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ALBUQUERQUE MORNING JOURNAL.

THIRTIETH YEAR.

TELLS WHAT RIO GRANDE VALLEY NEEDS TO BECOME A GREAT AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT

Manager of the Holly Beet Sugar Company Gives Stimulating and Instructive Talk to Albuquerque Business Men on Possibilities of the Industry in This Valley.

PROMOTERS OF BEET GROWING TAKE TRIP THROUGH VALLEY

"Straighten the Ditches and the Land Boundaries," Says the Colorado Expert, "Then Colonize and Success Will Be Yours"; Prospects Good for a Large Acreage North and South of Albuquerque.

A large number of business and professional men gathered last night in the Commercial club for the purpose of hearing W. M. Wiley, general manager of the Holly Beet Sugar company of Holly, Col., tell what he thought could be accomplished in the direction of successful sugar beet culture in the Rio Grande valley. Mr. Wiley has had twelve years of successful experience as a sugar beet raiser in the Arkansas Valley in Colorado and is probably better informed on the subject of beet growing than any other man in the United States. Mr. Wiley had something of more than ordinary interest to say to both the business men of Albuquerque and the people of the Rio Grande valley, that he had something to say that would materially affect the future of Albuquerque and its surrounding country. Mr. Wiley then commenced an informal talk to give facts and figures regarding the beet industry related to our experience in his state, and the many difficulties that had to be met and overcome before the industry was a recognized factor in the state.

"The people of the Rio Grande valley, it is true," said Mr. Wiley, "have some difficulties to overcome. If there were no difficulties to surmount the prize would not be worthy of the effort. However, I am glad to say that you have a number of things to your advantage here, which we lacked when starting the industry in my state. You have the irrigation right at hand. The water flowing in the Rio Grande is all that could be desired for irrigation purposes. You have the hand. I paid particular attention to the land and the grade of soil in your valley and it is my opinion, based on years of experience in irrigation matters, that your soil will raise sugar beets of an excellent grade. There are, however, some things which are not as they should be, if the Rio Grande valley is to be converted into a real farming section. The first and most important defect that I noticed in my drive through the valley today, was the poor work shown in the construction of the irrigation ditches. I do not like to say it, but nevertheless, it is a fact—some of the irrigation ditches and tanks that I saw today remind me of the irrigation facilities I have read about which were in existence in Egypt two thousand years before Christ. The first thing, therefore, that I would strongly advise the people of the valley to do, is to straighten the ditches, and build them on scientific principles so as to conserve the water and at the same time simplify the work of irrigating the land. The second thing I would advise is the straightening out of the farms. In the nasty irrigation country I observed at once that nearly all the farms were divided up into small strips and plots. It would be an excellent idea for the farmers and owners of the lands to get together and hit upon some plan by which the land could be laid out in squares or sections, more like the farms of Kansas and Missouri. As it is one man owns a strip of land eighteen feet wide and probably a mile long. I am very much of the opinion that it would be of vast benefit to every one concerned if this strip could be reduced in length and lengthened in width. Then the farmer would not have such an awful amount of ground to cover and could confine his operations more to a certain area which would be condensed. The next step I would advise after the irrigation system has been rebuilt and the land straightened out, is colonization. It will be a comparatively easy matter to secure colonists for your land after the two defects I have just pointed out have been straightened out. You have an immense field here for expansion. There is, however, a great amount of hard work to be done. This cannot be done in a day, but the sooner the work of reconstructing, as it were, and reclaiming this valley, the sooner you will have results which will be of vast benefit to your city."

COMMITTEE TO GET THE MONEY.

Not the least important action at the meeting last night was the appointment of the following committee to raise funds for printing of contracts and all other necessary expenses in carrying on the sugar beet campaign: M. Mandell, W. G. Hope and D. A. MacEachern.

This committee is expected to raise the funds necessary for the incidental expenses of the campaign and will begin its work today.

BUSY DAY YESTERDAY FOR THE SUGAR BEET PROMOTERS

A busy day was not in by the sugar beet party yesterday. A party consisting of Messrs. Wiley, Wilson, Garrison, J. D. Hand of Las Vegas, Jas. Kurn, superintendent of the New Mexico division of the Santa Fe, and W. P. Garside, traveling agent of the Santa Fe, with headquarters in El Paso. The party was accompanied by President G. L. Brooks of the Commercial club, Col. John Borcardus and Sheriff Perfecto Armijo. The party went up one road and came down another, so as to see the valley as thoroughly as possible. A number of farmers were seen and the beet proposition explained to them. Several contracts were signed while on the trip.

An enthusiastic meeting of the farmers of the valley was held in the court house at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mr. Wiley delivered a lengthy address which was interpreted and was very much enjoyed.

told in the native tongue by J. M. Montoya. Mr. Wiley gave a detailed history of beet culture and also outlined the best methods for planting the seeds, cultivating the ground, thinning the beets, and in fact, everything that would be necessary to successfully raise a crop of the vegetables. He advocated planting a small acreage this season; not more than one or two acres. The amount of money derived from an acre or two, he said, would encourage the farmer to greater efforts next season; whereas, if too large an acreage was planted this season for lack of necessary help and other things, it might be possible that such good results could not be obtained. The farmers asked numerous questions of Mr. Wiley, all of which were answered to their satisfaction.

A ton of beet seeds has been ordered by telegraph from Holly and will be placed on sale in a few days at the San Jose Market. The results of yesterday's trip were gratifying to the members of the party. Mr. Wiley expressed himself as being delighted with Albuquerque and the surrounding country, and will very likely return to the city to attend the Irrigation congress. He has under consideration an invitation from the board of control of the congress to deliver an address on "Irrigation by private enterprise." He has not yet accepted the invitation, but said last night that if he could arrange his business affairs to that end, he would gladly accept the offer.

The party left last night for Poteet, where a meeting with the business men and farmers will be held today.

BIG PLAN TO RESUME FULL TIME.

Schenectady, N. Y., March 23.—The 16,000 employees of the General Electric company in this city who have been working long days a week for two months will shortly go on full time as a result of large orders received recently.

CROKER FILES LIBEL SUIT.
Dublin, March 23.—Richard Croker, the former leader of Tammany hall of New York, has instituted a suit for libel against the Manchester Sporting Chronicle for statements published in a paper reflecting on his character as a sportsman.

GOVERNOR GUILD'S CONDITION UNCHANGED

LATEST BULLETIN FROM BEDSIDE OF MASSACHUSETTS EXECUTIVE.

Boston, March 23.—From noon until late tonight there was no perceptible change in the condition of Governor Guild. At 10:15 p.m. Dr. Fred H. Winslow, in his last bulletin for the night, said:

"Governor Guild's condition remains unchanged. He is holding his own and resting comfortably."

It was said there would no further bulletin tonight unless some change occurred in the governor's condition.

The friends of the governor and the state officials, with few exceptions, have abandoned hope for his recovery.

The patient suffered much pain last night but was quite comfortable this afternoon and evening.

WU PRESENTS INVITATION TO FLEET

CHINA ANXIOUS TO SEE AMERICAN BATTLESHIPS

Admiral Sah to Welcome Armada to Shanghai; Tasmania and New Zealand Also Send Invitations.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
Washington, D. C., March 23.—China, through Minister Wu, its diplomatic representative in Washington, has extended a cordial invitation for the American battleship fleet to stop in China on its way around the world. On receipt of a dispatch from the minister of foreign affairs from China today, indicating that instructions have been given to welcome the vessels, Mr. Wu promptly sent a letter to Secretary Root. The latter was absent from the department today, and the communication will be laid before him tomorrow. The cablegram upon which Mr. Wu based his invitation came from the minister of foreign affairs at Peking, substantially in the following words:

"As the American fleet is to visit the far east, we have given telegraphic instructions to the viceroy at Nanking to make suitable preparations, in conjunction with Admiral Sah, the ranking officer of the navy, to welcome the fleet to Chinese ports." It is hoped at the legation that favorable reply will be made by his government to the invitation and the officials at the legation are confident that a hearty reception will be given to the officers and men of the fleet wherever the ships may stop.

Shanghai is the only port of any consequence in the vice-royalty of Nanking, so evidently it is the expectation of the Chinese home authorities that the fleet will stop there in the event that the government feels that any stops other than those already announced should be made.

A busy day was not in by the sugar beet party yesterday. The sugar beet question is Mr. Wiley's special hobby and he is thoroughly at home on the question. He gave the history of the sugar beet from the time Napoleon ordered it planted in France up to the present day, and told nearly everything that a person would care to know about the vegetable from the time the seed is planted until the beet is made into sugar. The information developed into a scientific lecture and was very much enjoyed.

told in the native tongue by J. M. Montoya. Mr. Wiley gave a detailed history of beet culture and also outlined the best methods for planting the seeds, cultivating the ground, thinning the beets, and in fact, everything that would be necessary to successfully raise a crop of the vegetables. He advocated planting a small acreage this season; not more than one or two acres. The amount of money derived from an acre or two, he said, would encourage the farmer to greater efforts next season; whereas, if too large an acreage was planted this season for lack of necessary help and other things, it might be possible that such good results could not be obtained. The farmers asked numerous questions of Mr. Wiley, all of which were answered to their satisfaction.

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DURHAM W. STEVENS, CHIEF ADVISER OF SEOUL GOVERNMENT, VICTIM OF COWARDLY ASSAULT IN SAN FRANCISCO.

FOES OF JAPAN CARRY WAR INTO UNITED STATES

Assailant, Arrested, Gloats Over Deed, Only Regretting Its Partial Success; Victim Has Chance for Life.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.)
San Francisco, Cal., March 23.—With the revolver of the would-be assassin concealed in a handkerchief, D. W. Stevens, formerly counselor to the Japanese embassy at Washington but for several years diplomatic adviser to the Korean government at Seoul, was shot and seriously wounded this morning as he was about to leave for Washington. Three shots were fired at Mr. Stevens from a .32 calibre revolver by L. W. Chang, a diminutive Korean. The first bullet wounded M. W. Chang, one of the three or four Koreans who were waiting in wait for Stevens. The other two shots took effect in Mr. Stevens' back, bullet striking him under the right shoulder blade near the spinal column, and the second a few inches lower.

While the wounds are serious it is felt that the chances for Mr. Stevens' recovery are good. The motive for the murderous attack appears to be the resentment of a small group of local Koreans to the Japanese protectorate over Korea, who sought to avenge their country for the important part played in the reign of the government by Mr. Stevens. Last night he was attacked at the Fairmont hotel by a delegation of four or five Koreans who had called to see him with reference to an interview in which he had praised the work of the Japanese in Korea.

This morning as he and Consul General Kolke stepped from an automobile at the Ferry station, three or four Koreans were awaiting him. As the consul stepped to the front of the automobile to look after some baggage, one of the Koreans later identified as Chang, stepped up and struck Mr. Stevens a vicious blow in the face. Stevens immediately started in pursuit of his assailant, when Chang drew from his pocket, what is believed to be a handkerchief, but who were quickly deceived as three shots in rapid succession came from it and directed at Mr. Stevens. The first shot missed the diplomat and brought Chang down with a bullet through the right lung. The other two were better directed and struck Mr. Stevens.

Chang, who is an unusually diminutive type of the Korean race and about as large as a 12-year-old boy, says he is 39 years old and has been in this country for two years, coming from Hawaii. He freely admitted shooting Mr. Stevens.

"Yes," he said to the Associated Press representative, "I shot Stevens. I am sorry. I'm not bad. His help Japan. Kill in Korea after same Japan." He said he had read about Mr. Stevens in the Japanese newspapers and had recognized him from a picture published. It was learned this afternoon that a small band of Koreans had been on Mr. Stevens' trail ever since he arrived last Friday. Inquiry was made at all the principal hotels yesterday when they located him at the Fairmont last night. Chan is in the city prison. No charge will be placed against him pending the outcome of Mr. Stevens' injuries.

The attack upon Mr. Stevens at the Fairmont hotel last night was the result of a mass meeting of Korean societies of San Francisco which appointed four permanent members, Earl Lee, C. K. Chung, Y. M. Moon and U. S. Choy, all young men, a committee to interview Stevens to ascertain his views as expressed by him in the press after his arrival. The opinions expressed by him were decidedly favorable to the Japanese in Korea.

The Korean was greatly overcome by the news and asked Congressman Wood, whom he accompanied from Washington to see that he was not disturbed except for the carrying out of his engagement to speak at the chamber of commerce dinner and to the Korean council of state.

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of forum without any incidents distinction against the state courts and in favor of the federal courts because of his choice of the latter.

When a federal court has taken jurisdiction of a case before any proceeding in a state court has been commenced the former court has authority to decide the case and to enjoin any person from proceeding in a state court until the federal court has proceeded to judgment. This is also a well established right of a court of equity and no new ground is taken in this case.

The opinion turned almost entirely upon the penalty provisions of the rate laws, but court views on that point were stated in the following extract from the opinion:

"For disobedience of the freight rates the officers, directors, agents and employees of the company are made guilty of misdemeanor, and upon conviction each may be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a period not exceeding ninety days. Each violation would be a separate offense and therefore might result in imprisonment for the various agents of the company who would dare disobey for a term of ninety days for each offense. Disobedience to the passenger rate act renders the party guilty of a felony and subject to a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or imprisonment in the state prison for a period not exceeding five years, or both fine and imprisonment. The sale of each ticket above the price permitted by the act would be a violation thereof. It would be difficult if not impossible for the company to obtain officers, employees or agents willing to carry on its affairs except in obedience to the acts and orders in question. The company itself would also, in case of disobedience, be liable to the immense fines provided for in violating orders of the company. The company in order to test the validity of the acts must find some agent or employee to disobey them at the risk stated. The necessity and result of such legislation must be to preclude a resort to courts either state or federal—for the purpose of testing its validity. The officers and employees could not be expected to disobey any of the provisions of the acts or orders at the risk of such fine and penalties being imposed upon them, in case the court should decide that the law was valid. The result would be denial of any hearing to the company."

"A law which indirectly would accomplish a like result by imposing such conditions upon the right to appeal for judicial relief as works an abandonment of the right rather than face the conditions upon which it is offered, is also unconstitutional. It may therefore be said that when penalties for disobedience are by law so enormous and infringement so severe as to intimidate the company and its officers from resorting to the courts to test the validity of the enactment, the result is the same as if the law in terms prohibited the company from seeking judicial construction of the laws which deeply affect its rights."

The proceeding in Young's case grew out of an effort by the Missouri federal court on May 31 last to restrain Mr. Young and other state officials from executing or attempting to execute the state law. Certain stockholders of the Northern Pacific Railway company filed a suit at the time asking for an injunction to prohibit the state officials from carrying the law into effect on the ground that the rate fixed was so low as to make impossible adequate returns to the company on its investment. The injunction was granted on September 24, on the ground that the law was discriminatory and its promulgation was immediately followed by commencement of an action by Attorney General Young in the Ramsey county, Ill., circuit court, in which court was asked to direct the issuance of a writ of mandamus commanding the Northern Pacific company to comply with the rate law. The state court immediately issued its writ in compliance with Mr. Young's petition, and this procedure precipitated a sharp conflict between the federal and the state courts.

Mr. Young was summoned before the former to give an account of his defiance of the court's injunction and, failing to make a satisfactory explanation, he was subjected to a fine of \$100 per contempt of court, and at the same time ordered to dismiss the case in the state court.

Refusing either to pay the fine or to dismiss the case, Mr. Young immediately brought the case to the supreme court of the United States on a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. He based his petition on the grounds that the United States circuit court was without jurisdiction in the original proceeding because there was no diverse citizenship and the suit instituted against him as attorney general was in error, and against state and federal agencies.

The North Carolina case, that of Sheriff Hunter of Buncombe county, N. C., went to trial, and was much attention during the greater part of last summer and was for a time the cause of a sharp conflict between the courts of the United States and those of North Carolina. Wood was indicted, found guilty and sentenced to serve a term of thirty days in the rock pile at Asheville on the charge of selling railroad tickets for more than the maximum rate established by the statute. He appealed to Judge Pritchard, sitting in the United States circuit court for the western district of North Carolina, and the case promptly went up to the Supreme Court.

Negroes Complain to President.

Washington, D. C., March 23.—The president today received a delegation of colored negroes from the south who talked to him about alleged unequal accommodations given colored passengers on railroads in southern states where Jim Crow laws are enforced. The president asked his advisers to submit their contention in writing and said he would give it his investigation.

Philadelphia Death of Minister.

Saint Louis, Mo., March 23.—Rev. Dr. Baird, for fifty years a member of the American English Lutheran church, died here today at the home of his son from influenza sustained last January when a newspaper covering his life caught fire while he was sleeping before a fire place. Rev. Baird was born in 1838 in Akron, Ohio, and held pastorate in Indianapolis, Cedar Rapids, Iowa and Illinois and Nebraska.

OUTLOOK GOOD FOR RENEWED PROSPERITY

COMMERCE COMMISSION REPORT OPTIMISTIC

Notes General Improvement in Railroad and Industrial Conditions of the Country; Declares Prospects Bright.

(By Morning Journal Special Lensed Wire.)

Washington, March 22.—The case of the interstate commerce commission versus the Chicago, Great Western Railway company, known as the rate case, and involving the right of the company to reduce the freight rates on livestock products without making a similar reduction in the rate on live stock itself, was decided by the supreme court of the United States today in favor of the company. The court was constituted by the interest of the other Chicago lines being affected that the change had worked an unusual hardship in Chicago by diverting shipments of live stock from that city to St. Paul and Missouri River points. The company found that the change of the rate on one article without a corresponding change of the other was unlawful, but the courts refused to uphold that view.

In the course of his opinion Justice Brewer laid down the following general pronouncement:

"It must be remembered that railroads are the private property of their owners, that while from the public character of the work in which they are engaged the public has the power to prescribe rules for securing faithful and efficient service and equality between shippers and consumers, yet in no proper sense is the public a general manager. It follows that railroad companies may contract with shippers for a single transportation or successive transportation subject though it may be to a change of rates in the manner provided in the interstate commerce

BILL TO AMEND THE ANTI TRUST LAW

Civic Federation Measure Introduced in House; Impossible to Predict Its Fate at Hands of Congress.

(By Morning Journal Special Lensed Wire.)

Washington, March 22.—The bill prepared by the national civic federation after conferences with the president and representatives of labor and capital to relieve the stringency of the Sherman anti-trust law, was introduced in the house today by Representative Hepburn of Iowa, chairman of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce. It was referred by Speaker Cannon to the committee for consideration and report, and it is understood that the bill, in a message to congress, will be a recommendation concerning

the bill introduced today does not attempt to change the legal status of any thing contained in it, in regard to the Sherman antitrust act, but it aims to provide a way by which the existing restrictions on trade in restraint of trade that are not unreasonable may be saved from attack. The benefits and immunities offered by the proposed bill, therefore, will be in the main confined to those who register in accordance with the terms of the bill. Common carriers and regular in accordance with the interstate commerce commission, and all others, will be unaffected.

There is no indication on which to draw a prediction of the fate of the measure in the house, nor will be done until the hearings have been given in committee.

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CAPTIVATING COUNTESS A THIEF

ARREST CLEARS LONG SERIES OF ROBBERIES

Beautiful and Accomplished Woman for Many Years Traveled Through France Looting Hotel Rooms.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.) Paris, March 23.—A series of mysterious hotel robberies on the Riviera extending over many years has been explained in the act of the beautiful, charming, but unscrupulous Countess of Montell. For years the Countess of Montell has entertained lavishly both at Paris and the Riviera. Her wealth and jewels have drawn comment and admiration from far and near. Now she is declared one of the most ingenious, successful and audacious hotel thieves that has ever graced the hotel properties of France. Her arrest at Nice reveals her not as the captivating, brilliant countess, but as a thoroughly up-to-date burglar carrying concealed in her garments an array of burglar's implements of intricate workmanship which enable her to enter any hotel room on the Riviera which she knew to contain the collected wealth of money and valuables.

Wherever the countess stopped there always occurred mysterious, inexplicable robberies which baffled the police. Valuables disappeared from the rooms of rich Americans in the most mysterious manner for the doors were always found locked and windows fastened. Gradually but surely the faintest haze of suspicion began to be directed toward the Countess of Montell. The French agents of the department of justice successfully investigated quietly the history of the countess. They found that she had been born of a respectable French family, whose maiden name was March Compoline. She married a man named Paul and came to live in Paris. A year later they separated and Mrs. Paul went to the United States. Two years later she returned to Paris as the Countess of Montell. For several years she held brilliant sway in society. She elated the leading watering places on the continent, but especially the winter resorts in southern France.

It was several years ago that the first thoughts of police suspicion drift ed toward the countess and her sensational arrest at Nice at one of the famous hotels is the culmination of long and patient watchfulness by French detectives. Her holding came in a moment of overexcitement to rule. Waiting detectives found her yesterday enveloped in a long and elaborate cloak, bending over the door of a room of a wealthy American couple. When the woman was searched the police found hidden in secret pockets of her clothes matches, files, skeleton keys, sundries and no less than twenty-seven pairs of small delicate tapering gloves used by burglars to unlock and lock a door with its own key when the key is in the inside of the door.

The detectives will seek to prove moreover that the masquerading countess was in fact the active director of a band of hotel robbers, mostly men, some of whom have been arrested and whose aggregate of loot is of great value.

CHILEAN GOVERNMENT LOSES AMMUNITION

Explosion in Government Powder House Causes Panic in Capitol.

Santiago, Chile, March 22.—The government powder houses at Iquique, 29 miles north of Santiago, were blown up today. Six tremendous explosions followed each other in quick succession, causing a panic in the city which was shaken to its very foundation. Almost every resident of Santiago rushed into the streets fearing a repetition of the great earthquake. The loss is very heavy. It is not known whether or not there are any casualties.

STANFORD STUDENTS IN DANGER OF EXPULSION

Stanford University, Calif., March 23.—Little progress was made in clearing up the student situation today. The students presented an apology signed by 247 students. The committee of students affairs completed its investigation and is now considering the testimony of each individual parader. Chairman Clarke says there is no chance of revocation in the case of original twelve students suspended. Indications are that some of the 247 will be dismissed. The students will take no action until the committee returns.

JAPANESE DENOUNCED AS BARBAROUS HUMBUG

Hong Kong, March 24.—The boycott crusade is growing. Envelopes are stenciled on all the walls reading: "The Japanese are a barbarous bunch." The Chinese government does not like the people who are now weeping. The Chinese will come a bloody avenger of the Japanese immediately and can see an anathema which is expected within a few years.

Soldier Commits Suicide.

Vanuatu, March 22.—Sergeant Rudolph Kranz of the Seventeenth Infantry, committed suicide here today in the cemetery. He left a letter saying that he was dependent on his pay but had unjustly been denied promotion.

GO TO BELEN, NEW MEXICO

The Future Railroad Metropolis of New Mexico . . . Located on the Belen Cut-Off of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway

BELEN IS THIRTY-ONE MILES SOUTH OF ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, ON MAIN LINE OF SANTA FE SYSTEM LEADING EAST AND WEST FROM CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, AND GALVESTON TO SAN FRANCISCO, EL PASO AND OLD MEXICO.

THE BELEN TOWNSITE AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY OWNS THE BELEN TOWNSITE—1,000 BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE LOTS 25X140 FT.—WIDE AVENUES AND STS.

Belen, New Mexico, lies in the valley of the Rio Grande. It has a fine plaza with shade trees and a beautiful lake. School Houses, Churches, a Commercial Club, Mercantile Stores of all classes, Patent Roller Mills, Winery; the New Hotel Belen, with all modern improvements; restaurants, a Brick Yard, two Lumber Yards, etc.

BELEN IS THE LARGEST SHIPPING POINT FOR WOOL, FLOUR, WHEAT, WINE, BEANS AND HAY IN CENTRAL NEW MEXICO—ALL FAST LIMITED, EXPRESS, MAIL AND FREIGHT TRAINS OF THE SANTA FE ROUTE WILL GO OVER THE MAIN LINE THROUGH BELEN, EAST AND WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH.

The Santa Fe Railway Company has here the largest terminal yards on its system from Chicago to California—which with an elegant Harvey Eating House, a commodious depot, mill and express offices; round house for eighteen stalls; tracks to accommodate 4,000 cars. The lots offered for sale adjoin the Capot grounds and Harvey eating house; streets graded, sidewalks laid out; shade trees, etc.

THE PRICES OF LOTS ARE LOW; TERMS EASY; ONE-THIRD CASH; BALANCE ON NOTE AND MORTGAGE FROM ONE TO TWO YEARS AT 8 PER CENT INTEREST. TITLE PERFECT, WARRANTY DEEDS GIVEN.

WRITE FOR MAPS AND PRICES, OR OTHER INFORMATION TO

JOHN BECKER, President.

THE BELEN TOWN AND IMPROVEMENT CO.

WM. M. BERGER, Secretary.

SPEER DOMINATES DE SAGAN FOLLOWS IN DENVER MME. GOULD

Mayor in Control of Demo-
cratic Organization, Insuring
Himself of Desired Renomina-
tion.

French Prince Believed to Be in
New York With Object of Re-
newing Attentions to Former
Countess.

(By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire.) Denver, Colo., March 23.—Notwithstanding the fact that former United States Senator Thomas M. Patterson and former Governor Alva Adams characterized him and his followers as mere demagogues and traitors to the party, Mayor Robert W. Speer won a complete victory today in the contest before the democratic state central committee for control of the machine of the party in this city. While but brief recesses the entire day were spent in discussing the question of the status of the committees representing the two factions in Denver. Tonight by a vote of 97 to 82 the committee of which W. T. Dawson, a member of the Rep. and political board, is chairman, was empowered to act as Delegates of the city and their committee headed by Patterson, a Patterson supporter, was given control over Denver as a county. This makes the Denver committee made up of Speer followers which committee was "swiped out" at the state convention two years ago the sole in control of the coming election and practically insures the domination of Speer for mayor if a resolution was adopted authorizing him for the presidential nomination. Dawson, though chosen as the place and June 15 as the date for nominating delegates to the national convention, the convention to be held in a date to be selected by the executive committee of the party.

Try a Morning Journal Want.

WHEREABOUTS OF PRINCE DE SAGAN STILL MYSTERY

New York, March 23.—Prince Henri de Sagan, who is a suitor for the hand of Madame Anna Gould, is believed to have arrived in New York within a few days with the object of renewing his attentions to the former countess. The man who is believed to be the prince registered at a New York hotel as William H. Thompson and gave his address as William H. Thompson two days after Madame Gould and alighted with his host of the home of Mr. and Mrs. Tyler Moore.

The prince's claim here of John Moore was unexpected, at least by those who know something of the affairs of the prince himself and of Madame Gould.

The prince is reported to have gone to Paris to spend some time in this country, away from the cares that had weighed upon her in the French capital.

The man who is believed to be the prince left his hotel today for Washington.

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JOURNAL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST

LOST—Furniture, piano, radio, etc., lost. L. P. Warner, 1612 North Broadway. Address: "Lost."

FOR SALE—Farm and a town lot in the government irrigation project in the Pecos Valley in a new town, up the river from the irrigation at room 32, N. P. Armijo building.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Good driving horses, also light weight wagons. 1612 North Walzer. D. 212.

WANTED—Horses to clip. I have a first class straw cutting machine. Call and see me. 1612 North Broadway. D. 212.

WANTED—Two horses. Phone 1442. D. 212.

WANTED—To buy a good, gentle driving horse, must be young and weigh not less than 1100 lbs. His state price, D. 212. D.

WANTED—To borrow \$1,000.00 on good security, interest 8 per cent. Address Box 82, Albuquerque.

WANTED—Pipes to repair. Joe Richards' Cigar Store.

WANTED—Agents—A real estate proposition. Ladies as well as men are making as much as \$100 a week. Call at room 32, N. P. Armijo building.

FOR RENT—Dwellings

FOR RENT—Modern cottage. Close in. Taxes, 1 and 2. 1612 North Walzer. D. 212.

FOR RENT—Four-room furnished tent house. 1612 North Walzer. 212. West Gold.

FOR RENT—Two-room furnished house. 1612 North Walzer. 212. West Gold.

FOR RENT—Four-room light housekeeping with furnished beds. 1612 North Walzer. 212. West Gold.

FOR RENT—Four-room furnished house. 1612 North Walzer. 212. West Gold.

FOR RENT—Good room, light well furnished. 1612 North Walzer. 212. West Gold.

FOR RENT—Furnished house, 2 or 4 rooms. 1612 North Walzer. 212. West Gold.

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous

FOR RENT—From April 1st, the new four-story room on North First street, those rooms being 10x12, 12x14, 12x16, 12x18, 12x20, 12x22, 12x24, 12x26, 12x28, 12x30, 12x32, 12x34, 12x36, 12x38, 12x40, 12x42, 12x44, 12x46, 12x48, 12x50, 12x52, 12x54, 12x56, 12x58, 12x60, 12x62, 12x64, 12x66, 12x68, 12x70, 12x72, 12x74, 12x76, 12x78, 12x80, 12x82, 12x84, 12x86, 12x88, 12x90, 12x92, 12x94, 12x96, 12x98, 12x100, 12x102, 12x104, 12x106, 12x108, 12x110, 12x112, 12x114, 12x116, 12x118, 12x120, 12x122, 12x124, 12x126, 12x128, 12x130, 12x132, 12x134, 12x136, 12x138, 12x140, 12x142, 12x144, 12x146, 12x148, 12x150, 12x152, 12x154, 12x156, 12x158, 12x160, 12x162, 12x164, 12x166, 12x168, 12x170, 12x172, 12x174, 12x176, 12x178, 12x180, 12x182, 12x184, 12x186, 12x188, 12x190, 12x192, 12x194, 12x196, 12x198, 12x200, 12x202, 12x204, 12x206, 12x208, 12x210, 12x212, 12x214, 12x216, 12x218, 12x220, 12x222, 12x224, 12x226, 12x228, 12x230, 12x232, 12x234, 12x236, 12x238, 12x240, 12x242, 12x244, 12x246, 12x248, 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INFLAMMATORY PUBLICATION SUPPRESSED

ROOSEVELT WOULD
IMPRISON EDITORS

"La Question Sociale," Organ of Paterson Anarchists, is Barred From Mails at Request of New Jersey Mayor.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire. Paterson, N. J., March 22.—President Roosevelt states in answer to an appeal from Mayor McBride to exclude "La Question Sociale" from the mails for the purpose of suppressing the publication that beside directing that the newspaper be denied the use of the mails he had requested the department of justice to make every effort to prosecute those responsible for the publication. A copy to the president's letter to the department of justice was enclosed by Secretary Loeb as his reply to the appeal of Mayor McBride who made the president's letter public tonight.

"La Question Sociale" recently published an appeal of inflammatory character which resulted in the action taken.

President Roosevelt's letter to the department of justice as sent to Mayor McBride follows:

"To the Department of Justice. By my direction the postmaster general is to exclude "La Question Sociale" of Paterson, N. J., from the mails and it will not be admitted to the mails unless by order of the court or unless you advise me further that it must be admitted. Please see if it is not possible to prosecute criminally under any section of the law that is available the men that are interested in the sending out of this anarchistic and murderous publication. They are of course the enemies of mankind and every effort should be strained to hold them accountable for an offense far more infamous than that of any ordinary murderer."

This matter has been brought to my attention by the mayor of Paterson, N. J. I wish every effort made to get at the criminals under the federal law. It may be found impossible to do this. I shall also, through the secretary of state, call the attention of the governor of New Jersey to the matter so that he may proceed under the state law. His attention being further drawn to the fact that the paper is circulated in other states. After you have concluded your investigation I wish a report from you to serve as a basis for recommendation to me for action by congress.

"Under section 388 of the revised statutes lewd, obscene and lascivious books and letters, publications for indecent and immoral uses or of an indecent or immoral nature and postal cards upon which indecent and scurrilous epithets are written or printed are excluded from the mail and provision is made for the fine and imprisonment for those guilty.

"The newspaper article in question advocates murder by dynamite. It specifically advocates the murder of enlisted men of the United States army and the officers of the navy and the burning of the houses of private citizens. The preaching of murder and arson is certainly as immoral as the circulation of obscene and lascivious literature and if the practice is not already forbidden by the law it should be forbidden.

"The immigration law now prohibits the entry into the United States of any person who entertains or advocates the views expressed in this newspaper article. It is, of course, inexcusable to permit those already here to promulgate such views. Those who write, publish and circulate those articles stand on the level with those who use the mails for distributing poisons. No law should require the postmaster general to become an accessory to murder by circulating literature of this kind.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT. The postoffice inspectors have already commenced an investigation of the newspaper.

NO TRACE FOUND OF MONTANA FUGITIVES

Court Starts Investigation of Helena Jail Break.

Helena, Mont., March 22.—This afternoon, the time set for the trial of George Frank Hauser and George McDonald on the charge of robbing the Oriental Limited, September 14, last at Bend, Plattehead county, an investigation was started concerning the escape of the two men from the county jail. Judge Hunt postponed the case until Thursday in the hope that the men will be captured. This afternoon several prisoners confined in the county jail were examined. No clues have been discovered of the whereabouts of the fugitives.

Date Set for Bribery Trial.

San Francisco, Calif., March 23.—Judge Lawler today set next Thursday, March 26, as the date for beginning the trial of T. L. Ford, chief counsel for the United Railroads, for alleged bribery of former Supervisor D. T. Coleman.

SUBMARINE INQUIRY AFTER MORE WITNESSES

Washington, March 23.—The Senate committee on investigation of charges in relation to contracts for submarine boats today decided to call all the witnesses before the committee to all the offices of the Lake-Torpedo Boat company to bring in all their books

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These caring for health must avoid alum powders. Alum is a sharp, poisonous, mineral acid

Study the label. Buy only where cream of tartar is named.

AMERICAN CAR IS NEAR FRISCO

Leaders in Long Race Eight Hundred Miles Ahead of Nearest Rival; Italians Break Down.

By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire. Ogden, Utah, March 23.—The American New York to Paris car left Fresno, Calif., at 2:55 p.m. and intended to stop for the night at Glendale, 80 miles from San Francisco. The Italian car, although 88 miles east of Ogden, must retrace its distance to have a fracture of its frame repaired. The French car reached Pasco, Washington, 4 p.m., and should easily reach Medicine Bow, Wyo., tonight. The Italian car is practically only 125 miles ahead of the French car, as it is 278 miles ahead of the German entrants while the American machine has a lead of 590 miles.

Indians Meet Mishan. Ogden, Utah, March 23.—The Indian car broke down 93 miles west of Ogden this afternoon and is being brought back here on the train. The party will be back in the Indian Pacific shops at this place. The break is very serious.

More Wage Reductions. Providence, R. I., March 23.—In accordance with the announcement made last week, notices of a reduction in wages were posted generally in the cotton cloth mills of Rhode Island today. The amount of the reduction was not stated, but the mill owners say it will be approximately 10 per cent. The wage cut will go into effect on April 6 and will affect in the neighborhood of 25,000 operatives.

BANK OFFICIALS FACE EMBEZZLEMENT CHARGE

Pittsburgh, March 23.—William Fonds, United States bank examiner, acting under advice of United States District Attorney J. W. Dunkle today made two informations against John F. Young, auditor of the Farmers' Deposit National bank of this city, and Henry Parker, laying claim to charging them with embezzlement and misappropriating \$85,000 of the bank's money. Young and Parker were arrested tonight and given a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner W. T. Lincoln. In default of \$25,000 bail, both men were remanded to jail. Mr. Parker has been connected with the bank for thirty-two years and Mr. Young twenty-four years, both having risen from subordinate positions, and they enjoyed the confidence of all of the officers and directors of the bank.

The alleged defalcation will have no effect on the bank, which is one of the strongest in Western Pennsylvania. The institution has a capital stock of \$6,000,000, a surplus of \$2,000,000, and total resources of over \$21,000,000.

The directors and officers of the bank express more regret over the betrayal of confidence of their employees than over the loss of the money.

Pennsylvania Shipmen Made Idle. Altoona, Pa., March 23.—Because of the continued depression in business the Pennsylvania Railroad company indefinitely suspended 2,149 Altoona shop employees today.

At the same time an order was received increasing the working time of all the men retained to fifty hours a week.

Rail Mill Resumes Operations.

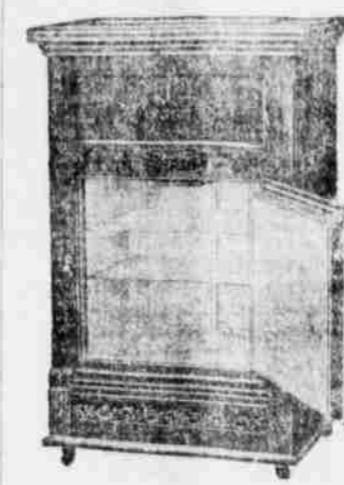
Baltimore, March 23.—The big rail mills of the Maryland Steel company at Sparrows Point resumed operations today after lying idle for a month. An additional blast furnace was also placed in operation. In the six departments about 800 men returned to work.

Horne Murder Trial.

Kansas City, March 23.—In an effort to refute the contention of the defense that General Richard C. Horne was insane when he killed H. J. Grotts, managing editor of the Kansas City Post, the state today introduced much rebuttal testimony.

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SEMI-ANNUAL MORMON CONFERENCE

SALT LAKE CITY UTAH

APRIL 4-6
1908

For the above occasion the SANTA FE will sell tickets to Salt Lake City and return at rate of \$31.95. Tickets on sale March 29, 30 and 31 and April 1, final return limit 30 days from date of sale. Showper will be allowed on the return trip at pleasure within boat limit of ticket. Call at ticket office for full information.

T. E. PURDY, Agent
ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEX.

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SANTA FE TIME TABLE.



Effective November 10, 1907.

From the East—Arrive Depart
No. 1, Southern Cal. Express... 7:45 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
No. 2, San Fran. to Los Angeles... 8:30 a.m. 8:30 p.m.
No. 3, North Cal. Post Mail... 10:35 a.m. 12:45 p.m.
No. 4, B. & M. Mex. City Exp... 11:15 a.m. 12:20 p.m.

From the West—Arrive Depart
No. 1, Chicago Limited... 8:30 a.m. 8:30 p.m.
No. 2, Chicago Limited... 8:30 a.m. 8:30 p.m.
No. 3, Chi. & Kaz. City Exp... 8:40 a.m. 7:20 p.m.
Drops Valley Trains—
No. 14, from Carlsbad, New Mexico, to Amarillo..... 7:30 a.m.
From the South—Arrive Depart
No. 18, Ch. & N. & C. Ex... 8:30 a.m. 7:30 a.m.
No. 19 connects at Lampasas with branch train to Santa Fe and stops at all local points in New Mexico. T. E. PURDY, Agent.

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Get Prices Before Buying.

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The Albuquerque Morning Journal

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H. H. HESKETT—City Editor
MURRAY E. KELLY—Business Manager

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THE MORNING JOURNAL IS THE LEADING REPUBLICAN PAPER OF NEW MEXICO, SUPPORTING THE PRINCIPLES OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, AND IS ONE OF THE MOST INFLUENTIAL METHODS OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY WHEN THEY ARE RIGHT.

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ALBUQUERQUE — NEW MEXICO

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WILLIAM W. STRONG.

For Treasurer
J. C. BALDRIDGE.

For Clerk
HARRY F. LANE.

For Alderman, First Ward
A. W. HAYDEN.

For Alderman, Second Ward
D. H. BOATRIGHT.

For Alderman, Third Ward
B. H. BRIGGS.

For Alderman, Fourth Ward
J. T. MC LAUGHLIN.

For Board of Education, First Ward
R. A. SLEYSTEIN.

For Board of Education, Second Ward
R. W. HOPKINS.

For Board of Education, Third Ward
J. C. ROLLINS.

For Board of Education, Fourth Ward
D. S. ROSENWALD.

GOING TO HAVE PEACE.

There is now said to be, according to a Washington report, no longer any question that several of the measures proposed by the president will be passed by congress at this session, though not all of them. An *emergency* bill is assured. That is not merely because the president wants it, but because the necessity for it is recognized on all sides. The house leaders are just as determined as the senate leaders to pass some kind of currency legislation, although no man on earth can at this time say what it will be.

An employee's ability to correct the constitutional weakness of the present measure is certain of passage. There has never been any doubt about that, and it needed no squinting from the executive to remind congress of the necessity for such an act.

As bills relieving labor unions of the responsibility for benefits, to authorize pooling by railroads and to amend the Sherman act, there is wide difference of opinion. This divergence of views is just as pronounced among congressmen as it is said to be among the outside counselors of the president and between him and some of those counselors.

But congressmen have contended that no good end would be subserved by making it appear to make no issue between a republican president and a republican congress over these questions. Indications now are that this view is shared by the executive and that from now on there will be "team work" between the White House and the capitol, rather than the spectre of a supposedly divided administration.

A DEARTH OF ORATORS.

In an article attempting to measure in advance the supply of orators that will be in evidence at the national conventions, the Washington Star declares that Denver looks by the fate of Henrik Ibsen. For if Mr. Cockran is no longer a democrat and that is the decision of the leader of Tammany Hall, he is not singular in his desire to dominate the democratic national convention. His oratory is well suited to large assemblies. His voice is strong. His action is measured. His training is extensive. His training is big. His life both ends and ends on numerous occasions state and national, he has maintained records beyond all other speakers present. His speech at Chicago in 1882 in opposition to Mr. Cleveland was, while ineffective, a memorable exhibition of his powers. But he is not the Denever.

Chicago loses by the fate of Mr. Foraker. Ohio has chosen her delegates, and he is not on the list. Boston is an orator who comes in a swarm of men. His style differs from that of Mr. Cockran, but is notable of its kind. The state has probably not produced its equal as a speaker since the days of Tom Thumb. Not one of Ohio's big men this year is an orator, and the name of the man who is to place Judge Taft in nomination at Chicago also loss by the fate of former Governor Black of New York. It was thought likely at one time that he would present the name of Senator George Hughes to the convention, but after his speech before a committee of the New York legislature in favor of the truck-gambling bill which Governor Hughes is trying to correct—Governor Black has dropped out of the calculation. The lawyers have wrecked the orator's opportunity.

Who are to set off the fireworks at the convention? The next to both Chicago and Denver will be inspiring. There is not a candidate on the republican list whose name and achievements should not carry a fine

name. Taft, Fairbanks, Cannon, Hughes, Knox, any somebody, and have done things, and as for Mr. Bryan, he calls for the best nominating speech his party has in the shop. What Roosevelt did for Mr. Blaine twenty-two years ago somebody should do for Mr. Bryan now. The peerless leader is pitiful in the present situation.

So far, Mr. Beveridge is the only orator of national reputation scheduled for this exceptionally interesting service. He is one of Indiana's living four, and may be expected to rise to the occasion when the boomers at Chicago are required to show down

ALREADY BEARING FRUIT.

The efforts of the society for the promotion of civic improvement are already bearing fruit. The good effects of the agitation may be seen in every part of the town, and there are good reasons for believing that we reform in that direction will steadily continue to grow more pronounced, since everyone who sets an example by living up his premises and putting his place in more attractive condition, presents an object lesson which cannot fail to have a good effect. His neighbor across the street will not long be waiting up to the fact that a place neatly and tastefully kept has a higher money value than one that presents a generally disheveled appearance, and financial reasons will usually move a man where those of an esthetic character have failed.

Below we present a copy of a letter which is now being distributed by the society through the schools of the city, public and private, and which will probably find its way into every house:

LITTLE WORK BY CONGRESS.

It is generally believed in Washington that in spite of the eloquent message from the president, and in spite of the message which he is understood to be preparing now, there will be but little further action by congress on new measures, and that the date for adjournment will be fixed at about June 1. There is no indication that the remarkable measure of a few weeks ago has had any effect. And the *Morning Journal* is a journalistic corps greeting for burial. For gall, incisive wit and mongrel politics, it not only goes the limit, but goes away beyond the limit.

The general temper of congress in this situation can be appreciated by noting that since the last message sent by the president absolutely nothing has been done. There has not been even a motion to do anything. It might almost be said that even a bill has been introduced on any of the topics which were mentioned by the president. That would, of course, not be true to the letter, but it would be an accurate statement, if it would be an accurate statement, that you sign the call and contribute to the cause the small sum of one dollar a year. You are earnestly solicited to give the society the encouragement of your presence and cooperation, not only for the public good, but also as a matter of personal interest to yourself, inasmuch as you will thereby improve the value of your own property.

"Co-operate with us and we will work a revolution in the appearance of Albuquerque before the coming of the thousands who will be here to attend the irrigation Congress." The next meeting of the society will be held at the Central school on the evening of the second Monday in April, and you are especially invited to attend. In the meantime, if you feel disposed to contribute anything in the line of plants, seeds, or tools, your donation will be thankfully received and properly cared for by Prof. Storck at the Central school.

THE ELKINS-ABRUZZI AFFAIR.

In the matter of the reported engagement between Miss Katherine Elkins and the Duke of Abruzzi, the New York Herald states by authority that the engagement is not yet announced. It may be announced soon. It may be announced a year hence. It may never be announced.

To the first place, the officially named Italian law and the private statutes of the royal house of Savoy of arranging a marriage between prince of the blood and the daughter of a commoner were not at first considered valid. This has been a serious blunder indeed, and if it were not for the American bride of the Duke would not be valid with his title of rank and his right of living in Rome and being received at court would reside at Turin.

In the second place, the duke's representative never against the advice of the king, it is asserted insisted as a condition of the marriage that they be settled on the Duke and his wife as income of \$100,000 per year. Sufficiently enough, it was explained that the settlement were largely enough the Duke would have sufficient influence to overcome the objections to his wife sharing his rank and title and that the marriage would not be nugatory.

Under the circumstances the Duke family has refused him or to sanction his engagement, and Miss Elkins, who is a spiritual girl, acquiesced. There is no doubt that she and the Duke are very fond of each other but the demand for the large sum coupled with the Duke's high standing in the lists of nobility and his international romance.

The building of the Albuquerquian Eastern will mean the coming into the city of the trains of new immigrants—those of the Eastern, the Santa Fe Central, the Denver & Rio Grande and the Rock Island. So far as Albuquerque is concerned, it will be the most valuable forty miles of railway ever built.

It is announced in a special dispatch to the Herald that sensational events may be expected in China. Five thousand Cantonese have pledged themselves to the death to uphold the dignity of China.

That valiant gentleman who undertakes to make us believe there is no such thing as an emotional atmosphere has been obliged to take a seat away back.

The San Francisco Chronicle says: "Much to the disgruntlement of the gentlemen who sought to make it appear that there is a wide division of opinion in the ranks of the republi-

cans of California concerning the chances for the presidency, it now turns out that everybody is sold for Taft."

A distinguished physician and entomologist from Holland in a lecture on insect methods says that nearly all persons may be controlled by "sugestion."

The signs of the times indicate that techniques Mr. Andrews is out in the pension and convention time, if he happens to be nominated.

The resolution opposing the Bryan candidacy was adopted by the New York democratic central committee by a vote of 48 to 1. That's just three.

Does Theodore Roosevelt really know what it is to be a mother? asks a New York paper, and the Kansas City Journal replies: "Well, anyway, he knows as much about mothers as he does about railroads."

A correspondent asks the Albuquerque Journal whether Governor Hughes is married, and the paper answers the question by reminding the correspondent that the governor told his woman suffragists that "woman will ultimately have their way."

The way things are moving in and around the foundations of the federal building, and the auditorium, makes the situation look very encouraging. And it would give great additional pleasure to be able to announce similar signs of materialization on the part of that next hotel.

LITTLE WORK BY CONGRESS.

It is generally believed in Washington that in spite of the eloquent message from the president, and in spite of the message which he is understood to be preparing now, there will be but little further action by congress on new measures, and that the date for adjournment will be fixed at about June 1. There is no indication that the remarkable measure of a few weeks ago has had any effect. And the *Morning Journal* is a journalistic corps greeting for burial.

And the *Morning Journal* is a journalistic corps greeting for burial. For gall, incisive wit and mongrel politics, it not only goes the limit, but goes away beyond the limit.

The general temper of congress in this situation can be appreciated by noting that since the last message sent by the president absolutely nothing has been done. There has not been even a motion to do anything. It might almost be said that even a bill has been introduced on any of the topics which were mentioned by the president. That would, of course, not be true to the letter, but it would be an accurate statement, if it would be an accurate statement, that you sign the call and contribute to the cause the small sum of one dollar a year. You are earnestly solicited to give the society the encouragement of your presence and cooperation, not only for the public good, but also as a matter of personal interest to yourself, inasmuch as you will thereby improve the value of your own property.

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chances for the presidency, it now turns out that everybody is sold for Taft."

MODERN METHODS SUCCEED

ROSWELL-TORRANCE
Automobile, United States Mail and Passenger Service—Established Jan. 10, 1906.

Roswell route to Roswell and all points south on schedule time. This being a United States mail route the cars run and leave on schedule time.

Automobile leaves Torrance daily at 5 a.m. and returns at 10 p.m. passengers over thirty hours between those cities. Courteous and expert chauffeur in charge of every car. Rates \$1.00 per day. Baggage allowed, 50 pounds. Any amount of baggage can be carried by sending Roswell Auto Co., Roswell, N. M. Baggage allowed, 50 pounds. Any amount of baggage can be carried by sending Roswell Auto Co., Roswell, N. M. 2. W. STOCKARD, Manager.

TRUSTEE'S NOTICE.

As TRUSTEE of the estate of J. E. Palmer bankrupt, I will receive bids for the real estate, stock of groceries, furniture, household articles, and property of said estate at room 1, N. T. Armijo building, where a list of the property can be seen on or before April 3rd, bids being subject to the approval of creditors.

H. S. KNIGHT,
Trustee in Bankruptcy for J. E. Palmer,
March 26, 1908.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

From Wyckoff's strain bred-to-hatch White Leghorns and Park's strain bred-to-hatch Barred Plymouth Rocks, \$2 per dozen, \$12 per 100. Harger & Sampson, corner Twelfth and Mountain road.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

At A BARGAIN A 9 ROOM HOUSE WITH CELLAR AND BATH ON LOT 55112 IN THE BEST RESIDENCE SECTION OF THE CITY. APPLY FOR PARTICULARS. MR. LEWIS-SON, CARE ECONOMIST.

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From Wyckoff's strain bred-to-hatch White Leghorns and Park's strain bred-to-hatch Barred Plymouth Rocks, \$2 per dozen, \$12 per 100. Harger & Sampson, corner Twelfth and Mountain road.

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ANOTHER ARGUMENT FOR THE SEWER SYSTEM

ANNUAL CATALOG OF FRUIT SHIPMENTS UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO

COUNCIL SPENDS \$3,300 FOR PUMP PIT AT OUTLET

Expenditure Absolutely Necessary in Order to Keep the Old System Working Until a New One Can Be Built.

Those gentlemen who doubt the necessity of spending money in Albuquerque to build a sewer system, who are opposed to name in calling said system and who are disposed to sit around and talk about it while the old system goes to smash, have a life-size argument before them of the need for the new system in the action of the city council at its meeting yesterday afternoon it voted to spend \$3,300 in patching up the old system so as to make it last through the summer. Political parties may rise and fall and lengthy and faint finding platforms may be drawn for political purposes, but the sewage must be kept moving if Albuquerque is to continue in business and it is noted that of the five councilmen who voted for the expenditure yesterday three were republicans and two were democrats. It was not a question of politics at all but of very stern necessity. It is being remarked with more and more frequency just now that the glorious history and achievements of the democratic party or any other political party will not help a rotten sewer system and that the only thing to do is intelligently expended money.

The council accepted the bid of A. W. Anson, \$3,300, for the construction of the pumping pit at the outlet of the present sewer system. Pumps and machinery are extra. The work is to begin at once and will be pushed in order that the pumps may be running against the coming of the spring floods. The only other bid was that of Edward Lembke, which was about \$4,000. The council took no other action, the meeting having been called to act on these bids.

WEBB AND MILLER ON TRIAL BEFORE JUDGE ABBOTT

Men Accused of Conspiracy to Swindle United States Face Jury in Federal Court.

Nearly the whole of yesterday's session of the United States district court was taken up with the hearing of the government versus Charles Webb and Robert Miller, charged with violating the internal revenue laws and swindling the Southwest Brewery and Ice Company by selling beer without the proper revenue stamps and neglecting the formality of paying the brewery company for its product. On account of the illness of one of the jurors it was necessary to draw a special venire to secure a man to fill the vacancy. F. T. Bloddy, assistant revenue officer, was placed on the stand as a witness for the plaintiff. Mr. Bloddy is one of the main witnesses for the government as it is said Webb made certain admissions to him regarding revenue stamps which may have an important bearing on the case. Numerous objections to Mr. Bloddy's testimony were offered by the attorney for the defense. At 5 o'clock an adjournment was taken until 9:30 this morning. Heacock and Ackerman are attorneys for the defendants and United States Attorney's Lady and Abbott are conducting the case for the government. It is expected that the trial will be rather long as there are a number of witnesses to be examined and a large amount of testimony to be offered in evidence.

The territorial grand jury will probably finish its work and be discharged today.

TELLS OF FREE LANDS IN THE GREAT SOUTHWEST

Santa Fe Colonization Department Issues Attractive Folder of Interest to the Homeseeker.

The general colonization department of the Santa Fe, of which C. L. Sagergraves is the manager, has just issued a folder telling of free lands in the great southwest, which will do its full share to increase the tide of immigration to this part of the west. The folder is a compilation and condensation of immigration literature from Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and California. It includes a summary of the homestead and desert land laws and gives the acreage of such lands to be taken up by counties in all of the states named. The book, in addition contains articles on "dry farming" in each of the states named, the article for New Mexico being by Prof. J. D. Tinney of the Agricultural college. The folder is one of the most attractive set issued by the Santa Fe's colonization department and will prove a bringer of results.

LOVERS.

of good health should prevent sickness instead of letting them get sick and then try to cure it. So long as you keep your liver, bowels and stomach in a healthy and active condition you will not have ill-health, rheumatism, constipation, inactive liver and all stomach and bowel trouble.

J. H. O'Reilly Co.

Complete showing of all the latest modes in millinery, suits and costumes at the Economist, Thursday, March 26th, afternoon and evening. Music.

RACE SUICIDE
as President Roosevelt says. It is not nearly the menace to increase in population that deaths among infants are. And eight out of ten of these deaths are directly or indirectly caused by bowel troubles. McGee's Baby Elixir cures diarrhoea, dysentery, sour stomach and all infant ailments of the nature. Just the thing for teething babies. Price 25 and 50c. J. H. O'Reilly Co.

OUR POLICY IS QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS. LET US SHOW YOU THAT WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY ON YOUR GROCERIES. E. G. PRATT & CO., 214 SOUTH SECOND.

CITRUS BUSINESS AT PRESENT ARE LARGEST

Citrus Business at Present the Biggest Single Item of the Santa Fe and Developments are Carefully Watched.

Traffic officials of the Santa Fe road report that fruit shipments from California now form the most important single item of their entire traffic. The Santa Fe's record is being watched with more than ordinary interest because of the grave doubt that exists in the minds of many as to the real ability to continue its payment of 6 per cent dividends on its outstanding issue of \$102,936,000 of common stock.

For every month in the first half of its current fiscal year the road showed gains in its gross earnings, but owing to the large increase in its operating expenses every month in that period with the exception of the opening one showed a decrease in net earnings and for the seventh month a decrease was shown both in gross and net. For the seven months the increase in gross was \$2,553,705 and the decrease in net was \$1,315,355.

Earnings are still suffering from the falling off in general business, and so far as the officials can see, it will be several months before permanent improvement may be expected. In its fiscal year the Santa Fe had a surplus after all charges and dividends, of \$7,000,000. In the current fiscal year the road's interest charges will be \$1,000,000 higher than they were last year. Approximately they will amount to \$2,500,000.

In 1907 the amount paid in dividends on the common stock was \$5,655,632, that being at the rate of 5½ per cent. To pay 6 per cent this year will require \$6,175,320, or approximately \$350,000 more than was paid last year.

Should the increase in net earnings continue at the same rate for the last five months of the year as in the first seven the road still would have \$300,000 more than they were last year after paying 6 per cent dividends, but allowance is made for the increased interest charges.

It is likely that the road will be able to do better than this because measures have been adopted to bring about economies in operating expenses which may have an important bearing on final results. In any case there will be enough earned to continue dividends at the 6 per cent rate should the directors consider it wise to use the funds at their disposal for the purpose.

In the last fiscal year the surplus of nearly \$10,000,000 was almost all written off for improvements and other necessary outlays. The earnings for that year were equivalent to 15 per cent on the common stock, as compared with 12½ per cent in the previous year.

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On the governor's proclamation, January 4, Monday, Second Semester begins registration.

February 22, Washington's birthday.

February 28, Friday, Intercollegiate debate.

(By proclamation), Arbor Day.

April 24, Friday, University Play.

May 2, Saturday, Intercollegiate athletic contest.

May 3, Sunday, Baccalaureate address.

May 6, Wednesday, Second Semester examinations completed; preparatory commencement.

May 7, Thursday, Class-day exercises; Alumni banquet.

May 8, Friday, University commencement.

May 9, Saturday, Summer vacation begins.

August 17, Monday, First Semester begins; assembly of students; examination and presentation of certificates; registration.

September 7, Monday, Labor day.

November 26, Thursday, to November 30, Monday, Thanksgiving recess.

December 11, Friday, Declamation contest.

December 18, Friday, Examinations for First Semester completed; registration for Second Semester.

December 19, Saturday, Winter vacation begins.

January 4, Monday, Second Semester begins; registration.

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(By governor's proclamation), Arbor day.

April 16, Friday, University play.

April 24, Saturday, Intercollegiate athletic contest.

May 2, Sunday, Baccalaureate address.

May 3, Monday, Oratorical contest.

May 6, Tuesday, Second Semester examinations completed.

May 7, Wednesday, Preparatory commencement.

May 8, Thursday, Class-day exercises; Alumni banquet.

May 9, Friday, University commencement.

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EASTER SPECIAL



The Ideal Shoe Store
LEON HERTZOG, Mgr.
216 W. CENTRAL

OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF SHOES FOR EASTER IS NOW OPEN FOR YOUR INSPECTION. WE WANT TO SHOW YOU THE NEW STYLES IN SPRING FOOTWEAR.

GEO. W. HICKOX COMPANY
THE OLDEST AND LARGEST JEWELRY HOUSE IN NEW MEXICO
STOCK ALWAYS COMPLETE AND NEW
SEND IN YOUR WATCHES. WELL REPAIR THEM
"Arch Front," 110 S. Second Street.
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

Friday afternoon is promised a full afternoon of an active visit.

A meeting of Los Verdes is in the city on a business visit.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bell are in the city on a visit from Santa Fe.

H. R. Phillips, of Taos, Mo., was in the city yesterday on a business trip.

B. M. Donaldson, of El Paso, was in the city yesterday on a business trip.

Ermekins Judge No. 616 and Freights Judge No. 42 D. O. Hartman will give a joint entertainment to their members and friends on Tuesday, March 24th, at 2 o'clock, in Red May Hall. All members and their friends are invited to attend.

A meeting of the Civic Improvement

society was held last night in the office of W. P. Metcalf. A number of matters were brought up for discussion but no definite action was taken.

Another meeting will be held in Mr. Metcalf's office Friday evening at 7:30.

Mrs. Clarence French and children, who have been visiting Mrs. Thomas Hughes for several weeks, left last night for their home in Astabula, Ohio.

Mrs. French is the daughter of Mrs. Hughes and prior to her marriage was a popular Albuquerque girl, being for several years a teacher in the public schools.

Alfred Swanson and Frank Scoville yesterday filed the final proof of their residence in the United States as required by the citizenship laws and were made full fledged citizens of the United States entitled to protection, freedom and the pursuit of happiness under the stars and stripes.

Mr. Swanson is a native of Sweden, and Mr. Scoville is a native of Italy.

The ladies' sewing class will meet at the Woman's club building this afternoon at 2 o'clock. All ladies interested, whether club members or not, are requested to be present. Special terms will be accorded club members.

A free sewing class for young girls will be held at the club room Saturday morning to which all young girls wishing to learn to sew are invited.

A. E. Holcombe, of the general laundry who is spending some time in New Mexico, returned yesterday morning from Silver City, where he attended the republican convention.

Myron Threlkeld returns to Clovis this evening after spending a few days in the city attending to business matters.

J. E. Vining of Taos, who has been in the city for several days on business, leaves this morning for his home.

All members of Company 61 who expect to be away tomorrow evening, March 24th, so as to measure their uniforms, call A. H. Miller, 1013.

E. P. Holcombe, of the general laundry who is spending some time in New Mexico, returned yesterday morning from Silver City and southern New Mexico points.

Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Herndl, of St. Louis, are in the city guests of C. C. Davis, superintendent of the Palman company. Mrs. Herndl is a sister of Mr. Davis.

Three drunks drew my dagger with Judy Craig's police court yesterday morning. In the absence of the necessary whereabouts to pay the fine, the men were compelled to jail.

P. G. Parmenter, of Lawrence, is in the city on business. Mr. Parmenter is a civil engineer connected with the well-known construction by the French system in the vicinity of Lawrence.

James T. Newhall, assistant to John B. Harmer, superintendent of Pueblo Indian irrigation projects, has gone to Taos to look after matters connected with the new dam at Madrid.

Hugh Barwell, a government civil engineer, who has been in charge of the work connected with the construction of the government dam at Madrid, passed through the city yesterday en route to his home in Tucson. Mr. Barwell goes to California for the purpose of assuming charge of some irrigation work now

under way at the new dam at Madrid.

F. W. Drake and A. N. McGaffey left last night on a business trip to Tucson and Return.

E. M. Sanjour, of the Santa Fe company, in the city yesterday on a business trip.

C. H. Elmendorf, of Elmendorf, N. M., was in the city yesterday on a business trip.

P. W. Drake and A. N. McGaffey left last night on a business trip to Tucson and Return.

John F. McGehee, of the Santa Fe company, in the city yesterday on a business trip.

J. E. Clark, territorial superintendent of schools, spent yesterday in the city and left last night for Las Cruces where he will attend a meeting of the board of regents at the Agricultural college.

Special committee of Pilgrim Commandery No. 3, K. T., Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock, to confer the Order of the Temple and Malta. All visiting Knights are welcome. By order of the Fin. Com., Harry Braun recorder.

Hugh Kinney, 22 years of age, died of pneumonia at the residence of his aunt, Mrs. Thomas, on South Walter street early Monday morning. The young man died after an illness lasting only eight hours. Pneumonia is believed to have been the direct cause of his death. He was taken violently at midnight Sunday night and died at 8 o'clock Monday morning. He came to the city recently from Washington state and was a lumber man by trade. He had been perfectly healthy up to the time of his sudden illness. Relatives have been notified of his death and the remains are being held pending instructions from them.

Friends of Mrs. H. K. Dankler will be grieved to learn of her death which occurred last Friday in El Paso. Mrs. Dankler lived in this city for some time and has a number of friends here. Mr. Dankler will arrive this morning from El Paso with the remains which will be taken to Milwaukee for burial. The death of Mrs. Dankler is an unusually sad one. Last December, her twelve year old son Harry died in this city after an illness of but three days. His remains have been disinterred and will also be taken to Milwaukee by the bereaved husband and father. Mr. Dankler is connected with the Young People's Magazine in Milwaukee.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
TAKE LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE & Son, 100, each box. 25¢.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF ANYTHING DAINTY IN THE GROCERY LINE YOU CAN ALWAYS FIND IT AT F. G. PRATT & CO., 214 SOUTH SECOND.

ONLY 100 GO-CARTS OF ALL STYLES, AND PRICES FROM \$2.50 AND UP. EUTRELLE FURNITURE CO.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF ART SQUARES, \$3.00 AND UP. EUTRELLE FURNITURE CO.

Some of the things you ought to know today can be learned in no other way than by reading the ads in the columns of the Morning Journal.

See the new headwear at the Economist opening, Thursday, March 26. Music.

Poll tax is now one and payable at Dunbar's corner Third and Gold. Office open until 7:30 p. m.

Do not fail to attend the Economist opening, Thursday, March 26, afternoon and evening. Music.

FEES' ROOT BEER, THE BEER OF QUALITY. WALTON'S DRUG STORE.

A SNAP—House and two lots must be sold at once. W. P. Metcalf, 111 West Gold avenue.

J. WOODWARD
THE NURSERIES,
Phone 1332. Old Albuquerque.

Journal Want Ads Get Results!

FINE PICTURES ON EXHIBITION AT CRYSTAL DRUG STORE

Clever Moving Picture Show at Little Theater with Some Subjects Never Seen Here Before.

Some very fine new moving picture subjects are on exhibition at the Crystal theater this week. They are "Hendrik Hudson," "The Story of an Egg," "The Drama of Seville" and "The Newlywed's First Meal." The first is a beautiful historical subject depicting faithfully the adventures of the great navigator who discovered the Hudson river. It is an impressive lesson in American history for the youngsters. The finale of this picture shows the splendid outlines of New York City as she is today, out of whose midst Father Knickerbocker and Hudson suddenly appear. Father Knickerbocker delivers the city keys to Hudson and both vanish again. The story of an egg is an actual photograph taken of a cold bird pecking the egg and gaining its freedom. It is a scientific study and most timely as near Easter. "The Drama of Seville" is a picture romance of a Matador who purposes throwing himself at the mercy of an enraged bull because his sweetheart turns him down. The scene and character are all genuine Spanish in this picture and the bull fight is very realistic. "The Newlywed's First Meal" is a clever comedy number and creates much laughter.

The pictures change again Thursday and the management only hopes that they will be as satisfactory as the ones now running.

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THERE THIS WEEK

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