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INTRODUCTION

Black flies have been long-time residents of Maine and cause extensive nuisance problems for people, domestic animals, and wildlife. The black fly problem has no simple solution because of the multitude of species present, the diverse and ecologically sensitive habitats in which they are found, and the problems inherent in measuring the extent of the damage they cause. As a beginning to the understanding of the nature of the black fly problem, an inventory of black fly species and habitats was made throughout the state. Previous black fly surveys in Maine, Waters (1969) and Bauer (1977), have been geographically limited.

In the present survey, black flies were collected extensively throughout the state from 1976 through 1978. Presented here is an annotated list of species found, records of black fly species swarming around humans or biting humans, and the succession of species in selected streams and rivers.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Extensive sampling of immature and adult black flies was done throughout Maine for 3 years. In excess of 300 sites were sampled one or more times each year in every part of the state. Numerous streams were sampled for immature forms at weekly or biweekly intervals. Streams in the Penobscot River watershed and Piscataquis River watershed were most intensively sampled.

Streams and rivers were sampled by scraping immature black flies off rocks or by gathering vegetation infested by the larvae or pupae. The black flies and vegetation were placed immediately into 70% ethanol and later separated from substrate materials in the laboratory. At each collection site, stream temperature and flow were measured and stream width was estimated.

Adults were collected in conjunction with sampling for immature black flies. Insects swarming around humans were collected with an aerial insect net and placed into 70% ethanol. Additional specimens were returned to the laboratory live and then frozen for electrophoretic analysis. Black flies which were in the process of biting humans were collected separately by placing a vial over the fly in the act of biting. An insect was detected either when the collector felt the pain of the bite, or when blood was observed. Black flies simply crawling or resting on the skin were not taken as biters.

Keys and papers used in the identification of larvae, pupae, and adults were by Davies et al. (1961), Snoddy and Bauer (1978), Stone (1964), Stone and Snoddy (1969), and Wood et al. (1963). Adults of the Simulium jenningsi group, S. penobscotensis, S. jenningsi, and S. nyssa are isomorphic. A sample of 225 biting black flies and 150 swarming black flies of this group were identified by electrophoretic techniques (May et al. 1977).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table 1 is an annotated list of larval and pupal black flies found in Maine. The data on county distribution, dates, stream width, and water temperature were obtained from collections over the 3 years of the survey. Forty-three species were recorded although several were represented only in single collections. Both *Prosimulium fuscum* and *P. mixtum* were found but were separated in only a few of the identifications and are therefore presented together. *S. venustum* and *S. verecundum* were separated in most of the identifications and hence are presented separately.

The black flies which were swarming around humans are listed in Table 2. Species of the *S. jenningsi* group were the most significant swarming pests in July, August, and September in the Penobscot River and Piscataquis River areas. The electrophoretic identifications indicated that less than 6% were *S. nyssa* and *S. jenningsi*; the rest were *S. penobscotensis*. *S. fibrinflatum* was a serious swarming pest in the Penobscot River area, but not in the Piscataquis River area. *S. venustum* and *Prosimulium* spp. were present as swarmers only in the spring and summer.

Species of the S. jenningsi group were the only biting black flies recorded for July and August in the areas and years sampled. The electrophoretic identifications indicated that these were all S. penobscotensis. The possible S. nyssa component of the biters indicated by May et al. (1977) was not observed. During the time of this study S. venustum and Prosimulium biters were present in May and June, but were not serious pests in areas sampled.

Species succession in rivers and streams is shown in Fig. 1-3. Two years of data were combined for each stream in the Penobscot River area (Fig. 1). In the Piscataquis River area summer data were collected in 1976 and spring data were collected in 1977 (Fig. 2).

Fig. 3 shows the results from 1 stream in Gorham and consists of summer samples in 1977, and primarily spring samples in 1978.

Of particular interest in these studies were species communities and how they differed from stream to stream. It is hoped that these data may serve as a basis for future population dynamics research.

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Table 1. Larval and pupal black flies collected in Maine, 1976-1978.

1. Twinnia tibblesi Stone and Jamnback

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Penobscot, Piscataquis

Dates collected. May 2-17 Stream width range: 0.3 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 8-10°C Number of collection sites: 4

2. Prosimulium decemarticulatum (Twinn)

County of collection: Penobscot
Dates of collection: April 25 - June 3
Stream width range: 0.5-12 m
Substrates: vegetation, rocks
Water temperature: 8-11°C

Number of collection sites: 5

3. Prosimulium fontanum Syme and Davies

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Aroostook, Cumberland, Franklin, Hančock, Kennebec, Lincoln, Oxford, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Somerset, Waldo, Washington, York

Dates collected: April 13-June 12 Stream width range: 0.3-20 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks

Water temperature: 4-23°C Number of collection sites: 102

4.&5. Prosimulium fuscum Syme and Davies/Prosimulium mixtum Syme and Davies

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Cumberland, Franklin, Hancock, Kennebec, Oxford, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Sagadahoc, Somerset, Washington, York

Dates of collection: March 30-June 10

Stream width range: 0.3-30 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 5-25°C Number of collection sites: 91

6. Prosimulium gibsoni (Twinn)

Counties of collection: Penobscot, Piscataquis

Dates of collection: April 29-May 17

Stream width range: 0.5-6 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 8-11°C Number of collection sites: 6

7. Prosimulium magnum Dyar and Shannon

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Cumberland, Hancock, Lincoln, Oxford,

Penobscot, Piscataquis, York

Dates of collection: March 30-June 10

Stream width range: 0.3-15 m

Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 4-17.5°C Number of collection sites: 42

8. Prosimulium multidentatum (Twinn)

Counties of collection: Cumberland, Hancock, Kennebec, Lincoln, Penobscot,

Piscataquis, Somerset, Washington Dates of collection: March 30-July 21

Stream width range: 0.6-30 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 5-24°C Number of collection sites: 24

9. Prosimulium pleurale Malloch

County of collection: Piscataquis

Date collected: May 11 Stream width: 70 m Substrate: rocks Water temperature: 8°C Number of collection sites: 1

10. Prosimulium rhizophorum Stone and Jamnback

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Cumberland, Kennebec, Lincoln, Oxford,

Penobscot, Waldo

Dates of collection: April 29-May 22

Stream width range: 0.3-12 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 7-15°C Number of collection sites: 8

11. Prosimulium saltus Stone and Jamnback

See Waters 1969

12. Cnephia abditoides Wood

County of collection: Penobscot

Date collected: May 17 Stream width: 1 m Substrate: vegetation Water temperature: 10°C Number of collection sites: 1

13. Cnephia dacotensis (Dyar and Shannon)

Counties of collection: Cumberland, Franklin, Kennebec, Penobscot, Piscataquis,

York

Dates collected: April 30-June 10 Stream width range: 0.3-6 m

Substrate: vegetation

Water temperature: 8-17.5°C Number of collection sites: 7

14. Cnephia denaria Davies, Peterson, and Wood

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Penobscot, Washington

Dates collected: May 1-May 17

Stream width range: 0.3-6 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 5-17°C Number of collection sites: 4

15. Cnephia invenusta (Walker)

County of collection: Piscataguis

Dates collected: April 29 (pupae), October 19 (larvae)

Stream widths: 9 m, 140 m Substrate: rocks Water temperature: 5-20°C Number of collection sites: 2

16. Cnephia mutata (Malloch)

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Aroostook, Franklin, Hancock, Kennebec, Lincoln, Oxford, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Sagadahoc, Somerset, Waldo. Washington, York

Dates collected: March 30-May 27 Stream width range: 0.3-15 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 4-17°C Number of collection sites: 91

17. Simulium anatinum Wood

County of collection: Washington

Date collected: May 22 Stream width: I m Substrate: vegetation Water temperature: 15°C Number of collection sites: 1

18. Simulium aureum Fries

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Penobscot, Piscataquis, York

Dates collected: May 17-October 28

Stream width range: 1-5 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 10-23°C Number of collection sites: 14

19. Simulium corbis Twinn

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Cumberland, Franklin, Penobscot, Piscataquis,

Somerset, Washington

Dates collected: May 11-June 19 Stream width range: 2-60 m

Substrates: vegetation, rocks, dam face Water temperature: 8.5-19°C

Number of collection sites: 16

20. Simulium croxtoni Nicholson and Mickel

Counties of collection: Franklin, Penobscot, Piscataguis, Somerset, Waldo

Dates collected: May 11-June 19 Stream width range: 1-4 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks

Water temperature: 9-14°C Number of collection sites: 8

21. Simulium decorum Walker

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Somerset, Washington

Dates collected: May 5-November 9

Stream width range: 1-30 m

Substrates: vegetation, rocks, dam face

Water temperature: 12.5-25°C Number of collection sites: 28

22. Simulium emarginatum Davies, Peterson, and Wood

Counties of collection: Cumberland, Penobscot, Piscataquis, York

Dates collected: April 12-May 12 Stream width range: 10-20 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 7-12°C Number of collection sites: 11

23. Simulium eurvadminiculum Davies

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Penobscot, Piscataguis

Dates collected: April 14-May 11

Stream width: 18 m Substrate: vegetation Water temperature: 5°C Number of collection sites: 3

24. Simulium excism Davies, Peterson, and Wood

County of collection: Kennebec

Date collected: May 16 Stream width: 1 m

Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 10°C Number of collection sites: 1

25. Simulium fibrinflatum Twinn

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Aroostook, Cumberland, Kennebec,

Penobscot, Piscataquis, Somerset, Waldo, Washington

Dates collected: May 24-November 2

Stream width range: 1-300 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 11-27°C Number of collection sites: 59

26. Simulium furculatum (Shewell)

County of collection: Penobscot

Date collected: May 17 Stream width: 2 m

Substrate: sticks in beaver dam Water temperature: 8°C Number of collection sites: 1

27. Simulium gouldingi Stone

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Franklin, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Waldo,

Washington

Dates collected: May 22-August 24 Stream width range: 1-30 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 13-20°C Number of collection sites: 11

28. Simulium impar Davies, Peterson, and Wood

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Washington

Dates collected: May 15-23 Stream width range: 0.3-1 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 8-17°C Number of collection sites: 3

Simulium innocens (Shewell)

County of collection: Penobscot

Date collected: May 17
Stream width: 1 m
Substrate: vegetation
Water temperature: 10°C
Number of collection sites: 1

30. Simulium jenningsi Malloch

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Franklin, Lincoln, Penobscot, Piscataquis,

Somerset, Waldo

Dates collected: May 24-September 23

Stream width range: 1-75 m

Substrates: vegetation, rocks (rarely)

Water temperature: 12-25°C Number of collection sites: 29

31. Simulium latipes (Meigen)

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Cumberland, Franklin, Lincoln, Penobscot,

Piscataquis, Somerset, Waldo, York Dates collected: May 15-July 29

Stream width range: 0.3-20 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 10-21°C Number of collection sites: 37

32. Simulium nyssa Stone and Snoddy

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Aroostook, Cumberland, Kennebec, Lin-

coln, Penobscot, Piscataguis, Somerset, Waldo, Washington, York

Dates collected: May 24-October 19

Stream width range: 1-300 m Substrate: vegetation Water temperature: 11-27°C Number of collection sites: 64

33. Simulium parnassum Malloch

Counties of collection: Hancock, Piscataguis

Dates collected: June 11-August 2

Stream width range: 1-4 m

Substrate: rocks

Water temperature 10-16°C Number of collection sites: 4

34. Simulium penobscotensis Snoddy and Bauer

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Cumberland, Penobscot, Piscataguis

Dates collected: June 3-October 28 Stream width range: 3-300 m

Substrate: vegetation

Water temperature: 13-25°C Number of collection sites: 21

35. Simulium pictipes Hagen

County of collection: Piscataquis Dates collected: July 29, August 26

Stream widths: 10 m, 80 m

Substrate: rocks

Water temperature: 18°C, 21°C Number of collection sites: 2

36. Simulium pugetense (Dyar and Shannon)

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Cumberland, Penobscot, Washington, York

Dates collected: April 18-May 22 Stream width range: 0.3-30 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 7-13 °C Number of collection sites: 5

37. Simulium quebecense Twinn

Counties of collection: Franklin, Penobscot, Washington

Dates collected: May 11-June 19 Stream width range: 3-30 m

Substrates; vegetation, rocks (rarely)

Water temperature: 8-15°C Number of collection sites: 7

38. Simulium rivuli Twinn

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Franklin, Kennebec, Penobscot, Piscata-

quis, Washington

Dates collected: May 8-July 19 Stream width range: 0.3-30 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 10-13°C Number of collection sites: 7

39. Simulium rugglesi Nicholson and Mickel

Counties of collection: Penobscot, Piscataquis

Dates collected: May 30-September 7

Stream width: 300 m

Substrate: vegetation Water temperature: 17-20°C

Number of collection sites: 3

40. Simulium tuberosum (Lundström)

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Aroostook, Cumberland, Franklin, Hancock, Kennebec, Lincoln, Oxford, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Sagadahoc, Somerset, Waldo, Washington, York

Dates collected: May 3-November 18 Stream width range: 0.3-160 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks

Water temperature: 7-27°C Number of collection sites: 169

41. Simulium venustum Sav

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Aroostook, Cumberland, Franklin, Hancock, Kennebec, Lincoln, Oxford, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Somerset, Waldo, Woskington, Vosk

Washington, York

Dates collected: April 25-November 23

Stream width range: 0.3-300 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 8-27°C Number of collection sites: 97

42. Simulium verecundum Stone and Jamnback

Counties of collection: Androscoggin, Aroostook, Cumberland, Hancock, Ken-

nebec, Oxford, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Waldo, York

Dates collected: April 25-November 23

Stream width range: 1-20 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 8-25°C Number of collection sites: 29

43. Simulium vittatum Zetterstedt

Counties of collection: Aroostook, Cumberland, Franklin, Oxford, Penobscot,

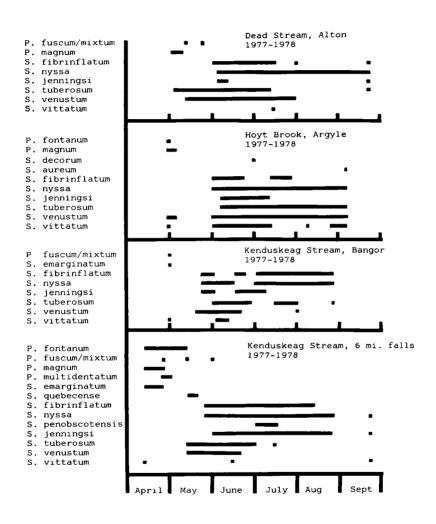
Piscataquis, Somerset, Washington Dates collected: March 30-December 28

Stream width range: 1-300 m Substrates: vegetation, rocks Water temperature: 5-25°C Number of collection sites: 117

Table 2. Number of adult black flies swarming around humans, Maine.

	S. jenningsi group	S. fibrin- flatum	S. vittatum	S. venustum complex	P. fuscum/ mixtum
PENOBSCOT	RIVER WATERS	HED (1977-1	1978)		
May	2	14	0	8	11
June	382	1517	11	7	2
July	1395	280	8	1	0
August	1649	268	209	3	0
September	76	6	0	0	0
Totals	3504	2085	228	19	13
PISCATAQUI	S RIVER WATER	RSHED (1976	- 1977)		
May	0	0	0	43	25
June	57	0	0	57	0
July	929	35	0	43	0
August	537	27	0	5	0
September	175	18	0	1	0
October	35	10	0	1	0
Totals	1733	90	0	150	25

Figure 1. Seasonal succession of black fly species in the Penobscot River watershed, Maine, 1977-1978. The lines indicate presence of immature black flies in the streams.



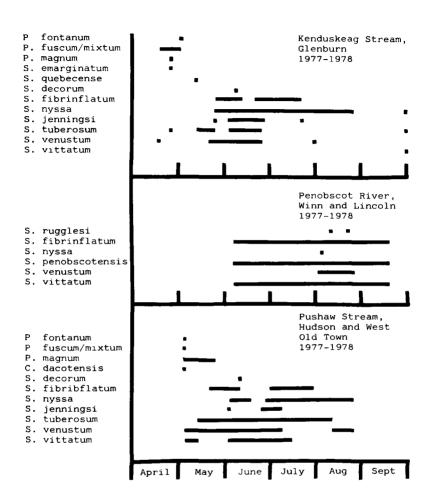
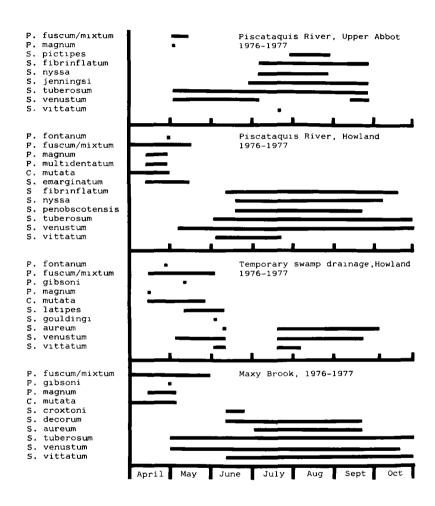
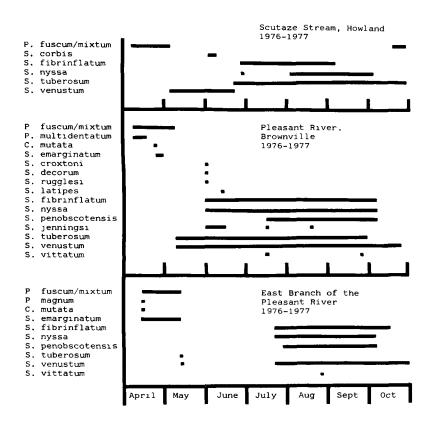
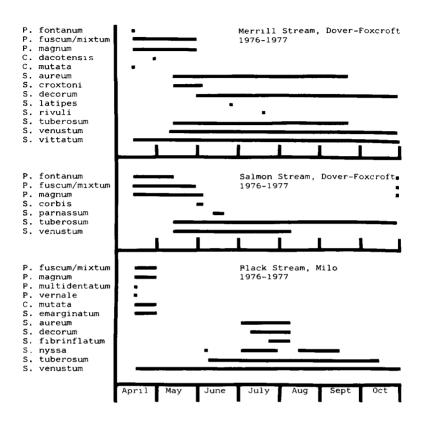


Figure 2. Seasonal succession of black fly species in the Piscataquis River watershed, Maine, 1976-1977. The lines indicate presence of immature black flies in the streams.









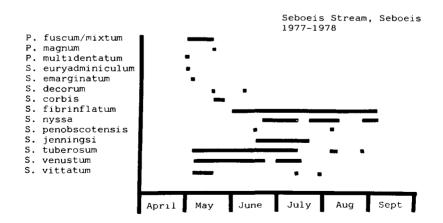


Figure 3. Seasonal succession of black fly species in the Little River, Gorham, Maine, 1977-1978. The lines indicate presence of immature black flies in the streams.

