SEED MARKETS: REACHING SMALLHOLDERS IN AFRICA

Focus on the Customer

Louise Sperling

PURDUE, Discussion notes 9/26/2018





Clients in drought-prone zones



In Drought Zones

- Low harvest
- High incidence of 'disaster'
- Remote



Clients: malnourished-/undernourished



Undernourished

- Mostly small-scale farmers /plots
- Low purchasing power
- Diets geared to 'cheap' calories



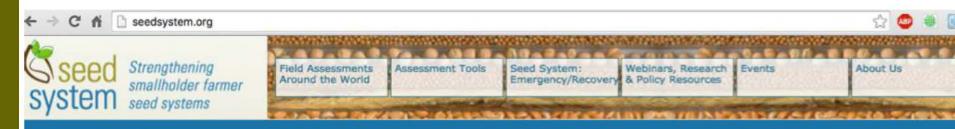
Where so smallholders actually source their seed ?

Seed System Security Assessments:

Global N=15,744 transactions Africa N=10,684 transactions

SSSA Country (Africa only)	Date	
Malawi	2011	
Kenya	2011	
DR Congo (Katanga)	2012	
South Sudan	2010	
Zimbabwe	2009	
Zambia	2013	
Madagascar	2013	
Ethiopia	2016	
DR Congo	2017	
(Kasai Oriental)		
Burundi	2017	
Zimbabwe	2017	

http://seedsystem.org



SeedSystem.org provides practical ('how-to') guidance and strategic thinking to help professionals design seed-related assistance. We aim to foster productive, resilient, and market-oriented seed systems, even in times of emergency and chronic stress.



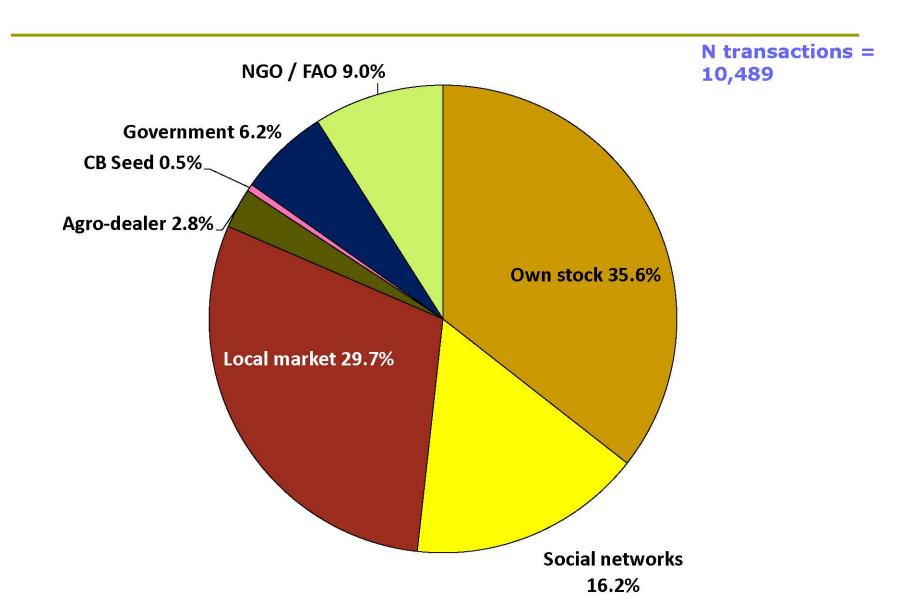
Seed System Development

Practical options for supporting the Informal & formal seed systems smallholder farmers actually use,

See Field Assessments & Action Plans

photo credit: j.c. rubyogo/cial

Seed sources of all crops: Africa



Seed markets

Informal/local seed markets



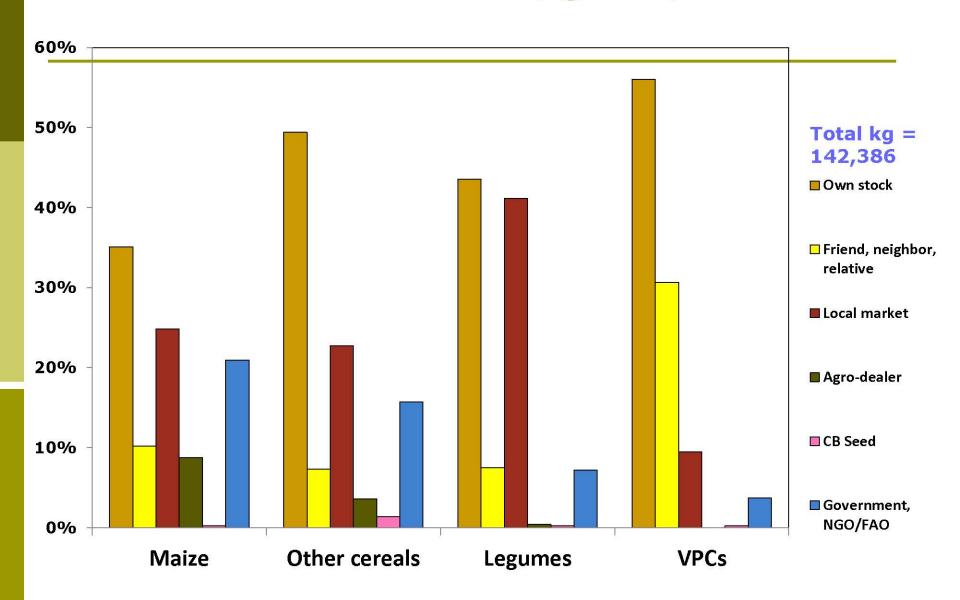
Many crops: cereals , legumes

Agro-dealers/ seed companies

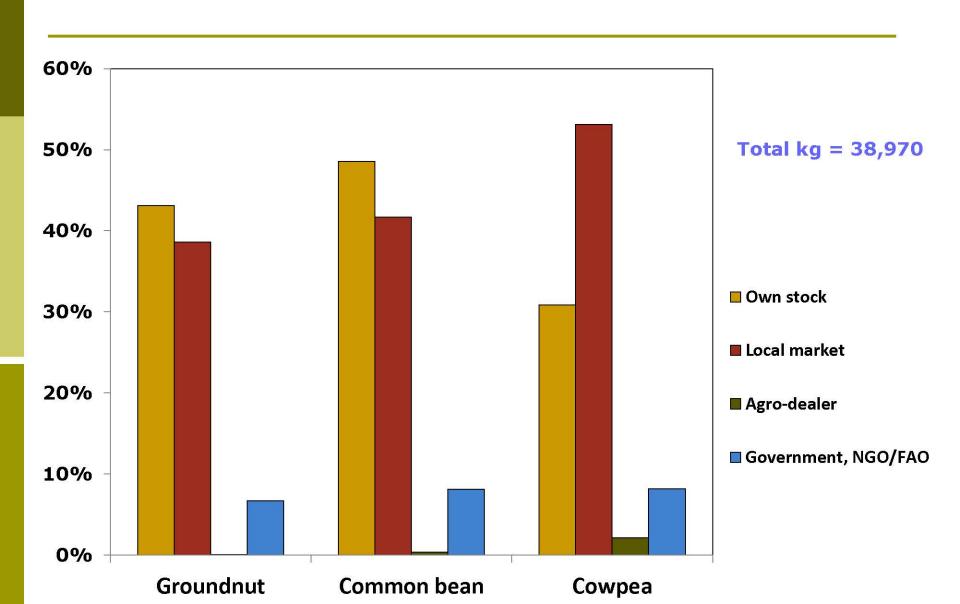


Maize, vegetable seed

Seed sources of key crop groups at African sites (kg-basis)



Seed sources of key legumes

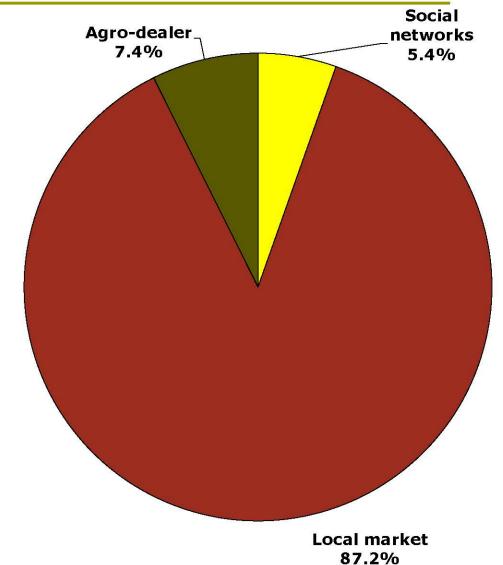


Means of seed access (transactions)

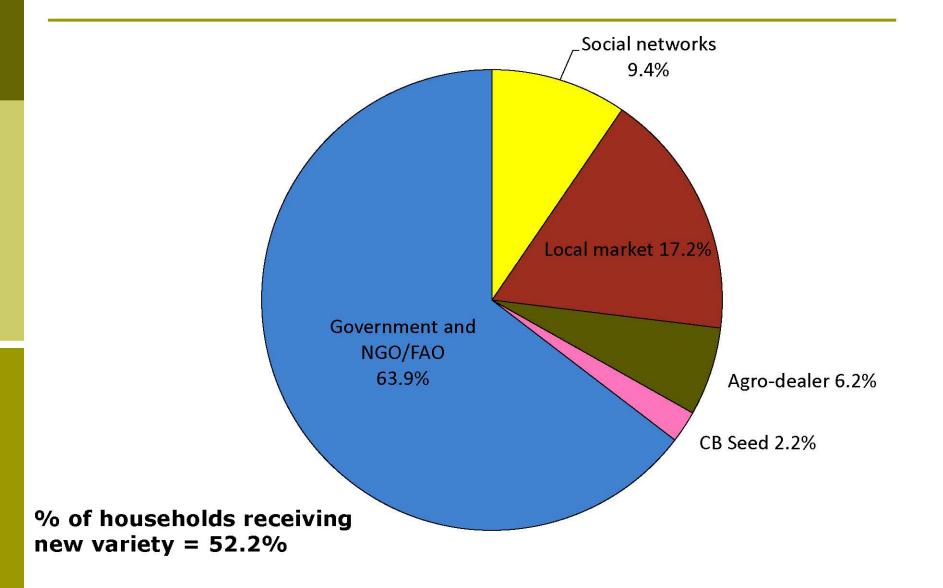
Means of seed access	All crops		Excluding VPCs	
	N	%	N	%
Saved from own stock	3,732	35.1%	3,176	33.9%
Exchange	110	1.0%	105	1.1%
Gift	1,360	12.8%	940	10.0%
Buy	3,824	36.0%	3,654	39.0%
Vouchers	141	1.3%	133	1.4%
Direct seed distribution	1,117	10.5%	1,054	11.2%
Seed Ioan	223	2.1%	200	2.1%
Food aid	23	0.2%	20	0.2%
Money credit	9	0.1%	8	0.1%
Other	21	0.2%	20	0.2%
Casual labor	60	0.6%	60	0.6%
Total	10,620	100.0%	9,370	100.0%

Main sources of purchased seed

	N	
Seed sources	transactions	%
Social networks	191	5.4%
Local market	3,079	87.2%
Subtotal	3,270	92.6%
Agro-dealer	260	7.4%
Total kg	3,530	100.0%



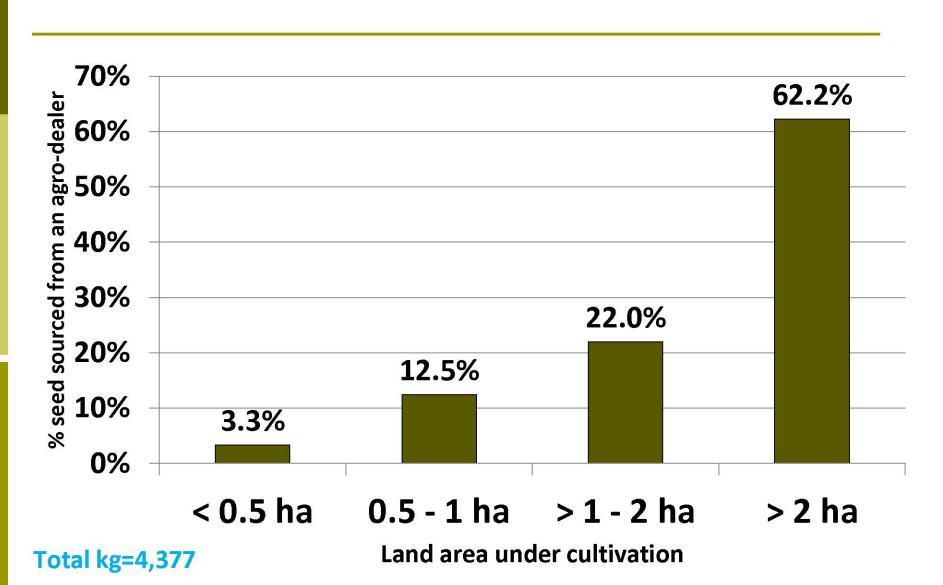
Sources of new varieties (n=2518)



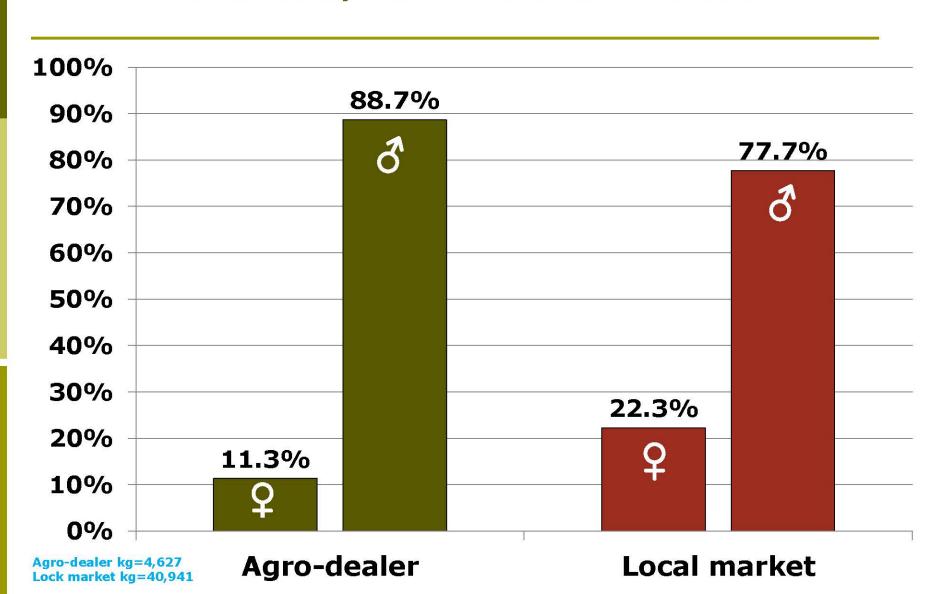
Seed purchased from agrodealers: Crops

Crop	N transactions	%
Maize	174	66.9%
Cotton	23	8.8%
Green Grams	12	4.6%
Mustard	12	4.6%
Cowpea	11	4.2%
Common beans	6	2.3%
Sunflower	6	2.3%
Sorghum	3	1.2%
Soya bean	3	1.2%
Wheat	3	1.2%
Groundnut/peanut	2	0.8%
Bok choi	2	0.8%
Millets	1	0.4%
Sesame	1	0.4%
Barley	1	0.4%

Seed sourced from an agro-dealer, stratified by land area under cultivation



Market-based seed sources, stratified by sex of the household head



SUMMARY Smallholder Seed Data (2)

Sources

- Main sources across crops: own stocks and local markets
- ✓ Community-based--- 'invisible'
- ✓ Agro-dealers- 2.8% overall only real impact- maize
- ✓ Local markets- key for most crops, especially legumes
 - → Need differentiated seed sector source strategy, depending on crop

Transactions

- Buying! Most common way to get seed- buying!
- ✓ Current buying source: #1 local market;#2 neighbors #3 agrodealers

New varieties

- ✓ Over 50% HH got new varieties
- ✓ Free!

SUMMARY Smallholder Seed Data (2)

Agro-dealers/ (Seed Companies)

- ✓ Overwhelming used for maize
- ✓ Overwhelming used by those with larger land areas
- ✓ Possible (??) bias linked to use of household head by gender

- → We need to do much better (crop by crop)
- → There is LOTS of opportunity. Farmers ARE buying

Moving forward toward reaching more smallholders key questions

- What are the options for extending 'Last Mile Delivery' (sale)
 - 1. Bundling (other products)?
 - Non-seed outlets (rural kiosks?)
 - 3. Private service providers?
- What are specific strategies for moving climate-smart crops/varieties ('to stressed areas')

3. What are specific strategies for moving nutritionally-enhanced crops/varieties ('to malnourished')



www.seedsystem.org

