Quantifying and Visualizing Agricultural Land Use Rate of Change along the Wasatch Front, Utah

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10 APRIL 2019

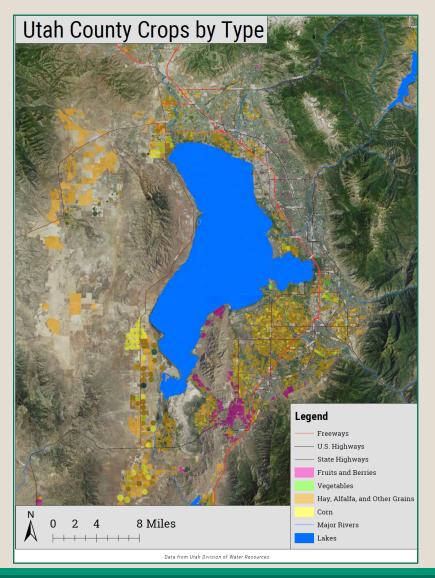
Outline > Context > Project > Methods

Results

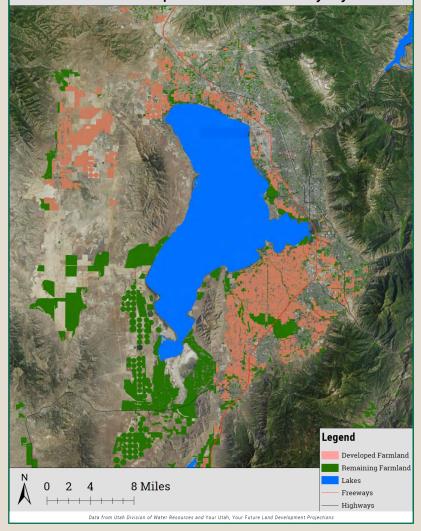
Outline for Today

- Brief historical Context.
- Purpose and Objectives for this Project.
- Methods to completing this project.
- A selection of **Results**.

Outline **Context Project Methods Results**



Farmland Developed in Utah County by 2050



Source: Bryce, Calvin Crandall, Evan Curtis, and Kalei Robbins. "Utah County Agriculture Toolbox Stakeholders," 2016, 73.

WHY AGRICULTURE MATTERS TO UTAHNS Survey participants were asked to allocate 100 points across these outcomes based on which they considered most important. 20% 19% 23% Ensuring Utahns can eat Maintaining the open Improving Utah's food selflocally grown food space provided by farms sufficiency and ranches 12% 17% 8% Improving rural Utah's Maintaining Utah's Allowing agricultural land and water agricultural heritage to convert through market forces to economy higher-paying uses like houses and businesses

Project

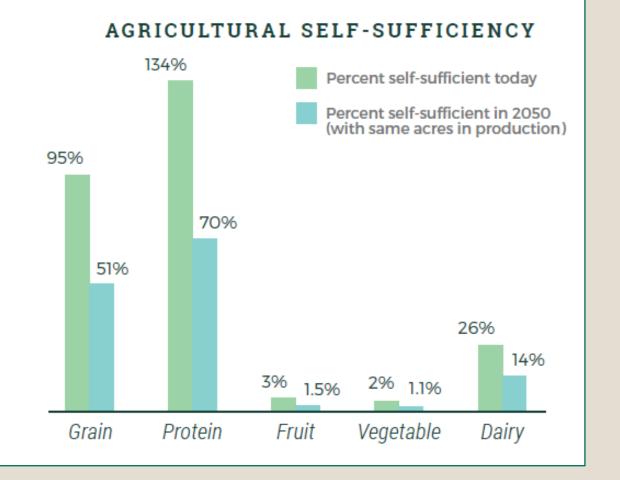
>Methods >

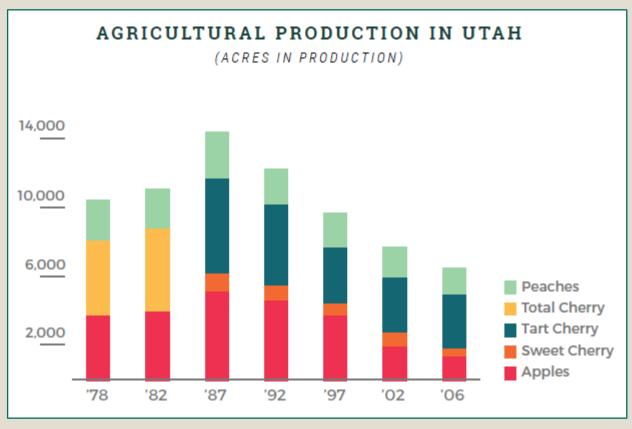
Results

Context

Outline

Outline **Context Project Methods Results**





*Armstrong, Bryce, Calvin Crandall, Evan Curtis, and Kalei Robbins. "Utah County Agriculture Toolbox Stakeholders," n.d., 73. Data derived from the USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service.

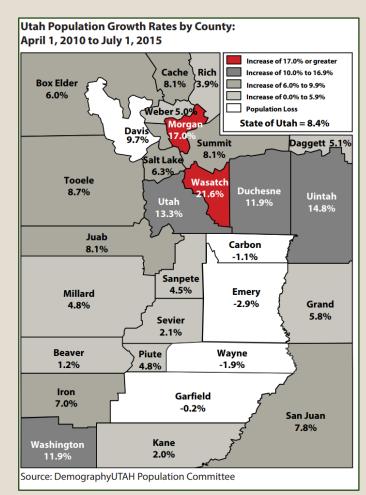
Threats to Agricultural Land

Project >

2014-2015			2010 Census-2015		
Rank	County	Change	Rank	County	Change
1	Wasatch County	4.6%	1	Wasatch County	21.6%
2	Utah County	3.2%	2	Morgan County	17.0%
3	Morgan County	2.8%	3	Uintah County	14.8%
4	Washington County	2.7%	4	Utah County	13.3%
5	Iron County	2.5%	5	Washington County	11.9%
6	Cache County	2.5%	6	Duchesne County	11.9%
7	Piute County	2.4%	7	Davis County	9.7%
8	Juab County	2.3%	8	Tooele County	8.7%
9	Davis County	1.9%	9	Summit County	8.1%
10	Tooele County	1.7%	10	Cache County	8.1%

Context

Outline



>Methods >

Results

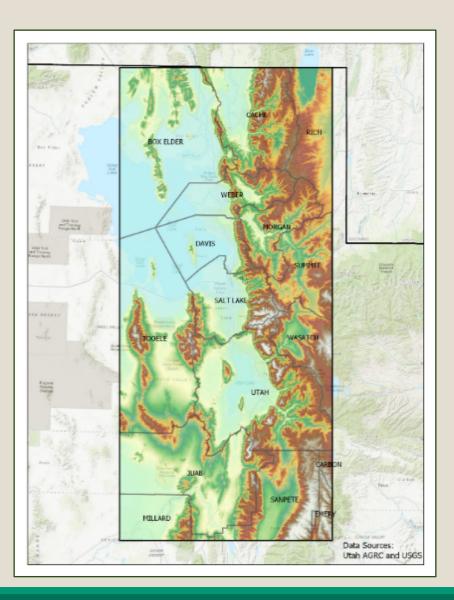
Kem C. Gardner Policy Institute, University of Utah (2016) Fact sheet: Utah demographics. Retrieved from the internet on May 9, 2017 at http://gardner.utah.edu/wp-content/uploads/2016/08/August-Fact-Sheet.pdf.

Outline >> Context >> Project >> Methods>> Results

Why the Wasatch Front?

Represents:

- 95% of fruit production in Utah.
- 92% of vegetable production in Utah.
- 94% of high value irrigated land in Utah.



Outline >> Context >> Project >> Methods>> Results

Purpose for Project

- **Quantify** and **Visualize** land <u>capability</u> for agricultural systems:
 - Orchards
 - Vegetables
 - Forages
- Calculate rate of change for each system.
- Create and store dataset for future ecosystem service study.

Outline >> Context >> Project >> Methods>> Results

Objectives for Project

- 1) Determine specific biophysical variables that best describe where cropping systems are located along the Wasatch Front.
- 2) Calculate rate of change of specific cropping systems.
- **3)** Develop models within ArcGIS Pro to automate geoprocessing workflow.
- 4) Use ESRI Story Maps and *Google Earth* to visualize the extent of these cropping systems and land use change along the Wasatch Front and Cache Valley.

Outline >> Context >> Project >> Methods>

Data Collection

All data is publicly available.



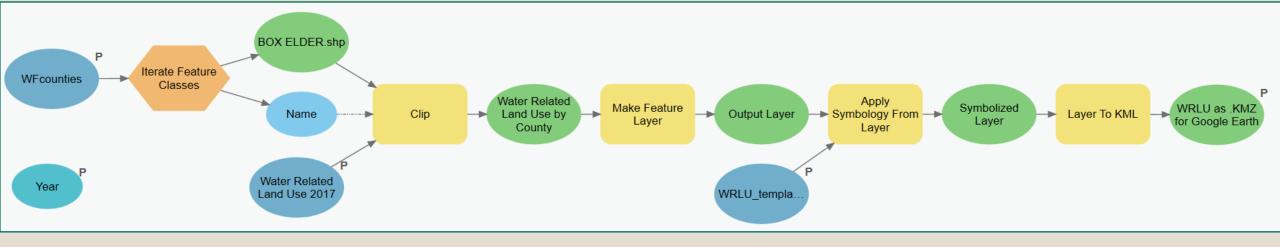
AgName	Cropping System
ORCHARD	Orchard, Vineyard, Orchard unspecified, Peaches, Grapes, Apricots, Cherries, Apples
FORAGE	Alfalfa, Dry Alfalfa, Dry Grain, Dry Grain/Seeds, Dry Oats, Grain, Grass Hay, Grass Hay - Sub-Irrigated, Idle-Irrigated Pasture, Oats, Pasture, Pasture Sub-Irrigated, Sorghum, Idle Pasture,
VEGFRUIT	 Beans, Berries, Corn, Dry Safflower, Melon/Pumpkin, Squash, Onions, Other Horticulture, Other Vegetables, Potatoes, Safflower, Tomatoes, Vegetables, Melon, Pumpkins, Horticulture, Watermelons, Potato, Speltz, Onion, Mustard, Sugarbeets, Soybeans,
GRAIN	Barley, Spring Wheat, Winter Wheat, Grain Seeds/unspecified, Triticale, Rye, Canola, Durum Wheat, Flaxseed, Sunflower
SURFWATER	Open Water, Riparian, Sewage Lagoon, Water, Wet Flats
DEVELOPED	Urban, Urban Grass, Urban Grass/Parks, Urban/Urban Idle
OTHER	Dry Land, Fallow Irrigated Ag, Fallow Irrigated Land, Idle- Irrigated Ag, Idle-Irrigated Land, Turf Farms, Dry Land/Other, Idle, Turfgrass, Fallow

Outline \rangle Context \rangle Project \rangle Methods \rangle Results

Automating Workflow



ESRI's ArcGIS Pro allows for easier ways to share data and workflows with non-GIS users by sharing Projects.



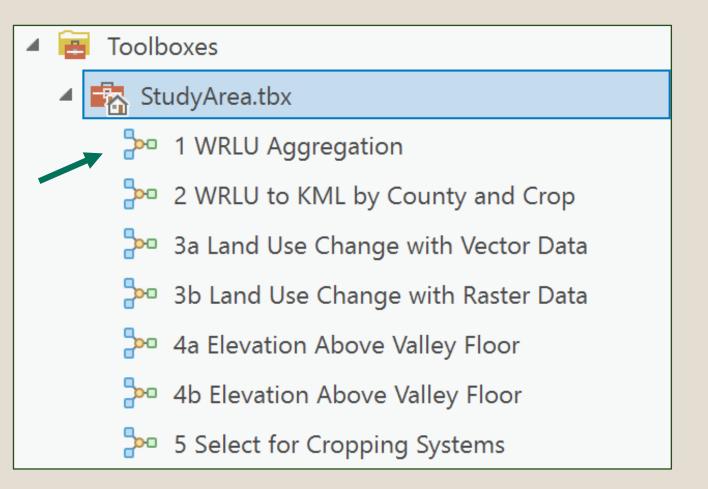
Context > > Project > > Methods >

Developed Models

Run the model in sequence.

For any Study Area.

Outline



Context >> Project >> Methods>

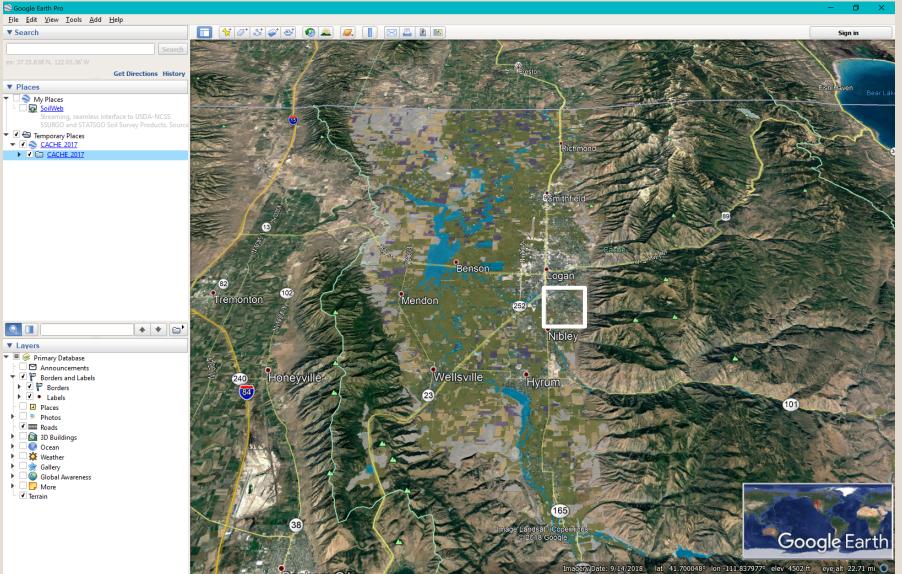
Using each Model

Outline

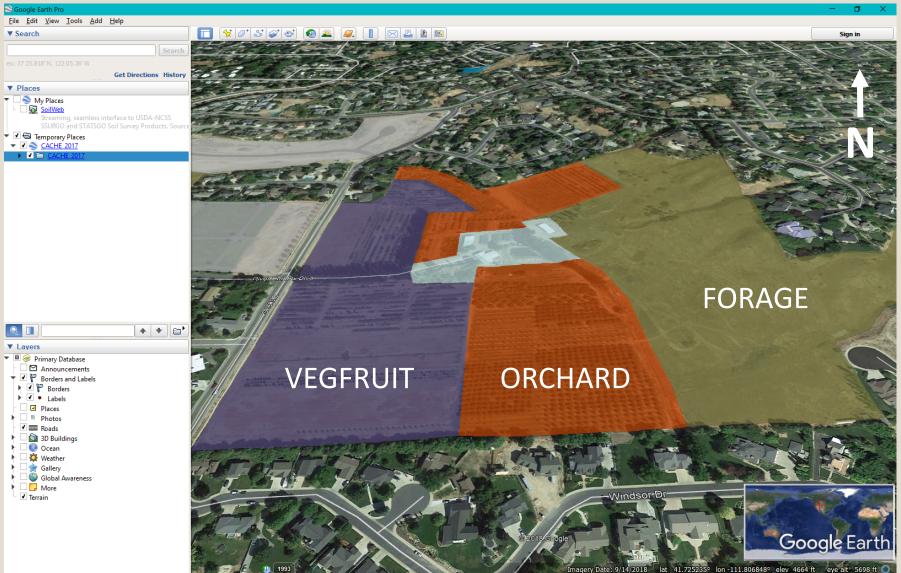
The user can input their own parameters into each model!

Geoprocessing • 4	×
€ 2 WRLU to KML by County and Crop	(+)
Parameters Environments	?
i Water Related Land Use 2017	
StateWideLandUse_2017	
Year	
2017	
WRLU as .KMZ for Google Earth	
C:\Users\Anthony Whaley\Documents\Graduate_Cou	
WFcounties	
WFcounties	≥
WRLU_template_1.lyrx	
WRLU_template_1.lyrx	←

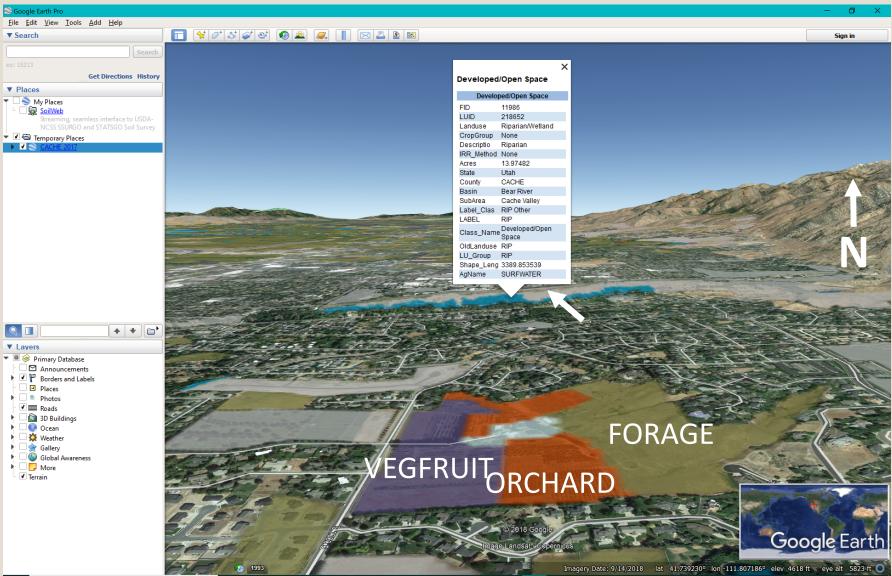
Outline Context Project Results



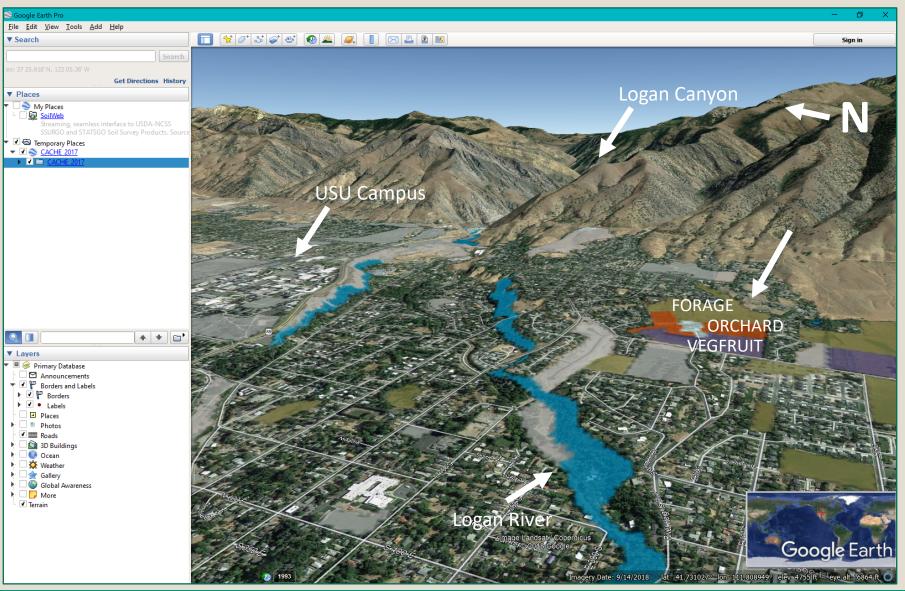
Outline Context Project Methods Results



Outline >> Context >> Project >> Methods >> Results



Outline >> Context >> Project >> Methods >> **Results**



Conclusion

Outline

 Developing models allows for a more streamlined workflow.

Context

- Visualizing in Google Earth allows for anyone to access to data.
- More work needed to finalize objectives.
 - **Develop** and **visualize** selected areas for cropping systems.
 - *Compare* rate of change of specific cropping systems to NASS data.



Thank you!

TIME FOR QUESTIONS