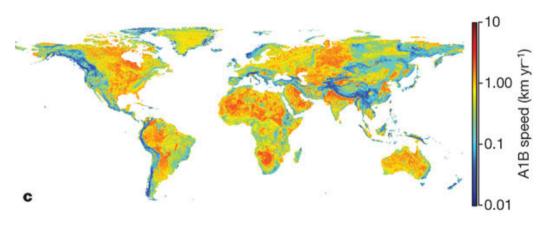
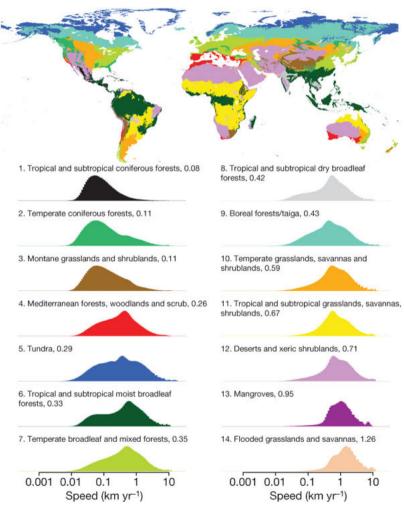
Novel Approaches to Predicting Plant Species' Movement under Climate Change

Eric Sodja
Noelle Beckman
James Bullock
Thomas Cornulier
Rob Salguero-Gomez
Steven White

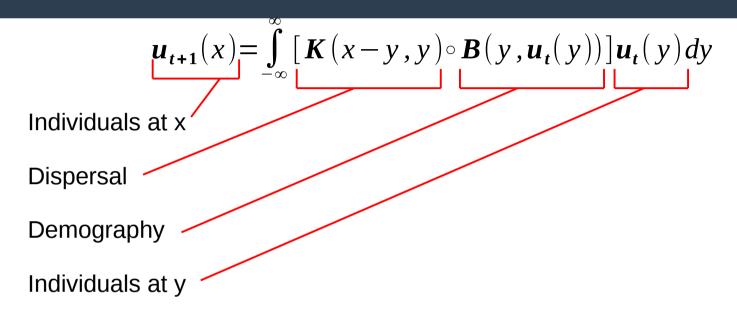
Plant Species Survival of Climate Change

- Global average speed of 0.42 km/yr
- 0.11 1.46 km/yr depending on biome





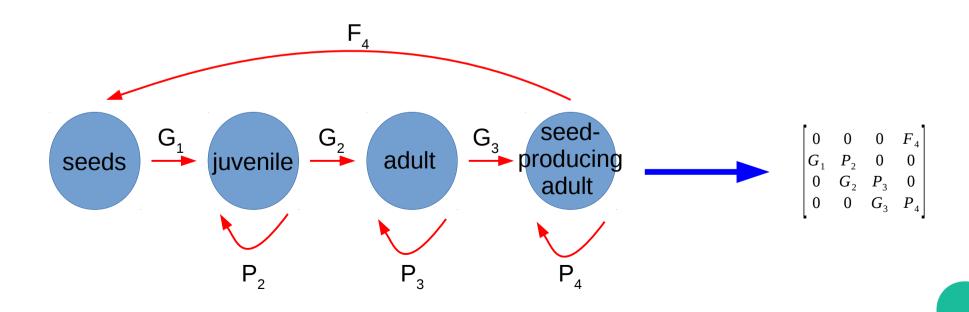
Integro-Difference Equations (IDEs)



- Can be solved for C maximum wavespeed of invasion
- Incorporates both dispersal distances and demographic trends

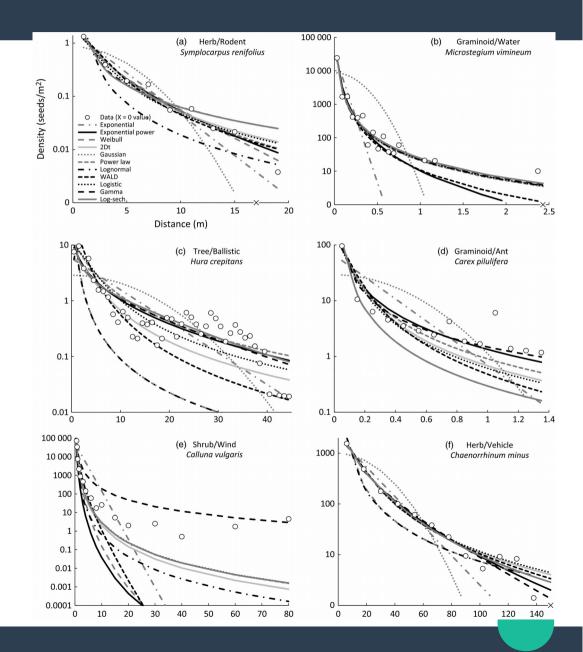
Demographic Models

- Compadre database
- Matrix models for various growth forms and species



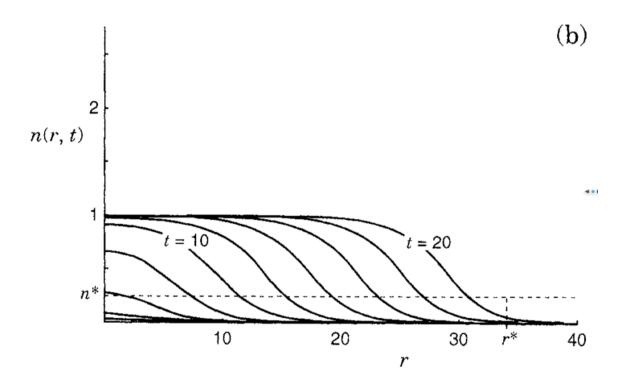
Dispersal Kernels

- Estimated from field data
- Variety of species and dispersal regimes



Calculating C

 Calculated from reproductive rate and maximum dispersal



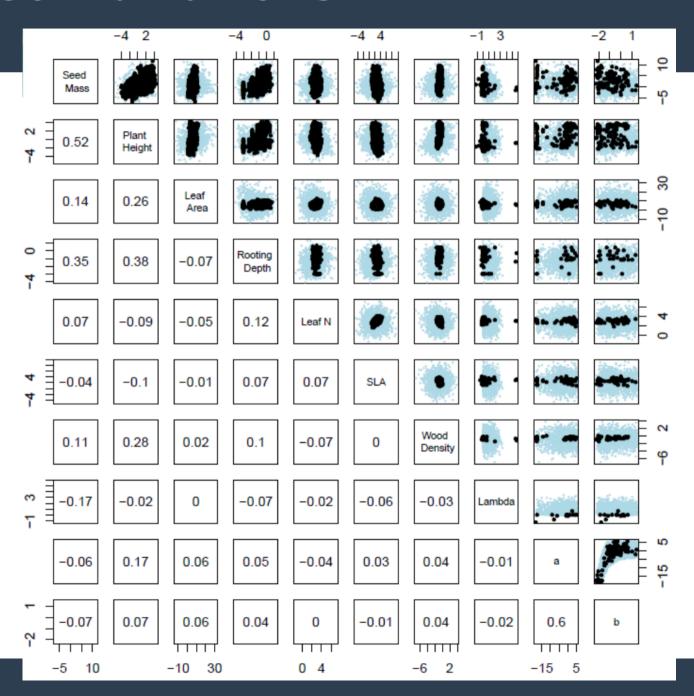
Lack of Overlap

- Lack of species which have both dispersal and demographic models
- Requires the use of "virtual species"

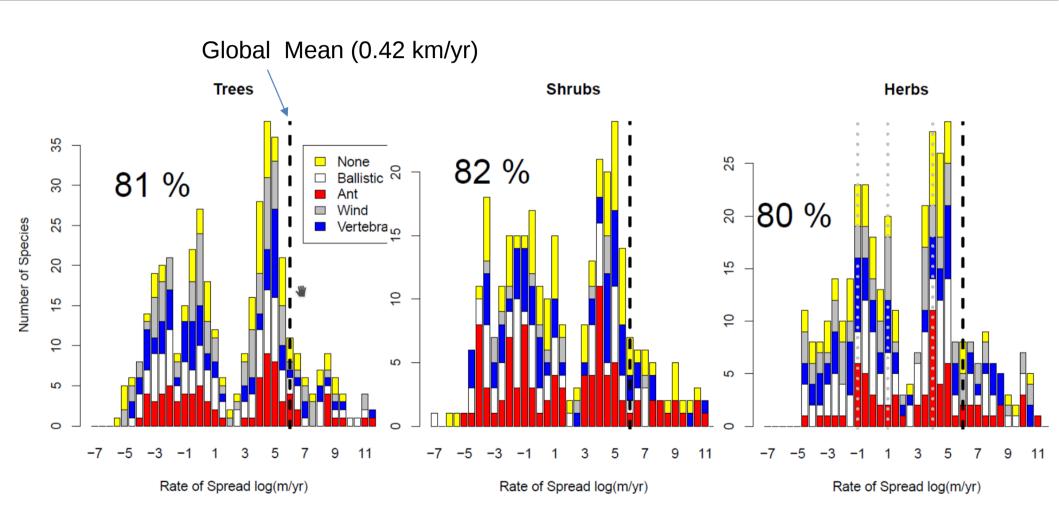
Virtual Species

- Multivariate Gaussian mixed model of trait/parameter correlations
 - Realistic combinations of traits
- Dispersal characteristics used for potential wave speed based on real species
- Based on 784 COMPADRE species with trait, growth form and dispersal data

Trait Combinations



Preliminary Results



Future Work

- Refine virtual species outputs with additional data
- Divide trait data and virtual species by biome