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Concert: Ithaca College Wind Ensemble

Ithaca College Wind Ensemble

Stephen G. Peterson

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'It is

or plan
or build
a school
of music
econd
o none."

—William Grant Egbert 1867–1928) Founder, thaca Conservatory

SCHOOL OF MUSIC

ITHACA

ITHACA COLLEGE WIND ENSEMBLE Stephen G. Peterson, conductor

Sun Song (1990)

Sun Song Dream Variations Tambourines Libby Larson (b. 1950)

The Good Soldier Schweik Suite (1956)

Overture Lament March War Dance Pastoral Finale Robert Kurka (b. 1921)

Golden Light (1992)

David Maslanka (b. 1942)

INTERMISSION

The Winds of Nagual (1985)

Michael Colgrass (b. 1932)

The Desert
Carlos Meets Don Juan
Don Genaro Satirizes Carlos
Carlos Stares at the Water and Becomes a Bubble
The Gait of Power
Asking Twilight for Calmness and Power
Juan Clowns for Carlos
Lsat Conversation and Farewell

Ford Hall Auditorium Sunday, February 21, 1999 3:00 p.m.

PROGRAM NOTES

The poetry of Langston Hughes frequently made use of blues rhythms as well as the musical language of the American jazz idiom. Inspired by the language, rhythm, and spirit of Hughes' poetry, composer Libby Larsen has written Sun Song in response to the major contribution that Langston Hughes made to American culture.

A major figure of the Harlem Renaissance in the 1920's Langston Hughes entitled his first book of poems, The Weary Blues, taking its name from a prize-winning poem in the magazine, Opportunity. Hughes was awarded a scholarship to Lincoln University Pennsylvania where he earned his Bachelor of Arts degree in 1929. He was awarded a Guggenheim Fellowship (1935), a Rosenwald Fellowship (1940) and an American Academy of Arts and Letters Grant (1947).

Sun Song

Sun and softness Sun and the beaten hardness of the earth, A tall, slim tree . . . Sun and the song of all the sun-stars Gathered together Dark ones of Africa I bring you my songs

Dream Variations

To fling my arms wide In some place of the sun, To whirl and to dance Till the white day is done. Then rest at cool evening Beneath a tall tree While night comes on gently, Dark like me-

To sing on the Georgia roads

That is my dream! To fling my arms wide In the face of the sun, Dance! Whirl! Whirl! Till the quick day is done Rest at pale evening . . . Night coming tenderly Black like me

Tambourines

Tambourines! Tambourines! Tambourines! To the glory of God! **Tambourines** To glory!

A gospel shout And a gospel song: Life is short But God is long!

Tambourines! Tambourines! **Tambourines** To glory!

Libby Larsen obtained her BA, MA, and PhD from the University of Minnesota. Her composition teachers were Paul Fetler, Eric Stokes, and Cominick Argento. From 1973-1983 she was a teaching assistant at the University of Minnesota. In 1983 she became composer-in-residence for two years with the Minnesota Orchestra and later, manager-composer of the Minnesota Composers' Forum. She has many grants, awards and commissions including a citation in 1981 as the Minnesota Woman of the Year in Arts. She received National Endowment for the Arts Fellowships in 1982 and 1984, and a Minnesota State Arts Board Fellowship in 1980.

Her compositional *oeuvre* stresses works for orchestra, chamber ensembles and voice. Larsen is currently the 1998-99 Karel Husa Visiting Professor Composition at Ithaca College.

The Good Soldier Schweik Suite is taken from the composer's opera, which was inspired from an anti-war satire by Czechoslovakian novelist, Jaroslav Hasek. The novel written after World War I, is about a common man, "Schweike," who is forced to become a soldier and fight for a cause in which he does not believe. He withstands the anguish and tragedy of war and becomes a triumphant symbol of all common people who resist the idea of war.

Robert Kurka, an Illinois native, studied violin and received his degree from Columbia University. He studied composition with Otto Luening and Darius Milhaud, although was more of a self taught composer. From 1948-1951 he taught at the City College of New York and at Queens College. He received numerous awards including those from the Paderewski Fund for American Composers, the San Diego Symphony Orchestra, the George Gershwin Memorial Award, and the National Institute of Arts and Letters. Before his untimely death from leukemia, Brandeis University honored him with an award which read: "To Robert Kurka, a composer at the threshold of a career of real distinction."

David Maslanka writes: "Golden Light is an energetic and joyous piece which evolved out of brisk walks in the woods of upper Manhattan near where I lived for many years. The title was inspired by the play of sunlight in the trees, especially in late afternoons. The mildly hypnotic state induced by walking at a rapid pace brought about a music of short, repetitive melodic fragments and interweaving polyrhythms. The influence is distinctly traditional African where many voices arise out of a stable tonality to weave and blend together."

Golden Light—A Celebration Piece was commissioned by the South Shore Conservatory of Hingham, Massachusetts to honor its 20th anniversary.

David Maslanka studied at the New England Conservatory, the Oberlin Conservatory, the Mozarteum in Austria, and Michigan State University. His composition teachers included H. Owen Reed and Joseph Wood. He has served on the faculties of the State University of New York at Geneseo, Sarah Lawrence College, and Kingsborough Community College of the City University of New York. He currently resides in Missoula, Montana. His many works for band include the Symphony No. 2 and A Child's Garden of Dreams.

Winds of Nagual is based on the writings of Carlos Castaneda about his 14-year apprenticeship with Don Juan Matis, a Jaqui Indian sorcerer from Northwestern Mexico. Castaneda met Don Juan while researching hallucinogenic plants for his master's thesis in Anthropology at UCLA. Juan became Castaneda's mentor and trained him in pre-Columbian techniques of sorcery, the overall purpose of which is to find the creative self—which Juan calls the *nagual*.

Each of the characters has a musical theme: Juan's is dark and ominous, yet gentle and kind; Carlos's is open, direct and naive. We hear Carlos's theme throughout the piece from constantly changing perspectives, as Juan submits him to long desert marches, encounters with terrifying powers and altered states of reality. A comic aspect is added to the piece by Don Genaro, a sorcerer friend of Juan's who frightens Carlos with fantastic tricks like disappearing and reappearing at will.

In keeping with Colgrass's artistic philosophy, *Winds of Nagual* is highly programmatic. Throughout the score programmatic references to the writings of Carlos Castaneda appear. According to Colgrass:

"My object is to capture the mood and atmosphere created by the books and to convey a feeling of the relationship that develops as a man of ancient wisdom tries to cultivate heart in an analytical young man of the technological age."

The text appears as follows:

The Desert

Don Juan emerges from the mountains. Carlos approaches Don Juan Carlos Meets Don Juan...First Conversation.

Don Genaro Appears

Genaro clowns for Carlos. Genaro satirizes Carlos. Genaro laughs. Genaro leaps to a mountain top. Genaro disappears.

Carlos Stares at the River and Becomes a Bubble

Carlos stares at the river.
... and is transfixed by the ripples on the water.
Carlos is mesmerized by the bubbles.
... and becomes a bubble
Carlos travels with the river.
Carlos tumbles in cascades of water.
Juan jolts Carlos awake with a shrill voice.

The Gait of Power

Don Juan shows Carlos how to leap between boulders in the dark. Carlos tries it.

Something moves in the dark.

A terrifying creature leaps at Carlos.

Carlos runs. . . It chases him.

The creature grabs his throat.

Carlos exerts his will.

Asking Twilight for Calmness and Power

Carlos calls to the desert from a hilltop.
Carlos dances.
Carlos meditates.
Carlos moves again.
He feels deep calm and joy.
Nightfall. . .Mist rolls in and the moon rises.

Juan Clowns for Carlos

Last Conversation and Farewell

Carlos leaps into the abyss, . . . and explodes into a thousand views of the world.

Michael Colgrass has become an increasingly important American composer. His works include *Deja vu* (for which he won a Pulitzer prize in 1977) and *Winds of Nagual* which are considered to be two of the most significant pieces of wind music written within the last twenty years. He studied composition with Eugene Weigel and Lukas Foss at Tanglewood, Darius Milhaud at Aspen, and Wallingford Riegger and en Weber in New York City. Since 1967, after a brief career as a percussionist, Michael Colgrass has made his living exclusively as a composer. *Winds of Nagual* was commissioned by the New England Conservatory and was premiered in Boston on February 14, 1985 with Frank Battisti conducting.

ITHACA COLLEGE WIND ENSEMBLE Stephen G. Peterson, conductor

Piccolo Joel M. Nolan*

Flute
Serena Cameron*
Lisa Horton
Dara Kahkonen
Becky Gay
Meridith Gabrielle

Oboe Colin Bauer Kristina L. Czerwiak* Stacy Reckert

Soprano Clarinet Jeffrey Bittner

Clarinet
Lucas Christensen
Todd A. Hearn
Peter Norman
Natalie Noyes
Joleen Walas
John Waytena*

Bass Clarinet Mickey Ireland

Contra Bass Clarinet Marco Cestaro

Bassoon Kristijan Bogdanovski Eleanor Conley Edward Montoya*

Alto Saxophone Michelle Free Todd Pray* **Tenor Saxophone** Joseph Tubiolo

Baritone Saxophone
Therese Yagy

Trumpet
William Bertram
Todd E. Jenkins*
Chad Louden
John Lufburrow
Russell Posegate
Amanda Whitten
Matthew Oram

Horn
Katie Albinski
Lindsey MacNab*
Michael A. Mogensen
Alysia Nemeth
Deana Saada
Amy Sanchez

Trombone
David McCormick
Brian Zimmer*
Phil Obado
Kate Donnelly

Bass Trombone Jim Peer Mike Dobranski

Euphonium Katie Sims Michael Stephenson* **Tuba** Mason Daffinee Matt Wilson*

Percussion
David Boisvert
Tim Collins*
David Mayotte
Sloane Treat
Tori Lillie

Timpani Anthony Calabrese

String Bass Michael Ward

Piano Russell Posegate