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Southwest-Sentinel, 02-19-1895

Allan H. MacDonald

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Southwest Sentinel.

ALLAN H. MACDONALD,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Party lines in the legislature appear to be sadly out of plumb just at present.

We do not hear much more about the Hinkle insurance bill. It deserves the death of all unjust legislation.

Our legislators appear to be spending greater efforts in behalf of the office-holders than the people.

Some miserable wag sent Representative Carr a "nasty" valentine last Thursday and our Grant County statesman made a great fuss about it.

If the legislature don't hurry up and pass the Florida county bill that option on the Deming Bank building will "Peter" out.

BILL COOK, the outlaw, was sentenced last Tuesday in the United States court at Ft. Smith, Arkansas, to forty-five years in the penitentiary at Albany, N. Y.

A few more days and our illustrious Territorial statesmen will again be banqueted on hog, hominy and frejolies in their own abodes. The legislature will adjourn on the 28th inst.

The present legislature seems to have little fear of the Governor's veto powers. This is sad, for the Governor seems to have been plainly in the right so far.

BOTH branches of the legislature have passed the house joint resolution, in regard to the legislative employes compensation, over the Governor's veto, and thus added another burden to the taxpayers.

The lot of the legislative employe is indeed hard. But he will soon be removed from duty (?) and can then walk home and get a job of sawing wood at 75 cents a cord.

If you have any "snap" to spring on the present legislature you had better get a "hustle" on yourself. Under the law its sessions will close on the 28th inst.—one week from next Thursday.

A BILL was introduced in the house last Friday afternoon abolishing the office of solicitor general. If it becomes a law, Mr. Victory, like Othello, will be without an occupation.

In the face of the hard times in this Territory, will our legislators so far forget their duty to the people as to permit the passage of those bills increasing the fees and salaries of county officers? If their political careers are in jeopardy, mark this!

Last Friday passed a bill providing for the removal of two-thirds of the members of the chair and the vote to withdraw a bill from committee within five days; and that no bills shall be introduced after February 20, except by consent of two-thirds of the members present.

WITHOUT discussing the causes leading up to the present unpopularity existing among the ladies of the Grant County Charity Hospital Association, we can not but deplore the fact of this disunion, and more especially because it has occurred at a time when the greatest evidences of harmony should prevail. There is now pending before the legislature a bill asking for an appropriation for the maintenance of this hospital and it is feared that the present difficulty among the ladies will argue strongly against its passage. The Southwest Sentinel, in common with every good citizen of this community, hopes that the high standard of efficiency attained by this very worthy institution will in no wise be impaired through this trouble and that the Territory will aid asked for will be forthcoming.

JUDGE GIDEON D. BANTZ.
 The announcement that our fellow townsman, the Hon. Gideon D. Bantz, has been appointed associate justice of the supreme court of New Mexico and judge of the third judicial district, will be hailed with much pleasure and satisfaction by the bar, the press, and the people. As a lawyer, although a young man, he is regarded as one of the most able in the Territory, and as a judge he will acquit himself with distinction and prove an honor to the bench. Judge Bantz is a native of St. Louis, Missouri, and has been a resident of Silver City for about nine years. He has always been identified with the interests of Silver City, Grant County and the Territory at large, and is regarded as a student, a gentleman of culture and a man of broad comprehension by those who know him. Politically, Judge Bantz is a democrat, and has always been such. However, he has not been so completely wedded to his party that he was unmindful of its errors; nor has he permitted the stormings of his party to be glossed over and passed without criticism. His fine sense of honor and right has made him the special champion of true democracy and constituted him a central figure in its councils.

The press of the Territory will be much gratified over the appointment of Judge Bantz from the fact that at one time he was identified with the profession. While editor of the **SOUTHWEST SENTINEL** he proved himself one of the brightest newspaper men in the southwest and since his retirement he has contributed numerous able articles on the leading social and political issues of the day.

Socially, Judge Bantz is a temperate man, and at all times a gentleman. The people of Silver City rejoice at the honor thus conferred upon one of her citizens, and the **SOUTHWEST SENTINEL** in offering its congratulations can assure its readers that no appointment made by President Cleveland meets with more hearty approval than that of Judge Bantz to this position of honor and trust.

SILVER IN GERMANY.
 Berlin, Feb. 15.—The reichstag today adopted the resolution submitted yesterday by Count von Mirbach instructing the federal governments to issue invitations for an international monetary conference to take action for the rehabilitation of silver as a circulating medium.

Count von Posadowsky Wegner, secretary of state for the imperial treasury, on behalf of the government declared the sympathy of the ministry with the object aimed at.

Vicious men would better be a little more cautious how they treat their wives in the future. The new law just enacted by the legislature removes those pugilistic restraints heretofore imposed upon married women and they are liable to put on the gloves for a few bouts when domestic infelicities arise.

It really looks now as though some good might come out of the proposed silver legislation now pending in congress. The republicans, it is understood, will not oppose the measure as a party, preferring rather to place the responsibility of the passage of a silver bill upon the democrats.

The house has passed a bill abolishing the office of county superintendent in counties having taxable property under \$2,000,000, which is to go into effect January 1st, 1897. The bill, however, does not affect Bernalillo, Santa Fe, San Miguel, Socorro, Grant, Valencia, Colfax and Dona Ana counties.

Since the people have practically given the office-holders mortgages on their property by electing them to fat offices, is it honorable now for them to ask for deeds to the property? That would be the practical effect of the passage of the bills now pending in the legislature for the increase of fees and salaries to county officers.

Through the courtesy of our old friend Chas. Longueville, committee on invitation, we have received an invitation to a "Grand McGinty Club Entertainment" to be given in Myar's Opera House, in El Paso, on Wednesday, Feb. 20th. This entertainment will be a departure from those formerly given by the club in the particular that ladies will be admitted.

THE TUG OF WAR.
 It is expected that the Florida county bill will again be brought forward in the legislature in a few days; this time as a purely party measure. The argument will be made by the friends of the bill that through the creation of Florida additional prestige will be given to the Territorial democracy by giving to it another democratic county. No proposition could be more absurd. Denying possession of strong populist tendencies and the probabilities are that instead of adding one more democratic county, we would, as a matter of fact, see Grant and Dona Ana counties both republican, while Florida would be in the hands of the populists. No honest democrat who has the interest of his party at heart can afford to be duped into the idea that through lending his influence to the creation of Florida county he will be serving the interests of his party at large in this Territory. It is a miserable subterfuge instigated by a few designing republicans and pushed by a handful of whitewashed, place-hunting democrats. In the name of democracy, down it.

OUR CARE OF GOOD MATERIAL.
 Judge E. V. Long, now of Las Vegas, formerly of Indiana, says that he was intimately acquainted there with Major George T. B. Carr, of Marion, in that state, an elder brother of the representative from Grant County, and that he was for years regarded as one of the ablest lawyers and most brilliant men in Indiana. He was prominent in politics and as firm a democrat as his brother is a republican. He now resides in Kansas. Mr. Carr's father, Alexander, and his uncles John F. and George W., were for many years prominent in the politics of Indiana, the latter having served in both branches of the state legislature and was president of the Indiana constitutional convention of 1851. Mr. Carr belongs to a family of able men and astute politicians and takes to politics and a legislative career as naturally as a "duck to water."—New Mexican.

It is understood that the promoters of the Florida county "snap" are about to erect, on a large scale, a powder house on the Deming reservoir site. There are two very strong arguments in support of this location. First, the building would be above high-water mark during the spring freshets of the Mimbres river; and second, it is sufficiently remote from the densely populous community to render the loss of life or no serious consideration should an explosion occur.

A GRAIN OF COMFORT.
 WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—An old law has been discovered on the statute books by free silver men which they declare gives them ground for hope that they can bring about the coinage of silver in an indirect way through the use of Mexican dollars. The law was passed in 1857 and is section 3567 of the revised statutes. It is as follows:
 Pieces commonly known as the quarter, eighth and sixteenth of the Spanish dollar and of the Mexican dollar shall be receivable at the treasury of the United States and its several offices, and at the several post offices at the rates of valuation following: Fourth of a dollar, or a piece of two reals, at twenty cents; eighth of a dollar, or a piece of one real, ten cents; and a sixteenth of a dollar, or half real, at five cents. These coins shall be reissued from the treasury but be recoined into United States coin.

The law has never been repealed and the silver men in congress assert that it is possible to send metal to Mexico for coinage and reimport it into the United States and present it at the treasury. They assert that the validity of the law is beyond question and point to the statute resurrected by Secretary Carlisle which practically compels the treasury to redeem national bank notes in gold as evidence that there are more intricacies in the monetary system than has been realized.

The first step, the silver men say, is to secure construction of the law by some competent authority. They fear that Attorney General Olney would rule against them and they are trying to devise a plan to secure the opinion from the judiciary committee of the house.

GRANT COUNTY, NEW MEXICO.
 This county, most of which has lain dormant for two years past, is to experience something like its old-time prosperity on account of the operating of the smelter at Ivanhoe, between Silver City and Georgetown by the American Zinc Lead Co., of Canon City, Colorado. The country immediately surrounding the smelter has many good mines that can all be worked at a profit with a smelter so near at hand. The principal districts that will be tributary to the smelter and from which ore can be obtained in less than forty-eight hours are the Lone Mountain district, in which is located the Good Luck Mine, a silver producer; the Hanover Gulch district, in which are the Anson S. and Willie Mines, both copper; the Central City district, in which are located the Papio, Ivanhoe, Jefferson, Humboldt, Black Jack and many other good mines of copper, silver and gold. A few miles to the northeast is located the camp of Georgetown, which a few years ago was the greatest producer of silver in the southwest, and over \$10,000,000 have been taken out since the discovery of the camp.

Some of the bonanzas of the camp are the Commercial, Empolite, Scottish, Carbondale, Silver Dell, Acme, Maggie, Grampion, McGregor, Boss, Quien Sabe, Standard, Satisfaction and others of minor importance. Most of the ore in this camp is silver with some lead. Some of the galena from the Commercial mine has gone as high as 1200 ounces in silver. Around Silver City which will be tributary to the smelter, are the following camps: Pinos Altos, Blackhawk, Alpha and Omega mines north of Silver City; Malone Camp and Gold Hill, are about twenty miles west of Silver City.

Within a radius of a few miles of the smelter there is a great variety of minerals, and all of them necessary to the successful operation of the plant. In Hanover Gulch, just west of Ivanhoe, is one of the best deposits of iron on this continent. The ore averages 62 per cent iron and only about 3 per cent silica. These deposits of iron ore have been supplying the smelters at El Paso for some years past, and also supplied the Rio Grande Smelt Works at Socorro until they closed. The writer is an old friend of the experts, Messrs. Peurose and Barringer, who came from Philadelphia to report on these iron deposits and they showed him certificates from nearly one hundred samples taken by themselves which averaged 62 per cent iron and about 3 per cent of silica. These gentlemen, who have had an extensive experience in examining mines, pronounced the Hanover Gulch iron the best they had ever seen in the west for smelting purposes. Not more than three miles from the smelter is another source of supply in case they decide to smelt it, and that is the carbonate of zinc deposits. These ores were formerly shipped to the Mineral Point Mining Company Works in Wisconsin, and were much sought after on account of the absence of sulphur. The Zinc Valley, Thunderbolt, Metal King and Black Wolf have been worked quite extensively for the zinc. The new enterprise starts out under the most flattering auspices and has the good will and support of all interested in the prosperity of Southern New Mexico.

The company will make a specialty of treating refractory and low-grade tonnages at both Canon City and Ivanhoe, and will be prepared to treat all classes of ore except heavy lead. The works will be under the management of Mr. S. E. Brotherton, who was formerly superintendent of the American Works at Leadville. The Pacific Coast Bullion heartily recommends this concern to its readers, and will follow its progress in these columns.—Pacific Coast Bullion.

FOR FREE SILVER.
 WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The meeting of the senate committee on finance today resulted in a decision by a vote of 6 to 5 to report a measure for the unrestricted coinage of silver on the basis of the provisions of the ninth section of the financial bill introduced by Senator Jones, of Arkansas. This section as amended and agreed upon is as follows:
 That from and after the passage of this act, the secretary of the treasury is hereby authorized and directed to receive at any United

States mint from any citizen of the United States silver bullion of standard fineness and coin the same into silver dollars of 412½ grains each. The seigniorage of said bullion shall belong to the United States and shall be the difference between the coinage value thereof and the market price of bullion in New York on the date presentation is made and all expenditures for coinage done under the provisions of this act shall be paid out of said seigniorage and the secretary of the treasury shall deliver to the depositors of such bullion standard silver dollars equal in amount to the price thereof as aforesaid; and whenever said coin, herein provided for, shall be received into the treasury, certificates may be issued thereon in the manner now provided by law.

The vote on the motion to report this section as amended was as follows:
 Yeas—Voorhees, Harris, Vest, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, White.
 Nays—McPherson, Morrill, Sherman, Allison and Aldrich.

OBITUARY.
 DIED.—In Lordsburg, New Mexico, Wednesday, February 13, 1895, Miss Bessie Payne. Funeral at Shakespeare, conducted by Rev. Edward S. Cross, of Silver City.

Miss Payne was born in Devon, England, July 31st, 1866, and lived in Devon and London till 1890. She was attacked by that insidious disease, consumption, and suffered from several hemorrhages. In 1890 her brother, Lloyd Payne, who was then living at Alumnia, this county, invited her to come to New Mexico, to see if the climate here would not help her to resist the disease. Accompanied by her sister she came to Alumnia in 1890, and in the fall of that year removed to Lordsburg, where she has since made her home with her brother. The fatal disease had too firm a hold on her to be thrown off, and during her residence here she has suffered from occasional hemorrhages, the last one occurring on the night of January 5, from the effects of which she never recovered, although all that medicine, nursing and attention could accomplish, was done for her. Miss Payne had a wide acquaintance and was a social favorite in Lordsburg, Silver City and the northern part of the county. Her immediate relatives in this country are her two brothers, Messrs. Lloyd and Walter Payne, of Lordsburg, and her sister, Mrs. Gordon Bradley, of Silver City.—Liberal.

The sad news of Miss Payne's death has caused many sad hearts among her numerous friends in Silver City. Her visits here were always enjoyed by her large circle of admirers. She was a brilliant, accomplished young lady and her demise will be mourned by all who knew her.

Trustee's Sale.
 Whereas, George W. M. Carvill and Caroline A. Carvill, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 16th day of October, A. D. 1882, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Grant County, Territory of New Mexico, on the 24th day of October, 1882, in book 31, at page 585 to 595 inclusive, of the records of said County of Grant, did convey to James S. Wolfe, Trustee, or in case of his death, resignation or absence from the said County of Grant, then to Edwin M. Johnson, as Trustee, or in case of the death, resignation or absence of the said Edwin M. Johnson, then to the said James S. Wolfe, from the said County of Grant, the following described real estate situated in Grant County, Territory of New Mexico, to-wit:

The south one-half of the north one-half (1) two (2) three (3) and four (4) lots numbered 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

Now, therefore, in the presence of the legal holder of said note, and under and by virtue of the power in me, Bayler Shannon, acting sheriff of Grant County aforesaid, as successively success in Grant County, New Mexico, the 24th day of February, 1895, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the front door of the court house in the County of Grant aforesaid, offer for sale and sell to the highest bidder for cash in hand, all of the right title interest, benefit and equity of redemption of the said George W. M. Carvill and Caroline A. Carvill, their heirs and assigns in and to the property herein described, for the purpose of paying said note with interest, premium and costs of executing this trust.

BAYLER SHANNON,
 Sheriff of Grant County, Territory of New Mexico, Succeeding Successor in Trust.
 EDWIN M. JOHNSON,
 Attorney.
 First Publication, Feb. 13, 1895.
 Last Publication, Feb. 13, 1895.

Notice of Forfeiture.
 TO RICHARD L. FOWLER AND NELLIE E. POWELL.
 You are hereby notified that I have expended two hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Reynolds tract, situated in the Judicial District of Grant County, New Mexico, and more particularly described on page 120 in book 18 of mining location records of said Grant County, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 2284 Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the years ending December 31st, 1891, and December 31st, 1892. And if within ninety days after this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditures as co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber under said section 2284.
 L. W. SKELTON.

The U. S. Gov't Reports
 show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

BOOTH & MURRAY,
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 If you want substantial articles, here they are; If you want something dainty and fine, this is the place to buy it.

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 Only Exclusive Flour, Hay and Grain Store in the City.
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 Single and double buggies, hackboards, spring wagons, and carts, ladies and men's riding horses, turned out in good form on the shortest notice. Horses boarded. Special rates given by the week or month.
HORSES BOUGHT, SOLD AND TRADED
 Main Street, Silver City, New Mexico.

SILVER CITY AND MOGOLLON
 U. S. Mail Line, Carrying Passengers and Express.
 Leaves Silver City and Mogollon every morning, except Sunday, and runs through in one day.
 Passenger Fare \$5.00 Strictly in

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1903.

Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe R. R. TIME TABLE.

Table with columns: No. 885, DESTINATION, No. 886, DEPARTS, ARRIVES. Lists routes to Silver City, Deming, and Last Cruces.

COUNTY OFFICERS: Probate Judge A. H. Laird, Sheriff J. C. Wainwright, etc.

CITY OFFICERS: Mayor J. W. Pleasant, Treasurer Wm. F. Lovell, etc.

BOARD OF EDUCATION: Wm. Graham, R. L. Powell, etc.

COUNCILMEN: M. K. White, Jas. Gillett, etc.

FIRE DEPARTMENT: Chief L. A. Skelly, Assistant Chief C. C. Wainwright, etc.

Did you like your valentine? Regular Club dance next Friday night.

Murphy is now carrying passengers from Silver City to Mogollon at \$5 each.

Old papers for sale at this office for 25c per hundred.

See the Majestic Ranges at Robinson's.

Jack Frost got in his "work" on the water pipes last Thursday night.

Stoves and tinware of all kinds at Robinson's.

Rev. Edward S. Cross will preach at Georgetown this evening.

You were no doubt reminded last Thursday that a few people at last were "on" to some of your weak points.

Just received, a full line of spring samples.

Last Friday morning was by far the coldest of the season, the thermometer registering two degrees below zero.

The recent cold snap has kept the stockmen busy keeping open the water-holes for the cattle on the ranges.

John Brockman has sold his bank building to the Silver City National Bank.

Fresh stock of tin and granite ware at Robinson's.

Mrs. S. J. Little, who formerly owned the property upon which the great sanitarium and hotel will be erected, near Hudson, is now living in Deming.

Wes Welby is nursing two broken fingers on his left hand as a result of a little innocent amusement while in Las Cruces a few days ago.

Mr. Graham and family are now quartered at Hudson Hot Springs and as soon as the weather will permit active operations will be started on the new sanitarium and hotel at that place.

Boys—in Silver City, on Thursday, Feb. 14th, 1895, to the wife of Gordon Bradley, a daughter. Mother and child doing well.

Bank Building Bazaar. On the first of March I will move to the store room next door to the Silver City National Bank, formerly occupied by the postoffice.

C. F. W. Schmidt made a good cattle sale last week to J. B. Kendrick, delivery to be made next May. He cleaned up his range of 3's and upwards at top market prices.

Just received, a full line of spring samples.

A few of our citizens have been summoned to appear before Justice Givens, at Central, next Wednesday, as witnesses in a law suit.

PERSONAL: J. C. Berry was over from Georgetown last week.

Phil Prager was in town a few days of last week.

One Wormser was up from Deming a few days last week.

J. R. Johnson has returned from his trip to California.

F. J. Davidson was down from Pinos Altos last Friday.

C. L. Cantley was in Santa Fe last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Thompson were in from the Mimores last Saturday.

Miss Hallie Nuff is visiting her sister, Mrs. Fred Gascosky, in Mogollon.

Capt. Frank returned from Santa Fe last Wednesday and has gone out to his ranch at Alma.

Doctor Phillips has gone over to Georgetown for a few days to hunt in that vicinity.

Frank Jones, special U. S. deputy marshal, returned from San Francisco last Sunday morning.

Thomas Foster looked in upon the wise law makers at the Territorial capital last week.

Geo. O. Smith, of the G. O. S. cattle company, arrived from Topoka last Thursday.

Mrs. Arcott, of Canada, who had been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. J. Kelley, in this city, left for California last Sunday morning.

Judge Bantz returned from Santa Fe last Friday where he had been attending a meeting of the committee appointed to draft a new Territorial code.

Bob Evans has gone to Denver to consult medical authority in regard to his affliction, and his host of friends here hope he may soon return much improved.

Prof. Eweler, who was the pianist for the Ross family in this city a short time ago, is now located at Deming as a music teacher. He was in Silver City a few days last week.

Rev. Prof. Selby will officiate next Sunday, at the Church of the Good Shepherd, as the Rector will officiate at Deming. All are cordially invited to the services.

The Elmpre Vive whist club was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Porterfield last Saturday evening in a very pleasant manner. Mrs. O. S. Warren won the ladies' prize and Mr. J. J. Kelley won the gentlemen's prize.

The 3-year-old child of Manuel Prada, of Silver City, whose family is temporarily domiciled at the Miller house, was frightfully scalded yesterday, Monday, 11, by the overturning of a coffee pot. Dr. Desmarais dressed the wound.—New Mexican.

Jas. Harvey, A. J. Spalding and Geo. Burdette went down to Rincon last Wednesday for a few days' hunting, and returned Sunday evening. They got between 50 and 60 ducks and about the same number of quail. They found game plentiful but it was so intensely cold that there was little pleasure in the sport of hunting it.

The Deming Headlight made it appear in its Friday edition, that Nicollas Villanueva, the insane woman who recently gave birth to a child in the insane asylum, and which has since died, "was deobached in the Silver City jail." This is not quite right, Willie. The woman referred to was confined in Grant County jail at the time this inhuman outrage was committed.

The Silver Social Club will give a special entertainment for the children on the afternoon of Washington's Birthday, February 22, 1903. Dancing from 3 p. m. till 5 p. m. Only children will be allowed to dance. Tickets at Jackson's drug store; spectators 25c; children 15c. In the evening a special will be given for adults; dancing from 8:30 p. m. to 2 a. m. Tickets admitting gentlemen and one lady, 75c; can be procured at Jackson's Drug Store. No money accepted at the door.

Mining and Milling. METAL MARKET. Lead silver... 30 1/2. Lead... 31 1/2.

Brockman, Crawford, Penrose and Barringer, have organized a wealthy syndicate for the purpose of developing and operating their rich gold properties at White Signal, this county. They are now actively at work erecting a new Genesee mill which will have a capacity for treating from 40 to 60 tons of ore a day. The lumber and all necessary material for putting up the mill is already upon the ground and the machinery is at the depot in this city. The company has from fifteen to twenty claims located, among them the Monitor, Chicago, Bright Star, Gold Bar, etc. The mill will be built near the center of the group so that the expense of hauling the ore will be slight. They expect to have the mill ready for operation about the first of April, and will work it to its utmost capacity. This will require a large force of men, as they intend to develop the property as fast as men and capital can do it. The ore is of high grade and carries a small per cent of copper. However, no effort will be made to save the copper in treating the ore. We expect to give glowing accounts of this district in the future, as several new and very rich strikes are reported from there during the past week.

W. H. Newcomb returned from Mogollon last Friday. While there he successfully completed arrangements for the opening up of the Consolidated mine. He says everything is in a fair way, and that he hopes at an early date to begin business on a large scale.

A Little Fun. A very ludicrous joke is going the rounds in which C. L. Cantley and the Hon. Thomas Foster are central figures.

These gentlemen went up to Santa Fe the other day, and by way of relieving the monotony of travel Charley evolved a very brilliant and novel idea of creating a ripple of merriment at the expense of the honorable Thomas. When Deming was reached both gentlemen alighted from the train to indulge in a smile (upon some friends, of course) and during the fifteen minutes' wait, Cantley very quietly announced to a few friends that Tom had developed an unbalanced state of mind during the past few days and that he (Cantley) was taking him to the insane asylum at Las Vegas. He said that Mr. Foster was laboring under the hallucination that he was a great man and that he was determined to go to Santa Fe to advise the legislators upon some important matters at issue, and that his friends had encouraged him in this idea in order to get him to the asylum without arousing his suspicion.

The yarn was accepted in good faith, but with many regrets, by all who listened to this sad information, and when "all aboard" was shouted by the conductor, Cantley and his clemented (?) charge were assisted to the coach with gentle hands. At about this juncture of the proceedings the fun began in earnest. The gentlemen had settled themselves comfortably when the unsuspecting Thomas, feeling the fatigue of his journey, sought rest and refreshment in a quiet "smoosie." This afforded a fine opportunity for Charley. As soon as Morpheus had claimed his victim and the "sweet sleeper" was laboring with huge quantities of oxygen and nitrogen Charley quietly slipped from his side, and approaching a gentleman of great proportions occupying a seat on the opposite side of the aisle, imparted to him the information that Foster was "little off" and requested him to guard the poor fellow for a few minutes while he went to the smoker. The gentleman after being assured that "Tommy" was perfectly harmless, immediately took his seat beside the "smoosie" and in a few minutes the honorable Thomas awoke with a start, and seeing his firm, the gentle guardian beside him, demanded an explanation. Realizing that he had been made the butt of a practical joke, Tom could stand it no longer and attempted to rise and seek the perpetrator; but all to no avail. The more he insisted and tried to explain the situation the more intent and firm became his strong protector. When this proceeding had gone on for some time and "poor little Tommy" had been chucked down in his seat several times he began to realize that if he were not really insane he soon would be, and he had about abandoned all hope of release, as Cantley strolled in with a few friends and relieved the obliging gentleman from the custody of the madman and made a few explanatory remarks which were well received by all concerned. Tom has been feeding Charlie on angel food and champagne ever since as a bribe to keep the matter quiet.

THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO. Executive Office, Santa Fe, Feb. 12, '03. To the House of Representatives: I respectfully return to you house of resolution No. 12, passed by your honorable body and delivered to me on Wednesday.

I desire to call your attention to the fact that only a few days ago a joint resolution passed the legislative assembly, and promptly received executive approval, providing for the payment of the salaries of the various employees of the territory, and that upon the passage thereof a writ of injunction issued out of the honorable district court enjoining the territorial treasurer and auditor from paying said employees, which said injunction was based on a provision of the Organic act limiting the authority of your honorable body, and declaring that it had no power to pass any law for this purpose. This injunction has been made final, and is now in full force and effect, and a decision of a co-ordinate branch of the government acting within the line of his duty, holding that the legislative assembly of the territory has no power to enact laws for this purpose. It is self-evident that resolution No. 12, which I return to your honorable body, is an attempt to do indirectly what the court of this Territory has adjudged that it has no right to do. Recognizing as I do, the hardships entailed upon the employees who have served the territory being thus deprived of pay for their services, which wrong I would, in view of the past, gladly right if in my power, I also recognize the duty of giving full force and effect to the decision of each of the co-ordinate branches of the government. The welfare of our society, the peace and prosperity of our country, the enforcement of law and order are dependent largely upon the respect given to the decrees of the courts. Wherever the citizens lose faith in the honesty and integrity of the courts, and come to the conclusion that justice can not be maintained therein, then all order and law cease, and the rule of the mob takes its place. Everyone must therefore recognize the duty of all good citizens to uphold the judiciary and see that the judicial arm is not tarnished or brought into disrepute.

Recognizing this obligation, I believe it to be the highest duty of all citizens, and especially those occupying positions of trust and prominence, to bow in humble obedience to the decrees of the courts and see that they are given due respect, full faith and credence. Believing this, and that we are bound to obey this decision, I respectfully return this resolution without my approval. (Signed) W. T. THORNTON, Governor.

NEW LAWS. The following measures have become law by receiving the Governor's signature: C. B. No. 65, an act to prevent the introduction of diseased cattle into New Mexico.

H. B. No. 8, an act for the adjustment and reapportionment of the property and debts of Guadalupe and San Miguel counties.

H. B. No. 37, an act to establish a weather and crop service for the collection and dissemination of crop statistics and climatological data.

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C. B. No. 55, an act to prohibit the sale of tobacco, cigars, cigarettes and cheroots to minors.

C. B. No. 48, an act to amend the law as to the office of oil inspector and the tests for illuminating oil.

H. B. No. 40, an act to provide for the maintenance of the military institute at Roswell.

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H. B. No. 71, repealing sections 989, 990, 991 and 992 of Compiled Laws of New Mexico, relating to the duties of married people.

H. B. No. 19, an act to amend section 283 of the Compiled Laws of 1891 of the Territory of New Mexico.

H. J. M. No. 3, Mr. Carr's free silver memorial.

H. B. No. 20, an act to repeal chapter 89 of the session laws of 1899 with reference to habers corps.

Resolutions of Sympathy. SILVER CITY, N. M., Feb. 5, 1903. WHEREAS it has pleased Divine Providence to call to his final home Richard, infant son of Brother Charles and wife Anna, who died on the 2nd inst.;

WHEREAS the A. O. U. W. of Silver Lodge No. 1, of which body Brother Fox is an honored member, offers to the bereaved parents its heartfelt sympathy in their affliction. Therefore

Resolved that said lodge does hereby extend its sympathy to the afflicted parents in the hour of their distress.

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You can save money by buying periodicals at the P. O. News Emporium. My prices are the lowest. 7c. J. R. AGES, The News Dealer.

THE LEGISLATURE. What Our Law Makers Are Doing.

C. B. No. 52, Mr. Curry's bill authorizing the levy of a tax to pay current county expenses, of not more than five mills on the dollar has passed the council by a vote of 9 to 3.

H. J. M. No. 3, Mr. Carr's free silver memorial, passed the council by unanimous vote.

The bill relating to coal oil inspection which has recently become a law, amends the present law in a number of important particulars. The bill provides that the sale of illuminating oil in "less than what is known as 120 degrees fire test or which has a specific gravity of less than forty-three" shall subject the vendor to a fine of \$50 to \$200 or imprisonment from thirty to ninety days. The old law on the subject fixed the limit at 150 degrees fire test and the change is made as a result of observation of the operation of the law in the states where a test of 120 degrees is found to be uniformly safe and just to all parties concerned. A change is also made in the fees to be received by the oil inspector. Instead of being paid different amounts for different classes of inspection, as under the old law, he is given a general fee of 1 cent for each gallon of oil inspected. All fees in excess of \$2,000 each year shall be turned over to the territorial treasurer, the \$2,000 being retained by the inspector as his salary.

The house yesterday (Friday) afternoon passed the bill as to the compensation of sheriffs. The bill as passed differs very greatly from the original bill. It will be remembered that the latter measure provided a liberal salary payable out of the territorial treasury for each of the sheriffs. The substitute form, in which the bill finally passed, fixes in detail, the fees of sheriffs in civil and criminal cases. In the former case the cost shall be paid by the parties to the suit, while in criminal cases the fees shall be paid out of court fund. The county prison account shall be paid out of the county fund or the current expense fund and shall have a first lien on such fund. The sheriffs are allowed \$100 for each death sentence executed, to be paid by the territory; and are also given mileage at the rate of 12 1/2 cents per mile, the latter to be paid by the territory, where incurred in bringing convicts to the penitentiary. The bill will encounter strong opposition in the council, but the sheriffs have there as in the house, many friends who will see that their interests are protected. —New Mexican.

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You can save money by buying periodicals at the P. O. News Emporium. My prices are the lowest. 7c. J. R. AGES, The News Dealer.

There is a good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Dr. J. R. AGES, The News Dealer.

Call and see my fine new stock of leather work of all kinds. 30c. J. J. KELLY.

We have reduced prices on fine candies, fruits and all other goods in our line at 2c. NOLAN'S.

If you want anything in drugs, stationery or sundries go to Porterfield's. 34c.

It will pay you to get your dailies at the P. O. News Emporium, as I am "specialist" agent for all the leading papers. 7c. J. R. AGES, The News Dealer.

Iron Ores. Furnished in any quantity; write for price to W. H. Newcomb, Agent. P. O. Box 533, Silver City, N. M.

If you want a little fun and relaxation, go to the White House, Bell & Harvey, proprietors. 16c.

I am just manufacturing a large quantity of fine saddlery and harness. Nothing but the best material and workmanship used. 30c. J. J. KELLY.

Special attention given to fashion books at the P. O. News Emporium. 7c. J. R. AGES, The News Dealer.

THE TOBACCO HABIT. How to Cure Yourself While Using Tobacco. The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco, as an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. Baccuro is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure, purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking Baccuro. It will satisfy you until you stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cure any case with three boxes, or refund the money with ten per cent interest. Baccuro is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures, without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system pure and free of nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by druggists with our ironclad guarantee, at \$1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days treatment), \$2.50, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Burela Chemical & Mfg. Co., Mfg. Chemists, Las Cruces, Wis.

Notice for Publication. UPRYKE STATES LAND OFFICE. Los Orosos, N. M., Feb. 4, 1903. NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the public land office on the 25th day of March, 1903, viz: Louis Engh, who made homestead application No. 120 for the E 1/4, S 1/4, Sec. 7, Twp. 28, of Range 22, Wad.

He continues the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Etienne Ahlman, of Hudson, New Mexico; James F. Howlett, of Los Orosos; Domingo Bush, of Los Orosos; John Torrey, of Los Orosos.

Any person who desires to protest against the above named settler, or who knows of any substantial reason, under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department, why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant. JOHN D. HAY, Register.

Dissolution Notice. Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Robert Worthen and R. G. Landrum, under the firm name of Worthen & Landrum, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; Robert Worthen having disposed of his interest to Adolph Witzel. All accounts due the old firm will be settled by the new firm and all accounts due the same will be received for by the firm of Landrum & Witzel.

R. G. LANDRUM, ADOLPH WITZEL, ROBERT WORTHEN, Silver City, N. M., Jan. 10th, 1904.

Reduced Rates to Phoenix. On March 10th and 11th the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad will sell round trip tickets to Phoenix, Ariz., at a rate of \$29.00. Tickets will be limited to March 31st with a travel limit of five days each direction. Stop-over privilege will be allowed at any intermediate point, within limit of tickets.

This rate is made for persons wishing to attend the celebration of the opening of the Santa Fe, Phoenix and Prescott Railway to be held at Phoenix, March 11th, 12th and 13th, or the Seventh Biennial Session of the Grand Lodge of Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona, to be held at Phoenix commencing March 12th. J. H. MUDEN, Agent.

The best public and private club rooms in the city at the White House. 16c.

The choicest wines, liquors and cigars, the most skilled bartenders and the warmest welcome for all at the WHITE HOUSE. 16c.

You can most always find what you want in the drug and stationery line at Porterfield's. 34c.

Fresh home-made candies every day at ROSE & FRITTER'S.

Many stubborn and aggravating cases of rheumatism that were believed to be incurable and accepted as life legacies, have yielded to Chamberlain's Pain Balm, much to the surprise and gratification of the sufferers. One application will relieve the pain and suffering and its continued use

NEW YORK

MAINT LITTLE TUCKED UP SHOPS OF HUDSON STREET.

A Locality Which Has the Characteristics of an English Country Town, and Takes the New York of Today With the New York of Ninety Years Ago.

Time has dealt less hardly with Varley and Hudson streets than with any other part of New York, barring the lanes and twisting thoroughfares of Greenwich village. The elevated railroad and the march of progress have both passed them by, and the real estate agent and the builder and contractor have not yet laid plans to Hausmannize them out of existence or out of all likeness to their quaint old selves. This cannot be for long, however, and already the new order of things, such as business blocks and crowded tenements, is pushing up Hudson street from Chambers to Harrison at the one end and down it for a block or two, where it runs into Ninth avenue at Thirtieth street. But between Abington square and Vestry street Hudson street retains its characteristic almost unchanged since it was opened up, and a person about the part of its length will give one an excellent idea of how people lived and traded when the century was just able to walk alone. This seems all the more astonishing because Hudson street is an unusually wide thoroughfare and furnishes direct communication between the wholesale quarter of the south and west and the crowded living quarters of the middle west.

Hudson street is no more like the New York of today than an English town is like the New Netherlands of old. In fact, there is a distinctly old world atmosphere about the place, and if sections of Hudson street were to be photographed and labeled "Street Scene in Bristol" or "In Exeter" or "In Danvers" there is no one that would dispute the legend. So, too, it would be out of all keeping to call the stores anything else than shops. They are just plain, cozy, tucked up little old-fashioned shops, where the stock in trade and the customers are so crowded together that two or three people will crowd the place, and you can sit at the shop seat of counter and literally your year head on just what you want. There is no need for a stapler in these shops. The salespeople just reach up easily and take down anything that is needed, while the ceilings are so low that you instinctively feel like ducking when you open the door, with the little jangling bell, and in fact you can even get the plaster with your outstretched hand. There is generally, too, an unostentatious step down into the shop at the junction of the doors, over which you plunge headlong in the dear old-fashioned breakfast way. There is no need of clerks in these stores. The proprietor and one assistant can look after all the customers that can be accommodated at one time, and sometimes all the business is transacted by a comfortable and rotund old lady who rolls her way slowly down the floury lanes between the piles of mill track or comes up slowly on a starboard tack and lies to beside the open tubs of salt mackerel and pungent herring.

Some of the proprietors of these shops and one or two of the younger people have put plate glass into their windows, but most of the places are still lighted with shades filled with many small panes of glass. Nine and twelve lights to the window are quite common, and there is one weather vane place on a corner where each window has 13 little panes of glass, and in the window on the sidewalk and look in through the top row, as was the proper thing when New York thought that French plate for American lights was as foolishly foreign as French signs for an American audience. These are the windows that one sees in cuts where the passers-by are shown in scullie bonnets and puffs in their no ladies, and in bell topped hats and strapped trunks if they are men.

There is a distinctly old time and old country character about what is sold in the shops as well as about the shops themselves. In the bakers' shops, for instance, one sees the old "mannequin loaf," Scotch scones and English currant cake. The candy shops sell "sweet tarts" and "hollies." The "furniture artist" calls himself squarely a "habitué," and the furniture man carries heavy mahogany tables, high marble topped barcases and four post beds in stock, not as second-hand goods, but as the proper thing for present use.

Here one may find the real English "dresses" on which are ranged the little pieces where you pick out your stock and can if you choose stand and see it hauled over an open fire of live coals built up in huge brick ranges, and where the great brown wares tops are kept hot on the hob, with Rebecca and the well both glowing in the firelight. In one place, too, is an old fashioned "dresses" on which are ranged the little pieces where you pick out your stock and can if you choose stand and see it hauled over an open fire of live coals built up in huge brick ranges, and where the great brown wares tops are kept hot on the hob, with Rebecca and the well both glowing in the firelight.

Between the boundaries indicated there is not a tall, reeking and thronged tenement to be seen. There is a good deal of tenement and lodging, to be sure, but there is also a good deal of that rarity in New York, home life—that is, the single family occupation of the whole house. This is largely possible down here because of the remarkable conservation of the cozy little two story red brick houses which are so characteristic of the period when the quarter was laid out. Here and there one finds a grand and Delaney and Thompson streets these tiny Noah's ark houses are to be met with, but they are only the dingy and dirty indications of what they were—house traps, so to speak—while on Hudson street they are to be found by the block, still as trim and neat and warmly red as when they were put up.—New York Sun.

Caution Investors.
Toronto is to have a \$1,000,000 hotel—that is, if the Ontario government will give a site and the city will guarantee the interest on the greater part of the anticipated cost of the building. Toronto capitalists are already raising to caution in hotel investments.—Montreal Gazette.

The World's Fair Tests
showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

HIS 300 ANXIOUS WIVES.

Should the Amer. of Afghanistan Die They Would All Be Shot.

There is a certain village in the Midlands where the illness of the Amer. of Afghanistan has been followed with painful anxiety. The reason is to be found in the following curious, but, I believe, perfectly authentic story: Some years ago an enterprising young tailor left the village in question and went about to seek his fortune. He eventually found his way to Kabul. Here great luck awaited him. He obtained the patronage of royalty and became the pools of Afghanistan. He had left a sweet-heart behind in England, and as soon as he found himself on the road to fortune he sent for the damsel to join him. She came, but here fortune deserted the tailor. His intended bride in her turn obtained the patronage of royalty, with the result that she eventually became one of the 300 wives of Abdurrahman.

This, however, is only the first act of the tragedy. It is understood that, by the laws of Afghanistan, when the Amer. dies, the whole of his 300 wives must be shot. The laws of the Afghan are as invariable as those of their ancient neighbors, the Medes and Persians, and the whole of the little Midland village where the Amer's English wife was born and where her parents are still living has been during the past week or two in a high state of excitement over the possible fate of the young lady. Fortunately the Amer. seems better now, and it is to be hoped that the whole of his wives, whatever their nationality, that the improvement may continue. In the meantime cannot diplomacy do anything for the young woman? At his time of life, and with a gouty habit to boot, I should have thought Abdurrahman might have been induced to get along with 400 of them. If, however, he must have a royal number in the family circle, perhaps an exchange might be negotiated.—London Truth.

A CLICK HOTEL BEAT.

As a Schenck He Could Give the Clerk Points and Not Half Try.

The fellow had no baggage when he registered first at the Markham House Saturday, but had a very glib tongue and told such a plausible story that he was permitted to register and given a room. He was well dressed and a very pleasant spoken fellow, and his bill for extra soap assumed startling proportions. The hotel people became alarmed, and after he had been there several days a party stopping there told them he was a beat. The clerk fixed up a scheme, and that evening he got into the fellow's room on some pretext after he had retired, and calmly gathering up the fellow's coat, vest and pants told him they could be redone at the office for the amount of his bill.

The fellow's nerve did not desert him even in this extremity. He borrowed a mackintosh coat from the clerk which reached to his heels, which he put on over his underclothing, in order to go after some money, and walked to the Kimball House, where he boldly registered and was shown to a room. Leaving word that when his baggage arrived it was to be kept until he got up in the morning.

At about 8 o'clock on Sunday morning he came jumping down stairs, making a great noise of a tale of robbery, in which he had lost his clothes and \$85 in cash. The hotel management, with-out stopping to investigate the fellow, gave him a new suit of clothes and paid him \$85 rather than have such notoriety attached to the house. The fellow then walked back to the Markham house, paid his bill, obtained his clothes and jumped out of town.—Chattanooga Times.

The Mystery of Ambergris.

Ambergris is an odoriferous, fatty substance often found floating upon the surface of the ocean or upon shore, where it has been cast by the waves. It is known to be a morbid secretion of whales, but whether it is found in their bodies or excreted by them is a matter of dispute. It is used in the perfume trade, and is not certainly known. The best authorities are of the opinion that it is formed only in the intestinal canal of the sperm whale (Physeter macrocephalus).

Lumps of this curious substance range in weight from one-half ounce to 100 pounds. The largest known lump is known to history weighing 182 pounds, and was sold by a petty oriental monarch to the Dutch East India company over 100 years ago. The season's take of ambergris by American whalers seldom averages 100 pounds for the whole fleet. In 1862 it was only 57 pounds, and in 1889 but 73. These figures will not seem so small when it is known that 77 pounds taken in the year last named had a market value of \$33,200.—St. Louis Republic.

Doston's Latest Fad.

A fad in the shape of "fairy stones" has come to light in Boston. The stones seem to be bits of petrified earth, with white cracks like a cross marked upon it, and is said to come from St. Patrick, in Virginia, where there is a mountain full of them, supposed to have been planted there by the fairies as far back as the days of the revolution. Believers in such things or folks who love to pick up odds are having these fairy stones mounted as pins, watch charms, etc.—Boston Herald.

Impromptu Maps.

The "cat" and the "pig" books, designed to record people's impressions of those interesting animals, each person to draw his own without being allowed a glimpse of any one else's work, has a manning companion in a geography sketchbook. In this one's friends are to record, in a rapid, offhand drawing, their best recollections of certain very familiar outlines, such as the coast of Massachusetts or Italy or England or North America. To be open fairly or not is difficult, and, more if one is long past fully geography lessons. The five great lakes of North America is one of the best tasks to set, to be drawn in outline with at least the larger bays and coastlines indicated, all to be done without seeing, first, any other sketch or map. A correct map should accompany the book for easy reference and comparison with the master work. The curiously vague, droll mental maps that one's friends carry about with them, thus revealed, are funnier than even the sea serpent's portraits in the "Sea Bore" and "His Album." I have known more than one person to stop short at a mere "normal O" for the first lake which seemed to lead nowhere, the other four having neither shape nor substance in the passed atlas's vision.—Philadelphia Times.

THE NEW VANDERBILT HOUSE.

An American Mansion Inspected and Approved by New York Society.

Society has examined the new Cornelius Vanderbilt house and pronounced it "magnificent," "superb," "royal"—any adjective, in fact, that describes great size combined with good taste.

The reception the other afternoon was perhaps the largest and most representative ever given in New York, at least 1,500 people making it a point to be there.

It differed, too, from other receptions in that the visitors, instead of standing about in two or three rooms, as is usual, wandered off after paying their compliments to Mrs. Vanderbilt and spent the rest of the afternoon in sightseeing through the long suite of apartments.

"I do believe I have walked a mile!" exclaimed one woman, who was evidently determined that nothing of value should escape her close scrutiny.

The house is indeed an education in itself, with its different styles of decorations, according to different periods, and all blending together in a harmonious whole.

Some of the critics got their Louises pretty well mixed, pronouncing a Henri II room a Louis XV, and a Louis XVI a colonial room, but it didn't make any difference.

The Louises committed and can cover a multitude of sins, and Peter Marie and a few other experts on interior decorations had a splendid time setting some of the women straight on their dates.

The house will of course look even finer when lighted for a ball, with the company in evening dress, but even as it was it truly merited all the praise given and denotes a new era in the splendor of American living.—Cholly Knickerbocker in New York Recorder.

ACHES TO CURE CUTS.

Russian Physicians Revive an Old Cossack Method of Treating Wounds.

Some of the best Russian physicians in Russia are strongly advocating the adoption in the government hospitals of an old Cossack custom of treating cuts and wounds with ashes. The Cossack peasants have treated cases in this fashion from time immemorial, and Dr. Pashkoff, a Russian physician who has been studying the treatment, recently said in an interview in a Russian medical journal:

"I strongly recommend the treating of severe cuts and wounds with ashes. Experiment has convinced me of the thorough efficacy of the treatment, and in addition it is cheap, takes little time to arrange and does away with bulky bandages, which have always been the bane of nurses and physicians. The best ashes are those resulting from the burning of some cotton stuff or linen, and only a very thin layer should be applied. If the wound has been made by some dirty instrument and there is danger of blood poisoning, it should be first washed thoroughly with a lotion. The ashes with the blood form a hard substance, under which the most severe cuts heal with remarkable rapidity."

Dr. Pashkoff has experimented with ashes on 28 cases of cuts, and only two of the entire number failed to result successfully. These cases would have been cured, too, had not the nurses failed to apply prescribed lotions to the wounds before the physicians took them in charge. It is extremely probable that the ash treatment will be adopted in the St. Petersburg hospitals before long.

To Define a Church.

A strange question is being raised in the court here by two salaried keepers who are suing for rent for a rooming saloon within 200 feet of a church, which is forbidden by the local law. They admit that they are within the prescribed distance of the building in question, but deny that it is a church. So the question arises, What is a church? The one complaining is the German Methodist, and it is located on Locust street, and in a good business locality. The church owned this property and concluded to make the most of it. So a substantial three story business block was built there, with stores on the first floor, offices in front on the second floor, and the hall, used as a church, on the second floor. The third floor is used as a tenement. The jury in one case found that the building was not a church and that it could not keep saloons 200 feet away. The case will undoubtedly be carried to the supreme court to get a definition of what a church is.—Doi Moines Dispatch.

An Echo of the Battle of Pea Ridge.

William Jones, an old and well known citizen of Delano, Madison county, Ark., had a rather exciting adventure on the morning of Dec. 4. He, with his son, William, had been making a tour of five or six counties east of this in a two horse wagon, and on their return they camped for the night on Pea Ridge battlefield. On arising in the morning they made a big log fire and were waiting for their breakfast when a tremendous explosion took place. A chunk of wood started the old gentleman on the head, knocking him down, while at the same instant a larger stick from the campfire struck the younger man on the shoulders. Daylight revealed a hole 6 or 8 inches deep, where a 10 or 12 pound parrot shell had been reposing underground ever since the battle fought March 7 and 8, 1862, nearly 35 years ago. With the exception of a dent in the tire of the wagon and a broken telly no further damage was done, and after catching the horses that had run away the old gentleman gathered up a few pieces of the shell for mementos and proceeded on his journey.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Vigorous Swordsman.

The Norwegian bank Lorenz, which recently arrived at Pensacola, Fla., had a sample of the strength of a swordfish. Through the metal sheathing of his hull, then through six inches of planking and penetrating the inner ceiling about three inches the fish had driven its sword or "sword," the result being a leak which kept the crew at the pumps for six hours a day. The sword was about 24 inches in circumference at the point and a luster at the end where it had broken off, the piece being about 20 inches long.

A Monument of Bankruptcy.

The great tower at Wembley park, north of London, which is intended to be much higher than the Eiffel tower, promised to become a monument of bankruptcy. The company has spent \$300,000, and the first platform has not yet been reached.

RULES FOR SKATERS.

Captain Johnson Gives Timely Advice to the Venturers.

Captain C. W. Johnson of the toy D. La Libbey and a resident of Wilmecott, has, from a thorough knowledge of the difficulties and dangers which beset the skater, when he goes through the ice, compiled a list of precautionary measures, which he does not expect to be followed explicitly, but which he is in hopes will be heeded by the venturers.

His timely warning contains excellent advice to all skaters, and the suggestions are as follows:

First.—When you go skating take a ball of string cut, to one end of which is attached a heavy fish sinker, so that if any one goes through the ice you can stand far enough away from the hole and yet render him assistance by throwing the weighted end of the line to them.

Second.—If you go through the ice when there is a strong current, try and keep at the river end of the hole. Keep your arm on the edge of the ice if possible, but do not attempt to climb out alone, for you will lose the strength which you will need when assistance arrives. If a person remains perfectly quiet, the cold water does not circulate through his clothes and his body remains warm. Use every effort to keep away from the down river cut of the hole, for the current will sweep you under the ice in a twinkling.

Third.—If no help is near, rest one arm on the ice, raise the foot carefully and one skate can be removed very easily. Take off the other skate in the same manner, and then with these to aid you you will be able to get rid of its encumbering the minister of war, now awaiting enactment, is of this character. The pretended purpose of the bill is to enable the penalty of death against traitors, such as Captain Dreyfus, to be inflicted, but it contains a number of invidious clauses which would enable a government not troubled with scruples of conscience to get rid of its enemies by trumping up spurious charges of disclosing state secrets.

For instance, it proposes to inflict five years' imprisonment and 10,000 francs' fine on any unauthorized person who shall, without his consent, disclose any information, documents or information concerning the national defense or the external safety of the state. This proposal is strongly denounced by the opposition newspapers, and even the ministerial Delys admits that it is going a little far. It is hardly surprising that some of the London newspapers are declaring that the only safety for foreigners is to stay away from France.—Paris Letter.

THE CURRENT FRENCH CRAZE.

Extreme Legislation Proposed as the Result of the Spy Scandals.

The succession of financial crises in which the French people have been indulging in the past two years has placed upon the statute books some of the most monstrous laws that ever disgraced a monarchy, not to say a democracy. The present spy mania promises to add some amazing legislation of this description. The law against espionage laid before the chamber by the minister of war, now awaiting enactment, is of this character. The pretended purpose of the bill is to enable the penalty of death against traitors, such as Captain Dreyfus, to be inflicted, but it contains a number of invidious clauses which would enable a government not troubled with scruples of conscience to get rid of its enemies by trumping up spurious charges of disclosing state secrets.

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PULLMAN'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Cholly Tells Us the Baron Abuse Pretty Near Pulling the Duke's Nose.

Baron Otto von Fritsch, a very clever and aggressive German nobleman, is in town on a visit and tells a good story of how he was offered \$1,000 to pull George Pullman's nose in Chicago the other day.

It seems that the baron was the duke's agent at the Chicago exhibition and had been ordered to pull the nose in the Transportation building.

He found Pullman a hard taskmaster, and being rather hot tempered himself he finally quarreled with his employer and told him to go to the devil.

A Chicago newspaper heard of the quarrel and sent a representative to the baron offering him \$1,000 in cash if he would pull George Pullman's nose in public.

The baron longed to accept the offer and would have done so had his accounts with the millionaire been settled.

He restrained his desires, settled his accounts and then offered to do the job for half the original sum, but the paper was then sent to the duke, and the money was not paid through.

I wonder if the duke knows how very near his nasal organ came to getting a "damned bad twist."—Cholly Knickerbocker in New York Recorder.

"My Aunt Dede."
Kate Field writes from England: "Apropos of Albany memorials, the newly erected statue in Hyde park is the most lifelike thing the human eye ever beheld. The figure is seated, enveloped in a great robe. As the bronze is gilded, it is impossible to view the shining mass when the sun falls on it. From the back the statue looks like a huge egg, and it is very tall. 'Albany the Gift.' They say that when the Prince of Wales first beheld it he threw up his hands, exclaiming, 'My awful dad!' thus pertinently applying the title of Charles Mathews' last comedy. The Edinburgh memorial far outshines—metaphorically, I mean—the Albany work monument."

A Geneva Miss.
A great many years ago there resided in Marcella an old man named Guyot. He was known to every inhabitant, and every urchin in the street could point him out as a niggard in his dealings and a wretch of the utmost penury in his habits of life. From his boyhood this old man had lived in the city of Marcella, and although the people respected him, with scorn and hatred nothing would induce him to leave it.

TO PUT ON

needed flesh, no matter how thin you are. It takes Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It softens the normal action of the degenerated organs and functions. It builds the flesh up to a safe and healthy standard—promptly, pleasantly and naturally. The weak, emaciated, thin, pale and puny are made strong, plump, round and rosy. Nothing so effective as a strength restorer and flesh maker is known, to medical science; this puts on *Healthy Flesh* not the fat of old men, but the healthy, youthful, muscular, and strengthened. If you are too thin, too weak, too nervous, it may be that the food assimilation is at fault. A certain amount of bile is necessary for the reception of the fat foods in the blood. Too often the liver holds back this element which would help digestion. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery stimulates, tones up and invigorates the liver, nourishes the blood, and the muscular system, and serves get the sick blood they require.

Spent Hundreds of Dollars with no Benefit.
M. J. COLEMAN of 173rd Street, N. Y. writes: "After suffering from dyspepsia, indigestion and constipation with violent agony for at least a year, I was more than pleased to say that after taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Pellets—two months, and from that day on I do not feel any more pain. Thank God, what even a slight ailment can do for me. I am now on my feet and in the best of health. I got more relief in one hour from your medicine, in fact my stomach was concerned, than from all the other medicine I used. If any person who reads this is suffering from dyspepsia or constipation, and will use your medicine as I have done, he will never regret it."

SEE NO JOKE IN CORRUPTION.
English People Unable to Understand the Apolly of Americans.

The delight of being a nation, and a very big nation that, has not yet met us all the charm of novelty, and so kept one another with vilifying after the joyously aggressive fashion of school-boys pelting one another with snow-balls. Already there is a vast army of seasoned and recognized jokes which are leveled against every city in the land. The culture of Boston, the eloquence of Philadelphia, the ostentation of New York, the arrogance and ambition of Chicago, the mutual jealousy of Minneapolis and St. Paul—these are themes of which the American satirist never tires; these are characteristics which he has striven, with some degree of success, to make clear to the eyes of mankind. Add to them our less justifiable division of official corruption and mismanagement, our piecemeal blunders and rascalities of the men when we permit to govern us, and we have the curious combination of loquacity and apathy, of penetration and indifference, which makes possible American humor.

Now, Englishmen, however prone to laugh at their own follies, do not see a country woman of my own, deeply imbued with that gentle pessimism which makes depression serious when discussing the situation with friends and most disagreeably violent when by chance they meet an opponent. Neither do they see anything funny in being robbed by corporations, but with discouraging and unwhomorous tenacity, exact payment of the last farthing of debt, fulfillment of the last clause in a charter. Our loyalty in such matters is a trait which they fail to understand and are disinclined to envy. One of the most amusing scenes I ever witnessed was an altercation between an exceedingly clever English woman, who for years has taken a lively part in public meetings, and a country woman of my own, deeply imbued with that gentle pessimism which makes depression serious when discussing the situation with friends and most disagreeably violent when by chance they meet an opponent. 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