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Santa Fe New Mexican, 04-25-1898

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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN.

VOL. 35.

SANTA FE, N. M., MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1898.

NO. 54.

DISTRICT COURT NOTES.

Manuel D. and Fidel Gonzales Admitted to Bail—Suits Filed—Tucker Hearing.
In the District court for Santa Fe county a suit entitled Miguel Chavez vs. Magdalena L. de Ortiz et al., foreclosure. The suit is brought to foreclose a mortgage of \$4,000 on the property occupied by H. B. Cartwright & Bro.

Judge McFie is in Las Vegas today hearing a case in chambers in which the A., T. & S. F. railway protests against the collection of certain taxes levied on its property in San Miguel county.

The hearing on the motion to be admitted to bail in the case of Manuel D. Gonzales and Fidel Gonzales, charged with the unlawful killing of Frank E. Gutierrez, brought to this county on a change of venue from Bernalillo county, was finished Saturday evening about 5 o'clock before Judge McFie and the defendants were admitted to bail, Manuel D. Gonzales in the amount of \$5,000 and Fidel Gonzales in the amount of \$2,500. Bail bonds were immediately furnished for the amounts stated, signed by Messrs. Pedro Perea, Jacobo Perea and Pedro C. de Bernalillo, approved by the judge, and defendants were released from the custody of Sheriff Hubbell and will appear at the next term of court in this county for trial.

Chief Justice Mills is expected to arrive from Las Vegas this evening to preside at the preliminary examination of Thos. S. Tucker, charged with the unlawful killing of Hipolito Vigil in this county, which hearing it is expected will commence tomorrow, Tuesday.

Funeral of Mrs. Marsh.

The funeral of Mrs. M. A. Marsh occurred from the Marsh residence on Manhattan street at 2 o'clock p. m. yesterday. The body was interred in Fairview cemetery beside the remains of her husband, Jerome L. Marsh, and daughter, Laura Marsh. Final services at the grave were conducted by Father Gay. The three children of the deceased, Geo. Marsh, Mrs. Geo. T. Sumner and Mrs. Elmer A. Wilson, of Denver, were present at the service. A large concourse of friends attended, and the Fifteen club, of which Mrs. Marsh was a member, observed the obsequies in a body. The floral offerings were varied and profuse. A most magnificent maltese cross was presented by the members of the Fifteen club, and Mrs. C. M. Williams, of Colorado Springs, sent a sheaf of wheat with a mass of violets. Children placed 300 violets on the coffin.

Died at Mora.

Mrs. Barbara Gallegos de Ribera died at Mora, Friday, April 23 at 4 p. m., and was buried at that place yesterday. She was an aunt to Mrs. F. A. Manzanera, of Las Vegas, and grandmother of Mrs. B. M. Reed, of this city.

Is your face rough or chapped? Try Fischer's cocoa cream; sample free.

Bon-Ton Restaurant.

All kinds of Kansas City meats, fish and game in season, can be found at the Bon-Ton Restaurant, don't fail to notice their show window.

WAR DECLARATION

President's Message to Congress Advising That War Be Formally Declared—Reasons Given.

ACT PASSED BY BOTH HOUSES

Amendment Recognizing Belligerent Rights Defeated in Senate—Army Reorganization Bill—Secretary Sherman Has Resigned.

Washington, April 25.—The president has signed the declaration of war passed by congress today.

Washington, April 25.—The president has sent to congress the following message:

I herewith transmit to congress for consideration and appropriate action, copies of the correspondence recently had with the representatives of Spain in the United States, with the United States minister at Madrid, and through a letter, with the government of Spain, showing the action taken under a joint resolution approved April 20, 1898, "for the recognition of the independence of the people of Cuba, demanding that the government of Spain relinquish its authority and government in the island of Cuba and withdraw its land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters, and directing the president of the United States to use the land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect."

Upon communicating to the Spanish minister in Washington the demand which it became the duty of the executive to address to the government of Spain in obedience to the said resolution, the said minister asked for his passports and withdrew. The United States minister in Madrid was in turn notified by the Spanish minister of his action, whereby the withdrawal of the Spanish representatives from the United States terminated all diplomatic relations between the two countries and all official communications between their respective representatives ceased therewith.

I recommend your especial attention a note directed to the United States minister at Madrid by the Spanish minister of foreign affairs, on the 21st inst., whereby the foregoing notification was conveyed. It will be perceived that the Spanish government, having cognizance of the joint resolution passed by the congress of the United States, and in view of the things which the president is thereby required and authorized to do, responds by treating the representative demands of this government as measures of hostility, following with that, the instant and complete severance of all relations by its action, whereby the usage of nations accompanies an existent state of war between the severing powers.

The position of Spain being thus known, and the demands of the United States being defied with a complete rupture in intercourse with special attention being constrained in exercise of the power and authority conferred upon me by the joint resolution, to proclaim, under date of April 22, 1898, a blockade of certain ports on the north coast of Cuba lying between Cardenas and Bahia Honda, and the port of Cienfuegos on the south coast of the island, in the exercise of my constitutional powers, and in using the authority conferred upon me by the act of congress, approved April 23, 1898, to issue my proclamation dated April 23, 1898, calling for volunteers in order to carry into effect the said resolution of April 20, 1898.

Copies of these resolutions are hereto appended. In view of the measures so taken, and with the view to the adoption of such other measures as may be necessary to enable me to carry out the provisions of the act of congress in the United States in the premises, I now recommend to your honorable body the adoption of a joint resolution declaring that a state of war exists between the United States in America and the Kingdom of Spain, and I urge speedy action thereon to the end that a definition of the international status of the United States as a belligerent power, may be made known and to assert in all its rights and the maintenance of all its duties in the conduct of a public war may be assured. (Signed) WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

Message Referred to Committees. In the house the message was referred to the foreign affairs committee; in the senate to the committee on foreign relations.

House Proceedings. At 1:30 this afternoon Acting Chairman Adams called up for consideration of the house to consider the war bill. It took the house 1 minute and 41 seconds to pass a declaration of war.

War Declaration. The following is the bill passed by the house:

A bill declaring that war exists between the United States of America and the Kingdom of Spain.

Be it enacted, etc., First, That war be and the same is hereby declared to exist, and that war has existed since April 21, A. D. 1898, including the said day, between the United States of America and the Kingdom of Spain.

Second, That the president of the United States be and he is hereby directed and empowered to use the entire land and naval forces of the United States and to call into actual service the United States militia of the several states to such an extent as may be necessary to carry this act into effect.

Recognition of Belligerent Rights Wanted. Senators Morgan and Turpie agreed to report the house war declaration to the foreign relations committee, but reserved the right to amend it in the senate. They want recognition of belligerent rights of the Cubans.

Declaration of War Passed by Senate. The senate committee on foreign relations agreed to report the war bill as passed by the house. At 2:50 p. m., the house bill declaring war was delivered to the senate. Mr. Davis moved to close the doors. Agreed to.

In the executive session Mr. Turpie made a speech in favor of the recognition of belligerency. Mr. Morgan made a speech charging congress for not sooner taking action on a declaration of war.

The senate agreed to the house war bill without amendment. In the secret session the Cuban belligerency amendment to the declaration of war was lost by a vote of 24 to 38.

Naval Appropriation Bill.

An amendment was adopted to the naval bill, appropriating \$8,330,000 to enable the secretary of the navy to enlist men for the navy during the existing war, and the appropriation bill passed the senate.

Secretary Sherman Has Resigned. The cabinet held a special meeting to consider the message recommending a declaration of war. Secretary Sherman carried his resignation to the meeting. It takes effect at this close of today's business hours.

MARKET REPORT. New York, April 25.—Money on call nominally 2 @ 3 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6 @ 7. Silver, 56½; lead, 83.50; copper, 11½.

Chicago—Cattle, receipts, 11,500; strong to 10c higher; beefs, \$3.00 @ \$3.35; cows and heifers, \$2.25 @ \$4.60; Texas steers, \$3.75 @ \$4.50; stockers and feeders, \$3.70 @ \$4.75. Sheep, receipts, 14,000; strong to 10c higher; natives, \$3.25 @ \$4.70; westerns, \$3.75 @ \$4.60; lambs, \$4.00 @ \$5.00. Chicago.—Wheat, May, \$1.19½; July, 92½. Corn, April, 33½; July, 34½. Oats, April, 28½; July, 25½ @ 25¾.

WHEAT OUT OF SIGHT. May Delivery Forced Up to \$1.20 Per Bushel by Efforts of Shorts to Over Advance Sales.

Chicago, April 25.—Panic stricken bears on change today bid the price of May wheat up to \$1.20, per bushel, an advance 6 cents from the closing price of Saturday. July and deferred deliveries, now the mediums of speculation, gained 2 cents each.

Judge Day Will Accept. Canton, O., April 25.—Judge Day will accept the position of secretary of state if he is nominated by the president and confirmed by the senate.

WILL SUPPORT A REPUBLIC. Twenty Thousand Spanish Republicans Addressed Senator Castellar.

Madrid, April 25.—About 20,000 republicans have signed an address to Senator Castellar under the pretext of congratulating him upon his recovery from illness, but in reality offering him support if he proclaims a republic.

Inheritance Tax Law Sustained. Washington, April 25.—A decision was rendered by the United States supreme court today in the Illinois inheritance tax case, sustaining the law.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT RESIGNED. Assistant Secretary of Navy Will Be Appointed Lieutenant Colonel—Governors of States Notified of Quota of Troops.

Washington, April 25.—Theodore Roosevelt has resigned as assistant secretary of the navy, to take effect at the president's convenience after the commencement of military operations. Secretary Roosevelt will be appointed lieutenant colonel of a regiment of cowboys he will raise.

State Governors Will Be Notified. The war department this afternoon will notify the state governors of the quota of troops they are expected to furnish and the points of assemblage.

SUMMER RESORT DESTROYED. Lake Laura, Wis., Burned and Four Persons Consumed.

Eagle River, Wis., April 25.—Lake Laura, a summer resort owned by Peter Stein, on Lake Laura, burned last night with all the adjacent cottages. Mrs. Stein and three children were burned to death.

CUBAN CABLE CUT

Captain General Blanco Deprived of Telegraphic Communication with Madrid.

YALE AND HARVARD READY

Nine Prizes Captured by United States Navy Up to Date—American Rifles, Artillery and Ammunition for the Cuban Army.

Washington, April 25.—The quota of troops called for from New Mexico is four troops of cavalry.

Tampa, Fla., April 25.—The United States has cut the Havana cable, ten miles out from Havana. The southern end of the cable is now on the steamer Mangrove, recently converted into an auxiliary cruiser. This gives the government the exclusive use of the cable and entirely cuts Captain General Blanco off from all communication with Spain, as the insurgents are between him and the other cableports. It is the intention, so soon as a blockade at Cienfuegos is established, to cut the cable to Jamaica, thus entirely severing telegraphic communication between Cuba and the outside world, except such matter as is sent through the United States censorship. Orders have been issued by the navy department to prevent newspaper boats following the fleet, thus doubling the difficulty of obtaining accurate information, as well as greatly delaying it.

American Flag Fired Upon. Key West, April 25.—The first Spanish shots fired at the American flag were directed against the torpedo boat Foote on Saturday evening, while she was taking soundings in the Mantanzas harbor.

Good Work by Uncle Sam so Far. New York, April 25.—Since the war with Spain began, the United States naval forces have established a strict blockade over Cuban ports and captured nine ships belonging to Spain. Prizes are the steamers Buena Ventura, Pedro, Miguel Jover, Catalina, Saturnina, and schooners Mathilde, Candilla, Antonio. Spain has made no seizures of American vessels as known so far.

The flying squadron still remains in Hampton roads, except the Minnesota and the Columbia, which have gone to sea on a mission known only to the naval authorities.

Cubans to Be Armed With Uncle Sam's Rifles. Washington, April 25.—The government is preparing to land in Cuba 25,000 to 30,000 stands of improved Springfield rifles, artillery batteries, rapid firing Maxim guns and an abundance of ammunition. When the time arrives for 35,000 armed Cubans to co-operate with the American forces, they will be thoroughly armed and equipped.

The Columbia at Newport. Newport, R. I., April 25.—The United States ship, Columbia, passed Fort Adams at 11 a. m. bound in.

The Harvard and Yale Ready for Business. New York, April 25.—The American line steamers St. Louis and New York, now United States ships Harvard and Yale, are being coaled today, every inch of space usually used for receipt of freight being filled. They are under sold orders and nothing definite can be learned as to their destination.

Drowned in the Rio Grande. Special to the New Mexican. Thornton, April 25.—Francisco Silva was drowned in the Rio Grande at Pena Blanca, six miles below this place yesterday. Silva asked the ferryman the cost of transportation and when informed that it was 25 cents, decided to save the money and swim the river. When in eight feet of water the swift current drew the horse and the animal and rider were drowned. The young man had \$85 on his person.

Strictly First Class. Housekeepers and restaurant managers can save money by purchasing meats, fish and oysters from Bischoff & Muller. Only strictly first-class meats sold.

STILL HOPES FOR INTERVENTION.

Queen Regent Hopeful of Aid from European Powers—British Ports to Be Neutral.

Paris, April 25.—It is announced that the queen regent of Spain still hopes for a peaceful foreign intervention. Spain's Declaration on Privateering. London, April 25.—With reference to Spain's declaration on the subject of privateering, issued from Madrid yesterday to the British officials, the joint resolutions announced by the United States on the subject were taken without reference to any policy Spain might adopt. Therefore, it is not expected that Spain's intention will effect the decision promulgated by the United States.

Believed Spanish Fleet Has Sailed. A special from Cape Verde Islands received in this city says that it is believed the Spanish fleet sailed today.

British Ports to Be Neutral. London, April 25.—The British admiral, commanding at Queenstown ordered the Spanish torpedo boat Audace to quit the port before 6 o'clock this morning. She still lacks considerable quantities of war equipments. The foreign office expects to publish tomorrow evening a formal notice that all warships of belligerents must leave British ports within 24 hours.

At the Hotels. At the Palace: K. H. Clarke, Chicago; E. P. Ferguson, Cincinnati; Miss L. Hunter and sister, Huntsville, O.; Misses Hochhalter, New York City; Mr. and Mrs. Fryon, Windsor, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hartford, Conn.; Dr. S. J. Butler, Baltimore, Md.; Joseph A. Knight, Worcester, Mass.; Miss G. A. Van Antwerp, Miss E. M. Van Antwerp, Mrs. Wm. M. Van Antwerp, Albany, N. Y.; Geo. F. Simonds, South Acton, Mass.; D. D. Conney, Chama; E. A. Reece, wife and baby, Portland, Ore.; Henry D. Meyer and wife, Chantilly; S. E. Burnett, George R. Bennett, Denver; Geo. D. Stetson, Chicago.

At the Claire: J. W. Fleming, Silver City; C. J. Day, St. Louis; Geo. D. Stetson, Chicago; L. C. Fort, Louis Lutz, Wm. G. Haydon, Las Vegas; H. L. Warren, Albuquerque; R. A. Kreamer, Denver; D. C. Hobart, Silver City.

SINGULAR STATEMENT. From Mrs. Rank to Mrs. Pinkham.

The following letter to Mrs. Pinkham from Mrs. M. RANK, No. 2,354 East Southwestern Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., is a remarkable statement of relief from utter discouragement. She says: "I never can find words with which to thank you for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."

"Some years ago I had womb trouble and doctored for a long time, not seeing any improvement. At times I would feel well enough, and other times was miserable. So it went on until last October, I felt something terrible creeping over me, I knew not what, but kept getting worse. I can hardly explain my feelings at that time. I was so depressed in spirits that I did not wish to live, although I had everything to live for. Had hysteria, was very nervous; could not sleep and was not safe to be left alone."

"Indeed, I thought I would lose my mind. No one knows what I endured. I continued this way until the last of February, when I saw in a paper a testimonial of a lady whose case was similar to mine, and who had been cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I determined to try it, and felt better after the first dose. I continued taking it, and to-day am a well woman, and can say from my heart, 'Thank God for such a medicine.'"

Mrs. Pinkham invites all suffering women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice. All such letters are seen and answered by women only.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



FOR SALE BY H. B. CARTWRIGHT & BRO.

At the Exchange: Frank Becker, Santa Cruz; Thos. Dozier, San Ildefonso; William Morgan, Leadville, Colo.; Joseph Morgan, Alex Hood, Denver.

At the Bon Ton: G. F. Clinton, Flagstaff; Chas. W. Wynkoop, Bland; H. D. Forest, Edward Fox, Rico; Thos. Jones, Las Vegas; Antonio Muniz, Francisco Ortiz, Albuquerque; George McMurray, Cerrillos; Alfredo Martinez, Romeroville.

Brewery Entirely Destroyed. This morning at 5:20 the people of the city were aroused by an alarm of fire, and many turned out to assist in putting it out. It proved to be a blaze in the saw dust in the partially destroyed ice house at the old brewery and was soon extinguished, as every one thought.

At 9:30, smoke was again seen issuing from the building and another alarm given, but in spite of the efforts of the fire department, which soon had water playing on the flames, the entire structure was burned to the ground.

It is thought that the fire this morning resulted from the one which occurred a week ago Saturday. Smoldering embers remained in the saw dust and when the surface had been reached the air soon fanned them into flames. As the property is owned by the N. O. Nelson Manufacturing company of St. Louis, and the insurance is carried there, a statement of the loss and the amount of insurance cannot be gotten at this time. Hon. C. A. Spies, agent for the Nelson company, is of the opinion that the fire was incendiary in its origin.

Change of Principal Place of Business. Notice is hereby given that the principal place of business of the White Oaks and Kansas City Baking company has been changed from Santa Fe, New Mexico, to Alamogordo in Dona Ana county, New Mexico, by assent of the stockholders and direction of the directors at the meeting thereof held April 16, 1898, under and in accordance with Sec. 2649 of Compiled Laws of New Mexico, 1884, such change to take effect May 1, 1898. B. S. HARMON, Secretary.

Santa Fe, N. M., April 16, 1898.

OXFORD CLUB CONIEST RESORT IN SANTA FE CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.

Exclusive agency for Anheuser Beer, bottled and keg. Blue Ribbon and Schlitz, bottled. Canton Club, Clark's Pure Rye and Early Times whiskey, bottled in bond. *** James Hennessy brandy and a full line of imported liquors and cigars.

W. H. MCBRYER WHISKEY. ELEVATION RYE. BILLARD HALL IN CONNECTION Next door to the Bon Ton Restaurant SAN FRANCISCO STREET.

J. E. LACOME, Prop

Use only one heaping teaspoonful of Schilling's Best Baking Powder to a quart of flour.

You must use two teaspoonfuls of other baking powder.

H. B. Cartwright & Bro. THE GROCERS

Armour's sliced Ham and sliced Breakfast Bacon in cans are convenient and economical; no bone and no waste; ready to cook; 1 pound cans, 25 cents.

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE 2 small Japanese cups and saucers, 15c. 2 large Japanese cups and saucers, 25c. Two new open stock patterns in medium priced English semi-porcelain; there is no necessity to buy a "set" with a lot of pieces you will never use. We will sell you any quantity you want at correct prices.

GARDEN SEEDS. Buy your garden seed in bulk and save money. Sweet pea seed, per lb., 50c. 2 lbs choice garden peas, corn, or beans for 25c.

TELEPHONE 4

AMERICAN PLAN

Fire Proof and Steam Heat Electric Lights and Elevator Everything First-Class

CLAIRE HOTEL. SANTA FE, N. M.

Rates \$2.00 & \$2.50 per day

F. G. ERB, PROPRIETOR

OJO CALIENTE

(HOT SPRINGS.)



THESE Celebrated Hot Springs are located in the midst of the Ancient Cliff Dwellers, twenty-five miles west of Taos, and fifty miles north of Santa Fe, and about twelve miles from Barranca Station on the Denver & Rio Grande Railway, from which point a daily line of stages runs to the Springs. The temperature of these waters is from 90° to 120°. The gases are carbonic. Altitude 6,000 feet. Climate very dry and delightful the year round. There is now a commodious hotel for the convenience of invalids and tourists. These waters contain 1898.34 grains of alkaline salts to the gallon; being the richest Alkaline Hot Springs in the world. The efficacy of these waters has been thoroughly tested by the miraculous cures attended in the following diseases:—Paralysis, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Consumption, Malaria, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, Syphilis and Mercurial Abscesses, Scrofula, Catarrh, La Grippe, all Female Complaints, etc. Board, Lodging and Bathing, \$2.50 per day. Reduced rates given by the month. This resort is attractive at all seasons and is open all winter. Passengers for Ojo Caliente can leave Santa Fe at 10:00 a. m. and reach Ojo Caliente at 5 p. m. the same day. Fare for the round trip from Santa Fe to Ojo Caliente, 75c. For further particulars address:

ANTONIO JOSEPH, Prop., Ojo Caliente, Taos County, New Mexico

KNOCK OUT PRICES.

Santa Fe Mercantile Co.

Ladies shirt waists at 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50. Just arrived. They are beauties. Buy early, so as to get the first pick.

LADIES & CHILDREN SHOES—

Ladies' shoes, silk uppers, at 93 and \$1.50. We warrant every pair. We have them in brown, tan and dark brown and green silk tops. Ladies low cut shoes in brown, tan and black silk uppers. The finest in the city. Sold at low prices. Children's shoes, in high and low cut in brown, tan and black.

Our men's shoes are not excelled anywhere, both in quality and price.

We have a lot of low cut shoes for ladies, kept over from last season. We sell them at 50c on the dollar.

We are selling for the next ten days white shirting prints at 25

yards for \$1, all other staple prints at 5 cents per yard. Fast colors.

A fine lot of percales go at 13 yards for \$1.

Lawns at 5, 6 and 7c per yard. Unbleached muslin, 1 yard wide, at 4 cents per yard.

The very best 4-4 bleached muslin, 1 yard wide, at 6½ and 7 cents per yard.

We have a lot of "samples" of ladies' underwear, which we bought at ½ price. We give our customers the benefit of this purchase and sell them at 50 cents on the dollar.

WALL PAPER—It does not cost a fortune nowadays to paper your rooms. We are selling wall paper at ½ its former price. A new and large stock to select

A PLEASURE TO SHOW GOODS.

from. Your express charges, sending for paper east, will be more than the cost of paper at our store.

We are known to sell all kinds of millinery at just ½ the price others get for their goods. A select stock is shown in this line.

Buy one of our latest style gents' Cuban hats, or a nice linen hat at 50 and 75 cents. They are the latest for the medium warm weather. Men's straw hats at any price from 10c to \$1.50.

Men's laundered shirts at 50c, 65c, 75c at \$1, collar attached in all imaginable designs.

MEN'S NECKWEAR—All silk and silk lined ties at 25 and 35 cents each. Others ask you 50 cents for the same quality. Wash ties in all qualities from 2 to 15 cents each.

ABOVE PRICES FOR CASH ONLY.

AD. GUSDORF, Mgr.

The Daily New Mexican

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING CO.

Entered as Second-Class matter at the Santa Fe Post Office.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTIONS. Daily, per week, by carrier... \$ 25

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every Postoffice in the Territory...

ADVERTISING RATES. Wanted—One cent a word each insertion. Local—Ten cents per line each insertion.

MONDAY, APRIL 25.

Go to Cuba, young man, get a war record and grow up with the country. It will help you in after life.

The people of Spain are still in the self congratulatory mood. Within a few weeks they will be in a fearful mood.

Under the call for 125,000 men, this territory will furnish 350 men. Small number to be sure, but we will do the best we can.

Even the yellow journals and the most carping enemies of the administration must admit, that in the present emergency the latter is a yard wide and all wool.

There will be poetic justice in a colored regiment of United States troops landing first on Cuban soil. Spain was the last of the European nations to abolish slavery.

The Postal Telegraph & Cable company is stringing the fourth wire on its poles throughout the territory. Advancement is the order of the day in New Mexico.

The Spanish minister to this country, Senor Polo y Barnabe, has safely reached Toronto in the Dominion of Canada. For aught any one in this country cared he might have remained here with perfect safety.

Captain General Blanco is great at issuing proclamations these blockade days in Havana. But proclamations break no blockades and win no naval battles when the United States navy is about.

On Saturday last, Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania, reported the National Guard of that state, 9,000 men strong, ready for active service, to the War department at Washington. Pennsylvania is all right, in peace or war.

General Weyler says, one Spaniard is equal to ten Cubans and ten Cubans are equal to 100 Americans. Still Weyler's history as commander of the Spanish forces in Cuba does not bear out this assertion, as with 200,000 Spanish troops he was unable to subdue 35,000 Cuban rebels.

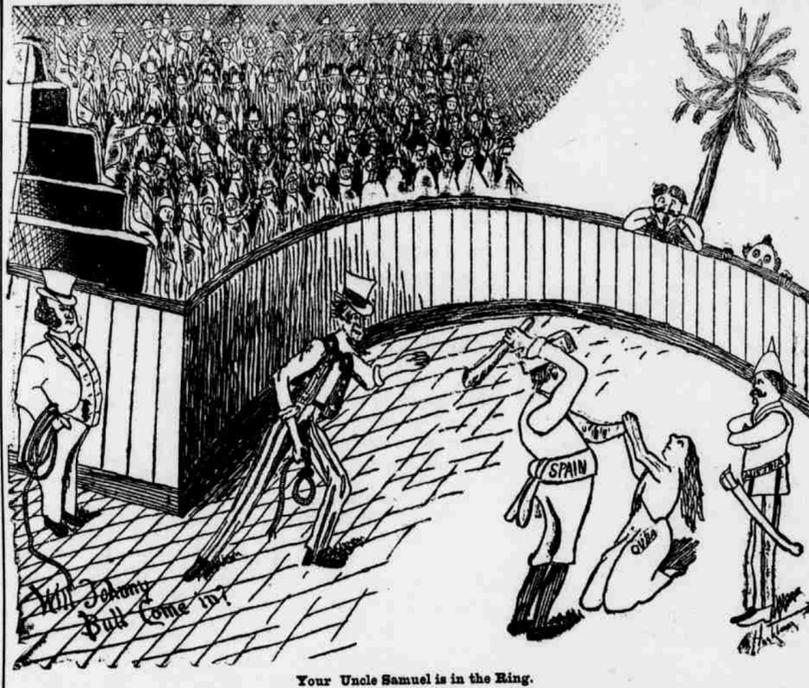
Bunting and flags were displayed in every important town in New Mexico when the news that Havana harbor was blockaded, flashed over the wires. In some localities the excitement was intense. The people of New Mexico are loyal and public spirited.

A cable to the Herald from Key West, Fla., says: Patrick Mullin fired the first shot in the war between Spain and the United States, and the big Spanish freight steamer Buena Ventura is the first prize of this country.

Judge Morrison is very proud of the above. He says whenever America is in trouble the Pats and Mikes will always be at the front.

The New Mexican is in a position to state, that while the name of Mr. Veeclao Jaramillo is being mentioned for the re-election to the house or to be a member of the senate of the coming legislature, the gentleman has stated that he is not a candidate for re-election and will accept no nomination whatever.

There seems to be a disposition among some newspapers, especially some of the New York yellow journals and their imitators, aiders and abettors in the west, to magnify the Spanish navy and talk grandly and eloquently about the Spanish torpedo boat flotilla, the powerful Spanish ironclads and the like.



Your Uncle Samuel is in the Ring.

In until 4:30. This places all territorial newspapers north of Albuquerque at a disadvantage and gives the Chicago newspapers an opportunity to overtake them during the several hours time lost while the trains stop over at Albuquerque. The territorial newspapers would welcome a change in the schedule.

Let New Mexico Speak Out.

After exhausting every honorable effort in the interest of peace between Spain and the United States, this country has at last been driven to submit the contention to the "bloody arbitrament of the sword." With patience and forbearance, which command the admiration of every good citizen, President McKinley has withstood the noisy clamor of the malcontents, whose only mission in life is carping and pessimistic fault finding. They condemned the president because he wisely refrained from war until we were ready, and now they condemn him because we are ready. Happily such persons count for nothing when the great voice of the people is heard. America stands in a grander position than any nation ever occupied in human history. Thirty-three years ago, the country was just emerging from the bloodiest and most destructive internecine struggle of modern times. Foreign nations (judging from their own unhappy experience) predicted that the happy hegemony by that war would never be extinguished, and that in our next foreign war, the southern states would make common cause with the enemy and thus revenge themselves on their northern brethren. Indeed one of the rain bows that Spain has been chasing was an expected rebellion in her favor by the southern people. "The wish as usual was father to the thought." Now behold the superb spectacle which we present to the world. Neither in the revolutionary war, the war of 1812, nor the Mexican war, were our people so splendidly unanimous as they are today. The animosities of the civil war are destroyed in the fervid fires of patriotism which burn in every American heart. Thanks be to the God of our fathers we have lived to see the day when there are neither southerners nor northerners, but all are Americans. Splendid old Tennessee is wild with joy, because the cruiser, called after her beautiful City of Nashville, has fired the first shot, and made the first capture of the war. All the cities of the republic are ablaze with enthusiasm. A few days ago the streets of Denver were lined with 100,000 people to bid a hearty God speed to the gallant Seventh infantry as it marched to the front to maintain the honor of old glory, and to avenge the deaths of the heroic sailors of the Maine. Let New Mexico show that she is behind none of her sister commonwealths in devotion to the flag of the free, and let Santa Fe lead the way in showing in the most emphatic manner that her people are resolved to stand by the president and congress in every exigency to the end. This should be done by assembling in the public halls of the several cities of the territory and speaking out in such terms as will show the authorities and the whole country, that New Mexico can be relied on to her last man and last dollar.

Unpleasant Possibilities.

At the beginning of the war between the United States and Spain the people of this country will do well to give up the theory that the conflict will be of short duration. If the trouble could be confined to the two countries now engaged in hostilities the fighting would soon be ended, but there are several very ominous possibilities which enter into the question that are not pleasant to contemplate.

Germany, to judge from the utterances of the press of that country, is not in love with the idea of seeing the possessions of a kingdom, in the new world, become a republic through the assistance of another republic; France, by reason of religious and financial interests, is only awaiting a favorable opportunity to take a hand in the fight, and a pretext for that opportunity will not be difficult to discover; Austria, the home of the queen regent and doubly interested in the future of Spain by reason that the little king is of Austrian descent, is watching events with a jealous eye, and the moment it is evident that Spanish arms are becoming worsted

in the struggle, will attempt to find some excuse before the other nations to lend a helping hand. The diplomats of the three countries that may possibly become involved in the war, are not lacking in shrewdness, and sufficient insults to their respective flags can be trumped up with remarkable ease at the proper moment. Another thing which may well cause uneasiness over the matter, is the haste with which Spain virtually declared war before the ultimatum of this government could be officially delivered to the Madrid government. Assurances of assistance from some of the great powers must have been conveyed to the queen to bring about such precipitate action.

These things may seem impossible to the majority of the Americans, but every circumstance surrounding the haste in which war was entered into, gives them credence, and unless the friendliness of Great Britain and Japan for this country acts as a safeguard, they may become stern realities before three months pass. And the reasons for the attitude of Germany, France and Austria are not deeply covered up. Germany and Austria cherish a strong hatred for any form of government which does not recognize the divine rights of kings, and the three are consumed with jealousy of the rising power of the United States as a commercial nation, which threatens to overwhelm their markets for native and manufactured products. The most terrible war in the history of the world have been those that have resulted from religious or commercial causes, and the present war is regarded by the greater part of Europe as a commercial struggle.

SUMMARY OF SUNDAY NEWS

NO SPANIARDS IN SIGHT. Southampton, April 24.—The British steamer Mexican, which sailed from Cape Town on April 6 for this port, via the island of Madeira, arrived here at noon. The commander reports that he did not sight a single Spanish war vessel during the voyage.

THE HELENA'S \$400,000 PRIZE. Key West, April 24.—The gunboat Helena has captured the Spanish steamer Miguel Jover. The Helena remained here until yesterday, when she steamed out to sea. She was cruising about 150 miles in a southeasterly course when the Spaniard hoisted her flag early this morning. The Helena fired a blank shot at the Spaniard, who instantly hoisted the torpedoes and fled. The gunboat then put a prize crew on board. She is loaded with cotton and staves, not cotton and grain as previously telegraphed. She has a crew of 52 men. Prize is estimated at \$400,000 in value.

THE SITUATION BEFORE HAVANA. Key West, Fla., April 24.—The torpedo boat Ericsson, left the fleet at 10 o'clock this morning and reached here at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Havana had not been bombarded up to the time the Ericsson left. The squadron lay spread out in line about eight miles long, maintaining the blockade. According to the proclamation, the ships of neutral powers are allowed to pass in and out. The Ericsson caught a little Spanish two-masted fishing schooner carrying a crew of five men. The torpedo boat had no prize crew to put aboard of her, so it chased her to the fleet and tied her up along side of the Cincinnati.

THE UNITED STATES CATCHES IT. London, April 24.—With one important exception, there is general continental condemnation for the United States today. The exception is the St. Petersburg. The Russian. Other continental newspapers continue their bitter hostility and the London Sunday papers contain many indications of unfriendliness.

ONLY SEVEN COWARDS. New York, April 24.—Out of 420 officers and men comprising the crew of the American liner St. Louis, which arrived here last night, only seven refused to sign articles when requested to do so after they were paid off.

SPAIN'S BOMBASTIC INTENTIONS. Madrid, April 24.—1 p. m.—The royal decree issued today says that Spain maintains the right to have recourse to privateering and announces that for the present only auxiliary cruisers will be fitted out. All treaties with the United States are annulled; and 30 days are given the United States ships to leave Spanish ports. The rules that Spain will observe during the war are outlined in five clauses, covering neutral flags and goods contraband of war. What will be considered a blockade, right of search and what constitutes contrabands of war, ending with saying that foreign privateers will be regarded as pirates.

GREEKS VOLUNTEERING FOR UNCLE SAM. Athens, April 24.—Many Greeks are presenting themselves to the United States consulate here seeking enlistment for the war with Spain.

SPAIN'S BOW WOV. Madrid, April 24.—Following is the decree gazetted today: "Diplomatic relations are broken off between Spain and the United States and a state of war is being begun between the two countries. Numerous questions of international law arises which must be precisely defined, chiefly because the injustice and provocation come from our adversaries and it is they, who by their detestable conduct caused this grave conflict."

IN FRONT OF HAVANA. On board the flagship New York, off Havana, April 24.—The Spaniards had evidently seen the lights of the New York while the latter was signaling to the squadron. Moro castle commenced firing. This was reported by the officer of the deck, Ensign J. R. Edie, to Captain Chadwick, and who asked the captain whether the New York had not better discontinue signaling. "No," muttered Captain Chadwick, with the utmost coolness, "there is no necessity for stopping the signals, go ahead."

A little later Captain Chadwick was on the bridge, whence he watched tongues of flame shoot out from Moro castle. He glanced in the direction of the Spanish fortifications a few seconds then turned his back on them and went back to bed, perfectly certain that the Spaniards could do no damage at five miles, the approximate distance of the flagship from Moro castle. Another officer said: "The Spaniards probably became nervous and decided that they could not sleep without some fireworks. They can't hit anything anyway."

There was no excitement on board the flagship. The United States cruiser Cincinnati, Captain C. M. Chester, reported to the flagship at midnight, "I have a prize." It is therefore believed other ships besides the New York have been busy during the night.

THE CAPTURE OF THE PEDRO. Havana, April 24.—Admiral Sampson's plucky dash with the flagship New York, almost onto the Cuban coast and the capture of the Pedro, gained new laurels for him with his already enthusiastic and devoted command.

During the concluding features of the Pedro capture, the rest of the United States squadron disappeared from view and there was no one to dispute honors with the New York, of the first capture in Cuban waters. A newspaper boat followed her, but was left far behind in the race. The Dauntless, the dispatch boat of the Associated Press, was the first to arrive on the scene of action. She came up just as the prize crew of the Pedro was embarking on board that steamer. The entire plan of action here is fraught with danger, not so much from Spanish guns as from the difficulties of maneuvering a large squadron at night without showing any lights to the enemy on shore. Speculations are rife as to what the Spaniards are doing and intend to do. It is not believed that Admiral Sampson will confine himself entirely to a blockade of the island, although he informed the correspondent that he did not expect any action would occur immediately. It is certain, however, that some movement will be made on Matanzas, probably tomorrow. Whether this will be simply in the nature of a blockade, or for the purpose of securing a base of supplies, cannot yet be ascertained with any degree of certainty.

When the children are hungry, what do you give them? Food. When thirsty? Water. Now use the same good common sense, and what would you give them when they are too thin? The best fat-forming food, of course. Somehow you think of Scott's Emulsion at once. For a quarter of a century it has been making thin children, plump; weak children, strong; sick children, healthy.

SILVER CITY REDUCTION COMPANY, Silver City, Grant County, N. M. This plant has been purchased and will be operated in the future by the estate of the late Senator George Hearst, of California, under the general management of D. B. Gillette, Jr. It is the intention of the present management to largely increase the capacity of the plant and equip it with every modern appliance for the successful and cheap treatment of ores and concentrates. Consignments and correspondence solicited. Advances will be made on ores.

SOCIETIES.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & M. Regular communication first Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. F. S. DAVIS, W. M. J. B. BRADY, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular communication second Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. JAMES B. BRADY, H. P. ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m. MAX. FROST, E. C. ADDISON WALKER, Recorder.

I. O. O. F. PARADISE LODGE No. 2, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at Odd Fellows' hall. H. W. STEVENS, Recording Secretary.

CENTENNIAL ENCAMPMENT No. 3, I. O. O. F.: Regular communication the second and fourth Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall; visiting patriarchs welcome. CHAS. A. GOODWIN, C. P. A. F. EASLEY, Scribe.

MYRTLE REBEKAH LODGE, No. 9, I. O. O. F.: Regular meeting first and third Tuesday of each month at Odd Fellows' hall. Visiting brothers and sisters welcome. THESSA NEWHALL, Noble Grand. HATTIE WAGNER, Secretary.

AZTLAN LODGE No. 3, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening in Odd Fellows' hall, San Francisco street. Visiting brothers welcome. NATE GOLDROB, N. G. A. F. EASLEY, Secretary.

K. O. F. P. SANTA FE LODGE No. 2, K. O. F. P. Regular meeting every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock at Castle hall. Visiting knights given a cordial welcome. ROBERT H. BOWLER, Chancellor Commander. LEE MURHEISEN, K. of K. and S.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS. DENTISTS. D. W. MANLEY, Dentist. Office, Southwest Corner of Plaza, over Fischer's Drug Store.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. MAX. FROST, Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, New Mexico. CHAS. A. SPIESS, District Attorney for the First Judicial District. Practices in all the courts of the Territory. Office—Griffin Block, Santa Fe, N. M.

GEO. W. KNABEL, Office in Griffin Block, Collections and searching titles a specialty. EDWARD L. BARTLETT, Lawyer Santa Fe, New Mexico. Office in Catron Block.

CHAS. F. EASLEY, (Late Surveyor General), Attorney at Law, Santa Fe, N. M. Land and mining business a specialty. E. A. FISKE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, P. O. Box 117, Santa Fe, New Mexico. Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico.

T. F. CONWAY, W. A. HAWKINS, CONWAY & HAWKINS, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, Silver City, New Mexico. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care.

A. B. BENEHAN, Attorney at Law, Practices in all Territorial Courts, Commissioner of Claims Collections and title searching. Rooms 8 and 9 Spiegelberg Block.

INSURANCE. S. E. LANKARD, Insurance Agent, Office Griffin Building, Palace avenue. Represents the largest companies doing business in the territory of New Mexico, in both life, fire and accident insurance.

The New Mexico Railway & Coal Co. CONSTRUCTING The El Paso & Northeastern R'y AND The El Paso & Northeastern R. R.

To accommodate the public will carry freight and passengers on its construction trains to and from the end of its track, commencing April 15. Trains leave El Paso at 1 p. m. and returning leave end of track at 7:30 p. m., making connection with stages to Alamogordo, La Luz and Tularosa. A. S. GRIGG, General Superintendent.

Cheap Rate to Indian Pueblo. At any time a party of five or more desires to visit the San Ildefonso Indian pueblo, a rate of one fare for the round trip will be made to the Rio Grande station. Tickets limited to date of sale and one ticket to cover entire party. T. J. HELM, General Agent, R. G. & S. F. R.

THE SEVENTH Beet Sugar factory in the United States was erected at Eddy, New Mexico, in 1896, and made its first "campaign," beginning November 15th, 1896, and closing February 15th, 1897.

THE CONTENT OF "SUGAR in the beet" of the crop grown in the Eddy and Roswell sections of the valley has proven to be more uniformly high than any other part of the United States.

FORTUNATELY the land is blessed with just the fertility to produce high grade beets, and MORE FORTUNATELY the Pecos Irrigation and Improvement Co. and the Roswell Land and Water Co. have an irrigation system of great magnitude covering a vast body of the BEST SUGAR BEET lands on earth. The water is applied to the crop WHEN NEEDED.

THE SUN SHINES more hours in the day and more days in the year in Eddy and Chaves counties, New Mexico, than in any other section of the west.

PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO. J. J. HAGERMAN, President. N. O. FAULKNER, Vice-President.

794 separate analysis, chiefly carload lots, showed AN AVERAGE of 17.01 per cent sugar in beet; 84.1 per cent purity.

THIS REMARKABLE RESULT was accomplished by raw farmers, unacquainted with the culture of beet roots, on new land and under very trying circumstances, as the factory was not assured until May, and a majority of the acreage was planted between JUNE 1st AND AUGUST 10th.

GOOD SOIL makes the seed germinate. WATER makes the plant grow. SUNLIGHT puts the sugar in the BEET.

THE ONLY THING left to be desired that the Pecos Valley has not on hand in abundance is PEOPLE. We need thrifty farmers; 500 heads of families each on a 40-acre farm.

NO FAIRER terms or conditions of sale of beet and fruit lands were ever made.

WRITE for particulars.

The Palace Hotel - WM. VAUGHN, Prop. FRANK HUDSON, Clerk. No expense will be spared to make this famous hostelry up to date in all respects. Patronage solicited.

THE First National Bank OF Santa Fe, N. M. UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY R. J. PALEN - President. J. H. VAUGHN Cashier.

The Timmer House SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO. On the European Plan, or Board and Room \$1.50 to \$2 per day. Special rates by the week. SPACIOUS SAMPLE ROOMS FOR COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS. When in Silver City Stop at the Best Hotel. FRANK E. MILSTED, Prop.

HOTEL WELLINGTON Formerly Welcker's. American and European Plans. 15th Street, Near U. S. Treasury, Washington, D. C. European Plan, \$1.00 per day and upward. First Class Restaurant and Cafe. American Plan, \$3.00 per day and upward. Transient and Permanent Guests. L. M. FITCH, Proprietor.

WATCH WORK A SPECIALTY J. B. HUDSON, THE PIONEER MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELER AND DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, Optical Goods and Notions SEWING MACHINE SUPPLIES. SANTA FE NEW MEXICO. J. G. SCHUMANN, DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES, and FINDINGS. Santa Fe - N. M.

THE SUGAR BOWL OF THE GREAT Southwest Is the Rich Valley of the Rio Pecos. IN THE COUNTIES OF EDDY AND CHAVES OF NEW MEXICO. PECOS IRRIGATION AND IMPROVEMENT CO. EDDY, NEW MEXICO. OR ROSWELL LAND AND WATER CO. ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO.

The Arrival of the Millennium.
The date of the advent of this happy period has so often been fixed by prophets of many creeds, and there has been so many disappointments, that a grave doubt of its reality has gotten in the minds even of the credulous. But those acquainted with the facts are aware from personal observation and experience that Hester's Stomach Bitters is an admirable means of preventing and remedying kidney and bladder complaints. Liver and malarial trouble, constipation, sick headache, nervousness and nausea are all overcome by this beneficent regulator and tonic. When appetite is impaired and sleep broken or unrefreshing, a wineglassful shortly before meals and before retiring will do much to remedy the difficulty.

A Return Shot.
Mr. Boarder—Mrs. Caterer, let me tell you that if you want to be up to the times you'll have to get a sideboard.
Mrs. Caterer—And let me tell you, Mr. Boarder, that if you ain't more up to time in your payments you'll have to get outside board.

TREATMENT FOR WEAK MEN.
TRIAL WITHOUT EXPENSE.
The famous Appliance and Remedies of the Erie Medical Co. now for the first time offered on trial to the public. Not a dollar to pay in advance. Cure Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Manhood Fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Underdeveloped Portions of Body. Absolutely Unfailing Home Treatment. No O. D. or other scheme. A plain offer by a firm of high standing.
ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

He Doesn't Know.
She—Are typewriters as expensive this year as ever?
He—Well—er—that is, I'm not in position to answer. I have a young man taking my dictation at present.

In 1888 my wife went east and was attacked with rheumatism. She received no relief until she tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm. Since that time we have never been without it. We find it gives instant relief in cases of burns and scalds and is never failing for all rheumatic and neuragic pains.—D. C. Brant, Santa Ynez, Cal. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Easy Enough.
What's the difference between firmness and obstinacy?
Firmness is man's adherence to a good cause; obstinacy is woman's adherence to a bad one.

"A word to the wise is sufficient" and a word to the wise should be sufficient, but you ask, who are the wise? Those who know. The oft-repeated experience of trustworthy persons may be taken for knowledge. Mr. W. M. Terry says Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives better satisfaction than any other in the market. He has been in the drug business at Elkton, Ky., for 12 years, has sold hundreds of bottles of this remedy and nearly all other cough medicines manufactured, which shows conclusively that Chamberlain's is the most satisfactory to the people, and is the best. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Wheels.
Gowler—What kind of wheels does a dog have in his head?
Gowler—Don't know.
Fowler—Why, wooden wheels, of course.
Gowler—How do you know?
Fowler—By the bark that comes out of his mouth!

I was reading an advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the Worcester Enterprise recently, which leads me to write this. I can truthfully say I never used any remedy equal to it for colic and diarrhoea. I have never had to use more than one or two doses to cure the worst case with myself or children.—W. A. Stroud, Popomoke City, Md. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

A Fertile Question.
Doctor, where did you get that beautiful scarf pin?
From my first patient.
Inheritance?

Rheumatism Cured.
My wife has used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism with great relief, and I can recommend it as a splendid liniment for rheumatism and other household use for which we have found it valuable.—W. J. Cuyler, Red Creek, N. Y.

Mr. Cuyler is one of the leading merchants of this village and one of the most prominent men in this vicinity.—W. G. Phipps, Editor Red Creek Herald. For sale by A. C. Ireland.

Tommy—Paw, what is a classic?
Mr. Pigg—A classic, my son, is a petrifaction chestnut.

DR. GUNN'S
FOR PEOPLE THAT ARE SICK OR "JUST DON'T FEEL WELL."
ONLY ONE FOR A DOSE.
Removes Pimples, Cures Headaches, Promotes and Restores Sleep, Relieves Constipation and Cures Colic.
Sample Free, address Dr. Gunn, P.O. Box 100, St. Paul, Pa.

Wabash Lines
ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, NEW YORK, BOSTON.

Free Reclining Cars.
Pullmans.
Diners.
Boudoir Coaches.
Saves 4 Hours Denver to New York. One Change of Cars.
O. M. HAMPTON, Commercial Agent, Denver, Colo.

"But you could buy it for 15," says she.
"I might," I say.
"Den give me 10 plunks, and I'll save you from getting run in," says she.
"Say, was dere ever a goll like dat? But I seed I was up against it hard and dat if she give me de trun down to de copper he would run me sure.
"So I pungled. Dat's what I done. I coughed up 10 good plunks to de duchess, and den she turned to de copper, and she says, 'M'sienr Officer, dis young man has 'pologized to me, so I asks you to let him go.'
"Well, I was let go all right, all right, but I had to lick de owner of de bull pup before I could make him see dat \$12 was enough for de dog."—Edward W. Townsend in New York World.



Not the Bearded Lady.

This isn't the bearded lady from Barnum's on her Sunday out, but it is simply the effect of the fashionable medical collar.—Punch.

Reflections of a Bachelor.
Probably the happiest years of Jacob's life were the seven years Rachel's father made him wait for her.

As soon as a man hears all the other women begin to abuse a girl he thinks he would like to meet her to find out why they are all so down on her.

Jonah probably wondered for a long time whether he'd better tell his wife the truth or get up some other story that wouldn't make her look at him that way.

When an old bachelor has any opinions at all about love, all the women begin to wonder whether he thinks so because he is an old bachelor or whether he is an old bachelor because he thinks so.—New York Press.

Comes Up Again.
Upgardner (laying aside copy of popular magazine)—The old story of the last sickness and death of George Washington never loses its interest, does it?

Atom—No. One can never help wondering how much longer he might have lived if the doctors hadn't bled him to death.—Chicago Tribune.

His Art.
"Yes," said the young man, "I am wrapped up in my art."
"But," said the young woman, "I thought you were employed in a tailoring establishment."

"I am. I had this overcoat made under my personal direction."—Washington Star.

Didn't Look It.
The bicycle enthusiast proudly held up a picture.
"There," he said, "is the picture of a woman who has ridden 216 centuries."

"Is that so?" exclaimed the man of common sense. "And she doesn't look like a fool either, does she?"—Chicago Post.

Too Kind Hearted.
The Rooster—You fool! Why didn't you fight back when he was beating you?
The Wreck—Oh, I couldn't find it in my heart to disturb him! He seemed to be enjoying himself so thoroughly.—New York Journal.

A Domestic Episode.
Wife—Are you pleased with our new maid?
Husband—Very much.
Wife—I thought so. I have discharged her.—Boston Beacon.

Those Girls.
Flora—I am not ashamed to tell my age.
Laura—Oh, the little of it you tell is not enough to be ashamed of.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Her Latest Krone.
"I saw you kiss him."
"Yes, I know it. But he's a hypocrite, you know."—Chicago Post.

Billy.
Never did whip nolly—
Such a curly headed chap;
Sweetest blossom ever fell
In spring or summer's lap.
An when he'd need correctin'
An I'd let him slip away—
His mammy'd shake her finger—
"He'll be whippin' you some day!"
Course I'd laugh an tell her
The tickly twigs above
Was made for birds ter sing on,
Not fer whippin' folks we love,
An Billy'd sorter chuckle
An struggle up, an he
Looked grateful like, an allers
"Pared ter think a sight o' me."
Fraps he needed whippin'
When he sorter went astray,
But ter save my life I never
Could bobol it that a-way!
When he overruled the chiny
Aspetto Martinez, he
I couldn't ever fin him—
I allers let him off!
But he growed up an was diff'rent
From what he use ter be.
I never did whip Billy,
An—now Billy's whippin' me!
—Atlanta Constitution.

Notice for Publication.
[Homestead Entry No. 3889.]
LAND OFFICE AT SANTA FE, N. M.,
April 23, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Probate clerk of Mora county at Mora, on June 1, 1888, viz: Guadalupe Duran, for the N. E. 1/4, sec. 34, T. 21 N., R. 18 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his claim: Antonio Martinez, Jose D. Fernandez, Antonio Romero, Jacobo Medina, of Ocate, N. M. MANUEL B. OZBEO, Register.

SUMMER STYLES.

Novelties Prepared For the Approach of Warm Weather.
The fondness for transparent fabrics which has prevailed all winter and has had unlimited indulgence in the direction of evening gowns, theater bodices and trappings promises to extend through the summer, for not only does the reign of silks, mousselines de soie and net show no signs of falling, but wash materials of the sheers variety are shown in abundance. These will make charming warm weather gowns, and the trimming will consist of ruffles, ruchings, plaitings, baby ribbon, narrow velvet, embroidery and lace, profusely used and interspersed with knots of ribbon. Such gowns will be set off by a girde and high collar of black satin, with a jeweled, metallic or enamel buckle and clasps, or by a long sash with flowing ends.

For women whose wardrobe fund is limited, but who are obliged to have a variety of gowns for social purposes, an economical fashion is to have a gimp for low cut, short sleeved dresses, so that the same costume may be worn to a ball or a formal afternoon reception. The gimp consists of a close bodice of lining material, the upper part of which is covered and trimmed to harmonize with the gown, the sleeves being made to match. Chenille spotted tulle, which has been employed for ball gowns during the winter and for various trimming purposes, is succeeded by chenille spotted taffeta, which is something entirely new and is used for some very effective gowns. The spots are usually of a different color from the silk ground. Chenille arabesques are also seen on light silks, and this sort of decoration is shown in a variety of motifs.



HER ONLY ATTEMPT.

Unsatisfactory Result of a Young Wife's Effort to Reform Her Husband.
The wife of a young South Side doctor had been greatly worried for some time by her husband's bad habit of mild swearing. Time and again she had pleaded with him to leave it off, but all to no avail.

Finally she hit upon a bright idea. Whenever he heard him swear she would disappear just a little more vehemently, hoping in that way to shock him out of the habit. It would be hard for her, she knew, but the game was more than worth the candle, so she bravely started in.

On the morning after she took this resolve came her first opportunity to give her husband's nerves the shock she thought would do him good. As they walked up the steps together on returning from a morning call the young doctor found the front door unlocked in violation of his express orders.

"Dash those dashed maids away!" he ejaculated. "Why don't they keep this front door locked?"

And then his wife began: "That's what I say, too, dash it all. Haven't they got sense in their dashed heads?"

This utterance on the part of his wife took the young doctor rather by surprise, but he was too angry to see the meaning of her behavior. So when he got inside and discovered that lunch was not ready on time he began again:

"Why, dash it all! Lunch is late again. What do these dashed girls mean by keeping me waiting every day?"

"Dash it all, yes; that's what I say!" his wife chirped in. "They're too dashed slow for any use." And then she looked up she saw one of the maids standing in the doorway holding up her hands and her mouth wide open in holy horror.

"Well, dash you, what are you standing there for?" demanded her mistress. "Why don't you go and get lunch?"

"Well, I was just tryin' to tell you, ma'am, that Mrs. Fourthly, the minister's wife, is right here in the parlor waitin' to see the doctor."

One thing is sure. The young doctor's wife has not sworn since.—Chicago Times-Herald.

He Remembered It Well.
The Lawyer (cross examining)—Now, what did you say your first name was?
The Witness (cautiously)—Well, I was baptized John Henry.

The Lawyer—You were, were you? How do you know you were?
The Witness—Well—er—I was there, you know.

The Lawyer—Huh! How do you know you were?
The Witness—Why, I couldn't have been baptized otherwise, and besides I think I can remember it quite well.

The Lawyer—Huh! You do, you do?
The Witness—Well—er—yes.

The Lawyer (deeply sarcastic)—Kindly explain to the court and jury, my friend with the phenomenal memory, how an infant in arms came to remember that ceremony so well, will you?
The Witness—Well—er—you see, I wasn't baptized until I was 18 years old.—New York Sunday Journal.

Grandpa Was Right.
LAUGHING AT SCRAPES
SQUEEZERS
JOHNNY was taken for a pleasure trip by rail with grandpa and grandma, and his grandpa said, "We'll put him between us, and then there will be no fear of his falling out." And he was right.—Nuggets.

Its Business Aspect.
"And when you were at the Castor House you remarked that solid silver teapoon into your pocket so you could show you had stopped at that hotel, did you? Well, I don't know what you call that, but it looks to me like stealing."
"Stealing? Stealing? They're glad to have you do it. It advertises the hotel."—Chicago Tribune.

How It Happened.
"Did little Mrs. Chubby become a widow in the course of nature or by the—ah—favor of the court?"
"She is what you might call a self made widow. Her trusting young husband died from the effects of eating some of the misprints in her cookbook."—New York Journal.

Cold Truth.
"I think Bumpy is about the most fluent and most colossal liar I ever met. He's just been telling me that he's a regular caller on all families in the most aristocratic part of the city."
"It's the truth. Bumpy's a postman, you know."—Detroit Free Press.



A Disgusted Woman.

It isn't any wonder that some women get disgusted with medicine and lose faith in the doctors.
When a woman complains of feeling weak, nervous and despondent, and suffers from headaches, pains in the back and stitches in the side, and burning, dragging-down sensations, the average physician will attribute these feelings to her stomach or liver trouble. For years, possibly, she takes their prescriptions for these ailments without receiving any benefit, then, in final disgust, she tries the delicate organ concentrated, making them well and strong. It heals all internal ulceration and stops debilitating drains. It takes the pressure off the nerves and makes them strong and steady. Under its marvelous merits thousands of women have been made healthy, happy and robust.

The "Favorite Prescription" restores weak, nervous, pain-racked women and makes strong, healthy, capable wives and mothers. With its use all pain and suffering disappear. All good medicine stores sell it and have nothing else "just as good." Constipation and torpid liver will make the most ambitious man or woman utterly groggy for a time. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure them. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic.

Dr. Pierce's 100-page illustrated book, "People's Medical Adviser," sent, paper-bound, free for the cost of mailing (two one-cent stamps; or, cloth-bound, at 50 cents). Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Santa Fe Route

A. T. & S. F. TIME TABLE

(Effective April 1, 1888.)

Read Down	East Bound	Read Up
No. 1	No. 17	No. 2
12:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:00 p.m.	12:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:00 p.m.	12:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:00 p.m.
1:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:15 p.m.	1:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:15 p.m.	1:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:15 p.m.
2:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:30 p.m.	2:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:30 p.m.
4:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:45 p.m.	4:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:45 p.m.	4:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:45 p.m.
5:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:00 p.m.
6:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:15 p.m.	6:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:15 p.m.	6:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:15 p.m.
7:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:30 p.m.
9:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:45 p.m.	9:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:45 p.m.	9:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:45 p.m.
10:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:00 p.m.	10:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:00 p.m.	10:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:00 p.m.
11:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:15 p.m.	11:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:15 p.m.	11:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:15 p.m.
12:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:30 p.m.	12:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:30 p.m.

CHICAGO & CALIFORNIA LIMITED

Read Down	West Bound	Read Up
No. 4	No. 3	No. 4
Monday and Saturday	Monday and Saturday	Monday and Saturday
1:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:00 a.m.	1:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:00 a.m.	1:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:00 a.m.
2:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:15 a.m.	2:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:15 a.m.	2:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:15 a.m.
3:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:30 a.m.	3:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:30 a.m.	3:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:30 a.m.
4:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:45 a.m.	4:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:45 a.m.	4:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:45 a.m.
6:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:00 p.m.	6:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:00 p.m.
7:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:15 p.m.	7:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:15 p.m.	7:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:15 p.m.
8:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:30 p.m.	8:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:30 p.m.	8:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:30 p.m.
9:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:45 p.m.	9:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:45 p.m.	9:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:45 p.m.
11:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:00 p.m.	11:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:00 p.m.
12:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:15 p.m.	12:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:15 p.m.	12:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:15 p.m.

CHICAGO, MEXICO & CALIFORNIA LINE

No. 1, westbound, carries through Pullman sleepers to St. Louis, Kansas City, Los Angeles and San Francisco.
No. 2, eastbound, carries same to Los Angeles and San Francisco.
No. 3, eastbound, is a local train and makes all stops, carries through chair car for Denver, and Pullman sleeper for Kansas City.
No. 17 carries free chair car, Denver to El Paso, Pullman palace sleepers, Mexican Central for all points in Mexico.
For information, time tables and literature pertaining to the Santa Fe route, call on or address,
H. S. LUTZ, Agent,
Santa Fe, N. M.
W. J. Black, G. P. A.,
Topeka, Kas.

Decidedly Not.
"This year's wheel may be chainless," remarked the observant boarder, "but"—
"But," added the cross eyed boarder before the other man could finish his sentence, "this year's L. A. W. politics is not chainless."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Bill Jones' Philosophy.
You've all heard tell of Jones, I suppose—Bill Jones? Well, anyway, by jing! Now, there's a man'll quit his meals ter argy 'bout anything.
It's jor fer him to get some concern in anybody's mind an' den jes' turn the hull thing inside out.
Why, all the wise men o' the past, Bill takes 'em up, an' one by one he proves they wasn't enny good an shows you what they might 'a done.
An' all the great philosophers an' all the ages didn't know!
One-half the facts' at Bill kin tell of what he says is so is so.

The other afternoon when Bill was down at Bloomer's grocery store, Where he's most allers ter be with 'bout a half a dozen more,
An' Bill was tellin' how ef he was king the earth would be as nice
An' all the world would be as sweet as what it is in paradise.
Bill's wife slipped in an said: "Bill Jones, you know you ought to be at work!"
You keep me aavin' day an' night while you jes' loaf, you lazy shirk!
You're round fer meals three times a day, but never sars a single cent!
You treat yourself right home," said she, "an' eat out some wid' an' an' Bill, he wullin'—Nixon Waterman in L. A. W. Bulletin.

RIO GRANDE & SANTA FE AND DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

The Scenic Route of the World.
Time Table No. 40.

EAST BOUND	WEST BOUND
No. 40	No. 40
10:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:00 p.m.	10:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:00 p.m.
11:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:15 p.m.	11:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:15 p.m.
12:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:30 p.m.	12:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:30 p.m.
1:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:45 p.m.	1:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:45 p.m.
3:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:00 p.m.	3:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:00 p.m.
4:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:15 a.m.	4:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:15 a.m.
5:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:30 a.m.
6:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:45 a.m.	6:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:45 a.m.
8:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:00 a.m.	8:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:00 a.m.
9:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:15 a.m.	9:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:15 a.m.
10:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:30 a.m.	10:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:30 a.m.
11:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:45 a.m.	11:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:45 a.m.
1:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:00 a.m.	1:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:00 a.m.
2:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:15 a.m.	2:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:15 a.m.
3:30 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:30 a.m.	3:30 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:30 a.m.
4:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:45 p.m.	4:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:45 p.m.
6:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:00 p.m.	6:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:00 p.m.
7:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:15 p.m.	7:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:15 p.m.
8:30 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:30 p.m.	8:30 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:30 p.m.
9:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:45 p.m.	9:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:45 p.m.
11:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:00 p.m.	11:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:00 p.m.
12:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:15 p.m.	12:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:15 p.m.
1:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:30 p.m.
2:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:45 p.m.	2:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:45 p.m.
4:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:00 p.m.
5:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:15 p.m.	5:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:15 p.m.
6:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:30 p.m.	6:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:30 p.m.
7:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:45 p.m.	7:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:45 p.m.
9:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:00 p.m.
10:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:15 p.m.	10:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:15 p.m.
11:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:30 p.m.	11:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:30 p.m.
12:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:45 p.m.	12:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:45 p.m.
1:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:00 p.m.	1:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:00 p.m.
2:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:15 p.m.	2:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:15 p.m.
3:30 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:30 a.m.	3:30 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 12:30 a.m.
4:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:45 a.m.	4:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:45 a.m.
6:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:00 a.m.	6:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:00 a.m.
7:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:15 a.m.	7:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:15 a.m.
8:30 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 5:30 a.m.
9:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:45 a.m.	9:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:45 a.m.
11:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:00 a.m.	11:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:00 a.m.
12:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:15 a.m.	12:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:15 a.m.
1:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:30 a.m.	1:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 10:30 a.m.
2:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:45 a.m.	2:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:45 a.m.
4:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:00 p.m.	4:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 1:00 p.m.
5:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:15 p.m.	5:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 2:15 p.m.
6:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:30 p.m.	6:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 3:30 p.m.
7:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:45 p.m.	7:45 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 4:45 p.m.
9:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:00 p.m.	9:00 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 6:00 p.m.
10:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:15 p.m.	10:15 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 7:15 p.m.
11:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:30 p.m.	11:30 p.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 8:30 p.m.
12:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:45 p.m.	12:45 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 9:45 p.m.
1:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:00 p.m.	1:00 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar. 11:00 p.m.
2:15 a.m. Lv. Santa Fe, Ar.	

We Open Our Store at 7 A. M.
and
Close It at 7 P. M.
WE THINK TWELVE HOURS ENOUGH.

W. H. GOEBEL
THE HARDWAREMAN.

H. S. KAUNE & CO.,
DEALER IN

Staple - and - Fancy - Groceries
Fresh Oysters, Fish, Poultry of all Kinds
Received Twice a Week.

The Sign of the
RED LIGHT
WEST SIDE OF PLAZA.
CALLS ATTENTION TO

"OUR PLACE."
Here business is conducted on Business Principles. Here can be Obtained Strictly First Class Goods in the form of Liquid Refreshments and Cigars.
W. R. PRICE, Proprietor.

Santa Fe NURSERY
ACCLIMATED
GRANT RIVENBURG
(Proprietor)
Bishop's Garden.
Fruit and Forest Trees
Ornamental Shrubs
Hardy Roses, Etc
STRAWBERRY PLANTS
SEND FOR SPRING PRICE LIST

Diamond, Opal, Turquoises
Settings a Specialty.
Watch Repairing
Strictly First-Class.
S. SPITZ,
-MANUFACTURER OF-

MEXICAN . FILIGREE . JEWELRY
-AND DEALER IN-
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, SILVERWARE,
CUT GLASS, DECORATED CHINA.
Examine Eyes free of Charge for Prescription Lenses.

SPRING 1898.
Salmon & Abousleman
20 to 25 per Cent
SAVED BY DEALING WITH US
-DEALERS IN-
-GENERAL-MERCHANDISE-
Our Spring stock, which is the most attractive we have ever shown, is now complete, and we guarantee the lowest possible eastern prices, not only in one line, but in every department. Our dealings with customers are nothing but fair and square.
Particular attention is called to our stock of
Gents', Ladies' & Childrens' Shoes
Undoubtedly the Best Selected and Finest in the City.
Our prices for this Spring and Summer are guaranteed to be from 20 to 25 per cent lower than those made by any other house in Santa Fe. Don't fail to call and examine goods and get prices.

Now is the Time!
TO SECURE A HOME.

The Mutual Building & Loan Association of
Santa Fe offers these bargains
-Taken by it Under Foreclosure-

Brick house of six rooms and plot of land on Cerrillos road near the Quintana homestead, (known as Creamer house) with fine orchard.
House and lot on San Francisco street formerly belonging to Mondragon—812 x 350 feet.
Lot on upper Palace avenue formerly belonging to Mondragon—140 x 150 feet.
House and large plot of land with excellent orchard, stable and outhouses, on Manhattan avenue, north of College street—320 x 154 feet.
House and lot south west corner Manhattan avenue and College street—58 x 22 feet.
About five acres of land near residence of Jacob Weltmer. House seven rooms and placita, south side San Francisco street, north Sandoval street—102 x 72 feet.
All above property in good order and will be sold at remarkably cheap prices and on terms to suit.
Apply to
A. A. ATKINSON, Secretary.

NEW MEXICO TO THE FRONT.

Governor Otero Offers His Services—New Mexico's Quota—Regiment of Mounted Infantry Partly from New Mexico—Volunteer Items.

Captain J. T. Matthews reports that 21 men joined company B. First Infantry on yesterday and signed the enlistment papers, which brings the strength of the company, up to this morning, to 41 men.
Don Pedro Sanchez, of this city, a half brother of the late Colonel Miguel E. Pino of this city, served as a lieutenant for three years during the late war. He is at present 67 years of age. This morning he filed a letter with the governor offering his services. This shows the right spirit on the part of the old veterans.

Lieutenant Chase, a graduate of Annapolis, who served several years on American men of war and who is now residing in Santa Fe, received telegraphic orders Saturday night to report at Newport News May 1, to Captain Seelye, United States navy, for service in the war with Spain.

Major F. Muller, of troop E, First New Mexico cavalry, has received telegraphic communications from Bland, Cerrillos and Madrid that numerous recruits have been secured at those places. Troop E will have its full quota of volunteers Tuesday evening.

John Steward, employed in the New Mexico job department, has wired Captain W. C. Reid, chief of the New Mexico signal corps stationed at Las Vegas, for a place in the corps.

Colonel Whigham, aide-de-camp, telegraphs the governor from Raton saying: "If my services are of any use to you, summons me at any time." This is the first offer for active service from any of the aide-de-camps on the governor's staff.

Hon. Amado Chaves, whose father served during the war of the rebellion with great gallantry, has offered his services to Governor Otero in any capacity with the New Mexico volunteers during the present war.

In order to correct an existing misapprehension, the New Mexico despatch states, that the National Guards, now enlisted in the service of the territory as such will not be called upon for active service, but members of the National Guards, either by organizations or individually, will be given the preference as volunteers from the territory or be commissioned as such only by volunteering; there is no compulsion and there will be no compulsion. Volunteering means to go freely and of their own accord. The National Guard of New Mexico is one thing and United States volunteers from the territory of New Mexico, mustered into the service of the United States, is another thing.

Captain Leonard Wood, who is named in the dispatch to Governor Otero as colonel of the regiment of cowboy mounted infantry, is a captain and assistant surgeon in the regular army, entered the service January 3, 1886. He is said to be a fine physician and also a man of superior military education and ability. It is understood, that he is the attending physician at the White house.

New Mexico's quota consists of four troops of cavalry.

The Cowboy Regiment.
This forenoon Governor Otero sent the following dispatch to the president at Washington:

Should my services be required in the field I tender the same to you in any position you may see fit to place me. New Mexico volunteers will fight in the front rank with the soldiers of any section of our country for the preservation of the flag. Your obedient servant,
MIGUEL A. OTERO.

The following dispatch was received by Governor Otero this morning:
Washington, April 25, 1898.—The president directs that Captain Leonard Wood, United States army, be authorized to raise a regiment of cavalry as mounted riflemen and to be its colonel and has named Hon. Theodore Roosevelt, lieutenant colonel. All of the other officers will come from the vicinity where the troops are raised. What can you do for them? Answer immediately.
R. A. ALGER,
Secretary of War.

To which dispatch the following answer was made:
R. A. ALGER, Secretary of War.

Telegram received. Have full squadron of cavalry ready for service. Prefer to send them as cavalrymen, but probably can transfer as mounted riflemen, if necessary. Can raise battalion of mounted riflemen in about a week. Can you take squadron of cavalry and battalion mounted riflemen in addition?
MIGUEL A. OTERO,
Governor.

In answer to the above at 4 o'clock this afternoon Governor Otero received the following dispatch from Washington:

The squadron of cavalry will serve as mounted riflemen equipped and armed by the United States for this special service. Extra men may be wanted but at present only 340 men can be taken.
R. A. ALGER,
Secretary of War.

Governor Otero has already started to work to organize this squadron, the enlistment and muster to be made at the capital. It is understood that Adjutant General H. B. Hersey will be selected as major of the battalion, which will be part of the cowboy mounted infantry regiment under Colonel Leonard Wood and Lieutenant Colonel Theodore Roosevelt.

MINOR CITY TOPICS.
Large crowds are patronizing the tennis court these days.
Fifteen mild cases of measles are reported at the Indian school.
Regular meeting of Santa Fe commandery No. 1, K. T., tonight.
U. S. weather bureau forecast for New Mexico: Fair tonight and Tuesday.
Yesterday's telegraphic news will be found on the second page of this issue.
The government Indian school ball team is practicing regularly for the summer games.
The foundation of the new building at the sanitarium is completed and brick is being laid for the walls.
Indian dances are being given daily on the Palace hotel grounds for the amusement of the tourist guests.
Steve Arnold, who has been ill with an attack of pneumonia for several days has recovered and is able to be around town again.
Frank Andrews, clerk in the post-office, was bitten on the hand by a Gila monster recently, and is unable to attend to his duties.
There is talk around town of organizing a local war brigade for service in the war with Spain. They would certainly be the loudest fighters in the army.
The New Mexican special war artist is out with a cartoon in this issue. In as much as this is his first offense, the public will excuse the effort of detail in execution. The idea, however, is a good one, whatever it is.

Santa Fe has been holding public meetings and conferences with the view of establishing a canning factory in that city. There is no better fruit-growing district in the territory and the enterprise ought to succeed.—Cerrillos Register.

A meeting of the Omaha exposition commission has been called for next Saturday at 10 o'clock, in Santa Fe, when reports from all committees will be received and final arrangements made as to the territorial exhibit.

Juan Padilla was stabbed in the arm last night, by Candelario Torres, Torres was drinking and insulted Juan Padilla, who resented by slapping Torres. The latter retaliated by sticking a knife in Padilla's arm. Torres was arrested by Marshal Alarid and lodged in jail.

An important meeting of the Horticultural society will be held tonight at the office of the water company. The time for the annual exhibition will be fixed and various preliminary arrangements made. The committee on spraying will also make a report. All are invited.

A dinner party was given at the Palace yesterday by Captain James, at which the following were entertained: Governor, Mrs. and Master Miguel A. Otero, Misses Ruth and Kate Reynolds, Miss LaRue, Miss Atkins, Dr. Massie, Robert E. Gortner and Professor S. E. Black.

Go to Fischer & Co.'s for pure drugs, chemicals, toilet articles and fresh candy.

PERSONAL MENTION.
Emanuel Hicks, of Bland, is in the city visiting friends.
C. J. Day, a St. Louis tourist, is registered at the Claire.
R. A. Kreamer, of Denver, a commercial man, is at the Claire.
K. H. Clark, a travelling salesman from Chicago, is at the Palace.
F. G. Erb will go to Las Vegas Hot Springs tonight for a brief trip.
E. P. Ferguson, a Cincinnati traveling salesman, is registered at the Palace.
Frank Becker, a Santa Cruz merchant, registered at the Exchange yesterday.
Sheriff Thomas A. Hubbell was a passenger south yesterday for Albuquerque.
Geo. R. Bennett, a traveling salesman from Denver, is registered at the Palace.
Colonel Geo. W. Knaebel went to Chama and Antonio this morning on legal business.
Thos. Dozier, of San Ildefonso, a teacher at the school, spent Sunday at the Exchange.
Mr. Morgan, of Leadville, stopped at the Exchange yesterday, and left for Red River this morning.
I. H. Rapp, architect of the new capitol building, returned home from a trip to Las Vegas last night.
General Agent T. J. Helm returned last night from a business trip out on the Santa Fe-Pacific railroad.
Geo. D. Stetson, representing Fowler & Co., a Chicago dry goods house, is in the city. He is at the Palace.
S. E. Bennett, of Denver, a commercial man, is interviewing local merchants today. He stops at the Palace.
J. Ick Evans, of Toronto, Canada, is in the city. Mr. Evans is here in quest of health and expects to remain some time.
Captain L. C. Fort, the well known Las Vegas attorney, is in the capital on legal business and registers at the Claire.
H. G. Reist, of Schenectady, N. Y., is in the city on a pleasure trip of several days duration. He is registered at the Palace.
E. A. Reese, wife and child, of Portland, Ore., are here on a pleasure trip and will remain a week. They are stopping at the Palace.
Chas. Wynkoop, a brother to the Bland Herald editor, came in last night from that place on a visit to relatives. He registers at the Bon-Ton.
Alexander Hood, a Colorado mining man, registered from Denver, stopped at the Exchange yesterday and left for Red River this morning.
E. B. McCuen, of San Antonio, Tex., who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. John H. Walker, for the past week, left this morning for his home.
C. H. Veeder, of Hartford, Conn., came in on the "flyer" this morning and placed his name on the Palace register. He will remain several days.
Joseph Murray, of Denver, registered at the Exchange yesterday. Mr. Murray will go to the Red River district and look up mining investments.
J. W. Fleming, mayor of Silver City, left on this morning's Rio Grande for Monero, on official business. He is territorial coal mine inspector.
Messrs. Pedro Perea and Pedro Castillo, of Bernalillo, who spent the past two days in the city on business, left yesterday for their home.
Thos. Jones, an old timer, arrived last evening from Las Vegas, and will leave shortly for the Cochiti mining district. He stops at the Bon-Ton.
W. B. Dolan and Jesse Eddie of New York, who have been stopping in the city several days, went to Galveston yesterday. They are touring the west.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. L. Wyllys left this afternoon for the west, where they will take up their permanent residence. The NEW MEXICAN wishes them the best of success for their future.
Father O'Keefe, parish priest of Las Vegas and Fr. Hughes, a Jesuit, from Albuquerque who were here attending the funeral of Fr. Guyot, returned to their homes yesterday.
Louis Lutz and G. W. Haydon, Las Vegas citizens, interested in the stock raising industry, are in the city and they are here on legal business.
Judge H. L. Warren, counsel for Thos. S. Tucker, arrived from Albuquerque last evening to be present at the hearing in Tucker's case here on tomorrow before Chief Justice Mills.
R. G. Breckenridge, manager of the Monte Vista Milling & Elevating company, was a passenger north for Colorado yesterday. He is returning from a business trip in company with General Agent Helm on the Santa Fe-Pacific.
E. H. Salazar, postmaster at Las Vegas and one of the editors of El Independiente, who is in the city yesterday visiting his mother, Mrs. W. H. Mansfield, and attending to private business. He feels well satisfied in his new position and looks hale and hearty.
C. S. Hughes, of the firm of Mitchell & Hughes, stone quarries at Lamy, is in the city today. The firm has the contract for furnishing the building stone for the new Capitol and Mr. Hughes states that nearly all of the dimension stone has been quarried and that no delays will occur in the future on their part.
D. C. Hobart, chairman of the territorial board of equalization, is here on route for Silver City. He is just returning from a month's visit to the Pacific coast. He reports matters on the north Pacific coast as prosperous and says the enthusiasm concerning the war with Spain is immense. He never saw

a more enthusiastic or larger concourse of people than he did last Wednesday in San Francisco at the departure of the regulars for the front.
Mr. H. D. Eldred, the genial manager of Hon. San Eldred's mercantile establishment in San Juan, gave his friends in this city a genuine surprise last evening when he introduced a charming lady whom he introduced as Mrs. Meyer. Mr. Meyer was married in Mound City, Mo., on Wednesday, April 20, to Miss Tillie Haltenberg, and at once started on the return trip to New Mexico. Mr. and Mrs. Meyer left over the D. & R. G. for their home in San Juan. The NEW MEXICAN joins in congratulations.
Miss L. Hunter, of Huntsville, Mass.; Messrs. A. and E. Hochhalter, of Ames, York City, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Tryon, of Windsor, Conn.; Mr. and Mrs. E. Cary, of Hartford, Conn.; Dr. S. B. Grimes, of Baltimore, Md.; Joseph A. Knight, of Worcester; Misses G. A. and E. M. Van Antwerp and Mrs. Wm. M. Van Antwerp, of New York, N. Y., comprised the members of the Raymond-Whitcomb excursion, in charge of Geo. F. Simonds, which spent Sunday in the city. They were registered at the Palace. The party was well pleased with its visit here.

A WORD OF ADVICE.
To Those Coming to Alaska or the Klondike Gold Fields.
One thing should be impressed upon every miner, prospector or trader coming to Alaska, to the Klondike, or the Yukon country, and that is the necessity for providing an adequate and proper food supply. Whether procured in the States, in the Dominion, or at the supply stores here or further on, this must be his primary concern. Upon the manner in which the miner has observed or neglected this precaution more than upon any other one thing will his success or failure depend.
The supplies must be healthful and should be concentrated, but the most careful attention in the selection of foods that will keep unimpaired indefinitely under all the conditions which they will have to encounter is imperative. For instance, as bread raised with baking powder must be relied upon for the chief part of every meal, imagine the helplessness of a miner with a can of spoiled baking powder. Buy only the very best flour; it is the cheapest in the end. Experience has shown the Royal Baking Powder to be the most reliable and the trading companies now uniformly supply this brand, as others will not keep in this climate. Be sure that the bacon is sweet, sound and thoroughly cured. These are the absolute necessities upon which all must place a chief reliance, and care must be taken that no instances be neglected. They may, of course, be supplemented by as many comforts or delicacies as the prospector may be able to pack or desire to pay for.—From the Alaska Mining Journal.

A book of receipts for all kinds of cookery, which is specially valuable for use upon the trail or in the camp, is published by the Royal Baking Powder Company, of New York. The receipts are thoroughly practical and the methods are carefully explained, so that the inexperienced man, with its aid, readily prepare everything requisite for a good, wholesome meal, or even dainties if he has the necessary materials. The matter is in compact, readable form, and the whole being weighing but two ounces. Under a special arrangement, this book will be sent free to miners or others who may desire it. We would recommend that every one going to the Klondike procure a copy. Address the Royal Baking Powder Co., New York.

Not Been Found.
The young girls who ran away from home Thursday have not been found yet. They purchased tickets for Albuquerque but evidently took some other route for search there failed to discover them. The youngest girl was but 14 years of age and wore short dresses. She has a sister working in Albuquerque. The older girl was 17 years of age and bought the tickets. Inasmuch as they had no change of clothing friends of the young girls think it probable that they were that the escapee is merely a mad lark of two children. They went away alone and the story that they were procured by some unscrupulous person for villainous purposes is not credited. Any report reflecting on their character is considered premature and unwarranted. Both girls have in the past borne excellent reputations. Interested parties are still searching for them.

Improvements at Santa Fe Depot.
M. R. Williams, superintendent of bridges and buildings on the Santa Fe railway, with a force of eight men, began work on extensive improvements at the Santa Fe depot in this city. The tank and windmill will be taken down, and pipes laid to connect with the Water company's mains. Water for engines will be obtained by means of a stand pipe located south of the depot. The grounds will be piped to furnish water for the park, cleaning cars and for use at the round house, and the fountain will be repaired and put in running order. It is the intention of the company to make an attractive place of the depot and grounds, and the work under way is the first step in that direction.

INCREASED NEWS SERVICE.
First Efforts to Secure Same Fall—Negotiations for Specials Going On.
Appreciating the fact that the people of Santa Fe are deeply interested in the progress of the war with Spain, the NEW MEXICAN, several days ago, made an attempt to get a much larger telegraphic service. In order to secure the increased service it was necessary to have the co-operation of the Albuquerque Citizen and the Las Vegas Optic. To arrange for this service involves an additional expense to the NEW MEXICAN of \$20 per week, the Albuquerque Citizen readily consented, as it is anxious to publish all the news obtainable, but the Las Vegas Optic, in accord with its usual policy of non-partisanship and something-for-nothing tactics, offered the Associated Press Four DOLLARS per week less than it asked, and as the offer was not accepted the Optic refused to take any additional report. The probable reason of the Optic's refusal is, that the morning Denver papers reach that city at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, and it is cheaper to steal telegraphic news 12 hours old, than to pay for news that is news; denies it to its patrons for the pitiful sum of four dollars per week.
Since the Associated Press refuses to furnish a more complete report unless the three evening papers in the territory all take it, the NEW MEXICAN is compelled, with sincere regret, to furnish its readers with such war news as can be had under the present arrangements. This paper may, however, be able to arrange for series of specials in addition to its regular report. Negotiations to that effect are now being pushed.

For Rent.
Furnished rooms for housekeeping. Apply to Mrs. Call.

THE CANNING FACTORY.

Enthusiastic Meeting—Good Work Done—The Factory—Must Come—The Town Needs It.

The citizens meeting held on Friday evening last at the court house was a very successful and important one. The hall was well filled with our best citizens and all evinced a great interest in the proposed object. The number of ladies present was noticeably large.
Captain Day called the meeting to order and nominated Hon. L. Bradford Prince for chairman, Messrs. S. G. Cartwright and Amado Chaves were proposed for secretaries, and all those named were elected. Governor Prince then made what may be called the foundation address, going over all the facts connected with the fruit industry and the desirability of preserving works, which should include canning, evaporating and the making of jams and jellies. He laid stress on the point that this was an improvement on natural lines and not one that had to be forced or cultivated; that it has the threefold advantage of providing a market for our increasing fruit crop, labor for the unemployed and supplying a home market which already exists and is supplied from abroad. He stated the amount necessary for a full establishment, properly situated adjoining the railroads, to be \$5,000, but that a smaller affair which could be increased hereafter could be started for less money.

He was followed by Judge Morrison, Mr. Boyle, Dr. Harroun, General Bartlett, F. Nolan, S. Spiegelberg, G. W. Hickox, S. G. Cartwright, R. L. Bace, J. P. Victory, J. Weltmer, C. A. Spiess, Dr. Andrews, G. P. Money and others, and by Mrs. Rivenburg, who represented the Woman's board of trade.
A subscription paper was then prepared, providing for organization when \$2,000 is subscribed, and in a short time a large sum was subscribed in cash and various persons present promised to accept stock instead of cash for fruit to a considerable amount this coming summer. General Bartlett then moved that a committee of nine be appointed to procure subscriptions and arrange for immediate organization. Chairman Prince appointed General Bartlett, Dr. Harroun, Captain Day, Mrs. Rivenburg, S. G. Cartwright, Mrs. Gable, Amado Chaves, G. W. Knaebel and J. D. Sena. On motion the chairman was added to the committee. This committee will immediately commence a thorough canvass of the town. Every one of the meeting was enthusiastically in favor of the plan proposed, and confident of its profit and success.

The stock of the Fruit Works company ought to be subscribed for without delay by the people of Santa Fe, so that everything may be ready for operation when the fruit crop commences. There is no reason for hesitation in such a case; every consideration calls for a prompt response. The stock is divided into \$10 shares so that everyone can take part and become personally interested. The only question for each person is how much he can possibly afford. One citizen has arranged to convert stock in another company into money so as to invest it in the cannery, and another is selling some sheep for similar purpose. Don't wait for the committee to call, but calculate how much you can possibly afford, and then step around to the Water company's office and put down your name.

The fruit cannery is to be exclusively a Santa Fe institution. Not a dollar of stock will be sold elsewhere. It will be established by Santa Fe money, and managed by Santa Fe people. This is right. It insures the largest benefit to the people of the city, a fair price for fruit, fair wages for labor, and the profits of the enterprise will remain here to the advantage of the whole community.

HEALTH CATECHISM.
To Be Committed to Memory By All Dyspeptics, Invalids, Consumptives.
What is the first cause of nine-tenths of all disease?
Imperfect digestion of food.
Why does imperfect digestion cause disease of other organs?
Because blood, nerves, muscles, bone and flesh are derived from the food we eat and digest. If digestion is perfect the blood is pure, nerves and muscles strong, flesh firm. If the digestion is poor, the blood is supplied from half-digested, fermenting food, irritating every nerve and organ. The result is, sooner or later, organic disease, because every organ being poorly nourished the weakest gives away first and we have liver trouble, kidney complaints, heart disease or consumption.
Is not dieting the usual and best treatment to cure indigestion?
No, because the dyspeptic has been starved long enough; what is needed is abundant nourishment, not the lack of it. The stomach and blood demand nutriment, not bran crackers.
What is the best method of cure?
Plenty of wholesome food well digested.
But how can a weak stomach digest plenty of wholesome food?
By taking with the food after each meal certain harmless remedies which are known to digest food and thus nourish the blood and rest the weak stomach.
What are these harmless remedies?
The most valuable are vegetable ferments, pure pepsin, Golden Seal and fruit salts. All of these are now combined in the form of pleasant tasting tablets sold by druggists under the name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.
Are these tablets superior to the various liquid preparations so called dyspepsia cures?
Most decidedly, because all liquid medicines become stale with age and lose whatever good qualities they may have had originally, while the tablet retains its properties indefinitely. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets can be carried in the pocket, always at hand ready for use when traveling or at daily occupation. The cost but 50 cents and should be kept in every family. They keep the digestion perfect and save doctor's bills by warding off disease.
Are Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets adapted to all forms of dyspepsia?
Yes, because in all cases the trouble results from indigestion, fermenting food. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cause the food to be digested before it has time to ferment.
If you wish to know more about them ask your druggist for a package and try them.

Noticed Appointment.
Governor Otero has appointed William Frank, of Los Alamos, a notary public in and for San Miguel county.

The Weather.
The weather yesterday was fair and warmer, the maximum reaching 63 degrees. The mean relative humidity was 44 per cent.
Continued fair weather is indicated for tonight and Tuesday.

Las Vegas-Taos Railroad.
Special to the New Mexican.
Taos, April 22.—Colonel Albinger was in Taos during the past week, arranging for the final survey of the Las Vegas-Taos Electric railway. Work will be started very soon—probably within a month. The line of the road, as decided on, will extend from Las Vegas to Mora, then along Mora creek to the Rio Chiquito, thence through Tienditas Canyon and down Taos canon to Taos.

Alaska.
For maps and information free of cost regarding Alaska, and San Francisco's advantages as an outfitting point for the Northern Gold Fields, address, "Alaska Information Bureau of the California State Board of Trade, Ferry Building, San Francisco." J. A. Fisher, Sec. and Gen. Manager.

Kansas City Meats.
Bischoff & Muller handle a full line of Kansas City meats, including sausage Give them a trial.
Just received at Fischer's, fresh candies, pure drugs and chemicals.

Las Vegas Steam Laundry.
Leave orders at Slaughter's barber shop. Basket leaves Tuesday and returns on Friday. We pay all express charges.
G. F. AMBROSE, AGENT.
Fine Havanas.
Finest line of Havana cigars at Scheurich's.
If you want the fattest and choicest beef, veal, mutton, lamb and pork, go to the market of Bischoff & Muller.

Oysters and Fish.
Fresh oysters and fish received every Friday by Bischoff & Muller. Prices at the lowest possible notch.

The New Lunch Counter.
At Conway's Bon-Ton is the only place where you can get a first-class order meal in the city.

The Exchange Hotel,
Best Located Hotel in City.
J. T. FORSHA, Prop.
\$1.50 PER DAY. \$2
Special rates by the Week or Month for Table Board, with or without room.
S. E. Corner of Plaza.

HENRY KRICK,
SOLE AGENT FOR
Lemp's St. Louis Beer.
The trade supplied from one bottle to a barrel. Water ordered, call order promptly filled.

JACOB WELTMER
Books and Stationery
PERIODICALS
SCHOOL BOOKS,
SCHOOL SUPPLIES.
Stationery Sundries, Etc.
Books not in stock ordered at eastern prices, and subscriptions received for all periodicals.
We pay all express charges.

ALBUQUERQUE STEAM LAUNDRY.
First-class work guaranteed.
Leave orders at Postal Telegraph office.
Santa Fe basket leaves every Tuesday afternoon.
We pay all express charges.

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