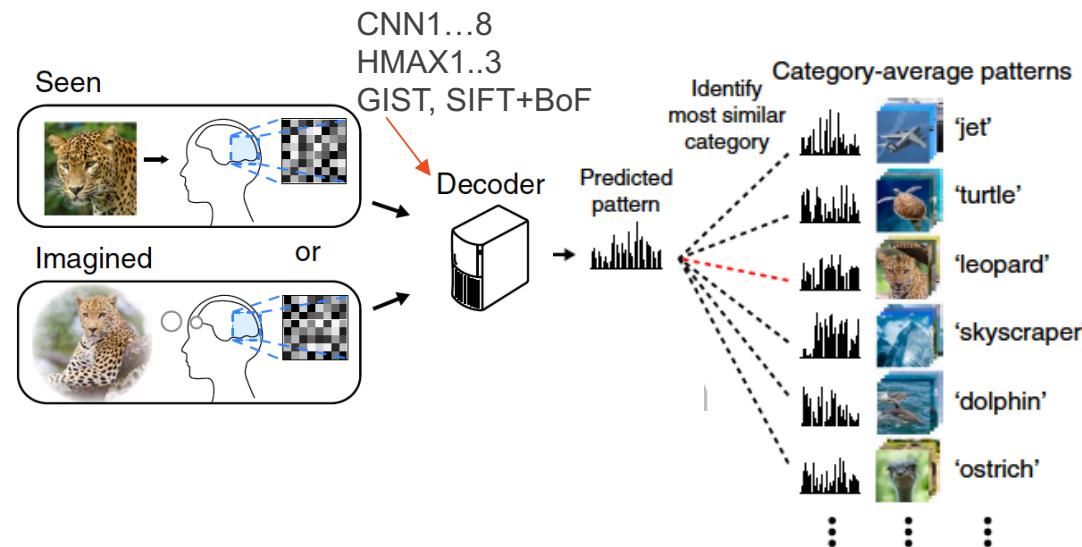
[Nili et al. Plos 2014]

# Hierarchical models for neural responses prediction

[Yamins et al 2014 PNAS]



# Seen/imagined object arbitrary categories



a

...  
9 s      9 s      9 s      9 s      9 s  
Repetition  
Button press

... Train: 1200 im/50 obj cat (x24)  
Test: 50 im/50 obj cat (x35)  
9 min each->**9h15**

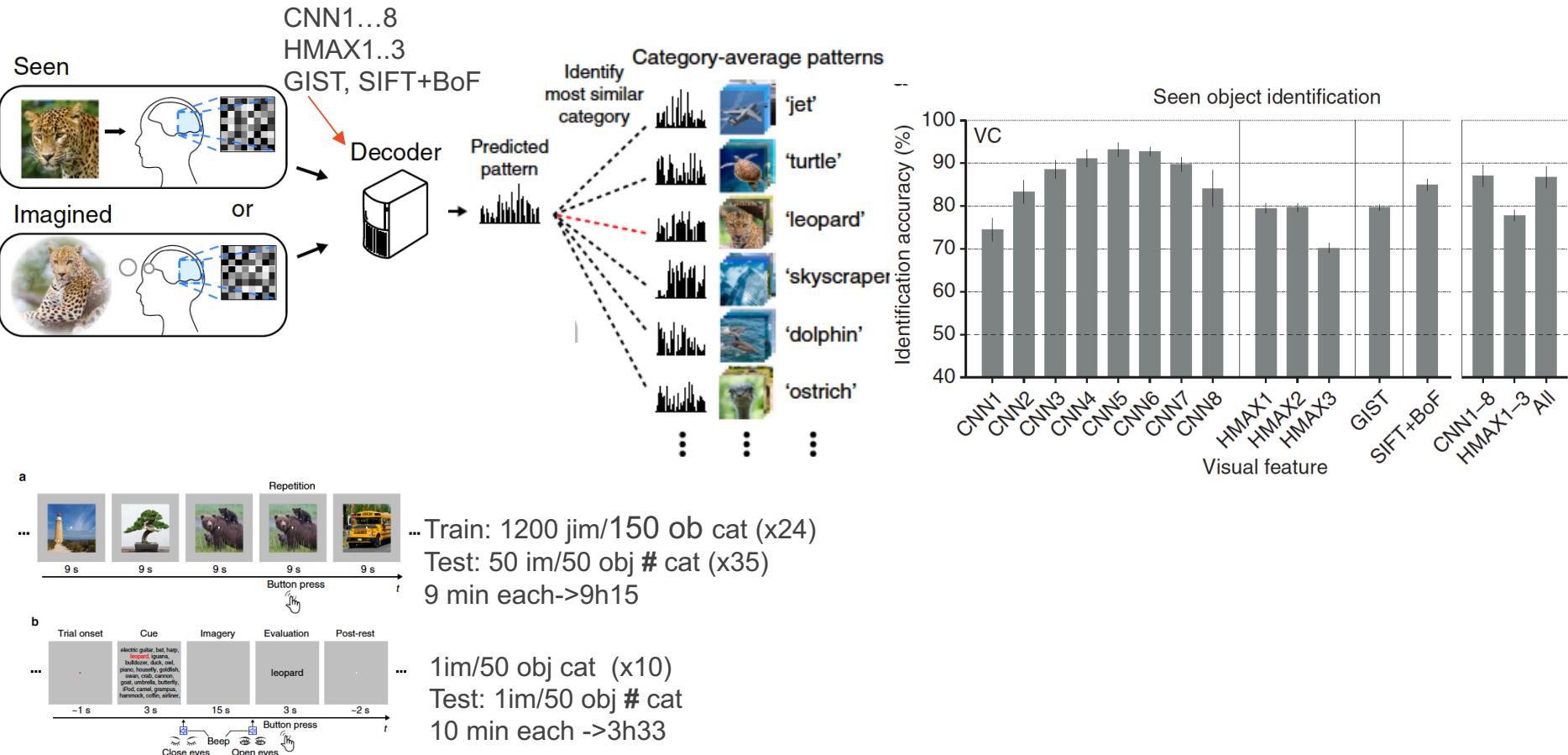
b

...  
Trial onset      Cue      Imagery      Evaluation      Post-rest  
-1 s      3 s      15 s      3 s      -2 s  
Close eyes      Beep      Open eyes      Button press

... 1im/50 obj cat (x10)  
Idem test  
10 min each ->**3h33**

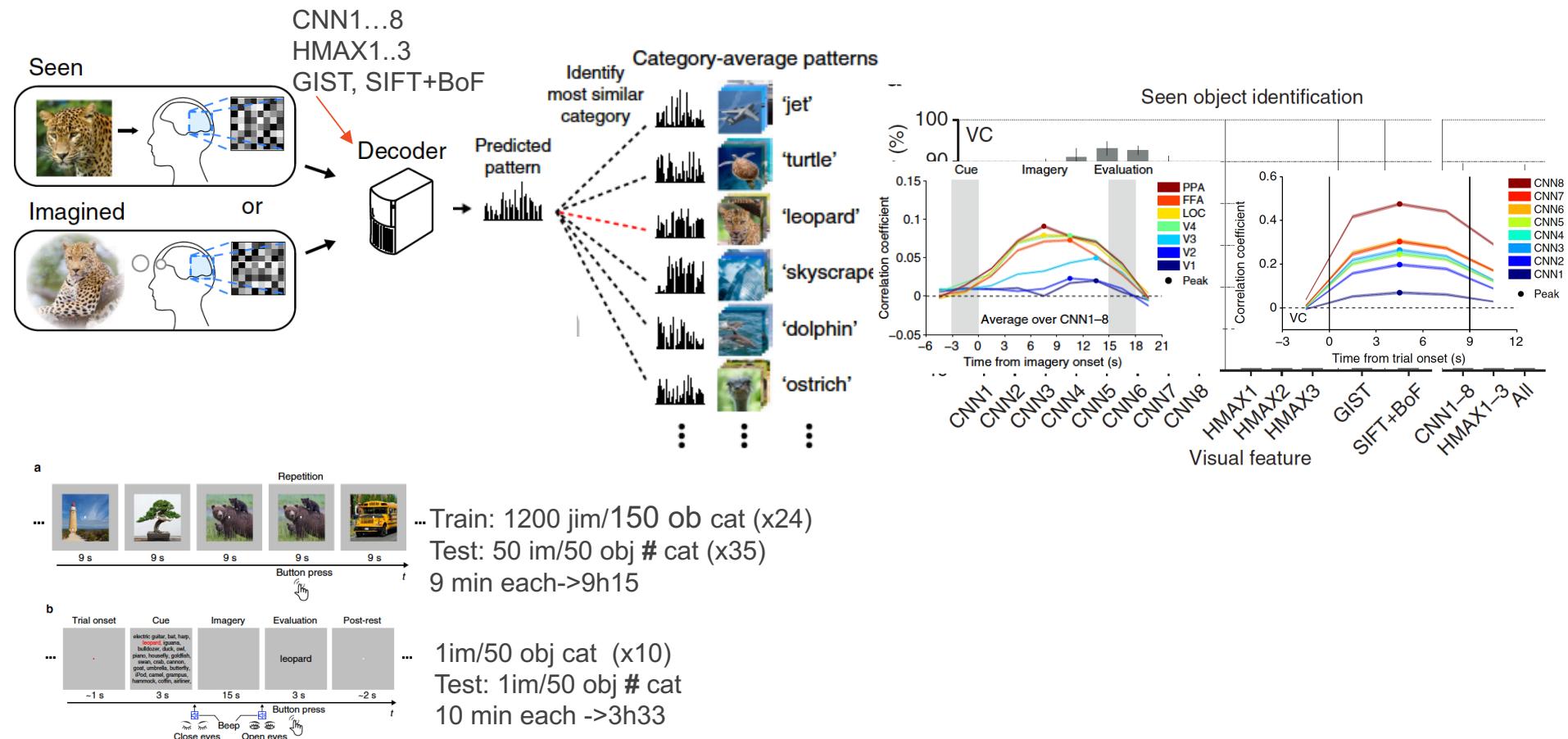
[Horikawa and Kamitani Nat Comm 2018]

# Decoding object arbitrary categories



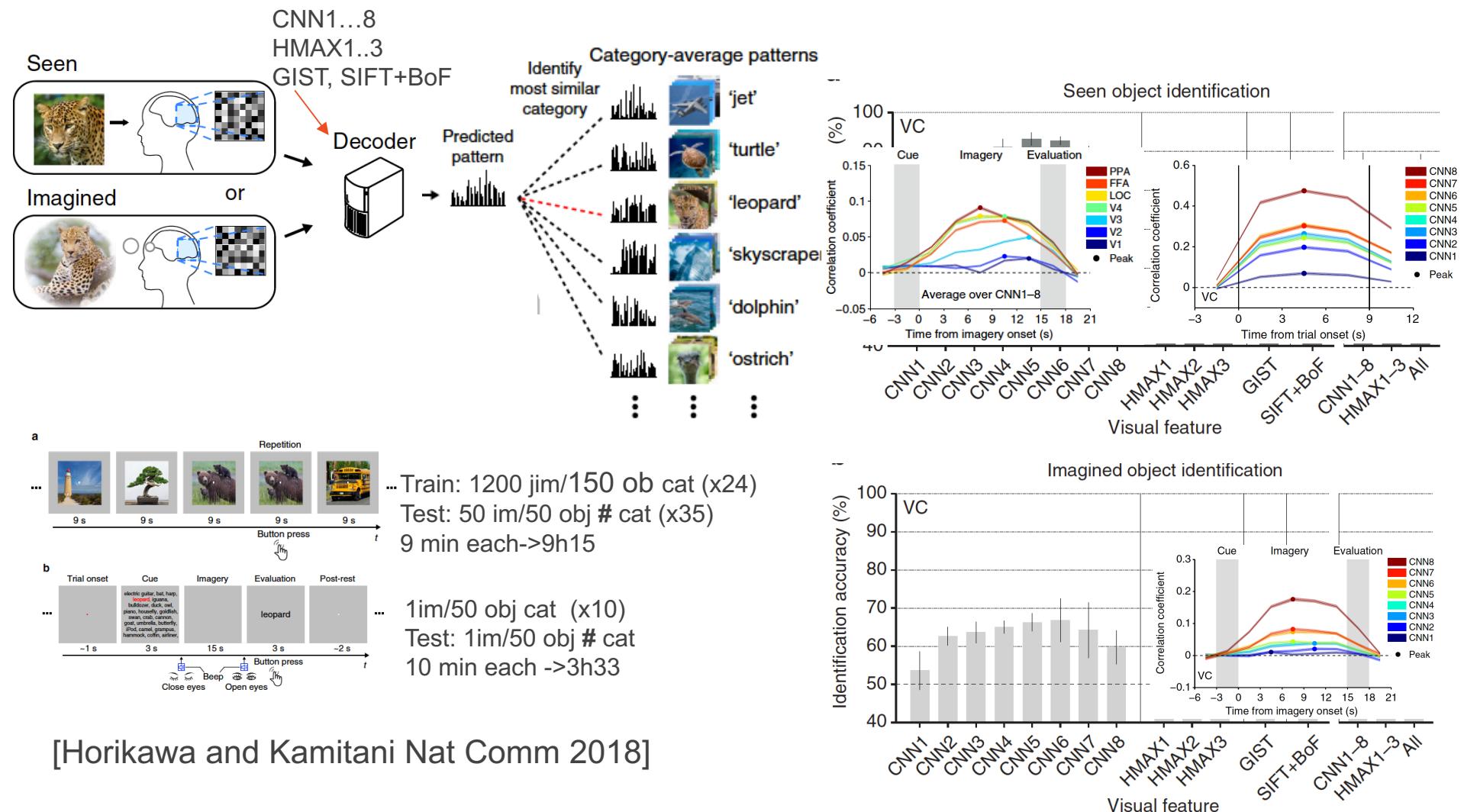
[Horikawa and Kamitani Nat Comm 2018]

# Decoding object arbitrary categories



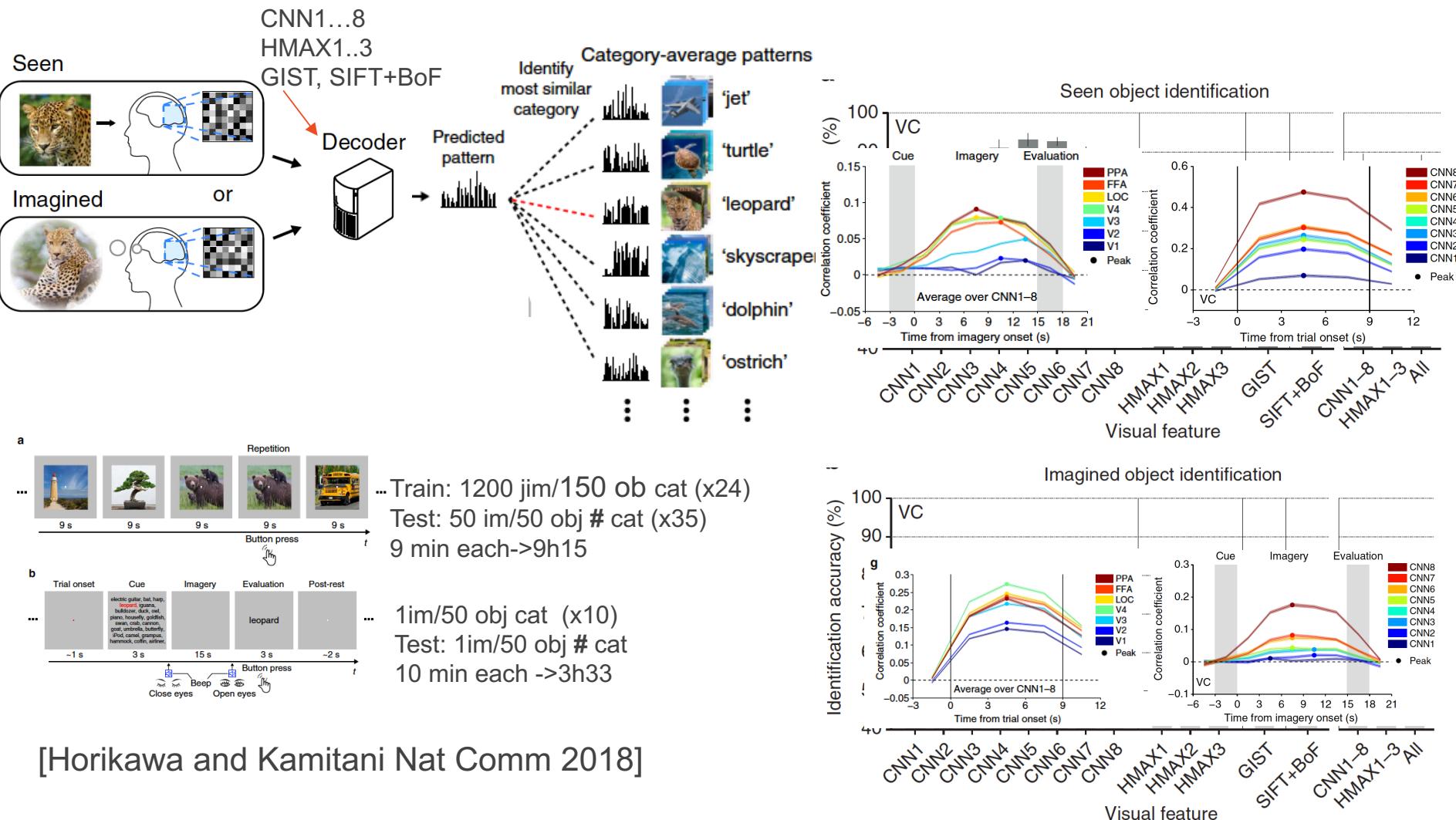
[Horikawa and Kamitani Nat Comm 2018]

# Decoding object arbitrary categories



[Horikawa and Kamitani Nat Comm 2018]

# Decoding object arbitrary categories



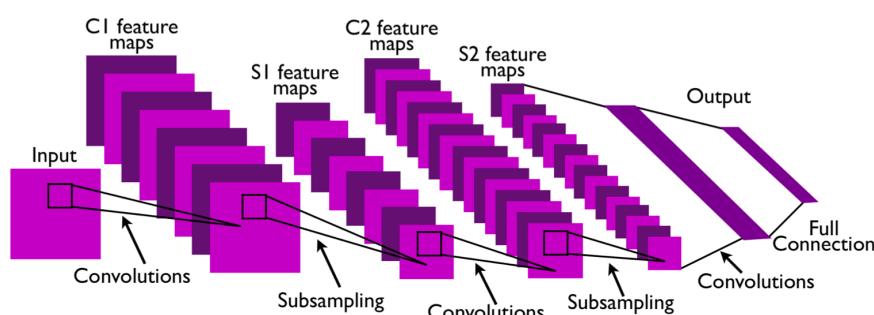
[Horikawa and Kamitani Nat Comm 2018]

# Synthesis

---

- Isomorphism CNN layers – Visual areas up to IT)
  - Coherency of internal DNN & neural representation (invasive & non invasive data, natural to movie stimuli, ventral - dorsal)
  - Internal representation similarity (imagined scenes)
  - Encoding (stimulus -> brain representation)
  - Decoding (brain representation -> stimulus)

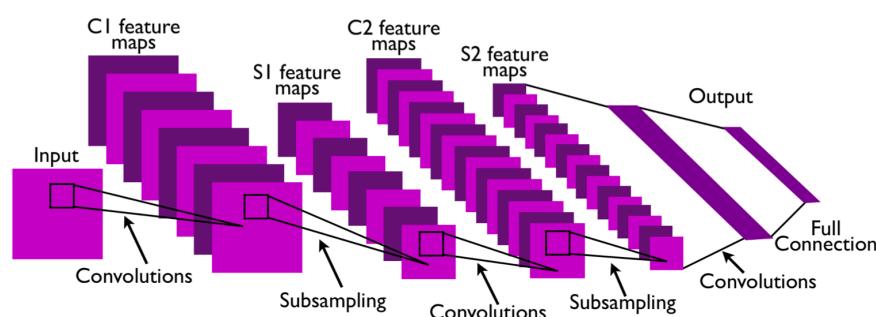
# CNN as a model of the visual system ...



[Lecun et al 2010]

- ✓ Receptive field
- ✓ Hierarchical model
- ✓ Max pooling
- ✓ Normalisation
- ✓ Isomorphism layers-areas
- ✓ **Feedbacks**
- ✓ **Layer2layer conn.**
- ✓ **Nb layers / nb areas**
- ✓ **Eye mvt**
- ✓ Magnitude factor
- ✓ Color
- ✓ Metamer
- ✓ Attention
- ✓ Local vs Global
- ✓ Perspective effects
- ✓ Learning
- ✓ Illusion - Hallucinations
- ✓ Adversarial example
- ✓ Sensor Fusion

# CNN as a model of the visual system ...

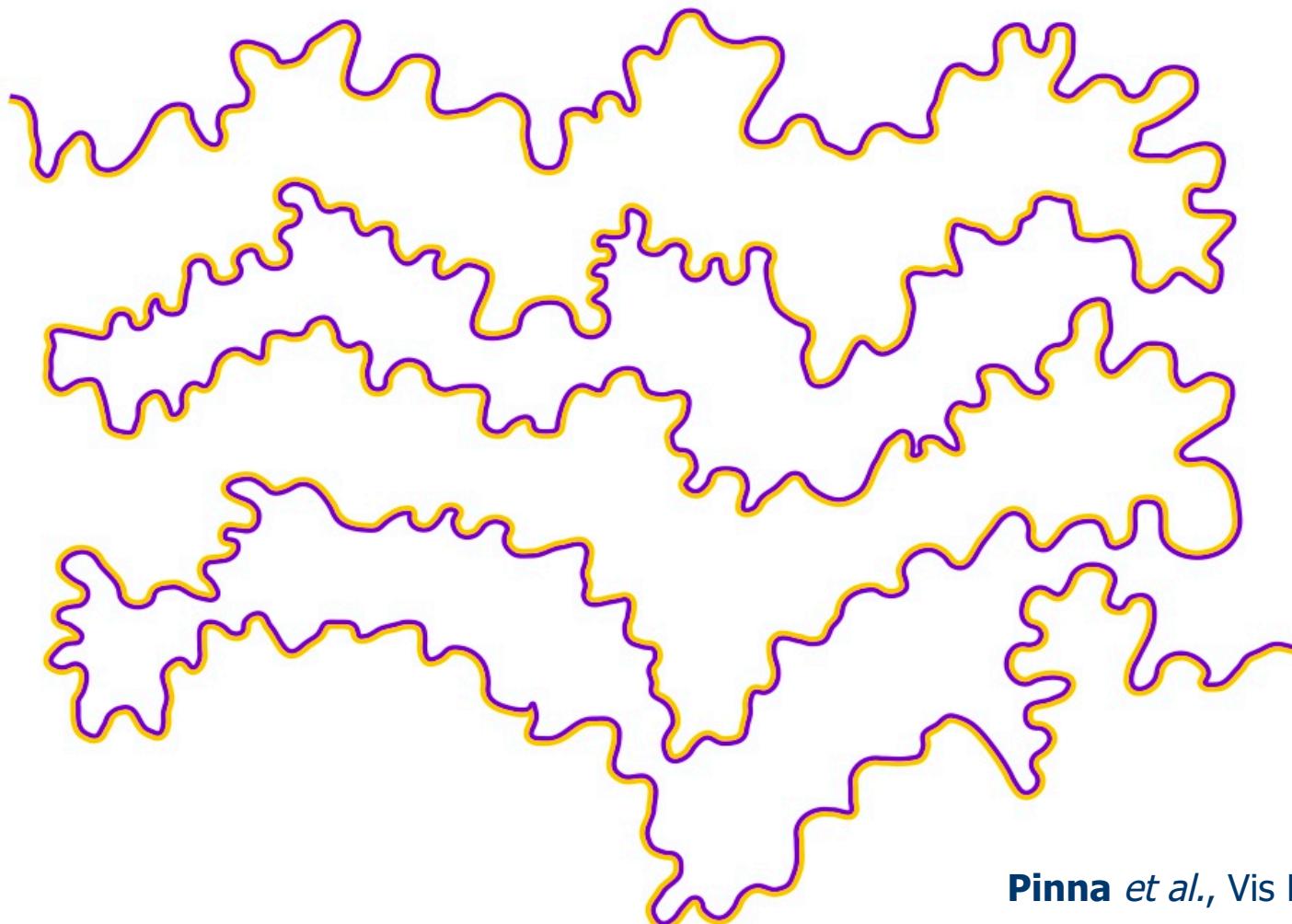


[Lecun et al 2010]

## CNN as a tool to probe specific situations

- ✓ Receptive field
- ✓ Hierarchical model
- ✓ Max pooling
- ✓ Normalisation
- ✓ Isomorphism layers-areas
- ✓ **Feedbacks**
- ✓ **Layer2layer conn.**
- ✓ **Nb layers / nb areas**
- ✓ **Eye mvt**
- ✓ Magnitude factor
- ✓ Color
- ✓ Metamer
- ✓ Attention
- ✓ Local vs Global
- ✓ Perspective effects
- ✓ Learning
- ✓ Illusion - Hallucinations
- ✓ Adversarial example
- ✓ Sensor Fusion

# Water color effect

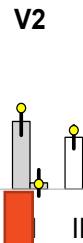
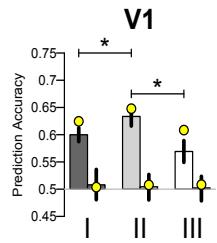


Pinna et al., Vis Res. 2001.

# Results

Gérardin et al. *Neuroimage*, 2018

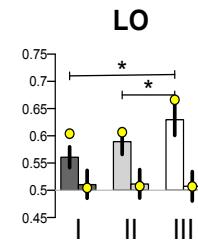
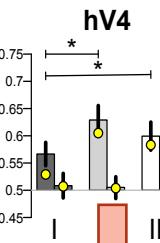
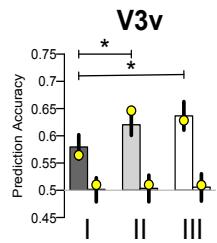
## Retinotopic areas



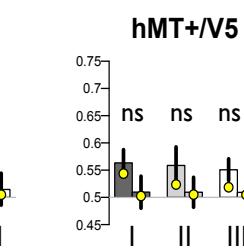
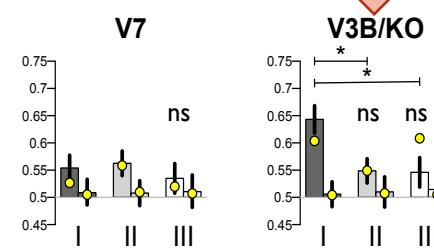
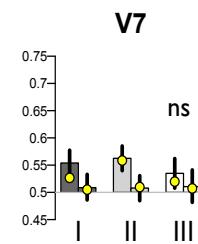
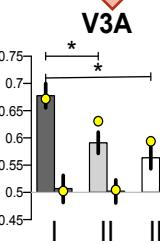
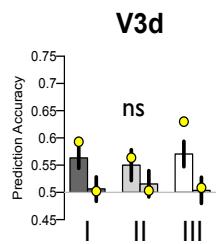
Legend:

- I: Edge-dependent vs Control
- II: Surface-dependent vs Control
- III: Surface-dependent vs Edge-dependent

## Ventral visual areas

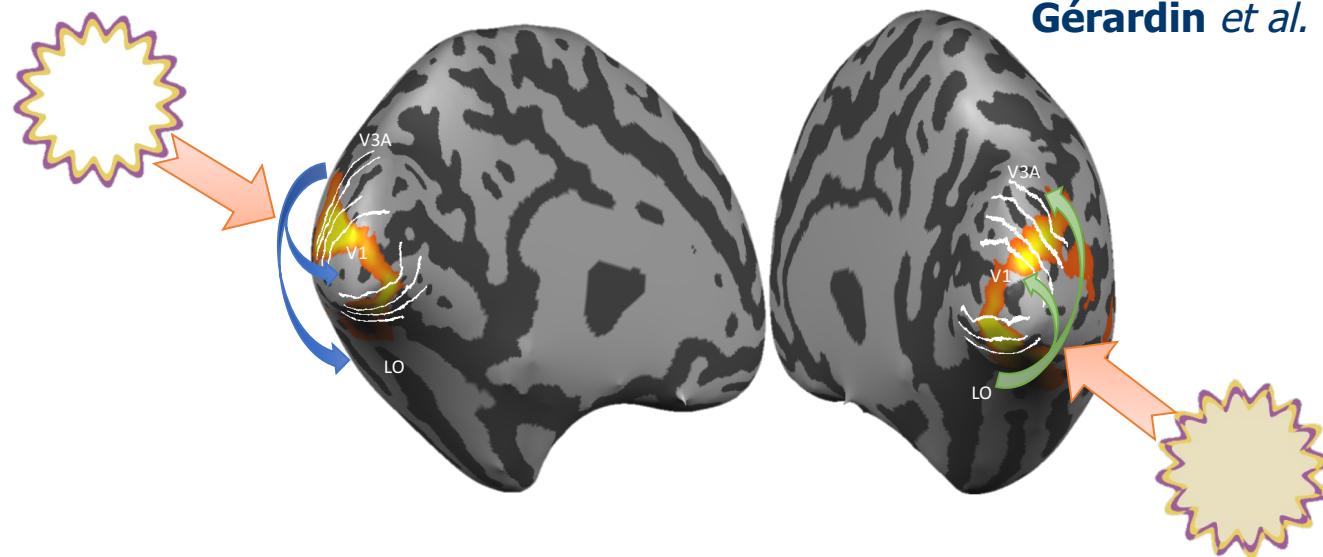


## Dorsal visual areas



Multi-Voxel Pattern Analysis (MVPA) from fMRI data.

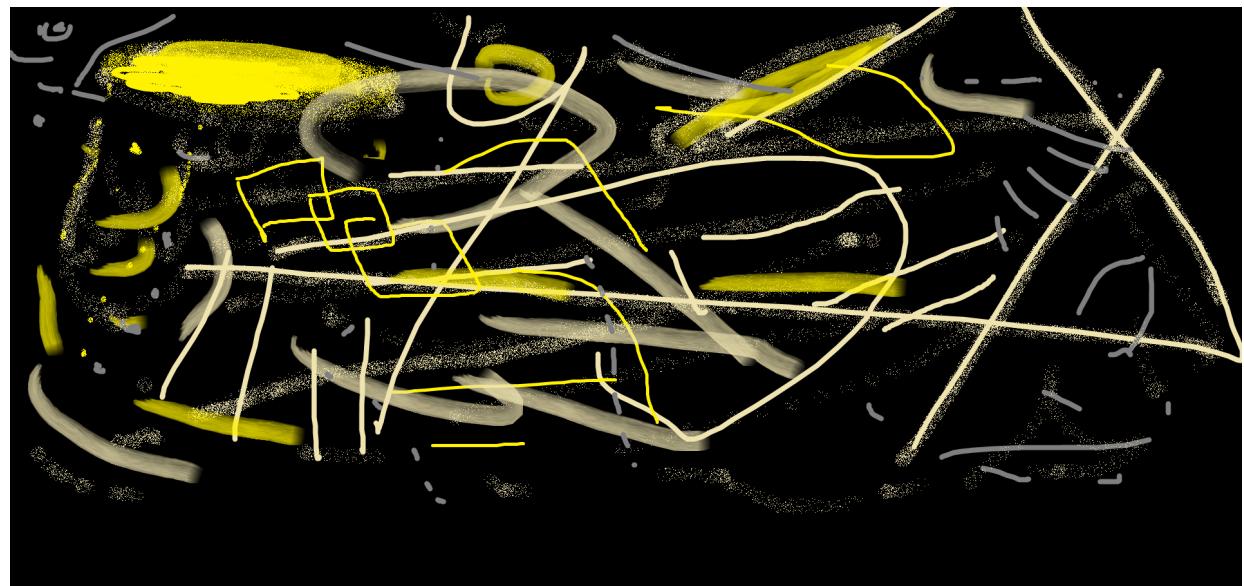
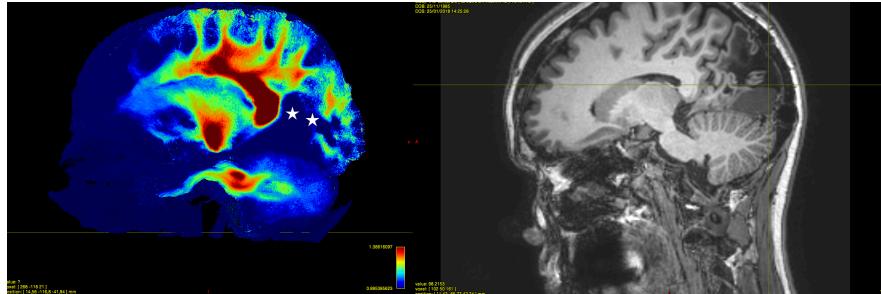
# Conclusion



Gérardin et al. *Neuroimage*, 2018

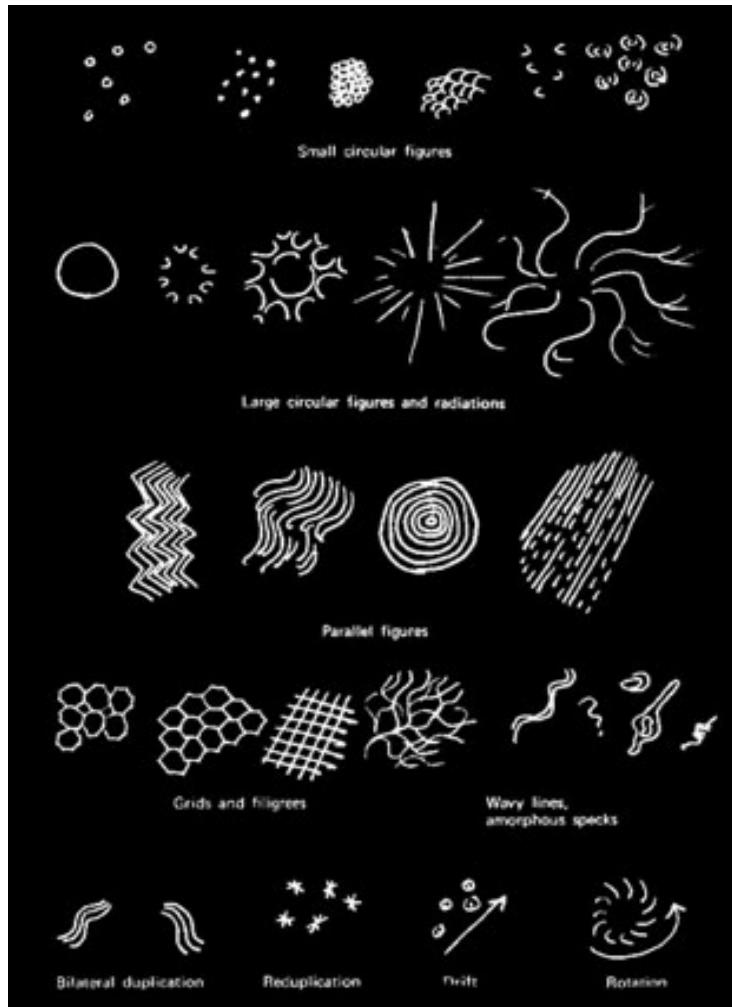
- **Filling-in is best classified and best correlate with appearance by dorsal areas V3A & V3B/KO**
- **Uniform chromaticity by ventral areas hV4 & LO**
- **Feedback modulation from V3A to V1 and LO for filling-in**
- **Feedback from LO modulating V1 and V3A for uniform chromaticity**

# Visual Hallucinations



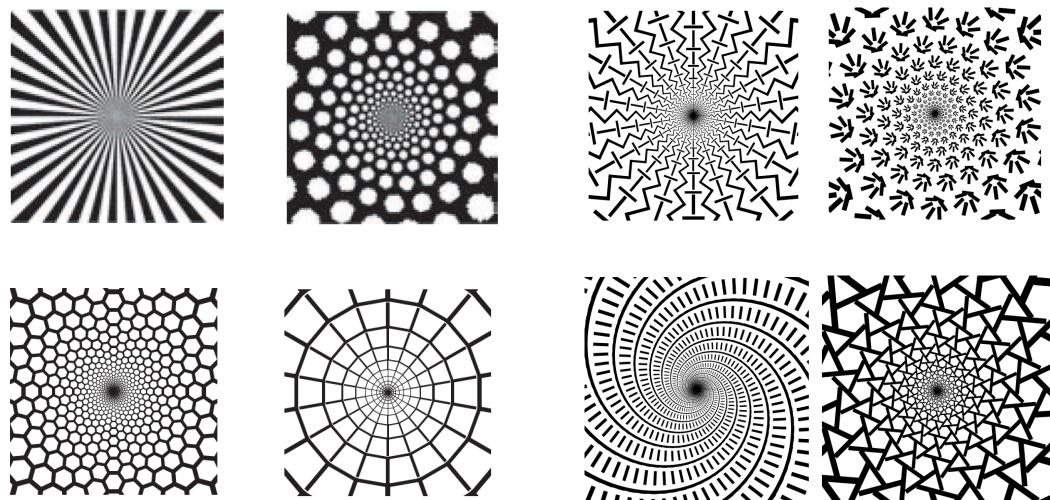
Passera et al HBM 2019

# Hallucinations: recurrent patterns



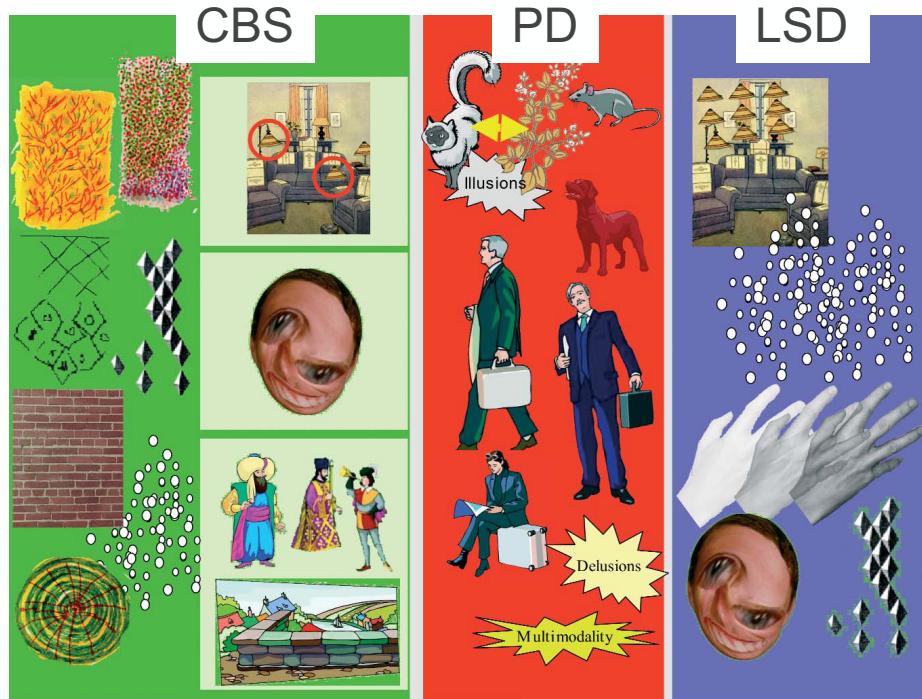
Klüver 1966

In V1



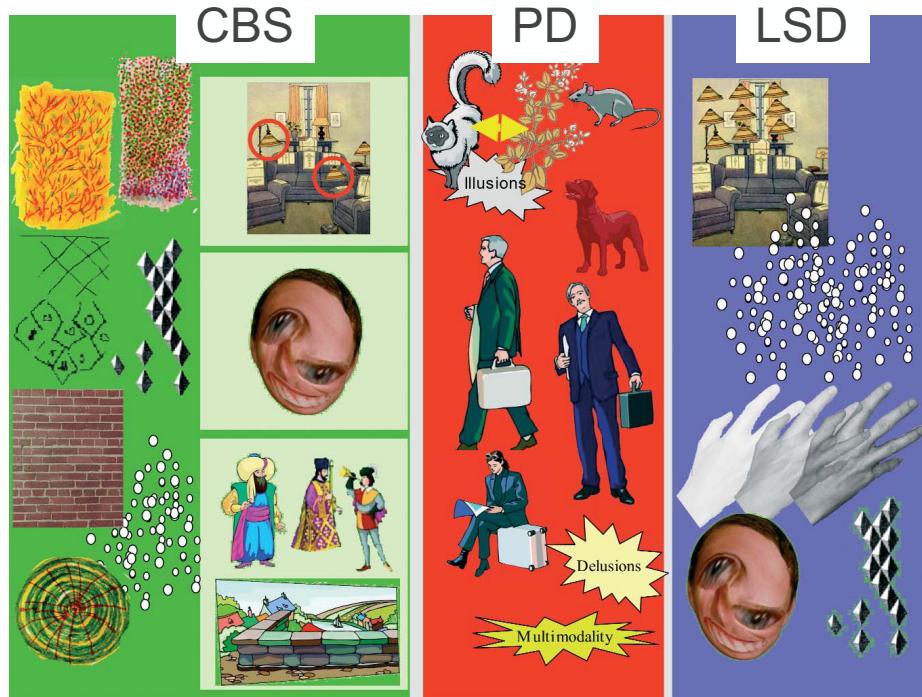
Bressloff et al. (Phil Trans R Soc Lond B 2001)

# Hallucinations

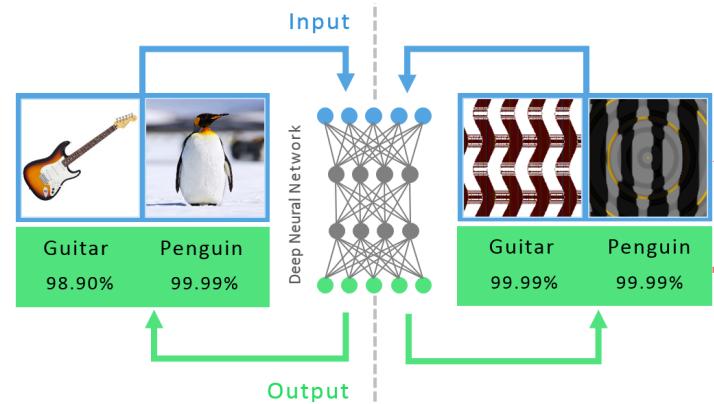


[Ffytche 2007 Dial Clin Neurosc]

# Hallucinations



[Ffytche 2007 Dial Clin Neurosc]



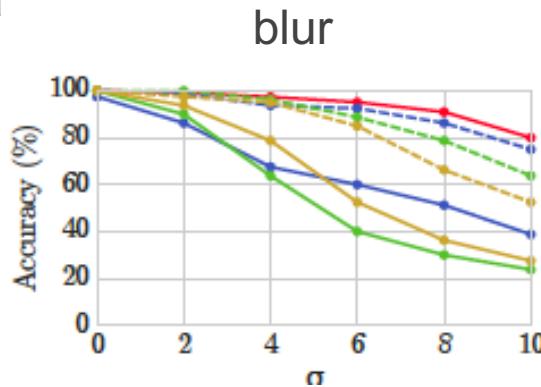
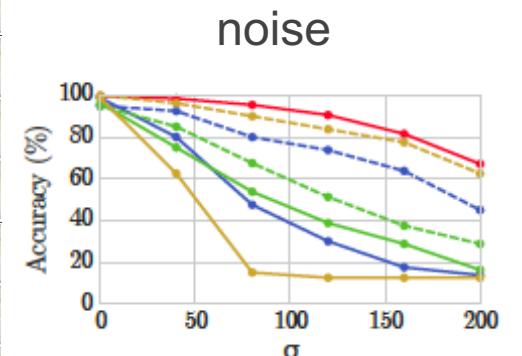
[Nguyen et al CVPR 2015]

# Hallucinations



[DeepDream.com](http://DeepDream.com)

# Nobody is perfect ...



[Dodge and Karam ICCV 2017]]

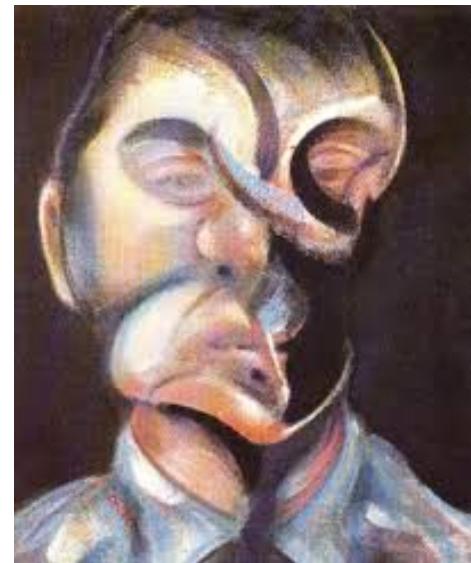
# Nobody is perfect ...



[Arcimboldo 1573]



[Dali 1941]



[Bacon 1972]

# Biological plausibility

NATURE VOL. 337 12 JANUARY 1989

COMMENTARY

129

## The recent excitement about neural networks

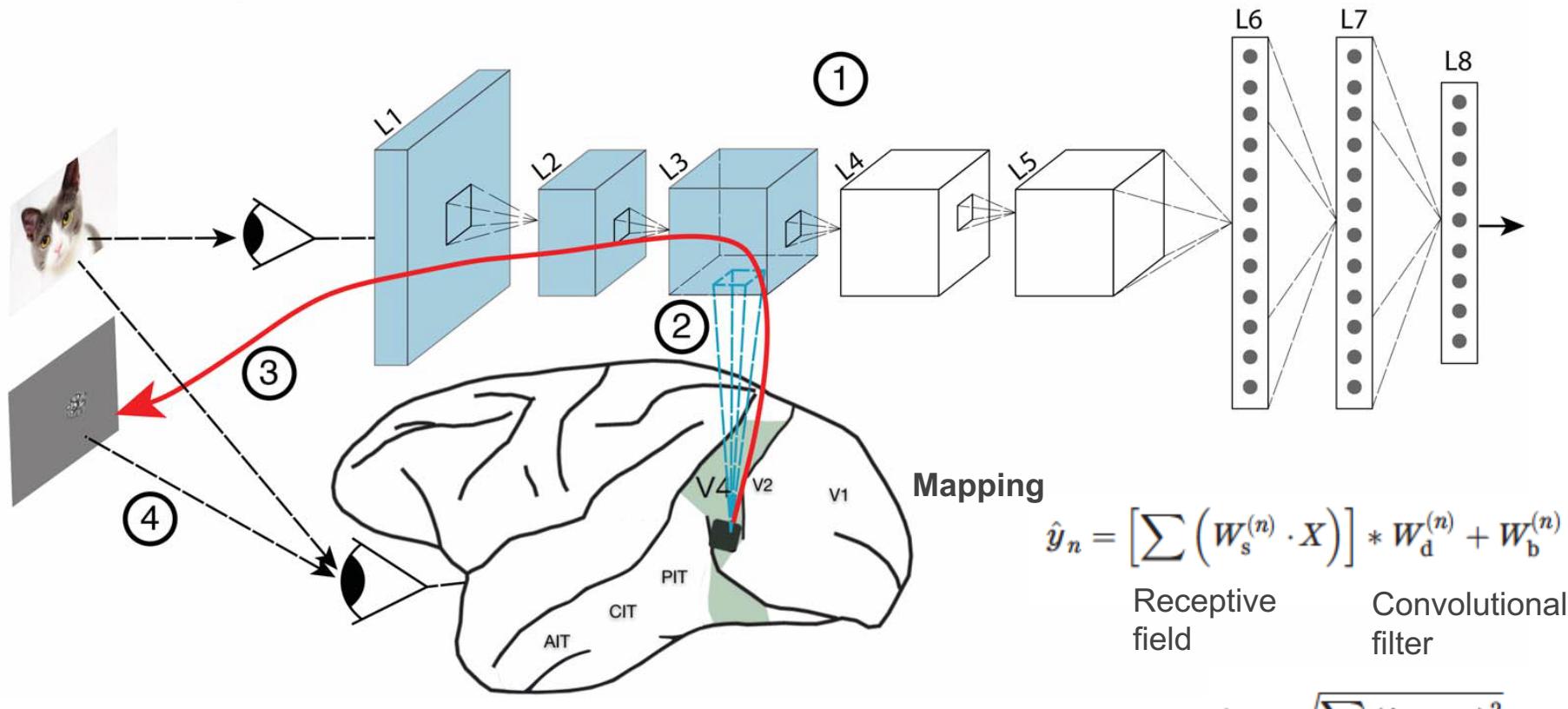
Francis Crick

*The remarkable properties of some recent computer algorithms for neural networks seemed to promise a fresh approach to understanding the computational properties of the brain. Unfortunately most of these neural nets are unrealistic in important respects.*

« BP model is not a model of a brain process » Grossberg 1987 Cog Sc

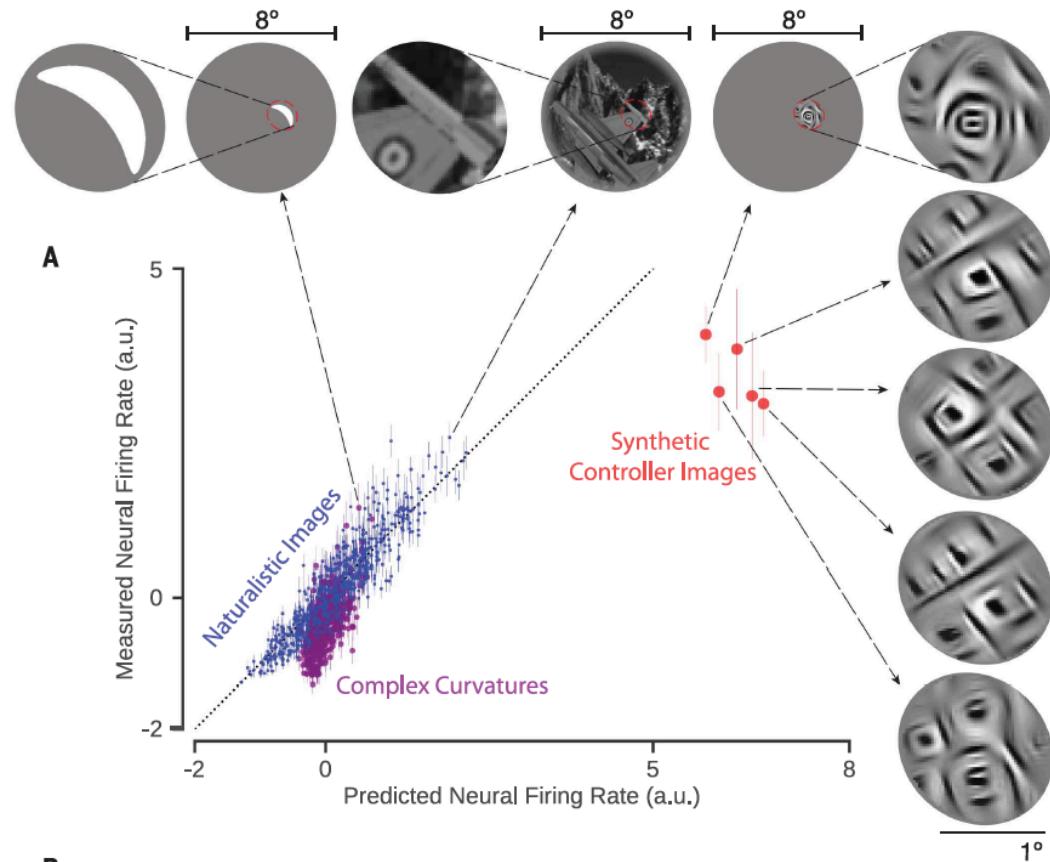
# Predicting behavior of visual neurons

To what extent are predictive deep learning models of neural responses useful for generating experimental hypotheses?

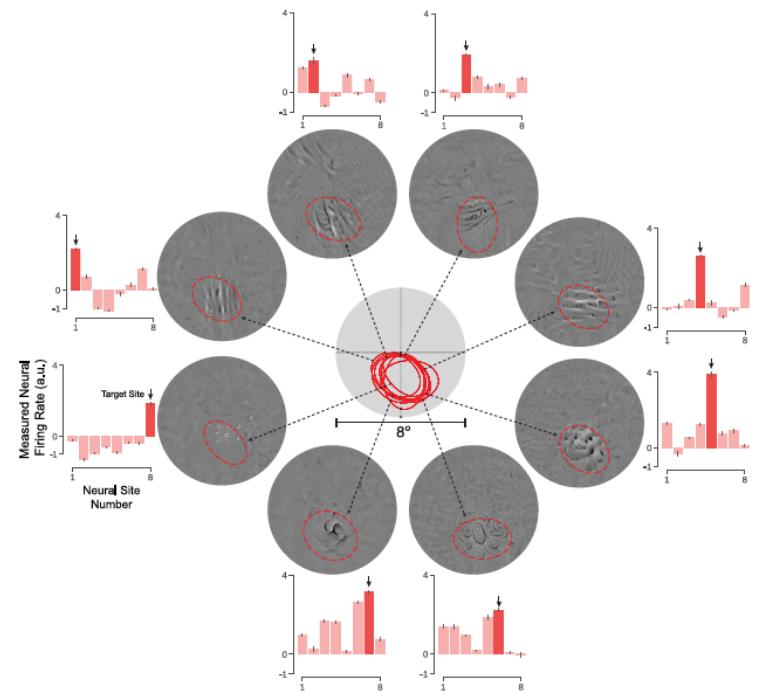
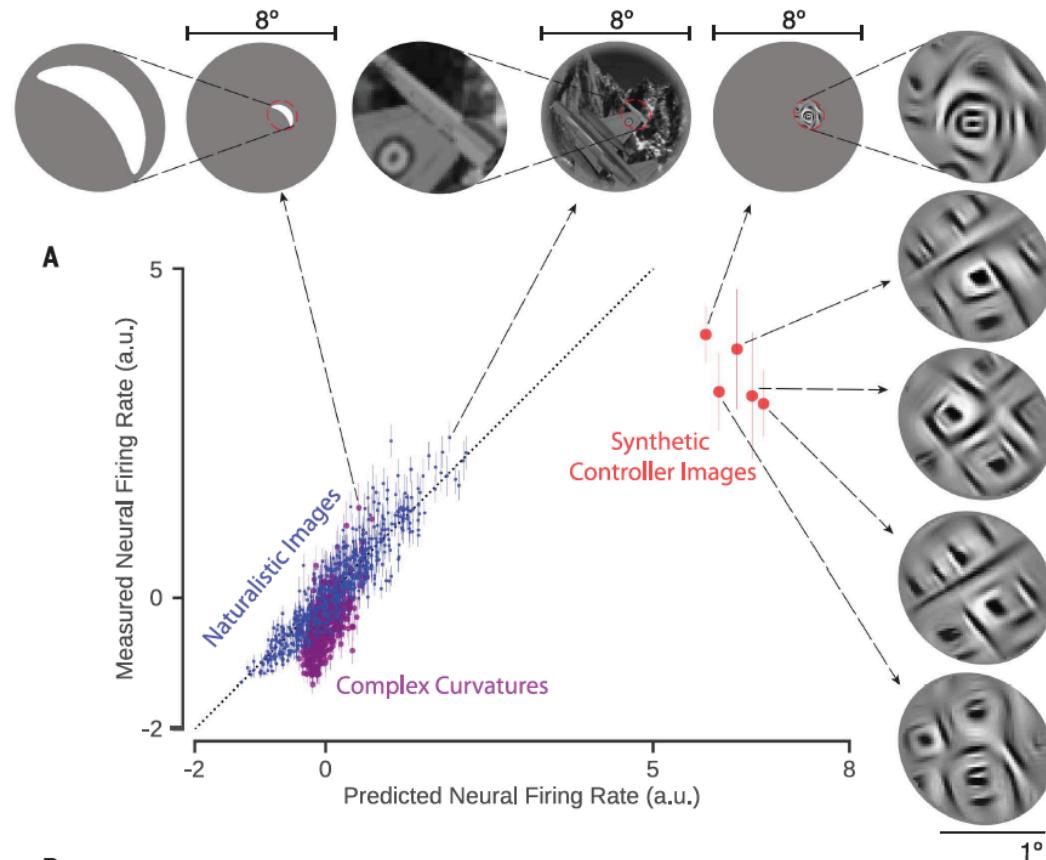


Bashivan et al. Science 2019

# Predicting behavior of visual neurons



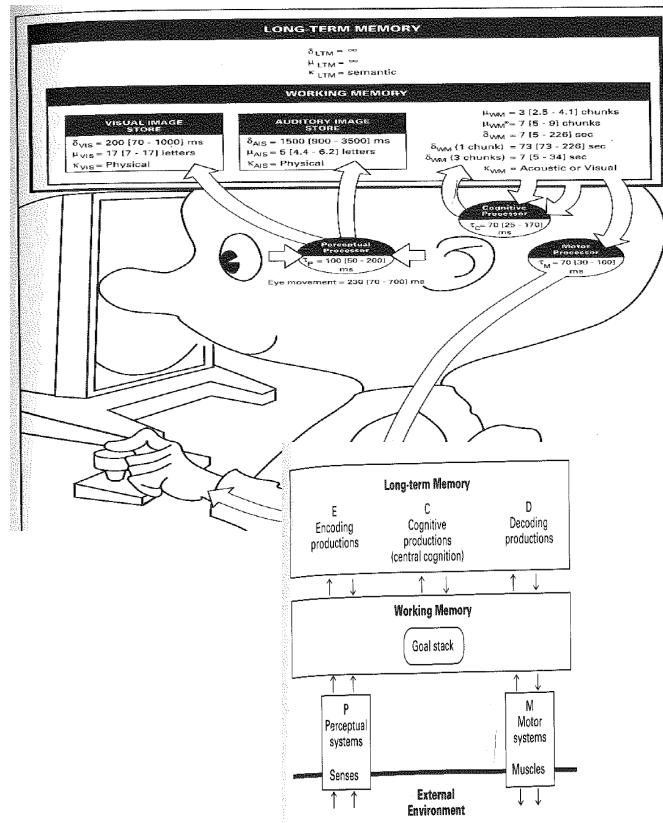
# Predicting behavior of visual neurons



Control of each neural site  
In V4

# Consciousness model

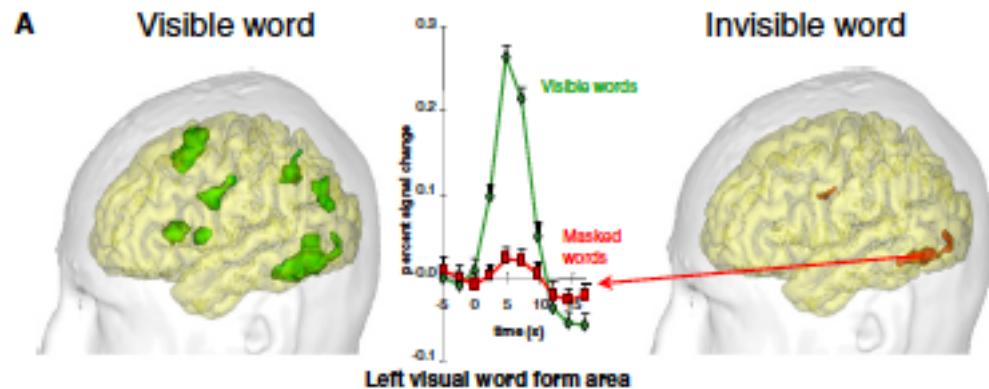
Soar:  
[Newell 1983, 92 ]



Global workspace theory  
[Baars 1988, 97, 2002]

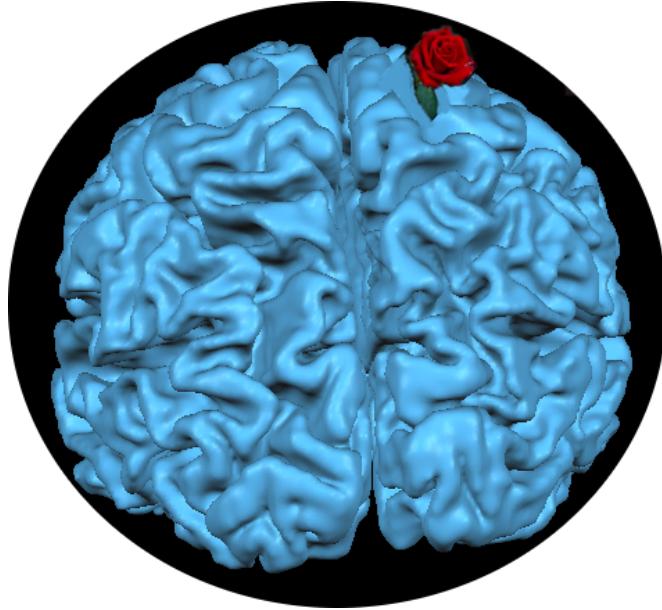


Global ignition  
[Dehaene 2003]



[Dehaene and Changeux Neuron 2011]

# CARMEN : Conscience Attention Représentation Mentale



**NeuroCoG**  
Univ. Grenoble Alpes

La Conscience dans tous ses  
états

**14th November 2019**



# Casting

@GIN

E. Barbier  
T. Christen  
M. Dojat  
B. Lemasson  
J. Warnking

C. Acquitter  
F. Boux  
L. Broche  
C. Brossard  
V. Kmetzsch  
V. Munoz-Ramirez



2 phd position  
(see gin website)



@collab.

S. Achard (Lig-Inria)  
F. Forbes (Lig-Inria)  
P. Coupé (Labri)

@miai

PIXYL  
[pixyl.ai](http://pixyl.ai)