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CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE ALLAGASH, HERMON, HOWLAND AND MARLOW SOIL MAPPING UNITS

R. V. Rourke and C. Beek

SPECIFIC INFORMATION FOR SOILS ENGINEERING URBAN DEVELOPMENT PLANNING WATERSHED MANAGEMENT AGRICULTURAL SOIL AND WATER MANAGEMENT

TECHNICAL BULLETIN 46MARCH 1971LIFE SCIENCES AND AGRICULTURE EXPERIMENT STATIONUNIVERSITY OF MAINEORONO

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We also acknowledge the efforts of Mrs. Charlene McLaughlin and Mrs. Catherine Bradbury in typing the manuscript.

SUMMARY

The classification of the soil mapping units studied was accurate except at the Family level in Allagash and Hermon. Additional sampling is needed to completely characterize Allagash soils because of the variation in texture within and between sites.

Hermon soils are loamy, and are probably skeletal. Howland soils can be separated from Peru soils by the presence of more than 45 percent silt in the Howland soil unit. Marlow soils had 35 to 50 percent silt in the B horizons thus they differed from Plaisted soils which generally have less than 30 percent silts in similar horizons.

Marlow and Howland soils changed little in sand, silt and clay content as depth increased. Hermon soils became sandier as depth increased. Variation in Allagash soil texture was inconsistent with depth or between sites.

Generally stone content increased within these soils as depth increased. Hermon was the only unit that increased in stone volume to nearly 35 percent.

Organic carbon content below the $B_{2,1}$ horizons decreased regularly with an increase in depth except in the Allagash mapping unit. The organic carbon content in Allagash soil was inconsistent between sites and with increasing depth.

Bulk density in the Allagash soil unit seldom reached values that prevent root growth. The density in Howland and Marlow increased to values that did limit root penetration in the fragipan.

Total water available for plant growth in the Allagash, Howland and Marlow mapping units to a 40 inch depth after correction for stone

II

nd density values is: Allagash, 5.29 inches; Howland, 4.77 inches; arlow, 3.67 inches.

Cation exchange capacity was highest in the surface and decreased s depth increased. Variation in CEC within mapping units reflected arying base contents.

Soil reaction decreased as depth increased in the Allagash apping unit. In Howland, Hermon and Marlow mapping units pH increased '« depth increased.

Percolation test indicated that Allagash and Hermon soils had ates that were adequate for septic effluent removal. Howland and arlow soils were found not suited for use as septic tank filter ields. The possibility of water-table contamination is present in .llagash and Hermon.

CHEMICAL AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE ALLAGASH, HERMON, HOWLAND, AND MARLOW SOIL MAPPING UNITS R.V. Rourke' and C. Beek²

INTRODUCTION

The soil resources of Maine can form a basis for community, recreational, industrial and agricultural planning (15). Soil maps that present the outline of various soil mapping units on aerial photographs have been published for Northeast and Southern Aroostook County, and Penobscot County. A soil map of Androscoggin and Sagadahoc Counties will be released soon by the Superintendent of Documents in Washington D.C. Counties where the field mapping has been completed and where publications are in preparation are Southern Somerset, Cumberland and Kennebec. The task of mapping the soil and publishing the data is the responsibility of the Soil Conservation Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The Maine Agricultural Experiment Station contributes to this program by providing soils information that demonstrates those chemical or physical soil features that are peculair to the various mapping units. These soil features will influence the success or ease by which a soil may be used for a particular purpose.

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The soils presented in this report were sampled at varying locations in Washington, Hancock, Aroostook and Piscataquis Counties. Other soils from these and other counties in Maine have been reported by the authors and other investigators (4,5,8,13,14,18).

This study was undertaken to ascertain the characteristics of the four mapping units so that their classification and interpretation as to use could be more sharply defined.

FIELD PROCEDURE

The field procedures followed involved making the site selection, describing the soil profile, sampling the soil, and making a percolation test. Sites were selected in cooperation with the Soil Scientists from the Soil Conservation Service, U.S.D.A. Each soil mapping unit was described and sampled at five sites. A square foot of soil was removed from each horizon for laboratory analyses. Soil cores were removed from those horizons that were not too stoney for the determination of moisture retention. At each site six percolation tests were made at random points about the sampling location. These tests were conducted at a 30 inch depth. Techniques used in the percolation tests were as described by the Department of Health, Education and Welfare (20).

LABORATORY PROCEDURE

The volume of coarse mineral material larger than 2 mm. was determined by screening the bulk horizonal samples and measuring the volume of stone by water displacement.

Particle size distribution was determined by screening and pipette analysis as described by Day (2). Dispersion was accomplished by overnight shaking in a dilute solution of sodium metaphosphate.

Soil cores were placed on porous ceramic plates and the moisture stention at pressures up to one bar were determined. Moisture alues reported are on a stone free basis. Water retained by the soil t tensions greater than one bar were determined on disturbed, stoneree soil using a pressure membrane apparatus. Techniques of Disture measurement were as described by Richards (12). Available ater was considered to be the difference in moisture retention at .33 and 15 bars.

Bulk density values were determined using cores taken in a field .oist condition and oven-dried.

Organic carbon was determined on air-dry soil using a correcton factor of 1.33. The Walkley-Black method as described by Allison 1) was used.

Exchangeable bases (Ca,Mg,K,Na) were determined by atomic absorpt-.on or flame emission. A 10 gram soil sample was leached with 300 ml. of 1.ON NH+OAc at pH 7.0. Extracts containing Ca and Mg were diluted rith LaCl₃ in a 1:1 ratio to suppress the influence of P and Al.

Exchange acidity was measured by the barium chloride triethanolamine :echniques as described by Peech (9). Soil reaction was measured in 10.1M CaCl₂ solution at ratio of solution to soil of 2:1. A second >H reading was obtained using a water:soil ratio of 1:1. These >rocedures were as described by Peech (10).

SOIL CLASSIFICATION

The Allagash soils are well drained and are developing in sediments dervied from glacial-fluvial or stream depostions. The mapping units are presently used in the Northeast Aroostook, Penobscot, Washington and Piscataquis soil survey areas. Allagash soils have been classified as Typic Haplorthods in the coarse-loamy over sandy or sandy-skeletal, mixed, frigid, family (19). They have between 20 and 27 inches of coarse loamy material above sands or loamy sands that extend to 40 inches. Under the present classification system (16) the mapping units of Allagash sampled differ from the central concept for the Allaqash soil series. Site 1 was too high in very fine sands in the C₂ horizon to make a sandy textural classification below 28 inches. Site 2 was too high in soil material coarser than very fine sand in the profile above 31 inches and too fine in texture below 31 inches. The soil texture remained coarse loamy to depth of 32 inches (5 inches too deep) at site 3. At site 4 the profile is sandy between 13 and 27 inches and coarse loamy from 27 inches to 40 inches. At site 5 the profile was too fine above the sandy layer, being silt loam and loam rather then loam or sandy loam, to meet the series criteria. The variability of the Allagash soils is illustrated by these mapping units.

The Hermon soils are deep and well drained or somehwhat excessively drained. They are developing in sandy glacial till that is high in material larger than 2 mm. in size. The soil is being mapped in Hancock, Washington, Penobscot, Waldo, Cumberland, Franklin, Oxford,

-and Piscataquis Counties. The Hermon soils are classifed as Typic Haplorthods in the sandy-skeletal, mixed, frigid family (19). The data presented in the Appendix indicates that the family texture of the mappings units sampled was loamy rather than sandy. Weighted averages of the coarse fragement volume indicate that site 1 was skeletal, sites 2,4 and 5 exceeded 30 percent stone, and site 3 exceeded 20 percent stone. The average coarse fragment content of a cubic inch within the control section was over 33 percent when all five sites were combined. Areas within the pedons sampled were selected to allow core removal for density and moisture measurements. This contributed to the less than 35 percent volume of stone. Although relatively stone free regions were selected for sampling, coarse fragment content restricted core removal in the C horizon to only two sites. The skeletal classification appears valid as judged by the preceeding comment.

Howland soils are developing in glacial till and are moderatelywell to somewhat-poorly drained. The soil is extensive in Northern Maine being in the soil legends for surveys of Aroostook, Penobscot, Washington, Piscataquis, and Somerset Counties. Howland is classified as an Aquic Fragiorthod in the coarse-loamy, mixed, frigid, family (19). The data in the Appendix upheld this classification. The fragipan features of Howland are similar to some of those described by Grossman and Carlisle (6). Silt content is generally above 45 percent which separates this soil from the Peru soil series.

The Marlow mapping unit is a deep well-drained soil developed in glacial till. This mapping unit is presently in the legends of soil surveys in Washington, Hancock, Oxford and Franklin Counties. Marlow has been classified as a Typic Fragiorthod in the coarse-loamy mixed, frigid, family (19). Marlow soils differ from Plaisted in that the B horizons of Plaisted contain 25 to 30 percent silts, while the B horizons in Marlow have 30 to 50 percent silts. The Marlow soil has a fragipan that generally starts within 24 inches of the soil surface.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

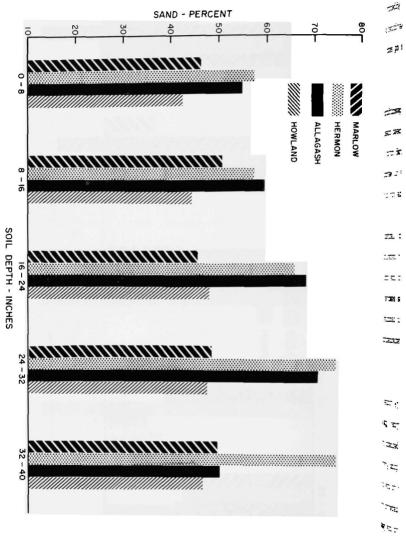
The data reported reflect a range of soil characteristics within the mapping units sampled. Soil series are not reported as such since the range of characteristics in the profiles sampled at times exceeds the range allowed within the series. When the range, of a soil series is exceeded the profile then becomes a taxadjunct, phase, type, complex, association, undifferentiated group, variant or miscellaneous land type (17).

Composite tables have been compiled to compare and present the soils that were sampled. Comparisons are made by weighted means of eight inch depth zones within and between mapping units. The technique used to formulate the weighted mean has been presented in an earlier publication (14). Each of the profile descriptions and laboratory analyses are presented in the Appendix.

Particle Size Distribution

Figures 1 through 3 present the weighted means of sand, silt and clay in eight inch depth zones to 40 inches. The weighted means and range of each zone are presented in tabular form in Appendix Tables 1 through 3.





1.18

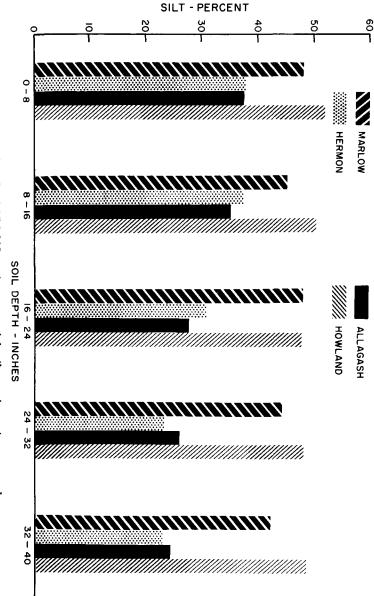


Figure 2. Silt (0.05-0.002mm.) content of 4 soil mapping units expressed as weighted means for 8-inch depth zones.

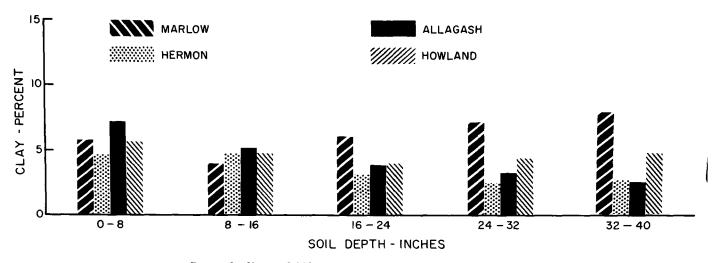
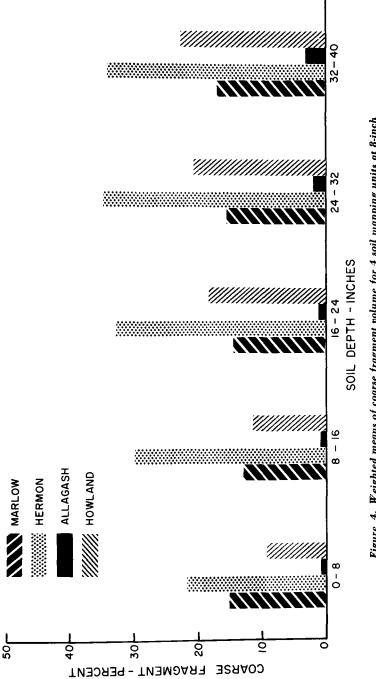


Figure 3. Clay (<0.002mm.) content of 4 mapping units expressed as weighted means for 8-inch depth zones.

The Marlow and Howland soils remained relatively constant in sand, silt and clay between the soil surface and 40 inches. Hermon soils increased in sand from the surface zone to the deepest measured zone. Silt values decreased steadily in the Hermon units as depth increased. Clay content of Hermon decreased steadily to the 24 to 32 inch depth then increased slightly at the 32 to 40 inch depth.

Allagash soils are shown in Figure 1 to increase in sand content as depth increased. The increase was not consistent at each site as may be noted from the range in content shown in Appendix Table 1. Appendix Table 2 indicates that the range in silt content within the Allagash soil is similar to the range in sand. Clay content of the Allagash soil is low and decreases steadily as depth increases. The wide variation in sand and silt content within the Allagash soil as depth increases may reflect depositional sequences of varying stream flow rates.

Howland soils reached a clay minimum in the 16 to 24 inch zone. Marlow soils had the lowest clay content in the 8 to 16 inch zone. The composite values of clay in Figure 3 indicate that there is not sufficient clay increase in Howland soils to indicate an argillic layer. The average increase of clay in the Marlow soil is sufficient to be argillic (16). The individual sites of Marlow that had a clay increase adequate to be argillic were 1,3 and 4. Clay films were not noted on the ped surfaces at these sites. The clay increase in these soils may or may not be illuvial clay. The clay increase was in the fragipan, and an increase of clay in this region of other fragipan soils has been noted previously (7,14). Clay orientation in the fragif and movement of clay into, or within, this layer has been described ⁽⁶⁾





Coarse Fragment Volume

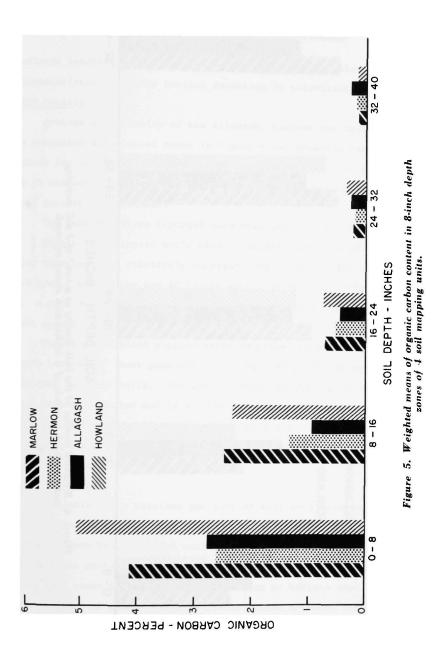
Coarse fragment content is presented in Figure 4 and in Appendix Table 4 as weighted means. The volume of stones in each horizon sampled and their size distribution is presented with the profile description in the Appendix. Coarse fragment content varied as much between sites as it did between soils. Hermon soils approached the skeletal classification below 16 inches. The sampling procedure may have biased the stone volume data concerning the Hermon because the verticle profile sampled was selected to allow core removal. Average stone content increased as depth increased in the Allagash, Howland and Marlow mapping units.

Organic Carbon

Appendix Table 5 and Figure 5 present weighted means of the organic carbon content of the four mapping units. Organic carbon decreased irregularly at sites 2,3 and 4 in the Allagash mapping unit. Organic carbon content decreased steadily as depth increased below the $B_{2,1}$ horizon in Howland, Hermon and Marlow mapping units.

The inconsistent decrease of organic carbon in the Allagash soil may reflect old surfaces. This soil was water deposited and therefore, was subject to flooding and deposition in the past. Those layers in the profile that increased in organic carbon in relation to the horizon above may be former stable surfaces that have been buried by subsequent flooding and deposition.

Highest organic content was in the surface of the moderately-well drained Howland. The presence of excessive moisture near the surface prevents rapid organic matter oxidation. There was a peak organic content in the B_{21} horizon at several sites. A peak in this layer



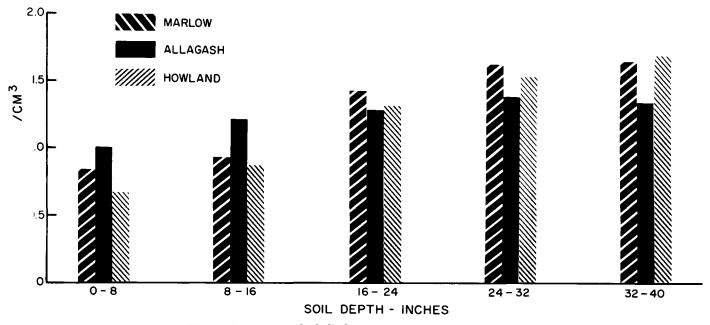


Figure 6. Weighted average of the bulk density as g./cm." of 3 soil mapping units at depth intervals of 8 inches with stones removed.

eflects leaching and deposition of organic material which is haracteristic of spodic horizon formation in podzolization.

ulk Density

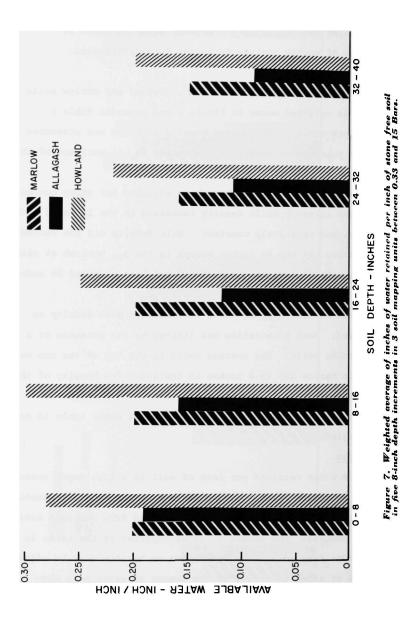
Average bulk density of the Allagash, Howland and Marlow soils .s presented as weighted means in Figure 6 and Appendix Table 6. 'alues for depth zones in the Hermon mapping unit are not presented is it was not possible to measure bulk density in all horizons of this soil because of stoniness.

The density values reported have been adjusted for stone content. Within the Allagash soils density increased to the 16 to 24 inch ione then remained relatively constant. Bulk density did not exceed 1.5 g/cm.³ within the top 40 inches except in the B_{25} horizon at site 3. A bulk density of more than 1.5 g/cm.³ has been reported to reduce icoot growth (3,11,21).

Marlow and Howland mapping units increased in bulk density as depth increased. Root penetration was limited by the presence of a fragipan in these soils. The average depth to the top of the pan was 22.4 inches in Marlow and 19.4 inches in Howland. The density of these pans was reflected in 24 to 40 inch depth zones. Root growth in Howland soils was also influenced by a fluctuating water table in and above the fragipan.

Water Retention

Available water retained per inch of soil in 8-inch depth zones is presented in Figure 7 and Appendix Table 7. Data is not presented for the Hermon because cores could not be removed from horizons having a high stone content. The amount of water reported in the table is based upon stone free soil. Thus each zone or horizon must be adjusted by the volume of stone to arrive at the amount of water held when



stones are present. For the purposes of this study water retention at 0.33 and 15 bars was taken to approximate field capacity and permanent wilting point respectively.

Water retained per inch of soil, decreased as depth increased. The Allagash mapping unit retained the least water in a plant available form, averaging 5.36 inches to a 40 inch depth in a stone free profile. Marlow soils averaged 7.28 inches of water in . stone free 40 inch soil profile. Howland soils retained 10.00 inches of available water in a stone free soil profile 40 inches deep. Using coarse fragment volumes from Appendix Table 4, the adjusted average water content for each soil mapping unit was; Allagash 5.29 in./40 inch; Marlow 6.20 in./40 inch; Howland 8.41 in./40 inch. The average depth to the top of the fragipan in the Marlow mapping unit was 24.4 inches. Below this depth rooting is restricted thus a correction for the presence of the pan results in a total available water of 3.67 inches. The average depth to the top of the fragipan in the Howland soil mapping unit was 19.4 inches and this caused an adjustment in the available water content resulting in 4.77 inches being retained. Cation Exchange Capacity

Average cation exchange capacities (CEC) of the four mapping units studied is presented in Figure 8 and Appendix Table 8. Variation in the average CEC between the mapping units was greatest in the 0-8 and 8-16 inch zones. As depth increased, CEC decreased in each mapping unit. It has been previously noted (8) that zones having the highest CEC also have the highest organic carbon content. The organic matter has contributed exchange positions to the soil site complex.

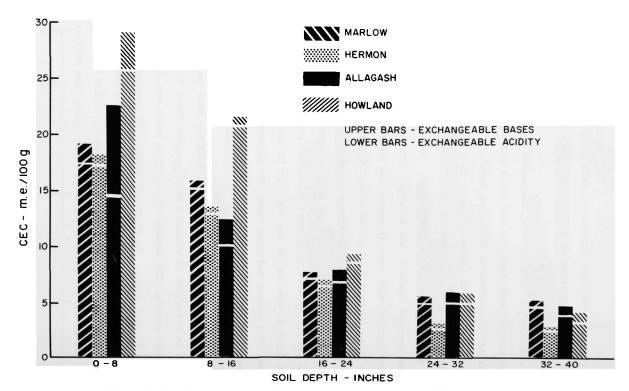


Figure 8. Weighted means of cation exchange capacity as m.e./100 g. of the particles less than 2mm, in diameter in 4 soil mapping units at 8-inch intervals to 40 inches.

Exchange acidity (EA) was highest in the surface zone and dereased steadily within each soil as depth increased. Appendix able 9 and Figure 8 present EA of the four mapping units. Since A and exchangeable bases are added to calculate CEC, the steady ecline of EA indicates that the variation in CEC is in the amount f basic cations present. The presence of a large number of bases n the upper two soil zones frequently reflects additions of bases rom farming operations. As seen in Figure 8 exchangeable bases dereased more rapidly than EA as depth increased.

oil Reaction

Soil acidity was measured in a soil:water and in a soil:salt solution mixture. The weighted means of five depth zones to 40 inches are presented in Figures 9 and 10. Numerical means and ranges for sach zone are presented in Appendix Tables 10 and 11.

Mean soil reaction between the four mapping units when measured .n water was highest in the Allagash soils. Within the Allagash unit werage pH declined only slightly as depth increased. This trend .s unlike that in the other units which had initially a very low pH .n the surface that increased as depth zones beneath the surface inreased.

The pH values obtained using a soil:salt solution are presented .n Figure 10. The Allagash soil had the highest average pH in the :op 16 inches. Hermon and Allagash soils had similar pH in the 16 to ?4 inch zone and Hermon soils had a higher pH in the 24 to 40 inch :ones. Allagash again decreased in pH as depth increased. The change .n pH relationship between the lower layers of Hermon and Allagash soils

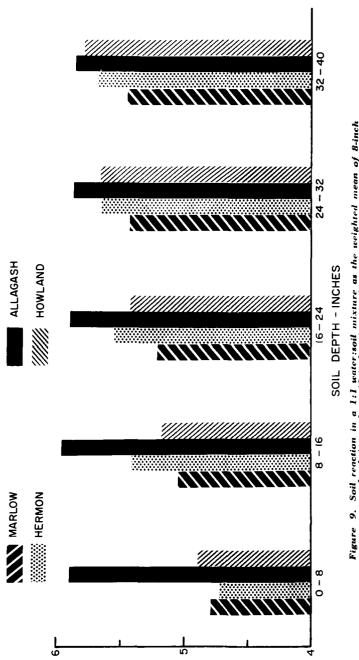
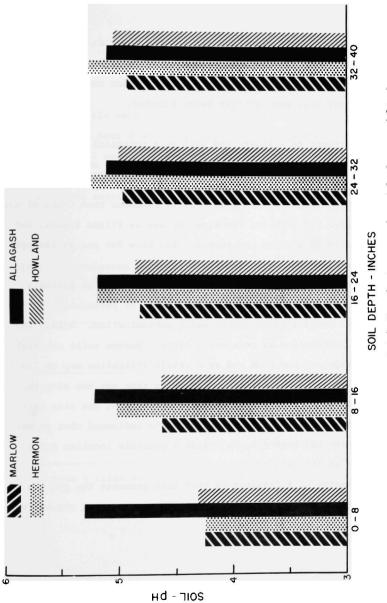


Figure 9. Soil reaction in a 1:1 water:soil mixture as the weighted mean of 8-inch depth intervals to 40 inches for 4 soil mapping units.





as measured in salt and water may reflect the lower EA in the Hermon soil. Marlow soils increased in pH to the 24 to 32 inch zone and decreased slightly in the 32 to 40 inch zone. Marlow and Howland soils had pH readings that were similar below 8 inches. Percolation

In an attempt to evaluate the soil as a potential receptacle for septic wastes the percolation rate for each site was measured. Percolation rates for the soils in this report are shown in Table 1. In interpreting the results, it is well to remember that rates of more than 60 minutes per inch are too slow for use as filter fields, and rates exceeding 30 minutes per inch are too slow for use as seepage pits (20).

Allagash and Hermon soils percolated water at rates suitable for seepage pit disposal. The very rapid rate of percolation in the Allagash unit could lead to ground water contamination. Within the Hermon unit percolation is relatively rapid. Hermon soils are high in coarse fragments and sand and as a result filtration may be low.

In Marlow soils the average percolation rate was too slow to be used successfully for septic sewage disposal. At one site percolation was satisfactory. The range of data indicated that an onsite evaluation was needed to determine a possible location for a filter field in this soil.

The presence of a fragipan in this unit presents the problem of down slope seepage as a result of lateral movement along the surface of the pan.

Howland soils were found to be unsuited for septic sewage disposal. They have a water table near the surface during periods of high rainfall and low evaporation. The presence of a fragipan within the top 30 inches further reduces the ability of this soil unit to remove septic tank waste from the environment.

Soil	Minutes per Inch
	Mean Range
Allagash	3.9 1.7 to 6.4
Hermon	14.9 5.5 to 26.7
Howland	320.2* 75.8 to 576.9
Marlow	76.4 22.3 to 125.2

Table 1. Percolation rates of four soil mapping units, each at five sites, at a depth of 30 inches.

* Based upon 4 sites as site 1 had a water table above 30 inches.

5

CONCLUSIONS

Variation in soil texture has prevented accurate placement of the Allagash mapping unit at the family level.

Hermon soils are loamy skeletal.

Howland soils have 45 percent or more silt in the control section.

Marlow soils contained 35 to 50 percent silt in the B horizons.

Soil texture changed little from the surface to a 40 inch depth in Marlow and Howland soils. Hermon soils became sandier as depth increased.

Organic carbon decreased as depth below the B_{21} horizon increased except in the Allagash mapping unit.

Root growth could be limited by high density in the lower sequum of Howland and Marlow.

Allagash soils retained more available water than Howland or Marlow when adjustments were made for coarse fragments and density.

Cation exchange capacity was highest in the surface soil layers.

Highest pH values were in the surface of Allagash but in the lower depths in Howland, Marlow and Hermon.

Percolation rates indicated that Marlow and Howland soils were not satisfactory for use as septic filter fields.

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APPENDIX

Soil	0-8"		8-16"		<u> 16-24"</u>		24-32"		<u>32-40"</u>	
	x	Range	x	Range		Range	x	Range		Range
Allagash	54.9	(35.6-69.2)	59.4	(32.0-82.5)	68.1	(32,0-84.0)	70.5	(39.2-85.8)	73.8	(53.4-91.5)
Hermon	57.2	(48.3-63.2)	57.5	(51.6-68.8)	65.6	(52.5-76.0)	74.2	(71.0-76.0)	74.2	(73.2-76.0)
Howland	42.3	(32.0-51.3)	44.4	(35.0-55.2)	48.0	(39.2-55.2)	47.5	(38.2~55.2)	46.7	(38.1-56.5)
Marlow	46.0	(36.6-52.9)	50.4	(35.0-68.8)	45.7	(35.0-57.1)	48.5	(39.7~65.6)	49.5	(44.1-65.6)

Table 1. Weighted means and range of the sand (2.0 mm-0.05 mm.) content of 4 soil mapping units expressed as percent at 8-inch depth intervals.

Table 2. Weighted means and range of the silt (0.05-0.002 mm) content of 4 soil mapping units expressed as percent at 8-inch depth intervals.

Soil	<u>0-8"</u> - Range x	<u>8-16"</u> - Range x	<u>16-24"</u> — Range	<u>24-32"</u> - Range x	<u>32-40"</u> - Range x
Allagash	37.9 (22.4-51.2	35.5 (13.9-56.2)	28.0 (13.3-49.1)	26.2 (11.3-56.3)	23.6 (7.0-56,3)
Hermon	38.0 (31.9-45.0	37.8 (28.2-42.0)	31.2 (21.6-41.2)	23.3 (21.6-26.6)	23.1 (21.6-25.1)
Howland	52.1 (45.6-62.4	50.8 (42.8-60.6)	48.1 (42.8~58.7)	48.2 (41.4-60.5)	48.4 (41.4-60.6)
Marlow	48.2 (40.8-58.0) 45.6 (29.3-55.0)	48.2 (41.0-55.0)	44.3 (32.9-50.0)	42.6 (32.9-47.3)

Soil	0-8"		8-16"		16-24"		24-32"		32-40"	
	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range
Allagash	7.2	(2.5-13.5)	5.1	(2.4-11.8)	3.9	(1.8-11.8)	3.3	(1.5-4.4)	2.6	(1.5-3.4)
Hermon	4.7	(2.2-6.8)	4.8	(2.2-6.8)	3.2	(2.2-6.3)	2.5	(1.5-3.2)	2.7	(1.5-3.2)
Howland	5.7	(3.1-11.2)	4.8	(2.0-7.5)	4.0	(2.0-7.4)	4.4	(1.3-7.9)	4.8	(1.3-7.9)
Marlow	5.8	(3.2-8.4)	4.0	(1.9-10.0)	6.1	(1.8-14.3)	7.2	(1.5-14.3)	7.9	(1.5-11.5)

Table 3. Weighted means and range of the clay(<0.002 mm) content of 4 soil mapping units expressed as percent at 8-inch depth intervals.

Table 4. Weighted means and range of coarse fragment volume by percent at 8-inch depth intervals based upon material larger than 2 mm. in 4 soil mapping units.

Soil	0-8"		8-16"		16-24"		24-32"		32	2-40"
	$\vec{\mathbf{x}}$	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range
Allagash	0.8	(0.1-2.1)	0.7	(0.0-1.9)	1.1	(0.1-3.1)	1.9	(0.0-14.4)	3.0	(0.0-14.4)
Hermon	21.9	(4.7-37.9)	29.9	(16.8-50.5)	32.8	(17.1-50.5)	34.4	(17.1-46.4)	33.9	(26.8-41.2)
Howland	9.3	(2.0-26.3)	11.3	(5.0-20.5)	18.4	(8.3-34.3)	21.9	(8.6-34.3)	22.4	(8.6-30.0)
Marlow	15.2	(10.1-55.6)	12.9	(7.8-20.9)	14.4	(7.1-21.7)	15.4	(7.1-25.7)	17.0	(9.3-25.7)

Soil		0-8"	8-16"		16-24"		24-32"		32-40"	
	x	Range	x	Range	×	Range	x	Range	x	Range
llagash	2.7	(1.5-8.6)	1.0	(0.4-2.4)	0.4	(0.1-0.9)	0.3	(0.1-0.9)	0.3	(0.1-0.8)
lermon	2.6	(1.2-4.1)	1.3	(0.2-2.4)	0.5	(0.1-1.2)	0.2	(0.1-0.5)	0.2	(0.1-0.4)
Howland	5.1	(2.1-16.2)	2.3	(1.3-5.9)	0.8	(0.4-2.0)	0.3	(0.1-0.9)	0.2	(0.1-0.4)
Marlow	4.1	(1.8-5.3)	2.5	(1.5-4.2)	0.7	(0.2-2.3)	0.2	(0.1-0.3)	0.2	(0.1-0.2)

Table 5. Weighted means and range of organic carbon content of 8-inch depth zones in 4 soil mapping units.

Table 6.	Weighted means and range of bulk density as g./cc. at 8-inch stone free depth	
	intervals to 40 inches in 3 soil mapping units.	_

Soil	0-8"		8-16"		16-24"		24-32"		3	2-40"
		x Range	×	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range
Allagash	1.0	(0.8-1.3)	1.2	(0.9-1.4)	1.3	(1.0-1.4)	1.4	(1.2-1.5)	1.3	(1.2-1.4)
Howland	0.7	(0.3-1.1)	0.9	(0.5-1.1)	1.3	(0.8 -1. 6)	1.5	(1.3-1.7)	1.7	(1.5-1.8)
Marlow	0.8	(0.6-1.1)	0.9	(0.8-1.3)	1.4	(0.9-1.7)	1.6	(1.5-1.7)	1.6	(1.6-1.7)

Soil	8"		8-16"				24-32"		32-	-40"
	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range
Allagash	0.19	(0.14-0.22)	0.16	(0.10-0.22)	0.12	(0.08-0.21)	0.11	(0.07-0.24)	0.09	(0.05-0.18)
Howland	0.28	(0.17-0.46)	0.30	(0.20-0.40)	0.25	(0.17-0.34)	0.22	(0.15-0.34)	0.20	(0.15-0.30)
Marlow	0.20	(0.15-0.23)	0.20	(0.15-0.26)	0.20	(0.15-0.24)	0.16	(0.12-0.21)	0.15	(0.12-0.20)

Table 7. Weighted means and range of inches of water retained in each inch of 8-inch depth intervals of stone free soil in 3 soil mapping units shown as the difference between water held at 0.33 and 15 bars.

Table 8. Weighted means and range of C.E.C. in 8-inch depth zones in 4 soil mapping units expressed as me./100 g. soil.

Soil	0-8"		_8-16"		16-24"		24-32"		32-40"	
	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range
Allagash	22.6	(17.5-46.0)	12.7	(4.7-22.6)	8.0	(3.4-13.5)	6.0	(2.6-10.5)	4.9	(2.4-7.7)
Hermon	18.2	(11.6-28.4)	13.7	(8.0-25.8)	7.1	(3.1-12.3)	3.1	(2.4-6.0)	2.9	(2.4-3.4)
Howland	29.1	(15.1-47.2)	21.7	(6.7-43.1)	9.4	(6.3-20.0)	5.9	(3.1-9.0)	4.2	(3.1-5.3)
Marlow	19.1	(12.5-26.6)	16.0	(11.8-23.1)	7.7	(4.6-14.2)	5.6	(3.6-6.8)	5.4	(3.6-6.6)

Soil	0-8"		8-16"		16-24"		24-32"		32-40"	
	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range
Allagash	14.4	(9.5-18.9)	10.1	(4.2-2.15)	6.8	(2.9-11.6)	5.0	(2.2-8.5)	3.8	(1.9-6.5)
Hermon	17.2	(9.1-27.9)	13.2	(3.8-25.2)	6.7	(2.7-11.9)	2.7	(2.0-5.6)	2.6	(2.0-3.4)
Howland	25.7	(11.7-42.5)	20.9	(6.2-42.5)	8.7	(5.9-19.5)	5.0	(2.5-8.1)	3.2	(2.5-4.4)
Marlow	17.4	(11.2-25.8)	15.2	(11.2-21.9)	7.2	(4.2-13.8)	5.0	(3.2-6.0)	4.7	(3.2-5.6)

Table 9. Weighted means and range of exchange acidity in 8-inch depth zones in 4 soil mapping units expressed as me./100 g. soil.

Table 10. Weighted means and range of soil reaction in a 1:1 soil-water solution presented in 8-inch depth classes.

Soil		0-8"		8-16"	1	6-24"	_2	4-32"	_	32-40"
<u> </u>	×	Range	x	Range	x	Range	- x	Range	x	Range
Allagash	5.9	(5.3-6.45)	6.0	(5.4-6.45)	5.9	(5.7-6.35)	5.9	(5.65-6.05)	5.9	(5.65-6.15)
Hermon	4.7	(3.6-5.6)	5.4	(5.05-5.75)	5.6	(5.05-5.8)	5.7	(5.45-5.8)	5.7	(5.6-5.8)
Howland	4.9	(4.1-5.5)	5.2	(4.65-5.7)	5.4	(5.05-5.7)	5.7	(5.05-6.1)	5.8	(5.35-6.1)
Marlow	4.8	(3.65-5.15)	5.1	(4.6-5.4)	5.2	(4.8-5.5)	5.4	(5.25-5.75)	5.4	(5.25-5.75)

oil _0-		0-8"	8" 8-1		-16" 16-24"		2	4-32"	32-40"		
	×	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	x	Range	
Allagash	5.2	(4.7-5.95)	5.2	(4.8-5.6)	5.2	(4.8-5.5)	5.1	(4.6-5.45)	5.1	(4.6-5.5)	
Hermon	4.2	(3.3-5.2)	5.0	(4.45-5.4)	5.2	(4.85-5.4)	5.2	(4.85-5.4)	5.2	(5.1-5.4)	
lowland	4.3	(3.55-4.9)	4.6	(4.2-5.0)	4.9	(4.5-5.0)	5.0	(4.75-5.35)	5.1	(4.9-5.35)	
Marlow	4.2	(3.2-4.55)	4.6	(4.2-4.9)	4.8	(4.5-5.05)	5.0	(4.5-5.25)	4.9	(4.5-5.25)	

Table 11. Weighted means and range of soil reaction in a 2:1 0.01M CaCl₂-soil solution in 8-inch depth classes.

ALLAGASH MAPPING UNIT

Site l

Location: High Street, Milo, Piscataquis County, Maine.

Horizon	Depth	Description
Ар	0-8"	Dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) loam; weak thin platy structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
^B 21	8-8.8"	Strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt irregular boundary.
^B 22	8.8-13.5"	Dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) very fine sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
B ₂₃	13.5-22"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) very fine sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
c _l	22-28"	Olive (5Y 5/3) very fine sandy loam; single grain; loose; abrupt smooth boundary.
с ₂	28-40"	Olive (5Y 5/3) loamy fine sand; single grain; loose.

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		Γ	TOTAL						SAND						SILT
Depth (ln.)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Silt (.05- 002	Ciay (< 00		Very Coarse (2-1)	Coars (15) Percent of	, I.	Medium (.525)		Fine 25- 1)		Very Fine 105)	(0502)	(02002)
8	Ap	44.1	3 49.9	9 5.8	8 ().42	1.7	7	5.16	15	. 34	21.	44	35.51	14.48
8.8	B ₂₁	42.9				2.20	1.2		3.41		42	24.		38.36	15.64
8-13.5	B ₂₂	50.5				0.54	3.2		7.69		.77	21.		34.83	12.25
.5-22	B ₂₃	60.90).33	1.9		7.90		. 8 3	24.		28.71	7.60
-28	C_1	58.5			•	0.05	0.6		2.87		. 49	34.		32.97	6.58
-40	C_2	73.60				0.21	1.0		4.29		58	35.		21.46	3.48
					w/	TER CONT	ENT (Bar F	ressures)		L					
Depth (In.)	Horizon	0.059 pct.	0.1 pct	0 33 pct.	0 67 pct.	1		20 pct	3.0 pct.		5.0 pct.		15.0 pct.	Bulk Density g /cc	Availabi Water in /in.
8		44.0		29.5	28.4				12.9		12.0		10.4	1.01	0.19
8.8	A p p	54.6	38.7	33.5	30.3		1.6		16.0		13.0		11.8	0.95	0.21
8-13.5	B ₂₁	36.0	28.1	18.6	16.0		1.2		9.0		7.5		6.4	1.16	0.14
.5-22	B 2 2	26.0	19.7	13.6	12.0		5.8		5.5		4.		3.9	1.41	0.14
-28	B 2 3	23.3	17.7	9.1	7.9		5.8		3.7		2.		2.1	1.39	0.10
-40	C_1 C_2	26.4	19.8	10.1	8.3		5.9		2.7		2	1	1.6	1.44	0.12
		l		<u> </u>		FRAGMEN									<u> </u>
Depth (ln.)	Horiz	on	3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-1.5 inches		1 5-1 nches	1-75 inche		.7550 inches		5025 Inches		ົງມາ- ຫາກ.	TOTAL
-8 -8.8 . 8-13. 5	Ap B ₂₁										<0	0.1	<0	.1	< 0.1
3.5-22 2-28 8-40	B ₂₂ B ₂₃ C ₁ C ₂										<0	0.1	<0		< 0.1 < 0.1
Durat	Horizon	Orga Carb		pH M CaCl H				Exchange	sable				Acidity		Base
Depth (In.)	Horizon	pe	. 2			Ca		Mg	Na	к		†	Acidity	CEC (Sum)	(Sum) pct.
	1				-	-			те	eq / 100 g		1		<u>. </u>	
-8	Ap	1.			.3	1.3		.1	<0.1	0.	. 3	18	.9	20.7	8.7
-8.8	B ₂₁	2.	-		.65	0.7		2.1	<0.1	0.	. 2	21		22.6	4.9
.8-13.5		1.			.4	0.5		0.1	0.1	< (5.1	13		13.8	5.8
3.5-22	B 2 3	0.			.7	0.2		0.1	<0.1	< (0.1	-	.2	7.7	6.5
2-28	C 1	0.			.95	0.2		0.1	<0.1	< (.1		. 4	7.9	
8-40	C 2	0.	09 5	.25 5	.85	0.1	<0	0.1	<0.1		.1		. 2	2.6	6.3
	1													. ∠.0	15.4

ALLAGASH MAPPING UNIT

Site 2

Location:	Medford	Road,	Milo,	Piscataquis	County,	Maine.

Horizon	Depth	Description
A p	0-9"	Dark brown (10YR 4/3) fine sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
A +A p 2	9-12"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) and gray(10YR 64) fine sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 21	12-18"	Reddish brown (5YR 4/3) loamy fine sand; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 22	18-24"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) loamy fine sand; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
B 23	24-27"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) loamy fine sand; weak fine granular structure; loose; clear wavy boundary.
c ₁	27-31"	Olive (5Y 5/3) loamy fine sand with yellowish red(5YR 4/8) stains; simple grain; loose; abrupt wavy boundary.
IIC ₂	31-36"	Olive (5Y 5/4) silt loam; single grain; loose; abrupt wavy boundary.
111C 3	36-40"	Olive (5Y 5/3) very fine sandy loam; single grain; loose.

NYYA, Walay, Thanaza Tili H

SILL CLASS AND I ANTICLE DIAMETERS (MM)

1	1		ΤΟΤΑ	L	T		8	SAND					SI	LT
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Silt (.0500	2) Clay (<.002)	Ver Coan (2-1	e Coar	5) (fedium (5-,25)	Fin (25		Ver) Fine (105	5)	(.0502)	(02002)
-9 -12 2-18 8-24 4-27 7-31 1-36 6-40	ApAp+A2B21B22B23C1C2IIIC3	68.98 68.71 75.42 83.33 84.89 76.21 39.25 53.39	27.32 27.29 21.93 14.89 12.66 21.18 56.34 43.20	3.70 4.00 2.65 1.78 2.45 2.61 4.41 3.41	0.20 0.18 0.12 0.97 0.27 0.09 <0.01 <0.01	0.70 1.06 1.46 1.34 1.44 1.06 0.22 0.16	6. 6. 8. 10. 8. 1.	83 10 93 46 18 60 76 31	37.1 37.2 41.9 46.2 48.8 39.0 11.5 14.5	29964	24.0 24.1 24.9 26.3 24.1 27.4 25.7 37.4	2 0 6 3 2	18.62 15.41 14.06 11.01 11.41 18.36 44.22 37.60	8.70 11.88 7.87 3.88 1.25 2.82 12.12 5.60
					WATER	CONTENT (Bar	Preasures)							
Depth (In)	Horizon	0.059 pct.	0.1 pct.	0 33 pct.	0 67 pct.	1.0 pct.	2 0 pct.	3.0 pct		5 0 pct	15 pc		Bulk Density g /cc.	Available Water in /in.
-9 -12 2-18 8-24 4 -27 7-31 1-36 6-40	$\begin{array}{c} Ap\\ Ap+A_2\\ B_21\\ B_22\\ B_23\\ C_1\\ IIC\\ IIIC_3 \end{array}$	48.3 30.4 35.7 26.5 18.6 18.2 26.3 27.3	40.9 24.5 29.5 15.6 10.3 12.5 23.2 20.5	34.9 19.2 23.1 12.2 7.7 8.0 17.2 10.7	32.6 17.5 21.6 11.8 7.2 7.0 15.2 8.9	29.9 16.5 20.4 11.0 6.5 6.2 13.6 7.5		12.3 10.8 8.8 5.5 3.6 3.4 6.8 3.8	1	0.9 9.8 8.2 4.9 3.3 3.0 5.2 3.4	7 6 4 2 2 3	.9 .7 .3 .2 .5 .2 .4 .2	0.88 1.19 1.01 1.17 1.39 1.40 1.28 1.43	0.22 0.14 0.17 0.09 0.07 0.08 0.18 0.12
Depth	Horiz	ion -	3+	3-2	COARSE FRA 2-1.5 inches	GMENTS (Perce	175	1 .	7550		- 25		in	
(In)			inches	inches 0.5	inches	inches	inches		nches	<0.	ches 1	2	mm <0	. 6
-9 -12 2-18 8-24 4-27 7-31 1-36 6-40	Ap Ap+A ₂ B ₂₁ B ₂₂ B ₂₃ C1 IIC ₂ IIIC ₃			0.5						<0. <c.< td=""><td>1</td><td><0.</td><td></td><td>:1</td></c.<>	1	<0.		:1
-12 2-18 8-24 4-27 7-31 1-36	B ₂ 1 B ₂ 2 B ₂ 3 C1 IIC ₂	Orga Carb pcl	on .01	PH M CaCl H C		Ca	Exchangeab Bases Mg	Na	ĸ	<0.	1			
-12 2-18 8-24 4-27 7-31 1-36 6-40	B ₂₁ B ₂₂ B ₂₃ C1 IIC ₂ IIIC ₃	Carb	on 01 2 5 5.3 6 5.3 0 5.5 8 5.4 7 5.3 1 5.3	рн M Cacli H с 1 11 6 6 0 5 6 0 5 5 9 5 5 5 9 5 5 5 9	5 ← 5 5 2 1 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0	.7 <0 .5 <0 .0 <0 .5 <0 .2 <0 .2 <0	Bases Mg).1).1).1).1).1).1).1	Na	к 1/100 б. 3 0.3 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	<0.	1	dity 5 9 9 2 6 1	1 <0	. 1 Base Saturation (Sum)

ALLAGASH MAPPING UNIT

Site 3

Location: J. Reardon Farm, Milo, Piscataquis County, Maine.

Horizon	Depth	Description
^A p ^{+B} 21	0-11"	Dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) mixed with strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and yellowish red (5YR 4/8) very fine sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
^B 22	11-15"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) with areas of strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) fine sandy loam;weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
^B 23	15-20"	Olive (5¥ 5/3) fine sandy loam; single grain; loose; clear smooth boundary.
^B 24	20-24"	Olive (5Y 4/3) with dark brown(7.5YR 4/4) stains about roots, loamy sand;single grain; loose; clear smooth boundary.
^B 25	24-32"	Olive (5Y 5/3) very fine sandy loam;single grain; loose; clear smooth boundary.
IIC	32-40"	Dark olive gray (5Y 3/2) and light olive gray (5Y 6/2) fine sand; single grain; loose.

	<u> </u>		тот	TAL		7	- ,	• • • • •	SAND	-	÷	• • - • •		
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Si (05-		Clay (< 002)	Co	2-1) (1	atrac 5) of <2mm.	Medium (.5- 25)		Fine 25-1)	Very Fine (105)	(.0502)	(02002)
-11	Ap+B21	61.6	2 35	. 86	2.5.	2 1	.04 3	.62	7.83		22.31	26.82	28.42	7.44
-15	B22	59.9	1 37	.67	2.4	2 1	. 27 4	. 36	9.43		18.57	26.28	29.79	7.80
5-20	B 2 3	70.0		. 77	3.2			. 52	17.87	1	21.18	23.25	21.11	5.6
-24	B24	78.8	9 18	. 35	2.7			.50	26.38		27.86	21.04	16.18	2.1
- 32	B ₂₅	63.3		.06	3.5			. 29	11.75		28.88	20.36	26.04	7.02
2-42	<i>TIC</i>	91.4	8 7	. 01	1.5.	1 0	.11 3	.64	15.11	1	57.19	15.43	5.73	1.20
						WATE	R CONTENT (B	ar Pressures)					
Depth (In.)	Horizon	0.059 pct.	0.1 pct.		0 33 pct.	0.67 pct.	1.0 pct.	2 0 pct.		.0 ct.	5.0 pct.	15.0 pct.	Bulk Density g./cc.	Availab Water in./in.
	3 P	24.2	26.	_	20.1	19.0	17.5			9.4	7.9	7.2	1.12	0.
-11	Ap+B ₂₁	34.2			13.2	19.0	10.3			5.5	4.9	3.8	1.27	0.
1-15	B 2 2	26.9			9.7	8.2	6.8			3.7	2.8	2.1	1.39	0.
5-20 7-24	B23	23.6			6.9	5.4	4.0	1		2.6	2.0	1.5	1.39	0.0
1-32	B24	22.2			11.4	8.7	6.9			3.5	2.6	1.8	1.50	0.3
2-42	B ₂₅ IIC	7.7			4.6	3.9	2.6			1.9	1.5	1.2	1.43	0.0
	<u>!l</u>					COARSE F	RAGMENTS (Pe	rcent by V	olume)					
Depth (In)	Horizo	, F	3+ inches		3-2 nches	2-1 5 inches	1.5-1 unches		- 75 ches	.7550 inches			25 in 2 mm.	TOTAL
-11	Ap. B	2.1										< (0.1 <	0.1
1-15	B22			ļ	ļ							< (0.1	0.1
5-20	B 2 3										<0.			0.1
0-24	B24						1					<(0.1
4-32	B ₂₅	1					1							0.1
2 - 4 2	IIC										<0.	1	<	0.1
				1					ngeable		<u> </u>			
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Orga Carb	on .	01M CaC	рН 71 НО 2 1.1				ases			Acidity	CEC	Base
(In.)		pct		2:1	<u> </u>		Ca	Mg	Na	meq./100	K	<u> </u>	(\$um)	(Sum) pct.
-11	Ap+B2	1.				_	4.7	0.5	<0.1	,	0.2	12.0	17.5	31.
1-15	B ₂₂	0.		55 25	6.4 6.0		1.0	<0.5			0.1	6.8	8.1	16.
5-20	B ₂₃	0.		29 35	6.0		0.2	<0.1		-	0.1	4.2	4.7	10.
0-24	B 2 3 B 2 4	0.			6.0	- 1	0.1	<0.1			0.1	2.9	3.3	12.
4-32	B 2 5			-		· 1	0.5	<0.1			0.1	3.4	4.2	19.
2-42	IIC	0.		45	6.0 6.1		0.2	<0.1			0.1	3.4	2.4	20.
		0.	76 5.	3	0.1	~		~0.1	NU.,	L		1 1,3		1

ALLAGASH MAPPING UNIT

Site 4

Location:	Dupram	Farms,	Washburn,	Aroostook	County,	Maine.
	-				-	

Horizon	Depth	Description
А _р	0-4"	Dark reddish brown (5YR 3/2)sandy loam; moderate medium granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
A2+B21	4-8"	Dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) and gray(l0YR 6/1) sandy loam; weak medium platy structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 22	8-13"	Dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) sandy loam; moderate medium granular structure;friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
B ₂₃	13-18"	Olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) loamy sand; single grain; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
^B 24	18-27"	Very dark grayish brown (5Y 3/2) and olive brown (5Y 4/4) loamy sand; single grain; loose; clear wavy boundary.
^B 25	27-33"	Olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) loamy fine sand; single grain; friable; clear wavy boundary.
IIC	33-40"	Very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) and light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) fine sandy loam; single grain; friable.

Depth (In)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Silt (.05~.002)	Clay (<.002	Co	Very arms Con 2-1) (1- Percent o	.5)	Medium (.525)	Ги (25-		Very Fine (1- 05)	(0502)) (.02002)
0-4	Ap	58.93	27.61	13.4	46 2.	.66 8.0)4	20.29	19.8	8	8.06	15.1	1 12.50
4-8	A2 + B21	69.25	22.45	8.	30 3.	71 8.4	43	23.28	23.5	8	10.25	13.9	
8-13	822	75.12	18.16	6.	72 3.	34 9.6		26.83	25.6		9.63	11.9	
13-18	B23	82.49	13.94	3.		27 6.1		26.14	36.4		11.32	10.9	
18-27	B24	84.02	13.27	2.		03 6.9		23.40	38.5		12.10	10.2	
27-33	B25	82.25	14.86	2.0		67 3.		16.40	45.5		16.51	11.5	
33-40	IIC	70.64	26,16	3.		93 2.0		8.84	35.5		23.24	19.4	
						R CONTENT (Ba				•			
Death	Horizon	0 059			0.02		10			5.0	15.0	Bu Den	
Depth (In.)	Horizon	0 059 pct	0.1 pct.	0.33 pct	0.67 pct.	10 pct	2.0 pci.	3.0 pct		5.0 pct.	15.0 pct.	Ben g /	
U-4	Ар	57.3	53.2	49.8	48.4	46.6		28.	5	24.8	23.0	0.7	
4-8	A. + B.	30.4	27.4	23.5	22.5	21.1		12.		10.8	9.7	1.26	
8-13	B ² B ²	24.9	22.5	18.9	18.2	17.5		7.		6.8	6.0	1.3	
13-18	β_{23}^{22}	21.1	17.8	12.4	11.0	9.6		4.		3.7	3.2	1.36	
18-27	B ₂₄	18.8	13.2	8.6	8.1	6.8		3.		3.0	3.0	1.36	
27-33	B	16.7	12.1	7.8	7.4	5.5		3.		3.2	2.7	1.34	
33-40	B ₂₅ IIC	13.9	12.0	7.2	6.2	5.2		4.		3.5	2.5	1.22	
		1015		<i>,.</i>	0.2	5.2			*	5.5	2.5	1.22	0.00
						RAGMENTS (Per				_			
Depth (In)	Horizo	n	3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-1.5 inches	1.5-1 inches	1-7 inch		.7550 inches	.50- inc		.25 un - 2 mm	TOTAL
0-4	Ар	}	1			1	<0.		0.2	0.	3 0	.3	<0.9
4-8	$A_2 + B_2$	1				0.2	0.2	2 1	0.1	0.	2 0	.2	0.9
8-13	B 2 2					0.5	0.1	. 1	0.1	0.	3 0	.7	1.7
13-18	B 2 3					0.1	0.3	. 1	0.2	0.	3 1	.2	1.9
18-27	824								0.3	0.0	5 1	.8	2.7
27-33	B 2 5		1				0.1	. 1	0.1	0.3	2 0	.6	1.0
33-40	IIC					0.1	<0.1	. (0.1	0.		.3	<0.7
	Horizon	Organic Carbon	.01M	pH CaCl H	0		Exchang				Acidity	-1	Base Saturation
Depth (In.)		pct.	2.1	² 1·1 ²		Ca	Mg	Na	ĸ			CEO (Sur	
0-4	Ар	8.57	5.95	6.3	25 +	23.4	5.8	0.2	3,4	i	13.2	46.	0 → 71.3
4-8	A ₂ + B ₂	1 2.46	5.85	6.4	45	6.4	2.0	<0.1	2.1		9.5	20.	
8-13	B22	1.22	5.6	6.		3.5	0.7	<0.1	2.1		8.5	14.	
13-18	B 2 3	0.35	5.4	6.	35	1.3	0.1	<0.1	1.2		5.0	7.	
18-27	B24	0.21	5.0	5.9			0.1	<0.1	0.9		4.4	6.	
27-33	B25	0.19	4.6	5.			0.1	<0.1	0.6	- 1	4.5	5.	
33-40	IIC	0.20	4.7	5.7			0.1	<0.1	1.1		4.6	6.	

ALLAGASH MAPPING UNIT

Site 5

Location: Dupram Farms, Washburn, Aroostook County, Maine.

Horizon	Depth	Description
A p	0-8"	Dark yellowish brown (lOYR 4/4) silt loam; moderate medium granular structure;friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
^A p ^{+B} 21	8-17"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) with areas of dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam; moderate fine platy structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.
^B 22	17-24"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.
^B 23	24-28"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) loam; weak medium platy structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.
IIC	28-40"	Olive brown (2.5Y 4/4) loamy sand; single grain; loose.

Depth (In.)	Horlzon	Sand (205)	Silt (.050			Very Coarse (2-1)	Cour (15 Percent of	9 I	Medium (3- 25)	Fin (25-		Very Fine (1-05)	(.050	2)	(02002)
- 8	Ap	35.55	51.	19 13.	26	1.26	4.	43 8	3.46	11.	06	10.34	26.7	5	24.44
-17	Ap+B21	32.00	56.	23 11.	77	0.48	2.	23 4	1.67	10.	97	13.65	32.0	4	24.19
7-24	B ₂₂	42.01	49.	09 8.	90	1.16	4.0	06 9	9.30	14.	33	13.16	25.5	1	23.58
-28	B 2 3	44.40	47.	17 8.	43	1.44	5.	33 13	1.13	14.	30	12.20	25.0	3	22.14
-40	ıîč	85.77	11.	32 2.	91	6.80	16.0	82 37	7.90	19.	72	4.53	5.4	0	5.92
						TER CONT	ENT (Bar	Pressures)					<u> </u>		
			1	1	1				7	· - T		ī	- В	ulk	Available
Depth	Horizon	0 059	01	0.33	0 67		.0	2.0	30		5.0	15.0		nsity	Water in./in.
(ln)		pct	pct	pct.	pct.	P	xt.	pct	pct		pcl	pct.	g	/	in./in.
- 8	1.	40.6		33.0	32.	c .	.8		17.		14.8	13.0	0.	96	0.19
.17	Ap		38.8						12.		10.0	6.1			0.21
-24	Ap+B ₂₁	31.7	29.5		20.	- 1	2.1		12.		8.9	6.6			0.20
-24	B 2 2	30.0	29.0	1	21.	- 1 -	0.3								0.24
	B 2 3	27.5	26.5	1	21.		.2		10.		8.3	6.1 2.8			0.08
-40	IIC	12.3	11.4	9.2	8.	6 8	3.3		4.	5	4.0	2.8	1.	24	0.08
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			COARSE	FRAGMEN	TS (Perce	ent by Volum	e)			I			
Depth (In)	Honz	on	3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-1.5 inches		1 5-1 nches	175 inches		.7550 Inches	.50- inc		.25 in 2 mm.		TOTAL
- 8	Ap						0.4	0.1		0.4	0.7	0	.5		2.1
17	Ap+B,1				0.3			0.2		0.3	0.3		.2		1.3
-24	B ₂₂			0.8			0.4	0.2		0.2	0.7		. 8		3.1
-28	8 2 2									0.1	0.6		.7		1.4
3-40	B ² 3 IIC				0.2		0.5	0.6		1.8	4.5		. 8	1.	4.4
	!	Orga	nic	рН				Exchangea	ble		<u> </u>				Base
Depth (ln.)	Horizon	Carb	on .0	M CaCl H	0			Bases			(Acidity	1 .	EC	Saturatio (Sum)
(ln.)		pci		2 1 ² 1.1		Ca		Mg	Na	ĸ			(5	1m)	pct
-					←				me	q /100 g.	<u> </u>		- <u> </u>		→
- 8	Ap	2.	86 4	.8 5	.4	5.0	2	0.2	<0.1	ο.	3	17.4	23.	0	24.3
-17	Ap+B ₂₁	0.	92 4	1.8 5	.7	1.0	5	<0.1	<0.1	ο.	1	11.6	13.	5	14.1
7-24	B,,	0.	51	1.9 5	. 8	1.	5	<0.1	<0.1	ο.	1	9.6	11.	4	15.8
4-28	B 2 3	0.			.7	1.	7	<0.1	<0.1	ο.	1	8.5	10.	5	19.0
8-40		0.			.65	1.		<0.1	<0.1	ο.	7	5.3	7.	n	24.3

HERMON MAPPING UNIT

Site l

Location:	Route	182 T ₁₀ SD	Hancock	County,	Maine •
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Horizon	Depth	Description
°ı	3-1"	Beech leaves and pine needles.
02	1-0"	Black (10YR 2/1) organic matter.
A ₂	0-3"	Gray (10YR 5/1) sandy loam; weak fine and very fine granular structure; very friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 21 ^h	3-4"	Dark reddish brown (SYR 3/4) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
B ₂₂ ir	4-11"	Yellowish red (5YR 4/6) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; clear wavy boundary.
^B 23	11-20"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; clear wavy boundary.
^B 3	20-24"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; friable; clear wavy boundary.
c ₁	24-30"	Grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) gravelly loamy coarse sand; single grain; firm in place, loose when removed. Some pebbles have a coating of fine sand.
c ³	30-40"	Like horizon above.

Depth (ln)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Sitt (05- 002)	Clay (< 002)	Ve Coar (2-	rse Coar	5) (ledium 5- 25)	Fine (25-1)	Very Fine (1-05		05- 02)	(02002)
- 3	2	63.18	33.00	3.82	10.4	1 12.	65 1	2.86	16.23	11.0		.75	15.25
-11	$\begin{array}{c} A\\ B_{21}^2 + B_{22}\\ B_{23} \end{array}$	62.74	31.89	5.37	15.4	5 13.		1.80	13.13	8.5		.16	14.73
1-20		57.79	38.26	3.95	13.5	3 12.		2.21	12.25	7.5		. 25	17.01
	$B_2 3$ B_3	66.45	30.20	3.35	15.3	, 15.0		3.67	14.15	8.1		.64	14.56
0-24	B 3	73.92	23.66	2.42	15.7	c 11.0		6.47	15.75	8.3	30 13	.00	10.66
4-30		73.81	22.94	3.25	21.2		93 1	3.97	13.31	7.3	36 12	.63	10.31
0-40	C ₂	/3.01	22.34	5.25								-	
			r i		WATER	CONTENT (Bur	Pressures)					Bulk	Available
Depth	Horizon	0.059	01	0 13	0 67	10	20	3.0	5.0	15		Density	Water
(In)		p.t	pct	pci -	pct	pct	pet	pct	pct.	pc	l	g./cc.	in /in.
9 - 3	A ₂	29.4	27.1	19.4	18.0	17.5		10.0	9.0	7.5	5 0.	95	0.11
3-11		45.5	39.5	30.0	29.8	29.2		14.0	12.1	10.		74	0.14
11-20	B ₂₁ +B ₂₂	31.3	28.4	19.1	17.8	16.9		9.1	7.5	5.0		09	0.15
20-24	B ₂₃	51.5	20.4	19.1	17.0	10.9		4.7	4.2	2.4		0.5	0.15
24-30	B ₃							3.2	2.4	1.6			
24-30 30-40								2.4	2.4	1.0			
50-40	C ₂							2.4	2.5	1			
			3+ 1	3-2	COARSE FR.	AGMENTS (Perc)	6 0 1	5025	.25 in -		
Depth (In.)	Horizo		inches	inches	2-1.5 inches	1 5-1 inches	1-75 inches	.75- inch		inches	2 mm.		TOTAL
7 - 3	A ₂				2.7	1.9	1.3	1.	2 2	.0	4.1	13.	. 2
3-11	B ₂₁ +B ₂	1.3	2.3	2.4	1.3	3.1	2.5	2.		.5	6.4	25.	3
1-20	B	2		1.4	2.1	2.6	2.7	4.		. 6	8.0	50.	
20-24	B ²³		S	1.4	2.6	2.5	1.9	1.	-	.4	5.5	37.	
24-30	C 3		7.3	3.1	1.0	3.9	2.4	4.		.4	9.2	46.	
30-40	$\begin{bmatrix} B & 2 & 3 \\ B & 3 \\ C & 1 \\ C & 2 \end{bmatrix}$			4.9	3.9	3.8	2.9	3.		.9	10.1	41.	
40	2			4.5	5.5	5.0	2.5	5.			10.11	1	-
<u></u>	_						Exchangeab				1		
Depth (ln)	Horizon	Organic Carbon		PH CaCl H C			Bases			Aci	dity	CEC	Base
(ln)		pct.	2.1			Ca	Mg	Na	к			(Sum)	(Sum) pct.
0-3	2	2		76 4 -			-	meq /1	100 g	1	1		
3-11	A_2 $B^2 + B_2$	2.69					.1	< 0.1	0.4	9.1		1.6	21.6
11-20		2.41		E-contraction of the second			.1	< 0.1	0.1	18.1	1	9.1	5.2
20-24	P 2 3	0.66					.1	< 0.1	<0.1	7.9		8.4	6.0
24-30	B ₃	0.26					.1	< 0.1	<0.1	4.6		5.0	8.0
24-30 30-40		0.17					.1	< 0.1		2.8		3.2	12.5
30-40	C ₂	0.10) 5.	3 5.6	5 <0.	1 10	.1	< 0.1		2.2		2.6	15.4

HERMON MAPPING UNIT

Site 2

Horizon	Depth	Description
°2	1-0"	Black (10YR 2/1) organic matter.
^A 2	0-2"	Gray (10YR 6/1) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak thin platy structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
B ₂₁ h	2-2.5"	Yellowish red (5YR 4/6) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt broken boundary.
B ₂₂ ir	2.5-9"	Strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; clear wavy boundary.
^B 23	9-13"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; clear smooth boundary.
^B 3	13-23"	Light olive brown (2.5¥ 5/4) gravelly coarse sandy loam; single grain; loose; clear smooth boundary.
с	23-40"	Olive (5Y 5/3) gravelly loamy coarse sand; single grain; loose. Caps of sand or silt on the tops of the stones.

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WAY, CHARTENESS, W. M. MANNESS STAR CONSTRUCTION OF A CONSTRUCTION

			TOT	AL					JANN			+		
Depth (In)	Horizon	Sand (2- 05			Clay (002)	Very Coarse (2-1)	Coa (1 Percent of	5)	Medium (5- 25)	Fine (251)	Ve Fii (1-)	ne	(.0502)	(.02002)
-2	A	61.4	7 33.	30 5	. 23	13.38	13.		12.07	13.51	8.55	5	17.89	15.41
-9	$B_{21}^2 + B_{22}$	61.9			. 57	13.27	15.		12.62	12.73	8.01		17.18	16.32
-13	B ₂₃	62.0.	2 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		.13	14.81	14.	02	13.31	12.66	7.21	L	16.98	15.88
3-23	B ₃	68.2			. 5 5	18.09	16.	24	13.27	13.11	7.58	3	15.86	12.30
3-40	C	76.0			. 39	25.61	19.		13.91	11.15	5.41	1	8.45	13.14
						WATER CO	NTENT (Bar	Pressures)					T	
Depth (ln.)	Horizon	0 059 pct.	0.1 p.1	0 33 pct.		67 ct.	10 pct.	2.0 pct.	3.0 pct.	5. pc		15 0 pct.	Buik Densii g /cc	ty Water
)-2		33.1	29.9	21.7	1.0	.8 1	8.1		10.	2 8.	5 7.	9	0.85	0.12
2-9	A	44.0	39.2	30.2		5 2001000 D22	8.2		16.				0.74	0.14
-13		31.5	27.7	19.3	1 101740		7.3		10.				1.02	0.14
3-23	B23	20.4	18.0	19.3	_	0.0	8.7		4.				1.25	0.12
23-40	B ₃ C	20.4	18.0	11.7			8.7		3.				1.25	0.12
	<u> </u>				COA	RSE FRAGE	ENTS (Perc	ent by Volu	ume)					
Depth	Horizo	on	3+	3-2	2.	1.5	1 5-1	17	5	.7550	.5025		5 in	
(In)			inches	inches	ind	hes	inches	inch	e8	inches	inches	2	mm.	TOTAL
) - 2			12.6	2.4	1.0	. 1	2.8	0.7		0.8	1.6	3.2		25.1
2-9	A $B^2 + B_2$		23.4	2.2				0.4			2.7	5.1		37.9
9-13	21 4	2	12.8	2.2	1.6		1.3 2.3	1.8			7.3	9.8		41.7
3-23			12.0	0.8	TE 249		1.4	2.0		2	1.0	16.3		36.1
23-23	$\begin{bmatrix} B \\ C \end{bmatrix}^3$			0.8	0.2		0.9	1.5			8.9	11.5		26.8
23-40					0.1		0.9	1.5		3.8	8.9	11.5		20.0
			ganic	pH		l_		Exchang				I		Base
Depth	Horizon	Ca	rbon	DIM CACI	HO			Bas	es	-	A	cidity	CEC	Saturatio (Sum)
(ln.)		_	pct.	21	1.12		Ca	Mg	Na	K			(Sum)	pct.
				accounts		•				eq./100 g				
					. 3	1.2		.1	0.1	0.1	13.		14.9	10.1
0-2	A ₂			9 5	. 2	0.5	<0	.1	0.1	0.1	17.		18.6	4.3
2-9	$A = B_{21}^2 + B_{22}$	2.												
2 - 9 9 - 1 3	B 2 1 2 2		97 5.	25 5	. 35	0.5		.1	0.1	<0.1	9.		10.6	7.5
2-9	$ \begin{array}{c} $	0.		25 5 4 5	.35 .75 .8	0.5	<0	.1	0.1 <0.1 <0.1	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1	9. 3. 2.	8	10.6 4.3 3.1	11.6

HERMON MAPPING UNIT

Site 3

Location:	Dark Cove,	Sysladobsis	Lake,	T_ND,	Washington
	County, Ma	ine.		5	

Horizon	Depth	Description
01	3-1"	Leaves, wood, litter.
⁰ 2	1-0"	Dark reddish brown (2.5YR $3/4$) organic matter.
^A 2	0-5"	Light gray (10YR 7/2) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
B ₂₁ h	5-15"	Strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; clear wavy boundary.
B ₂₂	15-20"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly coarse sandy loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; clear wavy boundary.
^B 3	20-25"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) loamy coarse sand; weak fine granular structure; friable; clear wavy boundary.
С	25-40"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) gravelly loamy coarse sand; single grain; loose.

Depth (In)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Silt (05- 00)	2) [- 00	c	(2-1) (1	arse - 5) of < 2mm.	. Medium (5- 25)	Fine (25- 1)	Ver Fin (1-0	e	(05-02)	(02- 002)
0-5	A 2	60.39	36.78		11.2	20 14	.62	12.47	13.63	8.4	17 18	. 52	18.26
5-15	B 2 1	51.60	41.65			16 12	.17	10.88	10.42	6.6	7 20	.09	21.56
15-20	$ \begin{array}{c} B^2 \\ B^2 \\ B^2 \\ C^3 \end{array} $	68.83	28.18	2.99				15.01	14.16	7.8		.67	14.51
20-25	B 3	71.00	26.56	2.44			.06	16.09	15.67	8.4	18 12	.60	13.96
25-40	C	73.25	23.68	3.07	14.2	20 18	.18	16.83	15.73	8.3	1 12	.51	11.17
	l	1			WAT	ER CONTENT (B)	r Pressures)						l
Depth (In.)	Horizon	0 059 pct	0 1 pct	0.33 pct.	0.67 pc1	10 pct.	2 0 pct.	3.0 pct.	5.0 pct		5 0 kct.	Bulk Density g /cc.	Available Water in /in
0 – 5 5 – 1 5	A B ²	31.1	28.5	20.4	17.6	16.1		7.		10		1.07	0.16
5-15 15-20	B ² 1	45.1	41.0	31.4	31.0	30.7		15.				0.85	0.17
20-25	B ²²	17.0	14.8	10.0	9.7	9.4		6.				1.33	0.08
25-40	C ³	15.5	13.8	9.3	8.6	7.8		4.				1.29	0.08
		10.0	15.3	10.4	9.2	8.8		3.	3 2.		.6	1.42	0.12
			1			RAGMENTS (Pe							
Depth (In)	Hor	ion	3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-1.5 inches	1.5-1 inches	17 inch		.7550 inches	.5025 inches	25 in - 2 mm.		TOTAL
0-5	A		7.3	2.8	0.9	1.8	0.	8 1	.0	2.0	6.0	22	2.6
5-15	B ²		1	3.8	0.4	2.0	0.			2.7	5.9		5.8
15-20	B_{22}^{B}			2.9		2.5	1.			4.2	9.7		. 6
20-25	B ² ₃ C			0.8	0.7	1.0	1.	0 1.	. 4	3.1	9.1	17	.1
25-40	C		3.4	1.1	1.3	1.5	1.	6 1.	. 8	4.4	12.5	27	.6
	1	Organi	:	рН		1	Exchang						Base
Depth (ln.)	Horizon	Carbon pct.	.011	M CaCl H 1 1·1	°	Ća	Mg	Na	K		idity	CEC (Sum)	Saturation (Sum) pct.
0-5	۵	1.75	3.	2 2	< 1	0.1	<0.1						-
5-15	A B ²	2.69	4.				<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	11		11.6	3.4
15-20	21	0.49	4.				<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	25		25.8	2.3
20-25	B	0.49	4.		2004		<0.1	<0.1	≪0.1		.2	9.6	4.2
25-40	C^3	0.48	4.5.			<0.1	∞.1	<0.1	<0.1		.6	6.0	6.7
		0.10	3.	1 5.	0	<0.1	≪0.1	∞.1	<0.1	2	.7	3.1	12.9

HERMON MAPPING UNIT

Site 4

Location: Route 1, Orland, Hancock County, Maine.

Horizon	Depth	Description
° ₁	2-1"	Beech, maple and white birch leaves.
0 2	1-0"	Very dark brown(10YR 2/2)organic matter.
A ₂	0-3"	Gray(10YR 6/1)fine sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 21	3-4"	Dark reddish brown (5YR 3/3) gravelly fine sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 22	4-7"	Yellowish red (5YR 5/6) gravelly fine sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; clear wavy boundary.
^B 23	7-24"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) gravelly sandy loam; weak fine and very fine granular structure; very friable; clear wavy boundary.
С	24-40"	Grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) gravelly loamy sand; single grain; loose.

			TOT	u		59 9		SAND			1	s	ILT
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Silt (030				Coame (1-5) ent of < 2mm.	Medium (.5- 25)	Fine (.251)) (Very Fine 105)	(.0502)	(02002)
- 3 - 7 - 2 4 4 - 40	A ₂ B ₂₁ +B ₂₂ B ₂₃ C	51.63 53.93 57.60 73.45	43.22	2.86	9 9	.64 .13 1	9.33 9.33 0.52 3.40	9.06 9.46 11.09 14.51	13.2 13.2 15.0 21.4	8 12 7 11	. 2 2 . 7 9	26.12 27.50 25.58 17.42	18.90 15.7 14.5 7.6
						ATER CONTENT	(Bar Pressures)	<u>_,</u>					
Depth (In)	Horizon	0.059 pct.	0.1 pct.	0.33 pct.	0.67 pct.	1.0 pct.	2.0 pct.	3 pc		50 kct	15.0 pct.	Bulk Density g /cc	Available Water in./in.
- 3 - 7 - 2 4 4 - 40	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{A}_{2} \\ \mathbf{B}_{21} + \mathbf{B}_{22} \\ \mathbf{B}_{23} \\ \mathbf{C} \end{array}$	58.2 91.6 61.4	47.2 68.2 50.0	34.1 50.8 34.4	48	.4 31. .8 46. .1 27.	9	11 18 10 2	.7 17 .2 8	.7 1	8.0 4.7 6.8 1.6	0.78 0.64 0.87	0.20
Depth (In)	Horiza		3+ inches	3-2 inches	COARS 2-1 5 inches	E FRAGMENTS	1-	olume) 75 thes	.7550 inches			ia-	TOTAL
- 3 - 7 - 24 24 - 40	A 2 B 2 1 + B B 2 3 C	2 2	15.4 11.8 8.2	2.7 4.9 3.0	1.3 1.4 1.6	0.5 1.6 2.8	02	.2 .2 .2 .1	0.6 2.3 1.6 3.0	1.2 3.8 2.7 5.1	2. 4. 3. 9.	2 . 8 3. 9 30	4.7 4.1 0.3 5.2
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Orga Carb pc	on .0	pH IM CaCl H 2 1 1:1		Ča		ngcable ascs Na	ĸ		Acidity	CEC (Sum)	Base Saturatio (Sum) pct
0 - 3 3 - 7 7 - 2 4 2 4 - 40	A 2 B 2 1 + B 2 B 2 3 C	4.0 2 3.9 1.1 0.3	6 4. 6 5.	6 4.	95 6	1.2 0.2 0.1 <0.1	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1	<0.1 <0.1	11	.9	13.6 28.4 12.3 2.4	→ 11.0 1.8 3.2 16.7

(a) A set of a set There are served as

HERMON MAPPING UNIT

Site 5

Location:	8.5 miles we County, Main	st of Grand Lake Stream, Washington e.
Horizon	Depth	Description
°2	3-0"	Black (10YR 2/1) organic matter.
^A 2	0-3"	Pinkish gray (5YR 6/2) fine sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
B ₂₁ h	3-8"	Yellowish red (5YR 4/6) loam; weak fine granular structure; very friable; clear wavy boundary.
B ₂₂ ir	8-12"	Strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) gravelly sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable clear wavy boundary.
B 3	12-18"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/4) gravelly sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; very friable clear wavy boundary.
с	18-40"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) gravelly loamy coarse sand; single grain; loose. Caps of sand or silt on the tops of the stones.

|--|

	1	1	TO	AL		<u>ot P</u>			SAND					SILT
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Sand (20)				Vety Coarse (2-1)	Coar (1: Percent of	.5)	Medium (.525)	Fir (25-		Very Fine (1- 05)	(.0502)	(.0200
3	A ₂	55.31	41.	2 3.5	7	7.26	10	. 48	12.07	15.	27	10.23	21.01	21.11
8	R	48.33	42			7.99			10.16	12.		7.66	19.18	23.54
12	B_{22}^{21}	51.60	42.0	6.3	7	9.19			11.04	12.		7.77	18.58	23.45
-18	B ₃ ²²	52.49	41.1	9 6.3	2	9.68	11	.32	11.47	12.	79	7.23	15.68	25.51
-40	c	74.55	22.	3.2	4	13.79	17	. 34	17.36	18.	33	7.73	9.30	12.91
	w	1				WATER CON	TENT (Bar	Preasures)						<u> </u>
Depth	Horizon	0.059	01	0.33	0.0		1.0	2.0	3.0		5.0	15.0	Bul	
(In.)	1101208	pct.	pct.	pct.			pct.	pct.	pct.		pct.	pct	B./0	
3	A	43.6	38.6	30.5	27.	6 2	6.4	<u> </u>	9.	4	7.5	5.5	0.91	0.23
}	B ²	82.1	66.4	53.1	52.		1.7		18.		5.8	12.6	0.72	0.29
2	B ² 1	53.8	44.4	32.4	29.	9 2	9.2		12.		0.4	8.2	0.96	0.23
18	B ² 2 B ³ 3	37.0	31.4	22.9	20		9.5		7.		6.5	4.4	1.12	0.21
40	c°		ļ						4.		2.5	1.9		
												<u> </u>		
Depth	Hor		3+	3-2	COA1 2-	RSE FRAGMI	ENTS (Perc 1.5-1	ent by Volum	ne)	.7550	50	25	.25 in	
(In.)	101		inches	inches	unci		inches	inches		inches		ches	2 mm.	TOTAL
3	A.		5.0	5.1	1.	1 0	. 8	0.2	0	. 3	0.	8	2.0	15.3
9	$\begin{bmatrix} A \\ B \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$			0.9	0.		.1	1.1		.7	1		3.3	8.6
12	B			3.2	1.		. 4	1.7		.7	2	-	8.0	19.8
-18	B_{3}^{22}		3.6	0.6	4		.5	1.1		.9	3.		6.1	23.4
-40	c°		5.6	3.8	2.		. 3	2.4		.1	4.		1.7	38.6
Devib	Horizon		ganic Irbon	pH 01M CaCl H	0	I		Exchanges Bases				Acidity		Bas Satura
Depth (In.)	101200	~	pct.	01M CaCl H 2:1 1	2	с	2	Mg	Na	к		, , , craity	CE0 (Sun	C (Sur
						¢			m	eq./100 g.				
3	A	1.9	0 3.6	5 4.4	45	1.6	<	<0.1	<0.1	0.1		10.1	12.0) 15.
8	A B ²	2.5	9 4.6	5 5.0	,	0.6		<0.1	<0.1	0.1		22.8	23.7	
12	B^{21}	1.2	0 5.0			0.2		<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		13.5	14.0	
-18	$B^2 2$ $B^2 3$ C^3	0.6	4 5.1	5.	4	0.2		<0.1	<0.1	<0.1		7.5	8.0	
-40	1 _ 3	0.1	6 5.2			0.1		<0.1	<0.1			1.5	1 0.0	

HOWLAND MAPPING UNIT

Site l

Location: Lake View, Piscataquis County, Maine

Horizon	Depth	Description
02	2-0"	Loose leaves and twigs.
Aı	0-2"	Very dark gray (10YR 3/1) silt loam; moderate medium granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
B ₂₁ +A ₂	2-3"	Dusky red (2.5YR 3/2) with pockets of A_2 gray (10YR 6/1) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
B ₂₂	3-7"	Dark reddish brown (5YR 3/4) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
B _{2 3}	7-15"	Dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) fine sandy loam with common medium distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) and grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) mottles; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
C ¹ x	15-26"	Grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) gravelly fine sandy loam with common medium distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) mottles; strong coarse platy structure; very firm; diffuse wavy boundary.
C ₂ ×	26-40"	Olive gray (5Y 5/2) gravelly fine sandy loam with common medium distinct yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) mottles; massive; very firm.

	1		TOTAL	L	1			SAND					SILT
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Silt (.05002	Clay (<.003		nae Co: 1) (1-		Medium (.525)	Fine (.251)		Very Fine (.1- 05)	(.0502)	(.02002)
-2	A	44.58	50.82	4.60	3.4			66	14.94	1	3.15	30.22	20.60
.7	$B_{21}^{1} + B_{21}$	43.62	52.28	4.10	3.3		17 7	33	14.25		3.48	26.55	25.73
-15	$\begin{array}{c} B_{21}^{1} + B \\ B \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 2 2 \end{array}$	51.31	45.58	3.11	5.9			. 17	15.34		3.12	26.87	18.71
-15 5-26	\tilde{c}^2	55.24	42.81	1.95	6.6	-		.01	16.14		3.72	25.74	17.07
		56.52	41.45	2.03	9.7	- 1		. 87	14.91		4.34	26.15	15.30
-40	$C_2^1 x$	50.52	41.45	2.03	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						4.54	20.15	15.50
	!				WATER	CONTENT (Ba	Pressures)				··	·	<u> </u>
Depth	Horizon	0 059	0.1	0.33	0.67	1.0	2.0	3.0	5	.0	15.0	Bull	ty Water
(In.)		pct.	pct.	pct.	pct.	pct.	pct.	pct.		ct	pct	g./c	
- 2	A ₁	238.3	184.5	158.5	147.2	132.8		33.3		?.2	21.0	0.26	0.36
		75.7	59.7	45.0	41.5	37.8		12.6	5 11	1.2	9.9	0.73	0.26
-15	$ \begin{array}{c} B^{21} \\ B^{21} \\ C^{23} \\ C^{23} \\ C^{1} \\ x \\ C^{1} \\ x \end{array} $	62.9	54.2	45.7	42.1	39.4		9.3	3 7	7.9	7.2	0.90	0.35
	2 3	23.4	21.2	16.3	13.0	11.3		2.8	3] 3	2.6	1.6	1.59	0.23
5-40		20.0	18.1	12.0	8.8	7.7	1	1.8	3 3	1.6	0.7	1.74	0.20
	2							4					
	<u> </u>					AGMENTS (Per						<u> </u>	
Depth (In.)	Horizo	on .	3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-1.5 inches	1.5-1 inches	175 inches		7550 inches	.502 inche		25 in 2 mm.	TOTAL
- 2	A,		7.9	1		1.2	0.4	0	.3	0.4	0.	4	10.6
-7	B21+B				0.5	0.8	0.5	0	.7	1.1	1.	7	5.3
-15	B23	22	1.3		1.2	1.9	0.9	0	.9	1.5	2.	6	10.3
5-26			3.7	0.7	2.6	2.4	1.8		.7	2.9	4.	7	20.5
6-40	C ₂ x		0.0	4.0	1.6	2.1	2.3	1		3.0	5.		30.0
	C2A				1.0					5.0		-	50.0
		Organ	lc	pH			Exchangeal	zie					Base
Depth (in.)	Horizon	. Carbo	n .012	A CaCi H	•	Ca	Bases	Na	K		Acidity	CEC	Saturatio
			2	:1 ² 1:1 ²			p18		к q./100 g			(Sum)) (Sum) pct
-	A ₁		1					me	4./100 8	1	_	1	→
- 2	B ₂₁ +B ₂	2 11.	00 4.4	4.9	2	1.6	1.2	<0.1	0.2	1	24.1	47.2	48.9
-7	В,	3.	32 4.4	5 5.0	5	2.6 <	0.1	≪0.1	0.1		21.1	24.0	12.1
-15	Cix	2.	16 4.6	5.2	5 0	.7 <	0.1	∞.1	0.1		19.6	20.6	4.8
5-26	C ₂ x	0.	41 4.9	5 5.7	, 1 0),2 <	0.1	<0.1	≪0.1		6.2	6.7	7.5
6-40	2	0.	14 5.3	5 6.0	5 0).2 <	0.1		<0.1		2.6	3.1	
	}											}	
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HOWLAND MAPPING UNIT

Site 2

Location: Brownville, Piscataquis County, Maine

Horizon	Depth	Description
°2	1-0"	Loose leaves and twigs.
^A 2	0-2"	Gray (10YR 6/1) silt loam; weak thin platy structure; friable; abrupt irregular boundary.
^B 21	2-4"	Dark reddish brown (2.5YR 3/4) loam; moderate medium granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
^B 22	4-7"	Dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
^B 23	7-12"	Dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) silt loam with common medium distinct gray (5Y 5/1) and yellowish red (5YR 4/6) mottles; weak fine granular structure; abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 3	12-18"	Light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/4) fine sandy loam with common medium distinct gray (5Y 5/1), pale olive (5Y 6/3) and dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) mottles; moderate medium platy structure; firm; clear smooth boundary. Top of prisms are in this horizon.
Clx	18-30"	Pale olive (5Y 6/3) fine sandy loam with common medium faint gray (5Y 6/1) and prominent dark brown(7.5YR 4/4) mottles; coarse prismatic structure with prism interiors being strong medium platy; very firm; diffuse wavy boundary
C2x	30-40"	Pale olive (5Y 6/3) gravelly fine sandy loam with a few medium faint gray (5Y 6/1) and prom- ient dark brown (7.5YR 4/4) mottles; massive; very firm.

			TOTAL	-	T			AND				s	เป
Depih (In)	Horizon	Sand (2- 05)	Silt (.05002)	Clay (< 002)	Ver Coar (2-1	0 Co.	5) (fedium (.5- 25)	Fine (.251)		ne 05)	(.0502)	(02002)
2 18 30	A 2 B 2 1 B 2 2 B 2 2 B 2 3 B 3 C 1 X	44.52 40.60 42.61 41.93 47.99 50.55	50.11 48.19 51.41 52.89 47.47 43.42	5.37 11.21 6.98 5.18 4.54 6.03	3.10 4.3 4.10 5.5 6.2 5.1	0 5.4 2 5.1 5 5.6 3 6.2 3 7.6	13 8 8 7 50 7 7 8 10 9	.51 .82 .00 .78	15.04 13.11 13.22 12.68 14.33 15.86	12. 10.4 10.4 9.4 9.4 10.5	10 31 15 35	23.08 21.12 25.04 24.89 23.33 21.09	27.03 27.07 26.37 28.00 24.14 22.33
40	$C_2^1 x$	49.82	44.31	5.87	6.7				14.90	10.1		20.16	24.15
					WATER	CONTENT (Ba	Pressures)			- !		1	·
Depth (In.)	Horizon	0 059 pct.	0.1 pct	0 33 pct.	0 67 pc1.	1.0 pct.	20 pct.	30 pct	5.0 pci		15.0 pct	Buik Density g./cc.	Availal Wate in./u
2 -18 -30	A 2 B 2 1 B 2 2 B 2 3 B 3 C 1 x	37.7 81.0 68.0 55.0 40.8 20.3	32.4 68.1 56.5 48.3 35.2 18.1	27.6 53.3 42.2 35.2 28.8 14.0	24.8 48.6 38.4 30.0 24.4 12.3	22.2 45.2 35.1 27.1 22.1 11.3		8.6 15.7 12.9 10.5 7.0 6.1	6. 15. 12. 9. 6. 4.	3 11 1 5 5 6 7 1 8 1	5.3 .6 .1 5.6 3.8 2.8	1.09 0.74 0.84 0.93 1.14 1.54	0.24 0.31 0.28 0.26 0.28 0.28 0.17
- 40	C,x	17.4	16.6	14.6	13.0	11.5		5.4	4.	7	.9	1.69	0.21
	<u> </u>	L			COARSE FRA	GMENTS (Per	ent by Volume	<u> </u>	_!	I			
Depth (In)	Horizo		3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-1 5 inches	1.5-1 inches	1- 75 inches	.75- incl		.5025 inches		in - mm.	TOTAL
2 4 7 1 2 - 1 8 - 30 - 40	A 2 B 2 1 B 2 2 B 2 3 C 3 x C 2 x		1.4	∠.6 1.4 2.5	0.6 1.1 1.3	0.8 0.4 0.1 0.2 1.6 2.4	0.6 0.3 0.5 0.7 1.1 2.0	1. 0. 0. 1. 1. 2.	5 6 3 9	1.9 1.0 0.8 1.4 3.1 3.2 3.7	1.9 1.9 3.9 7.9 8.0 6.4	5 6 7 2 5 6 5 13 7 19	.3 .0 .1 .7 .7
											1		
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Organi Carbor pct.	.01M	pH I CaCi H O		<u> </u>	Exchangeab Bases Mg	Na Na		-	cidity	CEC (Sum)	Base Satura (Sun
2 4 7 12 -18 -30 -40	A B 2 B 2 1 B 2 2 B 2 2 B 2 2 B 2 3 C 3 X C 1 X C 2 X	2.45 3.89 2.60 2.13 1.35 0.42 0.13	2:1 3.55 3.85 4.1 4.5 4.5 4.5 5.0	4.3 4.5 4.5 5.0 5.0	>	3.0 3.0 1.0 0.5 1.2 1.2	Q.1 Q.1	<pre></pre>	K 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1	30 23 21 14	.7 .5 .8 .4 .5 .5 .1	(Sum) 15.1 33.9 25.2 22.2 16.0 9.0 5.3	→ 22. 10. 5. 3. 9. 16. 22.

HOWLAND MAPPING UNIT

Site 3

Location: Lake Onawa, Elliotsville, Piscataquis County, Maine

Horizon	Depth	Description
A 2	0-1"	Gray (10YR 6/1) fine sandy loam; weak thin platy structure; friable; abrupt broken boundary.
8 ₂₁	0-6"	Dark red (2.5YR 3/6) fine sandy loam; strong moderate granular structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 22	6-12"	Light olive brown (2.5 5/4) fine sandy loam; moderate medium granular structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
^B 23	12-19"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) fine sandy loam with many fine distinct light olive gray (5Y 6/2) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) mottles; moderate thin platy structure; firm; abrupt wavy boundary.
c _{lx}	19-27"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) fine sandy loam; with common medium distinct light olive gray (5Y 6/2) and yellowish brown (lOYR 5/8) mottles; strong medium platy structure; very firm; abrupt wavy boundary.
C _{2x}	27-40"	Olive gray (5Y 5/2) gravelly silt loam with few fine faint light gray (5Y 7/1) and olive yellow (5Y 6/8) mottles; coarse prismatic structure with prism interiors being massive; extremely firm.

1 1												
h Horizon	Sand (2- 05)	Silt (05- 002)	Clay (< .002) Ve Coa (2-	nse Co 1) (1	5) of < 2mm.	Medium (5- 25)	Fine (251)	Fi (.1-,	ne	(05- 02)	(02002)
A 2 + B 2 1	45.49	49.90	4.61	3.	83 6	. 56	8.38	14.52	12.	20	26.13	23.77
B ₂₂	47.81	48.53	3.66	6.	77 7	. 58	8.79	13.85	10.	82	24.87	23.66
B_{23}^{22}	48.63	47.11	4.26	6.	32 7	.67	8.98	14.66	11.	00	23.58	23.53
G x	53.51	44.27	3.22	5.	62 7	. 47	9.84	17.35	12.	23	21.60	22.67
C ₂ x	42.69	50.22	7.09			.74	6.97	12.87	10.	80	20.54	29.68
				WATER	CONTENT (Ba	r Pressures)			1			
					1			1	1		Bulk	Available
h Horizon	0 (059 pct	0.1 pct.	0 33 pct	0 67 pct	10 pct.	2.0 pct.	3.0 pct.	5.0 pct		15.0 pci.	Density g /cc	Water in /m
A , + B , 1	61.9	56.3	46.9	45.0	44.8		20.1	8 20.	.6 1	8.0	0.59	0.17
B22	56.2	50.7	38.9	35.8	34.6		16.	2 13.	2 1	1.3	0.74	0.20
B_{23}^{22}	37.8	35.6	28.8	25.9	25.2		10.0	2 9	0	6.7	1.09	0.24
G x	27.8	25.9	20.9	17.6	16.5		6.0			3.5	1.45	0.25
G,x	15.7	15.2	12.8	10.5	9.2		8.		3	3.9	1.72	0.15
2												ļ
					I AGMENTS (Per					!		·
pth Horizo n)	n	3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-1 5 inches	1.5-1 inches	175 inches		550 iches	.5025 inches	25 2 m		TOTAL
A , + B 2 1					0.1	0.	1 0	.3	1.0	1.	7	3.2
B22					0.4	0.	3 0.	.8	1.8	1.	7	5.0
B 2 3				0.1	0.2	0.	1 0.	.3	1.6	6.	0	8.3
c , x	1				0.4	0.	6 0.	.5	2.5	11.	0 1	5.0
$C_{2}^{1} \times$		6.2		1.1	1.0	0.			2.7	9.	5 2	2.3
		0.2	0.,									
·	Organic		рН			Exchange	able			<u>i </u>		Base
oth Horizon	Carbon pct.		СаСі Н,С	·	Ca	Base	Na	ĸ	- ^	cidity	CEC	Saturation (Sum)
		2:1	1:1					./100 g	<u> </u>		(Sum)	→ pct
A 2 + B 2 1	5.2				4.1	0.2	<0.1	0.2		. 5	34.1	13.5
B 2 2	2.59					<0.1	<0.1	0.1	-	.4	22.6	5.3
B 2 3	1.34		0 5.5	55	0.6	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	13	.1	14.0	6.4
Cix	0.5	1 5.	0 5.6	5	0.5	<0.1	<0.1	0.1	6	.5	7.3	11.0
	0 1	5 5.	1 6.1	1	2.0	0.1	<0.1	0.2	2	. 5	4.9	49.0
$ \begin{array}{cccc} B & 2 & 2 & 1 \\ B & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ B & 2 & 3 & 2 \\ C & 1 & X & 2 \\ C & 2 & X & 2 \\ \end{array} $		0.54	0.54 5.	0.54 5.0 5.6	0.54 5.0 5.6	0.54 5.0 5.6 0.5	0.54 5.0 5.6 0.5 <0.1	0.54 5.0 5.6 0.5 <0.1 <0.1	0.54 5.0 5.6 0.5 <0.1 <0.1 0.1	0.54 5.0 5.6 0.5 <0.1 <0.1 0.1 6	0.54 5.0 5.6 0.5 <0.1 <0.1 0.1 6.5	0.54 5.0 5.6 0.5 <0.1 <0.1 0.1 6.5 7.3

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HOWLAND MAPPING UNIT

Site 4

Location: Brighton, Piscataquis County, Maine

Horizon	Depth	Description
A l	0-3"	Very dark brown (10YR 2/2) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt irregular boundary.
A 2	3-6"	Light gray (10YR 6/1) silt loam; weak thin platy structure; friable; abrupt irregular boundary.
^B 21	6-10"	Dark reddish brown (2.5YR 2/4) silt loam; moderate medium granular structure; friable; abrupt smooth boundary.
B ₂₂	10-16"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) silt loam; weak fine granular structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
B ₂₃	16-26"	Light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) silt loam with common fine and medium faint and distinct light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) and dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4) mottles; strong thin platy structure; firm; abrupt smooth boundary.
Clx	26-33"	Light olive gray (5Y 6/2) silt loam with common medium faint gray (5Y 6/1) and light gray(5Y 7/2) mottles; strong medium platy structure; very firm; abrupt smooth boundary.
c _{2x}	33-40"	Light olive gray(5Y 6/2) silt loam with many medium faint gray(5Y 6/1) mottles; coarse prismatic structure with prism interiors being massive; very firm.

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			TOTAL					SAND				\$1	LT
Depth (In)	Horizon	Sand (2- 05)	Silt (05- 002)	Clay (< 002)	Ver Coar (2-1	sc Co) (1	arse - 5) of < 2mm	Medium (5-25)		Fine (5-1)	Very Fine (1-05)	(05- 02)	(UZ- 00)
0-3	A	33.76	58.21	8.03	3.7	76 2	.96	3.96		.63	13.45	34.42	23.7
3-6	A ₂	31.95	62.39	5.66	1.6		.54	3.60		.91	14.08	35.41	26.9
6-10	B ₂₁	36.03	56.49	7.48	3.4		.66	5.67		.84	12.44	32.52	23.9
10-16	021	35.01	60.61	4.38	3.4		.61	4.23		.53	13.21	33.71	26.9
16-26	B22	39.21											26.4
26-33	B ₂₃		58.72	2.07	3.7		.34	4.99		.82	14.30	32.26	
		38.16	60.54	1.30	4.4		.59	4.52		.99	13.57	31.77	28.7
33-40	C₂x _	38.08	60.56	1.36	4.6		.26	4.46	11	.00	13.74	31.31	29.2
	}	·· -· ·			WATER	CONTENT (Ba	r Pressures)	1			1	Bulk	Availa
Depth (In)	Horizon	0.059 P ^{rr}	01 [51	0 33 pct	0.67 pct.	10 pct.	20 pci.		30 p.t	5.0 pct.	15.0 Pct.	Density g /cc.	Wate in /i
0-3	A	130.3	120.1	98.8	93.6	91.2			31.1	28.9	24.1	0.46	0.34
3-6	A ₂	76.0	70.3	61.1	56.8	54.6			10.5	10.1	7.1	0.86	0.46
6-10	B21	128.9	118.6	102.2	99.1	97.7			24.6	23.2	18.2	0.48	0.40
10-16	B22	80.2	75.4	65.0	61.8	60.8			14.7	13.6	10.2	0.72	0.39
16-26	B ₂₃		37.4	33.3	29.4	27.8	1		6.1	5.0	3.7	1.15	0.34
26-33	C ₁ x	38.5	25.1	21.7	17.9	16.2			3.7	3.3	1.7	1.50	0.30
33-40	C ₂ x	26.0	19.7	17.8	14.4	12.2			3.1	2.7	1.2	1.75	0.29
	<u> </u>	<u>اا</u>				GMENTS (Per					·	<u> </u>	
Depth (In)	Horiz		3+ nches	3-2 inches	2-1 5 inches	1 5-1 inches		.75 ibes	.7550 inches	50- inc)		ທ mm.	TOTAL
0-3	A1			2.9		0.4	0.	.1	0.2	0.3	2 0	.1	3.9
3-6	A ₂	1 6	5.4	1	2.3	1.8	0.	.6	0.8	0.8	8 0	.6	13.3
6-10	B ₂₁			5.3	1.6	1.0	0.	.7	0.6	0.9	9 1	.9	12.0
10-16	B 2 2			1.2	1.3	1.3	0.		0.5	1.0		.0	8.6
16-26	B23	4	1.4		0.3	0.5	0.		0.4	1.1		.4	12.3
26-33	C ₁ x				0.6	0.9	Ő.		0.9	1.0		.9	8.6
33-40	C ₂ x		2.7	0.5	010	0.5	i õ.		0.6	1.8		.i	10.6
	-2.							·	0.0				1010
Depth	Horizon	Organic Carbon	.01M C	pH CaCi HO				ngeable		·	Acidity		Bas Saturi
Depih (In.)		pct	2.1	CaCi HO		Ca	Mg	Na	K			CEC (Sum)	ISu. pc
0-3	Aı	16.22	3.65	4.1	3.4		0.4	<0.1	. meq /100 g 0.4	1	38.0	42.3	10
3-6	A 2	3.50	3.85	4.2	0.5		0.1	<0.1	0.1		20.1	20.9	3
6-10	B 2 1	5.90	4.2	4.65	0.3	<	0.1	<0.1	0.1		42.5	43.1	1
10-16	B 2 2	3.06	4.4	4.75	0.2	<	0.1	<0.1	<0.1		27.8	28.3	1
16-26	B 2 3	0.87	4.75	5.05	<0.1		0.1	<0.1	<0.1		8.1	8.5	4
26-33	C ₁ x	0.38	4.9	5.35	0.1		0.1	<0.1	<0.1		4.4	4.8	8
33-40	C2X	0.24	5.0	5.4	<0.1		D.1	<0.1	<0.1		2.9	3.3	12
	1 0-0	0.64	1 0.0	2.4	1.0.1	~	0 · L	~U.I	~U.I	J	4.7	1 2.2	1 12

HOWLAND MAPPING UNIT

Site 5

Location: West of Ship Pond Stream, Willimantic, Piscataquis County, Maine.

Horizon	Depth	Description
01	2-0"	Loose leaves.
B ₂₁	0-3"	Dark red (2.5YR 3/6) fine sandy loam; moderate medium granular structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
B ₂₂	3-11"	Yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) silt loam; moderate medium granular structure; friable; abrupt irregular boundary.
^B 23	11-19"	Olive (5Y 5/4) silt loam with common medium faint light gray (5Y 7/2) and olive yellow (5Y 6/8) mottles; weak medium granular structure; friable; abrupt wavy boundary.
C ₁ ×	19-30"	Olive gray (5Y 4/2) gravelly fine sandy loam common medium faint light gray (5Y 7/2) and olive yellow (5Y6/8) mottles; strong medium platy structure; very firm; abrupt wavy boundary. Silt caps on top of stones.
°2 x	30-40"	Olive gray (5Y 4/2) gravelly loam with few fine faint light gray (5Y 7/2) and olive yellow (5Y 6/8) mottles; extremely firm; massive.

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Depth (In.)	Horizon	Sand (205)	Silt (0500		lay 002)	Very Coarse (2-1)	e Co (1	arse - 5) of < 2mm.		dium - 25)	Fin (25-		Very Fine (1- 05)		(.0502)	(.02002)
0-3	B 2 1	49.73	45.	93 4.3	4	8.45	9	16	9	72	13.	87	8.53		19.23	26.70
3-11	B 2 2	41.24				10.38				62		90	5.52		16.67	35.54
11-19	B 2 3	41.76				11.67				38		39	5.45		14.93	35.91
19-30		45.47				10.23				88	10.		8.06		19.05	28.90
30-40	$C_2^1 x$	46.49			273 I	9.08				30	11.		8.74		18.89	26.70
	- 2 -				-	5.00			0.	50		13	0.74		,	20.70
						WATER C	ONTENT (Ba	r Pressures	s)					1	1	
				1		1		1	1						Bulk	
Depth (In)	Horizon	0.059 pct	0 1 pct	0.33 pct.		0 67 pct.	1.0 pct.	2 0 pct		3.0 pct		5.0 pct.	15 (pct		Densii g /cc	
(111)		per	1	pet.			per.	per		per		pc1.	per		6700	
0-3	B ₂₁	92.8	79.9	64.6	61	1.6	59.9	1		23.9	2	3.4	20.	2	0.44	0.20
3-11	B 2 2 B 2 2	79.7	68.2	54.7		0.0	48.0			14.7		3.4	10.		0.64	0.28
11-19	B ²²	59.0	55.0	45.2			37.7			13.7		1.9	9.		0.81	0.29
19-30	$B^{2} C^{2}_{1} X$	20.9	20.4	19.6			14.5	ļ.		6.5		5.0	3.			0.29
30-40		16.1	15.5	13.9			11.4								1.31	
	C 2 *	10.1	15.5	15.5			11.4			6.6		5.0	3.	0	1.52	0.16
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1		CO/	ARSE FRAG	GMENTS (Per	cent by V	/olume)							
Depth (In.)	Horizo	on	3+ inches	3-2 inches		ches	[5-1 inches		r75 hches	.75- inc			25 thes	.25 2 r	ia - mm	TOTAL
0-3	B					3.0	4.8	5	. 2	4.7		5.3	2	3.4	1	26.3
3-11	B ²¹					1.0	2.0		.7	2.5		4.0	1	6.8		8.6
11-19	B 2 2 B 2 3			0.7		0.4	1.3		.7	2.4		4.		8.1		9.3
19-30	$C_1^2 X$	1	6.1	2.5		3.1	1.7		. 8	2.4		5.		11.4		34.3
30-40	Cx		2.0	2.1		0.6	1.4		. 2	1.8		5.4		11.0		25.5
	$C_{2}^{1}x$		2.0	2.1			1.4	1	. 2	1.0		5.4	· .	11.0	· 1	
	1	Organ	iic	pH					angeable			1		1		Base
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Carbo pct.	on .01	M CaCl			Ca	Mg	Bases	Na	K		Acid	hty	CEC	Saturation (Sum)
			2	<u>ii î j</u>	1		ca	MB			100 g				(Sum)	pct.
0.0	-			08								ĺ		1		
0-3	B 2 1	6.76			.15	1.		<0.1			0.2		32.5		34.8	6.6
3-11	2 2 2	2.40			. 5	0.		:0.1			2.1	1	20.1	1	20.6	2.4
11-19	0.2	2.05			.15	0.		:0.1	<0	.1 <	.1		19.5		20.0	2.5
19-30	$C_1 x$	0.45		5	. 5	0.	1 <	:0.1	<0	.1	0.1		5.9		6.3	6.3
30-40	$C_1^2 x$ $C_2^2 x$	0.14	4.9	5 5	.65	0.	3 <	:0.1	<0	.1	0.1		3.9		4.5	13.3
						•										

Site 1

Location: Blue Hill, Hancock County, Maine,

Horizon Ap	Depth 0-10"	Description Dark brown (10YR3/3) fine sandy loam; moderate, fine, granular structure; friable; abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (9-11 inches thick)
^A 2	10-11"	Gray (l0YR6/l) fine sandy loam; weak, very thin, platy structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt broken boundary. (0-l inch thick)
^B 21 ^h	11-14"	Dark reddish brown (5YR3/3) fine sandy loam; weak fine and medium, granular structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (3-4 inches thick)
B ₂₂ ir	14-15"	Strong brown (7.5YR5/8) fine sandy loam; weak, fine and medium granular structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt broken boundary. (0-1 inch thick)
^B 23	15-20"	Yellowish brown (10YR5/4) and dark yellowish brown (10YR4/4) silt loam; weak fine and medium granular structure; friable; plentiful roots; abrupt smooth boundary. (4-6 inches thick)
^в з	20-24"	Olive brown (2.5Y4/4) broken and light olive brown (2.5Y5/4) crushed fine sandy loam; moderate, thin and medium, platy structure; firm; few roots between plates; abrupt smooth boundarv. (3-4 inches thick) Coatings on 25% of the plates are yellowish red (5YR4/6).
C ₁ x	24-30"	Olive brown (2.5Y4/4) broken and light olive brown (2.5Y5/4) crushed fine sandy loam; moderate, medium and thick platy structure; very firm and brittle; no roots; gradual wavy boundary. (6-9 inches thick)
°2×	30-40"	Olive brown (2.5Y4/4) broken and light olive brown (2.5Y5/4) crushed loam; moderate, medium platy structure;

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Depth (In.)	Horizon	Sand (205			Clay < 002)	Very Coarse (2-1)	Con (1- Percent o	.5)	Medium (.525)	Fine (251		Very Fine (1-05	. 1	(0502)	(.02002)
-10 0-15 5-20 0-24	Ap B21+B22 B23 B3	52.9 48.4 35.0 48.8	5 47. 4 55.	52 4 00 9	. 32 . 03 . 96 . 50	5.28 4.68 4.65 6.64	11.	69 1 68 1 50	0.65 0.80 6.34 8.96	14.04 14.6 9.9 14.1	3	11.2 11.6 8.6 11.6	6 4	21.9 22.30 22.40 21.6	5	18.85 25.16 32.60 23.97
- 30	$C_1 x$	47.5		10 I.	.68	5.66			9.93	13.12	?	5.8	0	18.6	5	26.15
-40	<i>c</i> ₂ <i>x</i>	45.5	9 43.	85 10	.56	5.06	8.	60 1	0.20	12.69	,	9.0	4	17.8	9	25.96
						WATER C	ONTENT (Bar	Pressures)					1	-		
Depth (In)	Horizon	0 059 pct.	0 1 pct	0 33 pct.		.67 ct.	1.0 pct.	2.0 pct.	3.0 pct.		5 0 oct	15 pci		Bu Den g /	sity	Available Water in /in.
-10 0-15 5-20 0-24	Ap B21+B22 B23 B3	48.2	49.0	41.1 41.7 34.5 15.8	38 31	.1 .8 .4 .7	40.1 34.7 30.1 14.0	27.4 22.3 18.0 8.9	22. 20. 15. 8.	10	9.9	14.	4 8	0.8	5	0.20 0.26 0.24 0.17
1-30 0-40	C 1 x C 2 x	18.1 17.7	17.6	16.6 16.6		.1 .9	15.8 15.5	13.5 13.2	12. 12.		10.3	- 10 a - 11	8	1.7.		0.16 0.16
	1	1	1	1	COA	RSE FRAC	MENTS (Per	ent by Volum	e)			1			ł	
Depth (In)	Horizo	n	3+ inches	3-2 inches		-1.5 thes	1 5-1 inches	1-75 inches		.7550 inches		025 iches	.25 ii 2 m.			TOTAL
-10 0-15 5-20 0-24 4-30 0-40	Ap B ₂₁ +B ₂₂ B ₂₃ B ₃ C ₁ x C ₂ x	2	5.8 10.2	1.7 1.0 1.5 1.2		7 4 4	1.3 1.0 0.2 0.4 0.8 1.0	0.3 0.7 0.7 0.2 0.6		.6 .1 .5 .2 .7 .5	1. 1. 1. 0. 1. 1.	5 9 8 5	2.5 2.8 5.3 4.8 5.8 5.6		20	8.1 2.8 0.9 7.2 0.9
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Ca	ganic rbon set.	pH 01M CaCl 2:1	H_0 1:1		Ca	Exchangea Bases Mg	Na	к		Acid	lity	CE (Su	C m)	Base Saturatio (Sum) pct.
-10 0-15 5-20 0-24 4-30 0-40	$\begin{array}{c} Ap\\ B_{21}+B_{23}\\ B_{23}\\ C_{1}x\\ C_{2}x \end{array}$	4. 3. 1. 0. 0.	03 4 54 4 45 4 23 5	55 75 9 0	5.15 5.05 5.2 5.3 5.6 5.75	1. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.	9 () 1 <0 1 <0 4 <0).3).1).1).1).1).1).2	0.1 0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1	9./100 g 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2		15. 16. 11. 6. 5.	5 8 0 0	6	. 7	13.1 6.8 3.3 6.2 11.8 16.7

Site 2

Location: Ellsworth, Hancock County, Maine

Horizon 02	Depth 3-0"	Description Black (10YR2/1) silt loam; weak, fine, granular structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt, wavy boundary. (2-3 inches thick)
^A 2	0-1"	Gray (10YR5/1) gravelly silt loam; weak, fine and medium, granular structure; friable; abundant roots; abrupt broken boundary. (0-2 inch thick)
B ₂₁ h	1-3"	Dark reddish brown (5YR3/3) fine sandy loar; weak, fine and medium, granular structure; friable; abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (1-3 inches thick)
B ₂₂ ir	3-9"	Strong brown (7.5YR5/6) fine sandy loam; weak, fim and medium, granular structure; friable; abundant roots; cleary wavy boundary. (5-7 inches thick)
^B 23	9-16"	Yellowish brown (10YR5/6) fine sandy loam; weak, medium and thick, platy structure; friable; plent- iful roots; clear wavy boundary. (6-8 inches thid)
B ₃	16-21"	Light olive brown (2.5Y5/4) fine sandy loam; weak, medium platy structure; friable; few roots; clear wavy boundary. (4-6 inches thick)
C ¹ x	21-27"	Olive (5Y5/3) gravelly fine sandy loam; moderate, thick and very thick, platy structure; firm and brittle; very few root hairs between peds; diffuse wavy boundary. Strong brown (7.5YR5/6) stains about root hairs on 5% of ped surface. (5-1 inches thick)
°2×	27-40"	Like horizon above except gravelly sandy loam text

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	1		TOTAL	<u></u>		4 1	11 () S		u.		=	
Depih (In.)	Horizon	Sand (2- 05)	Silt (.05002)	Clay (<.002) Ve Coal (2-	ne Cor	.5)) (ledjum 5- 25)	Fine (25- 1)	Very Fine (1- 05)	(0502)	(02002)
1-0 -1 -9 -16 6-21 21-27 27-40	$ \begin{array}{c} O_2 \\ A_2 \\ B_2_1 + B_2_2 \\ B_2_3 \\ B_3 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ x \\ C_2 \\ x \end{array} $	38.50 40.28 50.20 55.95 54.62 57.13 65.57	53.24 55.12 46.58 41.85 42.97 41.05 32.93	8.2 4.6 3.2 2.4 1.8 1.5	0 7. 8. 8. 11 7. 12 7.	35 6. 40 7. 08 9. 44 10. 04 8. 56 9.	41 6 14 6 11 8 38 10 66 11 13 10	.59 .61 1 .07 1 .38 1 .97 1	9.82 3.35 4.24 4.90 5.29	9.70 9.33 11.05 12.82 12.64 13.18 12.12	29.33 27.75 27.11 27.45 23.86 23.53 19.09	23.91 27.37 19.47 14.40 19.11 17.52 13.84
					WATER	CONTENT (Bar	Pressures)		!		1	<u> </u>
Depth (In.)	Horizon	0.059 pct.	0.1 pct.	0.33 pct	0.67 pct.	1.0 pct.	2.0 pct.	3.0 pct.	5.0 pct	15 0 pct.	Bulk Density g /cc	Available Water in /in.
3-0 0-1 1-9 9-16 16-21 21-27 27-40	O ₂ A ₂ B ₂₁ +B ₂₂ B ₃ C ₁ x C ₂ x	199.4 38.3 62.5 37.6 26.1 18.3 14.4	185.5 35.6 54.1 35.2 24.4 17.1 13.2	29.1 42.6 27.0 20.0 13.7	133.2 25.8 41.0 23.9 18.2 12.3 9.6	132.5 25.0 40.6 23.6 17.3 11.7 9.0	48.0 12.0 20.3 17.3 9.6 7.8 6.7	34.6 8.6 19.5 13.3 8.9 6.9 6.2	33.2 8.1 17.8 12.1 7.0 5.3 4.9	32.9 7.5 16.1 10.6 5.2 4.1 3.3	0.24 1.07 0.76 1.03 1.40 1.61 1.70	0.25 0.23 0.20 0.17 0.21 0.15 0.12
	<u>'</u>					AGMENTS (Per			<u>.</u>	·		1
Depth (In.)	Horizo	n	3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-1.5 inches	1.5-1 inches	1-75 inches	.7550 inches			25 in 2 mm.	TOTAL
3-0 0-1 1-9 9-16 16-21 21-27 27-40	O 2 B 2 + B 2 B 2 3 B 3 3 C 1 x C 2 x	2	1.4 26.4 5.1 2.4 2.0	1.6 2.0 1.2 1.8	1.2 11.0 1.3 0.4 1.0 2.0 0.6	<0.1 4.9 1.5 1.1 2.0 1.6 1.4	0.2 2.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 0.9 0.7	0.1 2.5 1.2 1.1 1.0 2.0 1.5	0. 31. 22. 3. 6.	4 7 5 7 4	3.7 5.7 5.4	3.8 55.6 17.0 13.6 15.0 21.7 21.9
Depth (In.)	Horizon	Organic Carbon pct.	.01M 2:1	pH CaCl H C 2 1·1		Ca	Exchangeab Bases Mg	Na	ĸ	Acidıty	CEC (Sum)	Base Saturatio (Sum) pet
3-0 0-1 1-9 9-16 16-21 21-27 27-40	$ \begin{array}{c} O_2 \\ A_2 \\ B_2 \\ B_2 \\ B_3 \\ C_1 \\ C_2 \\ x \end{array} $	18.3 2.2 3.2 1.4 0.4 0.2 0.2	1 3.3 7 4.2 6 4.6 8 4.7 4 5.	5 4. 4. 5 5. 0 5.	0 < 6 < 8 < 0 < 3 <	<0.1 <0.1	0.1 < <0.1 < <0.1 < <0.1 <	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1	0.4 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	31.8 13.7 20.5 12.0 5.0 4.2 4.0	36.0 14.2 20.9 12.4 5.4 4.6 4.4	→ 11.7 3.5 1.9 3.2 7.4 8.7 9.1

Site 3

Location: Orland, Hancock County, Maine.

<u>Horizon</u> Ap	<u>Depth</u> 0-8"	Description Dark brown (10YR3/3) silt loam; moderate, very fine and fine, granular structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt, wavy boundary. (8-10 inches thick)
A 2	8-9"	Light gray (10YR6/1) fine sandy loam; weak, very thin, platy structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt broken boundary. (0-1 inch thick)
^B 21 ^h	9~10"	Dusky red (2.5YR3/2) fine sandy loam; weak, very fine and fine, granular structure; friable; plentiful roots; abrupt broken boundary. (0-1 inch thick)
B ₂₂ ir	10-14"	Strong brown (7.5YR5/6) fine sandy loam; weak, fine, granular structure; friable; plentiful roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (2-4 inches thick)
^B 23	14-17"	Yellowish brown (10YR5/4) fine sandy loam; weak, very fine and fine, granular structure; friable; plentiful roots; clear wavy boundary. (2-4 inches thick)
^B 3	17-21"	Olive brown (2.5Y4/4) loam; weak, thin and medium. platy structure; friable; few roots; clear wavy boundary. (3-5 inches thick)
C1×	21-30"	Olive brown (2.5Y4/4) broken and light olive brown (2.5Y5/4) crushed loam; moderate, thick, platy structure; firm and brittle; very few roots; gradual wavy boundary. (8-10" inches thick)
°2×	30-40"	Olive brown (2.5Y4/4) loam; moderate, thick and very thick, platy structure; very firm and brittle; no roots.

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	TOTAL	SAND		SILT
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		Sand	Sitt	Clay	Ve Coa			fedium	Fine		ery		
Depth (In)	Horizon	(205)	(05002)				.5) (.5- 25)	(25- 1)		.05)	(.0502)	(.02002)
0-9 9-14	Ap B21+B22	39.33	52.25 41.87	8.42				.27	10.44	11.3		20.97	31.28 19.53
14-17 17-21 21-30 30-40	B_{23} B_{3} $C_{1} \times$ $C_{2} \times$	54.28 42.36 39.73 46.51	42.68 49.71 46.01 41.95	3.04 7.93 14.26 11.54	6.8 4.2 4.1	7 9.2 2 5.7 5 5.0	2 10 1 7 3 7	.96 .90 .48 .81	14.82 12.81 12.41 14.82	12.4 11.7 10.6 10.9	11 72 56	23.19 22.33 19.16 18.09	19.49 27.38 26.85 23.86
					WATER	CONTENT (Bar	Pressures)			1		T	
Depth (In.)	Horizon	0.059 pct.	0.1 pct.	0.33 pct.	0.67 pct.	1.0 pct.	2.0 pct.	30 pct.	5.0 pct.		15.0 pct.	Bulk Density g /cc,	Available Water in /in
1/-21	$ \begin{array}{c} Ap \\ B_{21} + B_{22} \\ B_{23} \\ B_{3} \end{array} $	50.4 71.8 30.1 20.2	47.2 65.5 28.8 19.7	40.5 53.0 24.4 18.2	38.6 49.4 21.2 17.2	37.6 47.8 19.7 16.4	22.8 30.3 14.3 11.6	22. 26. 12. 10.	2 10.	2 3	8.8 0.7 8.8 6.4	0.96 0.75 1.30 1.69	0.21 0.24 0.20 0.20
21-30 30 -4 0	$C^3 x$ $C^1 x$	17.5 17.9	17.3 17.7	16.4 16.7	15.8 15.6	15.5 15.5	13.1 13.0	12.2			6.7 7.7	1.69	0.16 0.14
	<u> </u>				COARSE FR.	AGMENTS (Per	cent by Volume					l	1
Depth (In)	Horizo		3+ inches	3-2 inches	2-15 inches	1 5-1 inches	t- 75 inches		7550 hches	.5025 inches		10 com.	TOTAL
0-9 9-14 14-17 17-21 21-30 30-40	A p B 2 1 + B 2 2 B 2 3 B 3 C 1 x C 2 x	2 S	.2	0.3	1.1 0.7 2.2 0.9	1.8 0.3 0.3 1.1 0.4 0.5	0.6 0.3 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.8		6 8 4 4	1.7 1.6 2.4 0.6 1.2 1.2	3. 3. 6. 3. 4. 5.	.9 1 6	0.1 5.1 1.6 8.8 7.1 9.3
Depih (la.)	Horizon	Organic Carbon pct.				Ca	Exchangeab Bases Mg	le Na	ĸ		Acidity	CEC (Sum)	Base Saturation (Sum) pct
0-9 9-14 14-17 17-21 21-30 30-40	$ \begin{array}{c} Ap \\ B_{21} + B_{22} \\ B_{23} \\ B_{3} \\ C_{1} \\ C_{2} \\ x \end{array} $	4.2 3.31 1.5 0.5 0.1 0.1	4.6 4.7 4.8 4.7	5.2 5 5.2 5 5.2	25	<0.1 <	0.1	<pre>meq <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1</pre>	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.2	21 11 7 5	.1 .9 .9 .3 .2	17.6 23.1 12.4 7.4 6.0 6.2	14.2 5.2 4.0 11.7 16.1

Site 4

Location: Ellsworth, Hancock County, Maine

Horizon Ap	Depth 0-7 [㎡]	Description Very dark grayish brown (10YR3/2) silt loam; moderate fine granular structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (7-9 inches thick)
A ₂	7-8"	Light gray (10YR6/1) silt loam; weak, very thin, platy structure; very friable, abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (1-3 inches thick)
B ₂₁ h	8–9"	Dusky red (2.5YR3/2) sandy loam; weak very fine, granular structure; friable; abundant roots; abrupt, wavy boundary. (0.5-1 inch thick)
B ₂₂ ir	9-11"	Yellowish red (5YR4/6) sandy loam; weak very fine granular structure; friable; abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (2-3 inches thick)
B ₂₃	11-17"	Yellowish brown (10YR5/6) fine sandy loam; weak, very fine and fine granular structure; friable; plentiful roots; abrupt smooth boundary. (5-6 inches thick)
B ₃	17-23"	Light olive brown (2.5Y5/4) fine sandy loam; weak, thick, platy structure; friable; few roots; clear wavy boundary. (5-7 inches thick)
C1×	23-30"	Olive (5Y5/3) fine sandy loam; moderate medium platy structure; firm and brittle; no roots; gradual wavy boundary. (6-8 inches thick)
C2×	30-40"	Olive (5Y5/30 loam; moderate, medium and very thick, platy structure; firm and brittle.

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			TOTAL		Ve			SAND		Very		<u></u>		
Depth (In)	Horizon	Sand (2- 05)	Silt (05- 002)	Clay (< 002)	Con (2-		5)	Medium (.525)	Fine (25- 1)	Fine (1-05)	(0502)	(02002)		
-8 -11 1-17 7-23 3-30 0-40	$ \begin{array}{c} Ap \\ B_{21} + B_{22} \\ B_{23} \\ B_{3} \\ C_{1} x \\ C_{2} x \end{array} $	44.09 68.81 45.90 45.30 48.28 44.06	50.34 29.27 47.58 48.87 46.87 46.84	5.57 1.92 6.52 5.83 4.85 9.10	5.7 8.7 7.0 6.5 7.7 6.0	2 12.7 7 7.5 8 7.5 8 7.5	6 1 4 3 8	7.56 4.45 9.21 9.01 8.42 8.38	12.58 18.51 12.15 12.56 13.46 12.28	11.50 14.37 10.93 10.62 10.64 10.01	24.11 19.09 23.80 24.10 20.10 20.57	26.23 10.18 23.78 24.77 26.77 26.27		
				<u> </u>	WATER	CONTENT (Ba	Pressures)				 	<u> </u>		
Depth (In)	Horizon	0.059 pct.	0.1 pct,	0 33 p.t.	0.67	10 pct	2.0 pct.	3.0 pct.	5.0 pct.	15.0 pct.	Bulk Density g./cc.	Availabl Water in /in.		
- 8 - 1 1 1 - 1 7 7 - 2 3 3 - 30	$\begin{array}{c} A p \\ B_{21} + B_{22} \\ B_{23} \\ B_{3} \\ C_{1} x \end{array}$	56.9 57.1 40.4 24.8 17.9	54.0 50.5 37.0 23.9 17.4	43.0 38.3 26.3 20.9 15.7	40.2 34.7 22.6 18.1 14.0	39.0 34.0 21.3 16.7 12.9	18.0 22.5 12.3 8.4 8.6	17.3 21.5 11.3 7.7 7.8	16.2 21.3 10.2 5.9 6.0	15.8 20.0 9.0 4.7 4.0	0.75 0.83 1.00 1.40 1.51	0.2 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.2		
0-40	C, x	15.8	15.2	13.4	12.5	12.0	9.4	8.6	6.9	4.2	1.67	0.1		
Depth	Horizon	'	3+ 1	3-2	COARSE FRA	GMENTS (Per	ent by Volum			.5025 1	25 in			
(ln)	Ногао		inches	inches	inches	inches	inches		iches		2 m/m	TOTAL		
- 8 - 1 1 1 - 1 7 7 - 2 3 3 - 30 0 - 40	$ \begin{array}{c} Ap \\ B_{21} + B_{22} \\ B_{3} \\ B_{3} \\ C_{1} \\ C_{2} \\ \end{array} $. 4 . 8	0.3 1.2 2.2	0.7 0.8 0.4 0.4 1.6 0.7	1.0 0.5 0.1 0.6 1.1 0.5		0.7 0.7 0.6 0.7 1.4 0.8	1.9 1.7 2.0 2.7	5.5 6.2 7.2 8.7	13.7 9.4 9.3 10.9 18.1 25.7		
Depth	Honzon	Organic Carbon		 pH CaCl HO			Exchangea Bases	bie		Acidity		Base Saturat		
(In.)		pct.	2 1	1:1		Ca	Mg	Na	K		(Sum)	(Sum pct.		
-8 -11 1-17 7-23 3-30 0-40	$ \begin{array}{c} Ap\\ B_{21}+B\\ B_{23}\\ B_{3}\\ C_{1}x\\ C_{2}x \end{array} $	4.24 3.27 1.49 0.62 0.?4 0.13	4.4 4.9 4.9 4.95 5.0 4.85	5.5	85 1. 0. <0. 5 <0.	4 3 1 2	0.2 0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 0.1	<0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1	0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 0.1 0.1	16.8 20.7 11.2 7.6 6.0 5.6	19.0 22.4 11.8 8.0 6.4 6.1	→ 11.0 7.0 5 6 8		

Site 5

Location: Dedham, Hancock County, Maine

Horizon 01	Depth 5-4"	Description Loose leaves and branches.
°2	4–0"	Black (5YR2/1); weak very fine granular structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt smooth boundary. (3-4 inches thick)
^A 2	0-3"	Light gray (10YR6/1) silt loam; weak, very thin, and thin, platy structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (1-5 inches thick)
B ₂₁ h	3-4"	Very dusky red (2.5YR2/2) gravelly fine sandy loam; weak, very fine, granular structure; very friable; abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (0.5-l inch thick)
B ₂₂ ir	4-8"	Dark reddish brown (2.5YR3/4) gravelly fine sandy loam; weak, very fine and fine granular structure; friable; abundant roots; abrupt wavy boundary. (3-5 inches thick)
^B 23	8-17"	Yellowish brown (10YR5/6) gravelly silt loam; weak, thin and medium platy structure; friable; plentiful roots; clear wavy boundary. (8-10 inches thick)
^B 3	17-23"	Light olive brown (2.5Y5/6) silt loam; weak, thick, platy structure; friable; few roots; clear smooth boundary. (5-7 inches thick)
c ₁ x	23-30"	Light olive brown (2.5¥5/4) fine sandy loam; moderate thick and very thick platy structure; firm and brittle; very few roots; gradual wavy boundary. (6-8 inches thick)
C ₂ x	30-40"	Same as horizon above except gravelly fine sandy loam; moderate very thick platy structure.

			TOTAL		1 I I I	SAND									
Depth (lu.)	Horizon	Sand Silt (2- 05) (05002)		(<.00	2)	Very Coarse (2-1)	Coerse M (1-5) (Percent of <2mm.		dium i25)	Fine (25-1)	Very Fine (.105)		(.0502)	(.02002	
4-0 0-3 3-8 8-17 17-23 23-30 30-40	0 A B B C 1 X C 2 X B C 1 X C 2 X	36.66 49.30 41.12 42.26 43.91 45.92	58.02 45.04 54.86 52.42 49.55 47.32	5.0 4.0 5.	56 6 52 5 32 6 54 6	2.86 5.55 5.96 5.45 5.15 5.20	4.04 7.52 6.17 6.88 6.65 7.09	5: 8. 7. 7. 7.	43 71 91	11.70 14.27 11.48 11.56 12.50 13.15	12. 12. 10. 9. 10. 10.	42 08 66 70	29.34 23.08 27.27 25.00 21.63 20.26	28.6 21.9 27.5 27.4 27.9 27.0	
		WATER CONTENT (Ber Pressures)													
Depth (In.)			0.059 0 1 pct. pct		0.67 pct.	1. pc			3.0 pct.	5.0 pct.		15.0 pct.	Bulk Density g /cc.		
4-0 0-3 3-8	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ A_2^2 \\ B_{21}^{+B} \\ B_{23}^{22} \end{array} $	229.0 29.2 80.7	212.8 26.7 74.6	201.7 20.2 60.1 33.0	197.6 17.6 57.3	5 16 3 57	.7 10 .2 26	.7).6 5.1	90.1 8.6 25.4	87.6 7.1 24.4	2	7.3 7.0 4.1	0.17 1.14 0.61	0.15	
8-17 17-23 23-30	$\begin{bmatrix} 17 - 23 \\ 23 - 30 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} B_3 \\ C_1 x \end{bmatrix}$		47.9 42.7 25.9 24.8 21.7 20.8		31.0 19.3 16.3 15.2	9 18 9 15	30.4 17.1 18.2 11.6 15.2 9.2 14.2 8.8		15.6 10.5 8.2 7.8	13.7 8.3 6.0 5.9	3 6.2 0 4.4		0.87 1.44 1.54 1.57	0.22	
30-40	^c 2 ^x	19.8	19.2	16.8						5.9		3.8	1.3/	0.20	
Depth	Horizo	.	3+	3-2	2-1.5		TS (Percent by	Volume) 175	.75-	50 1	.5025	1 .2	5 in 1		
(In)			inches					inches		inches in			mm.	TOTAL	
$\begin{array}{cccc} 4-0 & 0_2 \\ 0-3 & A_2 \\ 3-8 & B_2 \\ 8-17 & B_2 \\ 17-23 & B_3 \\ 23-30 & C_1 \\ 30-40 & C_2 \\ \end{array}$		2	5.4 2.8 2.0	5.7 1.9 3.2 1.0		2 2 1 1 1	.1 .2 .2 .5 .6 .4 .5	.1.1 1. 1.2 1. 1.5 1. 0.7 1. 0.8 1. 0.9 1.		7 2. 6 2. 7 2. 3 2. 9 2.		0. 3. 4. 3. 4. 6. 5.	5 3 8 8 3	6.1 10.9 20.8 16.7 14.7 16.1 17.6	
Depth (ln.)	Horizon	Horizon Organic pH Carbon .01M CaCl H O pct. 2.1 1.1		•	Exchangeable Bases Ca Mg Na I					- '	Acidity		Bas Satura (Sui PC		
4-0 0-3 3-8 8-17 17-23 23-30 30-40	0 A2 B21+B B23 B3 C1x C2x	$^{+B}_{22} \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		55 5 8 05	7.8 0.9 0.4 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1 <0.1	1.8 0.2 0.2 0.1 ⊲0.1 ⊲0.1	8 0 0 0 0 0 0	.1 .1 .1	1.4 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	43. 11. 25. 13. 7. 4.	2 8 8 3	54.4 12.5 26.6 14.2 7.7 4.6	→ 20. 10. 3. 2. 5. 8.		

Chemical and Physical Properties of the Allagash, Hermon, Howland and Marlow Soil Mapping Units

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