

5-31-1918

## Carrizozo News, 05-31-1918

J.A. Haley

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# Carrizozo News

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER --- DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 19

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1918.

NUMBER 22

## Benjamin F. Gumm, Answers Last Call

Born in Virginia, August 31, 1827.

Died in Grant county, New Mexico, May 24, 1918.

About 1830 his family emigrated to Illinois and settled near La Salle, where he made his home until 1851. At that date the California fever spread throughout his section and he joined a party bound for the Golconda. The trip was made overland with ox teams and eight and one-half months were spent in making the trip.

In 1860 he returned east and located at Fort Scott, Kansas, where he was married to Martha Goff. Their family of five boys, Joseph A., Wallace L., John L., Elmer J. (Pete) and Roy and a daughter, Vera (Mrs. J. J. McCourt) are the surviving members of the family. After the death of his wife in 1904, Mr. Gumm has made his home with his children, and, notwithstanding his advanced age, enjoyed excellent health until a few weeks preceding his death.

A pioneer in southeastern Kansas, the deceased was a prominent figure in that part of the state. He was captain of the local militia during the stirring days of the Civil War and later served two terms as sheriff of Bourbon county. In 1880, in company with the late Governor McDonald, Mayor Peck and Charley Bull, he came to White Oaks where he located the Miguel Otero Mine, and he received the first mineral patent issued in Lincoln county. He was a charter member of the A. F. & A. M. lodge at Uniontown, Kansas, and also of White Oaks.

One of the noblest men this or any other country ever had has lain down the burden of life, having spent the long years of his existence in a most worthy manner. It can be truthfully said of Benjamin F. Gumm that he never consciously injured his fellow man; his hands were always open to deeds of charity; he was a man of the highest integrity, and a citizen of unimpeachable loyalty. Rest peacefully, old friend; your example and influence still survive.

## Soldiers Entertained

The list of soldiers, noted in a previous issue to leave Monday night, were present at an entertainment in Lutz hall on that occasion, the guests of the Red Cross. The following program was rendered:

Piano solo—Clarite McQuillen.  
Reading—Miss Margie Lacey.  
Address—A. H. Hudspeth.

Vocal solo—Miss Carrie Roberts  
Vocal Trio—Misses Cooper and Place and Gladney White.

Address and presentation of comfort kits—Geo. Spence.  
Star Spangled Banner.

At the conclusion of the program a dance was announced, and after a few measures the music ceased and Editor Burke, of the Outlook, auctioned off a rooster that Captain Joe B. Baird had donated to the Red Cross. The bidding was lively and the bird finally went to Dr. Johnson for \$12.00. The doctor then gave the bird to the Chapter to be again auctioned, but in the meantime we had lost our auctioneer; but that didn't close the deal; the doctor took the stand and auctioned the bird himself. The bidding was no so spirited the second time, J. D. Bethea becoming the purchaser for the sum of \$5.00. However, \$17.00 had been realized and an untold amount of merriment resulted from the affair.

The boys left next morning on No. 1 for Camp Cody, N. M., where they will undergo training.

## Fredrick W. Pelman

Born August 26, 1844.  
Died May 24, 1918.  
Served four years in the Union army.

Was a member of the Odd-fellows, joining in Ohio.

He leaves a widow and six children: Mrs. Della Grant and Mrs. Fred Crosby, Alamogordo; Mrs. Frank Lantry, Fort Worth; Mrs. J. B. Garven, Carrizozo; William Pelman, Seattle, Washington; Francis A. Pelman, Great Lake Training Station, Illinois. Sixteen grandchildren and one great grandchild survive the veteran. The entire family were present at the time of death except the two sons. Mr. Pelman was laid to rest in the family burial ground at Alamogordo. Death was due to heart failure.

The deceased was a pioneer in New Mexico, going to the Mesquero agency, where he accepted a clerkship, in 1882. He served during the incumbencies of four agents at that turbulent period and often the duties of the agent had to be performed by him. In 1891 he quit the Indian service and after a short vacation went to Tularosa where he acted for the Coghlan interests in the capacity of clerk, book-keeper, storekeeper and postmaster. For ten years after leaving Tularosa Mr. Pelman was engaged in the cattle business at the end of which period he became deputy county treasurer of Otero county, a position he held for ten years and which he was filling when death called him.

Mrs. M. L. Blaney, leader, has done much excellent work on garments for Belgian refugees.

The Captain Club with Mrs. C. S. Rockwell as leader, plans to sew and cook.

Two girls' clubs at Lincoln will sew. Miss Chavez will care for the work until Mrs. Mabel Smith returns.

At Idlewilde the children will garden and sew.

Mrs. Clara Wootson will be in charge at Hondo during Mrs. Dixon's vacation. This club's activities includes cooking, gardening, sewing, and pig raising.

Clubs are forming at Picacho with Miss Lillian Garner, leader, with Mrs. B. J. Bonnell at Glencoe, and at Alto-Angus neighborhood.

For any information as to clubs address Mrs. Elizabeth A. Gumm, Carrizozo, N. M.

## Methodist Church

Rev. H. B. Lovellette, Pastor  
Sunday School at 9:45 a. m.  
The school is the largest since my pastorate began. Help us to hold it up through the summer.

Preaching at 11 o'clock a. m.  
A short Gospel sermon and good music.

The Epworth League at 7:15 o'clock p. m.

Children's Day Program at 8 p. m. You will enjoy this service. Our aim is service. We specialize in short sermons, good music, expert teaching and friendliness.

All repair work guaranteed at Western Garage.

## Junior Red Cross

The Junior Red Cross will meet each week from the hours of two to four o'clock, p. m. on Thursday at the school building. An emergency call has been sent in from headquarters for sixty Comfort Kits and we would be glad if some of the Eighth grade pupils and larger children would come and help us.

Some of the teachers will always be there from 2 to 4 o'clock.

## FORTUNATE THE AMERICANS

Fortunate the Americans in this land of plenty who can find day after day some hardship to endure! Happy the "wheatless-till-harvest" citizens.

Let those who have murmured over mixed breads read this bill of fare:

**BREAKFAST**—acorn coffee, two slices of bread made of rye, sawdust and potato flour.

**DINNER**—soup with a small piece of tough beef, coarse turnips and no potatoes.

**SUPPER**—soup again with two slices of bread.

## U. S. Food Administration Conference in Albuquerque June 4th

Albuquerque, N. M., May 28.

To standardize the grain industry in New Mexico, to improve the product and assure standard prices are the chief objects of the conference of flour millers, grain dealers and growers of grain, particularly wheat, to be held at Albuquerque on Tuesday, June 4th. This is one of the most important industrial conferences ever held in the state and will have far reaching results, affecting every farmer and every consumer in New Mexico, besides those engaged in the making and selling of flour. A rate of one and one-half cents on the certificate plan, has been authorized by the railroad, from points in New Mexico, El Paso, Trinidad and South. Minimum attendance fifty. Tickets to be sold June 2, 3, and 4 with return limit June 9th. Chief Robert E. Putney of the flour and milling division of the Food Administration in New Mexico has secured of Herbert Hoover one or two top-notch government experts to be present and address the meeting.

"The standardization of New Mexico wheat according to government tests is one of the most important necessities confronting people", declares Mr. Putney. "Heretofore wheat has been simply wheat. There has been no official test and no standard number one wheat prices have been paid for number three wheat and higher prices have been paid for flour than in the east; wheat has been exported at a loss; all on account of the fact that we have not been grading our wheat on any official basis. Last year New Mexico raised enough wheat for herself and some to export. Next year there will be more. This wheat must come clean and be handled on the same uniform basis adhered to elsewhere, and which the government demands. The government test must be applied to all New Mexico wheat."

"The Food Administration at Washington has called attention to the loss of wheat in careless threshing; this loss is much heavier in New Mexico than in most of the other states. Threshing with animals must be eliminated. We must get the dirt out of the wheat. The Food Administration is going after the threshmen to make them get their machines in shape and use every possible care in threshing. The whole problem can only be solved in New Mexico by concerted, unanimous action by all wheat grow-

## Over the Top—Well Yes!

Lincoln County More than Doubled its Quota in Second War Fund Drive

### TEAM WORK THROUGHOUT COUNTY GOOD

The Red Cross drive for the Second War Fund closed Monday night, and Lincoln county went "over the top" in magnificent shape, in fact, its quota was more than doubled, thanks to the splendid organization and the active cooperation of every locality. The total number of subscribers was 1666; total amount subscribed \$5,843.94, of which \$612.25 was in pledges and cash \$5,231.69. The News takes pleasure in congratulating cam-

paign manager J. H. French for his organizing ability and for his indefatigable efforts, and those who so loyally assisted in every part of the county; and also highly commends Cashier Brent Paden who looked after office details and kept in close touch with the results throughout the campaign.

The following table shows the number of subscribers, the pledges given and the cash received by localities:

	NUMBER OF SUBSCRIBERS	PLEDGES UNPAID	CASH ENCLOSED
Alto	25		\$ 49.00
Ancho-Jicarilla	124	38.50	346.25
Arabela	108		99.20
Capitan	91	4.00	185.75
Carrizozo	451	343.25	1767.67
Corona	175	11.00	727.48
Coyote	15		24.00
Desco	20		33.50
Encinosa	41	21.00	75.75
Fort Stanton	174	24.00	371.30
Glencoe-Ruidoso	34	24.00	207.50
Hondo-San Patricio-Tinnie	65		220.00
Lincoln	49	57.00	320.84
Mesa (Nogal)	42	4.00	68.00
Nogal	20	35.00	24.50
Oscuro	31	12.50	67.50
Parsons	15		37.00
Picacho	16		56.00
Providence Church (Nogal)	17	33.50	23.50
Rabenton	13		29.00
Richardson	7		140.05
Spindle	73	4.50	117.50
White Oaks	60		240.40
Total	1666	\$612.25	\$5231.69

ers, all millers and all dealers in grain. Every man interested in the growing, milling and handling of wheat should attend this meeting even if it entails a sacrifice.

"Wheat is the test of Victory. During the coming year it is going to decide the history of the world. Every consideration of business and patriotism demands that New Mexico put her wheat industry on a solid basis of efficiency without delay; and this conference offers the chance to do so."

### Young Men Must Register

We have been requested to call attention to the registration of all young men who have attained the age of 21 since June 5, 1917. Additional draft legislation has

been passed by Congress and the president has issued a proclamation calling for the registration of young men, as named above, and has fixed June 5 as the date. The manner of registering will be similar to that of June 5, last year; every precinct will have a registrar to look after registrants and those required to register must present themselves to said registrars in their respective localities for this purpose. It is hoped that this requirement will be complied with by every young man to whom the law is applicable.

Miss Clara Brazel finished her school term at Desco and returned home this week.

Best equipped Ford shop in the state—Western Garage.

## Boys' and Girls' Industrial Clubs

Profitable activity of school children during the summer months has been the study of many parents and educators. In cities and thickly settled communities the problem has been satisfactorily met by the employment of directors to oversee athletics, gardening, manual science, cooking, sewing, and similar endeavors. But this does not reach the majority of the children of our country who are in need of systematic training.

The marked success of specially planned work for the children on the farms was noticed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and an investigation was found to be of great value in keeping the boys and girls on the farms, increasing the quantity and quality of crops, and improving rural social conditions. With able corps of enthusiastic workers, industrial clubs have become an important part of the extension service of a rural colleges.

By studying local conditions, and the success and failures of club members, lessons have been adapted to the strength, ability, and surroundings of the children in the various parts of the United States. For New Mexico interesting projects are arranged in gardening, canning, and drying, raising pigs and poultry, sewing, cooking, field crops of corn, beans, potatoes, and forage crops.

A valuable part of this training is in the record kept by each club member of the work done and its actual cost in time and money.

Any child between the age of ten to eighteen years is eligible to membership. There is no fee; lessons, record sheets, and instructions are furnished by the government. Five members and a leader makes a club which can participate in state and county contests.

Under instruction from the Department of Agriculture at Washington, our state in the Extension Department of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, has an efficient organization with A. C. Gooley, director, Chas. O. Smith, state leader, three state assistants and county leaders in most counties.

County Agricultural Agent Stuart Stirling, with assistance of state experts formed a number of clubs in this county; but, as he did not have sufficient time to devote to them, the club work has been put in charge of Mrs. W. L. Gumm of Carrizozo.

A sewing club in Carrizozo,

# THE MAKING OF A FRENCH ACE

## Coveted Honor Won Only After Long and Perilous Service

**T**O BECOME a French ace is not such an easy matter. It means not only the bringing down of five enemy machines, but it must be remembered also that these machines must fall within the allied lines. Also they must be "official." There is the rub. Many a marvellous flyer returning to his camp after a valorous day in the air, during which he has sent to earth more than one enemy, with his machine in flames perhaps, realizes as he nears his home grounds that, officially, he has nothing to show for his prowess. The great day is still afar off—the day when his fellow aviators, already arrived at the "ace" stage, will welcome him as one of themselves—when his relatives and friends at home, and all the world, indeed, will recognize that he is a fighting aviator of France, out of the amateur class forever.

Lieut. Constant Soulier, known as the "Benjamin" of the French aces, who has come to this country to show the people of the United States just what the fighting aviators of France are able to do in the way of flying, like most of the other great French aviators, found that winning the "aces" was not the task of a day, but he won it, although it took the bringing down of 12 machines actually before the coveted "official" five were marked to his credit, says a writer in the New York Herald.

He does not look like a veteran of the western front, this hero of many air battles. He seems much more like a pleasant little military schoolboy. He is small, with an amazingly youthful face, and although he is serious and dignified, it is with the dignity and seriousness of a boy, such as is quite in keeping with his simple and straightforward manner.

But on the breast of this modest, boyish young officer gleam medals which speak eloquently of extraordinary valor—the Medaille Militaire, the Croix de la Virtu Militaire of Roumania and the Croix de Guerre of France with seven palms and a golden star.

These honors the little ace earned before he was twenty years old, for before that time he had accomplished 430 hours of flight, had fought 66 battles in the air, had killed or wounded a score of enemy aviators and had brought down 15 enemy machines. His citations in orders and in special government communications cover two closely typewritten pages.

A student at the Ecole Polytechnique in Paris when the war began, Constant Soulier found it impossible at first to enter the service of his country as a volunteer, as he was not considered in sufficiently good health by the military authorities. Also he was but seventeen years old. Presently, however, he succeeded in overcoming these objections and became a volunteer in the artillery. He was placed in the Twenty-first regiment at Angoulême.

But while in the artillery training camp, like so many very young patriots, he became intensely interested in the new arm of the service. He felt keenly that his vocation was not for the artillery but that he must become an aviator. He succeeded in persuading the authorities to transfer him to the aviation corps and became a student at the school at Longvic. He was transferred to Pau in March, 1916, and two months afterward obtained the coveted brevet of pilot. He had studied devotedly at the school and was a notably promising aviator cadet.

While at the school he was much liked by the older men, and one day an episode occurred which pleased them greatly. Young Soulier found his machine taken in the eddy of another airplane which was flying over him. He was blown to the earth with violence. His machine was broken to pieces, and the witnesses of the accident, without waiting to investigate, immediately sent in a call for a medical officer.

Imagine their amazement when they saw the student aviator issue from the debris of his machine without a scratch.

There are no more superstitious people anywhere than the men of the aviation corps of all the armies.

And it was after this episode that the older aviators declared to one another that he was born to triumph.

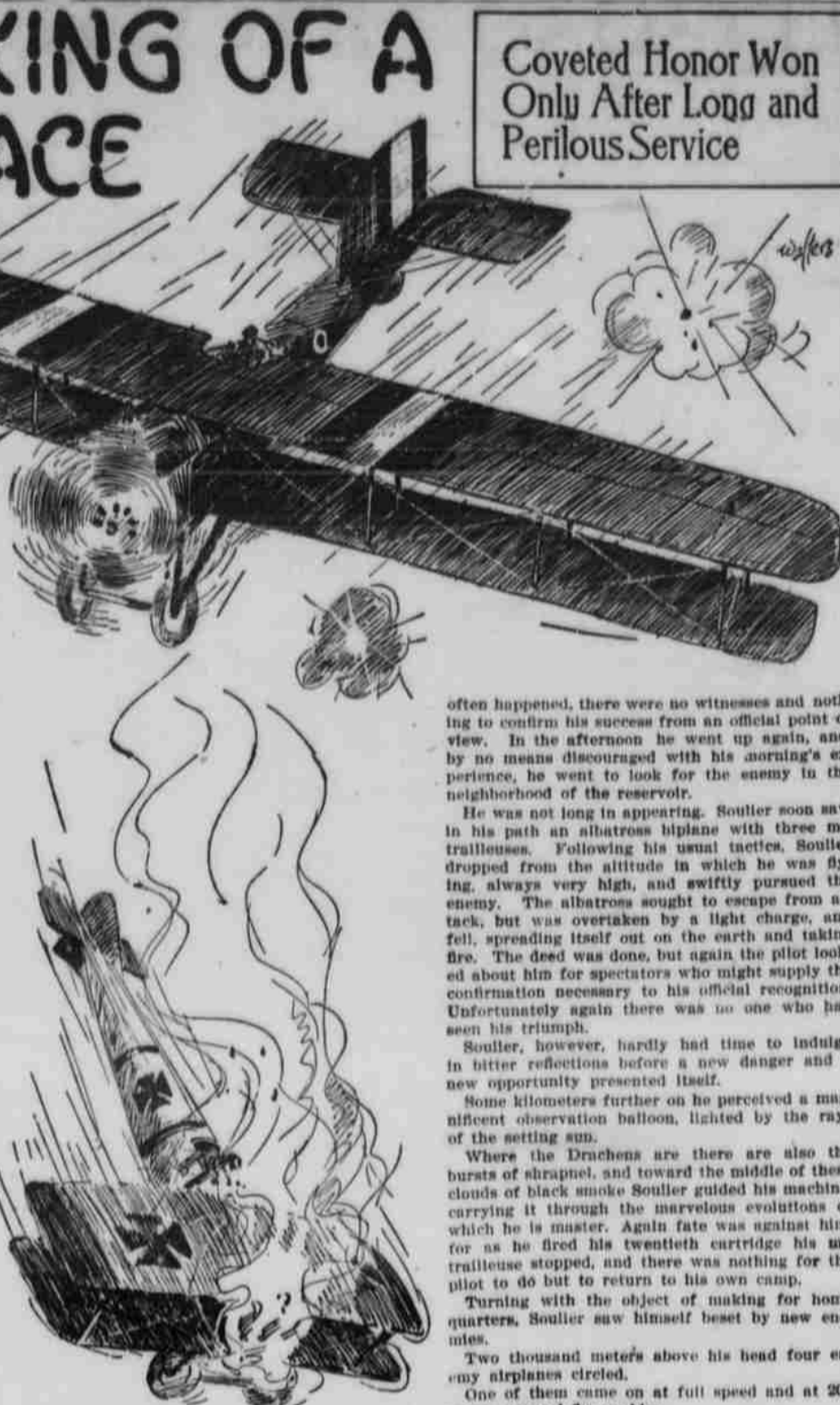
The flying school training was followed by a course at the school of intrailleuses at Cazaux. In June, 1916, Soulier was appointed to the Escadrille N-23, under Commandant Brocard.

The aviator remembers always his first engagement, for no matter how extensive his practice has been at the school it takes different personal qualities to enable a man to hold his own against the enemy. No matter how well he may have done in practice, it is felt that the actual test of the aviator's ability must come in battle.

Soulier had no easy task in his first engagement.

With a comrade, like himself, a novice, he was ordered on patrol. Soon they were enveloped in clouds, but as they came out of this snowy bank they were for the first time in the presence of the enemy. They were confronted by two Fokkers, which were at that time considered very much to be feared.

Soulier opened fire, but his mitrailleur was not firmly fastened in place, and with the first fire it shifted, striking him in the head and almost knocking him out by the shock. But he held his own, piloting with one hand and with the other trying to hold his mitrailleur in place. Although the gun struck him with each discharge, he was able to keep in the fight until the adversary, his cartridges exhausted, abandoned the fight. The French aviators then regained their lines.



On both occasions the cartridges were well defended by their mitrailleur, and antiaircraft guns also were active against the French scout. To get the second Drachon Soulier had to descend to an altitude of 400 meters, and attack very close to the enemy. His machine was shelled, but he succeeded in forcing the enemy to earth. The enemy observer sought to escape, but was killed because his parachute failed to work properly.

October 16 proved to be one of the busiest days of Sergeant Soulier's career. Since entering the service he had been engaged in working in the region of the Somme. The wood of Saint Pierre Vast was then a favorite meeting ground for aerial combats. Since starting out in the morning on this particular occasion Soulier had engaged in six combats with enemy machines, and had forced one of them to make a landing near Bouchevaines. At the conclusion of this series of combats he suddenly encountered three aviatiks. By the adroit manipulation of his machine, for which he is famous, and which has led his government to send him to this country as an exemplar of "stunt" flying, Soulier succeeded in keeping out of the way of the other two of these machines while attacking and forcing to earth the third.

On this occasion luck was with him in every way, for the aviatik was brought down within the French lines and the infantry recognized the French scout, so that there was no difficulty in obtaining an official confirmation.

In the course of reconnaissance with a comrade to the east of Peronne over enemy territory Soulier suffered a reverse of fortune a few days later. Three airplanes launched themselves in the direction of the two French machines, and Soulier's comrade, badly wounded, was soon obliged to abandon the combat. As Soulier prepared to attack, his machine shivered violently. A blade of his propeller had been broken by a charge from the enemy mitrailleur. The encounter took place at a height of 3,000 meters. Soulier's damaged machine spiraled and fell more than a thousand meters.

Feeling himself lost if the motor detached itself the pilot cut off the power, corrected the machine, and let himself fall vertically so as not to involve the motor. By good luck a wind from the east carried him within the French lines and he was succored by the infantry and brought back to camp under enemy fire. His injuries were merely bruises from which he soon recovered.

The good luck of the Benjamin of the aces did not desert him, for some time later in returning to camp in the darkness at four o'clock in the morning it was necessary for him to make a landing without a light. His machine crashed to the ground, but he again extricated himself from the debris practically unharmed.

In December, 1916, Soulier was again cited in orders for operations against the enemy in Champagne, including the bringing down of an enemy machine and firing on an enemy column.

In the spring of 1917 Brocard's scouts were sent to the environs of Flame, and Coulier, with the other members of the N-23, went into quarters near Bonne Maison. A large number of enemy aviators, well equipped with new machines, were operating in the vicinity.

May 20, 1917, was another busy day for Soulier. His work began in the morning by starlight while he was patrolling the region of d'Anfontaine and Pronvais. Seeing an enemy airplane, he brought it down with a few charges, but, as so

often happened, there were no witnesses and nothing to confirm his success from an official point of view. In the afternoon he went up again, and, by no means discouraged with his morning's experience, he went to look for the enemy in the neighborhood of the reservoir.

He was not long in appearing. Soulier soon saw in his path an albatross biplane with three mitrailleur. Following his usual tactics, Soulier dropped from the altitude in which he was flying, always very high, and swiftly pursued the enemy. The albatross sought to escape from attack, but was overtaken by a light charge, and fell, spreading itself out on the earth and taking fire. The deed was done, but again the pilot looked about him for spectators who might supply the confirmation necessary to his official recognition. Unfortunately again there was no one who had seen his triumph.

Soulier, however, hardly had time to indulge in bitter reflections before a new danger and a new opportunity presented itself.

Some kilometers further on he perceived a magnificent observation balloon, lighted by the rays of the setting sun.

Where the Drachens are there are also bursts of shrapnel, and toward the middle of these clouds of black smoke Soulier guided his machine, carrying it through the marvelous evolutions of which he is master. Again fate was against him, for as he fired his twentieth cartridge his mitrailleur stopped, and there was nothing for the pilot to do but to return to his own camp.

Turning with the object of making for home quarters, Soulier saw himself beset by new enemies.

Two thousand meters above his head four enemy airplanes circled. One of them came on at full speed and at 200 meters opened fire on him.

It is at such moments as these that the aerobic flyer finds himself at the height of his glory. With every nerve taut, with every bit of skill in play, he turns, twists and circles his way out of such difficulties, and when he comes through them successfully tastes for a moment a glory almost unknown to other men.

A slide down the wing, a loop, then all the gamut of beautifully executed maneuvers—whose most valuable quality is their faculty of keeping the enemy guessing where the machine will be in the next second—and Soulier had succeeded in showing his heels to the enemy. Then, guiding himself with one hand, and repairing his mitrailleur with the other, while at the same time he continued his series of acrobatics, Soulier winged his way to the French lines, succeeding in throwing off the first one and then another of his adversaries.

To complete his mischance his motor weakened. He had only one resource—to do the death drop. He let himself fall in spirals, and the Bosches, believing that he had been sent down, beat their wings as if in a dance of joy.

Then suddenly the "dead" French aviator righted himself, began to arm anew his mitrailleur, and with a last shot at his enemy, regained his lines, able at last to say "alone."

The toils and dangers of this terrible day had counted for nothing, however, on the official record of the young aviator, but the following day, although his activities were by no means so continuous, was to bring him the substantial recognition that every war aviator longs for.

By the same bright star as that of the day before he started on a morning flight, passing rapidly over the enemy trenches. Presently perceiving a D. F. W. scout machine, he attacked it vigorously.

In these single combats in which only two machines take part the fight is usually very soon over. In three minutes the enemy had been beaten, the machine fell in flames and the two aviators were crushed on the ground. On this occasion observers in a balloon and some infantry troops had been able to follow the duel and reported official confirmation so eagerly desired. That very night at the Bonne-Maison farm in a friendly ceremony the new ace was baptized in champagne.

## How the Indian Kept Warm

When the Indian was on the warpath for any length of time in cold weather he had a very ingenious and simple process for keeping warm. He could not build a fire without giving his location away, so at night the party would dig a number of holes about three feet deep, and in the bottom kindle a fire of burnt wood (charcoal). Then in spoke fashion they would lie on the ground around the hole with their legs hanging down over the fire and so to sleep. This kept their toes comfortably toasty without warning the enemy as to their whereabouts.

### KINDHEARTED.

He (brutally)—Women have no sense of humor, anyhow.

She (pointedly)—Oh, yes, we have. The reason they don't laugh at the funny things they see is because they don't want to hurt the poor things' feelings.

# HEARD and SEEN at the CAPITAL

## "Wanted, Live Press Agent; Apply Mother Nature"

WASHINGTON.—Nature needs a press agent. If you were among the thousands who missed the recent display of the aurora borealis, you will agree with me that a little advance publicity for old Mother Nature would result in larger audiences for some of her most choice displays.



Those who missed the "northern lights" have been kicking themselves because they didn't have the gumption to look out the back window and see something worth looking at.

But how were you to know anything about the aurora borealis being on the way? Nature needed a press agent, that was all.

And now an earthquake! Missing the Aurora borealis was bad enough, but to miss an earthquake that shakes beneath your very feet is too much. When you failed to look out the window that night, it wasn't your fault, of course—how in the thunder were you to know the aurora borealis was out there, anyway?

But that earthquake! If you were so absorbed in a book that you failed to feel the house quiver, it was your fault, and you feel it. You may forgive yourself for not looking out the window, but not for failing to note the earthquake.

When you went downtown the next morning there was Henry Jones waiting for you.

"Did you feel the earthquake?" he asked.

"What earthquake?" you said.

He looked at you with pity.

"Where were you, anyway?"

You confessed to home.

"And you didn't feel that quake?"

"No."

"Why, it shook our house and rattled all the dishes in the pantry—didn't you hear the dishes rattling in your pantry?"

You had to admit that if your dishes rattled you failed to detect it.

And Henry Jones went away looking as if he felt sure the fault lay with you and not your dishes.

Yes, decidedly. Nature needs a press agent.

## Washington Youngsters Ablaze With Patriotism

WASHINGTON has its patriotic boys and girls. Because a war requires the activities of grown men and women we are apt to forget all about our boys and girls, and how their young hearts bubble over with a real, although undeveloped, patriotism.

Their patriotism may appear superficial sometimes, and perhaps it is only a reflex of what they have heard their elders say, but it is real, tremendously real, nevertheless.

I know a little boy, so small you feel that you could pick him up and put him in your pocket with ease. But, as small as he is, his little brain is concentrated on the war. He is always thinking about it.

He doesn't think of it in terms of men and guns, or ships and aircraft. He doesn't talk of this and that battlefield. He indulges in no speculation. Here is a sample of what he thinks and says:

His mother was talking to another member of the family concerning an article of food which she was cooking.

"And do you know," she said, "it was red hot—"

"Mother," chimed in the little boy.

"Yes, dear?" said his mother.

"You mustn't say 'red hot,' mother," he replied. "You must say Red Cross."

Even when he goes to bed he carries the war with him, evidently. He takes with him, too, the phrases he has heard during the day. Strangely, with his baby wits, he turns them into telling phrases, more potent than he realizes.

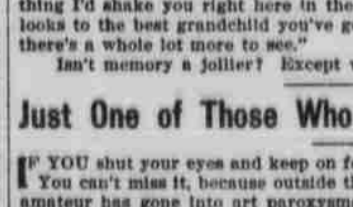
"You must go to bed now," his mother said to him one night. "It is time for you to go to sleep."

He looked solemnly at his mother with sleepless eyes.

"I won't go to sleep till it's over over there," he said.

## Illustrating Anew the Magic Power of Memory

SHE had dodged Father Time in the same fashion that a here-and-there clover top escapes the farmer man's scythe. And she was standing before a millinery window with the jolly youngish woman who had her in charge.



"I used to wear a camella like that in my hair to every ball I went to on the left side, below the ear. All thought it most becoming. Your Aunt Eliza wore flowers to match the colors of her ball dress, but I never appeared in anything but flounced white tulle, with a camella in my hair—on the left side, below the ear. Your grandfather thought it most becoming. All said we were an extremely handsome young pair—your Aunt Eliza considered her figure more elegant than mine, but it was not the popular opinion. The night I accepted your grandfather—my eleventh proposal to your Aunt Eliza's third—I wore a white camella like that in my hair—on the left side, below the ear. All thought us an extremely handsome young pair—"

"I bet you were a peach, Grammah, and if it wasn't for the looks of the thing I'd shake you right here in the street for not handing down your good looks to the best grandchild you've got to your name—come along now, dear; there's a whole lot more to see."

Isn't memory a jollier? Except when she's a scourge.

## Just One of Those Who Heard the Country's Call

IF YOU shut your eyes and keep on for three squares you will come to a shop. You can't miss it, because outside the window there is a sign on which some amateur has gone into art proxyams over shoes that no foot on earth could wear and angels wouldn't want to—

and above the door is lettered a grand opera name that only genius could spell.

Casually glimpsed, the shop stands for a very small pebble with which some venturesome David is fighting a big, strange-tongued Goliath whom he calls the New World—but you can't always depend on glimpses.

If you had seen David, the other day, say, standing in his open door with one foot resting over the other as if it didn't have to work and wouldn't, with his shirt-sleeved arms folded in the official attitude of one who has downed his foe, and in his midnight eyes a something that would have been a smirk except that it was honest pride—you would have known right there that Goliath was as dead as the stoned cat in the alley—that's the time you should have come across young David!

There was a reason, of course. A photographer on the pavement was taking a postcard snap for the folks back in Italy, where the crossed feet and folded arms with smile attached will mean success, and where, through the alchemy of affection, the youngster's desire to show off will be interpreted into loyalty and memory and love.

P. S.—All that was until a month ago. Now the signs are gone and the door is locked and the dust has made brown ridges on the shutters.

You cannot be contented to sit at a bench and peg and sew and sing "Santa Lucia" when you have a country to fight for.





To drive a tank, handle the guns, and sweep over the enemy trenches, takes strong nerves, good rich blood, a good stomach, liver and kidneys. When the time comes, the man with red blood in his veins "is up and at it." He has iron nerves for hardships—an interest in his work grips him. That's the way you feel when you have taken a blood and nerve tonic, made up of Blood root, Golden Seal root, Stone root, Cherry bark, and rolled into a sugar-coated tablet and sold in sixty-cent vials by almost all druggists for past fifty years as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This tonic, in liquid or tablet form, is just what you need this spring to give you vim, vigor and vitality. At the first sign of a hard winter, no wonder you feel "run-down," blue, out of sorts. Try this "Medical Discovery" of Dr. Pierce. Don't wait! To-day is the day to begin! A little "pep," and you laugh and live.

The best means to all the machinery of the body, put tone into the liver, kidneys and circulatory system, is to first practice a good house-cleaning. I know of nothing better as a laxative than a vegetable pill made up of May-apple, leaves of aloe and jalap. This is commonly sold by all druggists as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and should be taken at least once a week to clear the twenty-five feet of intestines. You will thus clean the system—expel the poisons and keep well. Now is the time to clean house. Give yourself a spring house cleaning.—Adv.

Assault GRAND PRIZE at the P. P. L. E.

**KOVERALLS**  
KEEP KIDS NEEN

LOOK FOR THIS LABEL

100¢ the suit — EVERYWHERE  
a new suit FREE if they rip  
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

If your dealer cannot supply you, we will send them, charge prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.00 each. Levi Strauss & Co., San Francisco

**Let Cuticura Be Your Beauty Doctor**

**PATENTS** Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and books free. Mails renewable. 112 best references. See 1000000000

**WARNING TO ALL HUSBANDS**

Just Now There is Danger in Using Abbreviation of Somewhat Common Pet Name.

A sergeant of police exhibited a slight scratch on his face a few days ago which he said was caused by his wife's patriotism. By way of explanation the sergeant said: "I generally walk into the house and greet my wife with some pet name, one of my favorites being: 'Hello, honey.'"

"Yesterday when I reached home I went in in my customary manner, met my wife in the kitchen and said: 'Hello, hun.'"

"I had no more than spoken," said the sergeant, "when my wife landed on me and said that she would give me to understand that she was not a Hun, so from now on I will be careful to use some other name or else call her honey, and I will be very careful to use the entire word and not try to abbreviate it."—Indianapolis News.

**Brave Act Recognized.**

The navy department has commended Matthew McCabe, a water tender, for gallantry and heroism in jumping overboard from the United States steamship Ponce de Leon and rescuing from drowning a fireman who had either jumped or fallen overboard. When the man was seen to disappear from the ship McCabe, without hesitation, jumped into the water and succeeded in getting a line around the man, who was hauled up on deck. McCabe enlisted in the navy August, 1916, at New York.

Little sins are eggs from which great sorrows are hatched.

**Bobby says**

To get the best of all Corn Foods, order **POST TOASTIES** Sweet, Crisp, Ready-To-Eat

# Hourly Changes In Skirt Styles

New York.—A woman should give more than passing interest to the lines of the spring skirt. It does not change from day to day, but from morning to afternoon to evening, writes a prominent fashion correspondent.

One can sum up the whole situation by saying that a woman begins straight in the morning and is on the bias in the evening. When she appears on the street at 10 a. m. her skirt must be as straight as the path of life laid out for us by the Bible. There must not be a deviation in the way of a flare, a ripple or a ruffle. The skirt may go in a bit at the ankles, but that is not required by fashion. It must look like a straight bag dropped from the waist line.

In the afternoon the skirt begins to waver from the straight line. It takes unto itself a tunic, which is attached to it or begins at the waistline. This tunic has a ripple and a flare, but its slenderness is achieved through its flexibility. The material is soft, and therefore the skirt swings to and from the figure with a good measure of grace.

In the evening the skirt drops all pretensions to straight lines. It becomes more slender than ever through widths of material wrapped around the figure, after the manner of the ancient Egyptians. The cloth may go to a line above the knees in its wrapping, and leave a narrow plaited ruffle that rests over the ankles and heels, or the wrapping may begin below the bust and continue to the ankle with a loose end, or two or three of them, left floating on the floor to serve as trains.

**Wrapped Skirt is Distinguished.**

There is no doubt that a struggle for supremacy will come between the two fashions. The wrapped skirt will not be content to be limited to evening usage; it wants to appear on the street in a modified measure, in cloth costumes.

Already one hears it said that the coffee-bag skirt will not last through the summer. It is not an admirable model for thin materials, such as pongee, extra fine serge, and the new worsted that is expensive but ultra-fashionable—a kind of worsted that was invented in France, and has the appearance of coarse-meshed thin Antora.

The plaited skirt is a substitute for this coffee-bag skirt, but unless it is done by machinery it is not acceptable, and women are not altogether enthusiastic over the continuance of straight plaiting. They are willing to accept it as an underskirt, fashioned after the Alexandrian manner, to serve as a mere foundation to a tunic of brilliant lines, but they do not want to use it for a whole skirt. Therefore, the chances are that the wrapped or draped skirt will have its own way and creep into the clothes that are



The tight skirt of the frock is of gray blue taffeta, with two minaret flounces. The tight bodice is of king's blue satin, with short sleeves and a square neck. Patent leather pumps, tied on with wide ribbon,

worn at 10 o'clock in the morning, as well as dominating those that are worn at night.

There is more distinction about one wrapped skirt than the straight one, but it is quite possible to make a happy combination of the two.

**Compromise with the Tunic.**

Judging from the multiplicity of tunics that have sprung up into the spring clothes, there is little doubt that the ungarlished, plain, tight skirt is deplored by the dressmakers.

This is true in America as well as in France, and one makes that statement with a hopeful feeling today, for the American houses and designers

have done far-reaching and serious work this year. They have taken a stand that is important. What they have devised in clothes is sufficiently brilliant to give them hopes for the future.

So when women realize that the American as well as the French dressmakers have insisted upon tunics as an offset to the straight narrow skirt they see that this kind of drapery is an accepted fashion, and they grasp at



This frock by Georgette of Paris is of tete de negre satin, with collar and cuffs of gray Angora. The waistcoat is of cream-colored linen.

it eagerly, if their figures are not at their best in the limited amount of straight material that the tailored suits offer.

These tunics are diverse in shape, coloring and ornamentation. They, like sleeves, are produced in such variety that they clamor for attention, and offer to every woman a phase of dress that she alone can wear.

There is a compromise tunic, that is nothing more or less than two panels placed at the waistline to fall over the hips and touch the hem of the skirt. Many of them do not stop at the hem, but drop onward to the floor, where they are weighted with tassels or embroidery. When the gown is worn in the evening these panels rest upon the floor for ten or fifteen inches, giving a curious silhouette and often making a bunglesome movement that no woman but an accomplished actress would wish to overcome.

The simple tunic as it stands, however, should bring joy to the despondent hearts of many women who look at clothes from the viewpoint of seeing nothing for them to wear.

This bit of skirt drapery can be made to fit into all lines and cover all deficiencies. It may be short or long, bias or straight, draped or plain, demure or gay, just as long as it makes obedience to the narrow, tight skirt, from which it floats and which it nearly covers.

Now a word to the economical woman, and by that one means every woman who is trying to do her best. It is the day of the sewing machine, and the hum of it is heard over the land. Some women are trying to be economical when there is no necessity for it, but they are impelled by a good spirit or a desire to be in the movement, no matter what it is.

**The Waistless Figure.**

The garment which vies with the draped tunic in importance and artistic merit is the corset, but it can only be worn by a slim woman. However, there are many types of corsets. Fashion is kinder than nature this year.

There are wrinkled corsets of Chinese brocade which reach from the chin to the hips, with one side cut into a deep point and weighted by a jade ring, from which hangs a black and gold Chinese tassel.

That is one type of corset. Opposed to it is a straight, wrinkled, low-waisted blouse of dark-blue satin, which is carelessly drawn over the hips by means of a turned-up cuff run with soutache. The sleeves are of satin and branch well out over the hands, where they are edged with soutache. This is a sensible corset that may be worn over any kind of skirt. It is even adapted to deep golden-brown chiffon and the new woolen jersey in oyster white.

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**Why Not, Indeed!**

"Why not open-air schools for all children?" asked the bulletin of the Chicago Municipal Tuberculosis sanitarium. "Why the stupid policy of waiting till a child gets sick before giving him the fresh air he needs?"

**\$100 Reward, \$100**

Cataract is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$1000 for any case of Cataract that HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Chasey & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

**Fair Enough.**

"Young lady, you are far too fresh for your sex." "Well, you know, we are supposed to have equal rights now."

**Don't Worry About Pimples.**

On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off the Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c.—Adv.

**The Taskmaster.**

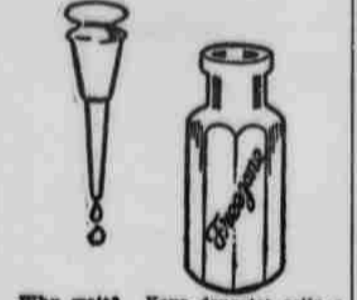
"Buggo certainly believes in keeping his money at work." "Yes, he says a penny saved is a penny earned."—Ginger.

"An aviator can't get stuck on his family." "Why not?" "Because in his profession there is nothing to boast about in a descent."

**OHIO MAN IS A MODERN WIZARD**

**CORNS STOP HURTING THEN LIFT OFF WITH FINGERS.**

Drop of magic! Doesn't hurt one bit! Apply a little Freezone on that touchy corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it off with the fingers. No pain at all! Try it!



**Why wait? Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of Freezone for a few cents, sufficient to rid your feet of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and callouses, without soreness or irritation. Freezone is the much talked of other discovery of the Cincinnati genius.—Adv.**

**Critical.**

"I designed this gown myself." "I was wondering whether it was the result of accident or design."

**Be happy. Use Red Cross Bag Ripes; much better than liquid blue. Delights the laundress. All grocers. Adv.**

**No Changes.**

"Do you believe in telepathy?" "No; we always have a homeopathic doctor."

**Sarcastic.**

"I hope I'm not taking you from your work." "No; I just come down to the office to receive visitors."

When a man is beaten he admits it—but its different with a woman.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.

**Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria**

Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hathorn*

In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

THE GENUINE REMEDY, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

**Carter's Little Liver Pills**

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy

A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living

Small Pills, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE BEARS SIGNATURE *Dr. J. C. Carter*

**ABSENCE of iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people**

**Joke.**

The other day a well-known music hall artist was chatting to a London journalist whose paper is not always to be relied upon for accuracy of statements.

"My dear fellow," the comedian said, "I think that what you want is a bishop on your staff."

"A bishop? Why?" asked the journalist in amazement.

"Because," answered the other, with a smile, "some of the statements in your paper are in sore need of confirmation."—Exchange.

**Kill the Flies Now and Prevent disease. A DAISY FLY KILLER will do it. Kills thousands. Lasts all season. All dealers, or six by express, prepaid for \$1. H. ROMERS, 180 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. Adv.**

**Flighty.**

W. F. Cleary, clerk of the board of public works, is the recipient of many complaints and interrogations. The prize question, he says, was asked him recently when a man came into his office, on the first floor of the city hall building, and asked him where the second floor was.—Indianapolis News.

**Best Part.**

John Don—"What is it you like best about Marian's singing?" Gladys Canary—"Oh, the refrain, I guess."

**Before Marriage and After.**

"What have you there?" "His early love letters." "And that other large collection?" "Broken promises," sighed the wife.

A barking dog might almost as well bite as to irritate scores of people's nerves, night and day.

**What Do You Know About CATTLE?**

Do You Want to Know the CATTLE BUSINESS?

Drop us a post card today and get FREE INFORMATION about the CATTLE BUSINESS.

"CATTLE BREEDS AND ORIGIN" about all breeds of cattle on earth.

DR. DAVID ROBERTS' VETERINARY CO., 1108 WASHINGTON, WIS.

**25c Developing and Printing**

Send any size film by mail enclosing 25c stamps and we will develop a 6-exposure roll and make one print of each good film. We pay return postage. We employ photographic experts only. 8-hour service. This is a first-order offer to acquaint you with our superior service and results.

AUSTIN'S KODAK FINISHING STORE, Dept. B. I., Pueblo, Colo.

**C. J. Mustion Wool Commission Co.**

16th & Liberty Sts., Stock Yards Station KANSAS CITY, MO.

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 19-1918.

**ATTENTION! Sick Women**

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. CHUMMING, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. ELIAX HERM, R. No. 6, Box 68, Lowell, Mich.

**Why Not Try LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND**

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

# Carrizozo News

Published Friday at Carrizozo, Lincoln County, New Mexico.

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NO. A. HALEY, Editor and Publisher

## WOMEN OF AMERICA MUST HELP WIN WAR



### Some School History

By Leo H. Bushells, White Oaks, N. M. Continued from Last Week

and allow the directors to issue a warrant for repairs sufficient to cover the cost of doors and windows which was duly approved by the county superintendent. In this way the house was built, the district fund depleted in a very small amount and the school went merrily on to the extent of their very limited appropriation.

The writer also was among the first to break into the habit of holding teachers' institutes in the county. These institutes served as a kind of eye opener to many of the teachers at the time and the custom has been followed annually from that time until the present day—in as much as law requires it. He also had the satisfaction, after four years work of turning the office over to his successor with every school running in as good shape as the limited appropriations would cover, and no dissatisfaction cropping out, so far as known with his attempt to run the office.

The people of Lincoln county made no mistake in electing Mrs. Elizabeth A. Gumm as their school superintendent at the time New Mexico became a state. She brought to the work a ripe experience as a teacher, a thorough knowledge of the needs of the service in hand and an administrative ability possessed only by one now and then. She reorganized the schools of the county in a way they are liable to take no step backward and made it easy for those who are to follow after her. The new school law passed at the same time making longer terms compulsory and adding many times more liberal appropriations to the school funds has enabled her to do this and she has taken full advantage of her opportunity. The class of teachers now in the county and the interest taken by them at their late meeting in Carrizozo is sure enough proof of this. It is now up to Mr. Keonce to keep the pace.

# ARE YOU FOR AMERICA OR FOR GERMANY?

## Which Will YOU Wear?



The Kaiser would gladly confer the Iron Cross on the man who dodges buying a bond of the THIRD LIBERTY LOAN



UNCLE SAM proudly gives this Button to the man who buys a THIRD LIBERTY LOAN BOND

You think this an unnecessary question, but stop and think! A traitor is a man who gives aid and comfort to the enemy. Do you know of any better way of giving aid and comfort to the enemy than to leave your money in the bank doing nothing, when it could be used by the Government to build ships, make ammunition, and so help win the war? The Kaiser would ask nothing more of an American friendly towards Germany. He could hardly ask him to openly fight the Government of this country, because he would go straight into an internment camp, but he would ask him to do all in his power to hold up contribution of money to the allied cause, because the Kaiser knows that at the very end it will be money and resources, and nothing but money and resources, that will beat him to his knees.

You may say "If I do not subscribe to the Loan that is no Continued on Next Page"



If the millenium is ever reached it will be via the bridge of education. The educational features of our picture entertainment are favorably commented upon.

### NEXT WEEK'S PROGRAMME AT THE CRYSTAL THEATRE

- Monday, (MUTUAL) "THE BRASS CHECK", with Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne.
- Tuesday, (SILENT) "WOMAN & WIFE", with Alice Brady.
- Wednesday, (ACTOR) "THE MODERN MUSKETER", with Douglas Fairbank.
- Thursday, (WORLID) "MASKS & FACES", with Sir Johnston Forbes Robertson.
- Friday, (PATHE) "STRANDED IN ARCADY", with Mrs. Vernon Castle.
- Saturday, (PARAMOUNT) "THE PRESIDENT'S ANSWER", the Life of Abraham Lincoln.
- "MOLLY ENTANGLED", with Vivian Martin.
- Two Reels Comedies, "BONELESS HONEYMOON"; "HE DID IT HIMSELF".

### An All Star Program

Famous Players, Lasky Corporation, 485 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Gentlemen: Enclosed is Ten Points to partially cover the cost of mailing to you one of our beautiful Portfolios of Paramount and Artcraft Stars, Directors and Producers.

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Get our latest catalog and complete with business stamps and receive a beautiful Portfolio of Paramount and Artcraft Stars, Directors and Producers, 485 5th Avenue, New York City.

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# Nayal's Compounds

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED

Kodaks, Kodak Supplies and Stationery Ice Cream and all kinds of Iced Drinks

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# The Titsworth Company

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

- Studebaker Wagons
- Goodyear Casings
- Kansas Blackleg Serum
- Dynamite
- Steel Roofing
- Barbed Wire
- Hog Fence
- John Deere Plows
- Cotton Waste
- Blackleaf 40, Etc.

# The Titsworth Company

CAPITAN, NEW MEXICO

## For Weak Women

In use for over 40 years! Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women. There are no harmful or habit-forming drugs in Cardui. It is composed only of mild, medicinal ingredients, with no bad after-effects.

# TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

You can rely on Cardui. Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help. "I was taken sick, seemed to be . . . writes Mrs. Mary E. Vesie, of Madison Heights, Va. "I got down so weak, could hardly walk . . . just staggered around. . . I read of Cardui, and after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I take it in the spring when run-down. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw." Try Cardui.

All Druggists

## Building Material

With a large stock of Lumber, Shingles, Prepared and Iron Roofing, Screen Doors, Paints, Varnishes and other goods we can give you great service. We sell to the trade of the people of Lincoln county, Carrizozo and adjacent towns.

## Foxworth-Galbraith Co.

D. W. STEWART, Manager

## FEED YARD

HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS All Commodity Met in Prices on These Commodities

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Coal and Wood

Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE Phone 86

Special Facilities For Banquet and Dinner Parties.

## Carrizozo Eating House

U. W. GURNEY, Manager.

Table Supplied with the Best the market affords.

## — M-O-N-U-M-E-N-T-S —

We carry the largest stock in the Southwest. Freight pre-paid, every job guaranteed. Write for designs and estimates. Bowers Monument Company 212 East Central Albuquerque, N. M.

Notice for Filing and Publishing Special Notice

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at

Albuquerque, N. M., May 14, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, by and through its Attorney General, has filed in this office its application for the land in the following description:

Section 2, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Section 3, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Section 4, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Section 5, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

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Section 11, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Section 12, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Section 13, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Section 14, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Notice for Filing and Publishing Special Notice

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office,

Albuquerque, New Mexico.

April 26, 1918

Notice is hereby given that the State of New Mexico, by and through its Attorney General, has filed in this office its application for the land in the following description:

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Section 12, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Section 13, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

Section 14, T. 22 N., R. 18 W., Co. 2, N. M.

## R. L. Ransom

Plasterer & Contractor

Estimates Furnished on all kinds of plastering and masonry work

CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

For Sale—Parke Davis & Co.'s Blacklegoids, The Titsworth Co., Capitán.

## THE IDEAL MACHINE

7 hops the Yucca plant (Bear Grass) into excellent cattle feed.

CHAS. F. GREY Sole Agent for Lincoln County OSCURO - - N. M.

W. H. CORWIN Contractor and Builder Brick, Plastering & Cement Work. Estimates furnished. Oscurto, N. M.



**Power of Money-Force**

**H**OW are you applying your money-force? Are you concentrating it—making it represent your character and ability?

Money-force is the compensation you receive for your labor—a symbol of the energy you have expended in service.

You add power to your money-force when you retain a per centage of it in an interest-bearing surplus. If you have no surplus you are the plaything of chance.

The most certain way to develop a surplus is to open a savings account with this strong bank and deposit regularly a fixed portion of your earnings.

The four per cent interest, compounded twice a year, that we pay, will constantly add to your money-force.

**Exchange Bank of Carrizozo**  
Carrizozo, New Mexico



**Hotel Zeiger**

EL PASO, TEXAS

Rates:

Rooms, \$1.00 and \$1.50 per day (with detached bath)

Rooms, \$2.00 and \$2.50 per day with private bath

The Hotel Zeiger Dining Room is known all over the Southwest as serving "The best of everything and everything at the best."

HOTEL ZEIGER is now serving regular meals 35c Breakfast, 40c Lunch, 60c Dinner.

CAFE OPEN ALL NIGHT

Mrs. H. S. Fairbanks returned Wednesday from San Antonio, Texas, where she has been visiting for the past two months.

Don't forget to get your Thrift Stamps next week.

Dr. and Mrs. Lucas leave tonight for Camp Funston, the doctor to return after a furlough of ten days. Mrs. Lucas will go with him and remain near the camp.

Don't be a slacker, buy until it hurts.

Government advises storing coal. Get storage prices from Humphrey Bros.

**FOR SALE:**—Three yearling steers, one two year-old steer, one three-year-old grade Hereford bull, one two-year-old mule colt, two four-year-old saddle ponies, broken and unbroken and two young saddle mares broken to harness. Mrs. Frank Woodside, Three Rivers, N. M. 5-10-41.

Try a Cabalad in the News

Each issue will interest you. You have never read a paper just like it, for it is the only paper published devoted entirely to your interests and your neighbor's interests.

**THE NEW MEXICO RURALIST**

EDITED BY H. B. HENING

*A Livestock Paper—A Ranch Paper—A Farm Paper  
An "At-Home" Paper—A Newspaper*

**L**AST week 10,000 ranchmen, cattle men, sheep men, wool men and farmers sat down in their "easy chair" and read and re-read their New Mexico Ruralist. Perhaps the most interesting article they read was about you: something you had done on your ranch that was done differently and better than they had been doing it. If it were not about you it pertained to your everyday business. Every line in last week's paper was of interest to them for each line was devoted to rural New Mexico.

**And Then There Is a Whole Page for Mother and the Girls**

The latest styles, illustrated, but best of all, articles of what other women are doing in different parts of New Mexico. You women will like this page. It is edited by Anna Wilds Strumquist, of Albuquerque. Perhaps you know her, and we are certain she knows you. And Mrs. Strumquist told us to ask you if you would not help edit this page. If you have an exceptionally good recipe send it to Mrs. Strumquist. If you are getting more eggs than any one else in your neighborhood, if you are having better success with your chickens, write and tell us how you do it. Feel free to use this page, for you are writing to friends and for friends to read.

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ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

New Mexico Ruralist is published by The Central Printing Company, publishers of The Albuquerque Evening Herald



**HOLD ON TO YOUR DOLLARS. WHILE YOU'VE GOT THEM THEY ARE YOURS. WHILE THEY ARE YOURS, THEY ARE YOUR BEST FRIEND. WHEN ALL OTHERS FAIL YOU YOUR MONEY WILL ALWAYS HELP YOU OUT.**

**IF YOU PUT IT IN OUR BANK IT WILL BE SAFE AND WILL GROW TO A FORTUNE.**

**WHO GETS THE MONEY YOU EARN, YOUR FAMILY OR OTHERS?**

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**THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK**  
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**The First Consideration**

of the officers of this bank is the security of the funds entrusted to our care by depositors. With a practical management and a representative board of directors this bank is prepared to offer you the best of service possible based on sound banking principles. If you are not doing business with us, why not begin today.

**Stockmens State Bank**  
CORONA, NEW MEXICO



**SAVE WHILE YOU ARE YOUNG**  
and you'll never want when you get old. The habit of saving is easy to begin and good to continue. Dollars put by today mean comfort and independence in days to come. But save in the right way. Make your savings earn their keep by depositing them here where they will earn four per cent annually.

BANK WITH US, GROW WITH US

**The Lincoln State Bank**

**ARE YOU FOR AMERICA OR FOR GERMANY?**

Continued from Next Page

reason why other people should not, therefore the matter is entirely a personal one." It is not. Example is everything in such matters. If you subscribe freely your neighbors will subscribe freely. If you are a tightwad your neighbors will see no reason why they should be anything else but tightwads.

Do not feel offended at having this matter put up to you so plainly. There is many and many a good American who believes that he has done his full duty when he has not done it at all. This war is now three thousand miles away, and it is a little hard to realize all the grave necessities of the situation.

Read over a perfectly true incident which occurred only last week at the Union Station, Dallas. The writer of these lines vouches for the truth of the story, which follows:

"Last night I saw a soldier taking leave of his mother at a railroad station. The two drew away from the crowd, the woman threw her arms around the boy's neck, and looked up at him as she sobbed words which will remain forever sacred to the occasion.

For a moment I could not see very clearly, and as a consequence I bumped into a friend of mine, a man, by the way, who has made more money this year than ever before in his life. After a friendly greeting he said, 'Say, you fellows are hitting us up pretty hard on this Liberty Loan business. Do you realize that we are having to make some terrible sacrifices to meet our quota?'

"My friend has a business, owns farm land, and has a substantial bank balance; he has no boy in the army, and he has subscribed ten thousand dollars to the Liberty Loan. His sacrifice consisted of the loss of about one and three-quarters per cent on ten thousand dollars, for probably he would have secured six per cent instead of four and one-quarter per cent had he invested his money in some way other than the purchase of Liberty Bonds.

"What is the matter with my friend? Is he a pro-German or a traitor, or a poor American even? Not a bit of it! He just has not the right glasses for his mental vision. He doesn't see things quite right. That's all. He will, though—I am sure of it."

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**

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**Carrizozo Lodge No. 11 Knights of Pythias**

Meets every Monday evening in the Masonic Hall. All members are urged to be present and visiting Knights welcomed.  
S. L. Squier, E. A. O. Johnson, C. C. K. of R. & S.

**Carrizozo Lodge, No. 41, A. F. & A. M.**

Regular communications of Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M., for 1941: January 23, February 27, March 27, April 26, May 27, June 27, July 26, August 17, September 14, October 19, November 16, December 14 and 27.  
H. E. BLANEY, W. M.  
S. F. MILLER, Secretary.

**I. O. O. F.**

Carrizozo Lodge NO. 30  
CARRIZOZO, N. M. Regular meeting nights, 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.  
S. F. MILLER, N. G.  
M. H. MORTONBURY, Sec'y.

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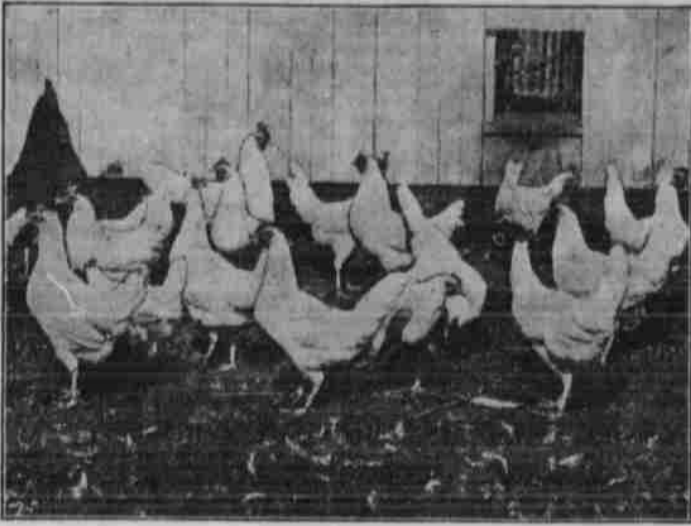
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In perfect mechanical condition, good paint, six tires and rims, extra equipment.  
BARGAIN PRICE. APPLY AT EAST TERMS Johnson's Garage or Western Garage

**Commercial JOB PRINTING Done Here**

# A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)  
**NATION NEEDS MORE BACK-YARD FLOCKS**



Cheap Eggs for the City Family Lies in Keeping Hens, Fed Largely on Kitchen Waste, in the Back Yard.

## TOWN HENS MAKE FOOD FROM WASTE

Need for Increasing City Flocks Explained by Department of Agriculture.

### SMALL YARDS AFFORD ROOM

Cheap Eggs for City Family May Be Obtained by Feeding Hens Waste From Kitchen—Male Bird Is Not Necessary.

Poultry and eggs have never been cheap food for the city dweller. There is no hope that they can be during the continuance of the war and its necessarily attendant high prices, even as relatively cheap as they ordinarily have been. The only possibility of cheap eggs for the city family lies in keeping enough hens in the back yard, where they can be supported principally on kitchen waste, to supply the family table. Keeping hens in the back yard is at once an economic opportunity for city families and an essential part of the campaign for increasing poultry production.

What may be done with fowls in a back yard depends upon the size of the yard, the character of the soil, the conditions of sunlight, shade and ventilation, and the interest and skill of the poultry keeper. The smallest and least favorably situated back yard affords an opportunity to keep at least enough hens to supply eggs for the household. The number of hens needed for that purpose is twice the number of persons to be supplied. Hence the smallest flock to be considered consists of four hens. Where hens are kept only to furnish eggs for the table no male bird is needed.

**Suitable Coop for Small Flock.**  
A coop for a flock of four hens should have a floor area of about 20 square feet, or about 5 feet per hen. For larger flocks the space allowance per bird may be a little less, because the space is used in common and each bird has the use of all the coop except what her companions actually occupy. For the ordinary flock of 10 to 15 hens the space allowance should be about four square feet per hen.

With proper care the back-yard poultry keeper can keep hens, for laying only, confining them continuously to their coops, and have them lay well nearly as long as they would be profitable layers under natural conditions. While hens like freedom, good feed and care reconcile them to confinement, and mature, rugged birds often lay more eggs in close confinement than when at liberty.

If the space admits of giving the little back-yard flock more room than a coop of the minimum size required, the condition of the land will determine the form in which the additional space should be given. If the soil is well drained and free from such filth as often contaminates the soil of small back yards, a yard for the fowls may be fenced in, allowing 20 to 30 square feet of yard room per bird. The opportunity for exercise on the land and in the open air which this gives the hens will benefit them, and make life for them more interesting.

If the soil is poorly drained and foul, the hens will thrive and lay better if not allowed on it at all. In that case, the best way to give them some benefit of the extra space available is to build adjoining the coop a shed covering about the same amount of ground, and having the front enclosed only with wire netting. The foul earth under this shed should be removed and the floor filled in a few inches higher than the old surface with fresh earth or sand.

Attention to Cleanliness.

By proper attention to cleanliness this may be kept in sanitary condition for a year or more. Whatever advantage can be given the hens in this way will tend to increase production, and

to prolong the period of profitable laying. The eggs or hens kept in small back yards are perfectly good for eating, but of little value for hatching even when fertile. Good chickens cannot be grown under such conditions. The hens will usually lay well for about a year. Then they should be replaced with farm-grown pullets.

It is known as a matter of experience and observation that town and city people who have to figure costs of food closely have not been accustomed to use eggs freely except in the season of flush production and low prices. A great many such families can keep a few hens in the back yard, and even with low production get many more eggs than they have been accustomed to use.

### BOYS AND GIRLS CAN HELP.

Those boys or girls who want to help win the war—  
Give them a flock of hens in your back yard.

To enjoy, to feed and care for;

A source of eggs and meat—  
A good way to earn those Thrift Stamps!

And at the same time to help produce food to win the war.  
Farmers' Bulletin 889, "Back-Yard Poultry Keeping," tells just how. Free on request—United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C.

### NEED FOR MORE POULTRY.

Meat can be produced from poultry more quickly than from any other source. One of the necessities imposed upon the United States by its entrance into the world war is to produce more meat than it has ever produced before. This is essential not only to meet its own greater needs because of being on a war basis but also to save the countries with which it cooperates in the war from defeat through lack of food. In order to leave available for the forces overseas as large a proportion as possible of the output of cured and compact meats it is desirable that there be a decided increase in both the home production and the home consumption of white meats such as poultry. To that end it is imperative that the productive stock on general farms and in the back yards of the nation be rather largely increased during the current year. That is the national situation with regard to poultry needs as described in a recent publication from the office of the secretary of agriculture, "The Agricultural Situation for 1918, Part XI, Poultry."

### Ducks for Meat and Eggs.

On general farms ducks can be raised with success and at a profit. As a source of income, however, they do not appear to be as well adapted for the average farm as chickens, but under certain conditions they are good money-makers. The demand for ducks' eggs is more limited than for hens' eggs, and though ducks for table use usually bring a good price, their market is also more limited and is mostly confined to large cities. For this reason it is advisable to study the market conditions before making any large investment in ducks.

Intensive duck farming on a large scale has been more successful than intensive chicken raising. Pekin ducks, which are kept extensively by commercial growers, are less subject to disease than chickens, and artificial methods of hatching and rearing have been used very successfully with them. Farmers as a rule have rarely given the necessary care to the feeding and marketing of their ducklings to secure any large share of the trade in fancy green ducks. It is this trade which attracts the commercial duck raiser. A green duck is a duckling which is grown rapidly and marketed when from eight to twelve weeks old, weighing at that time from 4½ to 6 pounds. They are usually sold in the spring and summer and bring high prices. Farmers who grow ducks generally market them in the fall

## FIGURES LONG IN HISTORY

Stirling Castle Inseparably Connected With All That the Scottish Heart Holds Dear.

Recently the English government sent some German prisoners of war to Stirling castle. The ancient fortress is again a prison; again the "eye of the north" keeps watch over the nation's safety. Stirling is only a few hours' ride from Glasgow, but it is a journey from the nineteenth century to the middle ages. The castle, on the right bank of the Forth, is built on the highest tip of a promontory, close to the edge of the crag. Its position is almost impregnable.

On the north and south a rolling plain stretches away to the foot of the Ochil hills, below, the Forth winds all over across the plain. On the east and west the water protects the fortress. The key to the highlands, the bulwark of the north, Stirling was for centuries Scotland's main defense against the invading English.

Much history has been made on the plain at the castle's foot. The German prisoners from the ramparts can view the scene of seven important battles. On the northwest on the top of a high hill stands a statue to William Wallace. At the foot of the hill is the field of Cambuskenneth, where in 843 the Scots defeated the Picts. Falkirk, where Wallace was defeated, lies to the south. Years later on this same field Prince Charlie won one of his most important battles. Bannockburn, the holy ground of Scotland, lies to the south. From the castle you can see the center of the field, the Boro-stone, marked by a tall white flagpole.

Mary of Scots was crowned in the castle hall. Her son, afterwards James the Sixth, passed his baby days here. The iron bars at the windows of some of the rooms were placed there to protect the infant prince from kidnappers. Years afterwards he was crowned as king in the same walls. John Knox preached the coronation sermon.

### Advice for Would-Be Flyers.

The secret of the whole game of learning to fly is, I believe, never to get excited. I have seen beginner after beginner smash when he was first sent up to fly. They run along the ground, pull back the stick, as told, and a moment later are so astonished to find themselves 20 or 30 feet off the ground that they can think of nothing but shutting off the throttle. Many crash down tail first, with controls in climbing position to the last. If they would simply think—

"Ha, old boy, you're in the air at last—some thrill, but the main thing now is to stay here a bit and then ease down without a crash. Ease the stick forward—now we have stopped climbing. Feel that puff—she's tipping, but a little stick or rudder will stop that. Now give her down, and reduce the gas a notch or two. Here comes the ground—straighten her out; too much, she's climbing again; there, cut the gas—a little more—there—not a bad landing for the first try."—C. B. Nordhoff in the Atlantic.

### Food Water Rebuked.

The man who went into a Dallas (Texas) hotel dining room and complained because sugar was rationed probably believes now that it would have been more sensible for him to eat what was set before him and say nothing. When he was told sugar was scarce the man broke up two rolls into bits and threw them on the floor. Inside of an hour a committee waited upon him and he was told to buy a Red Cross button, apologize to the waitress for rudeness and write a letter daily to the Dallas council of defense as long as he remained in Texas so that his movements could be followed. The man showed that he was sorry for his display of temper and it is not believed he will waste food any more.

### Weigh the Babies.

If you have babies to weigh prepare to weigh them now. This is the babies' year. It began April 6, the first anniversary of our entrance into the war. The first step is to weigh all the children under five years of age. The idea is to begin with the children, to build up the nation of tomorrow.

Many of the physical defects which caused the rejection of applicants for enlistment in the army and navy are believed to have had their beginning in infancy and the committee believes a higher standard of physical efficiency in the rising generation will result from these tests. Height, weight and reach are considered a rough index of a child's health.

### Emperor Karl.

The impression which the Austrian emperor has made on his subjects, since his accession, is showing itself in the nickname which he bears in Vienna—Karl der Ploetzliche—which may be translated Charles the Man of Impulse, because of the emperor's brusque decisions. The Tsak nickname is: "Karel Novak spravec konkursni podstaty Army Austria," which appears in English as "Charles Jones, official receiver of the liquidation of the house of Austria."

### Oratory.

"What's all that about the Argonauts and the golden fleece?"  
"Just a little flowery stuff as a starter. The senator is discussing the wool schedule."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

### Getting the Money.

"So your daughter is to marry?"  
"Yes."  
"Has the young man any prospects?"  
"I should say so. His father is one of our foremost profiteers."



## ROAD BUILDING

SUGGESTIONS ON GOOD ROADS

Special Thought Should Be Given by Builders to Road Crossings to Avoid Accidents.

While highway engineers, commissioners and others are planning good roads and strong, durable bridges, they ought to give special thought and work to the road crossings and the sewers or culverts placed at such crossings, says a writer in Farmers' Review.

Such crossings are generally about 12 to 16 feet long, and it requires an abrupt turn of a vehicle to take them at right angle. These are danger points on account of the short turn and narrow space to make the turn.

The remedy for such places is to make sewer or culvert as long as the width of the road will permit, say not less than 40 feet, and more if possible.



### Durable Concrete Culvert.

and then if vehicles meet, there is plenty of room to pass without interfering with the speed or rights of the one going in the other direction.

We have seen several narrow escapes from accidents in such places, and the watchword now is "Safety First." The automobile is here to stay, and we want room to spread out and avoid all danger of accidents.

Our counties are now paying large salaries to men who are supposed to be efficient, and good civil engineers, and the safety and comfort of the public largely rests on them. It is the duty of such men to catch up with the times and provide roads suited to the needs of present-day travel. Such improvements are not very expensive, and when properly made last a lifetime, and save time, trouble and accidents.

### TEST OF TIRES ON HIGHWAYS

Results Obtained by United States Office of Public Roads After Period of Years.

In its testing of tires on country roads during a period of several years the United States office of public roads has prepared the road prior to each test by plowing, grading and rolling—thus, with further consideration of moisture and atmospheric variations, giving conditions as nearly identical as possible for each of the trials compared. It was found that the draft decreased with increase of tire width to a certain limit, beyond which it increased. As a result of the experiments, it is recommended that for ordinary farm work and general trucking, the standard width of tire for a one-horse wagon, with gross load of 2,000 pounds, should be two inches; light two-horse wagon, 2,500 pounds, two and one-half inches; medium two-horse wagon, 4,500 pounds, three inches; standard two-horse wagon, 6,500 pounds, four inches; heavy two-horse wagon, 7,500 pounds, five inches.

### CONSTRUCT NEW HIGHWAYS

State of Illinois Expected to Expend \$3,000,000 in Improving Roads This Season.

It is expected that Illinois will expend \$3,000,000 this year on federal-aid highways. The proposed road construction outlined by the Illinois state highway department has been approved by the national government, according to Secretary of Agriculture Houston.

### Good Roads Campaign.

The good roads campaign is always on and will always be on until every road shall have been paved with the best of material and in the best of manner. And then there will probably be the establishing of more main roads, and so it will go on until the country is well supplied with roads that will be practicable 365 days in the year.

### Gaining in Importance.

The question of roads gains in importance and interest with every passing year.

# Certain-teed

Roofing  
The roof that copes with all conditions.

Sparks, smoke, gases, acids or fumes have no effect on a Certain-teed roof. Rust cannot corrode Certain-teed. The heat of the sun cannot cause it to melt or run. Certain-teed has the ability to resist every form of roofing attack, and the durability to give year after year of weather-proof service, with little or no maintenance cost. Certain-teed offers every practical roofing advantage with a minimum roofing investment.



## Canada made me Prosperous

—that's what thousands of farmers say, who have gone from the U. S. to settle on homesteads or buy land in Western Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta is especially attractive. She wants farmers to make money and happy, prosperous homes for themselves by helping her raise immense wheat crops to feed the world.

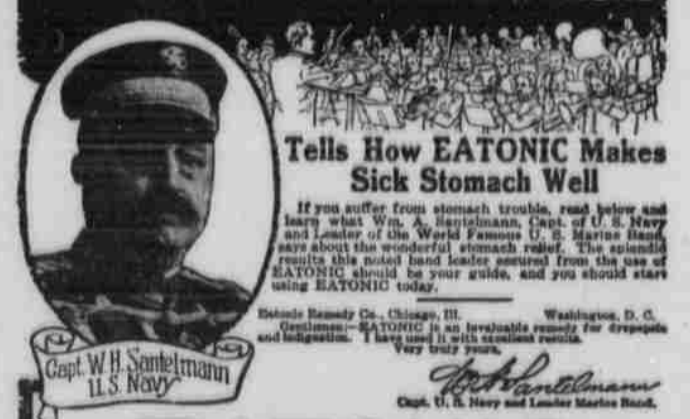
### You Can Get a Homestead of 160 Acres Free

or other lands at very low prices. Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$20 per acre that will raise 30 to 45 bushels of wheat to the acre—it's easy to become prosperous. Canadian farmers also grow wonderful crops of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses, full of nutrition, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools and churches; markets convenient; climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

W. V. BENNETT  
Room 4, Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.  
Canadian Government Agent

**Eloquence.**  
"What is your idea of an orator?"  
"A real, natural-born orator," answered Senator Sorghum, "is a man who can put up such a good monologue that you forget to notice whether his arguments are any good."  
**Educating the Farmer.**  
The use of motion pictures in connection with lectures and demonstrations on agriculture is proving a great success in the province of Ontario, Canada. The average attendance at these meetings has increased greatly since their introduction in demonstrating the right and wrong way to get things done on a farm. More than 5,000 farmers have seen the "wood grading" film since November 1, while the average attendance per film from November 1 last varies from 50 to 5,000, according to the subject.  
**Horrible Example.**  
"Every time I touch a beefsteak or a loaf of bread it turns to gold," exclaimed Midas.  
"And yet you are seated and uncomfortable."  
"Very much so. My experience proves the fallacy of being a profiteer."  
**Ten smiles for a nickel.** Always buy Red Cross Bag Blue; have beautiful, clean, white clothes. Adv.  
**Greatness is to take the common things of life and walk truly among them.**—Olive Schreiner.  
**If you find it impossible to tell (twins apart) tell them together.**

## U.S. Marine Band Leader Endorses Great Stomach Relief



**Tells How EATONIC Makes Sick Stomach Well**  
If you suffer from stomach trouble, read below and learn what Wm. A. Santelmann, Capt. of U. S. Navy and Leader of the World Famous U. S. Marine Band, says about the wonderful stomach relief. The excellent results this noted band leader secured from the use of EATONIC should be your guide, and you should start using EATONIC today.  
Eatonic Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill.      Washington, D. C.  
Gentlemen—EATONIC is an invaluable remedy for dyspepsia and indigestion. I have used it with excellent results. Very truly yours,  
Wm. A. Santelmann  
Capt. U. S. Navy and Leader Marine Band.  
**At All Drug-Gists**  
**EATONIC**  
**FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE**  
Quickly Removes All Stomach Misery—Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Heartburn, Sour, Acid and Gassy Stomach  
Here's the secret: EATONIC Drives the Gas out of the body—and the Bloat Goes With It! Guaranteed to bring relief or money back. Get a box today. Costs only a cent or two a day to use it.  
**Trial of Eatonic Free**  
If you want quick relief, you should get the guaranteed 75¢ trial of Eatonic. It will quickly relieve you of all your stomach trouble. Write for a free trial box free with full description of EATONIC. Your name and address on a separate card will be held in strictest confidence. Address: Eatonic Remedy Co., 1008 South Walsh Avenue, Chicago, Ill.



OVER THE TOP

AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT ARTHUR GUY EMPHEY

MACHINE GUNNER, SERVING IN FRANCE

WRITTEN BY ARTHUR GUY EMPHEY

EMPEY JOINS THE "SUICIDE CLUB," AS THE BOMBING SQUAD IS CALLED.

Synopsis.—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army.

CHAPTER XII.

Bombing.

The boys in the section welcomed me back, but there were many strange faces. Several of our men had gone West in that charge, and were lying "somewhere in France" with a little wooden cross at their heads.

It all depends where you are as to what you are called. In France they call you a "bomber" and give you medals, while in neutral countries they call you an anarchist and give you "life."

From the very start the Germans were well equipped with effective bombs and trained bomb throwers, but the English army was a little prepared in this important department of fighting as in many others.

Previously an order had been issued for all ranks to save empty jam tins for the manufacture of bombs.

On his left would be a pile of empty and rusty jam tins, while beside him on the fire step would be a miscellaneous assortment of material used in the manufacture of the "jam tin."

Tommy would stoop down, get an empty "jam tin," take a handful of clayed mud from the parapet, and line the inside of the tin with this substance. Then he would reach over, pick up his detonator and explosive, and insert them in the tin, fuse protruding. On the fire step would be a pile of fragments of shell, shrapnel balls, bits of iron, nails, etc.—anything that was hard enough to send over to Fritz; he would scoop up a handful of this junk and put it in the bomb.

Then another order was issued to count, "one hundred! two hundred! three hundred!" But Tommy didn't care if the order read to count up to a thousand by quarters, he was going to get rid of that "jam tin," because from experience he had learned not to trust it.

When the powers that be realized that they could not change Tommy they decided to change the type of bomb and did so—substituting the "hair brush," the "cricket ball," and later the Mills bomb.

The standard bomb used in the British army is the "Mills." It is about the shape and size of a large lemon. Although not actually a lemon, Fritz insists that it is; perhaps he judges it by the havoc caused by its explosion.

Although a very destructive and efficient bomb the "Mills" has the con-

venience of the thrower, in that he knows it will not explode until released from his grip. It is a mechanical device, with a lever, fitted into a slot at the top, which extends half way around the circumference and is held in place at the bottom by a fixing pin.

You do not throw a bomb the way a baseball is thrown, because, when in a narrow trench, your hand is liable to strike against the parapet, traverse or parapet, and then down goes the bomb, and, in a couple of seconds or so, up goes Tommy.

In throwing, the bomb and lever are grasped in the right hand, the left foot is advanced, knee stiff, about one and a half its length to the front, while the right leg, knee bent, is carried slightly to the right.

As the bomb leaves your hand, the lever, by means of a spring, is projected into the air and falls harmlessly to the ground a few feet in front of the bomber.

When the lever flies off it releases a strong spring, which forces the firing pin into a percussion cap. This ignites the fuse, which burns down and sets off the detonator, charged with fulminate of mercury, which explodes the main charge of ammonal.

The average British soldier is not an expert at throwing, it is a new game to him, therefore the Canadians and Americans, who have played baseball from the kindergarten up, take naturally to bomb throwing and excel in this art.

After making several bombs the professor instructs the platoon in throwing them. He takes a "jam tin" from the fire step, trembling a little, because it is nervous work, especially when new at it, lights the fuse on his striker.

Lots of times in bombing the "jam tin" would be picked up by the Germans, before it exploded, and thrown back at Tommy with dire results.

After a lot of men went West in this manner an order was issued, reading something like this: "To all ranks in the British army: After lighting the fuse and before

throwing the jam-tin bomb, count slowly one! two! three!" This in order to give the fuse time enough to burn down, so that the bomb would explode before the Germans could throw it back.

Tommy read the order—he reads them all, but after he ignited the fuse and it began to smoke—orders were forgotten, and away she went in record time and back she came to the further discomfort of the thrower.

Then another order was issued to count, "one hundred! two hundred! three hundred!" But Tommy didn't care if the order read to count up to a thousand by quarters, he was going to get rid of that "jam tin," because from experience he had learned not to trust it.

When the powers that be realized that they could not change Tommy they decided to change the type of bomb and did so—substituting the "hair brush," the "cricket ball," and later the Mills bomb.

The standard bomb used in the British army is the "Mills." It is about the shape and size of a large lemon.

When the lever flies off it releases a strong spring, which forces the firing pin into a percussion cap. This ignites the fuse, which burns down and sets off the detonator, charged with fulminate of mercury, which explodes the main charge of ammonal.

The average British soldier is not an expert at throwing, it is a new game to him, therefore the Canadians and Americans, who have played baseball from the kindergarten up, take naturally to bomb throwing and excel in this art.

After making several bombs the professor instructs the platoon in throwing them. He takes a "jam tin" from the fire step, trembling a little, because it is nervous work, especially when new at it, lights the fuse on his striker.

Lots of times in bombing the "jam tin" would be picked up by the Germans, before it exploded, and thrown back at Tommy with dire results.

After a lot of men went West in this manner an order was issued, reading something like this: "To all ranks in the British army: After lighting the fuse and before

throwing the jam-tin bomb, count slowly one! two! three!" This in order to give the fuse time enough to burn down, so that the bomb would explode before the Germans could throw it back.

Tommy read the order—he reads them all, but after he ignited the fuse and it began to smoke—orders were forgotten, and away she went in record time and back she came to the further discomfort of the thrower.

Then another order was issued to count, "one hundred! two hundred! three hundred!" But Tommy didn't care if the order read to count up to a thousand by quarters, he was going to get rid of that "jam tin," because from experience he had learned not to trust it.

When the powers that be realized that they could not change Tommy they decided to change the type of bomb and did so—substituting the "hair brush," the "cricket ball," and later the Mills bomb.

The standard bomb used in the British army is the "Mills." It is about the shape and size of a large lemon. Although not actually a lemon, Fritz insists that it is; perhaps he judges it by the havoc caused by its explosion.

Although a very destructive and efficient bomb the "Mills" has the con-

venience of the thrower, in that he knows it will not explode until released from his grip. It is a mechanical device, with a lever, fitted into a slot at the top, which extends half way around the circumference and is held in place at the bottom by a fixing pin.

You do not throw a bomb the way a baseball is thrown, because, when in a narrow trench, your hand is liable to strike against the parapet, traverse or parapet, and then down goes the bomb, and, in a couple of seconds or so, up goes Tommy.

In throwing, the bomb and lever are grasped in the right hand, the left foot is advanced, knee stiff, about one and a half its length to the front, while the right leg, knee bent, is carried slightly to the right.

Cheerful Lighthouse Inmate



At the home for blinded soldiers and sailors at Torquay, an annex of the famous St. Dusan's, in Regent Park, London. Making string bags which are sold for the benefit of the blind.

FOR THE POULTRY GROWER

Hens of the medium-sized breeds—Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds and Orpingtons—are best suited to backyard conditions.

As a rule it is most satisfactory to buy hens of a local poultry keeper or dealer in live poultry. Desirable small flocks are frequently offered by people who are obliged by change of work or of residence to sell their poultry.

For the backyard flock kept to produce eggs, it is not necessary to have hens of extra good standard quality. What breeders of standard poultry call choice utility hens are as good as any for egg production and cost but little more than ordinary mongrels.

When buying hens in person particular attention should be given to the general condition—whether the bird seems vigorous and lively, and to the appearance of the comb and the condition of the feet.

The "split infinitive" is a term used by critical grammarians to designate the placing of an adverb or a phrase between an infinitive and its sign "to," thus separating or disconnecting the infinitive from a word that properly belongs to it.

The German Socialists have ideas of brotherhood which agree with those of the Kaiser. You first seize your brother's country, kill off his women and children, appropriate his raw material, call upon God to witness your loving kindness, set up one of your sons as king and the trick is done.

Summer Storage of Coal Is Way to Prevent Another Fuel Famine the Coming Winter

Before the winter's fires are cold, the United States fuel administration is urging the storage of fuel for next winter. Every effort that can be made to prevent a repetition of the coal shortage of this year will be made.

State administrators have already taken up next year's problem, and they will devote most of their time to it throughout the spring and summer. The warrent council of defense will join in the campaign. Through every official source all coal users will be urged to begin buying and storing coal now for next year.

Next year's traffic problems will in all probability be as great as those of this year. The only way to prevent a coal shortage is to begin piling it up, and continue to do so throughout the summer.

Statistical Notes.

One of the best paying jobs for women in Japan is that of hairdresser.

Several women are acting as newspaper correspondents behind the lines along the battle front in France.

American women in various parts of the country are now operating farm tractors.

Qualified women lawyers in Italy are about to be granted the privilege of practicing their profession in that country.

Blind Man Runs Farm.

Undeterred by a handicap of total blindness, Nicholas Johnson operates a large farm at Farmington, Del., and has proved that sheep farming can be successfully carried on in lower Delaware without grazing land and by growing hay for day feeding.

How to Raise Potatoes.

Put Irish potatoes in drills about four or five inches deep. Put one eye every eight inches, and replant where they fail to come up. In hoeing, do not cut the roots, and do not draw earth too high on the plant after it has a good start, as this causes a second crop of potatoes to start growing.

Plan for Rehabilitation and Re-Education of Men Who Are Disabled in War

Plans for the rehabilitation and re-education of soldiers and sailors disabled in the war, so that they may earn higher wages than before their enlistment, are outlined in two reports submitted to congress by the federal board of vocational education.

Unless the work of training the men for new occupations or for better places in their old occupations is undertaken while the soldiers are in the hospitals or in the convalescent camps, C. A. Prosser, the director of the survey, asserts, the men will lose their will power and discipline, become morbid and indolent, and finally become perpetual wards of the government.

Director Prosser says that the training is one of the cures in the treatment of the war's wounded, because it will buoy up their spirits and hopes. It will demonstrate to them that they are not public burdens, and that "after they have played the man's part in the supreme moment of history they may take up a man's job again in civilian life at wages higher than they received before they entered the army."

Mother's Cook Book

In days gone by I filled myself with puddings, pies and cakes. I dearly loved all excellent food, if I took a chance on a new recipe. But nothing stayed my appetite when I came in from play. Like bread smeared over with jam that mother stored away.

Good War-Time Cakes. Cakes to be used are taking less sugar and honey corn and maple syrup are being used as often as possible.

Oatmeal Cake. This is a perfectly reliable cake which will be found often in the homes where it has once been tried. Take one half-cupful of sugar, four tablespoonfuls of Treco, or any fat may be used, one egg well beaten, a cupful of cold coffee, a cupful of rolled oats that have been ground through the meat chopper, a teaspoonful of cinnamon, a cupful of flour, a teaspoonful each of baking powder and vanilla, a half-teaspoonful of soda, and a cupful of raisins. Proceed as usual in making the cake.

Coconut Macaroons. Take a tablespoonful of butter, creamed, add a half-cupful of sugar, one egg, one and a half cupfuls of oatmeal and a half-cupful of coconut. Drop by teaspoonfuls on a buttered sheet.

Sponge Corn Flour Cake. Beat four eggs, add a tablespoonful of lemon juice, a cupful of sugar, a cupful of corn flour, and an eighth of a teaspoonful of salt. Bake in gem pans.

Potato Flour Sponge Cake. Beat the yolks of four eggs until thick, add a cupful of sugar gradually, beating constantly; add the whites beaten stiff and stir into the first mixture; add a teaspoonful of baking powder to a half-cupful of potato flour, and to the eggs; flavor to taste. Bake 30 minutes.

Raisin Drops. Take a third of a cupful of shortening, add a cupful of sugar, two well-beaten eggs, a cupful of raisins, two cupfuls of corn flour sifted with two and a half teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a cupful of milk and a teaspoonful of vanilla. Mix and bake as usual. Strained honey boiled and used for boiled frosting as one does a sugar syrup, saves sugar. Maple syrup or sugar may also be used if a filling or frosting is necessary.

Head of Woman's Bureau of Red Cross at Washington. Miss Ina Taft, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Owen B. Taft of Chicago, is head of the woman's bureau of the American Red Cross at Washington.

Miss Taft was foremost in the Chicago Red Cross reorganization at the beginning of the war. Last fall she had charge of the wrapping and inspection department of hospital garments for Red Cross at "the division" in the Le Moyne building, handling the work of five states. This required a great deal of executive ability.

People who don't know what they are talking about say Miss Taft has a man's mind. But that's no extra special compliment to a very feminine, rather small and slender woman who has a very well disciplined mind, practical and intellectual.—Exchange.

The joys of the bath are depicted by Empey in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Great Writers Lazy. Shelley had an indolent vein. He was very fond of the water, and many of his finest poems were composed as he idled at his ease in a boat. He made the best of his short life, however, and that cannot be said for Coleridge, who seemed to be afflicted with that lack of will to work which some people call laziness. He had one of the greatest minds, but he left even his finest poems mere fragments.



**LOCAL AND PERSONAL**

We meet all competition. Write for our prices.—Western Garage.  
Barney Settles of Deseo, and John Latta, of Corona, enlisted in the Navy and went to El Paso this week to enter the service.

Lupe Luera and David Garcia have enlisted in the Army and will leave tomorrow for El Paso to be inducted into the service.

Norwalk Inner Tubes and Republic Casings. Both guaranteed. Western Garage.

Messrs. Hyde, Sager and Haley went to Capitan Wednesday night to be present at the organization of a community council of Defense.

Bring your Fords to us—we will repair 'em right and at Ford prices. Try us.—Western Garage.

Miss Sara Aguayo came over from Capitan Thursday afternoon leaving on the evening train for Santa Fe to attend Federal court.

Miss Beula Brazel returned Monday from Capitan where she has been for a month's vacation, and, incidentally, assisting in raising a war garden.

Trains Nos. 7 and 8 will be discontinued tonight. They were very convenient trains for this section and will be greatly missed; but Uncle Sam needed the equipment, and it is all right.

Yesterday was a self-starter—double-action—stern-winder of a day. Real estate moved rapidly without any effort on the part of the agents.

FOR SALE—5 room house and contents. Apply at this office.

Attorney C. A. Perkins and Thurston Perkins left this week for the Riohondo for a ten-day outing. The food administration will probably not note a diminution in the meat supply by reason of the number of fish they catch.

**Post Office Quarters**

Bids will be received up to and including June 20, by H. W. Blake for suitable quarters for post office, for a period of five or ten years. Specifications call for 1500 square feet of floor space, fuel, light, etc., and various furnishings. Contracts may be had from the postmaster and the specifications may be examined by any one desiring to bid on this contract.

Cars washed at Western Garage.

**A Correction**

We made an error last week in stating that Mr. C. G. Gokey and Mrs. Beulah Williamson were married at the home of the bride's brother, Seaborn P. Gray, Pecos. They were married in the City of Santa Fe. The correction of the error permits us, again, to express our felicitations and with the added hope that their life may be as happy as the city where they were married is old.

Buy your Thrift Stamps regularly.

Dr. R. T. Lucas, who is a lieutenant in the army and who has been at Fort Riley, Kansas, the past two months, silently dropped in Saturday morning. The lieutenant has a ten-day leave and will have to return the first of the week. His old friends were glad to see him and have enjoyed conversing with him on matters pertaining to affairs in camp. He does not know when he will sail, but would not be surprised at an early call.

Recognize the food value in milk and buy your milk from pure bred tested Jersey cows. Also whipping and coffee cream fresh daily. Carrizozo Dairy, H. Dixon, Prop. 5-10-31

**TO HAVE AND TO HOLD**

You have read and heard the word "Patriotism" a thousand times during the last few months. Just what does it mean? It means sane, sensible, enlightened selfishness. Being patriotic means that you realize that a certain line of conduct will mean sacrifice, hardship, for you, but that if only you will make the sacrifice, and endure the hardship, it will bring lasting good and happiness to you, your neighbors, your whole country.

By buying a Liberty Bond you have shown that you have the right view-point. Now the thing to do is to see your resolution through to the finish. The soldier who volunteered for service, went over the top with a cheer and then stopped, disheartened, in the middle of "No Man's Land" would be considered a poor soldier.

The man who stays at home must take this lesson to himself. It is not sufficient to merely enlist in the army of Bond Buyers, the fight must be fought to the bitter end. In other words, pay your installments on your Bonds promptly. Sacrifice and save during the month of June for your July installments; sacrifice and save during July and August to pay your August installments. Even then you will have done only half your duty. The command of our officers then will be "Keep your Bond," and as good soldiers and patriots we must obey.

Liberty Bonds are not money, and therefore, should not be used as such. They are mortgages on all the land, all the wealth in the United States. When you lend money on a mortgage, you do not take the papers to the grocery store and pay your bills with them, you place them in the bank, and if you actually need money to conduct your business, you borrow money on the mortgage. The same course is quite permissible in the case of a Liberty Bond.

Remember when you hold a Liberty Bond you are a patriot, bearing your share of the National burden; when you sell it, you have ceased to bear your share of the burden and have handed it on to some one else to carry. This is not good Americanism, nor again is it good business, for where in the world today is there a better investment for the man who knows nothing of stocks, shares, bonds or financial matters, than a Liberty Bond?

An investment without an element of risk, which pays 4 1/2 % per annum, is a pretty good thing to have and to hold.

**A MESSAGE TO LIBERTY BOND BUYERS.**

Have you ever heard of a soldier, returned from the war, who complained of his lot, or ever for one moment regretted having fought?

Men have come back without their sight, without their limbs, and in various stages of physical disability, but the first case has yet to be recorded of one who complained.

There is something in our imperfect human nature that makes us glad we have done a good thing.

The Liberty Bond buyers of the Eleventh Federal Reserve District will feel as the soldiers did—nothing but satisfaction, and the greater the sacrifice the greater the satisfaction.

I want to congratulate every man, woman and child who has bought a Bond and sent this district over the top.

J. W. HOOPES,  
Federal Reserve Bank.

**EVER MEET THIS MAN?**

The fellow that listens to all the stock shakedown who want to sell stocks in exchange for Liberty Bonds, has only to go on listening long enough, and one of them will offer to sell him the State Capitol for \$100. Tell these fellows, "I don't know you, but I do know Uncle Sam."  
**Keep your Liberty Bonds.**

Bevo is not a "Near Beer," being no more like beer than grape juice is like wine, nor postum like coffee. Buy it by the case.—Carrizozo Trading Co.

A number of cars went from here Sunday to Alto to be present at a Red Cross gathering there that day. They were greeted by a good crowd and met with a cordial reception. Short talks were made by visiting members of the Chapter, both ladies and gentlemen addressing the assemblage.

**Four Boys to Camp Lee, Virginia To-Morrow**

Men ordered to report to Local Board at Carrizozo, N. M., for entrainment to Camp Lee, Petersburg, Virginia, June 1, 1918:

Ira C. Johnson, Carrizozo;  
Johnie M. Melton, Corona;  
(Buck) William H. Jennings, Parsons;

James R. Greer, Parsons;  
I. E. SCHAEFFER,  
Chief Clerk.

FOR SALE—Three yearling steers, one two-year-old steer, one three-year-old grade Hereford bull, one two-year-old mule colt, two four-year-old saddle ponies, broken and unbroken and two young saddle mares broken to harness. Mrs. Frank Woodside, Three Rivers, N. M. 5-10-41.

FOR SALE  
**OAKLAND ROADSTER**  
In perfect mechanical condition, good paint, six tires and rims, extra equipment.  
BARGAIN PRICE APPLY AT EAST TERMS  
Johnson's Garage or Western Garage



THEA BARA AT CARRIZOZO

WM. FOX PRESENTS A  
THEA BARA SUPER  
PRODUCTION

**"Cleopatra"**

CARRIZOZO THEATRE  
Wednesday, June 5th

Matinee at 3; Night at 8:30

PRICES:

Matinee 25c and 50c  
Night, 50c and 75c

**Classified Advertisements**

WANTED—Baby Calves. State price. Address, Box 156 Carrizozo, N. M. 5-3-41

Full line of new canvas "Keds" just the thing for Summer footwear at Ziegler Bros.

For Sale—Yearling and two year old Hereford bulls. The Pittsworth Co. Capitan.

See the lovely silk and Jersey Cloth Dresses Ziegler Bros. are receiving daily.

We pay the highest prices for hides and pelts. Ziegler Bros.

Bevo the National soft drink—Buy it by the case—Order a case today.—Carrizozo Trading Co.

Bevo is pure and healthful and recommended by physicians. Get a case today. — Carrizozo Trading Co.

**Economy**

has become the important consideration in selecting footwear.



To obtain the fullest value is a duty -- to know that you are getting it when you purchase a pair of shoes depends upon the good judgment of yourself and the merchant from whom you buy.

To select The Florsheim Shoe is full assurance that your judgment is right; recommending Florsheims to you means that we know this to be the most dependable of all makes.

**Florsheim Shoes**

prove their economy from first to last day's wear. A trial will convince you.

We have a shape and style to suit your individual needs—ready to show you.

**Ziegler Bros.**

Sole Agents for  
Carrizozo



LADIES:  
**OUR STYLISH SHOES**  
MAKE THE FOOT LOOK  
NEAT AND TRIM

AND OUR SHOES FEEL GOOD WHEN YOU FIRST PUT THEM ON. THIS IS BECAUSE WE CARRY ALL WIDTHS AND CAN "FIT" YOUR FEET.

SOFT, THO' STRONG LEATHER GOES INTO OUR SHOES: THEY WILL LAST.

IF YOU HAVE HAD TROUBLE WITH YOUR FEET, COME BUY YOUR SHOES FROM US AND YOUR TROUBLES WILL BE AT AN END.

WE KEEP UP THE QUALITY; WE KEEP DOWN THE PRICE.

**Carrizozo Trading Co.**

**Notice for Publication**

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 3, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Alice Brown, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on June 27, 1911, made D. B. No. 10212, for 80, Section 3, Township 34 N., Range 14 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has had notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Little McHenry, U. S. Commissioner, at Roswell, N. M., on June 20, 1918.

Character names as witnesses: Lucinda H. Speltz, Mark H. Duke, Walter J. Foster, and W. Earl Diers, all of Carrizozo, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.  
May 11—June 11, 1918.

**Notice for Publication**

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., May 3, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that William A. Clark, of Roswell, Texas, one of the heirs of John V. Crawford, deceased, who, on March 13, 1911, made D. B. No. 10129, for 80, Section 4, Township 34 N., Range 14 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has had notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Mary C. Adams, U. S. Commissioner, in her office, Roswell, N. M., on June 20, 1918.

Character names as witnesses: Patrick H. Beckwith, Phil H. Butler, James M. Jolly and James P. Jolly, all of Corona, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON, Register.  
May 11—June 11, 1918.

FOR SALE—Small house furnished, also Ford auto. Call at News office. 5-10 if

**Cattle Growers!**

Here's a News Article you will Want to Read!

NEW MEXICO RURALIST, issue of June 1st.....

Contains an article giving in detail the results of the State Agricultural College experiments in

**Feeding Soap Weed**

This article will be illustrated with pictures authorized by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, and will show that these experiments demonstrate

That soap-weed, properly prepared will sustain range cattle in good condition, when other feed is scarce; and how to prepare and feed it.

Every Practical Cattle Grower Needs this Information

Address New Mexico Ruralist, Albuquerque, N. M.

The subscription price of New Mexico Ruralist is \$2.00 per year. It is the only paper published devoted exclusively to the ranch and farm interests of New Mexico.

**BUY YOUR FORD NOW**

Cars are hard to obtain at present, so come in and figure with us while we have them on hand

Bring your repair work to us. We are better equipped than ever to do your work. No delays, prompt service.

All Work Absolutely Guaranteed

and prices are standard authorized by the Ford Co.

We carry at all times a complete line of Ford parts and accessories

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

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Our Terms Cash