

5-31-1912

Kenna Record, 05-31-1912

W. T. Cowgill

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R. F. Ballard

THE KENNA RECORD.

VOL. 6.

KENNA, CHAVES COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1912.

NO. 15.

Resurrected Romance

By LILLIAN E. SWETSER

(Copyright, 1912, by Associated Literary Press.)

Bang!!!

The slam of the big front door shook the house.

Aunt Hetty, sitting at her sunny window, started at the noise, and, glancing out, saw Jack Maynard run down the steps and hurry away—anger and decision in every movement.

A few moments later a step on the stairs announced the arrival of her niece, Mabel, a sweet, lovable girl, but somewhat spoiled by the constant attention of the whole household to every whim of its youngest member.

As the door opened, a flushed, tear-stained face appeared, and Mabel was soon enfolded in Aunt Hetty's comforting arms, while the soft, white hands caressingly smoothed the tumbled hair.

As far back as Mabel could remember, Aunt Hetty had always been her refuge—her haven in all of childhood's storms, and, even now, a young woman, with a sparkling engagement ring, the sweet, old lady was still her confidant.

Day after day she might be found in the same rocker, in the same window, occupied with a dainty bit of sewing, which, when finished, invariably found its way into Mabel's wardrobe; and nobody knew of the dreams and memories woven into the sheer garments. Happy days passed in review, as some girlish confidence would recall a similar occurrence in her own history; and, though years had passed, a tear would fall for the lad who had died to save others.

After the burst of grief had subsided, Mabel raised her head, and gravely announced:

"Jack and I are through, Auntie." At the question in the gentle look she added: "Well, it is just this way, dear; if he cannot trust me now, he never will, and I will not stand being ordered like a child!"—A sob interrupted, then she went on:

"You know those beautiful roses papa brought home for me yesterday are in the library. When Jack noticed them, to tease him, I asked him if he did not think they were a 'nice present.' He asked whom they were from, of course, and I said, 'a gentleman.' Then, instead of joking, as I was doing, he got angry, and ordered me to tell him who sent them. At that, naturally, I would not, when he was so cross, and he said such mean things—was willing to believe that I had been playing with him all the time. When I was wearing his ring, too, Auntie! I tried to give it back, but he threw it on the floor and rushed out, without giving me a chance to explain. Now he can stay, if he doesn't care any more than that!" A fresh burst of tears and the curly head went deep into the comforting lap.

Aunt Hetty thoughtfully contemplated the sorrowful figure.

"Do you think that you were just right yourself, dear? Remember that the forbearance and forgiveness of true love cannot always be on one side. True hearts should be above causing another pain, for a simple joke."

"I know it wasn't right," was the faint response, "but I meant to tell him in a moment, and never thought of him doing that way. He ought to have had more faith in me than that." Mabel wiped her eyes defiantly.

Jane Austen at Bath.

Bath, where it has been decided to erect a pedestal in memory of Jane Austen, was the home of the novelist from 1801 to 1806. Her father, whose health had broken down, removed thither from Steventon, leaving his son James in charge of the rectory as locum tenens.

The daughters do not seem to have been consulted with regard to this change of plans. Miss Constance Hill in her book, "Jane Austen, Her Homes

Aunt Hetty sighed, and a mist came before her, as she replied gently:

"Little girl, people can live years in a minute—countries and lives be destroyed, but an angry word lives forever. Would you like to hear a story—a true one, about a girl, just as loving, impulsive, and thoughtless as you?"

Mabel assented eagerly, her own woes forgotten for the time, at the prospect of one of her aunt's stories.

"Years ago," began the sweet voice, "a girl lived in a beautiful southern town. She had everything to make her happy—father, mother, brother, and a home, of which she loved every nook and corner. She was very popular to the younger set, and many were the flattering proposals of marriage that she received. But, in her open-hearted manner, she liked them all the same, and after repeated refusals (contrary to the usual rule) they were all like big brothers to her—ever watchful for her pleasure and comfort, without rivalry and jealousy.

"Matters went on this way for several seasons. Gossips wondered—talked, and finally doomed her to a solitary spinsterhood, as one after another joined the ranks of the 'big brothers.'

"But one day came a change. The girl's brother brought home a friend—a former college room-mate. His home was far away, and on a trip for the business interests of his father he had combined duty with the pleasure of a visit to his friend.

"We read of 'love at first sight,' and I think that is what it must have been, for, from the first, the girl was a different person. The interest was mutual, and they rode, danced, and sang together, in quieter moods, the quaint, old summer house was their retreat, where many happy hours were spent, reading together or exchanging confidences. The whole household realized how matters were developing, even before they did themselves, but, as the young man was above reproach in every respect, all were discreetly blind.

"Meanwhile, the young man's father was growing impatient for his return, so the inevitable parting grew near. It came and went, leaving a tearful, yet happy maid, with an engagement ring, that recalled the loving promise of a speedy return, and then—no more partings.

"The ring was set with a single, perfect pearl. It had been his mother's, and, as she turned it on her finger, she reflected its purity, and resolved to be worthy of it.

Mabel's eyes grew wide at the mention of the ring, and she started to interrupt, but, with a glance at Aunt Hetty's absorbed expression, she resisted, and listened with a sympathetic wonder.

Unconscious of her hearer's surprise, the old lady dreamily continued her narrative.

"The weeks that passed were busy ones—dressmakers and the whole retinue of servants preparing for the event to come, and the time was checked off daily on the little desk calendar, as the letters were written. The replies were carefully boarded, and put away in a dainty book, with keepsakes of other days.

"At last, the day of her lover's arrival dawned, and she moved about as if in a dream, until she was clasped in a pair of strong, young arms and realized that it meant the end of partings.

"Happy days followed in swift succession, until the wedding day was but a week distant. While sitting in the summer house, planning their bright future, she spoke of the beauty of her ring. He had noticed a little plain ring that she had always worn, and idly inquired about it. To tease him, she ignored the inquiry, thus rousing his curiosity, and, before they realized it, heated words had followed. Then, girl fashion, she felt abused, never thinking of the silly way it had all started, her own fault, and how easily it might have been remedied. He told her that if she left in anger, it would be the end. Of course, she did not think he really meant it, and liked to

see how far her power went, so, with her head in the air, she went to the house, never dreaming but what he would follow her. He did not.

"In the morning, after a sleepless night, she descended the stairs in a repentant mood, to find a note on the hall table, simply informing her of his departure, in response to an urgent message from home. 'Will write from there,' was the only grain of comfort she could see. Frantic at the turn of affairs, she sped up the stairs, back to follow him in mind, with a remorseful letter.

"As she hastily penned her sorrow and love, the house was aroused by the news of a serious railroad accident, in which was the very train that her lover had departed on. Later came the news of his death, caused by a falling beam, as he was heroically helping the wounded to places of safety before the fire reached them.

"That was the end—end of all the fond hopes and plans—she never saw him again, and you can perhaps imagine what that girl's lifelong remorse must have been."

Aunt Hetty's voice was tender, and her eyes suspiciously moist, as she noted her niece's countenance.

"Now, you see," she went on, "why I have opened my heart, dear—to save you from a like sorrow, for the girl was I, as you have already guessed. Time softens all sorrows, and, eventually will make all things right."

"I'm going and 'phone Jack right now, Auntie. I'm glad you told me, and I wish somebody had told you. I shall always remember it, for what would I do if anything happened to Jack?" With an impulsive hug and kiss, Mabel hurried out.

An hour later two radiant faces betokened reconciliation, but, as Mabel buried her face in another bunch of roses, a shade of sorrow went over her at the thought of the girl of long ago, and her shattered dream. Glancing at Jack's happy smile, she thanked God within herself for the timely warning of Aunt Hetty.

SUPERSTITIONS OF THE NEGRO

Slaves of the Old South Were Strong in Their Belief in Ghosts.

As a part of the folklore of the negro people, the superstitions of slavery days are of great interest. The following are some of the negro's beliefs about ghosts:

To feel a hot breath of air strike you at twilight signifies the near by presence of a ghost. Should you wish to avoid him stop and turn your coat and trousers and hat wrong side out and the spirit cannot encounter you. If, however, he is a pugnacious sprite and approaches maigre the change turn and address him thus: "In the name of the Lord, what do you want?" whereupon he will tell you his business upon earth, then depart and never, never trouble you again.

If, on the other hand, he is a prowling ghost who crawls under the house, bumps against the floor, makes strange sounds and whispers in the midnight hours, you have only to put in a new floor and he will do so no more. Some ghosts are obtrusive and will not only prow about the house, but creep in through the cat hole or under the crack of the door during the wee sma' hours of the night, and once inside expand to vast proportions.

To spare yourself any disturbance in this way, sow mustard seed all about the doorstep just before going to bed, or place a sieve on the doorstep. Before entering, the spirit will have to count all the holes in the sieve or all the mustard seeds, and by this time daylight will come and he will have to go. As the counting for one night will do for another, you are always safe.—Southern Workman.

One Exception, Anyway. Suffragette—I defy any one to name a field of endeavor in which men do not receive more consideration than women!

Voice from Crowd—What about the bally ballet?—Punch.

Supply Cut Off.

Minister—My dear little boy, why don't you carry an umbrella when it is raining like this?

Dear Little Boy—Since pa has stopped going to church he never brings home any more umbrellas.—London Tit-Bits.

Culturo.

She wears the finest clothes in town. Her husband has a bunch of seeds; the poor folk she looks proudly down. And sneaks about "the best place"!

SOME SCOTCH RECIPES

GNV T EHI NI GSHSIO ELIHOAVY OF THE THISTLE.

Broths and Soups Seem to Be Especially Favored—For Stewed Oxtail—Just How to Brander a Steak.

The following recipes come from a Scotch housewife who says they are favorites in the land of the thistle, her own family having used them for many years. Scotch housewives take special pride in the preparation of wholesome broths and soups, one of the famous ones being "cockle leekie." Any fowl, teal (tender), youthful or middle aged, may be used, but if one does not possess a rovi, beef may take its place, though the dish will not be so delicate in flavor. For four quarts of soup use two or three pounds of meat, eight or nine large leeks and pepper and salt to taste. Wash the leeks thoroughly and if they are old scald them for a few minutes in boiling water. Take off the roots and part of the heads and cut them into pieces of about an inch in length. Put the meat and half of the leeks into the pot, and allow these to simmer gently for about half an hour; add the remaining leeks and boil them for three or even four hours. Skim carefully and season to taste with salt and pepper.

For stewed oxtail cut the tail at the joints, discarding one or two pieces at the extreme points. Put them into a stewpan with just enough water to cover them. When the water begins to boil, remove the scum on top and add a sliced onion and two carrots. After covering let the meat simmer gently for two and a half hours. Melt an ounce of butter in a little pan, stir in gently half an ounce of flour and some of the strained liquid from the meat. Allow this to boil for five or ten minutes. Add a tablespoonful of catsup and a little lemon juice. After browning it slightly pour the sauce over the tails, which should be arranged with the vegetables on a dish. Serve at once.

To broil, or in Scotch parlance, to "brander," a steak in Scotch style, have the "brander," or gridiron, very hot and the fire clear and bright. A little salt sprinkled over the fire will keep down the flame. When the brander is hot rub it all over with a piece of suet. This prevents the steak from sticking. Cut the skin that lies along the edge of the steak in several places and flatten slightly with a rolling pin. Lay it on the gridiron and turn it every half minute with steak tongs. With a double gridiron it is of course unnecessary to use the tongs, but in shifting the meat about while on the gridiron steak tongs are useful, and not as familiar as they should be among American housewives who too often use a fork for the purpose. A fork should never be put into the meat while it is cooking. Have ready a very hot dish and when the steak has been turned for ten minutes lift it up and slip it on the hot dish. Put on a cover and set it into a Dutch oven. Let it stand for ten minutes. Lacking a Dutch oven, the American housewife will have to content herself with her up-to-date gas range. The steak is then lifted on to the hot gridiron and turned for five minutes more. Serve on a hot platter after spreading lightly with butter. Americans, as they like their steaks rare, will select a very thick steak if they desire to cook it in Scotch style.

Stewed Fish.

Any good-sized fresh water fish will answer for this dish. Cut the fish across in slices an inch and one-half thick and sprinkle well with salt; boil two sliced onions until done, pour off the water, season with pepper, add two Teacupfuls of hot water and a little parsley, and in this simmer the fish until thoroughly done. Serve with hot drawn butter and with the sauce made by the cooking of the fish.

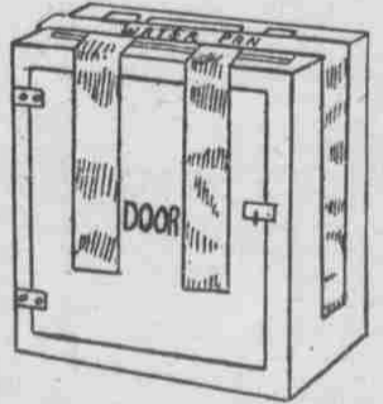
Making Nut Muffins.

Two cupfuls of flour, half a teaspoonful of salt, three teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one cupful of milk, half a cupful of chopped nut meats, two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, three tablespoonfuls of melted butter and half a teaspoonful of vanilla extract. Mix and sift the dry ingredients, then add the beaten yolks of eggs, butter and milk. Beat well, add the vanilla extract and the stiffly beaten whites of the eggs. Divide into buttered and floured gem pans, bake in a hot oven for 20 min.

KEEPING FOOD WITHOUT ICE

Refrigerator That Will Do the Work May Be Operated for Comparatively Little.

To keep butter and milk cool take a box 12 inches deep, 24 inches long and 24 inches wide, make a door secured by two hinges and a hasp, tack two or three thicknesses of burlap on the outside, making allowance for the door; after setting the box on end set on the top a deep vessel filled with water and in the basin put strips of burlap or woolen goods about three inches in width and of sufficient length to reach well down the sides of the box. Secure the strips to the bottom of the basin by a weight;



shelves may be placed in the box. Set outside the house where the winds can pass over the box. The cooling resulting from the rapid evaporation of the water reduces the temperature within the box. The hotter it is outside and the harder the winds blow, the cooler it will be inside the box, as long as the pan is kept full of water.

PROPER PLACING OF PIANO

Decided Difference in Tone Will Be Found if Simple Precautions Are Preserved.

The proper placing of an upright piano in a room of moderate size is to turn it at right angles to the side wall, leaving room between the keyboard and the opposite wall for the player. Then stand a table, if possible an old-fashioned mahogany one with folding leaf which can be turned up against the back of the piano. There must, of course, be some drapery to cover the unpolished back of the piano. A piece of good-looking tapestry, brocaded silk, embroidered crepe, or even of cretonne, draped loosely over the top and back, but not laid in set folds, would be suitable. On the table stand a plant, a bit of pottery, a brass candlestick or possibly a lamp.

From a musical standpoint the piano is placed in the best position, for the notes are free instead of muffled.

Paper or Tint?

The choice between papered and tinted walls is largely a matter of personal taste, according to the Ladies' Home Journal. A plain tint in a good color is always in good taste, but there are, of course, more varied effects to be had from paper. Two-toned papers in inconspicuous figures or stripes, or merely a mottled surface giving the appearance of the texture of material, are charming. Then there are imitations of grass cloths, burlaps, etc., all giving the general effect of a plain wall with the added decorative value which texture can supply.

Apple Pudding.

Place a quart of quartered and pared apples in a granite dish, also a cup of water and a little nutmeg or cinnamon. Heat to the boiling point on top of the stove, and cover with a crust made of two cups of flour, two tablespoonfuls of baking powder, a little salt, two tablespoonfuls of butter and milk to make a soft dough. Cover well and cook about one-half hour. Serve with molasses sauce.

Italian Tomatoes.

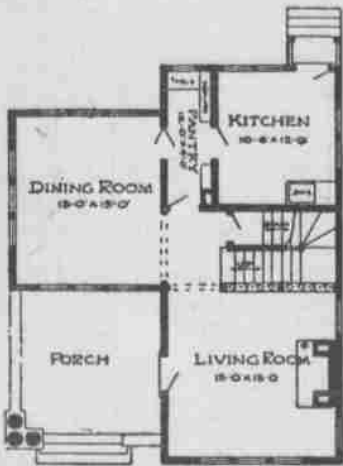
Remove thin slices from the stem end of six large hot-house or southern tomatoes. Scoop out most of the pulp with a small spoon. Then cook two-thirds of a cupful of macaroni, broken in small pieces, in boiling salted water until soft. Drain off the water and add the tomato pulp, drained of extra juice, and one-half cupful of grated cheese. Season highly with paprika and add salt to taste. Fill the tomato cases with the mixture, sprinkle tops with bread crumbs, add a nut of butter

IDEAS FOR HOME BUILDERS

BY WM. A. RADFORD.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 118 West Jackson boulevard, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

A house built at right angles to itself is shown in the accompanying plan. For some reasons this style of building has more to recommend it than almost any other design. It was



First Floor Plan

the first way invented to make a house larger without making it too long.

In the early history of building operations, houses were made narrow because window lights were small and it was difficult to light a wide room. It was also more difficult to build a wide house at that time, because they hadn't sawed joists, and they lacked the mechanical contrivances that we now have for putting buildings together. A floor with hewed timber beams more than 16 feet long was altogether too shaky; in fact, floors used to go down into the cellar occasionally when parties of young folks got too boisterous.

Although this way of building a house is several hundred years old, it is still as popular as ever, and the reason is that houses built in this way make very comfortable homes. They have a home-like appearance as you stand and look at them, and when you go inside they are so light and cheerful that you feel at home in time.

The only objection is that every room in the house has two or three outside walls, and for this reason it is a little more difficult to heat such houses in cold weather; but we have learned how to protect ourselves against low temperature by using building paper and other non-conductors of heat and cold. Then, when you consider that during the ordinary winter, even in the northern states, we have only a few days of extreme cold against 50 weeks of moderate or warm weather, this objection fades into insignificance. The fact is most of our winter weather hovers around the freezing point, thawing a little in the daytime and freezing at night. It is easy to keep even a large house comfortable all through with such temperatures, and you can keep part of it warm the coldest days if the house is well built.

We value light and fresh air more than our grandfathers did, because we know more about the importance of such things in regard to health. We

GOOD REASON FOR HIS HURRY

Government Employee Bound by Considerations Apart From the Ordinary Man.

It was on an occasion when a president of the United States was making a swing around the country. A man who was carrying the mail on a weekly route between a Missouri county seat town and a little postoffice out at a country store came dashing madly down the road in the direction of the town. A farmer who saw him coming and wondered at his great haste, halted him and said:

"What's the matter, Jimson? What's your great hurry this morning?"

"Hurry?" Jimson repeated, "why, don't you know the president is to be in town today?"

"Oh, I see," the farmer replied. "You want to get there in time to see him."

"It's not that that makes me hurry."

"It ain't?"

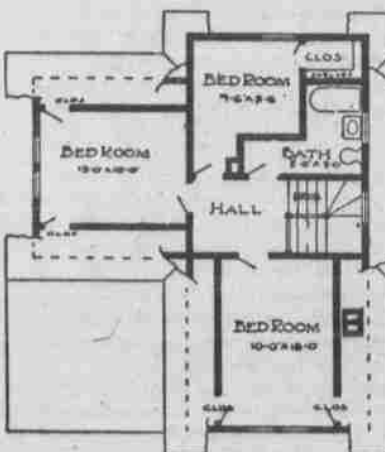
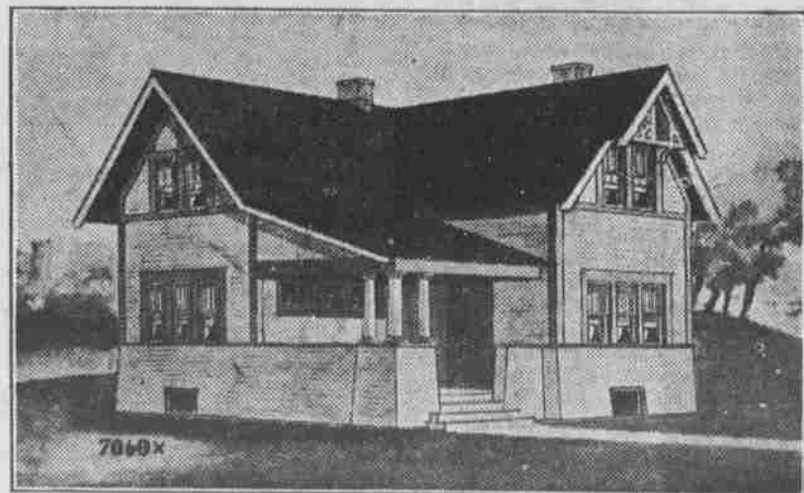
"No, sir! You may not know it, but this working for the government is mighty ticklish business, and a man has got to be awful careful, or he'll

understand that people who live in the open air and sunshine usually have very little use for the doctor. We have figured it out scientifically; so we know the reason why.

It is easy to lay out a house of this kind into good comfortable rooms properly connected for convenience as well as looks. Some house plans are a great puzzle to an architect; but this kind of plan comes easy. You have the space, the difference exposures; you have room for doors where you want to put them; and you have a convenient corner where you can put in a good, comfortable stairway designed for looks as well as service.

When it comes to heating, you can place the furnace under the front hall, and carry short pipes to each room; and you can carry the hottest pipe to the bathroom, where it is most needed.

The plan presents a good many advantages and very few disadvantages. Commencing with the front porch, there is an advantage in having it protected on two sides by the house. Porches as large as this are often furnished with easy chairs, tables, and even lounges and rugs on the floor. When you have a nice porch furnished up in that way, you like to use it as early in the season as possible and as late as possible in the fall. If this porch looks to the south or east, it will be comfortable on sunny days late in the fall as well as early in the spring; and you will get a month's use of it more than you would of an ordinary straight-way veranda. By



Second Floor Plan

fitting it with screens and sash, the time may be extended to include almost the round year in some locations. The fashion of screening porches in the summer time to keep out flies and mosquitoes is a good one, and

lose his job. Now suppose the president gets off the train down there and asks about me and I ain't there, and he finds out I'm late. Don't you see there'd be trouble right off, and I might be asked to resign?"

"I see."

"Yes, sir. So I ain't taking no chances. When the president steps off the train and asks the crowd, 'Where is Jimson?' I'm going to be there, so I can step right out and say: 'Here I am, sir.'—Kansas City Star.

Knowledge of Ancient Chinese.

There is a distinct tradition of flying machines at a very remote date in China, according to the author of "The Civilization of China," and rough wood cuts of such cars have been handed down for many centuries. There are even hints of the X-ray, there being a record of a physician of the fifth century B. C., who was able to see into the viscera of his patients, while another physician, who lived about 1,800 years ago, was accustomed to use an anaesthetic and operated upon the bowels and offered to cure the headaches of a military commander

It is easy to lift out the screens in the fall and put sash in their places.

There are different ways of managing. Some people like to do things differently from the ordinary; and I notice that such folks generally get more out of life. Some families live in their houses; while others make the house a place to stay in when necessary, and get away from it as much and as often as possible. A good deal depends on the house plan in the first place, but more depends on the housekeeper, because one person will make a house comfortable and inviting, while another woman who works just as hard perhaps has the faculty of making things rather unpleasant. The chairs may be too nice to sit down in, or there may be a lot of bric-a-brac in the way—stuff you are afraid of breaking or disarranging. The study of a home means much more than the plan and manner of building the house.

This plan may be carried out at a cost of from \$2,000 to \$2,500.

Short of Coin.

They had not been engaged very long, but already Ernest had made it apparent that the salary of a shop assistant did not admit of an ecstatic existence amid a sea of diamond rings, theater stalls, or even some chocolate creams.

Last summer they walked together to a neighboring village. The road was dusty, the evening close, and Amelia felt that life would be better worth living when she had an opportunity of refreshing herself with tea and strawberries. Ernest hesitated outside the only tea shop in the place, and she smiled hopefully.

His hand stole to his trousers pocket; he fumbled nervously for a moment.

"Er—Amelia," he said at last, "will you have something eat eat now and walk back, or shall we have nothing to eat and go back by train?"

In the Busy City.

In The American Magazine, James Oppenheim, writing a story entitled "The Proud White Mother," makes the following comment on life in the city: "In the city human communication grows inconceivably rich in sum-

mer: windows, doors, all the pores are open, there is a play of people one on another, there is at night a drench of golden atmosphere. . . . On side streets the hurdy-gurdy sings the love of the people and all the wild night is expressed in the dance of young girls on the shadowy pavement. Families sit out on the stoops, the ice cream saloons are crowded, the nickel theater is as fire to the human moths, and every open window and door gives vistas of busy life."

King Interested in Esperanto.

The king of Italy, having received Edmund Privat in audience, has now read the Esperanto grammar and studied the exercises. The Italian minister of education also received Mr. Privat. In Bagdad, moreover, Esperanto is rapidly progressing. In Paris a big Esperanto dinner has been held, and M. Michelin, of motor tire fame, is giving 20,000 francs in prizes offered to the young people of France.

of his day by opening his head. Hypnotism has been used for hundreds of years, but is forbidden by law. The ranks of the Boxers were largely recruited from the society of the vegetarians, who neither eat meat, smoke nor drink.

Dignified Rebuke.

Ex-Minister Wu of China was being entertained at a banquet in Chicago.

"Mr. Wu," said a man who sat beside him. "I hear there's a movement in China to cut off those pigtail you fellows wear. Why do you wear the fool thing, anyway?"

"Why," responded Wu, eyeing his man as he spoke, "do you wear your fool mustache?"

"O," replied the other, "I've got an impossible mouth."

"Er—so I should suppose, from some of your remarks," said Wu.—World Today.

Here is a good rule for keeping out of mischief: When it is daytime keep working; when it is too late to work go to bed.

LOOK "JOY RIDE" WITH CONVICT

Arizona People Think Miss Kate Barnard Overdid Prison "Inquiry" at Florence.

Oklahoma City, Ok.—Reports received by state officials tell of severe criticisms in Arizona against Miss Kate Barnard, state commissioner of charities and corrections of Oklahoma, because she has spent about 30 days in the state prison at Florence, Ariz., making a study of prison conditions, said to be at the expense of the state, and because she went riding recently with a life term prisoner named Tyinge. That Miss Barnard and the prisoner took a "joy ride" and ate ice cream together is the cause of indignation in that state.

Miss Barnard recently appeared before the Arizona legislature in behalf of measures for prison reform and relating to child labor. Her suggestions were not well received by some of the newspapers, one of which demanded that she return to her own state.

Miss Barnard has been absent from her office for a year.

GRADUATES' GOWNS INEXPENSIVE

St. Joseph Class of Eight Made Their Own Frocks at Cost of \$2.00 Each.

St. Joseph, Missouri.—At Benton high school commencement exercises in South St. Joseph the eight girl members of the graduating class appeared in simple white frocks of their own making, which cost not to exceed \$2.00 each.

Most of the graduates were members of the domestic science department and had entered into a compact whereby each should make her own gown, the cost of material not to be more than \$2.00. This agreement was strictly adhered to and it was conceded by the audience that attended the commencement exercises that a better looking and more tastefully dressed class never appeared at a commencement here.

SAN DIEGO TO CONTINUE FIGHT

Citizens Organize "Daylight League" to Combat I. W. W. Free Speech Campaign.

San Diego, California.—The spirit of San Diegoans as far as the Industrial Workers of the World disturbances were concerned, is still militant.

Interest in the "Daylight League," designed to replace the citizens' committee or "vigilantes," increased. A bank president, Julius Wangenheim, declared that "every citizen of San Diego was ready to shoulder a musket in the defense of his home." Wangenheim said he was an advocate of the "Daylight League," as he believed something drastic should be done to meet the exigencies caused by the "free speech" campaign of the Industrial Workers of the World and their sympathizers.

FARM BUREAU TO INCORPORATE

Agriculturists of Pettis County Provide for Permanency of New Institution.

Sedalia, Missouri.—The Pettis county bureau of agriculture, recently instituted, with S. M. Jordan as manager, is to be incorporated. Such was the decision at a meeting composed of representative farmers from every township in the county, held here. The incorporated bureau will be directed by an advisory council composed of a president, two vice-presidents, secretary, treasurer, manager and two members from each township. The meeting also appointed committees to arrange for the county farmers' institute and basket picnic to be held on the state fair grounds here July Fourth.

FARMER PREVENTS TRAIN WRECK

Saw Burning Bridge on Wabash Railroad Just in Time to Flag Train.

Columbia, Missouri.—J. A. Witcher, a farmer, saw a bridge on the Wabash railroad burning a few miles north of here. He notified the railroad agents at Centralia and Columbia and then went to the track and flagged a passenger train, which arrived at the place a few minutes later.

The bridge, which is on the branch line of the road running from Centralia to Columbia, was destroyed. A train was made up at Columbia and the passengers for Columbia were transferred at the bridge.

Quake Terrorizes Mexicans.

Guadalupe, Mexico.—This city was again violently shaken by an earthquake. The shocks were the heaviest recorded in the present period of seismic disturbances. Many walls were cracked. Thousands of persons passed the night in the parks and gardens.

HADN'T PROVEN FRIENDSHIP.



"Isn't he a good friend of yours?" "I'm afraid not; he has never tried to borrow money of me."

BABY'S ECZEMA AND BOILS

"My son was about three weeks old when I noticed a breaking-out on his cheeks, from which a watery substance oozed. A short time after, his arms, shoulders and breast broke out also, and in a few days became a solid scab. I became alarmed, and called our family physician who at once pronounced the disease eczema. The little fellow was under treatment for about three months. By the end of that time, he seemed no better. I became discouraged. I dropped the doctor's treatment, and commenced the use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and in a few days noticed a marked change. The eruption on his cheeks was almost healed, and his shoulders, arms and breast were decidedly better. When he was about seven months old, all trace of the eczema was gone.

"During his teething period, his head and face were broken out in boils which I cured with Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Surely he must have been a great sufferer. During the time of teething and from the time I dropped the doctor's treatment, I used the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, nothing else, and when two years old he was the picture of health. His complexion was soft and beautiful, and his head a mass of silky curls. I had been afraid that he would never be well, and I feel that I owe a great deal to the Cuticura Remedies."

(Signed) Mrs. Mary W. Ramsey, 224 E. Jackson St., Colorado Springs, Col., Sept. 24, 1910. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

Judged by the Wires.

Hostess (to her little guest)—So you don't burn gas up at your house at all?
Dorothy—Oh, no, indeed; every bit of light we use is sent by telegraph.

Their Happiness.

"How about that newly-married deaf mute couple next door to you? Do they seem happy?" "Unspeakingly."—Boston Transcript.

Beware of Spring's sudden changes; keep Garfield Tea at hand. Drink hot on retiring.

Fourteen per cent of the egg is albumen.

Do You Need Help

For your poor, tired stomach?
For your lazy and sluggish liver?
For your weak and constipated bowels?
For your general run-down condition?
Then by all means—try

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

IT DOES THE WORK AT ALL DRUGGISTS

Wichita Directory

RURAL HOME LIGHTING

No home too small, or town too large to light successfully with Acetylene. Free Estimate of cost by dropping us a card. The Wichita Acetylene Manufacturing Co., 1715-21 S. Santa Fe Ave., Wichita, Kansas

THE OTTO WEISS CHICK FEED

A Complete Balanced Ration for Baby Chickens; it is cheap because it saves all the little ones. THE OTTO WEISS ALFALFA STOCK FOOD COMPANY, Wichita, Kan.

SERIAL STORY

The Pool of Flame

By **LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE**

Illustrations by Ellsworth Young

Copyright 1909, by Louis Joseph Vance

SYNOPSIS.

The story opens at Monte Carlo with Col. Terence O'Rourke, a military lance and something of a gambler, in his hotel. Leaning on the balcony he sees a beautiful girl who suddenly enters the elevator and passes from sight. At the gaming table O'Rourke notices two men watching him. One is the Hon. Bertie Glynn, while his companion is Viscount Des Trebes, a duelist. The viscount tells him the French government has directed him to O'Rourke as a man who would undertake a secret mission. At his apartment, O'Rourke, who had agreed to undertake the mission, finds a mysterious letter. The viscount arrives, hands a sealed package to O'Rourke, who is not to open it until on the ocean. A pair of slippers are seen protruding from under a doorway curtain. The Irishman finds the owner of the mysterious feet to be his wife, Beatrix, from whom he had run away a year previous. They are reconciled, and opening the letter he finds that a Rangoon law firm offers him 50,000 pounds for a jewel known as the Pool of Flame and left to him by a dying friend, but now in keeping of one named Chambret in Algeria. O'Rourke wears the nobles in a duel. The wife bids O'Rourke farewell, and he promises to soon return with the reward. He discovers both Glynn and the viscount on board the ship. As he finds Chambret there is an attack by bandits and his friend dies, telling O'Rourke that he has left the Pool of Flame with the governor general, who at sight of a signet ring given the colonel will deliver over the jewel. Arriving at Algeria, the Irishman finds the governor general away. Des Trebes makes a mysterious appointment, and tells O'Rourke that he has gained possession of the jewel by stealing it. In a duel O'Rourke masters the viscount, secures possession of the Pool of Flame and starts by ship for Rangoon. He finds the captain to be a smuggler who tries to steal the jewel. It is finally secured by the captain and O'Rourke escapes to land. With the aid of one Danny and his sweetheart, O'Rourke recovers the Pool of Flame. On board ship once more, bound for Rangoon, a mysterious lady appears. O'Rourke comes upon a lascar about to attack the lady, who is Mrs. Prynnne, and kicks the man into the hold.

CHAPTER XX.—(Continued.)

Her spirit, through her eyes, answered his in a flash. Then cooling, she looked him over from crown to toe, weighing him deliberately in the balance of her knowledge of men. He bore the inspection with equanimity, quite sure of himself, as was natural in the O'Rourke. Provoked, put on his mettle, he felt himself invincible, and showed it in every line of his pose. She could not have wavered long; indeed, her decision was quite manifest. Impulsively she caught his two hands in her own.

"Yes," she cried, "I do believe you! I take you at your word—your generous word, Colonel O'Rourke! I will trust implicitly in you. You shall get me to Bombay by the fifteenth."

"The fifteenth?" he echoed thoughtfully. "This is the tenth."

"The Panjab is scheduled to arrive on the fifteenth. All my plans depend upon there being no delays."

"Five days! . . . It shall be managed, Mrs. Prynnne, Bombay by the fifteenth it shall be, or the O'Rourke will have broken his heart!"

She grew thoughtful. "You are very good—I've told you that. I believe that you will accomplish what you promise. Yet it seems hardly fair to saddle you with my cares, my perils, without informing you of their nature."

"Madam, 'tis not the O'Rourke who would ever be prying into your secrets. Let's not complicate a simple situation with explanations."

"But, colonel, there is one thing more." He paused. "It is a question," she continued, "of chartering a ship at Aden, is it not?"

"I see no other way."

"Then—spare no expense, Colonel O'Rourke. Remember that I foot the bill."

"But—er—"

"Or, if you insist, sir, I pay nothing; Great Britain pays for both of us."

"Eh? Yes?" he stammered.

"But see, colonel."

He had before then noted indifferently that she wore a chain of thin, fine gold about her neck, its termination—presumably a locket of some sort—hidden in the folds of her corset. Now she quietly pulled this forth, and displayed her pendant, a little trinket of gold, a running greyhound exquisitely modeled.

Stunned, he stared first at the top, then at the woman. "Ye mean to say—?" he whispered, doubting.

"On the King's service, Colonel O'Rourke!"

"A King's courier, madam? You—a woman!"

"And why not?" she demanded proudly. "The King's messengers dare many dangers, it's true. But in some of them might not a woman serve better than a man?"

"True enough. Yet 'tis unprecedented—at least, ye'll admit, most unusual. I begin to understand. That lascar, for instance—?"

"Believe me, Colonel O'Rourke, I'm at liberty to tell you nothing."

"Tell me this, at least: would ye know him if ye saw him again?"

"Truthfully," she said, looking him in the eye, "I would not. I will say one other word: I had anticipated his attack, although I had never seen him before."

"Faith, 'tis yourself that has your courage with ye, Mrs. Prynnne! . . . But good night, madam! Your servant!"

"Good night, colonel," she said softly, and as she watched him swing away laughed lightly and strangely. Later, still standing outside her door, she sighed, and an odd light glowed deep in her eyes of grayish-green. Sighing again, and with another low laugh that rang a thought derisive, as though she were flouting the man whose service she accepted so gladly, she turned and vanished within her stateroom.

As she did so, the opposite door—that of an inside stateroom on the same gangway—was opened cautiously. A turbaned head peered out, its eyes glancing swiftly up and down the corridor. Long since, however, the excited passengers had been reassured and had returned to their berths; the coast was clear.

The lascar stepped noiselessly out, shut the door without a sound, and sped swiftly forward: a long, brown man with an impassive cast of countenance in which his eyes shone with a curious light.

As he swung into the space at the foot of the saloon companionway, he collided violently with an undersized and excessively red-headed Irishman, nearly upsetting the latter, to say nothing of a glass of brandy-and-soda which he was conveying to a certain stateroom.

"Phwat the divvie, ye domned naygur! Phwy d'ye not look where ye're going?" demanded Danny with some heat.

The East Indian backed away, bowed profoundly, mumbling something inarticulate, and sprang up the steps. Danny looked after him, for a moment hesitant, then put down the tray and pursued. He caught the flicker of the lascar's cummerbund as the latter escaped to the deck, and himself arrived at the forward end of the promenade just in time to see a white shape disappear into the steerage companionway.

"I'd take me oath," said Danny reflectively, "that he's the naygur that came aboard at Suez. 'Tis meself that wishes I'd had a better peep at the ugly mug av him. I'm thinking I'd bether be after tellin' meself."

CHAPTER XXI.

Lurching drunkenly into the harbor known locally as Aden Back Bay, the Panjab came to anchor.

O'Rourke, from the lower grating of the steamship's accommodation ladder, signaled to one of the swarm of hovering dinghys, and waiting for it to come in, reviewed the anchored shipping, gathered transiently together in that spot from the four corners of the earth, and shook his head despondingly.

A yellow-haired Somali boatman shot his little craft in to the grating. O'Rourke dropped upon the stern-seat and took the tiller. "Post Office pier," he said curtly. The dinghy shot away with dipping, dripping oars, while the Irishman continued to search among the vessels for anything that seemed to promise the speed necessary for his purpose, and failed to discover one.

"'Tis hopeless," he conceded bitterly as the boat wove a serpentine wake in and out among the heaving bulks.

"And, I'm thinking, 'tis the O'Rourke who will presently be alinking back to confess he bragged beyond his powers. The fool that ye are, Terence, with your big words and your fine promises, all empty as your purse!"

"Tis out of patience I am with ye entirely!"

Doubtless he made the very picture of unhappiness.

So, at least, seemed to think a man lounging in a dilapidated canvas deck-chair beneath a dirty awning in the stern of a distant tramp steamer; who, raking the shoreward-bound with a pair of rusty binoculars, had chanced to focus upon O'Rourke.

"Looks as if he hadn't a friend in the world," said the man audibly. "Looks as if a letter from home with cash draft 'ud about fill his little bill."

He grunted in pleased appreciation of his own subtle wit. A short man he was, stout, very much at home in grimy pajamas and nothing else, with eyes small, blue, informed with twinkling humor and set in a florid countenance bristling with a three days' growth of grayish beard.

He swung the glasses again upon O'Rourke, and, "Hell!" he exclaimed, sitting up with stimulated interest.

"Well, by jinks!" said the stout man. "Who'd a-thunk it?"

He got up with evident haste and waddled forward to the bridge, where he came upon what he evidently needed in his business: a huge and battered megaphone. Applying this to his lips and filling his lungs he belted with a right good will, and his hell, not unlike the roaring of an amiable bull, awoke Aden's echoes: "O-o-Rourke!"

"Good morning," murmured the Irishman, lifting his head to stare about him with incredulous curiosity. "Who's that barking at me?"

The pajama'd person continuing to shout at the top of his voice, by dint of earnest staring the Irishman eventually located the source of the uproar. "Now who the divvie might ye be?" he wondered. "Ananias, me friend—to the boatman—'row to the steamer yonder where the noise comes from."

Whereupon the stout man, seeing the boat alter its course, put aside the megaphone. And again peace brooded over Aden.

On nearer approach to the tramp, O'Rourke's smile broadened to a pleased grin, and airily he waved a hand to the man with the voice.

"Jimmy Quick!" he observed with unfeigned delight. "Faith, I begin to believe that me luck holds, after all!"

From the bottom step of the tramp's ladder he tossed a coin to the boatman, then mounted to the deck. Instantly the stout man fell heavily upon his neck with symptoms of ex-

trême joy. A lull succeeding his first transports, he wiped his eyes, beamed upon his guest and suggested insinuatingly: "Drink!"

"Brevity's ever the soul of your wit, captain," said O'Rourke. "I will. And he meekly followed Quick's bare heels forward to the officer's quarters beneath the bridge.

Having set him in a chair, Quick, still a-gurgle, wandered off, unearthened a bottle, beamed upon his visitor, asked a dozen questions in as many breaths and, without waiting for an answer, waddled off again to return with a brace of dripping soda-water bottles. "Schweppes," he said, patting their rotund forms tenderly; "and the last in our lockers—all in your honor, colonel."

"So?" commented O'Rourke. "Hard up, is it? 'Tis not the O'Rourke who would be wishing ye ill, captain, dear, but, faith, meself's not sorry to hear that word this day. I'm thinking me luck is sound, after all."

Quick had again vanished. Presently O'Rourke heard his mighty voice booming down an engine-room ventilator. "Dravos! Dravos, you loafer! Come up and see a strange sight!"

He came back, still vibrant with an elephantine sort of joy. "O'Rourke," he panted, mopping a damp brow with the sleeve of his jacket, "you're a good sight for sore eyes. Never did we meet up with you yet but there came a run of luck."

"'Tis good hearing," said O'Rourke, smiling.

A slight little man slipped a bald head, relieved by ragged patches of gray hair about the temples, apologetically into the cabin door.

"The top of the day to ye, Dravos!"

He accepted his glass with a dispassionate air and drank hastily after a short nod to the guest, as one who sacrifices his personal inclinations to the laws of hospitality. But from his after-glow of benevolence, O'Rourke concluded that the drink had not been unwelcome.

"What brings you here?" demanded Quick in a subdued roar.

"I've a job for ye, if so be it ye're not otherwise engaged—and if ye can do it."

Quick slapped a huge thigh delightfully. "I knew it—could have sworn to it!"

"Can do anything," asserted Dravos with asperity.

"'Tis merely a question of speed," explained the Irishman. "Can ye make Bombay in four days—be the fifteenth?"

"Dravos," roared Quick, "how much speed can you get out of those damned engines?"

"Twenty knots," snapped Dravos.

es," the captain announced. "By morning we'll be far enough out for you to take hold without spraining the art of seamanship. O'night."

"Thank ye," said O'Rourke. In fact, he had long been sensible that he was very drowsy; the night wind in his face had something to do with that. "Good night," he returned, and went down the ladder to the deck.

At its foot he paused, turning curiously; it seemed that surely there must be some serious trouble afoot in the crew. The Irishman could see in the glimmer of the fore-castle lantern a confused blur of naked, shining, brown bodies and limbs, apparently inextricably locked. A scream rang shrill and there followed the sound of a heavy fall.

Overhead, on the bridge, Quick was roaring himself hoarse, without effect. The sounds of shuffling, of blows, harsh breathing, stifled cries, continued. A knot of the contestants swept, whirling, aft, toward the superstructure. Something shot slinging through the air; the wind of it fanned O'Rourke's cheek.

With an unconscious, surprised oath, O'Rourke stepped aside, his hand going toward his revolver. The missile struck a stanchion, glanced and fell clattering into the scuppers. Revolver in hand, he went forward to the rail overlooking the struggling rabble on the deck below. But they seemed intent only on their private differences, and Quick's roars were bringing them to their senses. Gradually the tumult subsided, the contestants separating and sinking forward to their quarters.

"It may have been chance," O'Rourke conceded a bit doubtfully. He swung about and moved aft slowly, examining the deck intently. In a moment or two he stopped and picked up a long, thin-bladed knife, double-edged and keen as a razor. The point was broken, having doubtless been snapped off at the moment of contact with the deck-house. O'Rourke turned it over soberly.

"Faith, I don't like to think it was intentional—but me head would have been split had it come two inches to the left."

He returned to the bridge, calling Quick aside. "You're armed?"

"Certainly—always armed when I'm dealing with these devils. Why?"

O'Rourke showed him the knife. Quick laughed at his theory. "Nothing in it," he was pleased to believe.

CHAPTER XXIII.

The day came out of the East with a windy swagger; as Quick had foretold, a series of thunderstorms swept the sea before dawn, so that it, like the sky, seemed newly washed, clean and brilliant.

O'Rourke relieved Quick at four bells of the morning watch and kept the deck for the remainder of the day, his meals being brought to him on the bridge. His duties were simple enough, requiring little more than a display of the habit of authority which sat so well on his broad shoulders. It was no great trick to keep the crew in order: they went about their work peaceably enough and showed no signs of desiring to renew their disputations. Otherwise he had to keep an eye upon the helmsman and see that he held the Rancee to the course prescribed by Quick; and that was nothing difficult to a man of average intelligence. Naught but deep water lay between them and Bombay, so long as a direct course was shaped and maintained.

As the sunlit watches wore out and nothing untoward took place, O'Rourke's grim apprehensions dissipated into shadow. He began to believe with Quick that the affair of the winged knife was merely a hapchance accident, quite unpremeditated.

Below decks, Dravos and Danny were standing watch-and-watch, with clockwork regularity, where the former's beloved engines were justifying his confidence and pride in them and clicking off their twenty knots without a hitch.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Booming the Restaurant.

Not only of himself, but of his sister later, did the proprietor of a Marselles restaurant dispose in a lottery. To such lady frequenters of his establishment who would accept of them did he give a ticket bearing a number, with an announcement that, on the New Year's day following, a raffle would take place, at which the prize would be himself and his business. During the intervening months a roaring trade was done, and on the day appointed the restaurant was crammed to overflowing by a crowd, who cheered uproariously on the winner turning up in the popular proprietress of a rival cafe.

On Second Thought.

"You know," said the Chinese philosopher, "that our nation really invented gunpowder." "Yes," replied the court official; "and when I see the trouble we are having I can't help thinking it was rather foolish of us."

Choosing the Worse.

A dog's bark is worse than his bite, but give us his bark every time.—Chicago News.



With an Unconscious, Surprised Oath, O'Rourke Stepped Aside.

"When can you sail?"

"To-night," said Dravos.

"If," stipulated Quick, "I can pick up a crew in Aden."

"'Tis settled then."

"We'll need a bit of money in advance."

"Ye shall have it, within reason."

Dravos rose and sidled towards the door, a faraway look in his pale eyes. "You strike the bargain, Quick," he said; "I'll have a look around the engine-room."

"Right-O, Bobby. . . . Yourself alone, I s'pose, O'Rourke?"

"And three others, Danny—"

"Yes, yes."

"And two ladies; an Englishwoman and her maid."

CHAPTER XXII.

By nine o'clock the Rancee lay with steam up, ready to weigh anchor.

It is no praise to Dravos to state that his engines were in admirable condition. Such was their invariable state. For an assistant he impressed into service none other than Danny Mahone, to Danny's intense dismay.

O'Rourke took upon himself the duties of first officer under Captain Quick. The Irishman cared little for the sea, knew less of a first officer's duties; but it was patent that Quick could not stand every watch, and O'Rourke was not to be daunted by any such slight matter as nautical inexperience.

In the knowledge that they were safely off at last there was poignant relief to the wanderer, as he stood by Quick's side, on the bridge, with mid-night imminent and the ship still and peaceful. "I'll stand the night watch-

The Kenna Record

W. T. COWGILL, Editor and Pub'g
MRS. COWGILL Local Editor.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

Entered February 8th, 1907, at the Kenna, New Mexico, Post Office, as second Class Mail Matter.

Subscription \$1.00 Per Year, in Advance

Advertising Rates Made Known on Application

HOW GEO. CURRY DIED.

Three times George Curry, now congressman from New Mexico, has read accounts of his own death. He grew so accustomed to being regarded as dead that if he were to pick up the morning paper at the breakfast table now and see his own obituary he wouldn't even attach enough importance to the item to mention it to his family.

The first time Curry was killed was back in '87. He went from New Mexico to Trinidad to play a game of baseball, and while there shared a hotel room with a stranger who was about to set out for the wilds to buy cattle. This stranger got up to make an early start, and by mistake put on Curry's vest. The next day he was shot and robbed, out in the lull; and the only thing to identify him by was a letter in his vest pocket addressed to George Curry. The coroner at Trinidad then and there held an inquest in which he adjudged George Curry to be dead. That news was sent out by the Associated Press, and when Curry got off the train on his return to New Mexico the first people he saw were two rival undertakers who had come after him.

Just twenty years later, when Curry was inaugurated governor of New Mexico, the coroner who adjudged him dead journeyed from Colorado to Santa Fe just for the satisfaction of seeing a dead man made governor.

On another occasion Curry was supposed to have been killed in a fight on the plains and his obituary was flashed over the country.

Then, at the battle of San Mateo, in the Philippines, where Gen. Lawton was killed, all of Curry's company perished but him, and he was supposed to have been included. But the Filipinos liked Curry, and they purposely allowed him to escape. He had to go without food for two of three days, but merely tightened his belt and kept on his way.

Curry was at one time an outlaw. When he was a cowboy he got into a row with the Territorial government over some land grants, and a company of militia was sent to arrest him. But Curry didn't propose to be arrested, as it was much pleasanter in the mountains at that season than in jail, and he and his cowboy friends chased the militia away. When he got around to it Curry went and allowed himself to be arrested, and received his mail at the county bastille for a while. But such was his popularity that in a trifle over a year after he got out of jail he was elected county clerk. And he has been holding one place after another until he broke into Washington as Representative at large.—Washington (D. C.) Herald.

If you are Proving up on your claim be sure and read your Publication Notice carefully when it appears in the paper, and if there are any errors notify this office promptly and they will be corrected.

Homesteaders are advised that it costs \$6.00 more to make fifty or proof on 160 acres than it does to make commutation proof, and \$12.00 more on 320. The reason for this will be explained by the officer before whom you make proof.

WANTED—Good Housekeeping Magazine requires the services of a representative in Kenna, New Mexico, to look after subscription renewals and to extend circulation by special methods which have proved unusually successful. Salary and commission. Previous experience desirable but not essential. Whole time or spare time. Address with reference, J. F. Fairbanks, Good Housekeeping Magazine, 381 Fourth Ave., New York City.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial No. 013340
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
March 20, 1912

Notice is hereby given that Tolliver G. Naramore, of Kenna, New Mexico, who, on December 11, 1907, made homestead entry, Serial No. 013340, for East 1/4 south 1/4 Section 17, and east 1/4 of the northwest 1/4 Section 20, Township 6 south, Range 20 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, New Mexico, on the 14th day of May, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John A. Kimmons, Willie A. Fry, Ernest Paddock and John E. Frazier, all of Kenna, New Mexico.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register.

April 5-May 10.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial No. 011475
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,
May 17, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that James E. Green, of Kenna, N. M., who, on November 12, 1906, made homestead entry, Serial No. 011475, for Lots 1, 2, Section 1, and north 1/4 of northeast 1/4, Section 12 Township 6 south, Range 21 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, N. M., on the 24th day of June, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Luther M. Carmichael, John A. Rogers, Daisy Rogers and Emma Beavers, all of Kenna, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register.

May 17-June 21.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial No. 011053
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico,
May 13, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Annie L. Green, of Kenna, N. M., who, on December 28, 1909, made homestead entry, Serial No. 011053, for S 1/2 NE 1/4, Sec. 12, Twp. 6-S, Range 21-E and Lots 2 and 3, Section 7, Township 6, south, Range 22 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, N. M., on the 24th day of June 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Luther M. Carmichael, John A. Rogers, Daisy Rogers and Emma Beavers, all of Kenna, N. M.

T. C. TILLOTSON,
Register.

May 12-June 21.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial No. 0232,
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M.,
May 21 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Gled W. Ulery, of Olive, Chaves Co. N. M., who, on November 12, 1909, made homestead entry Serial No. 0232, for southwest 1/4 Section 3, Township 5 south, Range 27 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Story M. Russell, Clerk of the circuit court at Eugene, Ore. and that the testimony of witnesses will be taken before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Kenna, N. M., on the 8th day of July 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Joseph Brawley, Horace O. Irwin, George W. Malone and Earl Howe, all of Olive, N. M.

Arthur E. Curren,
Register.

May 24-June 25.

J. P. STONE, President AG. T. LITTLEFIELD, Vice President
W. B. SCOTT, Cashier

The Kenna Bank & Trust Co. OF KENNA, N. M.

The depositors in this Bank are secured by the laws of this Territory to the extent of \$30,000.00.

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Repairing Neatly and Promptly Done

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial Nos. 04142 and 06322. (KWE.)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M.,
April 19, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Harvey W. Fry, of Kenna, N. M., who, on April 15, 1907, made homestead entry, Serial No. 04142, for north 1/4 of northwest 1/4, north 1/4 of northeast 1/4, Section 18, Township 3 south, Range 20 east, and who on May 16, 1909, made said homestead entry, Serial No. 06322, for south 1/4 of northeast 1/4, and northeast 1/4 of northeast 1/4, and northeast 1/4 of southeast 1/4, Section 13, Township 5 south, Range 20 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, N. M., on the 14th day of June 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Charles W. Ayers, John A. Kimmons, William H. Cooper, Joseph A. Cooper, all of Kenna, N. M.

ARTHUR E. CURREN,
Register.

April 26-May 21.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

04224 (KWE.)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M.,
April 19, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Ocie Ballard, widow of Henry N. Rutherford, deceased, of Kenna, N. M., who, on May 13, 1907, made homestead entry Serial No. 04224, for the west 1/2 of southwest 1/4, Section 55, Township 4 south, Range 20 east, and the west 1/2 of the northwest 1/4, Section 4, Township 5 south, Range 20 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, N. M., on the 12th day of June 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Jason T. Gandy, George T. Littlefield, Jason H. Gandy, Marion E. Lovelady, all of Kenna, N. M.

ARTHUR E. CURREN,
Register.

April 26-May 21.

R. L. ROBERSON, The Barber

—NORTH SIDE—
Agent for the Parhandle Steam Laundry, of Amarillo, Texas
Phon. No. 13

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture,
Weather Bureau.

Station, Boaz, N. M.

MONTHLY SUMMARY.

APRIL

Temperature.

Mean temperature.....55
Maximum temperature.....85
Minimum temperature.....24
Greatest daily range.....60
Precipitation.

Total.....7-100
Clear.....15
Partly cloudy.....15
Cloudy.....0

D. C. Savage, co-operative observer, postoffice address, Boaz, N. M.

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

108 Business and Resident Lots in Kenna, N. M. Also 120 acres good land adjoining the lots, with good well of water, 2-room house and good tank. Fine proposition for some one who can sell the lots—owner hasn't the time to see after it. Will trade for anything that is good—Stock of Jewelry, Dry Goods, Groceries or improved city property. Write Kenna Record and get in touch with owner.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial No. 03890. (KWE.)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M.,
April 19, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that John E. Jordan, of Linton, New Mexico, who, on January 14, 1907, made homestead entry Serial No. 03890, for the northeast 1/4 section 50, Township 1 south, Range 29 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, N. M., on the 10th day of June 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
George A. Graves, Henry Linton, George Sallas, Alexander Hobbs, all of Linton, N. M.

ARTHUR E. CURREN,
Register.

April 26-May 21.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial No. 02096. (KWE.)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M.,
April 19, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Nancy A. Jasper, of Kenna, N. M., who, on February 20, 1907, made homestead entry Serial No. 02096, for the northwest 1/4 Section 6, Township 3 south, Range 20 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Five Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, N. M., on the 11th day of June, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John G. Keller, Charles W. Ayers, George T. Littlefield, William F. Littlefield, all of Kenna, N. M.

ARTHUR E. CURREN,
Register.

April 26-May 21.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial No. 02527. (KWE.)
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M.,
April 19, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Ophelia M. Overstreet, of Kenna, New Mexico, who, on Sept. 4, 1906, made homestead entry, Serial No. 02527, for the southwest 1/4 Section 34, Township 5 south, Range 31 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, N. M., on the 10th day of June, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Luther M. Carmichael, Martin W. Garland, Calvin C. Patton, James H. McArthur, all of Kenna, New Mexico.

ARTHUR E. CURREN,
Register.

April 26-May 21.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENT.

Preaching at the White Chapel school house every 3rd and 4th Sunday. Everybody cordially invited to attend. Elder W. H. Wood.

'SEEDS ADAPTED to the SOUTHWEST'

Bee-keepers' Supplies, Poultry Supplies, SWIFT'S Fertilizers. ROSWELL SEED CO., Roswell, N. M.

STRAYED: From my claim, 4 miles northwest of Kenna, a roan cow, about 9 or 10 years old, dehorned, branded J. W. on left ribs. Will appreciate any information of her whereabouts. Leave word at Record office. Oblige Frank Parker

WANTED: A Good Rooster. Any breed. This office.

Cold drinks and home made candy. at my store. Oscar Roberson.

John Kimmons is building another water tank this week for G. T. Littlefield. It is 30 barrel capacity.

A recent letter from R. P. Ballard states that he and his wife have located at Clovis for the summer.

Dr. J. Odd Hamilton spent the time from Saturday morning until Monday evening at Kefauver, and did considerable dental work while here. He went from here to Dexter.

Quite a number of our farmers have become interested in cream production this spring. At least a half dozen cream separators have been installed lately, and more are arranging to order.

J. P. Scanlin, of Olive, spent Sunday night at Kenna. He came to meet S. E. Brown and family, who had arranged for Mr. Scanlin to take them out to their claim, but for some reason they failed to arrive.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. H. Clepbert came up from Olive Saturday and remained over night at Kenna. They came to meet their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Jennings, who arrived Sunday morning from Roswell.

Frank Schramm and his wife are spending the week with Mr. Schramm's parents. They came up from Roswell Monday and were guests at the West hotel until the following day, and Monday evening gave an ice cream supper to the young folks of Kenna and vicinity.

HER NATURAL PROTECTOR.

"O Clara, we had a dreadful scare this morning, a burglar scare!" said Mrs. Fink. "There was a frightful noise about two o'clock, and I got up. I turned on the light and looked down, to see a man's legs sticking out from under the bed."

"Mercy, how dreadful! The burglar's!"

"No, my dear, my husband's. He had heard the noise, too." Youth's Companion.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. W. A. ROUNDS, KENTON & MARSH, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Kidney Pills for constipation.

THE CHAVES COUNTY TEACHER'S INSTITUTE

The Chaves County Teacher's Institute, will be held in the new High School building, in the City of Roswell, beginning on Monday, June the 3rd 1912 and continuing two weeks. Examinations will be held on Friday and Saturday June 14th and 15th. Institute is compulsory upon all persons that expect to teach in this County. Very respectfully, C. C. Hill, Superintendent of Schools of Chaves County.

TRIAL OF THE SMITH BOYS.

The trial of the Smith boys for the killing of Wilson Orr began in the District Court at Roswell yesterday. Walter Orr's testimony was taken, and he swore he saw Hysell Smith shoot his father. He cried considerably while on the stand, naturally, considering his age and the character of the inquiry through which he was passing. He stated he heard seven shots fired. The testimony of Dr. Fiscus was there were seven wounds in Orr's body, one being from a lead bullet, and the others appearing to be from steel jacket bullets, showing that two guns had been used. From this deduction the prosecution seeks to convict both Hysell and Boyd. Of course during the first of the trial, and until the defense begins, everything will seem to favor the prosecution. But the friends of the Smith boys are quite hopeful, and believe that both will come clear. The trial will likely last until the middle of next week. The father of the Smiths and Hysell's wife's father are both in attendance.

The land office at Fort Sumner seems to be considerable behind with its work. Applications to make proof sent in several weeks ago have not yet been returned for publication, and proofs made ten days to two weeks or more ago have not yet been acted upon.

G. T. Littlefield has followed the pace set by W. L. Sears and Will McCombs and bought himself an automobile. He shipped it up from Roswell yesterday. Kenna is not going to be behind on this "Honk Honk" business, and later on we are going to have an automobile road cut from Roswell, and on to Peralta.

LIBERAL HOMESTEADING

Washington, May 28—The liberalized homestead bill was acted upon by the senate today, when the report of the conference committee reconciling the difference of two houses of congress was adopted by that body. The bill, introduced by Senator Borah, reduces the requisite period of residence from five years to three and grants four months' leave of absence annually to permit homesteaders to go away for the purpose of supplementing their incomes. Early action by the house is expected.—Roswell Morning News.

Notice to Colt Raisers.

IT PAYS TO BREED TO A GOOD HORSE.

The W. L. L. Parker Stallion, "KURO," well known in this section of the country, and the FINEST HORSE EVER KEPT HERE, is making the Season Stall at Kenna, N. M., at the Very Low Price of \$8 00 Insurance. He is in charge of J. A. KIMMONS. Call and see the horse before you breed your mates. "KURO" is a beautiful sorrel, 5 years old, 16 1/2 hands high, and will weigh about 1400 pounds. Is a cross between the two well known breeds—"STEEL DUST" and "ENGLISH DRAFT," which makes a very desirable All Purpose Horse. MARE STANDS GOOD FOR SERVICE OF HORSE and money due if parted with or removed from Co.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

I have only a small stock at present, but it is new, fresh and clean, and I will sell as cheap as you can buy the same goods anywhere in New Mexico. Come and see.

OSCAR ROBERSON,

North of Livery Barn.

BORN: Wednesday morning, May 29, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Jones, of Kenna, a fine girl baby. This is the second child, the former being a boy. The mother and child are doing finely.

BOAZ ITEMS

Mrs. J. F. Shambaugh died Monday a. m. 12:30 at St. Mary's hospital at Roswell, after an operation. The family have been at Boaz most of the time for four years. They were in business here and she made many friends by her kind hearted, friendly ways and all will sympathize with Mr Shambaugh and little Ruth in their sad bereavement. The funeral will be held at Roswell Thursday evening. Mr Horner went down to help Mr Shambaugh in the arrangements.

Miss Lola Beatty and brother Owen are spending a few days in town with old friends.

W. E. Johnson is clerking for Horner this week.

An ice cream social will be held at the hotel Sat. June 1.

Lee Robertson has lost one of his horses just recently.

Miss Stella Pattillo and J. M. Ballard, both former residents of this place will be married May 29th at 8:30 p. m. at Leonard, Texas. Miss Pattillo is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Pattillo and has many friends here to wish her happiness. Mr. Ballard was for two years principal of our school. He has been teaching for the past year at Pike Texas. He is to be congratulated on his good judgment in the selection of a wife and we hope they will come this way soon so we can make them know how much we enjoy seeing a bride and groom.

W. T. Cowgill,

NOTARY PUBLIC

FOR RENT. The Locker house and farm, just in town. See this office.

Mr. F. E. Stokes has been home for a few days visit to his family, before leaving for Eugene, Ore. to do R. R. construction work. He has been at work for about a year for the same Co. at Benson, Ariz.

We have just been advised by H. B. Fergusson, M. C. that the three year homestead law has finally passed the committee of three house members and three of the senate. The bill has no reservations.

The principal points are three years residence instead of five; five months off each year; no cultivation the first year, one sixteenth the second year and one eighth the third year, on either 160 acres or 320 acres.

The homesteader, now living on his land can prove up under either the old or new law as he prefers. This we hope will speedily become a law.

G. W. Hamlin has come up from Roswell where he has been at work.

C. A. Boatman and family have moved to Roswell after proving up on their claim.

W. C. Myles came very near losing an eye Sunday, by being stuck in it with a hat pin.

Knows Better Now. Teacher—Tommy, you should have known better than to fight with that Williams boy. Tommy—I know, ma'am, but I thought I could lick him.—Health and Home.

Dr. H. L. Fiscus.

Physician & Surgeon, and Prop. of The Kenna Drugstore.

Pure, Fresh Drugs & Chemicals. All kinds Patent Medicines & Stock Remedies. Stationery. Rubber Goods and Toilet Articles.

Kenna, - - - N. M.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Serial No. 0448. (H. W. E.) Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Fort Sumner, N. M., April 19, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that Fred Proctor, of Roswell, New Mexico, who, on October 21, 1906, made homestead entry, Serial No. 0448, for the east 1/2 of the northwest 1/4, N. E. 1/4, S. W. 1/4, N. W. 1/4, Section 10, Township 1 South, Range 29 East, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Five-year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. T. Cowgill, U. S. Commissioner, in his office at Kenna, New Mexico, on the 12th day of June, 1912.

Claimant names as witnesses: William Henry Light, Lawrence K. Jones, Edward D. Clay, Frank E. Miller, all of Elida, New Mexico.

ARTHUR E. CURREN, Register.

April 26-May 31.

VALLEY VIEW ITEMS.

Valley View wide awake.

Everyone is wearing a big smile since the good rains, and all are busy planting and cultivating.

School is progressing nicely with Miss Setta Sones as teacher.

Perry Patton is back on his claim putting in a crop. We think there are other charms that have drawn him back besides the beauty of his claim.

Mrs. Otto Jones was visiting with Mrs. T. P. Crume Saturday.

Mr. Will Heathcote has gone to Roswell looking for work.

We wonder why Uncle Sam Jones was not at Sunday school Sunday. We have a live little Sunday school at Valley View and all are cordially invited to attend and help us out.

T. P. Crume is in Roswell this week.

Mrs. Thurman has moved to the Harris house.

Mrs. C. D. Spillman was visiting with Mrs. L. M. Carmichael Monday.

George Chambers paid his claim a flying visit last week, his bright star must have been hidden by a passing cloud as he did not tarry long.

The stork visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael the 24th and left an eight pound daughter. Mother and child doing well, but little hope for the father.

Mr. and Mrs. Green Thomas' baby has been quite sick, but is better at this writing.

Mrs. Taylor was visiting with Mrs. L. M. Carmichael and baby Monday.

Mr. Arthur Garland's horse seems to just naturally turn south whereas last summer he went north all together.

Mrs. O. M. Overstreet happened to quite an accident Monday evening as she was going home. She was driving Mack Carmichael's horse, he became frightened and ran away throwing her out of the buggy, but fortunately sustained no injury beyond a good scare. The buggy was pretty badly wrecked.

"Old Comet."

CORN ON A DRY FARM

Keystone of Success Is Conservation of Rainfall.

Enough of Crop Should Be Grown to Supply Work Horses With Roughage in Winter and Supplement Summer Pastures.

In all the dry farming areas the conservation of the rainfall in the soil where it becomes available to growing crops is the keystone of successful agricultural operations, says the Northwestern Agriculturist.

This is generally done by the cultivation of the soil during the entire growing season. If no crop is produced on the land this operation is called summer fallow or summer culture. Over most of the dry farming area nearly if not as good grain crops can be grown following a cultivated crop as on summer fallowed land.

When the bare fallow system is used a whole year elapses without any returns either on the investment or for the labor performed. If a cultivated crop can be grown with as good crops following it should more than pay its expense, which will consist of the cost of seed, planting and harvesting; the cultivation would have to be done anyway, so this should not be counted against the cost of production of a crop of corn. Corn is pre-eminently this crop—first—because it produces an abundance of cheap feed—second—it shades the soil during the excessively hot days of July and August, thereby preventing loss of soil fertility, and third—a cornfield has a cooling rather than a heating influence on the winds that blow across it.

On most farms in the dry farming area enough live stock should be kept to pay most of the running expenses of the farm. Hay and pasturage are very short in such areas and consequently too dear for cheap live stock production. Enough corn should be grown to supply, first, the work horses with roughage during the winter, if not the working season; second, to supplement the pastures of the summer and fall as a soiling crop or in the form of ensilage and to form the bulk of their winter ration; third, to supply the sheep and hogs a cheap fattening food for finishing them off in the fall.

The first essential to corn culture on the dry farms is live stock, for without such there is no way of utilizing the corn crop, but if live stock are kept, feed must be had; the corn crop can be converted into beef, pork, mutton, wool, butter and eggs, commodities that can always be converted into cash or its equivalent.

The second essential to corn culture is a conviction that it will pay to grow live stock on the corn crop produced and a determination to grow corn as their chief feed in spite of adverse circumstances. In order to be successful in growing corn on a dry farm the selection of the proper variety is essential. In western North Dakota and eastern Montana, Squaw, Gehu, Mercer, King Phillip and Triumph will probably prove the best flint varieties, while Golden Dent and Northwestern Dent will probably prove the best dent varieties. It should always germinate strong and 95 per cent, or better.

The time to seed is from the 10th to the 15th of May in a well prepared seed bed which has been manured and plowed the fall before and which has been harrowed at intervals from the time the soil had thawed out in the spring until the time of seeding. Thorough cultivation is very important, as it warms the soil, decreases evaporation of

soil water, and forces the corn ahead very rapidly. On the dry farms the corn should be cultivated after every rain as soon as possible in order to bottle all water possible in the soil. As soon as the corn is cut the land should be disked lightly but it should not be plowed. Should any heavy soaking rains come after this in the fall the land should again be harrowed. In the spring wheat should be sown as early as possible but very rarely should the corn land be plowed before seeding wheat.

SOD-BOUND ALFALFA FIELDS

Methods Employed in Regenerating Vary Great Deal—Disking Is Most Popular System.

(By H. F. PATTERSON.)
The methods used in regenerating an old field of alfalfa vary a great deal. Perhaps the method that is used to the largest extent throughout all of the north-west states is the method of disking the land early in the spring. Whether or not it is a good plan to disk alfalfa land is a question upon which there has been much difference of opinion. However, if this work is done properly there seems to be a good reason for so handling our field.

In localities where there is but a small amount of rainfall and where the soil becomes hard and impervious to water it is a very good practice to follow. Then again in regions where there is sufficient rainfall and where the winter season is open, the thawing and freezing will tend to loosen up the ground and in that way have the same effect as disking in the arid regions. It is a well-known fact that the disking of the stems will cause them to become very much thicker. However, in disking alfalfa there is some danger in that the crowns very often become infected with fungus diseases which will oftentimes destroy the entire plant. We must keep this in mind and must govern our actions accordingly. That is, we must use extreme care in order that the crowns of the plants will not be injured to any great extent.

The disking of course will cut the crowns and there is always the danger that the fungus diseases will set in. However, if we are careful and do not allow the diseases in our fields on the start and are careful that our disk is very clean, this danger will be almost entirely eliminated. The disk should be so set that it will cut the crowns of the plants rather than gouge them out. Some farmers have had success by getting the disk nearly straight and running the disk each way. This will divide the crown into four equal portions and each part will send up a new alfalfa plant and in that way the stand will be materially thickened.

Then again it is well to disk the alfalfa field when the field has become infested with blue grass and dandelions, which will choke out a large amount of the alfalfa.

Farmers have also had success by putting on from five to six pounds of alfalfa seed, especially upon fields that have become infested with dandelions. It is sometimes a good plan to add a small amount of clover seed to the alfalfa. The clover germinates very rapidly and will get a good start and will thus keep down the weeds. The clover will die out in a year or two and we will still have a good stand of alfalfa. We would suggest the following of this plan upon a large number of our alfalfa fields that have grown alfalfa for three or four years. By getting in and disking it is possible to thicken up the stand to such an extent that we can grow our alfalfa upon the same field for three or four years longer and still obtain large and profitable crops. The best time to disk the alfalfa is in the early spring because the young plants can thus obtain a very early start.

Egg Colors of the Breeds.
The proper coloring of eggs is a dark brown for the Asiatics, a light brown for the Americans, and a pure white for the Mediterraneans.

the sun is hitting them at about 120 degrees—but it pays.

Do not plant short rows, but let them run the whole length of the garden if need be—why not?

To grow crisp early vegetables the soil must be kept thoroughly pulverized and well filled with rotted stable manure.

String beans should be drilled in double rows six inches apart, with just enough space between to allow for cultivation.

Nitrate of soda will force the growth of melons, tomatoes and other plants. A tablespoonful scattered about each tomato plant and slightly raked in will produce good results.

Dry Farm Methods.

Farmers cannot pay too close attention to the dry-farming methods that are being drilled at them. The lack of snow the past season makes it more than likely that all the moisture in the soil will be needed to produce a crop in many sections. With the Dry-Farming exposition in this province this year is an added incentive to the use of dry-farming methods.



USEFUL SHIRT WAISTS

THREE WELL CHOSEN GARMENTS WILL MEET ALL NEEDS.

One of the Newest Models Offered for Hot Weather Wear is Comfortable Bodice That Can Be Worn While Traveling.

If the dress is to see hard service, have it in a dark color and match it with a hat suitably tailored yet capable of being changed with a bit of dressy trimming on occasions. The London hats, or the trim shapes which imitate these imported styles, are very useful for both long and short trips, and as some of these have only one bit of decking put on at the side, it is an easy enough matter to carry along a pretty "pole" of flowers—one of the high, tightly massed lifts—to put in place of the feather or cockade worn at more strenuous times.

The next useful garment for the suit case traveler is the shirt waist, and with three in suitable fabrics she can successfully go through a week end at a fine country house or stop several days at a good hotel. The fabric of soft and washable sort is to be preferred for all three garments to a stiff material, wash silks, unstiffened batiste and pongee supplying about the best materials. For the traveling waist the pongee in natural color, a rich tan or pale gold, would be useful and effective. The dressy waist could be of the batiste or of a fine lawn with a dainty lace and hand run tucks, and there could be a negligee blouse in the wash silk for tired moments and very informal occasions. The last, in fact, could do duty as a wrapper, that is, serve instead of one, for it cannot be expected that there will be room in the suit case for all the comforts of the toilet.

The comfortable little bodice shown in the illustration is one of the newest models offered for hot weather wear, and a very young woman might wear it while traveling with perfect propriety, as a good throat and arms are its chief requirements. There are some lovely wash silks striped with the new dress colors, and while rather of the negligee species such little bodices, made up in this manner, would be very effective with a wool suit on a hot day. If the silk is of a very stylish sort, too, it would be a good idea to hem a bias of it for a hat scarf, and a proper hat for this would be one of the duck tourist or outing shapes which are selling from 50 cents up. A "dicky" or front, made to eke out the possibilities of a plain waist, is



One of the Newest Negligee Bodices Offered for Hot Weather Wear.

likewise a useful trifle for the traveler to take along, and if she looks about the shops she will find many pretty styles in these. As to underwear, unstiffened dimity, from which every garment needed is made, could be used for the more intimate lingerie, while for the long petticoat there is a wide range of light and reasonably priced materials. In several of the shops the smartest underwear imaginable is made of tan pongee, and this is much sought for traveling use.

When selecting footwear remember that tan leather is cooler than any

other and that white wash leather gloves are about the smartest worn.

A little pair of 50-cent Turkish slippers will also add to the traveler's comfort and contribute nothing to the weight of the suit case.

UNIQUE PIECE OF HEADWEAR

Striking Example of the Milliner's Art Seen on the Boulevards of Paris.

One of the striking pieces of headwear of the Paris boulevards is an all-silk, close-fitting bonnet, which comes



down well over one side of the face and sets jauntily. A bow effect in the back gives it a chic appearance. The colors range in hue from deep red to light pink.

RED KID BOOTS IN VOGUE

Fiery Colored Footwear Will Be Worn With White Suits, According to Dictates of Fashion.

A new fashion note, apropos of the popularity of white goods this spring and summer, was noted in the factory of a maker of women's high-grade shoes, where we saw a large number of red kid button boots being prepared for shipment.

Upon inquiry we learned that these red kid boots were intended for wear with white suits and gowns at fashionable country and seashore resorts as a change from white footwear, it being evident to milady of fashion that she must have footwear that will take her out of the ordinary humdrum of fashion.

Her white suit or gown will have a touch of red trimming to complete the combination of a white dress and red boots.—Shoe Retailer.

Fullness in Lingerie.

Lingerie usually keeps pace with fashion and the newest trousseau petticoats and combinations are full—not at the hips, but at the befrilled hem—more so than for three years. This points distinctly to much fuller ruffles of the petticoats would be bound to make the wearer clumsy and uncomfortable. As embroidered panels are quite the rage in the sheer dresses, any frocks made narrow ahead of the season can easily be pleeced out with something of the kind before the time comes for actually wearing them.

Chiffons.

Many of the latest blouses which are worn under coats have lace ruffles at the wrist.

Many of the newest coats still show the side fastening, some starting slightly below the waist line, and others up at the shoulder.

Cape collars extending over the shoulders are a feature not only of many heavy coats, but also of house and street gowns.

Fashion's Fancies

New bar pins for veils are of emerald green crystals in groups set in platinum.

Recent advices from Paris speak of the return of the skirt with a yoke.

Nothing can be considered smart in the way of a handbag that is over an inch thick.

A bunch of artificial flowers at the waist or higher on the bodice is the finishing touch to many afternoon gowns.

NOT THE DESIRED RESULT.



"What luck did you have with that fellow who advertised to make you taller?"
"I found after I had paid him that I was shorter."

As to Coping.
"Drink is the worst evil with which we have to cope."
"Yes, and isn't it remarkable that so many people insist on coping with it regularly?"

Later the Better.
Hubby—Understand me, madam, your extravagance will have to cease, sooner or later.
Young Wife—Very well. We'll make it later.

If You Are a Trifle Sensitive
About the size of your shoes, you can wear a size smaller by shaking Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, into them. Just the thing for Dancing Parties and for Breaking in New Shoes. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Nothing Doing.
The Cat—Come on down and I'll show you a beautiful road.
The Bird—A dark one, I suppose, and colored red.

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM
Take the OLD STANDARD GUYER'S RHEUMATISM CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteful form, and the most effective form. For grown persons, 10 and children, 50 cents.

Taught by Experience.
Okes—Is there a green grocer near here?
Owens—No; they're all wise."

If you cannot afford 10c cigars, smoke LEWIS' Single Binder straight 5c—made of extra quality tobacco.

Agriculture supports nearly 19,000,000 of the inhabitants of the German empire.

The most stubborn costiveness yields, gently and naturally, to the persuasive action of Garfield Tea.

London is the healthiest capital of Europe.

WOMEN SHOULD BE PROTECTED

Against So Many Surgical Operations. How Mrs. Bethune and Mrs. Moore Escaped.

Sikeston, Mo.—"For seven years I suffered everything. I was in bed for four or five days at a time every month, and so weak I could hardly walk. I cramped and had backache and headache, and was so nervous and weak that I dreaded to see anyone or have anyone move in the room. The doctors gave me medicine to ease me at those times, and said that I ought to have an operation. I would not listen to that, and when a friend of my husband told him about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for his wife, I was willing to take it. Now I look the picture of health and feel like it, too. I can do my own housework, hoe my garden, and milk a cow. I can entertain company and enjoy them. I can visit when I choose, and walk as far as any ordinary woman, any day in the month. I wish I could talk to every suffering woman and girl."—Mrs. DEMA BETHUNE, Sikeston, Mo.

Murrayville, Ill.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a very bad case of female trouble and it made me a well woman. My health was all broken down, the doctors said I must have an operation, and I was ready to go to the hospital, but I was so that I began taking your Compound. I got along so well that I gave up the doctors and was saved from the operation."—Mrs. CHARLES MOORE, R. R. No. 2, Murrayville, Ill.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1, No. 2, No. 3, No. 4, No. 5, No. 6, No. 7, No. 8, No. 9, No. 10, No. 11, No. 12, No. 13, No. 14, No. 15, No. 16, No. 17, No. 18, No. 19, No. 20, No. 21, No. 22, No. 23, No. 24, No. 25, No. 26, No. 27, No. 28, No. 29, No. 30, No. 31, No. 32, No. 33, No. 34, No. 35, No. 36, No. 37, No. 38, No. 39, No. 40, No. 41, No. 42, No. 43, No. 44, No. 45, No. 46, No. 47, No. 48, No. 49, No. 50, No. 51, No. 52, No. 53, No. 54, No. 55, No. 56, No. 57, No. 58, No. 59, No. 60, No. 61, No. 62, No. 63, No. 64, No. 65, No. 66, No. 67, No. 68, No. 69, No. 70, No. 71, No. 72, No. 73, No. 74, No. 75, No. 76, No. 77, No. 78, No. 79, No. 80, No. 81, No. 82, No. 83, No. 84, No. 85, No. 86, No. 87, No. 88, No. 89, No. 90, No. 91, No. 92, No. 93, No. 94, No. 95, No. 96, No. 97, No. 98, No. 99, No. 100.

FARM NOTES

The best fertilizer for the garden is rotted stable manure.

The corn grader is a necessity on every farm where the corn planter is used.

Diversified gardening is the safest course for growers supplying local markets.

Fresh seed you must have to be good, and good seed is necessary to get a satisfactory crop.

Onion seed for ripe onions should be sown as early as the ground can be worked in good order.

In setting plants, if the top is too large cut part of it off. It will prevent wilting, and the plant is more apt to grow.

It requires some ingenuity to bring tender, young plants through their first three weeks of existence when

TO MAKE MOLASSES CANDY

Recipe That Comes Direct From Louisiana, the Home of This Delicious Confection.

Louisiana is rightly the home of molasses candy, for it was right here (where sugar was first raised in the United States, and molasses, sweet and health giving, was first given to the world) that molasses candy, or "candle tire," as the Creoles call it, had its birth. "Candle tire" parties, or molasses candy pullings, were among the pleasurable incidents of life among the early belles and beaux. Take one quart of molasses, one tablespoonful butter, one pound granulated sugar, two tablespoonfuls vinegar, one-half teaspoonful soda and the juice of one lemon. Boil the molasses and sugar until it becomes thick when dropped into water. Add the vinegar, lemon and butter. Boil until it hardens when dropped into water, stir in a small half teaspoonful bicarbonate of soda, and pour into buttered tins, and as soon as it begins to cool, sufficiently, pull until white. Moisten the hands, while pulling, with ice water or butter. The sticks may be single, twisted, braided or flattened, according to taste.

MAKING FRUIT FILLED CAKE

New Recipe With Full Instructions That Make Success Within Reach of Amateur.

For the layers, cream one-half pound of butter and one pound of sugar, add six well-beaten eggs, one pound and one ounce of flour, one-half pint of milk and two even teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Beat vigorously and bake in round jelly cake pans. For the filling boil one pound of sugar with water enough to dissolve it until it threads. Pour slowly into the whites of four eggs, which have been beaten to a stiff froth, beating steadily all the time. When all the syrup has been consumed add one-quarter pound of shredded citron, one-quarter pound chopped figs, one-half pound of raisins, seeded and cut fine, and one pound of blanched and chopped almonds, stirring the fruit into the icing gradually. When all has been thoroughly blended, spread between the layers and on the top and sides of the cake. As this is rich cake it should be cut into small slices and served with fruit punch.

FOLDING TABLE MOST HANDY

Great Convenience in Small Apartment When Space Must Be Economized.

For the small apartment where every inch of space must be economized, there is no piece of furniture to equal the folding table which when closed may be placed almost flatly against a wall. When opened this table shows a flat surface covered with balze or morocco, on which a tea tray may be set or a four-handed game of cards be played. Through its center this top is invisibly hinged and has two flat lids, one of which, when raised, discloses a shallow box containing an entire sewing equipment. The other side is fitted with a complete writing desk set in addition to a blotter pad next to which are sunken grooves for pens and pencils and at the two upper corners wells for ink and paste.

Tomatoes and Cheese.

Delicious are rounds of croutons—bread fried to a golden brown in butter, spread thickly with anchovy paste sprinkled with finely chopped pimentos. Another spread is a very thick stew of tomatoes, almost the consistency of a paste, sprinkle with grated cheese of the ordinary American variety. The tomatoes should be highly seasoned and quite rich with butter. If hot chocolate is liked at tea time the flavor is improved by adding a drop of vanilla or a dash of brandy.

Poke Weed Salad.

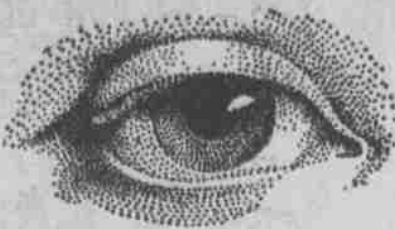
Just as soon as the common poke weed begins to project its stout stem above the ground and open its leaves, it is in condition for an ideal spring salad. Only the tenderest tips of the weed should be used and these should be cleansed and cooked like any other green. Drain and pack the cooked vegetable into individual cups, and when it is cold, turn out the molded forms and serve with French dressing or mayonnaise on lettuce leaves. Poke weed is also delicious used like spinach.

To Remove Can Tops.

Fruit can tops have an annoying habit of sticking. Have two strips of coarse sandpaper an inch wide and eight inches long in the kitchen. Fold the strip of sandpaper around the can top and give it a twist; it will loosen immediately.

Faded Shades.

When green shades have become faded, they can be renewed by rubbing them with a rag squeezed out of linseed oil.



Keep Your Eye on that Can

When Buying Baking Powder

For this is the baking powder that makes the baking better.

It leavens the food evenly throughout; puffs it up to airy lightness, makes it delightfully appetizing and wholesome.

Remember, Calumet is moderate in price—highest in quality.

Ask your grocer for Calumet. Don't take a substitute.



The Negative.

The Questioner—But, really, Mr. Smith, if, as you say, you knew I didn't love you, I don't see why you expected me to marry you?

The Rejected—Well, I know you're frightfully modern and cosmopolitan and all that sort of thing, don't you know; and so, of course, I thought I should come in on the "marriage de convenance" ramp.—The Sketch.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

When Caesar Crossed the Rubicon. Julius Caesar was about to cross the Rubicon.

"In an extreme case like this," he said, blithely, "I wouldn't mind going through the Hudson River Tube, even if I had to pay seven cents for the privilege."

A girl thinks a young man who spends money freely is the whole thing—but if she marries him and finds he has spent it all she changes her mind.

More important than the choice of Frest-dent is the selection of Garfield Tea as the remedy for constipation and biliousness.

The Flat That Failed.

Howell—How do you like your new home?
Powell—It is a flat failure.

CANADA'S PROSPERITY.

The New York Times of March 23, 1912, in an article dealing with Canada's progress, says:

"At the present moment eight shiploads of European immigrants are afloat for Canada, while there are signs that the outward movement which is customary with us during labor troubles will be marked this year. There is no such startling record of our loss to Canada. Our citizens quietly slip over the border in groups or trainloads, but their going is not advertised.

"There is no mystery why Canada is the 'good thing' the United States used to be. It is because Canada is following in its neighbor's footsteps that it is repeating the fortunate experience which its neighbor is enjoying, even while deliberately turning its back on the teachings of the past. A fortnight ago the Dominion budget speech reported the unprecedented surplus of \$39,000,000, and on Thursday the Government passed through the Committee on Supply credits of \$38,000,000 for railways and canals. With this assistance the railways themselves are both enabled and compelled to increase their facilities. Accordingly we find a single road allotting ten millions for work of its own. Naturally the Canadian newspapers contain announcements calling for fifty thousand men for construction work. This influx is apart from those Americans who go with money in their pockets obtained by cashing in their high-priced American lands.

"A St. Paul dispatch says that within a fortnight two thousand carloads of farm animals and machinery have passed toward Canada, the property of men who expect to pay for their farms with the first crop."

STORMS TO PREDICT SELVES

Wireless Stations to Be Used to Make Tempests Send Their Own Warning Ahead.

Storm centers move usually in an easterly or northeasterly direction. Hence the prediction of storms on the Atlantic coast is possible, since most of them come from the Mississippi valley. Some come up the coast from the Caribbean sea, but even in this case we have no warning.

But western Europe is less fortunate. Its tempests come from the Atlantic, and with little warning. European weather men have made as much as possible a study of the paths of American storms across the Atlantic and are sometimes accurate in predicting the time of their arrival; the same has been done with storms coming up from the South Atlantic.

But it often happens that storms vary either their route or the rate of movement, so that predicting cyclones on the coast of western Europe is more or less guesswork. As a possible help in this respect Director Andre of the Lyons observatory is making a deep study of the galvanometer records of various wireless telegraph stations.

He has found that the antennae are sensitive to any stray electric currents as well as to messages, and he hopes to discover a way to make the storms telegraph their own warning ahead of their arrival.

Every storm is accompanied by electrical disturbances, and already M. Andre has accumulated a mass of evidence to show that each storm in this way gives warning. Just how to read this evidence is the problem to which he is devoting himself.

Antidrugery Club.

Six women in Chicago have organized a club to lessen household cares. The club is the possessor of an electric vacuum cleaner, one electric washing machine two electric irons and a fan for drying the washing.

The only dues are those required for the upkeep of these labor savers, and this amount has been estimated to be about three cents a week. The initiation fee consists of the price of the apparatus divided into six equal parts.

The members arrange their work so that a small boy may take the apparatus around to each in turn. They live in one neighborhood, so the affair is easily arranged. How practical; how easily the idea could be explained to take in any number of housekeepers. What a help it would be in solving the servant problem.—American Club Woman.

In Pompell.

"Look at all this smashed earthenware!" exclaimed the tourist.
"Things were pretty generally shattered," replied the guide.
"I should say so! A volcanic eruption is worse than a hired girl."

The Old Oaken Bucket filled to the brim with cold, clear purity—no such water nowadays. Bring back the old days with a glass of

Coca-Cola

It makes one think of everything that is pure and wholesome and delightful. Bright, sparkling, teeming with palate joy—it's your soda fountain old oaken bucket.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

Free Our new booklet, telling of Coca-Cola production at Chattanooga, for the asking. Demand the Genuine as made by THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA.

JUST HIS LUCK.

"I never saw such a chronic kicker as Touch is."
"What's his latest grievance?"
"He found a five-dollar bill this morning and is grumbling because a man to whom he owed \$4 saw him pick it up."

Manila to Play Tennis. The city of Manila is building ten tennis courts for the use of the public in the sunken gardens opposite the city hall. The courts will have the accompaniments of baths, lockers and reading rooms, which will be made by transforming the bastion near Victoria gate into an up-to-date club.

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston, Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

There is very little fighting done in the world, considering the number of men who go around with chips on their shoulders.

Perseverance may be the mother of success, but the offspring isn't always just what it should be.

Mrs. Whalow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

A woman can remember how a man once made love to her long after she has forgotten his name.

Garfield Tea is admittedly the simplest and best remedy for constipation.

A North Dakota man has an 11-foot beard.

The Farmer's Son's Great Opportunity

Why wait for the old farm to become your inheritance? Begin now to prepare for your future prosperity and independence. A great opportunity awaits you in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta where you can secure a Free Home-land or buy land at reasonable prices.

Now's the Time

—not a year from now, when land will be high—
—not a year from now, when the profits secured from the abundant crops of Wheat, Oats and Barley, as well as cattle raising, are causing a steady advance in price. Government returns show that the number of settlers in Western Canada from the U. S. was 50 per cent larger in 1910 than the previous year.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres and pre-emption of 160 acres at \$3.00 an acre. Fine climate, good schools, excellent railway facilities, low freight rates, better water and lumber easily obtained.

For pamphlet "Last Best West," particulars as to suitable location and low settlers' rate, apply to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to Canadian Gov't Agent.

W. H. ROGERS
125 W. Ninth St., Kansas City, Mo.
Please write to the agent nearest you

Ask for this Box

It's the goodness of this root-beer as well as its tonic properties that make it so great a favorite.

One package makes 3 gallons. If your grocer isn't supplied, we will mail you a package on receipt of 25c. Please give his name.

Write for premium puzzle.

THE CHARLES E. HIRSES CO.
255 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PREVENTION better than cure. Tutt's Pills if taken in time are not only a remedy for, but will prevent SICK HEADACHE, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Pills

DAISY FLY KILLER placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Not, as usual, on the wall, but on the ceiling. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Sold by dealers or sent prepaid for \$1.

HAROLD SOMERS, 100 DuSable Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

W. N. U., WICHITA, NO. 22-1912.

Think this over!
Is there any beverage that costs you less per cup than

LIPTON'S TEA

GOES FARTHEST FOR THE MONEY

Pomade Vaseline

A choice dressing and preservative for the hair. Highly refined; delicately perfumed.

Checks dandruff and keeps scalp in healthy condition. Pomade Vaseline is put up in attractive bottles and in collapsible tubes. Insist on Pomade VASELINE.

If your dealer does not carry it, write us.

We will also be glad to send you free illustrated booklet, pp. 22, describing other choice "Vaseline" preparations for toilet and family use. Address Dept. 2.

Chesebrough Manufacturing Company
17 State Street (Consolidated) New York

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of these ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR DRESSING. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.

HAPPENINGS IN NEW MEXICO

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

New Mexico Coal for Navy.

Raton.—A solid trainload of coal has been shipped to San Francisco for a trial in the navy. It is said that if this order is satisfactory, New Mexico coal, probably coal from the Primero mine, from which this is sent, will be used to a large extent in the government service.

New Pure Food and Drug Act.

Santa Fe.—The State Board of Pharmacy adjourned after four days' session and passed two out of five applicants for certificates. It resolved to introduce in the Legislature a pure food and drug act based on the federal act, in lieu of an act much more drastic in its provisions that is now pending.

Mayor to Hold "Lid" Down.

East Las Vegas.—No lifting of the lid during the time the crowds are here for the Johnson-Flynn fight will be allowed, according to the statement of Mayor Robert J. Taupert. A greatly augmented police force is already being organized to keep order and to see that the gambling laws are not broken. The mayor announced that he would revoke the license of any hotel or rooming house that attempts to charge exorbitant rates. No fakirs will be allowed to use the streets. Promoter Curley announced that the construction of the arena would begin June 4.

To Complete C. T. & A. P. Railway.

Roswell.—M. C. Vaughn of Portales recently bought the completed graded right of way for the Colorado, Texico & Aransas Pass railroad, which was chartered to extend from the Colorado coal fields to the gulf terminal. Chicago capitalists are back of the move, and the first work will be to build from Texico to Virginia City, opening a rich agricultural section. Arrangements have been made for floating the necessary bonds for completion of the line. Work will begin on the uncompleted ends soon after the November election.

Big Explosion Damages Las Cruces.

Las Cruces.—A terrific explosion, evidently of nitroglycerin, at an early hour in the morning, in the Sam Bean saloon here, demolished that establishment and the adjoining Majestic café and pool hall, causing a loss of \$10,000. Store fronts were smashed all over the business center, damaging sixteen leading business houses from \$250 to \$2,000 each. Thousands of dollars worth of plate glass was shattered. The detonation was so terrific that the town was rocked as by an earthquake, and people poured out of their houses in consternation. Concelo Llexia a partner in the Majestic pool hall, was arrested when he was found suffering from burns which he could not explain.

Senate Passes Important Bills.

Santa Fe.—The breach between the two houses of the Legislature is widening and there are indications that there will not be more than the most necessary financial legislation and even that may be wrecked because of the ill feeling over the United States senatorial situation.

The State Senate recently passed the county salary bill, one of the important measures of the session, for which the 200 and more county officials of New Mexico have been lobbying most earnestly, as none of them have drawn any pay since statehood came.

Governor McDonald sent a special message to the Legislature urging ratification of the direct election of senators amendment to the federal constitution.

The House passed a bill to prohibit immoral moving picture shows, or slot picture machines. It also passed a bill providing for the appointment of regents of state institutions in September, and having a new member on each board each year; to make Coronado Day a legal holiday; also a bill to donate the unused desks of the constitutional convention to St. Michael's college, and also two irrigation measures.

Among the new bills introduced were five good roads bills in the Senate by Senator Holt, and provide for a state bond issue of \$500,000 for good roads, and also for county bond issues for roads; to regulate the election of presidential electors; to create a state engineer and board of water commissioners; to permit voting on affidavits in incorporated municipalities, a fence law and an act to tax the output of coal mines, which would yield additional revenue of about \$100,000 a year on an estimated annual output of 3,000,000 tons of coal.

LITTLE NEW MEXICO ITEMS.

Minor Occurrences of More Than Ordinary Interest.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

A bill has been introduced in the Senate amending the present law governing the incorporation of cities and towns.

The Portales Cantaloupe and Produce Association has received over eighty thousand sweet potato plants from Kansas.

The first term of the District Court for Luna county is in session at Deming. The docket is light and the term will be short.

Governor McDonald has requested the resignation of the trustees of the New Mexico Hospital for Insane at Las Vegas.

The Scottish Rite Masons, at their recent reunion in Santa Fe, conferred their degrees on eighteen of the state legislators.

The 2,000,000-pound wool clip from the Pecos valley sheep is beginning to be stored. The shearing has opened up in good shape.

The prospects for a full fruit crop of every kind of fruit in reported to be very fine in the vicinity of Farmington and Aztec.

Munro Ferguson, who has lived in Silver City for two years, has received \$10,000 from the estate of the late John Jacob Astor.

Jim Harper, charged with participation in the recent hold-up of the Mogollon stage, has been arrested and lodged in jail at Alamogordo.

Mayor Sellers of Albuquerque proclaimed May 22nd a holiday on account of the national meeting of Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers.

A bill has been introduced in the Senate creating a commissioner of charities and correction, to be appointed by the governor and to have a salary of \$2,000 per annum.

The first week of the regular May term of the Sierra County Court resulted in the return of twenty-three indictments by the grand jury and seven no bills.

An artesian flow was brought in recently in a ten-inch drill, at Silver City, at a depth of 235 feet. The well will produce, it is said, 300,000 gallons a day. The well is four miles from town.

A jury in the Federal Court at Santa Fe brought in a verdict against the Santa Fe railroad system for violating the hours of service law. The company was found guilty on three counts.

State Engineer Chas. D. Miller has returned from a trip through the northeastern portion of the state and reports that the road from Las Vegas to Mora, will be put in a high state of repair.

The New Mexico State Democratic convention at Clovis selected eight delegates and eight alternates to the National Democratic convention at Baltimore and instructed them for Champ Clark.

A bill, providing for the payment of the railway aid bonded indebtedness of Santa Fe and Grant counties, recently passed the House. The amount of this indebtedness is one and a half million dollars.

In a shooting affray at a dance, which occurred at La Joya, twenty-six miles north of Socorro, Melton Barela, who attempted to act as peacemaker was shot through the lungs and seriously wounded.

Apolonio Barela, shot by John Cantwell at a dance at Stanley, southern Santa Fe county, died of his injuries. Cantwell is at large and the police swore out a warrant charging him with murder in the first degree.

The Santa Fe's new reading room and club house at Belen was formally opened recently with the appearance of an exceptionally good concert troupe from Chicago, which presented a very attractive program of musical numbers.

It is now practically certain that Gov. McDonald will call an extra session of the Legislature.

The bill providing for the salaries and expenses of the corporation commission has passed the Senate, but it has struck a big snag in the House, and there is no telling what will be its fate in the end. The commission asks for \$30,000.

The First State Savings Bank of Albuquerque has filed papers of corporation with the state corporation commission. The capital stock of the institution is to be \$500,000, \$250,000 of which has been subscribed and \$100,000 actually paid in.

On account of the great amount of activity in the Seven Lakes oil fields the district has taken on a booming appearance. Some 10,000 acres of what is considered to be good oil land has changed hands, and a forfeit has been posted guaranteeing to bring the tracks under operation within thirty days. A number of important transactions have taken place throughout the country in the way of purchasing and sale of rigs and oil well material which indicates that the field is an important center of attraction.

CHAMPION RUNNERS TRAINING FOR OLYMPIC GAMES



THE photograph shows four of the leading runners of the United States, training at Celtic Park, L. I. Reading from left to right they are Bonhag, Kiviat, Mel Shepard and Gissing. The four men are the fastest three-mile relay team in the world and are looked upon to shatter all records at the coming Olympic games at Stockholm, Sweden. They sail on June 15.

LETTERS EXPLAIN JAP SCORE

SENATE NOW HAS CORRESPONDENCE CALLED FOR.

Magdalena Bay Land Deal Participated in by Member of Japanese Parliament.

Washington, D. C.—In response to the resolution introduced by Senator Hitchcock, the department of state has submitted to the senate what it insists is the entire correspondence relating to the Japanese and Magdalena bay land deal.

This is the correspondence that the department failed to submit when demand was made by Senator Lodge.

The correspondence is between Frederick H. Allen, an attorney representing the Blackman syndicate, which controls 4,000,000 acres at Magdalena bay, and Secretary Knox and Acting Secretary Wilson.

In not one of the letters does the state department inform Allen that it will not permit his company to sell the land to a syndicate of Japanese. It does inform him that such a sale would "cause a great outcry." Such a result, the department informs him, "would be obviously a cause for regret by the government of the United States."

Many references are made to conversations between representatives of the syndicate and officers of the department of state, but no explanation is given as to what occurred during these conversations.

The correspondence, however, is a belated admission that active negotiations were in progress between the Blackman company and a Japanese syndicate, and that a member of the Japanese parliament was an active party to them.

ALFALFA BRINGS RECORD PRICE

First Shipment From Cottonwood Falls Yields Farmers \$18 to \$22 Per Ton.

Cottonwood Falls, Kansas.—The first shipment of new alfalfa to be made from this county this season went out from here. Many alfalfa growers are harvesting their first crop now, which is making a good yield. New alfalfa, according to farmers here, is bringing the highest price ever before received for the first cutting. For this week's shipments from \$18 to \$22 a ton is being received in Kansas City.

Motor for Dog Catcher.

Chicago, Illinois.—A big motor car formerly used by Assistant Chief Schuettler of the police department, has been converted into a dog catcher's wagon and put into service by William F. Stuart, superintendent of the city dog pound. The machine is said to be the first motor driven vehicle in the world to be used for this purpose.

For a Free Canal.

Washington, D. C.—By a vote of 147 to 126 the house reaffirmed its decision that no toll should be charged American vessels engaged in coastwise trade for passage through the Panama canal. The provision was bitterly fought and the result was received with cheers.

BOOSTS UP COBURN'S FIGURES

Santa Fe Railroad Puts Prospective Yield of Kansas Wheat at 93 Million Bushels.

Topeka, Kansas.—The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad expects Kansas to produce 93 million bushels of wheat this year. J. R. Koontz, general freight agent of the company, with headquarters in Topeka, has made his report of wheat estimates to the executive officers of the company in Chicago. The information on which the estimates of 93 million bushels is based comes from the agents of the company throughout the state and they gather the facts from the farmers near the stations.

The Coburn crop report indicated more than 85 million bushels and it was believed that was about the correct figure. The increase to 93 million shows that wheat is looking better with every day.

OPPOSE SECRET TRIAL OF TRUST

Senators Aroused Over Threat of Federal Judge in Shoe Machinery Case.

Washington, D. C.—Federal Judge William H. Putnam's threat at Boston to hold "star chamber" sessions of court in the government anti-trust suit against the shoe machinery trust stirred the department of justice and Senator Cummins of Iowa, who was furnished with a statement of the matter, said he would bring it to the attention of the senate. Judge Putnam, according to the report, announced that there had been too much publicity of the wrong kind in the case.

The department of justice is concerned because delay in District Attorney French's protest against secret hearings may postpone the case.

MOTOR ACCIDENT KILLED FOUR

Engine Went Dead Just as Auto Crossed Suburban Railroad Track—One Badly Injured.

Centerton, Indiana.—Four persons were killed here when their motor car went dead on the tracks of the Martinsville division of the Indianapolis, Terre Haute & Eastern Traction company and was struck by a car. The motor was thrown into a ditch and wrecked. The dead are Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Brown, Miss Bonnie Halley, and Miss Jessie Cure. All lived in Martinsville, Ind.

Edds Brown, aged 19, son of the dead couple, was driving the motor car. He owes his life to the fact that he jumped when he saw he was unable to get the machine started. He was injured severely.

Says Lorimer Will Not Resign.

Chicago, Illinois.—Close friends of Senator Lorimer said positively that he would not resign from the senate, no matter what pressure or influence might be brought to induce him to do so. He would return to Washington as soon as his health would permit to defend himself against his opponents, they said. His fight would be "to the last ditch," if necessary, it was asserted.

ASYLUM DOCTOR IS ARRESTED

FULTON HOSPITAL PROBE MAY IMPLICATE OTHERS.

Dr. R. S. Magee Charged With Assault on Information Given by Attendants.

Fulton, Missouri.—Dr. R. S. Magee, until May 4 assistant physician at the state hospital for the insane here, was indicted by the grand jury on the charge of attacking a woman patient in the institution. He was arrested at Green City, Sullivan county, his former home, and brought here in custody of an officer.

The indictment names the woman alleged to be his victim. The excitement in Fulton, a city of churches and schools, is intense. The community is shocked. This is the oldest state hospital for the insane in Missouri, and there have been many complaints against the institution in years past and more than one investigation, but nothing equal to the present grand jury probe.

Everyone here is asking if the investigation now under way will end with the indictment of Dr. Magee. Dr. Magee had intended to move his family from here to his old home in Sullivan county next week, following the graduation of his second daughter from school. He has two daughters. Dr. Magee is about 50 years old. He was well liked here.

The doctor was indicted largely upon information supplied by women attendants at the asylum who first directed the attention of Superintendent Williams to the condition of affairs.

Dr. Magee's resignation was accepted by the board May 14 at the meeting at Mexico. He gave no reason for resigning.

TO LOOK UP FEDERAL JUDGES

Martin, of Colorado, Would Learn More of Their Antecedents and Corporation Connections.

Washington, D. C.—A census of federal judges to discover their antecedents and corporation connections is the object of a resolution introduced in the house by Representative Martin of Colorado. The resolution calls upon the president for a full list of judges, both those appointed and serving, and those taken under consideration. If adopted, the resolution probably would go deeply into President Taft's five appointments to the supreme court.

"It is the general impression," Mr. Martin said, "that the federal court decisions to a remarkable extent favor big business."

Baby's Feet Burned.

Pittsburg, Kansas.—Mrs. William Rush, wife of a farmer, left her baby on a bed in the house while she went out into the yard to do some work. A three-year-old child set the bed afire and the baby's feet were so badly burned that amputation is necessary.

A Socialist for Congress.

Manhattan, Kansas.—Grant Chapin, wealthy stock man of Green, Kan., was selected for the congressional nominee by the Socialist fifth district convention here.