#### University of Massachusetts Amherst ScholarWorks@UMass Amherst

International Conference on Engineering and Ecohydrology for Fish Passage International Conference on River Connectivity (Fish Passage 2018)

Dec 11th, 1:30 PM - 3:10 PM

#### A Cross-section of Hydraulic Design Solutions to Address Vertical Profile Constraints at Road Crossing Design Projects

Michael Garello HDR Engineering, Inc.

Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarworks.umass.edu/fishpassage conference

Garello, Michael, "A Cross-section of Hydraulic Design Solutions to Address Vertical Profile Constraints at Road Crossing Design Projects" (2018). *International Conference on Engineering and Ecohydrology for Fish Passage*. 16. https://scholarworks.umass.edu/fishpassage\_conference/2018/December11/16

This Event is brought to you for free and open access by the Fish Passage Community at UMass Amherst at ScholarWorks@UMass Amherst. It has been accepted for inclusion in International Conference on Engineering and Ecohydrology for Fish Passage by an authorized administrator of ScholarWorks@UMass Amherst. For more information, please contact scholarworks@library.umass.edu.





# A cross section of hydraulic design solutions to address vertical profile constraints at road crossing design projects

Michael C. Garello PE, Shaun Bevan PE, and Anna Mallonee EIT Session 2-5: Fish Passage Design – Road Crossings II, December 11, 2018

FISH PASSAGE 2018 - INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON RIVER CONNECTIVITY INCORPORATING THE FIRST SYMPOSIUM ON HYDROPOWER AND FISH MANAGEMENT DECEMBER 10-14, 2018 | ALBURY, NEW SOUTH WALES (AUSTRALIA)

FC





**Road Crossing Design Strategies** 



02 Project Constraints and the Hydraulic Design Method



Common Hydraulic Design Solutions



Hydraulic Design Solutions Applied at Example Projects





# Why is Road Crossing Design Important?

- Importance of Road Crossing Design
  - o Provides fish access to habitat located upstream of road crossing impediments
  - $_{\odot}~$  Not just a fish passage project Aquatic Organism Passage (AOP) Design
  - $_{\odot}~$  Improves geomorphic and ecological connectivity
  - $_{\odot}~$  Focuses on the reduction of long-term maintenance costs for transportation corridors



# Road Crossing Design Strategies

Geomorphic and Stream Simulation Design

 Mimics character and natural processes exhibited in the existing creek or river

#### **Hydraulic Design**

 Introduces designed elements that target a specific hydraulic outcome



# **Road Crossing Design Strategies - Comparison**

#### **Geomorphic Design**

- Simplified design approach
- Mimics hydraulic and fish passage characteristics of adjacent reaches
- Accommodates more effective Aquatic Organism Passage (AOP)
- Higher levels of ecologic and geomorphic continuity
- Generally lower maintenance and long-term costs

#### **Hydraulic Design**

- More complex design approach: 1D, 2D, and 3D models may be used to approximate hydraulic characteristics and bioenergetics.
- Targets a defined set of hydraulic design objectives for select fish species and life stages
- Project elements are designed to accommodate constraints and can limit natural process and continuity.
- Generally higher maintenance and higher longterm costs.





# Hydraulic Designs Can Require

- More complex hydraulic and hydrodynamic modeling using more sophisticated software,
- Strict compliance with known design guidelines under the purview of government agencies
- Agreement on design criteria for target species behavior and biology (example: swimming and leaping capability)
- Scour analysis and countermeasures
- More detailed flood conveyance and flood damage mitigation analysis

...a lot more time, effort, and detailed analysis...







# Project Constraints and the Hydraulic Design Method

# Common Constraints Experienced at Road Crossing Projects

- Property ownership and right-of-way boundaries,
- $_{\odot}\,$  Upstream or downstream structures,
- $_{\circ}\,$  Geologic features,
- $_{\circ}\,$  Retaining walls,
- $_{\odot}\,$  Buildings and structures,
- $_{\circ}\,$  Road and rail embankments,
- $_{\circ}\,$  Utilities (UG and OH),
- $_{\rm \circ}\,$  Funding,
- $_{\circ}$  Others....



# Project Constraints Influence the Use of Hydraulic Design Strategies

- Constraints introduce planform and profile irregularities not characteristic of a stream's form and function
- Hydraulic forces become unbalanced with regard to conveyance or bed composition
- If not addressed, un-intentional channel adjustments and instability will occur
- Measures to counter, stabilize, and/or fix streambeds in place require a more complex hydraulic design approach



### Example of Project with Multiple Constraining Factors









# **D B Common Hydraulic Design Solutions**



Roughened Channels and Rock Ramps

#### Rock Weirs and Log Weirs



# Rock Riffles and Rock Slope Protection





# Hydraulic Training Structures Engineered Wood Structures





#### **Technical Fish Ladders**







#### **Culvert Retrofits and Hydraulic Baffles**





# Hydraulic Design Solutions Applied at Example Projects



# **Fischer Creek - Pre Project Conditions**





# **Fischer Creek – Post Project Conditions**



Fischer Creek – Completed Project

# El Jaro Creek Crossing at San Julian Ranch Pre-Project Conditions



El Jaro Creek Crossing at San Julian Ranch Pre-Project Conditions



El Jaro Creek Crossing at San Julian Ranch Completed Project





El Jaro Creek Crossing at San Julian Ranch Completed Project



China Creek Pre-Project Conditions





# **China Creek – Completed Project**







# **Big Meadow Creek Culvert Pre-Project Conditions**







# **Big Meadow Creek Culvert - Pre Project Conditions**



Big Meadow Culvert Retrofit Completed Project

# Conclusions

- Road crossing design projects often experience constraints that necessitate the use of more complex hydraulic design techniques and methods
- Hydraulic design strategies often require more effort and more complex calculation tools to improve certainty of hydraulic performance
- There are common design elements and features that can be used to stabilize channel gradients in Road Crossing projects



