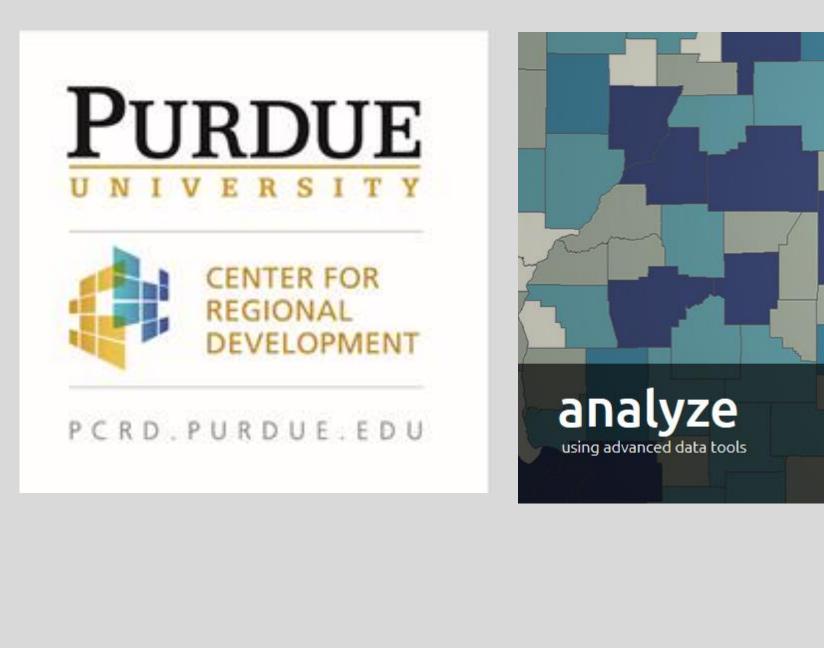
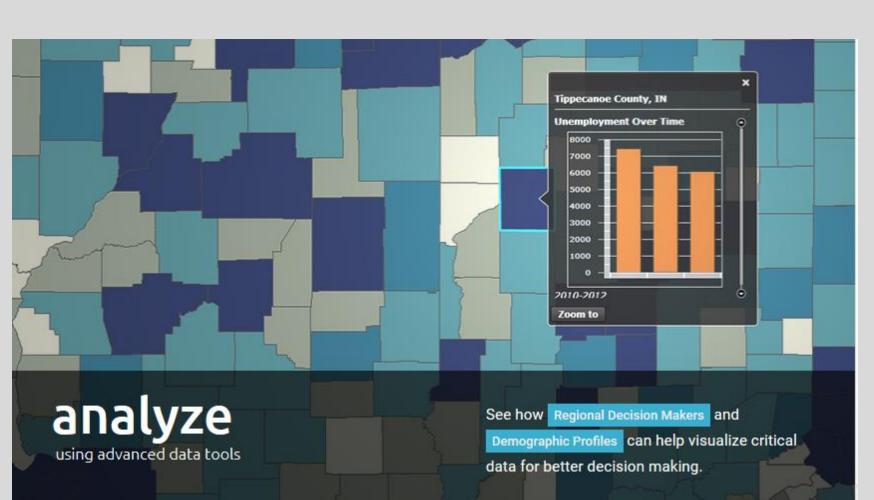
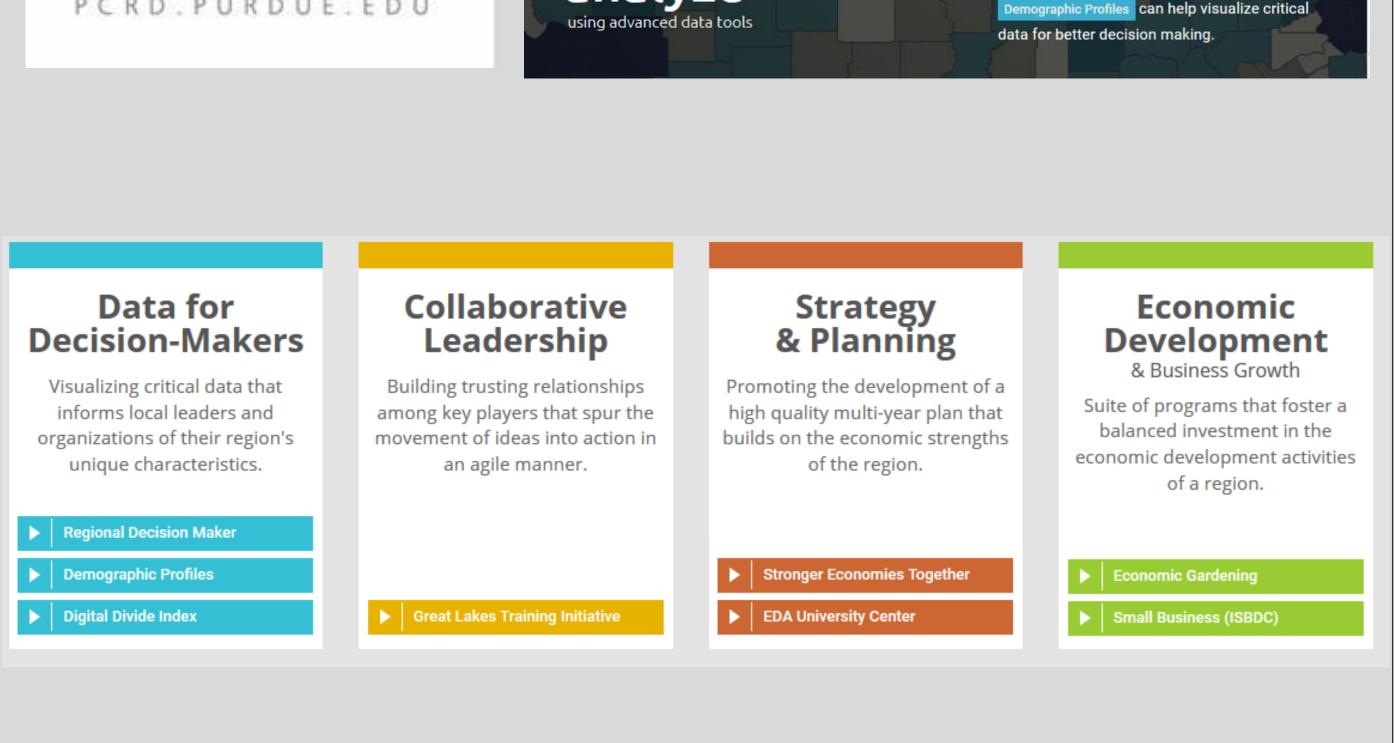
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# Harmonized Space-Time Data and Measures: A Study of Race, Ethnicity and Poverty

Center for Regional Development



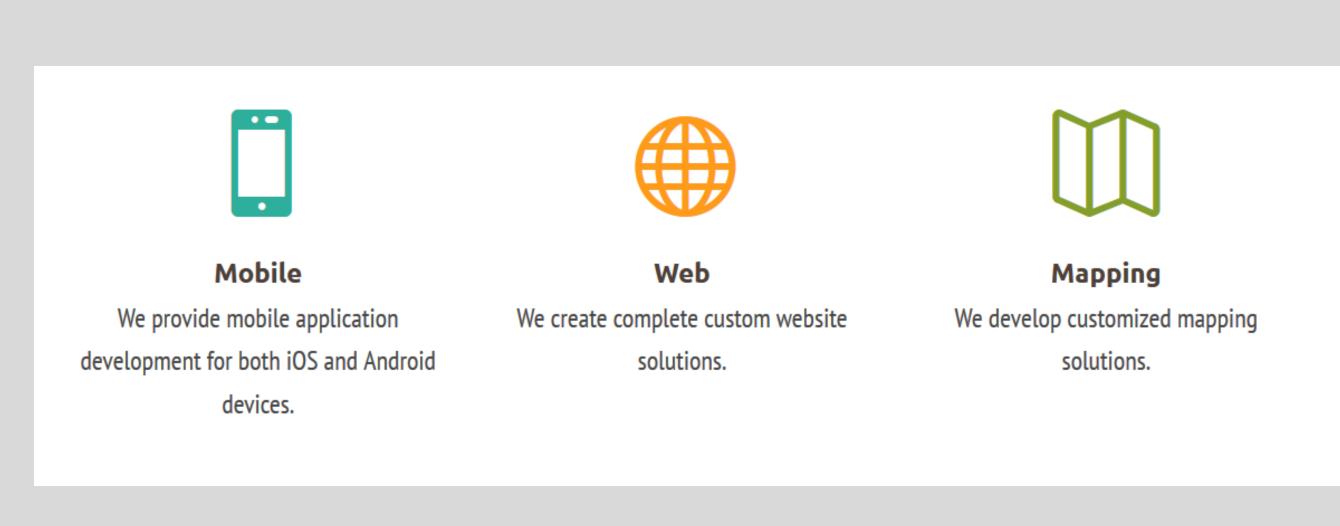


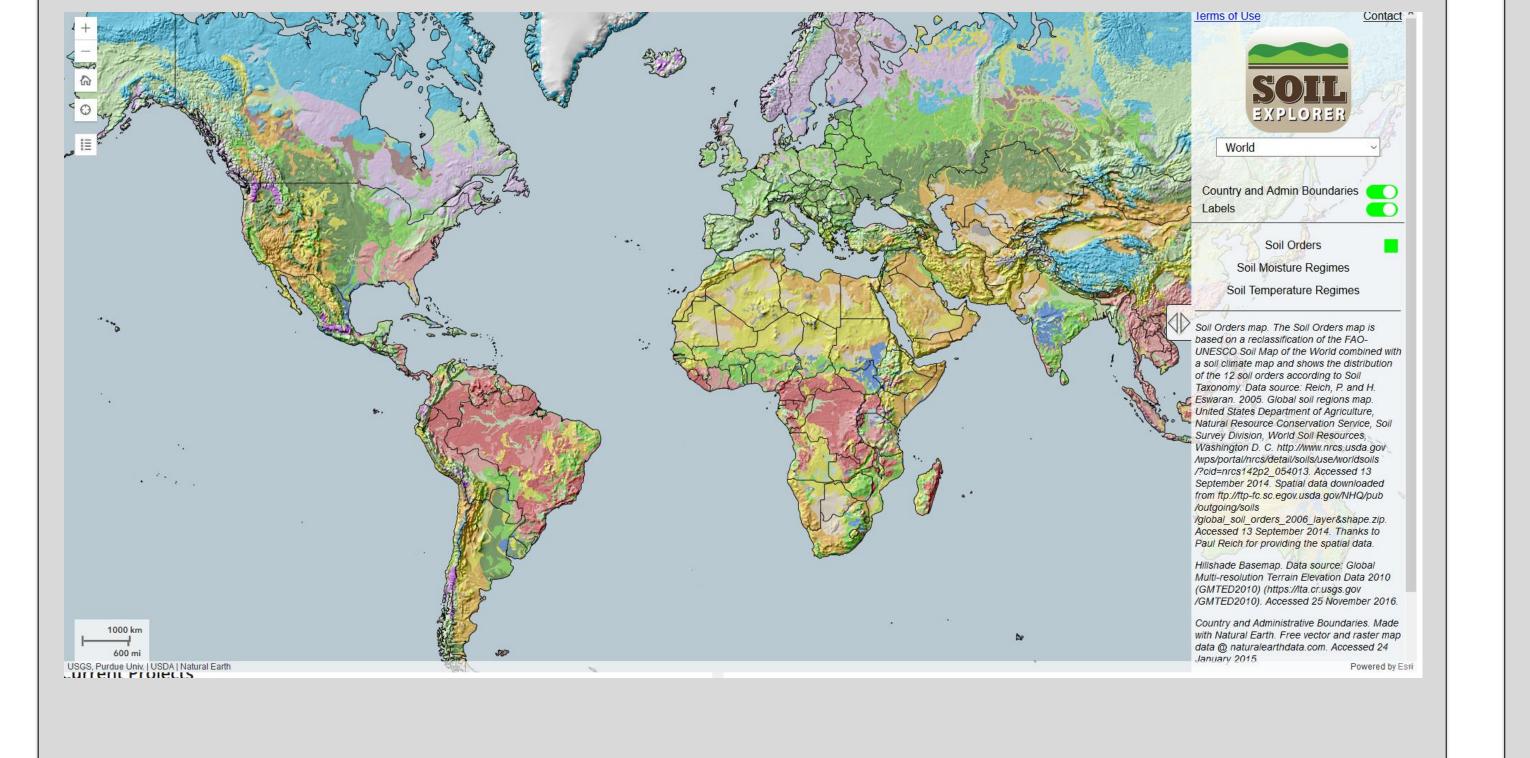


### SoilExplorer: https://soilexplorer.net/

Center for Environmental and Regulatory Information Systems (CERIS) Prof. Darrell Schulze, Agronomy

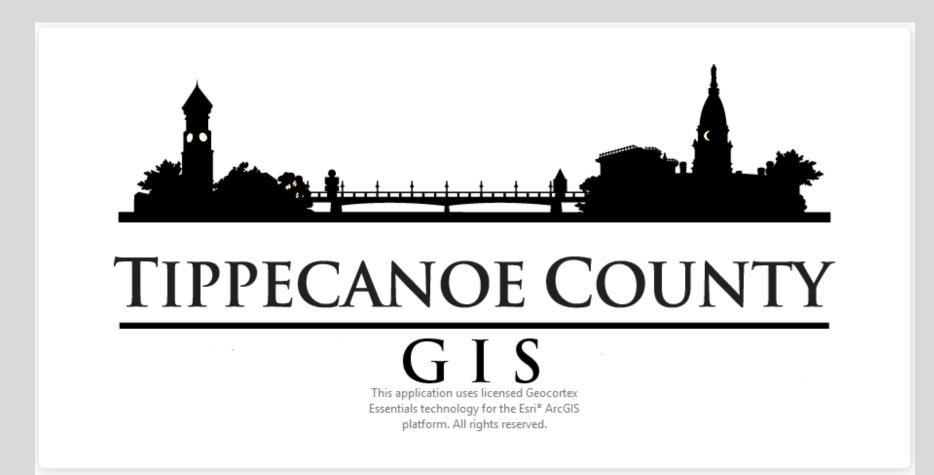




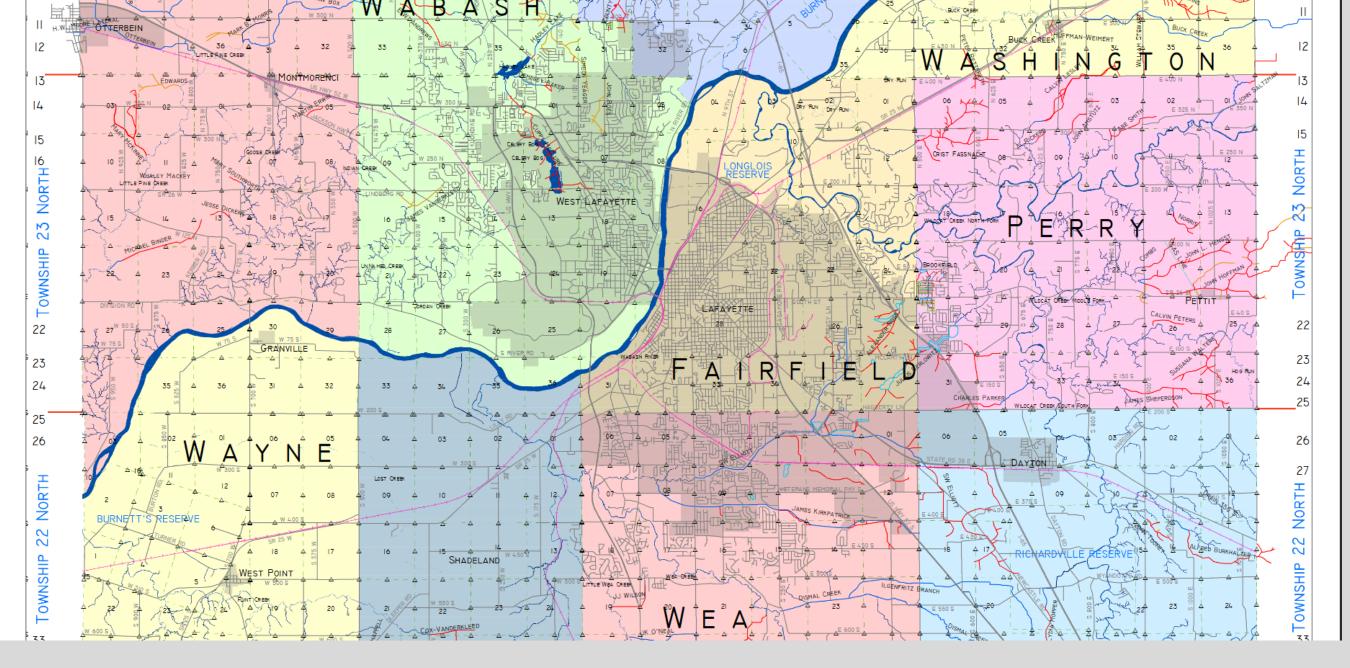


## Tippecanoe County GIS & Maps

Mark Ehle, GIS Administrator







### Harmonized Space-Time Data and Measures: A Study of Race, Ethnicity and Poverty

Andriy Zhalnin Indraneel Kumar Benjamin St.Germain

This presentation looks into the spatial harmonization techniques or how to account for changing geographies at the sub-county level, primarily using the U.S. Census Bureau Data. In support through a collaborative project between Purdue University and the Economic Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, we have spatially harmonized more than 2,000 socioeconomic variables for nearly 72,000 tracts and 3,100 counties for various decades between 1970 and 2010. For a set of consistently defined variables, not only we have developed spatially harmonized data for the five decennial census, but also developed annual interpolations for four decades. The database provides a unique opportunity to study spatial and temporal socioeconomic processes in various regions of the U.S. The presentation demonstrates ArcGIS Pro based visualization techniques of complex spatiotemporal data based on space-time data cube analysis on the examples from Chicago, Detroit, and Indianapolis areas. The objective of the research is to understand the spatial characteristics of poverty. We will demonstrate how harmonized data can be used in real applications using an example of the recent Story Map developed by the PCRD on behalf of the North Central Regional Center for Rural Development, covering the U.S. Midwest.