

3-7-1919

New Mexico State Record, 03-07-1919

State Publishing Company

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/nm_state_record_news

Recommended Citation

State Publishing Company. "New Mexico State Record, 03-07-1919." (1919). https://digitalrepository.unm.edu/nm_state_record_news/139

This Newspaper is brought to you for free and open access by the New Mexico Historical Newspapers at UNM Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in New Mexico State Record, 1916-1921 by an authorized administrator of UNM Digital Repository. For more information, please contact disc@unm.edu.

DOZEN BILLS PASSED BY LEGISLATURE
\$2,000,000 ROAD BOND ISSUE FAVORED
CHILD LABOR AND COMPENSATION BILLS

ONE MORE WEEK LEFT AND NUMEROUS BILLS WILL FAIL OF CONSIDERATION BUDGET AND HEALTH BILLS YET TO COME UP, ANOTHER COUNTY LAW WAS TABLED

Should the fourth state legislature adjourn today instead of on mid-week...

Drainage District Powers Of general application also, a house bill No. 11, by Llewellyn and Armijo, which has become law...

County Project Losses Following the failure of the Curry county residents to secure support for a proposed county of Larrazolo...

Child Labor Bill A bill introduced this week by Blanchard provided a fine of from \$50 to \$200 or a thirty day jail sentence...

For Better Government Senate bill No. 24, which has been passed and signed confers on boards of trustees of incorporated villages of 500 souls the same powers as are now conferred on incorporated towns...

House Bills Approved The governor has signed a house bill No. 15, raising the examination fee to \$50 for each applicant; house bill No. 24 amending paragraph 3252 of the 1915 codification...

World Resolutions Baird in the senate and Llewellyn in the house offered laws to classify all the public land in the state and place valuations on it...

Many Other Measures Of 37 bills introduced up to last Monday in the house, but 95 were acted upon. The chances of success of a mass of other legislation may therefore be judged...

Much Work Ahead As is usual the remaining seven days of the session will be filled with the introduction of bills...

Appointments Confirmed The senate on Wednesday afternoon under suspension of the rules confirmed the appointments previously made by the governor...

Some Resolutions Llewellyn offered a resolution passed by the house asking the government to spend \$5,000,000 on Rio Grande drainage...

Important Road Law J. S. Lea placed before the senate this week a bill for a \$2,000,000 state bond issue for the construction of roads...

Incident of House On Monday a resolution to exclude the reporter of a Santa Fe daily newspaper from the house was entertained by that body...

Hidalgo County Boundaries The bill creating the new county of Hidalgo gives the following boundaries: Beginning at the NW corner of Twp 21 S. Rg. 13 W. N. M. P. M.;

1,425,000 RANGE COWS AND 3,135,000 SHEEP IN STATE A recent report of R. F. Hare, field agent for the department of agriculture, shows that New Mexico has 26,000 head of cows; 20,000 mules; 84,000 milch cows; 1,325,000 other cattle; 3,135,000 sheep; and 93,000 swine...

Homeless For Roswell De and Mrs. Frank Talmage are expected to arrive in the city within the next few days to make their home here once more...

Manslaughter in Woody Case The jury in the case of John Woody charged with having shot and killed J. H. Gilreth returned a verdict of manslaughter...

Much Building in 1919 Indications are that there will be much building activity in Clovis this year. There are numbers of houses under construction and building has not really commenced for the spring as many are waiting for spring weather...

NEW MEXICO NEWS REVIEW

Ability Rewarded J. E. Cox, now in charge of the First Savings Bank and Trust company has earned his promotion by ample courtesy and consideration toward the customer...

Work On Highway M. E. Ewell, the state road contractor, has begun his work on the state road leading from Carlsbad to Roswell...

Buyer Fine Jack H. W. Plumb has bought "Brazos," the fine Kentucky jack from Col. Tom McKinstry, and will keep him at his farm five miles northwest of Hagerman...

COLFAX The Gregory Furniture store began moving into its new quarters in the former Princess theatre building yesterday afternoon...

Found Guilty "Failure to report a case of smallpox within his knowledge to the board of health, was charged preferred against Dr. Johnson last week. His case was brought to trial in Justice of the Peace Bayne's court yesterday...

Many Residences Are Needed The attention of the public has many times been called to the scarcity of good residence property in this city for rental purposes...

Are Remodeling Homes Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Staehlin are remodeling their home at 905 North Richardson and are putting everything in the best shape...

Homeless For Roswell De and Mrs. Frank Talmage are expected to arrive in the city within the next few days to make their home here once more...

Manslaughter in Woody Case The jury in the case of John Woody charged with having shot and killed J. H. Gilreth returned a verdict of manslaughter...

Much Building in 1919 Indications are that there will be much building activity in Clovis this year. There are numbers of houses under construction and building has not really commenced for the spring as many are waiting for spring weather...

NEW MEXICO NEWS REVIEW

Ability Rewarded J. E. Cox, now in charge of the First Savings Bank and Trust company has earned his promotion by ample courtesy and consideration toward the customer...

Work On Highway M. E. Ewell, the state road contractor, has begun his work on the state road leading from Carlsbad to Roswell...

Buyer Fine Jack H. W. Plumb has bought "Brazos," the fine Kentucky jack from Col. Tom McKinstry, and will keep him at his farm five miles northwest of Hagerman...

COLFAX The Gregory Furniture store began moving into its new quarters in the former Princess theatre building yesterday afternoon...

Found Guilty "Failure to report a case of smallpox within his knowledge to the board of health, was charged preferred against Dr. Johnson last week. His case was brought to trial in Justice of the Peace Bayne's court yesterday...

Many Residences Are Needed The attention of the public has many times been called to the scarcity of good residence property in this city for rental purposes...

Are Remodeling Homes Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Staehlin are remodeling their home at 905 North Richardson and are putting everything in the best shape...

Homeless For Roswell De and Mrs. Frank Talmage are expected to arrive in the city within the next few days to make their home here once more...

Manslaughter in Woody Case The jury in the case of John Woody charged with having shot and killed J. H. Gilreth returned a verdict of manslaughter...

Much Building in 1919 Indications are that there will be much building activity in Clovis this year. There are numbers of houses under construction and building has not really commenced for the spring as many are waiting for spring weather...

NEW MEXICO NEWS REVIEW

Ability Rewarded J. E. Cox, now in charge of the First Savings Bank and Trust company has earned his promotion by ample courtesy and consideration toward the customer...

Work On Highway M. E. Ewell, the state road contractor, has begun his work on the state road leading from Carlsbad to Roswell...

Buyer Fine Jack H. W. Plumb has bought "Brazos," the fine Kentucky jack from Col. Tom McKinstry, and will keep him at his farm five miles northwest of Hagerman...

COLFAX The Gregory Furniture store began moving into its new quarters in the former Princess theatre building yesterday afternoon...

Found Guilty "Failure to report a case of smallpox within his knowledge to the board of health, was charged preferred against Dr. Johnson last week. His case was brought to trial in Justice of the Peace Bayne's court yesterday...

Many Residences Are Needed The attention of the public has many times been called to the scarcity of good residence property in this city for rental purposes...

Are Remodeling Homes Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Staehlin are remodeling their home at 905 North Richardson and are putting everything in the best shape...

Homeless For Roswell De and Mrs. Frank Talmage are expected to arrive in the city within the next few days to make their home here once more...

Manslaughter in Woody Case The jury in the case of John Woody charged with having shot and killed J. H. Gilreth returned a verdict of manslaughter...

Much Building in 1919 Indications are that there will be much building activity in Clovis this year. There are numbers of houses under construction and building has not really commenced for the spring as many are waiting for spring weather...

GOVERNMENT REVOKES PERMIT TO S. W. FOR RUIDOSO WATER

John H. Mullis this afternoon received the following telegram from S. M. Johnson, at Washington, D. C.: Secretary Interior has revoked permit. Am leaving for Santa Fe tomorrow to fight action of state legislature...

CHAMBERLAIN LAYS BARE FAILURES OF PACIFIST WAR OFFICIAL WHICH RESULTED IN DEATH AND DISASTER TO SOLDIERS (From Official Congressional Record)

Those Casualty Lists Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. President, am not going to discuss any further this question of soldier pay and insurance. I feel tempted to discuss the casualty lists, but I understand the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Weeks) is going to discuss that matter...

DISPOSAL OF WAR MATERIAL FORMS SERIOUS PROBLEM Washington, D. C.—One of the serious economic phases of the reconstruction period is the disposal of the vast quantities of material which the various purchasing departments of the Government has on hand...

DE BACA Making Preliminary Surveys M. C. Hinderlinder, consulting engineer, of the firm of Fellows Hinderlinder, Denver, Colo., has been here part of the week making preliminary surveys, with the object of locating a new dam site, determining cost of its construction, etc.—Fort Sumner Review.

DONA ANA Encouraging Report Las Cruces has gotten the fever and it is getting into the oil business. Geologists claim that the formation of this vicinity is very favorable to the probability of striking oil, and an organization is in course of completion to determine whether or not their theories are correct...

EDDY Plenty of Water in Reservoirs A visit to the two reservoirs of Carlsbad Project shows them to be full to overflowing, the water in McCluskey's being twenty-six feet on the gauge, while Lake Avalon extends back beyond the railroad bridge...

CURRY Bursum Appointed to Be National Committeeman Holm O. Bursum of Socorro recognized as an outstanding figure in the councils of the Republican party it was announced by State chairman George R. Craig Saturday...

Limit Annual Sales "Now, I am as anxious as any man can possibly be to see our economic conditions go on comfortably. Of course, we can not go along continuously at the high rate of speed we have been going on during the war, but it would be a very simple matter to throw us into confusion if due care is not taken to dispose of these tremendous amounts of merchandise the government has on hand...

No Excuse For This I never have been able to see any reason for that. I think they ought to have been permitted to give it all out because here were Red Cross nurses that attended the hospitals in France where young men died, either from wounds or from disease. A young man would write a letter to his mother or to his sister or to somebody in this country and hand it to the Red Cross nurse, and those nurses would take it to the front and give it to the people to whom they were addressed...

DEMOCRATS IN U. S. SENATE EXPOSE SECRETARY BAKER

CHAMBERLAIN LAYS BARE FAILURES OF PACIFIST WAR OFFICIAL WHICH RESULTED IN DEATH AND DISASTER TO SOLDIERS (From Official Congressional Record)

Those Casualty Lists Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. President, am not going to discuss any further this question of soldier pay and insurance. I feel tempted to discuss the casualty lists, but I understand the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Weeks) is going to discuss that matter...

DISPOSAL OF WAR MATERIAL FORMS SERIOUS PROBLEM Washington, D. C.—One of the serious economic phases of the reconstruction period is the disposal of the vast quantities of material which the various purchasing departments of the Government has on hand...

DE BACA Making Preliminary Surveys M. C. Hinderlinder, consulting engineer, of the firm of Fellows Hinderlinder, Denver, Colo., has been here part of the week making preliminary surveys, with the object of locating a new dam site, determining cost of its construction, etc.—Fort Sumner Review.

DONA ANA Encouraging Report Las Cruces has gotten the fever and it is getting into the oil business. Geologists claim that the formation of this vicinity is very favorable to the probability of striking oil, and an organization is in course of completion to determine whether or not their theories are correct...

EDDY Plenty of Water in Reservoirs A visit to the two reservoirs of Carlsbad Project shows them to be full to overflowing, the water in McCluskey's being twenty-six feet on the gauge, while Lake Avalon extends back beyond the railroad bridge...

CURRY Bursum Appointed to Be National Committeeman Holm O. Bursum of Socorro recognized as an outstanding figure in the councils of the Republican party it was announced by State chairman George R. Craig Saturday...

Limit Annual Sales "Now, I am as anxious as any man can possibly be to see our economic conditions go on comfortably. Of course, we can not go along continuously at the high rate of speed we have been going on during the war, but it would be a very simple matter to throw us into confusion if due care is not taken to dispose of these tremendous amounts of merchandise the government has on hand...

No Excuse For This I never have been able to see any reason for that. I think they ought to have been permitted to give it all out because here were Red Cross nurses that attended the hospitals in France where young men died, either from wounds or from disease. A young man would write a letter to his mother or to his sister or to somebody in this country and hand it to the Red Cross nurse, and those nurses would take it to the front and give it to the people to whom they were addressed...

Limit Annual Sales "Now, I am as anxious as any man can possibly be to see our economic conditions go on comfortably. Of course, we can not go along continuously at the high rate of speed we have been going on during the war, but it would be a very simple matter to throw us into confusion if due care is not taken to dispose of these tremendous amounts of merchandise the government has on hand...

WANT PEACE TREATY FIRST

THIRTY-SEVEN SENATORS SIGN
THE LODGE RESOLUTION RE-
JECTING COVENANT.

ULTIMATUM IS ISSUED

SMALL CHANCE PEACE TREATY
WILL BE RATIFIED IF LINKED
WITH LEAGUE.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Washington, March 4.—By the action of thirty-seven Senators and Senators-elect in signing the Lodge resolution opposing the league plan in its present form the nations represented in the peace conference are put upon notice, say Republican leaders, that they can entertain no hope of a speedy ratification of the peace treaty if it contains the league constitution and that if they insist upon making the peace league plan a part of the peace treaty they will do so with full knowledge of the fate it will meet at the hands of the United States Senate.

Washington, Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, the Republican leader, introduced a resolution proposing that the Senate go on record as opposing the approval of the constitution of the League of Nations as now drawn and favoring the immediate conclusion of peace with Germany without waiting the working out of the league plan.

Senator Lodge requested attendance of the resolution, but Senator Martin of Virginia, the Democratic leader, and Senator Swanton of the same state joined in simultaneous objection and the resolution went over under the rules.

MONROE DOCTRINE SAFE

WILL NOT ASK THE SENATE TO
RATIFY PEACE LEAGUE

BOTH HOUSES VALIDATE INFOR-
MAL WAR CONTRACTS LET
BY UNITED STATES.

Washington, Feb. 28.—Further important expressions of opinion on the League of Nations came from President Wilson in his conference at the capitol, from Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, chairman of the foreign relations committee, in an address to the Senate, and from senators and representatives who attended the dinner at the White House.

President Wilson, in discussing the league with members of Congress and also at a conference with newspaper correspondents, expressed confidence in the success of the plan.

He also let it be known that he has every expectation of conclusion of peace within a few months and in this connection said that territorial adjustments presented the most delicate problem remaining. Work on all other questions, he stated, is rapidly nearing completion by the commission appointed to handle it.

The President was emphatic in expressing his belief that in no particular did the proposed constitution of the league conflict with the American constitution or with the Monroe doctrine.

Washington.—President Wilson spent two hours at the capitol today conferring with scores of Democratic members of Congress, discussing immovable executive affairs, measures to expedite the work of Congress before adjournment, patronage and the League of Nations and questions related to his work at the peace conference. Leaders were urged by the President to pass all urgent appropriation and other measures. While the President was at the capitol the Senate debated the \$1,000,000,000 wheat guarantee bill, Chairman Hitchcock of the foreign relations committee made his address on the League of Nations and the House debated the general deficiency appropriation measure.

"Speeding up" measures bore further fruit in both houses. The measure validating about \$2,750,000,000 in informal war contracts was completed, both bodies adopting the conference report.

Washington.—Battle deaths during the war among all participants so far as available statistics show were given by General March as 7,257,000. This represents only men killed in action or died of wounds. In the list prepared by the general staff, Russia led with a total of 1,700,000; Germany was second with 1,400,000 and the United States last with 50,000. Approximate figures for other nations were: France, 1,385,000; England, 800,000; Italy, 400,000; Turkey, 100,000; Belgium, 102,000; Rumania, 100,000; Serbia and Montenegro, 100,000.

Over One-third Discharged.
Washington.—Thirty-nine per cent of the army officers on duty Nov. 11 last and 33 per cent of the enlisted personnel had been discharged by Feb. 19, the War Department announced, on the basis of complete returns to the general staff. The total strength of officers and men Nov. 11 was 3,670,888, while discharges to Feb. 19 numbered 1,238,428.

Invite King to Dinner.
New York.—An invitation to King Albert of Belgium to attend the annual dinner of the Rocky Mountain Club in New York on April 8, the anniversary of the king's birthday, has been cabled to Herbert Hoover in Paris, with the request that Mr. Hoover deliver the invitation. The governors of the Western states with which the club is identified, and who are ex-officio vice presidents of the organization, are also expected to be present.

Repeal Semi-Luxury Tax.
Washington.—Repeal of the semi-luxury tax included in the war revenue bill signed by the President was proposed in a resolution approved by the House ways and means committee and later introduced by Chairman Kitchin. The clause provides for a tax of 10 per cent after May 1 on wearing apparel and many other articles costing above specified sums. Quick action on the measure is expected, with House leaders hopeful that the Senate will act before adjournment.

Adrift Eighty-seven Hours.
Milwaukee, Wis.—After being adrift for eighty-seven hours on Lake Michigan with rations for only one meal, Joseph Budish, 28, and George Contigan, 22, fishermen, were rescued about fifty miles from Milwaukee by a tug which discovered them while on a trip to plant nets. They were nearly exhausted and were striving desperately to save their boat when rescued. In a few hours the boat would have sunk from a bad leak.

MAJ. ALBERT D. SMITH



Maj. Albert D. Smith, in command of the squadron of four army airplanes which arrived at Hazelhurst field, Minn., L. I., after a transcontinental flight from San Diego, Cal.

MAY REMOVE TURKISH RULE

ACTION TAKE BY PEACE ENVOYS
TO INTERNATIONALIZE
CONSTANTINOPLE.

END OF OTTOMAN RULE

NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN UKRA-
INIANS AND POLES HAVE
BEEN BROKEN OFF.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
Paris, March 3.—The peace conference commission on Greek affairs debated at length the new situation to be created in Asia Minor. The general plan adopted for the dissolution of the Ottoman empire is total elimination of that empire, internationalization of Constantinople and the straits, creation of a Turkish state in the center of Asia Minor and liberation of all nationalities from Turkish rule.

Warsaw.—Negotiations at Lemberg between the international mission and the Poles and Ukrainians have been broken off, it being found impossible to get the Ukrainians and Poles to agree on a line of demarcation between their forces. Hostilities are about to be resumed, it is reported.

Paris.—The eighth week of the peace conference opens with increased effort by the working commissions to get their projects ready for consideration when President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George and Premier Orlando return to Paris. No one is more anxious for prompt action than the French commissioners, who want to hasten not only the completion of the peace treaty, but the adoption of the League of Nations plan as an integral part of it. An opening for a revision of the plan that will not threaten the integrity of the league appears to be fading. M. Pichon, French foreign minister, has indicated that he will offer amendments relating to an international force.

It is thought that the conference may consider other amendments such as may be regarded in America as necessary to remove the ambiguity of clauses that might affect the Monroe doctrine, the right of secession from the league and the methods of using force against recalcitrant nations.

French apprehension is growing over the danger of anarchy in Germany. The French delegates, therefore, desire to hasten the conclusion of the peace treaty and incorporate in it measures for the protection which they have expected from the League of Nations. M. Pichon, reflecting this view, said that every one wants a responsible government established in Germany with which peace may be concluded.

Big Revenue Measure Signed.
Washington.—Signing of the revenue bill by President Wilson puts into operation the machinery for collecting \$6,000,000,000 of taxes this year. Higher taxes went into effect on liquor and soft drinks, including near beer, grapejuice, soda water and mineral waters, and on tobacco and on so-called luxuries. Anticipating the imposition of new taxes, thousands of gallons of whiskey had been withdrawn from government bonded warehouses within the last week, with tax paid at the old rate of \$3.20 a gallon, to escape the higher rate of \$6.40 a gallon now effective. Articles in the "luxury" class on which new taxes go into effect include automobiles and motor accessories, pianos, sporting goods, chewing gum, cameras, candy, firearms, slot machines, toilet soaps and art goods. The tax is paid by the manufacturer.

Ex-Kaiser Wants to Borrow.
Washington.—The former German emperor, it is learned from competent sources, recently applied to the German revolutionary government for money. It was said in his behalf that it was impossible for him to continue living upon the bounty and good will of the Dutch noblemen in whose castle he now resides, Herr Hohenzollern. It is said, declared he already had been forced to borrow 10,000 guilders from his host, and could not continue as a debtor. He asked that he be allowed at least a portion of his private fortune. The government, after considering the matter, agreed to his request and instituted a detailed investigation to determine what portion of the former emperor's supposed fortune really was his and what portion belonged to the government. Investigation showed that the former ruler might legally claim 75,000,000 marks as his own, but the government decided to allow him temporarily only 600,000 marks.

Martial Law Declared in Madrid.
Madrid.—Martial law has been declared in Madrid and troops are patrolling the streets. Order has been restored, but some theaters have been closed. This action was the result of rioting against profiteers, provision and butcher shops being attacked by mobs. The government has taken possession of all bakeries.

Six-German Subs Coming.
Washington.—Six of the German submarines surrendered in British harbors are to be brought to the United States soon for exhibition to the public and for study by American experts. They will be representative of the various types of U-boats, from mine planters to the great deep sea cruisers. In announcing that arrangements for bringing the submarines across the Atlantic had been completed the Navy Department said the six crafts were not part of any allocation of submarines to the United States.

New Fast Plane Stands Test.
Washington.—Establishment by an American-built and designed airplane of what officials believe are new world's records for speed and climbing ability was disclosed with receipt by the War Department of results of preliminary tests of a machine constructed at Itasca, N. Y. In the tests the plane attained an officially timed speed of 163 1/2 miles an hour, and climbed 10,000 feet in 4 minutes and 52 seconds.

Passed Indian Appropriation.
Washington.—The Senate passed the annual Indian appropriation bill. The Senate measure carries \$1,000,000 in addition to the \$14,500,000 provided in the House bill.

PRINCESS DE BRAGANZA

WIDESPREAD
OF DISORDERS

GERMANY SUFFERING FROM GEN-
ERAL INTERNAL TROUBLES
FROM POLITICS.

REDS LEAD OUTBREAK

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Berlin, March 1.—The breaking out of Spartacist disorders in Munich is reported in a special dispatch. Central Germany is in the throes of a widespread political strike affecting large parts of Saxony, Thuringia and Anhalt, and through its effects upon railroad communications is casting a sinister shadow over the entire nation.

The workmen in Leipzig have voted by a tremendous majority for a general strike. Leipzig is without gas or electricity or railroad communication. The strike at Halle, which includes the railway men, continues absolute, and even telephonic and telegraphic communication is being interrupted there. A general strike has broken out at Erfurt and in many other cities in central Germany. Magdeburg is shut off from rail communication with the outside world as a result of a railway strike. Both Socialist parties and trade union officials are endeavoring to prevent the spread of the strike at Leipzig.

Copenhagen.—The town hall and the stores in Leipzig, Saxony, have been closed as a result of strikes by the bourgeoisie according to a dispatch from Berlin. The town of Erfurt, Prussian Saxony, is without electric light and street car service as a result of the general strike there, and the workers are demanding the immediate socialization of mines and factories and the recognition of soldiers and workmen's council.

German government forces are holding the town of Hamburg, in the Ruhr industrial region, after a fight in which a number of Spartacists were killed. The government troops captured 116 prisoners.

Rioting broke out anew in Munich according to a correspondent there. Three thousand Spartacist soldiers marched to the parliament building in an effort to force the diet to proclaim a soviet republic in Bavaria. The German national assembly, according to a dispatch from Weimar, passed the national army bill on third reading.

Cossacks Defeat Anarchists.
Ekaterinburg.—The volunteer army of the Kuban Cossacks, which made a clean sweep of the Bolsheviks in the northern Caucasus, continues the pursuit of the remnants of the Bolshevik force. The Bolsheviks scattered in all directions after the capture of Vladikavkaz by the Cossacks. Further details have been learned in the manner in which the Bolsheviks last December killed more than 100 prominent hostages, including Generals Ruskay and Dalko of Mitruff of the Russian army, and several women. The hostages were taken in motor trucks to Piatigorsk, southwest of Georgievsk, and placed against a cliff. They were shot down with machine guns by Bolshevik soldiers. Those who showed signs of life when the machine guns ceased firing were hacked to death with cutlasses.

New Government May Fail.
London.—The possible fall of the German government is reported in numerous special dispatches received from Berlin. The members of the government have arrived at Berlin to consult with the Workmen's Council, and a manifesto has been issued. All the correspondents represent the situation as grave. The government manifesto issued from Weimar denounces the terrorist attempts to get rid of the national assembly. It proclaims faithfulness to the principles of democracy. "Greater than the political danger is the economic distress," says the manifesto. "We cannot feed our selves from our own supplies until the next harvest. The blockade is eating away the vitals of our people. They starve and perish daily from ill-nourishment. Every strike brings us a step nearer the abyss. Only work can save us."

Makes Flight to Keep Engagement.
New York.—Representative Victor Heintz of Cincinnati arrived here by airplane to keep an engagement which train connections could not make. He was piloted from Washington by Lieutenant Harmon, an army aviator, who brought him here in 100 minutes actual flying time.

Gregory Wilson's Counsel.
Washington.—Thomas W. Gregory, retiring attorney general of the United States, will accompany President Wilson to Paris as general adviser and assistant at the peace conference. Mr. Gregory's resignation as member of the President's cabinet became effective Tuesday when he was succeeded by Attorney General Palmer, and the retiring attorney general will assume immediately his new position of unofficial counselor to the President during his second visit to Europe.

Will Probably Not Be Candidate.
Washington.—President Wilson is not a candidate to succeed himself for a third term after March 3, 1921. The President did not in so many plain words actually assert that he would not be a candidate in 1920, but the remarks that he made to the Democratic national committee left no other impression to be gained from what the President said, than that he will devote his time after March 3, 1921, to the writing of history.

WIDESPREAD OF DISORDERS

GERMANY SUFFERING FROM GEN-
ERAL INTERNAL TROUBLES
FROM POLITICS.

REDS LEAD OUTBREAK

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Berlin, March 1.—The breaking out of Spartacist disorders in Munich is reported in a special dispatch. Central Germany is in the throes of a widespread political strike affecting large parts of Saxony, Thuringia and Anhalt, and through its effects upon railroad communications is casting a sinister shadow over the entire nation.

The workmen in Leipzig have voted by a tremendous majority for a general strike. Leipzig is without gas or electricity or railroad communication. The strike at Halle, which includes the railway men, continues absolute, and even telephonic and telegraphic communication is being interrupted there. A general strike has broken out at Erfurt and in many other cities in central Germany. Magdeburg is shut off from rail communication with the outside world as a result of a railway strike. Both Socialist parties and trade union officials are endeavoring to prevent the spread of the strike at Leipzig.

Copenhagen.—The town hall and the stores in Leipzig, Saxony, have been closed as a result of strikes by the bourgeoisie according to a dispatch from Berlin. The town of Erfurt, Prussian Saxony, is without electric light and street car service as a result of the general strike there, and the workers are demanding the immediate socialization of mines and factories and the recognition of soldiers and workmen's council.

German government forces are holding the town of Hamburg, in the Ruhr industrial region, after a fight in which a number of Spartacists were killed. The government troops captured 116 prisoners.

Rioting broke out anew in Munich according to a correspondent there. Three thousand Spartacist soldiers marched to the parliament building in an effort to force the diet to proclaim a soviet republic in Bavaria. The German national assembly, according to a dispatch from Weimar, passed the national army bill on third reading.

Cossacks Defeat Anarchists.
Ekaterinburg.—The volunteer army of the Kuban Cossacks, which made a clean sweep of the Bolsheviks in the northern Caucasus, continues the pursuit of the remnants of the Bolshevik force. The Bolsheviks scattered in all directions after the capture of Vladikavkaz by the Cossacks. Further details have been learned in the manner in which the Bolsheviks last December killed more than 100 prominent hostages, including Generals Ruskay and Dalko of Mitruff of the Russian army, and several women. The hostages were taken in motor trucks to Piatigorsk, southwest of Georgievsk, and placed against a cliff. They were shot down with machine guns by Bolshevik soldiers. Those who showed signs of life when the machine guns ceased firing were hacked to death with cutlasses.

New Government May Fail.
London.—The possible fall of the German government is reported in numerous special dispatches received from Berlin. The members of the government have arrived at Berlin to consult with the Workmen's Council, and a manifesto has been issued. All the correspondents represent the situation as grave. The government manifesto issued from Weimar denounces the terrorist attempts to get rid of the national assembly. It proclaims faithfulness to the principles of democracy. "Greater than the political danger is the economic distress," says the manifesto. "We cannot feed our selves from our own supplies until the next harvest. The blockade is eating away the vitals of our people. They starve and perish daily from ill-nourishment. Every strike brings us a step nearer the abyss. Only work can save us."

Makes Flight to Keep Engagement.
New York.—Representative Victor Heintz of Cincinnati arrived here by airplane to keep an engagement which train connections could not make. He was piloted from Washington by Lieutenant Harmon, an army aviator, who brought him here in 100 minutes actual flying time.

Gregory Wilson's Counsel.
Washington.—Thomas W. Gregory, retiring attorney general of the United States, will accompany President Wilson to Paris as general adviser and assistant at the peace conference. Mr. Gregory's resignation as member of the President's cabinet became effective Tuesday when he was succeeded by Attorney General Palmer, and the retiring attorney general will assume immediately his new position of unofficial counselor to the President during his second visit to Europe.

Will Probably Not Be Candidate.
Washington.—President Wilson is not a candidate to succeed himself for a third term after March 3, 1921. The President did not in so many plain words actually assert that he would not be a candidate in 1920, but the remarks that he made to the Democratic national committee left no other impression to be gained from what the President said, than that he will devote his time after March 3, 1921, to the writing of history.

MODEL PRISONER IS JAIL BREAKER

Silk Shirts and Snuff Changed
Into Steel Saw That Does
the Work.

GENEVA, Ill.—Way back in November Deputy Sheriff Herman Vierke, making his rounds in Geneva's new "tigh and toolproof" jail, came across a prisoner sawing away on the nice new shining bars of his cell.

"Saw away, my friend," said Vierke, confident of the resisting powers of the cell bars. "Just you saw, saw and saw. It's fine exercise for you and it won't hurt our nice little jail a bit. If it wasn't against the rules I would let you amuse yourself forever. But gimme the saw."

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Remember, this was way back in November. Just for the sake of the rule, however, Vierke made sure the prisoner did not get hold of any more saws. The prisoner then on was a model. Every other day a striking blond called, bringing the model prisoner clean silk shirts and snuff.

Then one day Vierke found the model prisoner's cell empty. Two of the "toolproof" cell bars had been cut. A day later Neil Gallagher was arrested at Cedar Rapids, Ia.

"I'm not spoonin'. It was easy. I pulled silk threads from the shirts, stuck snuff on the threads and saved and saved and sawed" right through the nice shiny bars," explained Gallagher.

"Snuff?" queried Vierke.
"Snuff—hell!" Gallagher came back. "That was emery dust. A silk thread and emery dust has got 40 ways on any steel saw ever made."

Prisoner Escapes.
Pittsburgh, Pa.—Felix Lappelle should be crowned the country's champion dramer.

With legs and arms all skinned he awakened to find himself perched more than 100 feet above the ground on supporting rods over Jack's Run, on the edge of the city.

Firemen summoned to rescue Lappelle shined up the supporting columns to a point from which they could throw a rope to the man. He was then dropped slowly to the ground.

Lappelle said he had been a Detroit structural iron worker and that he had dreamed of climbing over the bridge ironwork. The temperature was midway between freezing point and zero when he performed the stunt.

OLD GAG WORKS IN ST. LOUIS
Man Puts Up Security for Hotel Job,
Then Finds He Has Neither
Money Nor Job.

St. Louis.—"How would you like to become keeper of the silverware at Hotel Jefferson?" a stranger asked Cosmic Stefan, a Greek here.

"Fine," exclaimed Stefan.
"Then the job is yours. Can you give security?"

Stefan could—and did. He gave the stranger \$1,372, which he drew from the bank. A second stranger appeared and the money was wrapped in a package for safe keeping and turned over to him.

"I'm afraid I might be robbed," the second stranger said. "You had better keep this," and he gave Stefan the package. Both men departed. Later, when Stefan opened the package he had neither job nor money.

Falls to Feet "Spotters."
Macon, Ga.—As a sort of cushion shot, J. R. Lybrand, of Augusta, Ga., checked a trunkful of whiskey from the North to Macon and then rechecked the trunk to Augusta, with the idea that a trunk checked from Macon would not come under suspicion. Little did he know, however, that a government agent saw him leave Cincinnati with his booze treasure, but he began to "wot" when he was arrested by a special agent the liquor seized and a fine of \$500 imposed.

Wrecks Floral Shop.
Kansas City, Mo.—A three-year-old buck deer belonging to William Tanner, who has a herd of six deer, became frightened at the antics of some boys, jumped the fence, and after running some blocks down the street jumped through a big plate-glass display window in a floral shop. The buck, after smashing around in the shop, destroying flowers, etc., made his escape by the same way he entered. The damage is estimated at \$150.

LATE MARKET QUOTATIONS

Western Newspaper Union News Service
DENVER MARKETS.

Cattle.
Fat steers, choice to prime 15.00@16.50
Fat steers, good to choice 13.50@15.00
Fat steers, fair to good 12.50@13.50
Heifers, prime 10.50@11.50
Cows, fat, good to choice 10.00@11.00
Cows, fair to good 9.00@9.75
Cows, medium to fair 7.50@8.50
Cows, canners 5.50@6.25
Halls 7.00@8.00
Veal calves 12.00@14.50
Feeders, good to choice 12.50@14.00
Feeders, fair to good 11.50@12.50
Stockers, good to choice 10.50@11.85
Stockers, fair to good 9.00@10.50

Hogs.
Good hogs 16.50@17.00

Sheep.
Lamb, fat 15.50@16.00
Lamb, feeders, good 14.75@15.25
Lamb, feeders, fair 13.50@14.50
Ewes, feeders 9.00@10.00
Ewes, feeders 6.50@7.50

Dressed Poultry.
The following prices on dressed poultry are net F. O. B. Denver:
Turkeys, No. 1 28 @ 28
Turkeys, old toms 23 @ 25
Turkeys, choice 22 @ 25
Hens 22 @ 25
Ducks, young 22 @ 24
Geese 18 @ 21
Roosters 12 @ 14

Live Poultry.
Turkeys, 9 lbs. or over 25 @ 26
Hens, lb. 16 @ 25
Ducks, young 16 @ 25
Geese 16 @ 17
Springs 18 @ 22
Broilers, 1 1/2 to 2 lbs. 20 @ 22

Rabbits.
Jack, dozen 11.00@12.25
Cottontails 1.50@1.25

Eggs, strictly fresh, case count, \$10.50

Butter.
Creameries, ex. 1st grade .48
Creameries, 2d grade (cold storage), lb. .45
Process butter 40 @ 41
Packing stock 37 @ 38

Vegetables.
Beans, Navy, cwt. \$5.00 @ 8.00
Beans, Pinto, cwt. 4.50 @ 5.00
Beans, Lima, cwt. 3.50 @ 4.00
Beans, green, lb. 30 @ 35
Beans, wax, lb. 30 @ 35
Beets, new, cwt. 2.00 @ 2.50
Brussels sprouts 15 @ 17
Cabbage, Colo., 10 @ 12
Carrots, cwt. 4.00 @ 4.50
Cauliflower, lb. 15 @ 17
Celery, homegrown, doz. 5.50 @ 6.00
Cucumbers, lb. doz. 3.00 @ 3.50
Lettuce, head, doz. 1.25 @ 1.50
Onions, cwt. 2.25 @ 2.50
Potatoes, new, cwt. 1.40 @ 2.00
Radishes, long bothouse 35 @ 40
Radishes, round, cwt. 3.50 @ 4.00
Turnips, cwt. 1.50 @ 1.75

HAY AND GRAIN MARKETS.
F. O. B. Denver, Carload Prices.
Hay.
Buying Prices.
Colorado upland, per ton 22.00 @ 23.00
Nebraska, per ton 20.00 @ 21.00
Prairie Hay, Colorado and Nebraska, per ton 20.00 @ 21.00
Timothy, per ton 23.00 @ 24.00
Alfalfa, per ton 19.00 @ 20.00
Gumison Valley, per ton 21.00 @ 22.00
Straw, per ton 5.99 @ 6.00

Grain.
Oats, Neb. 100 lbs., buying 32.45
Corn chop, sack, selling 3.10
Corn in sack, selling 3.00
White cornmeal, per 100 lbs. 4.00
Yellow cornmeal, per 100 lbs. 4.00
Gluten feed, sack, selling 2.50
Bran, Colo., per 100 lbs., selling 1.75

Flour.
Hungarian Patent, 98 lbs., sacked, subject to discount 54.14
Hovarian, 48 lbs., sacked, sub- ject to discount 2.57
Hungarian 24 lbs., sacked, sub- ject to discount 1.32

HIDES AND PELTS.
Dry Flint Hides.
Butcher, 16 lbs. and up 30c
Butcher under 16 lbs. 28c
Fallen, all weights 28c
Bulls and stags 17c
Culls 15c
Dry salted hides, 6c per lb. less

Dry Flint Pelts.
Wool pelts, all weights 25c
Short wool pelts 20c
Butcher shearings 15c
No. 2 and murrain shearings 10c
Bucks, saddle and collar 15c
Green Salted Hides, Etc.
Cured hides, 25 lbs. and up No. 1 15c
Cured hides, 25 lbs. and up No. 2 14c
Bulls, No. 2 12c
Gives, hides and skins 8c
Kip, No. 1 16c
Kip, No. 2 14c
Branded kip and calf, No. 2 15c
Part-cured hides, 1c per lb. less than cured.
Green hides, 2c per lb. less than cured.

Green Salted Horsehides.
No. 1 47.00 @ 50.00
No. 2 5.00 @ 5.00
Ponies and glue 3.00 @ 2.00

Miscellaneous Markets.
Metal Markets.
Colorado scrap metal prices
Bar silver, 101 1/2
Copper, lb. 16 1/2
Lead, 10 1/2
Spelter, 8 1/2
Tungsten, per unit, \$12.00 @ 14.00.

Eastern Livestock.
Chicago.—Hogs.—Bulk of sales \$17.40 @ 17.60; butchers \$17.40 @ 17.60; light \$16.50 @ 17.50; packing \$16.50 @ 17.40; throwouts \$16.00 @ 16.50; pigs, good to choice \$14.00 @ 16.25.

Cattle.—Beef cattle, good, choice and prime \$16.50 @ 20.00; common and medium \$10.75 @ 14.00; butcher stock, cows and heifers \$7.75 @ 15.50; canners and cutters \$6.50 @ 17.75; stockers and feeders, good to choice \$11.25 @ 16.00; inferior, common and medium \$8.25 @ 11.25; calves, good to choice \$16.75 @ 17.50.

Sheep.—Top wool lambs \$18.85; shorn \$16.75; choice and prime \$17.25 @ 18.85; medium and good \$17.25 @ 18.75; culls \$14.00 @ 15.75; ewes, choice and prime \$12.50 @ 15.00; medium and good \$10.50 @ 12.45; culls \$5.50 @ 8.75.

Cash Grain in Chicago.
Chicago.—Corn—No. 3 yellow \$1.31 1/2 @ 1.32 1/2; No. 4 yellow \$1.28 1/2 @ 1.29 1/2; No. 2 yellow \$1.34 1/2 @ 1.37 1/2; Oats—No. 3 white 57 1/2 @ 58 1/2; standard \$9 @ 9 1/2; No. 2 8 1/2 @ 8 3/4; Barley—42 @ 52c; Clover—Nominal; Timothy—\$7.00 @ 10.00; Pork—Nominal; Lard—\$25.15; Hibs—\$24.00 @ 25.00.

Price of Sugar.
New York.—Sugar—Centrifugal 7.28; Cut loaf 10.50; crushed 10.25; mould A 9.50; cube 10.25; XXX powdered 9.20; powdered 9.15; fine granulated and diamond A 9.00; confectioners A 8.90; No 1 8.85.

Linseed.
Duluth, Minn.—Linseed—\$3.23.

Chicago Produce.
Chicago.—Butter—Creamery @ 54c. Eggs—Ordinary firsts 37 @ 37 1/2; at mark, cases included, 37 1/2 @ 38. Potatoes—Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota, bulk, \$1.50 @ 1.57; sacks, \$1.50 @ 1.50. Poultry—Springs, 30c; fowls, 30c.

New York Cotton.
New York.—Cotton—March, 22 1/2; May, 22 1/2; July, 21 3/4; October, 20 3/4; December, 20 1/2.

Nearly 15,000,000 acres in Canada are devoted to wheat growing.

WILL MEET AT BERNE

MAY DESTROY ALL GERMAN
SHIPS SURRENDERED.

PEACE SOCIETIES OF SWEDEN,
NORWAY, DENMARK AND
HOLLAND MARCH 5.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.
London, Feb. 27.—The question of the destruction of the surrendered German warships is a matter for the peace conference to decide, according to an announcement made in the House of Lords by the Earl of Lytton, civil lord and parliamentary secretary to the admiralty.

Berne, Feb. 27.—An international conference for a League of Nations will open at Berne, March 5. It has been organized by peace societies of Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Holland and Switzerland. It will be attended also by league of nations and peace society delegates from England, France, Italy, Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Washington, Feb. 27.—President Wilson told members of the congressional foreign relations committee that unless the United States entered the League of Nations the league would fail and chaos and turmoil beyond description would result in Europe. Views of Republican members opposing the league constitution as reported to the peace conference apparently were not changed by the conference. The President was said to have told the

"BUILD A BARN" FARMERS URGED

Erection of Needed Buildings to Promote Prosperity.

DESIGN FOR THE SMALL FARM

Illustration Shows Plan for Combination Horse and Dairy Barn, Divided by Solid Wall.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF CHARGE on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building work on the farm, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only inclose three-cent stamp for reply.

"Build a barn!" This advice is being urged on the farmers by the United States government.

There are two reasons why farm building should be resumed at once. One is the need of farm buildings to house the increased crop production and the live stock; the other is that the building trades and the building industry of this country must be employed if the farmers are to continue to enjoy the prosperity that has come to them during the last four years.

The need of buildings is known to every farmer, whose place is not properly supplied with housing facilities for his crops and his live stock. Both are too valuable nowadays to be housed in anything but the most modern building. The old-fashioned barn, where it cost 60 cents in labor to pro-

were deprived of their wages and have become consumers, without the means of buying things they consume.

Quickest Solution is Building. The government, in considering the possibilities of employing this labor, looked upon building as the thing that would provide the quickest solution of the problem. Building, that is, the erection of buildings, homes in the cities and towns, office buildings, factories, municipal buildings and school-houses, public improvements, and buildings on the farms, had been halted because of the need of both labor and materials in the production of war-time needs. Therefore, it was reasoned, there is need of building and building can start at once.

"Build a building!" That is the thing that the government is urging, and under the circumstances it is a matter of self-preservation that every one who needs a building of any character begin to erect that building at once.

Every farmer wants a modern building on his farm. He wants a comfortable home, conveniently arranged and provided with modern conveniences for his family; he wants a barn that will properly house his valuable live stock; he wants tight houses for his grain.

There has been great progress in the construction of barns during the last few years. State laws have made some features of barn construction obligatory to protect the milk and butter from contamination. Lack of labor has made other features necessary because they save labor.

Barn for Small Farm. A combination horse and dairy barn is shown in an accompanying illustration. This is a design for a small farm, where a dozen cows and four or five horses are kept. Here these animals may be safely housed, the work can be done easily and the water's supply of feed for horses and cows may be stored.

As the ground floor plan shows, the horse barn and cow stable are separated by a solid wall. This prevents the ammonia fumes from the horse

Leopard Has Not Changed His Spots; Hun Quit, but Waits His Chance

By GENERAL GOURAUD, Fourth French Army



In 1871 Bismarck said in the reichstag that the war just finished was child's play compared with what the next would be. He was right. The war we have passed through is but child's play compared to the next if it comes. Therefore we have got to see to it that Germany does not start the next war.

I know it is altogether natural for American soldiers to be impressed with the beauties of the Rhine. It is altogether natural for them to be impressed with one of the garden spots of the world. But they must not forget that out of these beautiful valleys and down from these beautiful hills came the band of brigands and robbers who tried to ruin civilization.

It is now an open secret that on November 14 the allies were to have launched an attack on Lorraine which would have brought disaster to the German army. The Germans knew that, and so they surrendered. Did they in their hearts surrender? Their army has been received not as a conquered army. I ask if anyone has heard the Germans express any real repentance for waging history's most brutal war?

Now, when peace is signed, the Americans are going home across the seas. The English are going home, too. But France stays where she is. Marshal Foch has said that France is a barrier protecting civilization, and so France and civilization must be protected.

We know the character of the Germans along the Rhine. We know there is no democracy in their hearts. We know their feeling attitude is as false as it can be. France wants no such people in her republic. We do not want to annex Germany up to the Rhine, but we do intend to see that the German military machine stays behind the river. That is what Marshal Foch meant.

If we don't have that protection France must maintain always an enormous army to guard civilization. With our great loss of life in the war that would be a terrible burden for France. We must have a natural barrier or else it would be madness to demobilize our armies. I hope the Americans will see it the same way. I hope the soft words of the Germans will not convince the Americans that the leopard has changed his spots.

So far I am not convinced that the Germans of today are not the Germans of yesterday, the foes of the ideals of America, the ideals of France, the ideals of civilization, the foes of all that is desired in the hearts of mankind.

German Coal Will Help Pay Huge War Indemnity Demanded by Allies

By JOHN J. ARNOLD, Chicago Banker

Germany can probably pay an indemnity of \$3,500,000,000 annually. But if the financial demands of the victors in the war are too heavy they will result in Germany's ruin and the spread of anarchy throughout that country and eventually over a still greater part of Europe.

In estimating Germany's wealth I find that the question of her raw materials, with which she is abundantly supplied, is not taken into consideration by those who discuss this subject. They base their estimates all on the developed wealth of the country, which is far less than the value of its undeveloped resources. Let us take, for example, Germany's coal supply. This is estimated to be around 409,000,000,000 tons, while France has only about 17,000,000,000 tons. Of this total Germany may lose 20 per cent through the taking of Alsace-Lorraine by France. She may lose some coal deposits on the left bank of the Rhine also, but assume that she will have left 300,000,000,000 tons in her mines and place a conservative estimate of \$1 a ton on this and you will begin to get some idea of the value of the country's great natural resources. This one item amounts to \$300,000,000,000. Suppose the allies should decide to take one-fourth of this coal supply of Germany and apply it on their bill for damages. This would reduce their claims by more than \$72,000,000,000.

The nation which has a big supply of coal is bound to be a great industrial nation, because coal is the basis of all industrial development. The biggest coal fields of Germany are in Westphalia. France and the rest of continental Europe would be much better off in the long run if Germany were called upon to give up a part of her Westphalian coal fields. And what applies to her coal supply applies as well to her potash industry.

Like Prohibition, Movement for Good Roads Now Sweeps the Country

By W. G. EDENS, Pres. of Illinois Highway Improvement Association

Just as prohibition, once started, spread so quickly over the nation that the states rushed to get on the "dry" bandwagon, so the good-roads movement is sweeping over the country. The vigorous manner in which the states have taken up the cry to pull themselves out of the mud indicates that at last the public has come to a realization of the sound economic basis of improved highways.

Illinois, once the most backward of states, has come suddenly to the forefront. Illinois, in its \$60,000,000 bond issue project, solved a question that has puzzled good-roads enthusiasts from the beginning of their propaganda for better highways. This was the question of a sound, economical and fair method of financing a state system of main highways to which all other roads could be tributary.

The taxation problem always is with us, and if an attempt were made right now to levy a general tax for good roads it would be met with very serious and powerful opposition.

But Illinois got around this question through the expedient of the application of the automobile license fees to the principal and interest of a bond issue. Motorists generally co-operated in advocating this method of taxing themselves, realizing that the saving in depreciation and running expenses would more than meet the burden.

Thus the "Illinois plan" was evolved and today we have dozens of sister states looking into it and preparing to adopt it all, or so much of it as their constitution or other local conditions will permit.

There is a general disposition to await price readjustment before ambitious construction plans are put under way for 1919. I believe that broad-visioned business men will go half way in meeting public officials.

Frank L. Brown, General Secretary World's Sunday School Association—The war has proved to be the greatest impetus to world Christianity that has been known in the last 1,000 years. All the other great religions of the world are fast crumbling away and Christianity is taking their place as the only religion capable of functioning in modern life. Its versatility in emphasizing the highest form of self-expressing individualism, its passion for social service, its emphasis on loyalty to one's own country as the only basis for true internationalism, its scheme of human brotherhood and basing its demands for human justice on the justice of God make it the only forward-looking and forward-marching religion in existence.

MAN WOES WITH DEADLY POISON

Woman Says He Chose New Way Because Pistol Was Too Noisy.

HE'S REAL CAVE MAN

Chicago Man Shows Steadfastness of Purpose With Women That Smacks of Delightful Days of Stone Age.

Chicago.—There is a certain steadfastness of purpose in the way of Morris Parzio with women that smacks of the delightful old days of the stone age, and makes him quite irresistible as a wooer. Mrs. Eleanor Gayton, who earned about eleven from him, is now convalescing at the county hospital.

Mr. Parzio conducts a meat market at 1143 West Harrison street, where occurred their first meeting in December of 1916. Mrs. Gayton came in as a customer, but the business amenities rapidly ripened into acquaintance. Mr. Parzio drugging her and removing her to a house at 506 South Racine avenue, she says.

At that time she was 18 and single. Later she met and loved John Gayton. They were married. The butcher Lochner was exceedingly enraged, she said, and told her "I'll get you yet."

Carried Off in Auto. It was last Monday night. Mrs. Gayton, who is separated from her husband, was at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Patzman, 3244 South Wells street. She says Parzio seized her while she was entering the home, carried her to an automobile and conveyed her to his home, over the butcher shop at 1143 West Harrison. Then he asked:

"Will you marry me?"
"No."
"All right, I'll kill you," she quotes him as saying.

He drew a revolver, and then said:
"No, if I shoot you it will make too



Pointed it at her.

much noise. I think I'll just rap you over the head, or how do you wish to die?"

She expressed a preference for poison. So he mixed a bumper of bichloride of mercury and forced her to drink it, she says. She became ill. He professed regret and gave her olive oil as an antidote. Then he asked her:

"Now, will you marry me?"
Mrs. Gayton was too weak to reply. He summoned a physician who had her sent to the county hospital.

Parzio Under Arrest. Detective Sergeants William Begley and John Adams of the Deering station arrested Parzio last night. He is being held, pending Mrs. Gayton's recovery. He denied forcing the woman to drink poison or threatening her with a revolver.

"Will you marry him?" a reporter asked her last night.
"No."

Boy Fatally Burned in Boiler of Water

St. Louis, Mo.—August Teska, 5, was fatally scalded when he fell into a boiler of water while his mother was engaged in doing the family washing. Mrs. Teska had placed the boiler on the floor while her husband was repairing a stove pipe.

Fears Burglars, Shoots at Caller.

Atlanta, Ga.—The mere fact that he is blind did not prevent Sanford Thompson, negro, from taking a few shots one night recently at what he said he thought were burglars, but really was a negro woman caller. The shots, however, went wild. So did the negro, who yelled frantically for the police.

Earn \$1,000 on Vacation.

Clarence Magoon and Joseph Curtin decided to take a vacation in the woods near Greenfield, N. H. In a month's time they trapped 37 foxes, 11 coons, 44 skunks, 14 minks, and a light muskrat. This catch netted them over \$1,000.

She Got Divorce.

Eucyrus, Ohio—Court Bailiff Calvin Kniseley found the defendant guilty in a divorce proceeding here. The defendant's wife had charged him with being an habitual drunkard. During the trial of the case the defendant disappeared. "Call the defendant," said Judge Babst.

"The defendant has gone to get a drink," answered Kniseley.
"Divorce granted," said Judge Babst.

FARMERS APPROVE COUNTY AGENT WORK



County Agent Telling of Advantages of Good Seed Corn and Demonstrating How It Should Be Stored and Tested.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"I do not think that any county can well afford to do without an agent," is the tribute a live Mississippi farmer, near Hattiesburg, pays his county agent in a recent letter to the United States department of agriculture. He was referring particularly to the assistance rendered by this agent and his assistant in securing all kinds of seed, improved stock, and farm implements; marketing the farmers' produce; getting their grain thrashed, so that there would be plenty of home-grown seed; securing labor to gather

the crops; and obtaining reduced prices on fertilizers. "The agent can do so much for the farmer," he writes, "because no one farmer can afford to work up these things for the community and in that way reach the entire county and get united effort in buying, selling, shipping, and anything that needs co-operative effort."

Farmers near Hattiesburg are said formerly to have been prejudiced against county agents and demonstration work, but they have seen the results obtained by following the methods advocated by them.

UNSAFE SOURCES OF FARM WATER SUPPLY

Streams, Ponds, Ditches and Reservoirs Unsatisfactory.

Temperature is Not Pleasing and Presence of More or Less Polluting Matter is Certain—Some Hints on Ice Supply.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Streams, ponds, irrigation ditches and small open reservoirs are unsatisfactory and unsafe sources of farm water supply. The subject is considered in Farmers' Bulletin 941, "Water Systems for Farm Homes," recently issued by the United States department of agriculture.

The temperature of such water seldom is satisfactory, and the presence of more or less polluting matter is certain. Often the residues of farm animals are found therein. In thousands of cases the domestic supply is taken directly from irrigation ditches. In other instances a cistern, often without a filter, is filled at such times as the ditch water runs clearest. Often open reservoirs are necessary to collect and store rainfall for the use of stock, and occasionally they are used as sources of domestic water and ice supplies.

Under favorable conditions, where the basin is large and deep (10 feet or more), the bottom free of mud, muck, or other organic matter, the surroundings clean, and the circulation good, the quality of surface water may improve by long storage. However, these conditions are seldom realized on the farm, and the amount of improvement or purification is never certain.

The only safe course is to avoid drinking water from any surface source unless such water has been purified by filtration or sterilized by boiling or by chemicals. Prudence dictates, also, that ice gathered from shallow, unclean sources should not be brought in contact with food and drinking water. It is particularly important to reject snow ice and the first melt, or so of clear ice formed.—From Farmers' Bulletin 941, Office of Public Roads.

DO NOT OVERCROWD STOCK IN SHIPPING

Attempt to Save Freight Often Causes Heavy Losses.

Load in Well-Bedded Cars and Do Not Overload—Little Extra Care Will Insure Shipper Against Loss of Animals.

"Don't try to save on your freight bill by overcrowding your live stock in shipping," says P. K. Herowen of the Colorado agricultural college. "One shipper overcrowded some of his stockers, and when his consignment reached the Denver market, seven head had been trampled to death, causing him a loss of at least \$300." "Load your live stock in well-bedded cars, and do not overload, or underload, as one is as bad as the other. Put in only enough animals to make the car snug, so that the animals won't be thrown around or have room to lie down in transit."

"A little extra care in the shipping of live stock will mean money to the shipper, for it will insure him against loss, and the stock will arrive in fresher condition for market."

Preparing Garden Soil.

In preparing the garden soil in winter or very early spring arrangements should be made in many instances to apply acid phosphate or ground rock phosphate to supplement the manure.

Care of Rhubarb.

Rhubarb needs the sunny exposure and should not be allowed to be too crowded.

Spread of Canada Thistles.

Canada thistles spread both by seed and by underground root stalks.

PRICES NOT CUT BY LARGER PRODUCTION

Interesting Figures Given by Bureau of Crop Estimates.

Abnormal Conditions Created by War and Other Causes Have Imposed Special Relationship of Prices and Value.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

It is often said that when the farmer has a bumper crop the price is so low that the total value of the crop is below that of a usual crop, but the abnormal conditions created by the war and other causes have imposed a special relationship of crop prices and total value to the production of 1918 in comparison with 1917.

In the estimates of the bureau of crop estimates it appears that larger production has been followed by lower prices and lower total value only for barley, cabbage, onions, and broom corn, while larger production has been followed by higher price and hence by higher total value for wheat, buckwheat, flaxseed, rice, sweet potatoes, tobacco, apples, oranges, and cranberries.

As is often the fact, lower production is associated with higher price and higher total value for oats, hay, sugar beets, peaches, and sorghum raised for sirup, but exceptions to this relationship are found in potatoes and hops, both of which had lower production and lower price.

Rye, cotton, the kafirs and pennuts, had a higher production in 1918 than in 1917 and a lower price, but not low enough to prevent a higher total crop value; whereas these conditions were reversed for corn and beans, both of which had smaller crops and higher prices, but not high enough to prevent a lower total crop value.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Do not forget Swiss chard in ordering seeds for greens.

The pasture land need not be land suitable for nothing else.

Good corn in the ear runs about 2 1/2 cubic feet to the bushel.

The fight against the bugs of the orchard and garden must never stop.

The supply of red clover seed in the United States is short again this year.

An increasing number of gardeners are using greenhouses for starting early plants.

This is a good time of year to do garden planning and get the seed list ready to order.

Soils are easily tested for acidity by means of blue litmus paper. Lime sweetens sour soils.

These are mighty good days to repair harness and machinery against the busy days of spring.

Chicory may be bleached in a cellar or under a greenhouse bench to advantage. It is good for salads.

This is a good time to clean garden tools, repair botched sash, and do other odd jobs preparatory to spring.

When sowing seed of early vegetables in flats in the hotbed, it is a decided advantage to cover the manure with soil.

Buckwheat should be sown later than corn and the small grains. It is therefore an excellent crop for "filling in" where other crops fail.

The farmer who has kept an accurate record of his money transactions during the past year will not have much trouble in making up his income tax statement.



duce \$1 in milk has given way to the modern barn, equipped with labor-saving devices—devices that promote greater milk production. Scarcity of labor makes such a barn a requirement for the profitable conduct of the farming industry.

That his own prosperity depends on the prosperity of labor, not the labor of his own community, but on the labor of the country, probably has not occurred to the average farmer. To bring this fact home, let us consider the broad subject of labor and its employment.

War Work Brought Prosperity. During the four or five years previous to November 11 when the armistice was signed, bringing to a halt all of those industries that had been employed in furnishing war materials, labor had been 100 per cent employed. Wages were the highest known to this country, or any other country, for that matter. The wage earners were prosperous and that prosperity was reflected in every other branch of our commercial, industrial and agricultural activity.

Prices of food were high, the highest known since the Civil war. Farmers were getting 200 and 300 per cent more for their crops, live stock and dairy products than they had received

barn penetrating the cow stable, a feature of barn construction demanded by the laws of some of the states.

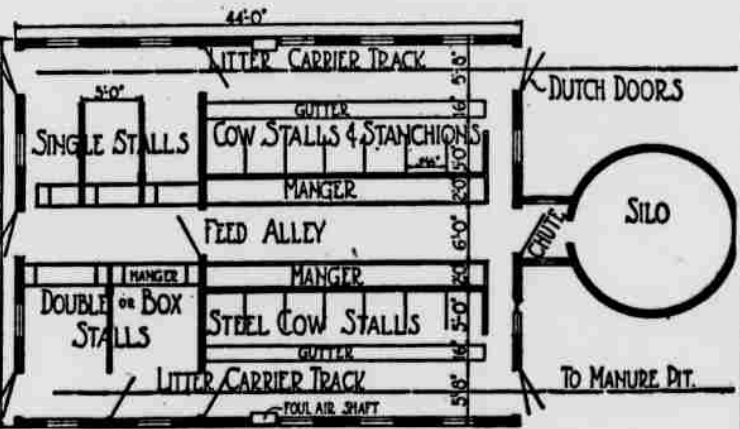
Three single and two double or box stalls are provided in the horse barn. Stalls for 12 cows are provided in the cattle barn.

The floor of the barn is concrete, the feed alley being through the center. The litter alleys are along the side walls. The feed alley runs through the building and is connected at the rear with the silo by a covered chute which provides a feed room. Over each of the litter alleys is a carrier track, so that the manure may be transported out of the building to the pits on either side of the silo, where the winter feed of the cows is stored.

The hay mow on the second floor is connected with the horse barn by a trap door, near the door that divides the horse and cow sections of the barn. Hay for both animals is thrown down and is convenient to the managers of both.

Ventilation is Provided. The barn is of wooden construction, with gambrel roofs and a system of ventilation, without which the modern barn is not complete, is also provided.

This is a general farm barn of small size, comparatively, and is one that will make a desirable addition to the



Ground Floor Plan of Horse and Cow Barn.

buildings on a farm of the size mentioned, or will be an efficient substitute for the old barn.

There has been a considerable reduction recently in the cost of building materials. The cost of such a barn can easily be ascertained from the local building contractor or lumber dealer.

"Build a building!" It is a patriotic duty to employ the labor and it will help keep the country and every one in it prosperous.

Animal's Strong Instinct. Some animals are remarkable, indeed, for the wonderful development of love and devotion they possess and show toward men. They are so acute in the sense of their affections that they seem to perceive the feelings of their master in advance of his expressions. Masters of dumb animals have often been heard to declare that their animals were quicker to detect in them a spirit of anger than were their fellow men.

February 1—it was estimated that there were 10,000,000 persons, men and women, out of employment in the United States. From being earners of large wages and capable of buying food at high prices, they suddenly

NEW MEXICO STATE RECORD

FRANK STAPLIN, EDITOR

Published Every Friday at Santa Fe, the State Capital by the STATE PUBLISHING COMPANY

Entered as second-class matter at the post office at Santa Fe, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1929.

Subscription \$1.50 per year

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1919

THE NEW DEMOCRATIC PAPER

The Weekly Democrat which has been heralded as the forerunner of a new daily to be published at Albuquerque, and to be the official organ of the Democratic organization, made its initial bow this week.

In starts off with a neat appearance, considerable bulk which evidences a fair advertising patronage, and a very mild and cautious exposition of Democratic principles and purposes, apparently not intending to be too definite in its declarations on any subject for fear of a change of Democratic position that might afterward be embarrassing.

It was supposed by outsiders that the new paper would touch out as a moult of public opinion and an aggressive advocate of its party, but the first issue displays such antipathies and demagogues as far as one issue could that it will follow the wide policy of being the advocate only of such things as have been previously decided by the leaders.

It will probably meet with the hearty approval and receive the generous support of all the Democratic public men of the state.

The newspaper men of the state are to be congratulated on the fact that the new paper is to be published at Albuquerque, and to be the official organ of the Democratic organization.

No greater commendation of the policy of the state land office of New Mexico could be conferred than the fact that the Arizona legislature after seven years of failure and slight revenue from the management of its state lands has adopted by law the essentials of the New Mexico system. Up to this time Arizona has sought to lease and sell its lands in such small tracts that they were worthless to live stock growers, the only people to whom the land is valuable, and has therefore derived no benefit whatever, financially, from the state, or constructively in the promotion of settlement and increase of industry. They now go on a lease and sale system that permits the acquisition of sufficient acreage to enable the animal grower to develop his business and increase his production.

duction—the system which has worked wonders in the development of New Mexico and which is now bringing fifteen hundred thousand dollars annually into our state treasury exclusive of taxes on either land or live stock.

THE SOLDIERS' MEMORIAL Hon. R. L. Baca, one of Santa Fe county's representatives, delivered one of the most comprehensive and instructive speeches of the session Wednesday evening in support of his bill for a memorial hall in honor and memory of the brave boys of New Mexico who made the supreme sacrifice in the great war.

His splendid management and advocacy of the measure resulted in its passage that evening by a substantial majority. The measure was also defended at length by Hon. Lidoro Armijo of Dona Ana county and supported by many other members who believe that the Spanish State can not be too generous in its appreciation of the services of our boys at the front.

The Clarendon has moved from Clarendon to Alamogordo, changed its name to "Alamogordo" and promises to improve its service to the public. It will be run on a new basis, and will be improved from week to week. It is a fine paper, and its new management will be a credit to the city.

The first political convention held in the state since the death of Governor Laramie was held at Santa Fe, N. M., on March 2nd and 3rd. It was held in the afternoon of the 2nd and continued until the 3rd. It was held in the afternoon of the 2nd and continued until the 3rd.

FRENCH CROW RESTIVE AS WILSON DELAYS PEACE The French press, like the English, appears to feel a growing alarm over the seeming impotency of the peace conference to flow any concrete results of their three month's labors. A rebirth of the German menace is seen in the prolonged inaction. France is the nation most deeply concerned and the papers of the French capital exhibit an increasing anxiety over the situation. Even the Socialists are demanding some affirmative action that will relieve the tension, and restore the confidence of the people that the war is really over, and the German danger removed permanently. The

Socialist paper "L'Ouvre", heretofore a strong supporter of Mr. Wilson, is outspoken in condemnation of the continued neglect by the peace conference to settle effectually the Germans. "There is but one remedy," says that journal, "for the discredit into which the peace conference has fallen, and the confusion into which it has led us, and that is to act promptly and courageously, as should have been done from the beginning and as we have never ceased to demand."

"It should leave for a later day the study of the Slav, Arab, Chinese and Papua problems, and SHOULD TAKE UP AT ONCE, CLEARLY AND PUBLICLY, THE CASE OF GERMANY. Before remarking the map of the world let us draw the line of our frontiers. Before bettering the state of the negroes and Tartars let us give back normal life to the French, English, Belgians, and Italians, after which the diplomats may quibble at their ease."

Sound logic, that, and of a kind that will not fail to find a ready and sympathetic response in the United States. Our boundaries are not involved, but it is not difficult to understand the state of mind of the French whose entire northeastern frontier remains undetermined, and whose army in the field with those of her allies are the only means of protection against a further invasion of the Hun hordes. Yet with this increasingly arduous necessity confronting them the people of France are compelled to sit quietly by and watch the so-called peace conference meditate over the future social and economic status of the Balkan states, the form of government for great masses of African jungle inhabited largely by primitive negroes, and the future of the Red Sea area to be allowed "self-determination" in the formation of a separate and independent state.

Little wonder that the long-suffering French are growing impatient of the wanderings of the peace conference in the Utopian realms of a world-wide peace, and are ready to see their country and the rest of the world made secure against the menace that lies just across their borders before the negotiators of the peace conference have time to meditate on the future of the world.

The Clarendon has moved from Clarendon to Alamogordo, changed its name to "Alamogordo" and promises to improve its service to the public. It will be run on a new basis, and will be improved from week to week. It is a fine paper, and its new management will be a credit to the city.

The first political convention held in the state since the death of Governor Laramie was held at Santa Fe, N. M., on March 2nd and 3rd. It was held in the afternoon of the 2nd and continued until the 3rd. It was held in the afternoon of the 2nd and continued until the 3rd.

FRENCH CROW RESTIVE AS WILSON DELAYS PEACE The French press, like the English, appears to feel a growing alarm over the seeming impotency of the peace conference to flow any concrete results of their three month's labors. A rebirth of the German menace is seen in the prolonged inaction. France is the nation most deeply concerned and the papers of the French capital exhibit an increasing anxiety over the situation. Even the Socialists are demanding some affirmative action that will relieve the tension, and restore the confidence of the people that the war is really over, and the German danger removed permanently. The

NEW MEXICO NEWS REVIEW

(Continued from page one) From many sections in the state word comes of the same disease prevailing but so far as we have been able to learn the cases are very mild, no fatalities being reported.

Much new land is being grubbed this season at Malaga; Plowman and Williams 200 A., Beeman 80A., Moore 20 A., Hatfield 40 A., Pardue 80 A., and Gerlack 15 A.

GRANT

Have Fine Attendance The Silver City Public School has an enviable record for the month of January of this year with figures of attendance and enrollment that are interesting as well as showing just what way the tax payer is spending his money.

The total enrollment of the school for the year up to date from the opening of school in August 1918 is 600. The total attendance for the month of January, 1919, 510. The per cent of attendance, 82. This is perhaps the best record that has been made in the public school for many years, and when the census was taken and the returns made to the State Department of Education there was no "dead wood" reported and the above numbers are actual pupils attending the school and on the books of the school. With the new staff, coming from the service of "fin" and various other childhood diseases beginning to spread, the Public School seems to have a charm thrown around the homes of the children as there is little sickness among the many hundreds and day to day, the school seems to be the standard and the model of the town. The school is being held on that in spite of the low enrollment in the fall the school will be far behind in the work required in the course of study of the first semester.

The Little Wrench Mr. W. C. Wrench, of the Little Wrench, has been in the city for some time. He is a very interesting man, and has been in the city for some time. He is a very interesting man, and has been in the city for some time.

Alamo Real Estate Moving In addition to the sale of the Alamo real estate last week a number of other sales are reported, and there seem to be a number in prospect. The real estate market is very active, and there is a number in prospect.

Hotel Property Sold to A. M. Horn The Alamogordo hotel property was last week sold by the Alamogordo real estate company to A. M. Horn, a well known contractor of the Alamogordo and the Alamogordo has been more or less engaged in contract work in Otero county, having built the new high school at that place.

Will Serve Two Years in Pen George Legg, the man who deposited \$1.00 in one dollar bills in the Alamogordo banks several weeks ago which he had stolen from another bank, was sentenced at El Paso on Monday to serve two years in the Texas penitentiary. Legg confessed to the officers at his trial last week. The story that he told and which was corroborated by others, was that he received a tip from a hotel woman that a certain suit case contained a large volume of bills. Legg sneaked the bills from the valise.

Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

DR. BARAKAT SPECIALIST EYE EAR NOSE AND THROAT Just returned from Chicago NEW MEDICAL TREATMENT Improved Cataract Operation PERFECT FITTING OF GLASSES Laughlin Block Santa Fe

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

years. President M. U. Finley of the Company, has visited Duncan, Hope and Penasco during the past week, and says that grass is coming nicely, there being need of but very little feeding.—Carrizozo Outlook.

Lincoln County Booster Phil H. Blanchard, of the Gallo-Macho Sheep Co., near Roswell passed through here on his way to El Paso. Mr. Blanchard says that prospects are bright for good ranges in the coming spring and as the snow disappears the nipping is found to be fairly good even at this time. He expresses himself as being opposed to any proposed change in the present county lines, as such an act would be in his estimation, detrimental to the interests of Lincoln County. Thanks, Mr. Blanchard!—Carrizozo Outlook.

MORA

A telegram advises that the illness of the mother Superior, prevented the coming of the Sisters to the new Catholic School, which Roswell installed in the house and the weather moderates.—Roy Spanish-American.

Mrs. E. T. Richardson, her son Cale and her daughter, Mrs. Ben Strandberg, have arrived here from Portland, Oregon, to remain here. They will live on Mrs. Richardson's farm four miles east of Mills.—Mills Developer.

60 cars of "Dogy" cattle from Old Mexico went through Roy on the train Monday. There were almost many different brands represented as there were cars in the train.—Roy Spanish-American.

Fred Brown has erected his wash supply tank at his new residence and coupled the pump from his deep well to it. This about completes the appointment of a very modern town home which they are preparing to enjoy this summer.—Roy Spanish-American.

OTERO

Alamo Real Estate Moving In addition to the sale of the Alamo real estate last week a number of other sales are reported, and there seem to be a number in prospect. The real estate market is very active, and there is a number in prospect.

Hotel Property Sold to A. M. Horn The Alamogordo hotel property was last week sold by the Alamogordo real estate company to A. M. Horn, a well known contractor of the Alamogordo and the Alamogordo has been more or less engaged in contract work in Otero county, having built the new high school at that place.

Will Serve Two Years in Pen George Legg, the man who deposited \$1.00 in one dollar bills in the Alamogordo banks several weeks ago which he had stolen from another bank, was sentenced at El Paso on Monday to serve two years in the Texas penitentiary. Legg confessed to the officers at his trial last week. The story that he told and which was corroborated by others, was that he received a tip from a hotel woman that a certain suit case contained a large volume of bills. Legg sneaked the bills from the valise.

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

Lincoln Activity in Stock Sales Five carloads of five Stock Commission Company's books for the present month show that they have sold 10,000 head of sheep; bought 1,000 head of Black Ranch Steers, 12,000 head of steers of Jernigan & Son of Hope, and 450 steers from other parties. This Company aside from their regular business, keep themselves informed on conditions of the range in the different portions of the state, and find that the outlook for good feeding in the coming spring has not been so good for the past four

The owner of the suitcase was a man who had robbed the American Railway Express Co. of \$5,000 down in Louisiana, and was under cover in El Paso.—Alamogordo News.

QUAY

Buy Registered Hereford Hugo H. Loewenstern and family returned last week from their visit to Lincolnville, Iowa. They stopped off at Hutchinson, Kans., on their way home and visited at the home of Ed. U. Engler. Hugo bought several head of Registered Hereford bulls at the big Hutchinson sale.—Nara Visa News.

J. H. Wamach, of the Texas Panhandle, has rented the M. L. Johnson farm west of town, and unloaded a car of goods last week. M. L. says he used to farm and live alone but is not going to do it any more.—Nara Visa News.

Oil Excitement The oil fever has struck Tucumcari and other Quay county towns. Parties are arranging to begin drilling for oil before the first of May if a certain block of land within 12 miles of that city can be leased. Eastern parties are looking the field over in the Rans district, and if satisfactory arrangements can be made they will furnish the money to sink the first well.

Farmers Plow Extensively Agriculturally conditions have improved through the rain, and snow melting this section of late, the snow of Monday was of considerable benefit, though drifted to some extent. Farmers have performed plowing extensively, the ground being favorable for planting. The only hindrance, it would seem, for a successful season, the wind and drifting sand, vitiation of both somewhat detrimental of late.—Genio Tribune.

H. T. McGee and family have moved here from Texas. Mr. McGee represents large oil interests who propose to start drilling for oil as soon as a certain block of land is leased.—Tucumcari News.

Fire Damages School House The school house building caught fire last week and when it was discovered a large place in the floor of the intermediate room had been burned and the flames were rapidly gaining headway, however the alarm was given and by heroic fighting the fire was extinguished before a great deal of damage was done. It is supposed that the fire started from coals that fell from the ash box of the stove which had been left open.—Kenna Record.

ROOSEVELT

School Work Progressing Supt. Bennett visited school last week, spending an entire afternoon at the school house. He seems very much pleased with the way school work is progressing. He brought eighty splendid books for the library making with previous donations about 100 books in all. He also brought a beautiful flag for the school.—Kenna Record.

Quite a number have put out fruit trees here this spring, and there would have been many more if the windy weather had not set in. Even as it is we have sold twelve orders ranging from \$2.00 to \$25.00 and many more have bought elsewhere.—El Paso Messenger.

Will Drain Entire Tract C. L. Tallmadge owner of the Elmendorf tract in southern Socorro county, announces that he and his associates have bought for immediate delivery a complete equipment of drainage construction machinery, including tractors, drag lines and ditching machine equipment and that the work of draining the entire tract at Elmendorf will be under way within thirty days.—Socorro Chief-tain.

Lieut. Hilton Back Lieut. C. N. Hilton, for more than a year with the A. E. F. in France, arrived last week at his Socorro home from an eastern camp, where he received his discharge from the army. He returns to assume charge of the affairs of his father, the late A.

SAN MIGUEL

Sheriff Romero Makes Capture After an almost all night search, Sheriff Romero landed two alleged cattle thieves at a very early hour this morning when he placed in jail Pedro Romero and Antonio Ortiz, both of whom live in the vicinity of Romerville.

Jesus Maria Gonzales late yesterday reported to Sheriff Romero that he had lost a cow, and he was inclined to believe that it had been butchered by some one of his neighbors. The sheriff immediately went to Romerville, and after an almost all night effort located the beef and the mutilated hide. He took Romero and Ortiz into custody, and after applying something like the third degree, Pedro Romero confessed, the sheriff says.

Ortiz is not unknown to the cattle stealing game, as Sheriff Romero during his administration as sheriff several years ago, escorted Ortiz to the penitentiary, where he served a term for stealing cattle. Both were bound over to the grand jury, Romero's bond being \$1,000 and Ortiz's \$1,500.—Las Vegas Optic.

The uniforms of the Old Town band have been ordered. They will cost over \$500 and the people of Las Vegas will have reason to be proud of them. The band boys themselves donated \$150 toward the purchase. Las Vegas Optic.

SIERRA

Instantly Killed A most deplorable accident occurred recently at Lake Valley when Fred Luna, of this place, was instantly killed by the overturning of the truck he was driving. Deceased was in the employ of H. L. Bond and was hauling ore from this place to the railroad.

The remains were brought to Hillsboro and interred in the local cemetery. He leaves a wife and three children.—Hillboro Advocate.

SOCORRO

Canning Factory for Socorro Money is being raised to finance a canning factory in Socorro. The Illinois brewery is under consideration and the company may decide to purchase the plant and include the cold storage, artificial ice and bottling machine in connection with the canning, thus keeping the plant in operation during the entire year. Detailed arrangements have been made for the planting of at least two hundred acres of valley land to tomatoes, and an additional tract of nearly three hundred acres to other products, such as peas, beans, corn, pumpkins, squash, etc.

The Chamber of Commerce have endorsed the proposition, and have recommended the co-operation and investment by the people of that county. J. B. Reynolds, Jr., district manager for the Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Co., has been chosen president of the company; Geo. C. Taylor of Albuquerque, vice-president; Homer P. Powers of Socorro, secretary; Mayor William J. Eaton of Socorro, treasurer; W. G. Hammel, manager.

Will Drain Entire Tract C. L. Tallmadge owner of the Elmendorf tract in southern Socorro county, announces that he and his associates have bought for immediate delivery a complete equipment of drainage construction machinery, including tractors, drag lines and ditching machine equipment and that the work of draining the entire tract at Elmendorf will be under way within thirty days.—Socorro Chief-tain.

Lieut. Hilton Back Lieut. C. N. Hilton, for more than a year with the A. E. F. in France, arrived last week at his Socorro home from an eastern camp, where he received his discharge from the army. He returns to assume charge of the affairs of his father, the late A.

What the Public Should Know About the Packing Industry

THE business of collecting, preparing and distributing foods so relates to the daily life of all that it has close, personal interest for everybody. Sensation seekers have long realized this and capitalized on it. An attack on the packers could always be relied upon either to draw notice to its instigator or divert too close investigation of some other question.

Possibly we are partially to blame for the lack of understanding which exists in regard to our business. In the past, knowing that attacks upon us have been based on theories of half-truths, adroitly handled innuendos and misinformation, we may have forgotten that the public were not in full possession of the true facts.

Armour and Company have always courted proper inquiry into methods and operations. And, in the past few years, because of so many ex parte hearings, we have voluntarily put our case before the public through publication advertising. We have met the misleading headlines through which people get impressions, headlines frequently controverted by the text matter under them.

Confident that fair-minded people will respond to complete knowledge, we seek better understanding with them. Through newspapers, booklets, moving pictures of our processes and other similar methods, we are explaining the place

ARMOUR AND COMPANY CHICAGO

Armour and Company occupy in the world of human needs and the manner in which they fulfill their function. We are putting our case squarely up to all parties who are interested—to producer, merchant, consumer and labor—and that each may realize how our obligations to him must combine with our responsibilities to the other involved, we let all know the entire story as we tell it to the rest. We tell consumers what we say to the producers—producers what we say to consumers.

When all is said, however, the size of any business dealing competitively in staples must remain the best evidence of its economic soundness. If our methods were not sound, Armour and Company could not have attained size in proportion to national needs.

Bearing this thought in mind, you will readily appreciate that your own self-interest and your right to fullest value for your money both urge that you always ask your dealer for Armour Products.

DR. BARAKAT SPECIALIST EYE EAR NOSE AND THROAT Just returned from Chicago NEW MEDICAL TREATMENT Improved Cataract Operation PERFECT FITTING OF GLASSES Laughlin Block Santa Fe

PRINCE ALBERT PLAY the smokegame with a jimmy pipe if you're hankering for a hand-out for what ails your smokeappettel For, with Prince Albert, you've got a new listen on the pipe question that cuts you loose from old stung tongue and dry throat worries! Made by our exclusive patented process, Prince Albert is scoofree from bite and parch and hands you about the biggest lot of smokefun that ever was scheduled in your direction! Prince Albert is a pipin' of a pipe-pal; rolled into a cigarette it beats the band! Get the slant that P. A. is simply everything any man ever longed for in tobacco! You never will be willing to figure up the sport you've slipped-on once you get that Prince Albert quality flavor and quality satisfaction into your smoke-system! You'll talk kind words every time you get on the firing line! Tuggy red band, tidy red tin, handsome pound and half-pound tin hand-dor—and—tast' classy, practical sound crystal glass humidifier with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in optimal condition. R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

NEW MEXICO

NEWS REVIEW

H. Hilton, with whom he was associated in business previous to his enlistment almost two years ago...

TORRANCE

The Spencer Mining Company of Mountainair has been bringing ore from their claims west of town for shipment to the smelter.

Oscar Pollard of Silverton is still hauling cactus from the foothills. Verily New Mexico is a wonderful place—the much hated tumble weed makes the finest of cow and horse feed...

J. W. Slack has quit his place as superintendent of bridges and buildings on the N. M. C., and the place is being filled by W. N. Walpole.

A. Z. Proctor of Moriarty was attending to business in Estancia last Friday. He says his cattle are doing well—he has lost but one old cow...

Mr. and Mrs. McClintock came up the first of the week from their stand below School to visit their daughter, Mrs. Matt Frellinger.

UNION

For Better Health And Morals

Prominent citizens of Clayton last week organized for the purpose of carrying on health work in that community. After ample discussion a committee of Public Health and Morals was appointed...

I. O. O. F. Increased By 24 The I. O. O. F.'s of Clayton last Tuesday night received thirty-four new members, making the Clayton Union Encampment the largest in the state...

Returns To Union County Mrs. Lucinda E. Hill who has been in Kansas City for the last three years and formerly lived at Sedan, returned to her old home town...

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE SCOTTISH UNION & NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

DEMOCRATS IN U. S. SENATE EXPOSE SECRETARY BAKER

(Continued from page one.) was on the boy's body; and the first notice the father had of that boy's death was on the blackboard in the Sunday School at a church that he attended...

That is only one case. There are hundreds of them. I presume every Senator gets letters about them. I could read into the Record here stories that would make any officer of the American people bleed, due largely to inefficient methods.

Injustice Of Military Courts Passing that, I come to another thing, Mr. President, not so much in the way of criticism, as by way of suggestion...

Except for land selected for the Santa Fe and Grant County Railroad Bond Fund, the successful bidder must pay to the Commissioner of Public Lands...

NEW MEXICO STATE LAND SALES

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE CHAVES COUNTY

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE LEA COUNTY

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE MORA COUNTY

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE SANDOVAL COUNTY

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

NEW MEXICO Cattle and Horse Growers' Association

Membership 1915, 1st year, 17 Men Owing about 16,000 Cattle Membership 1919, 4th year, 500 Men Owing 400,000 Cattle

This Association has grown BECAUSE It Gets Cash Results for Member

Attend the 4th Annual Convention At Albuquerque March 25--26--27 You Be There



Your Nose Knows

All smoking tobaccos use some flavoring. The Encyclopaedia Britannica says about the manufacture of smoking tobacco...

Tuxedo uses chocolate—the purest, most wholesome and delicious of all flavorings! Everybody likes chocolate—we all know that chocolate added to anything as a flavoring always makes that thing still more enjoyable.

Your Nose Knows

Try This Test: Rub a little Tuxedo brisky in the palm of your hand to bring out its full aroma. Then smell it deep—its delicious, pure fragrance will convince you.



HISTORICAL SOCIETY HAS MEETING WITH LEGISLATURE

A public meeting of the New Mexico historical society was called at the house of representatives chamber for Thursday evening of this week.

University PK. POULTRY RANCH Hatched and hatching eggs. To every thinking breeder, the wonderful brood stock of thoroughbred, heavy laying single-combs...

NOTICE OF SUIT IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO WITHIN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA FE.

Edith Larson, Plaintiff, vs. Louis Larson, Defendant.

NOTICE OF SUIT IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO WITHIN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA FE.

Edith Larson, Plaintiff, vs. Louis Larson, Defendant.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE DE BACA COUNTY

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE EDDY COUNTY

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

STATE OF NEW MEXICO NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION PUBLIC LAND SALE

Office of the Commissioner of Public Lands, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress...

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of Congress, approved June 20th, 1910, the laws of the State of New Mexico...

No bid on the above described tracts of land will be accepted for less than FIVE DOLLARS (\$5.00) per acre...

INJECTION BROU THE LOGICAL TREATMENT DIRECT-QUICK-EFFECTIVE FOR THE MOST OBSTINATE CASES Sold By Druggists.

When the Colorado
Burst Its Banks and
Flooded the Imperial
Valley of California

The RIVER

By
Ednah Aiken

Copyright, Bobb Merrill Company

When Man and Nature Clashed.

It was but a short time ago that the whole nation was thrilled by news of a mighty struggle in which man's ingenuity and strength were pitted against the seemingly irresistible forces of nature. The Great Yellow Dragon, as the Indians termed the tricky Colorado river, for many years had defied all efforts to control it. Finally it threatened to overwhelm the rich Imperial valley of southern California. In a last desperate battle, man triumphed. The raging waters were curbed. The valley was saved. Ednah Aiken, a daughter of the West, realized that a wonderful story could be woven about this thrilling chapter of western history, and this is the story that she has given to the world in "The River." It is a story of the out-of-doors, a story of strong men who fought their own differences in the battle for their lives and property, a story of women who place love and loyalty above comfort and convenience, and of other women who, in the smallness of their souls, fail to meet the test. It is a story that you will enjoy from start to finish.—Editor's Note.

CHAPTER I.

Marshall Sends for Rickard.

The large round clock was striking nine as "Assy" Rickard's dancing step carried him into the outer office of Tom Marshall. The ushering clerk, cool and unflinching in expectation of the third hot spring day, made a critical appraisal of the engineer's get-up before he spoke. Then he stated that Mr. Marshall had not yet come.

For a London tie and a white silk shirt belted into white serge trousers were smart for Tucson. The clerks in the employ of the Overland Pacific and of the Sonora and Yaqui railroads had stared at Rickard as he entered; they followed his progress through the room. He was a newcomer in Tucson. He had not yet acquired the apathetic habits of its citizens. He wore belts, instead of suspenders. His white trousers, duck or serge, carried a newly pressed crease each morning.

The office had not reached a verdict on the subject of K. C. Rickard. The shirt-sleeved, collared clerks would have been quick to dub him a dandy were it not for a piece of his history that was puzzling them. He had held a chair of engineering in some eastern city. He had resigned, the wind-tossed page said, to go on the road as a freeman. His rapid promotion had been spectacular; the last move, a few years ago, to fill an outer position in Tucson. The summons had found him on the west coast of Mexico, where the Overland Pacific was pushing its tracks.

"You can wait here," suggested the clerk, looking covertly at the shoes of the man who a few years before had been shoveling coal on a Wyoming engine. "Mr. Marshall said to wait."

"Ribbons, instead of shoe laces" carried the human machine that must ever write letters which other men sign. "And a blue pin to match his tie. I call that going some."

It would never have occurred to Rickard, had he thought about it at all that morning as he knotted his tie of dark, brilliant blue silk, that the selection of his lapel pin was a choice; it was an inevitable result, an instinctive discretion of his fingers. It warped, however, the suspended judgment of Marshall's men, who had never seen him shoveling coal, disfigured by a denim jumper. They did not know that they themselves were shovels, ruined by the climate that dulls vanity and wills collars.

"Give him a year to change some of his fine habits!" wagged Smythe, the stoop-shouldered clerk, as the door of the inner office closed.

"To change his habits less?" amended the office wit. And then they fell to speculating what Marshall was going to do with him. What pawn was he in the game that everyone in Tucson followed with eager self-interested concern? Marshall's was the controlling hand in Arizona politics; the maker of governors, the arbiter of big corporations; president of a half-dozen railroads. Not a move of his on the board that escaped notice.

On the other side of the door Rickard was solving the office question. This play job, where did it lead to? He had liked his work, under Stratton. There had been some pretty problems to meet—what did Marshall mean to do with him?

The note had set the appointment for nine. Rickard glanced at his watch and took out his Engineering Review. It would be ten before that door opened on Tom Marshall.

He knew that, on the road, Marshall's work began at dawn. "A man must break from overwork or rust from underwork if he follows the example of the sun," Rickard had often heard him expound his favorite theory. "It is only the players, the spectators, who can afford to pervert the arrangement nature intended for us." But in Tucson, controlled by the wily solitude of his Claudia, he was coerced into a regular perversion. His office never saw him until the morning was well gone.

A half-hour later Rickard finished reading a report on the diversion of a great western river. The name of Thomas Hardin had sent him off on a tangent of memory. The Thomas Hardin whose efforts to bring water to the desert of the Colorado had been so spectacularly unsuccessful was the Tom Hardin he had known? The sister had told him so, the girl with the odd bronze eyes; opal matrix they were, with glints of gold, or was it green? She herself was as unlike the raw boor of his memory as a mountain fly is like the coarse rook of its background. Even a half-sister to Hardin, as Marshall, their host at dinner the week before, had explained it—no, even that had not explained it. That any of the Hardin blood should be shared by the veins of that girl, why it was incredible! The name "Hardin" suggested crudity, loud-mouthed bragging; conceit. He could understand the failure of the river worker since the sister had assured

him that it was the same Tom Hardin who had gone to college at Lawrence; had married Gerty Holmes, queer business, life, that he should cross, even so remotely, their orbits again. That was a chapter he liked to skip.

He walked over to the windows, shaded by bright awnings, and looked down on the city where the next few years of his life might be caught. Comforting to reflect that an engineer is like a soldier, never can be certain about tomorrow. Time enough to know that tomorrow meant Tucson! What was that throbbed grove in the Overland Pacific that Tom Marshall always keeps his men until they lose their teeth? That defined the men who made themselves necessary!

His eyes were resting on the banalities of the modern city that had robbed "old town" of its flavor. Were it not for the beauty of the distant hills, the jar and rattle of the trains whose roar called to nearby pleasure cities, twinkling lights and crowded theaters, stretches of parks and recreation grounds, he, who loved the thrill and confinement of an engine, who had found excitement in a desert, a chapter of adventure in the barrens of Mexico, would stifle in Tucson! American progress was as yet too thin a veneer on Mexican indifference to make the place endurable—as a city.

"I'm good for a lifetime here, if I want it," his thoughts would work back to the starting place. "If I knuckle down to it, let him grow to

depend on me, it's as good as settled that I am buried in Tucson." Hadn't he heard Marshall himself say that he "didn't keep a kindergarten—that his office wasn't a training school for men?" He wanted his men to stay! That, one of the reasons of the great man's power; detail rested on the shoulders of his employees. It kept his own brain clear, receptive to big achievements.

"Perhaps as the work unrolls, as I see more of what he wants of me, why he wants me. I may like it, I may get to shout for Tucson!" It was impossible enough to smile over! Child's work, compared to Mexico.

The distinction of serving Marshall well certainly had its drawbacks. He wanted to sweep on. Whether he had a definite terminal, a concrete goal, had he ever stopped to think? Specialization had always a fascination for him. It was that which had drawn him out of his instructorship into the frolic of a western engine. It had governed his course at college; to know one thing well, and then to prove that he knew it well! Contented in the Mexican barracks, here he was chafing, restive, after a few weeks of Tucson. For what was he getting here? Adding what scrap of experience to the rounding of his profession?

Retrospectively engineering could hardly be said to be the work of his choice. Rather had it appeared to choose him. From boyhood engineers had always been, to him, the soldiers of modern civilization. To conquer and subdue mountains, to shackle wild rivers, to suspend trestles over dizzy heights, to throw the tracks of an advancing civilization along a newly blasted trail, there would always be a thrill in it for him. It had changed the best quarter-back of his high school into the primmest of students at college. Only for a short time had he let his vanity sidetrack him, when the honor of teaching what he had learned stopped his own progress. A rut! He remembered the day when it had burst on him, the realization of the rut he was in. He could see his Lawrence schoolroom, could see yet the face under the red-haired mop belonging to Jerry Matson—queer he remembered the name after all those years! He could picture the look of consternation when he threw down his book and announced his desertion.

He had handed in his resignation

the next day. A month later and he was shoveling coal on the steep grades of Wyoming.

"Marshall keeps his men with him!" The engineer's glance traveled around the reckless office. A stranger to Marshall would get a wrong idea of the man who worked in it! Those precise files, the desk, orderly and polished, the gleaming linoleum—and then the man who made the negro janitor's life a proud burden! His clothes always crumpled—spots, too, unless his Claudia had had a chance at them! Black string tie askew, all the outward visible signs of the southern gentleman of assured ancestry. Not even a valet would ever keep Tom Marshall up to the standard of that office. What did he have servants for, he had demanded of Rickard, if it were not to jump after him, picking up the loose ends he dropped?

"Curious thing, magnetism. That man's step on the stair, and every man-jack of them would jump to attention, from Ben, the colored janitor, who would not swap his post for a si-cure so long as Tod Marshall's one lung kept him in Arizona, to Smythe, the stoop-shouldered clerk, who had followed Marshall's cough from San Francisco. It was said in Arizona—he himself had met the statement in Tucson—that any man who had ever worked for Tod Marshall would rather be warmed by the reflection of his greatness than be given posts of personal distinction.

Was it office routine Marshall tolerated him for? He admired without a tinge Tom Marshall, but he preferred to work by the side of the other kind, the strong men, without physical handicap, the men who take risks, the men who live the life of soldiers. That was the life he wanted. He would wait long enough to get Marshall's intention, and then, if it meant—that he would break loose. He would go back to the front where he belonged—back to the firing line.

As the hands of the round clock in the outer office were pointing to ten the door opened and Marshall entered. His clothes, of indefinite blackish hue, would have disgraced an eastern man. His string tie had a starboard list, and his hat was ready for a rummage sale. But few would have looked at his clothes. The latent energy of the dynamic spirit that would frequently turn that quiet office into a maelstrom glommed in those Indian-black eyes. Beneath the shabby cloth one suspected the dully polished skin; under the old slouch hat was the mouth of purpose, the lips that no woman, even his Claudia, had kissed without the thrill of fear.

Marshall glanced back at the clock, and then toward his visitor.

"On time!" he observed.

Rickard, smiling, put his book in his pocket.

CHAPTER II.

A Bit of Oratory.

Marshall threw his hat on a chair, the morning paper on his desk. He aimed his burned-out cigar at the nearest cuspidor, but it fell foul, the ashes scattering over Sam's lately secured linoleum. Instantly there was appearance of settled disorder. Marshall emptied his pockets of loose papers, spreading them out on his flat-top desk.

"Sit down!" Rickard took the chair at the other side of the desk.

Marshall rang a bell. Instantly the shirt-sleeved clerk entered.

"I shall not see anyone," the chief announced. "I don't want to be interrupted. Take these to Smythe."

His eyes followed the shutting of the door, then turned square upon Rickard. "I need you. It's a h— of a mess."

The engineer wanted to know what kind of a "mess" it was.

"That river. It's running away from them. I'm going to send you down to stop it."

"The Colorado?" exclaimed Rickard. It was no hose to be turned, simply, off from a garden bed.

"Of course you've been following it? It's one of the biggest things that's happened in this part of the world. Too big for the men who have been trying to swing it. You've followed it?"

"Yes," Rickard coincided, reading that report just now. "I've not been there. But the engineering papers used to get to me in Mexico. I've read all the reports."

His superior's question was uncharacteristically superfluous. Who had not read with thrilled nerves of that wild river which men had been trying to put under work harness? Who, even among the stay-at-homes, had not followed the newspaper stories of the failure to make a meek servant and water carrier of the Colorado, that wild steed of mountain and desert? What engineer, no matter how remote, would not "follow" that spectacular struggle between men and Titans?

"Going to send me to Salton?" he inquired. The railroad had been kept jumping to keep its feet dry. His job to be by that inland sea which last year had been desert!

"No. Brainerd is there. He can manage the tracks. I am going to send you down to the break."

Rickard did not answer. He felt the questioning eyes of his chief.

The break—where those Hardins were—how in thunder was he going to get out of that, and save his skin? Marshall liked his own way—

"We'll consider it settled, then."

"Who's in charge there?" Rickard was only gaining time. He thought he knew the name he would hear. Marshall's first word surprised him.

"No one. Up to a few months ago it was Hardin. Tom Hardin. He was

general manager of the company. He was allowed to resign, to save his face, as the Chinese say. I may tell you that it was a case of firing. He'd made a terrible fluke down there."

"I know," murmured Rickard. It was growing more difficult, more distasteful. If Marshall wanted him to supplant Hardin! It had been incredible, that man's folly! Reckless gambling, nothing else. Make a cut in the banks of a wild river, without putting in head gates to control it; a child would guess better! It was a problem now, all right; the writer of the report he'd just read wasn't the only one who was prophesying failure. Let the river cut back, and the government works at Laguna would be useless; a pickete Hardin had made.

Still to gain time he suggested that Marshall tell him the situation. "I've followed only the engineering side of it. I don't know the relationship of the two companies."

"Where the railroad came in? The inside of that story? I'm responsible—I guaranteed to Faraday the closing of that break. There was a big district to save, a district that the railroad tapped—but I'll tell you that later." He was leisurely puffing blue, perfectly formed rings into the air, his eyes admiring them.

"Perhaps you've heard how Estrada, the general, took a party of men into the desert to sell a mine he owned. After the deal was made he decided to let it slip. He'd found something bigger to do, more to his liking than the sale of a mine. Estrada was a big man, a great man. He had the idea, Powell and others had, of turning the river, of saving the desert. He dreamed himself of doing it. If sickness hadn't come to him the Colorado would be meekly carrying water now instead of flooding a country. Pity Eduardo, the son, is not like him. He's like his mother—you never know what they are dreaming about. Not at all alike, my wife and Estrada's."

Then it came to Rickard that he had heard somewhere that Marshall and General Estrada had married sisters, famous beauties of Guadalajara. He began to piece together the personal background of the story.

"It was a long time before Estrada could get it started, and it's a long story. As soon as he began he was knocked down. Other men took hold. You'll hear it all in the valley. Hardin took a day to tell it to me! He sees himself as a martyr. Promoters go in; the thing swelled into a swindle, a spectacular swindle. They showed oranges on Broadway before a drop of water was brought in. Hardin has lots of grievances! He'd made the original survey. So when he sued for his back wages he took the papers of the bankrupt company in settlement. He's a grim sort of ineffectual bulldog. He's clung with his teeth to the Estrada idea. And he's not big enough for it. He uses the optimistic method—gives you only half of a case, half of the problem, gets started on a false premise. Well, he got up another company on that method, the Desert Reclamation company, tried to whitewash the desert project; it was in bad odor then, and he managed to bring a few drops of water to the desert."

"It was Hardin who did that?"

"But he couldn't deliver enough. The cut silted up. He cut again, the same story. He was in a pretty bad hole. He'd brought colonists in already; he'd used their money, the money they'd paid for land with water, to make the cuts. No wonder he was desperate."

It recalled the man Rickard had disliked, the rough-shod, loud-voiced student of his first class in engineering. That was the man who had made the flamboyant carpets of the Holmes' boarding house impossible any longer to him. He had a sudden disconcert to him of a large unfinished face peering through the honeysuckles at a man and a girl drawing apart in confusion from their first and last kiss. He wanted to tell Marshall he was wasting his time.

"Overwhelmed with lawsuits," Marshall was saying. "Hardin had to deliver water to those colonists. It was

France considering adoption of our Methods of Teaching Farming to Boys and Girls.

France is considering the adoption of Uncle Sam's methods of teaching better farming and home making to boys and girls. Representatives from the French high commission, lately in this country, made a point of studying carefully the methods of the federal department of agriculture and the state agricultural colleges in conducting boys' and girls' clubs. Much of the information thus collected has been widely reprinted by the French press, accompanied by editorial comment expressing the view that the man or woman power of France having been depleted or disorganized by war service, France for some time to come will be dependent in large part upon its younger population for its food supply and suggesting the formation in France of a nation-wide system of boys' and girls' clubs patterned on those in America. It is expected that these clubs will grow staple products—garden produce, wool, farm grain and forage crops, poultry and farm animals on farms not devastated, the very soil of which must first of all be put in condition. They will stimulate production by the young people of France through organized contests not only in farming but in home enterprises such as bread making, garment making, cooking and home management.

Good and Bad Men.

Good men can easily see through bad men, but bad men can't always see through good men. Perhaps it's because there's no goodness in the bad man that the good man can see through him, and because there is in the good man that the bad man can't see through him.

Virtue Can Be Overdone.

Selflessness and complaisance are beautiful virtues, but do not forget that a virtue carried to excess may become the most irritating and difficult of failings.

Just Stop That River!

The big thing, maybe you are going to be married. He did not wait for Rickard's vigorous negative. "That can wait. The river won't. There's a river running away down yonder, ruining the valley, ruining the homes of families men have carried in with them. I've asked you to save them. There's a debt of honor to be paid. My promise. I have asked you to pay it. There's history being written in that desert. I've asked you to write it. And you say 'No.'"

"No! I say yes!" clipped Rickard. The Marshall oratory had swept him to his feet.

The dramatic moment was chilled by their Anglo-Saxon self-consciousness. An awkward silence hung. Then: "When can you go?"

"Today, tomorrow, the first train out."

"Good!"

"Any instructions?"

"Just stop that river!"

"The expense?" demanded the engineer. "How far can I go?"

"D—n the expense!" cried Tod Marshall. "Just go ahead."

Rickard "goes in" and as he goes he begins to comprehend something of the difficulties of the job that he has undertaken. He learns why the valley distrusts the D. R., as the valley calls the company which Hardin fathered and which peopled the desert. "Go in" with Rickard in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

MODEL ON AMERICAN CLUBS

France considering adoption of our Methods of Teaching Farming to Boys and Girls.

France is considering the adoption of Uncle Sam's methods of teaching better farming and home making to boys and girls. Representatives from the French high commission, lately in this country, made a point of studying carefully the methods of the federal department of agriculture and the state agricultural colleges in conducting boys' and girls' clubs. Much of the information thus collected has been widely reprinted by the French press, accompanied by editorial comment expressing the view that the man or woman power of France having been depleted or disorganized by war service, France for some time to come will be dependent in large part upon its younger population for its food supply and suggesting the formation in France of a nation-wide system of boys' and girls' clubs patterned on those in America. It is expected that these clubs will grow staple products—garden produce, wool, farm grain and forage crops, poultry and farm animals on farms not devastated, the very soil of which must first of all be put in condition. They will stimulate production by the young people of France through organized contests not only in farming but in home enterprises such as bread making, garment making, cooking and home management.

Good and Bad Men.

Good men can easily see through bad men, but bad men can't always see through good men. Perhaps it's because there's no goodness in the bad man that the good man can see through him, and because there is in the good man that the bad man can't see through him.

Virtue Can Be Overdone.

Selflessness and complaisance are beautiful virtues, but do not forget that a virtue carried to excess may become the most irritating and difficult of failings.

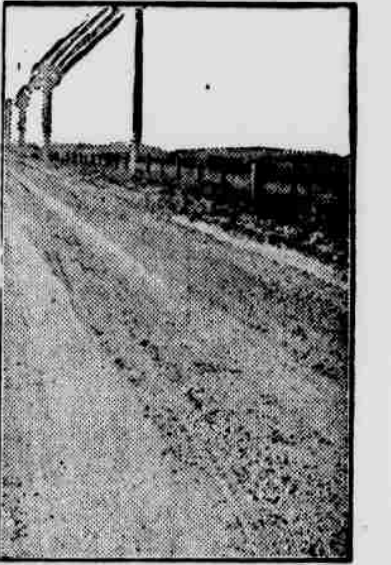
GOOD ROADS

DRAINAGE IS BIG ESSENTIAL

Side Ditches Should Be Ample Large to Carry Off Water as Rapidly As It Enters.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The only reason for crowning a road surface is to enable it to shed water, and unless effective means are provided for disposing of the water after it is drained off the surface crowding will be of very little, if any, advantage. The side ditches should be ample large and should have sufficient fall to carry the water away as rapidly as it enters them, and they should have outlets at all convenient points. Cross drains or culverts should be constructed wherever



Good Road—Middle is Kept High and Water Drains to Sides.

it is desirable to transfer drainage water across the road, and they should usually be provided with end or wing walls for protecting the slopes of the embankment. When the material composing the roadbed is likely to be springy, a system of longitudinal under-drainage may be found necessary to secure proper drainage. In constructing a road, of any type whatever, it should be constantly borne in mind that adequate and continually effective drainage absolutely necessary if the road is to be maintained in good condition.

WORKING ON DIXIE HIGHWAY

In Illinois Improvement Will Extend Over Distance of 54.5 Miles Costing \$904,700.

One of the features of the year's work will be the improvement of the Dixie highway, which will be done by the states acting in co-operation with the government. Thus in Illinois the highway will be improved from the county line north through Will, Kankakee and Iroquois counties to the Vermilion county line running south. This work will extend over a distance of 54.5 miles at a cost of \$904,700 and the construction will be of concrete and bituminous macadam.

At the same time Georgia will be working on the road from Atlanta through to Macon, through Clayton, Henry, Spaulding, Pike and Monroe counties, a distance of seventy-two miles and a continuation of the Dixie line in that state. In Tennessee and Kentucky projects will be under way which will further serve to improve this famous old highway which cuts through the central section of the country from north to south.

PATCHING IN RIGHT MANNER

Work Done Properly While Road is Wet and Followed by Drag Is Superior Plan.

Patching done in the proper manner when the road is wet, followed by a road drag, will maintain an old gravel road surface as good as new until it is so badly worn that an entire new surface is required. The gravel should never be poorer than that forming the surface layer of the old road, and especially should not contain an excess of clay.

Civilize and Educate.

Good roads are civilizers and educators. They are the vanguards of other good things. They bring increased land values. Above everything else, they bring good people. No community that has improved its roads has ever regretted it. Road improvement is a good investment for any community.

Known by Its Roads.

In a way a country is known by its roads. It is within the range of possibilities that a time not far distant may bring home to the people of this country their lack of foresight in not making easy the "way of the wagon."

The Farm Tractor.

Let the farm tractor and the gas engine do their part to solve the labor question. They will relieve one of many a hard task and will stay on the job indefinitely.

Harmful Lice and Mites.

A hen cannot lay if she is continually irritated and weakened by lice and mites. Houses should be cleaned and disinfected frequently.

Leading a Bull.

In leading a bull with a staff, never go ahead of him. He is more easily controlled by walking by his side, opposite his shoulders.

First Road Requisite.

A better law is the first requisite to getting good roads.



"Just Stop That River!"

"I want you in control down there." Rickard knew he was being appraised, balanced all over again. It made no difference.

"I'm sorry," he was beginning, when Marshall cut in.

"Good Lord, you are not going to turn it down?"

He met Marshall's incredulous stare. "It's a job I'd jump at under most circumstances. But I can't go."

Tom Marshall leaned back the full swing of his swivel chair, blankly astounded. His eyes told Rickard that he had been found wanting—he had white blood in his veins.

"It is good of you to think of me—shaw! It is absurd to say those things. You know that I know it is

Rickard "goes in" and as he goes he begins to comprehend something of the difficulties of the job that he has undertaken. He learns why the valley distrusts the D. R., as the valley calls the company which Hardin fathered and which peopled the desert. "Go in" with Rickard in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Muskrat Stops Train.

The muskrats around the Boston & Maine railroad yards in Boston are full of muskrats. Charley Brown, a yard brakeman, has been realizing over \$100 a season since the war by shooting rats on his spare time and selling the fur, which now commands a high price.

Brown has been known to shoot a muskrat from the top of a moving freight car with a rifle.

A short time ago a muskrat tied up the interlocking switch system at signal tower C. The big rat crawled into the switchpoints to eat out the grease used to lubricate the switches just as the lever man in the tower tried to close the switch for a fast express passenger train.

The rat had wedged in so close the switch wouldn't close and the plant was tied up. The mechanic found the rat wedged into the points and crushed into a mass of fur and flesh.

Out of the Mouths of Babes.

The trouble was caused by father's chickens and his habit of calling them "chicks" for short. At least Bobby thinks it was. He and mother were on the car when one of mother's friends entered. She wore a new hat which was adorned with a beautiful green feather. Bobby was eyeing the feather when he heard mother say to the woman, "You're so chic, you know."

So he drew his own inferences and acted accordingly when the cross next-door neighbor, resplendent in new yellow furs, came to call. He looked at the furs on the woman and then at his mother. Then

"Now, you can call her a cat, mother," he informed her.

Let the farm tractor and the gas engine do their part to solve the labor question. They will relieve one of many a hard task and will stay on the job indefinitely.

Harmful Lice and Mites.

A hen cannot lay if she is continually irritated and weakened by lice and mites. Houses should be cleaned and disinfected frequently.

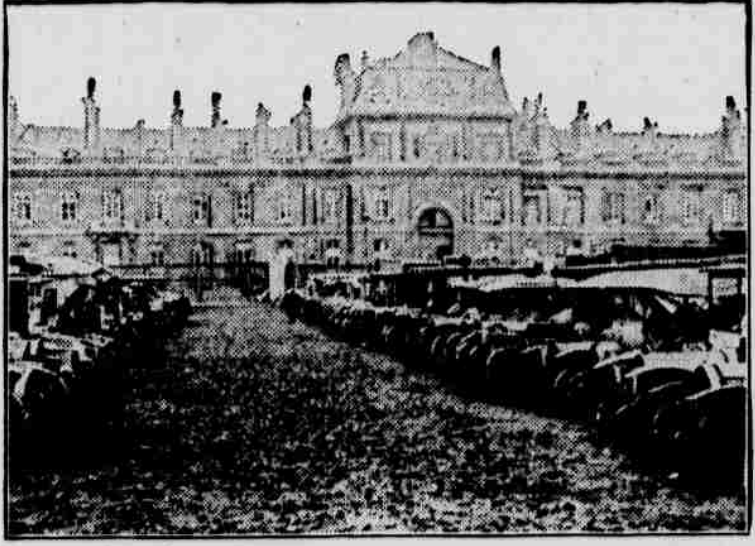
Leading a Bull.

In leading a bull with a staff, never go ahead of him. He is more easily controlled by walking by his side, opposite his shoulders.

First Road Requisite.

A better law is the first requisite to getting good roads.

EXHIBITION OF WAR AUTOMOBILES ON THE "CHAMPS DE MARS," PARIS, FRANCE



The automobiles shown in the illustration were used in the war zone ever since the outbreak of the war, at which time every car owner in France was compelled to give his machine to the military authorities. They are now on sale at prices ranging from 500 to 4,000 francs.

BATTERY STANDS SEVERE WEATHER

Discharged One Will Freeze at Temperature of 20 Degrees Above, Says Expert.

FREEZING WILL BURST JARS

Test Should Be Made With Hydrometer at Intervals of Two Weeks or Less—No Set Rules Can Be Given for Care.

The storage battery should be kept fully charged during the winter, according to E. V. Collins, instructor in steam and gas engineering in the Kansas state agricultural college. "The charged battery," said Mr. Collins, "will stand very low temperatures while a discharged battery will freeze at 20 degrees above zero. Freezing will burst jars, and as a result the battery must be rebuilt."

Battery in Cold Weather.

"In cold weather the starting battery is especially likely to become discharged. The engine is difficult to crank because the oil is cold. It must also be cranked longer each time it is started because the gasoline does not vaporize readily in cold weather. Long trips are few and the charging periods are shorter. The lights which are needed earlier in the evening help in discharging the battery."

"The battery should be tested with a hydrometer at intervals of two weeks or less. If it is found to be discharged, it should be charged as soon as possible either by driving the car or from an outside source."

No Set Rules Given.

"The conditions under which cars operate vary, and there are so many starting systems, that no set rules can be given for the care of the storage battery. If the starter turns the engine with difficulty, the motor should be cranked by hand when starting on a cold morning. The engine may be made to start more easily by priming it through the priming cups or by pulling the choke when it is stopped. The lights should be turned on only when necessary and in many cases the dimmers may be used to save the current."

TALCUM BLOWERS ARE HANDY

Essential That Chalk Be Thoroughly Distributed Over Inside Casing of Tire.

When replacing tire tubes it is essential that talc or French chalk should be thoroughly distributed over the inside of the casing. This operation is greatly facilitated by the use of a small blower such as is used for spraying insect powder. A blower of this kind may be obtained in any drug store, and its use results in the talc being evenly distributed all over the inside of the casing, a very important matter.

MATERIAL FOR WIND SHIELDS

"Super-Glass" Made by Welding Layer of Transparent Celluloid Between Glass Sheets.

A material known as "super-glass" used in making automobile wind shields is made by welding a layer of transparent celluloid between two sheets of plate glass. If struck by a heavy object super-glass will crack but the occupants of the car will not be injured by flying splinters.

WRAP TOOLS IN OILED CLOTH

Prevents Implements From Becoming Rusty When Stowed Away in Tool Compartment.

It is an admirable idea to wrap good tools, such as drills, wrenches, etc., in oiled cloths before stowing them away in the tool compartment. The oiled cloth prevents the implements from becoming rusty, which is quite likely to happen in the course of a strenuous season's running.

When Painting Car.

The car owner who intends to do any repainting work will do well to see that all exposed oil holes are stuffed with felt or waste to prevent their being painted over and so choked. This latter condition will result in failure of oil to reach the bearings when the car is again being run.

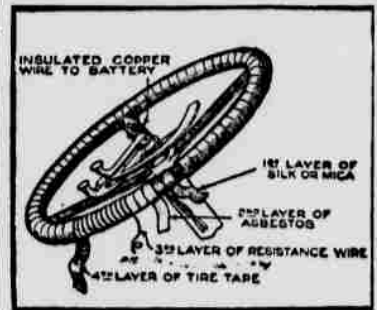
Examine Cooling Fans.

Cooling fans of the type that have the blades riveted to a metal hub should be examined occasionally to see that all is secure.

ELECTRIC WARMER ON WHEEL

One of Simplest Conventions Invented for Automobile—Storage Battery Is Used.

One of the simplest electrical conveniences to make for the automobile is an electric hand-warmer. On the half of the steering wheel that comes toward the driver's body, or where he will grasp the wheel, wind a layer of heavy silk cloth, says Popular Mechanics Magazine. Mica will do just as well, and if one is sure the wheel will never become wet, no silk layer is necessary. Next, cut some asbestos in strips and wind it over the silk. Then wind some resistance wire carefully upon the asbestos, with each turn one-fourth of an inch from the next, being careful that no two turns touch.



A Little Electric Current From the Storage Battery on the Car, Passing Through Resistance Wire Wound on the Steering Wheel, Keeps the Driver's Hands Warm on the Coldest Days.

Over this wind tire tape, extending it also over the other half of the wheel, for the sake of uniform appearance. To the ends of the resistance wire connect insulated, stranded copper wires that reach down the steering post to a connection with the storage battery of the car. Place a switch in the line so that the circuit can be broken. A good enough resistance material for this purpose is bare iron wire.

KEEP OFF EMERGENCY BRAKE

Good Driver of Motorcar Permits Momentum to Carry Machine to Proper Stopping Place.

The good driver of a motorcar never applies brakes swiftly except in an emergency. When drawing up at a street side she cuts off ignition early and allows momentum to carry the car to the stopping place. The good driver thus saves gasoline and wear upon brakes, coasting to a stop with the smoothness of operation of an easy start.

A good driver never uses the emergency brake, because she never has an emergency before it arrives; the poor driver rushes into trouble and depends upon quickness in grabbing the emergency lever to save life. More than one accident has followed a futile attempt to find the seldom-used emergency lever in a hurry.

The good driver rounds sharp corners to the right and goes over extremely rough stretches of road or hits unexpected "thank you, ma'am's" with clutch disengaged to save the rear axle mechanism. The good driver uses the wheel with the least possible motion. She does not drag it suddenly from side to side, but turns it so gradually that passengers are unconscious of the fact. In rounding a corner she commences to straighten the car up before it is half way around.—Woman's Home Companion.

FAN SPEED CAUSES TROUBLE

Belt May Be Oily, Greasy, or It Simply May Have Been Stretched Until Loose.

When the fan does not run at the proper speed there are certain definite causes behind the trouble. The belt itself may be oily, greasy, or it may simply have stretched so that it is too loose. The fan may be too tight on its bearing, which may be caused from lack of lubrication. The pulley may be loose on the shaft. By process of elimination it is easy to run down the cause of the trouble, and the remedy is obvious in each case.

Noise Means Trouble.

The importance of being able to diagnose motor ills from the sounds ensuing is well illustrated by the differential. A sort of weaving in the differential indicates that the master bevel gear is out of alignment. On the other hand, a slight catch occurring several times in each revolution of the driving wheels indicates a chipped tooth.

Cause of Power Loss.

One of the minor causes of power losses is dragging brakes.

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

(By Rev. P. E. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago.)
(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR MARCH 9

JOSHUA, PATRIOT AND LEADER.

LESSON TEXT—Joshua 1:1-9.
GOLDEN TEXT—Be strong and of a good courage.—Joshua 1:9.
ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Joshua 1:10-15; 2:1-15.
PRIMARY TOPIC—A story of a brave leader. Memory Verse—Joshua 1:5.
JUNIOR TOPIC—Follow the right leader. Memory Verse—Deut. 1:7, 8.
INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—When to be brave.

The book of Joshua is a history of the conquest of the promised land and its apportionment among the tribes of Israel. It takes its name from its principal character—Joshua. During the arduous journey he was Moses' minister, and captain of his army. When Moses was denied the privilege of going over the Jordan, Joshua was appointed to the leadership of Israel. Being so long faithful as a servant, he is now qualified to rule. Only those who have themselves learned to obey are fit to rule. Moses, the representative of the law, brought Israel to the borders of Canaan. Joshua was the man chosen to lead the people into the place of rest. The name "Joshua" has the same derivation as the name "Jesus." The law (Moses) was our schoolmaster to bring us to Christ; but Christ (our Joshua) has given us victory and rest.

I. Joshua's Call (1:1-2).
Moses, God's servant, is dead, but God's work must go on. He continues his work by calling others to take it up, though he buries his workers. Joshua, no doubt, was sorrowful over the loss of his master, but there is no time for mourning. The best way to cure our griefs and sorrows is to take up courageously the burdens and responsibilities which our leaders have laid down.

II. God Renews His Promise of the Land to Israel (1:3-4).

The promise had been made to Abraham, and renewed to Isaac, Jacob and Moses. It is now renewed to Israel when they are about to enter upon its possession. The borders of the land were quite large (v. 4) "from the wilderness and this Lebanon, even unto the great river, the river Euphrates, all the land of the Hittites, and unto the great sea toward the going down of the sun, shall be your coast." The nearest it was ever possessed was during the reigns of David and Solomon, though not then fully realized. This country still belongs to the Jews, and in God's own time they shall possess it. Their getting possession of this land was due entirely to themselves. God promised them, that wherever their feet set upon the land it was theirs. If they failed to secure possession it was because they failed to claim it. We would all enjoy larger blessings if we would claim them.

III. God's Presence Promised to Joshua (1:5).

Joshua was entering upon a perilous and difficult enterprise, but the Lord said as he was with Moses so would he be with him. The difficulties before him were:
1. The Jordan river (v. 2). It was now at its flood (3:15), making it impossible for armies to cross.
2. In the land the people were living in walled cities. Notwithstanding this, God's help insured success. (1) "I will not fail thee nor forsake thee." (2) "There shall not any man be able to stand before thee." (3) "As I was with Moses, so I will be with thee." Joshua had been with Moses throughout their forty years' experiences, from the Egyptian deliverance to the time of his death. Because he believed that God was with his master he was willing and ready to cross the Jordan at its flood, and to meet courageously the enemies on the other side. We should be willing to brave our foaming and raging Jordans, to meet our strong enemies face to face, for Christ has said, "I am with you always." (14:18).

IV. Conditions of Blessings in the Land (1:6-9).

1. Be strong and of a good courage" (v. 6). His mission was to go in and divide the land among the tribes for an inheritance. God could not bless him if he should play the coward.
2. Unwavering obedience to the word of God (v. 7). In a land of idolatry it requires much courage to obey the true God. The prosperity and good success was conditioned upon unwavering obedience to God's commands. In all his work he must conform his life to the law of God. To pass from the path outlined there in would bring disaster and ruin. In order to accomplish this the law of the Lord must constantly be in his mouth. He was to meditate therein day and night. If we are to prosper in our Christian experience there must be that regular and reverent study of God's Word. Joshua responds promptly to obedience. He did not stop to cavil, but at once gave orders for the march. God made the plan and gave the directions. His responsibility was to go forward without doubting, taking possession of the inheritance.

Faithfulness Counts.

In the battle of life faithfulness counts far more than brilliance. "What unusual thing did that man do to win such a high position?" was a question asked. "He didn't do unusual things," was the reply, "he did the usual things better." In other words, those who were led to promote this worker, step by step, were guided by the very thing that Christ had in mind when he said of the man in the parable, "Thou wast found faithful in a very little." The worker worth while is so busy doing his best every day that he has no time to waste in vain regrets that big things do not come his way.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

Not what happened but the way we take what happened, determines our experience.
Not what we have, but do, makes our sum of joy or sorrow.
Most of us can if we choose make this world a palace or a prison.

HURRY-UP DISHES.

The housekeeper who keeps a list of dishes that may be quickly prepared for a sudden emergency is one who is never flurried or fussed by unexpected company and the welcome is so much more genuine if in the back of the head a possible menu is stored. The food to be served will depend upon the time of day. If it is dinner a more elaborate menu will be needed than for a luncheon or supper.

Try not to use dishes for these occasions for the daily menus, but keep them just for the emergency. Provided you are sure of proper results, it is fatal to one's peace of mind to experiment on an unusual dish. Keep in your closet or on the emergency shelf such foods as shredded codfish, sardines, canned salmon, tuna, crab and clams, canned tomatoes, soup, grated cheese, salad dressing, preserves, dates, nuts and marshmallows. This list could be enlarged indefinitely and other attractive things may be added.

An omelet is a dish generally well liked; it may be preceded by a cream of tomato soup, which is well prepared and followed by a potato salad if one is fortunate enough to have a few cold potatoes on hand. If not, cook a few, cut in dice and serve in a cream sauce. A cup of tea with a cookie or piece of cake and a dish of preserves for dessert will make a most satisfying meal.

The canned soup, of course, is quickly reheated and saves preparing one dish; a salad of the solid part of the can of tomatoes with a bit of salmon or tuna will make a fine salad with a good dressing. A cut of pineapple with marshmallows and whipped cream with a tablespoonful or two of salad dressing makes a most delicious sweet salad, which may be served with wafers, a cup of cocoa or coffee as a dessert.

A pretty table, with a few well-cooked dishes and a hearty welcome will make a feast for any guest.

"Business without optimism must fail. No pessimist can succeed in any enterprise. The man who believes in his vocation, who lives for it, who works for it, who knows it can and should be successful, is the man who has hope in his heart for the future, not only for himself and his own business in a selfish way, but for his own country, that man or woman is a good citizen and an asset to his country."

VARIETY OF PIE.

To prepare chicken pie cut a well cleaned chicken into pieces, and place in a saucepan, adding the neck, giblets and the skinned feet. To prepare the filling, wash well, then plunge them into boiling water then dip in cold water, when the outside skin will be easily removed. Add one cupful of finely diced celery, one large carrot cut in dice, two large chopped onions, cook all together until the chicken is tender. Remove the breast to cool and remove the meat. Place the wings, legs and thighs in a glass casserole and add the meat from the breast, the other vegetables and six quartered and parboiled potatoes. Thicken the gravy with flour mixed with cream or rich milk, cover with baking powder biscuit dough after seasoning well and bake until brown.

Fruit Mince Pie.—Take one pound each of raisins, dried peaches, one-half pound of dried apricots, one pound of prunes, one-half pound of candied citron, orange and lemon peel shredded fine; two quarts of cranberries. Put all through the meat chopper using the coarsest knife. Place in a preserving kettle and add two and one-half pounds of brown sugar and a cupful of any canned fruit juice or water. Cook slowly and carefully for one hour, then cool and add five pounds of chopped apple with the peeling left on. Add one pound of suet chopped fine, one pound of the seedless raisins, four tablespoonfuls of cinnamon, one of ginger, one of cloves, one of allspice and one-half of nutmeg and one of salt. Cover with one quart of cider boiled ten minutes. Mix thoroughly and can in hot.

Mince From Preserves.—Take one glass of spice grape jam, one pint jar of cherries, free from juice, one pint jar of peaches, sliced and strained, one pint of plums, pits removed and strained from the juice; one glassful of quince preserves, one glassful of apple butter, four quarts of chopped apple with the peeling left on. Add one pound of suet chopped fine, one pound of the seedless raisins, four tablespoonfuls of cinnamon, one of ginger, one of cloves, one of allspice and one-half of nutmeg and one of salt. Cover with one quart of cider boiled ten minutes. Mix thoroughly and can in hot.

Minced Beef.—Take two pounds of uncooked meat, chopped fine. Meat from the shoulder or chuck may be used. Add two tablespoonfuls of sweet fat, two egg yolks or one egg; one-fourth of a cup of bread crumbs; two tablespoonfuls of parsley and nutmeg to taste. Mix all the ingredients and form into a roll, place it wrapped in oiled paper on a rack in a baking pan. Roast in a hot oven for thirty minutes. When done remove the paper, season well with salt and pepper and place on a hot platter. Serve with brown sauce.

Rice and Pineapple Dessert.—With a small amount of cooked rice and a cupful or less of pineapple, if shredded or crushed all the better, a most dainty dessert may be prepared. Mix the rice, pineapple and sugar or honey to sweeten, then fold in as much whipped sweetened and flavored whipped cream as the amount of rice will warrant. Serve in sherbet glasses with a cherry for garnish. Dates, apricots, pears or bananas may be used in place of the pineapple.

A tablespoonful or two of cottage cheese may be added to a salad dressing, or to the salad itself, improving either.

Raisin Pie.—Wash one cupful of raisins add one cupful of honey and one cupful of water, the juice and

Supply Right at Hand.
"The study of the occult sciences interests me very much," remarked the new boarder. "I love to explore the dark depths of the mysterious, to delve into the regions of the unknown, to fathom the unfathomable, as it were, and to—"

"May I help you to some of the hash, professor?" interrupted the landlady.
And the good woman never knew why the other boarders smiled audibly.

Vain Pursuits.
"No, Niblitz is dead!"
"Yes."
"Did he leave any property?"
"Nothing to speak of. Niblitz was the kind of man who had an idea that Fortune was always just around the corner."
"But he never succeeded in overtaking her?"
"No. He was either mistaken in the location of the corner or he lingered in the middle of the block until Fortune moved on to some other corner."



There are some straw hats that may be washed with safety. A shape which does not contain glue or shellac may be cleaned in this way. First dust the hat thoroughly, using brush and cloth, and by shaking out the freed particles of dirt. Then make a warm suds of soap and water and scrub the hat with a nail brush. When it is dry rub over it the white of an egg beaten to a froth.

Chiffon is washed in warm suds, for which a bland soap is used. The washing will be successful if the chiffon is handled gently. After rinsing fold in a towel and run through a wringer. When partially dry it should be ironed on the right side with a moderately hot iron. Chiffon veils are laundered in the same way.

To Freshen Ribbons and Silks.
Black ribbons may be renovated by first brushing them free of dust and then sponging them with a mixture of water and alcohol, using one part of alcohol to two parts of water. When partly dry iron under a piece of thin muslin, or black ermine, with a moderately warm iron.

Colored ribbons of good quality will wash if care is taken in the process, which is the same as that for chiffon, except that they are ironed on the wrong side. A very fine way for freshening ribbons is to pull them across escaping steam from the teakettle. A contrivance of tin is used for this purpose, which fits over the spout and spreads into a flat fan with a slit in the top. Bows that do not need cleaning, but have become matted may be cleverly pressed with a curling iron. Try this with little silk bows or velvet bows. Make the iron quite hot,

Distinctly Youthful in Design



Here is a sprightly dress of wool, which may be made of any of the soft and substantial weaves that hang gracefully. It is cut on the simplest lines, plain as to skirt and waist, with a meagerness of trimmings that amounts to severity, but is popular with young people. It boasts a small turn-over collar, bordered with a narrow braid and the sleeves are indulged in a band of the same braid and four small buttons at the wrist. It will be noticed that the skirt is longer than for some seasons, almost covering the ankles. This is a characteristic of spring styles in frocks.

The special pride and glory of this unpretentious but smart bit of designing for youthful wearers, is the apron at the front. This is made of one of those new fabrics that are giving manufacturers of staple goods a bad quarter-hour. It looks like jersey and might be successfully made of that favored fabric, but it is more likely to be tricellette, or a knitted weave of some sort. Just a straight piece of one of these supple materials is bordered with a wide band of georgette at the bottom and outlined with a simple braided pattern. A wide girle of the same material across the back and two narrow bands of folded georgette across the front, with a button on the ends of each, complete a decoration that makes the frock. The body of the dress is in navy blue and the apron in beige with blue trimming.

An irreplaceable spring hat of navy blue lisse is gay with a wreath of blossoms and a rose-colored facing. The bosom of the young person so faultlessly dressed is entitled to swell with pride and joy.

Julie Bostrom

Ribbon Workbag.
A good workbag can be made from two yards of Dresden ribbon six and one-half inches wide and one embroidery hoop. Cut two rounds of cardboard, the size of the hoop for the bottoms of the "double-decker" bag, pad with sheet cotton and cover with the ribbon. Divide the remaining ribbon in halves and seam up both pieces. Then sew one to a cardboard round and fasten at the top of the outside rim of the embroidery hoop. Make the top part of the bag in the same way, save that the cardboard bottom is to be sewed to the inside of the embroidery ring, which has been covered by the silk ribbon.

Pin Saving Help.

A magnet on a tape is excellent to keep in the sewing room, or to use wherever sewing is done, as by this means stray needles may be picked up that otherwise might not be found until they did some damage.

Window Decolletage.

"Le decollete en fenetre," or window decolletage, is one of the new things in afternoon frocks. A bodice so constructed shows an oval opening in the front, some three inches below the round neckline, and on each sleeve two or three inches above the short elbow sleeves.

In Gray and Black.
A pale gray cloth gown banded to the knees with black caracul, has very simple lines without fullness in the skirt. The bodice repeats the same severity of line quite into the high collar reaching well to the ears. The only trimming is in the row of small cloth buttons reaching from the top of the collar to the caracul at the knees. A stole of rich caracul is worn over the shoulders, and the gray little hat is of caracul puffed with tiny gray ostrich tips cunningly arranged.

A darker toned negligee is of brown chiffon draped over bronze metal cloth.

CAPITAL CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

General and Personal

O. L. Phillips of Raton, is in the city on legal business.

State Mine Inspector W. W. Risdon is spending a few days in the city.

E. W. Dobson Albuquerque attorney is in the city on a professional visit.

A little daughter arrived at the home of Attorney and Mrs. William J. Barker Tuesday.

Mrs. W. C. Toler who has been on the sick bed the past week is reported much better.

B. L. Cornell editor of the Reporter is in the city on this week's arrival in the capital city.

C. A. Hatch assistant attorney general returned to the city of Harry P. Patton is here from Clovis.

Ira O. Wetmore member of the last state legislature is in the city accompanied by Henry Lutz of Carrizozo.

Lieutenant Miguel A. Otero Jr. of the U. S. Aviation service who has been in France for over a year returned home Saturday.

Mrs. B. B. Paulsen's mother and father returned to Kansas this week after a pleasant visit of several weeks at the Paulsen home.

A. E. Merri's labor representative of the Great Western Smear company arrived here Thursday to confer with the federal employment office.

Captain Thomson M. Cutting assistant military attaché at the American Embassy, London, England arrived in the city the latter part of last week.

Alfred M. Bergere who has been in France for several months, served as secretary of the Knights of Columbus has arrived in New York City which Santa Fe is a few days.

Mrs. Lee H. Gibson, of El Paso, Texas, returned home Saturday. Mr. Gibson who was very ill at St. Michael's hospital for several days has recovered and is able to leave about Monday night.

Ray H. K. Walker, D. D. pastor of the First Presbyterian church in Clovis, returned to his home on Monday night.

City Manager A. R. DeLoach and Charles Wade, chairman of the city commission of Albuquerque and Aldo Leopold, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of that city, are visitors at the Capital today.

Eletorio D. Armijo has been engaged to edit a Republican newspaper in Spanish at Taos the promoters of the enterprise having purchased the plant of the Eagle the democratic weekly formerly published in Santa Fe to be moved to Taos.

Captain Robert L. Cooper for several years in charge of stream gauging at the state engineers office, and who made the surveys for the paving and sewerage systems in Santa Fe, has returned from Virginia where he was a volunteer with the engineers corps in an officers training camp. He visited Washington, New York and relatives in Kentucky before returning.

Claudius J. Neis, U. S. Land attorney arrived here from Roswell Sunday.

A sister of Mrs. S. O. Seth of this city is her visitor and guest for a few days.

Mrs. A. H. Carter, of Magdalena, returned Monday from a brief trip to her home town.

Many people attended special services in recognition of the beginning of Lent at Santa Fe churches Wednesday of this week which was Ash Wednesday.

State Engineer James A. French is in Denver in the interests of the San Juan Irrigation projects which he is placing before a department of the federal reclamation service.

F. B. Schwenker, manager of the Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company for New Mexico and former president of the commercial club at Albuquerque is in the city on business.

Mrs. Adelina Otero-Warren, county school superintendent, returned to this city Tuesday night. Mrs. Warren attended a meeting of the National Educational Association, which was held in Chicago.

Cruz Alvarez, formerly employed at the American Embassy in Madrid, Spain, went to Farmington, San Juan county Tuesday, where he has accepted a position as teacher of Spanish in the High School.

Captain A. A. Sena of the state mounted police reported to the Governor this week the arrest of Lester Collier, James Yearbs, and Venecio Gallegos, in different places, all charged with cattle stealing.

The State Corporation Commission on March 17 will hold a hearing on the rates on coal and lumber from Outhage to San Antonio, New Mexico, a complaint having been filed with the commission by Barley H. Kinney against the New Mexico Railroad railway.

A. B. Fall this week wired to Senator Lodge the new chairman of the United States senate foreign relations committee that he is opposed to the proposed league of nations along the lines of the articles of agreement at present drafted, making the 20th United States Senator to be elected on record as formally opposing the league plan.

Governor Larrazolo this week pardoned Stonewall Jackson Calhoun from a term of from two to three years in the state penitentiary on the charge of killing George E. Remley in Colfax county last year. The governor explains that the prosecuting attorney in the case has added additional evidence to show that the killing was accidental. Calhoun is a peace officer with a dependent family.

Among a long list of appointments referred by President Wilson to the United States senate and which were unconfirmed at the close of business on March four, and will presumably be given out later as recess appointments, are the following New Mexico Postmasters: James L. Seligman, Santa Fe; Martin Q. Hardin, Lordsburg; Bliss Freeman, Las Cruces; Charles M. Sanford, Hagerman; L. Berkhead, Columbus; George Hoffman, Belen; and George McCrary, Artesia. All of the above are appointed to succeed themselves for a second term.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pflueger received the glad tidings several days ago, announcing the safe arrival of their son Hansel at Samoa.

Miss Katherine Phoebe, of Penn., returned home the first of the week after spending the winter in Santa Fe, the guest of Mrs. D. C. Collier.

The Santa Fe club at a meeting Monday night discussed plans for a new club building. Golf and tennis will be encouraged by the members this year.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. H. Wagner, county school superintendent Mrs. Adelina Otero-Warren, Mrs. Ruth C. Miller and Assistant Superintendent J. V. Conway have returned to Santa Fe from the national educational conferences in Chicago.

James A. French as state engineer and state highway engineer this week issued in book form his third semi-annual report, including 175 pages of highly interesting matter to those who are following the development of New Mexico highways and water supply development.

Dr. S. M. Johnson, good roads expert, is here from his home at Ruidoso, having learned in Washington recently that thousands of motor vehicles in France may be diverted to road work purposes, he is boosting to have New Mexico secure a share of this government equipment.

Jacobo Montoya, county treasurer has just received the information that his brother, Jose Montoya, reported missing in action, October 1, 1918, was killed. After many fruitless attempts to learn the facts about his brother through military authorities he finally secured the sad news through the Red Cross.

Honoring Representatives Handsome engraved invitations bearing a miniature of the state seal embossed in gold, were received by twenty-four members of the House of Representatives, who were the dinner guests of Governor O. A. Larrazolo at the executive mansion Tuesday night. A second dinner will follow shortly at which twenty-five members of that distinguished body will be like-wise entertained by the chief executive of the state.

Exceptionally Interesting The members of the Santa Fe Woman's Club, and several visitors enjoyed an exceptionally interesting literary program Tuesday afternoon at the library building. Mrs. Thomas White charmingly entertained the ladies by giving the first of a series of entertainments on "Story-Telling," using as material tales of Hans Christian Andersen and others. Mrs. N. B. Laughlin, president of the club presided.

The next meeting of the club will be held on the 18th of March. Mrs. Reed Holloman and Mrs. W. E. Carrion will have charge of the program. Section F will give short talks on Cullings from the Magazines.

A. H. A. Lodge Celebrates Lincoln Lodge No. 40 A. H. A. at Gallup celebrated the fifth anniversary of the organization of the local order in that city Monday evening. An interesting program was presented, including addresses by prominent speakers, which was followed by a grand ball. Refreshments were served.

Child's Welfare The Child's Welfare department of the Woman's club at Las Vegas, are raising the necessary funds with which to provide a suitable playground for the children in that city. A benefit dance for the worthy cause will be given by the committee in charge the first Wednesday after Easter.

Elaborate Spanish Dinner State Senator J. Smith Lee, of Roswell, entertained several of the senators, their wives and Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Dills, of this city, at an elaborate Spanish dinner, prepared and served by Mrs. Garcia, on Galisteo street, last evening after which the party attended the picture show.

Old-Timers' Meeting The annual old-timers' meeting held at the Elk's home in Raton last Friday night was largely attended and was one of the most enjoyable affairs of the kind ever experienced by the membership.

A Union Meeting Of the Aid and Missionary departments of the Woman's Union of the Presbyterian church will be held this afternoon at the residence of Miss Elizabeth Hughes, Federal Street.

Land for Sale FOR SALE—480-A. STOCK FARM Level mixed land, well improved, 30 miles southeast Portales, N. M., at bargain if sold immediately. For particulars address, John User, Clovis, N. M.

Help Wanted EARN \$25 weekly, spare time, writing for newspapers, magazines, etc. Use unique Free Press Syndicate, 215 St. Louis, Mo.

Personal MARRY IF LONELY; for results try the best and most successful "Home Maker" confidential; most reliable; years of experience; desirable free; the "Home Maker" Club, Mrs. Pardee, Box 10, Oakland, Calif.—No. 30-22.

MARRY IF SINGLE for sure marriage big largest in the country established 25 years; thousands of honorable wealthy members; waiting early marriage; confidential list free; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.

Your Future Foretold; Send stamp; predictions for troubled people; on request; if sold immediately; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.

Retired Business Man; Worth \$25,000; Sold; Send stamp; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.

SOCIETY, CLUBS, LODGES, CHURCHES

Here and There Over the State

The river of dreams runs silently down. By a secret way that no one knows; But the soul lives on while the dream tide flows. Thru the gardens bright or the forests brown, And I think sometimes that our whole life seems To be more than half made up of dreams; For its changing sights, and its passing shows, And its morning hopes, and its mid-night fears, Are left behind with the vanished years. Onward, with ceaseless motion, The life stream flows to the ocean, And we follow the tide awake or asleep. Till we see the dawn on love's great deep, Then the bar at the harbor mouth is crossed, And the river of dreams in the sea is lost. —Nest-ce-pas?

Honoring Representatives Handsome engraved invitations bearing a miniature of the state seal embossed in gold, were received by twenty-four members of the House of Representatives, who were the dinner guests of Governor O. A. Larrazolo at the executive mansion Tuesday night. A second dinner will follow shortly at which twenty-five members of that distinguished body will be like-wise entertained by the chief executive of the state.

Exceptionally Interesting The members of the Santa Fe Woman's Club, and several visitors enjoyed an exceptionally interesting literary program Tuesday afternoon at the library building. Mrs. Thomas White charmingly entertained the ladies by giving the first of a series of entertainments on "Story-Telling," using as material tales of Hans Christian Andersen and others. Mrs. N. B. Laughlin, president of the club presided.

The next meeting of the club will be held on the 18th of March. Mrs. Reed Holloman and Mrs. W. E. Carrion will have charge of the program. Section F will give short talks on Cullings from the Magazines.

A. H. A. Lodge Celebrates Lincoln Lodge No. 40 A. H. A. at Gallup celebrated the fifth anniversary of the organization of the local order in that city Monday evening. An interesting program was presented, including addresses by prominent speakers, which was followed by a grand ball. Refreshments were served.

Child's Welfare The Child's Welfare department of the Woman's club at Las Vegas, are raising the necessary funds with which to provide a suitable playground for the children in that city. A benefit dance for the worthy cause will be given by the committee in charge the first Wednesday after Easter.

Elaborate Spanish Dinner State Senator J. Smith Lee, of Roswell, entertained several of the senators, their wives and Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Dills, of this city, at an elaborate Spanish dinner, prepared and served by Mrs. Garcia, on Galisteo street, last evening after which the party attended the picture show.

Old-Timers' Meeting The annual old-timers' meeting held at the Elk's home in Raton last Friday night was largely attended and was one of the most enjoyable affairs of the kind ever experienced by the membership.

A Union Meeting Of the Aid and Missionary departments of the Woman's Union of the Presbyterian church will be held this afternoon at the residence of Miss Elizabeth Hughes, Federal Street.

Land for Sale FOR SALE—480-A. STOCK FARM Level mixed land, well improved, 30 miles southeast Portales, N. M., at bargain if sold immediately. For particulars address, John User, Clovis, N. M.

Help Wanted EARN \$25 weekly, spare time, writing for newspapers, magazines, etc. Use unique Free Press Syndicate, 215 St. Louis, Mo.

Personal MARRY IF LONELY; for results try the best and most successful "Home Maker" confidential; most reliable; years of experience; desirable free; the "Home Maker" Club, Mrs. Pardee, Box 10, Oakland, Calif.—No. 30-22.

MARRY IF SINGLE for sure marriage big largest in the country established 25 years; thousands of honorable wealthy members; waiting early marriage; confidential list free; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.

Your Future Foretold; Send stamp; predictions for troubled people; on request; if sold immediately; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.

Retired Business Man; Worth \$25,000; Sold; Send stamp; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.

NEW MEXICO RED CROSS

The Red Cross Home Service

It exists especially for the benefit of the family of the sailor and soldier and for the help and relief of the returned or discharged soldier himself. In every county seat of the state, if not nearer, there is a home service office, to which any member of the family of a soldier or sailor may apply in need, and receive advice, financial assistance, medical attention, and most important of all, sympathy and moral support.

A list of the county chapters and secretaries follows: pin it up somewhere:

New Mexico Home Service Chapters. Albuquerque, Mrs. Fred Lee. Artesia, Mrs. S. E. Freec. Chaves county chapter, Roswell, Mrs. L. B. Herbst. Colfax county chapter, Raton, Miss Nellie Scanlon. Curry county chapter, Clovis, Mrs. Charles Steed. De Baca county chapter, Fort Sumner, Mrs. W. H. Parker. Dona Ana county chapter, Las Cruces, Mrs. Laura Frenger. Eddy county chapter, Carlsbad, Mrs. Pearl Braden. Farmington chapter, Farmington, Mrs. Lucile H. McGregor. Grant county chapter, Silver City, Mrs. William Harris. Guadalupe county chapter, Santa Rosa, Mrs. J. J. Moise. Lea county chapter, Lovington, Dr. A. A. Dearduff. Lincoln county chapter, Carrizozo, Miss Grace Jones. Los Lunas chapter, Los Lunas, Harry P. Owen. Luna county chapter, Deming, Doris Watson. McKinley county chapter, Gallup, F. S. Lawrence. Mora county chapter, Wagon Mound, Simon Vorenburg. Northern Rio Arriba chapter, Chama, Mrs. Effie B. Stauder. Otero county chapter, Alamogordo, Mrs. Alma Latham. Quay county chapter, Tucuman, Mrs. T. N. Lawson. Rio Puerco district chapter, Cuba, Mrs. Mattie Barren. Roosevelt county chapter, Portales, Miss Irene Smith. Roy chapter, Roy, Mrs. F. H. Crow. Sandoval county chapter, Bernalillo, Mrs. W. B. Benker. San Miguel county chapter, East Las Vegas, Mrs. F. I. Myers. Santa Fe county chapter, Santa Fe, Mrs. Clara Carruth. Sierra county chapter, Hillsboro, Guy McPherson. Socorro county chapter, Socorro, Mrs. Anne Hilton. Taos county chapter, Taos, Mrs. Mary DuBois. Torrance county chapter, Estancia, twelve miles north of Willard and fifteen miles from Kennedy, Rev. W. J. Waltz. Union county chapter, Clayton, Mrs. Norma Paddock. Upper Aransas chapter, Aztec, E. C. Waring. Valencia county chapter, Belen, Bernard Jacobson. Western Socorro chapter, Magdalena, Mrs. R. A. Thomas.

Leaves For France Miss Erna Ferguson has received a message from the Mountain division of the Red Cross at Denver to report in New York on March 10th, to sail with a Red Cross canteen contingent sailing on the 15th. Miss Ferguson left Albuquerque on the Limited Wednesday the fifth of Washington, where she will stop to see her brother, Harvey, and his wife, and her sister, Miss Lena Ferguson, who will probably accompany her to New York. Miss Ferguson has been in charge of the Red Cross home service for some time, and is doing an invaluable work throughout the state. She had planned to go "overseas" and was ready to sail at the time the armistice was signed, when the Red Cross discontinued sending any workers and has sent no further contingents until the present time. The warmest wishes of an unusually large circle of friends will go with her.—Albuquerque Herald.

Frank M. Vaughn, of Denver, director of the bureau of development of the Red Cross for the mountain division was present at a meeting of the local chapter Tuesday afternoon. He outlined plans of campaign and presented the great need of its success. The clothing problem is one of the most serious faced by the European people who have been liberated by the war. At least 10,000 tons of clothing is needed. A big drive will be conducted in the near future by all Red Cross chapters and branches in the mountain division to furnish their quota of used clothing, shoes and blankets.

Red Cross Dance The Red Cross dance last Friday night was a social and financial success, the receipts being \$150.00. The music furnished by the Artesia orchestra was highly appreciated and everything passed off pleasantly.—Lake Arthur Times.

Food Sales Popular The food sales at the Red Cross Shop are becoming more popular every week, and the supply furnished by the different organizations never quite meets the demand. Last Saturday the ladies of the Catholic parish took in for cooked food and the service of tea to patrons \$25.35, and the fish pond netted \$33.11. The fish pond proved a very attractive feature and many enthusiastic youngsters were present.—Deming Headlight.

CLASSIFIED LAND FOR SALE FOR SALE—480-A. STOCK FARM Level mixed land, well improved, 30 miles southeast Portales, N. M., at bargain if sold immediately. For particulars address, John User, Clovis, N. M.

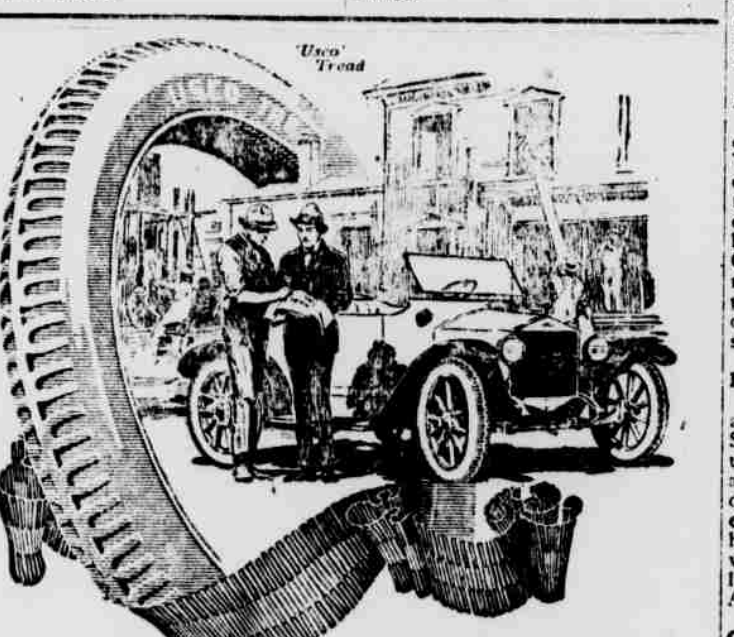
HELP WANTED EARN \$25 weekly, spare time, writing for newspapers, magazines, etc. Use unique Free Press Syndicate, 215 St. Louis, Mo.

PERSONAL MARRY IF LONELY; for results try the best and most successful "Home Maker" confidential; most reliable; years of experience; desirable free; the "Home Maker" Club, Mrs. Pardee, Box 10, Oakland, Calif.—No. 30-22.

MARRY IF SINGLE for sure marriage big largest in the country established 25 years; thousands of honorable wealthy members; waiting early marriage; confidential list free; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.

Your Future Foretold; Send stamp; predictions for troubled people; on request; if sold immediately; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.

Retired Business Man; Worth \$25,000; Sold; Send stamp; The Old Reliable Club 728 Madison, Oakland, Calif.—No. 24-22.



The More You Use Your Car The More You Need Good Tires

Your car's usefulness is increasing every day. It is becoming more and more of a real necessity to you—both in your business and home life. For that very reason you need good tires, now, more than ever. The out-and-out dependability that created so tremendous a demand for United States Tires in times of war is just as desirable today. It reduces tire troubles to the vanishing point—multiplying the usefulness of your car and putting the cost of operation on a real thrift basis.

United States 'Nobby', 'Chain', 'Usco', and 'Plain' are the most popular fabric tires built. They have all the strength and stamina our years of experience have taught us to put into tires. There is also the United States 'Royal Cord', the finest tire built for passenger car use. Our nearest Sales and Service Depot dealer has exactly the treads you need for your car and the roads you travel. He will gladly help you pick them out.



United States Tires are Good Tires

CAPITAL COAL YARD

Swastika Coal, Cerrillos Coal, All Kinds Steam Coal; Madrid, N. M., Anthracite Coal, Madrid Smithing Coal, Cord and Sawed Wood, Factory Kindling.

NEAR A. T. & S. F. DEPOT PHONE 85 MAIN

Save Wheat and Meat by Eating More POTATOES

In this way you will greatly assist in the great war tasks of the United States Food Administration.

H. S. KAUNE & CO.

POWER RATE

200 K. W. 7c per K. W.
300 K. W. 6c per K. W.
400 K. W. 5c per K. W.

All in excess of the above 4c per K. W. Special Rates for Cooking.

SANTA FE WATER & LIGHT COMPANY

ASKREN SUGGESTS A BANK LAW IN OPINION ON TAXES

Attorney General O. O. Askren in connection with an opinion rendered recently to the state tax commission regarding the assessment of bank property recommends the passage of a law in New Mexico similar to that in force in several other states providing that real estate held by banks and not appearing on the bank books at part of their capital shall be deducted from the total capital and assessed in the county where it is located.

RECEIVER APPOINTED FOR SOCORRO MINING COMPANY

D. B. Scott of Socorro was this week appointed receiver of the Socorro Mining and Milling company as a result of a suit brought by Jackson Agee, alleging indebtedness to Agee of over \$25,000 on the part of the company, and some \$30,000 in additional debts. James Royall represented the company in an action brought before U. S. District Judge Neblett.

INCOME TAX COLLECTOR HAS A FREE ADVISORY SERVICE

Frank B. Reid representing collector of internal revenue Alfred Franklin, has opened an office in the Catron block in Santa Fe until March 15, where he will advise all people who seek his services as to their liability under the income tax law. Unmarried persons whose income in 1918 exceeds \$1,000, and married persons whose combined incomes exceed \$2,000 must file returns.

M'FIE EDWARDS & M'FIE ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

OFFICE Corner Palace & Washington Ave. Santa Fe, New Mexico.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO WITHIN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF SANTA FE

Mike Girando, Plaintiff, vs. No. 5184 The Unknown Heirs of Mrs. C. C. Richards and unknown persons who may claim any interest or title adverse to plaintiff in the premises described below.

NOTICE OF SUIT TO THE DEFENDANTS ABOVE NAMED:

You, and each of you, are hereby notified that the plaintiff has filed a complaint against you in the above entitled cause in which he states that he is the owner of Lots No. 9 and No. 11, in Block 9, in the town of Cerrillos, according to the record plat of said townsite in the County of Santa Fe, State of New Mexico; and that you, or some of you, claim an interest or title to the said premises adverse to the plaintiff, and that his title thereto should be barred and forever estopped, and asking that the plaintiff's estate therein be established and his title thereto quieted and set at rest. You are further notified that unless you enter your appearance in said cause on or before the 31st day of March, 1919, judgment will be rendered in said cause against you by default.

The name and address of Plaintiff's attorneys are: McFie, Edwards & McFie, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 12th day of February, 1919.

ALFREDO LUCERO, County Clerk and Ex-Officio Clerk of the District Court for Santa Fe County, New Mexico.

FEDERICO LOPEZ, Deputy.

First Publication Feb. 14, 1919. Last Publication March 7, 1919.