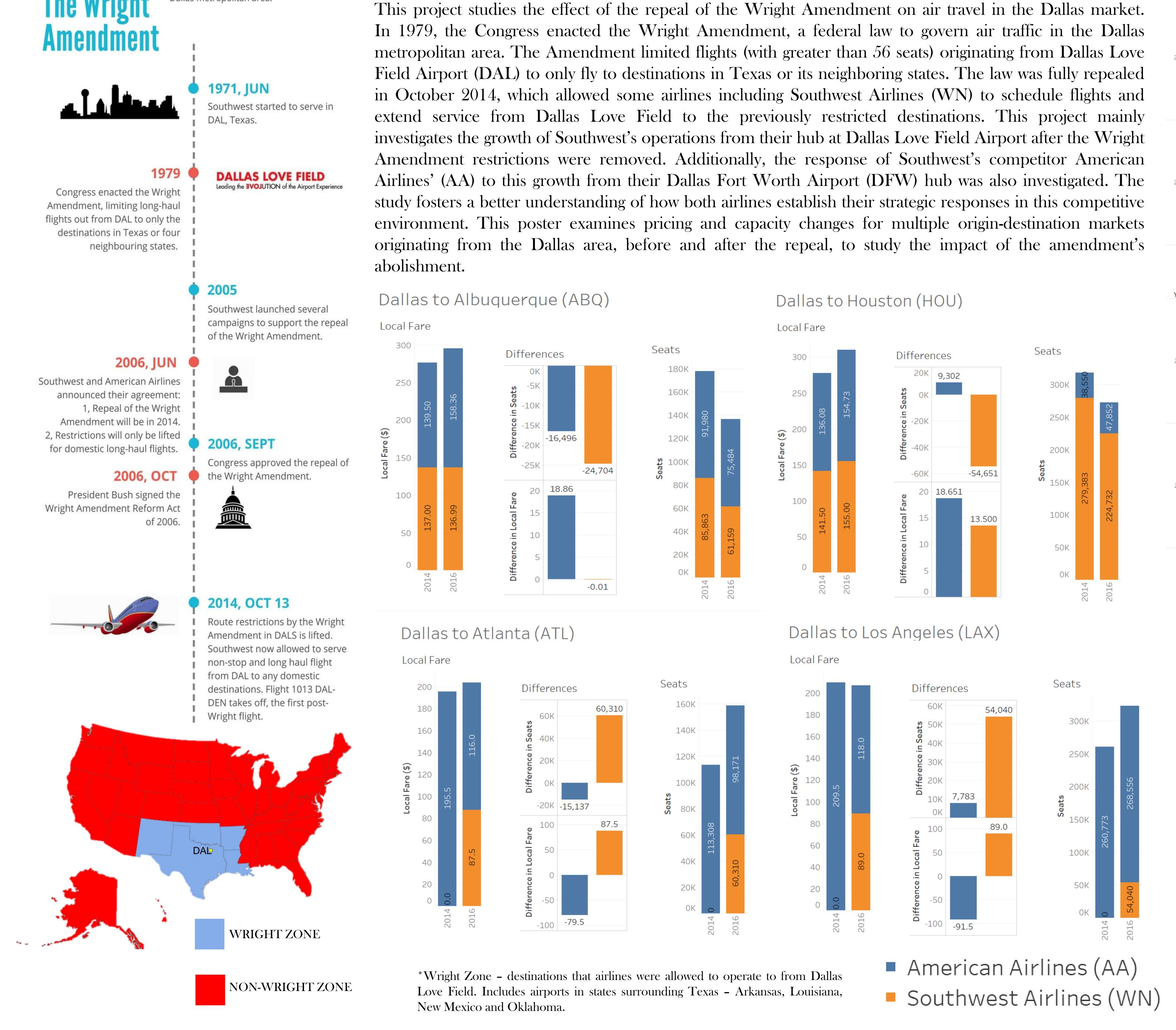
The Impact of the Repeal of the Wright Amendment on the Dallas

Area Air Travel Market

Source of Data: US Department of Transportation Traffic and Fare Data obtained from Diio Mi

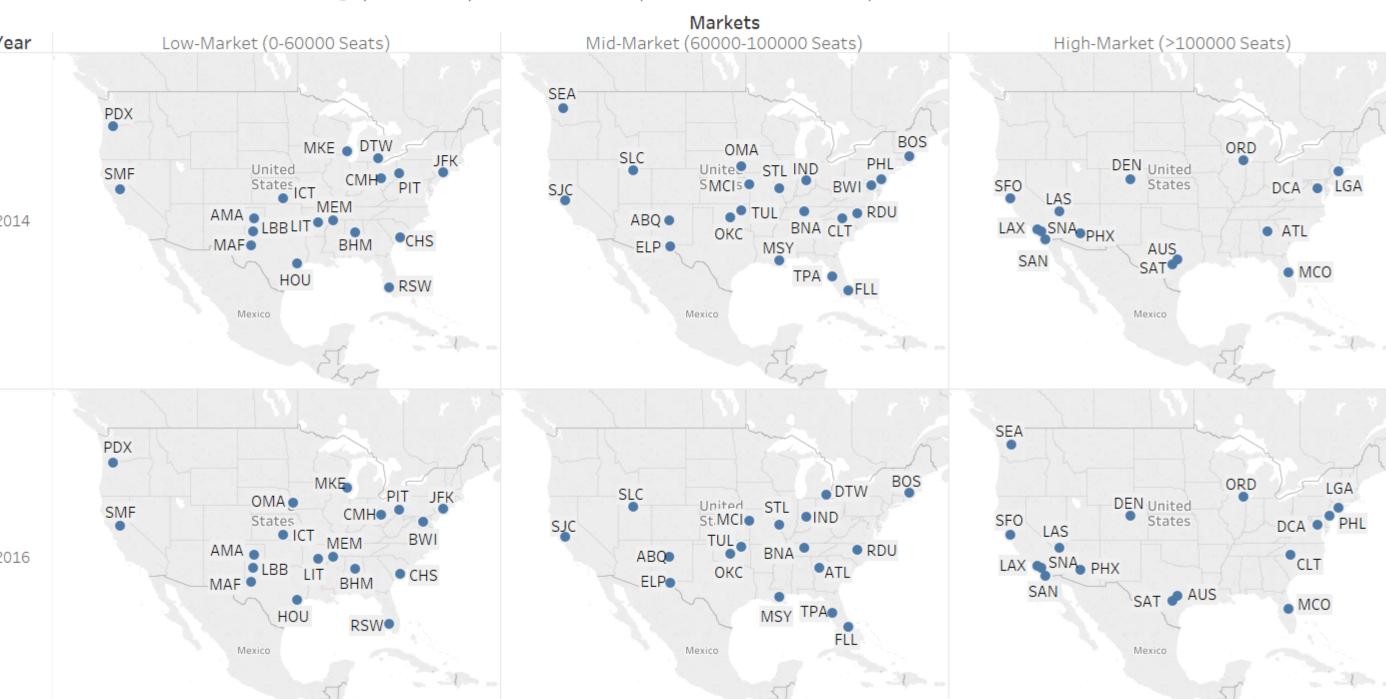
Akash Raigangar, Ching-Wen Huang, Daniel Friedenzohn and Ahmed Abdelghany

ABSTRACT

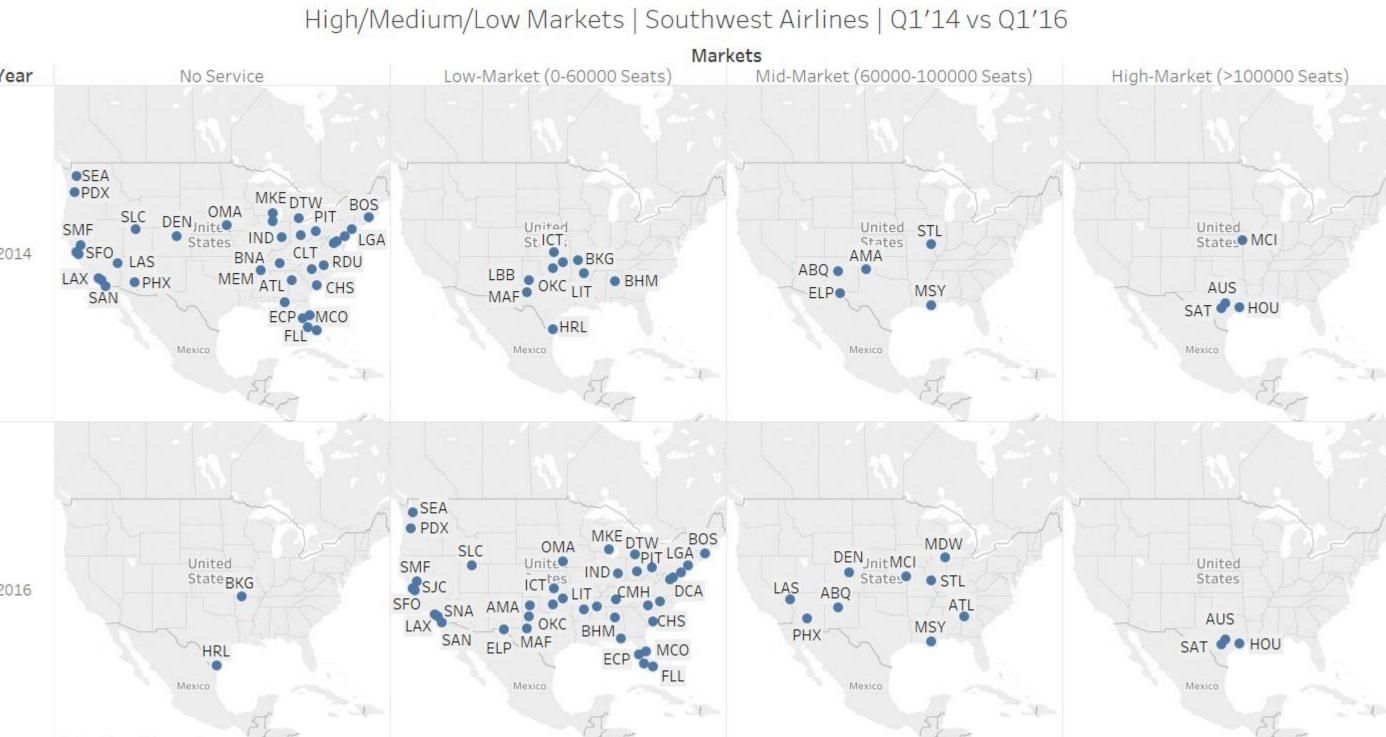


a federal law to govern air traffic in the

Dallas metropolitan area.



edium/Low Markets | American Airlines | Q1'14 vs Q1'16



The maps above show Southwest's and American's operations from the Dallas Area before (Q1 2014) and after (Q1 2016) the lift of the Wright Amendment restrictions. The maps are divided into four categories for each airline: No Service Offered, Low Market (0-60000 seats), Medium Market (60000-100000 seats) and High Market (100000+ seats). Note that all airports are not labeled (text) due to spatial limitations on this poster.

The graphs on the left show Southwest's and American's seats (capacity) and local fares for flights originating from the Dallas Area before (Q1 2014) and after (Q1 2016) the lift of the Wright Amendment restrictions.

- For most Wright Zone destinations (such as ABQ and HOU), Southwest cut seats (capacity) in 2016 to reallocate those aircraft to non-Wright Zone destinations they were allowed to now serve since restrictions were lifted.
- As a result, American also cut seats but was able to increase fares due to lower competition from Southwest.
- For non-Wright Zone destinations (such as ATL and LAX shown in the graphs),
 Southwest introduced new flights to these destinations after the lift of restrictions, therefore adding more seats to the market.
- For some non-Wright Zone destinations (such as ATL), American responded to the Southwest's increase in capacity by reducing their own seats offering in the market.
- In other non-Wright Zone destinations (such as LAX), American responded by adding more seats to the marketplace.
- For almost all non-Wright Zone destinations, American was forced to lower fares to be more competitive with Southwest. Southwest is historically a low-cost carrier and typically has lower fares than American for most flights. As a result, American was forced to lower their fares in 2016 to closely match those Southwest was offering.