**Results: JacoRen57** JacoRen57 is a singleton most closely related to cluster AB phages. The genome is composed of forward and reverse genes, with structural genes on the left arm, and genes involved in DNA replication and expression on the right arm. We resolved start site disagreements, removed, and added genes if we disagreed with the auto-annotation. We assigned functions to 33 of its 73 genes, and some of the functions, such as Lysin A, Lysin B, and Holin, suggest a lytic life cycle. Figure 1B: Transmission Figure 1A: Plaque picture electron of JacoRen57. The plaque micrograph of morphology is small with JacoRen57 light interior and turbid showing its exterior. siphoviridae morphology. Figure 1C: Phamerator map comparing sequence similarities between JacoRen57 and the two cluster AB phages: FF47 and Muddy. **Function** Terminase Portal Protein Capsid Maturation Protease Scaffolding Protein Major Capsid Protein Head-to-tail Connector Complex Protein  $\sim$ Head-to-tail Stopper **Tail Assembly Chaperone** 13, 14\* Tape Measure Protein 15 12, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, Minor Tail Protein 21, 22 25 Lysin A Holin Membrane Protein Lysin B MerR-like Helix-turn-helix DNA Binding Domain Protein **RecB-like Exonuclease RecA-like DNA Recombinase** Helicase **DNA Polymerase I** Table 1B: JacoRen57 genome details. Thymidylate Synthase 42 MazG-like Nucleotide Pyrophosphohydrolase Thymidylate Kinase **DNA Helicase** RecA-like DNA Recombinase HNH Endonuclease Table 1A: Genes for which we were able to call functions *in JacoRen57. Genes 13/14\* represent a single protein* product due to a -1 programmed translational frameshift E. (2015). Dark Matter of the Biosphere: the Amazing World of Bacteriophage Diversity. Journal of Virology, 89(16), 8107–8110. <u>https://doi.org/10.1128/JVI.01340-15</u> orhout,K.E., Johnson,J., Jorgensen,H.J., Tolsma,S., Garlena,R.A., Russell,D.A., Pope,W.H., Jacobs-Sera,D. and Hatfull,G.F. (2019) Mycobacterium phage DrLupo, Complete Genome. Accession

We discovered two novel Mycobacteriophages from soil samples. JacoRen57 is a singleton, most closely related to cluster AB phages. DrLupo is a member of the rare H2 sub-cluster containing only one other DNA genome, and a non-contractile tail. The genome of JacoRen57 is composed of 52,411 base pairs with a 56.7% GC content and includes genes and plaque morphology that suggest a lytic life cycle. The genome is organized according to the following order from the left to right arm: 33 bioinformatics software. The 70,030 base-pair genome of DrLupo has a 57.5% GC content and contains genes that support a lytic life cycle. We identified 110 forward genes and assigned functions to 25 of them. References

Abstract member. Both phages exhibit a siphoviridae morphotype, double-stranded forward genes followed by 16 reverse genes and 24 forward genes. We identified functions for 33 of the 73 protein coding genes using (Hatfull, 2015). The advent of economical and rapid sequencing technology has made it possible to compare and analyze the genomes of various phages. The analysis reveals the mosaic genome composition 2015). Through the SEA-PHAGES program, students have the opportunity

Introduction Bacteriophages are a genetically diverse group of infectious particles between phages within a cluster due to horizontal gene transfer (Hatfull, to annotate phage genomes, uncovering the diversity and evolutionary history of bacteriophages. Northwestern College students discovered JacoRen57 and DrLupo, which are two mycobacteriophages that infect Mycobacterium smegmatis mc<sup>2</sup>155, during the spring semester of 2018. Their genomes were sequenced and then annotated during the fall semester of 2018 by the students in the Genetics and Genomics course. **Materials and Methods** JacoRen57 was discovered by Tanner Rensink and DrLupo was discovered by Connor Tupper through the direct or enriched isolation protocol using the host organism Mycobacterium smegmatis mc<sup>2</sup>155 (Discovery Guide Protocol 5.2, 5.5). The phages were amplified, purified, and characterized according to the Discovery Guide protocols. Phage DNA was isolated from a high titer phage solution and characterized using a restriction digest. Viruses were sequenced using Illumina Sequencing Technology at the Pittsburgh Bacteriophage Institute. DNA Master was the primary platform for the annotation of JacoRen57. Auto-annotation was performed using DNA Master software, Starterator, Phamerator (www.phamerator.org), NCBI BLAST (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov), GeneMark, Glimmer, Phagesdb (http://phagesdb.org/), and HHPred (https://toolkit.tuebingen.mpg.de/hhpred) were used to identify start, stop, transcriptional direction, and function of genes. DrLupo was annotated using online software PECAAN (https://discover.kbrinsgd.org), which streamlined the process by directly retrieving data from various bioinformatics software such as HHPred, NCBI BLAST, and Phamerator.

Almail,A., Dorhout,K.E., Johnson,J., Jorgensen,H.J., Tolsma,S., Garlena,R.A., Russell,D.A., Pope,W.H., Jacobs-Sera,D. and Hatfull,G.F. (2019) Mycobacterium phage JacoRen57, Complete Genome. Accession number MK279840.1.https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/nuccore/MK27984

Support for this project was provided by the Howard Hughes Medical Institute, the Hatfull Lab at the University of Pittsburgh, SEA-PHAGES, and Northwestern College.

## **Annotation of Two Soil Mycobacteriophages:** JacoRen57 and DrLupo

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Sequencing Information	Results
Approximate Shotgun Coverage	693
Genome Length (bp)	52411
Character of Genome Ends	3' Sticky Overhang
Overhang Length (bp)	11

# **Results: DrLupo**

DrLupo belongs to the rare H2 sub-cluster and its genome contains 110 forward genes. We assigned functions to 25 of the 110 genes, and some of the functions, such as Holin, Lysin A, Lysin B, are indicative of a a lytic life cycle. We resolved start site disagreements, added, and removed genes if we disagreed with the auto-annotation. We did not annotate a programed translational frameshift in the tail assembly chaperone due to its non-canonical nature that is yet to be supported by evidence from the laboratory bench.





*Figure 2C:* Phamerator map comparing sequence similarities between the sub-cluster H2 phages DrLupo and Barnyard.

Gene(s)	Function
6	Terminase
7	Portal Protein
18	Capsid Matur
19	Protease
20	MuF-like Min
23	Major Capsid
29	Tail Terminate
32	Major Tail Pro
33,34	Tail Assembly
35	Tape Measure
36,37,38,39	Minor Tail Pro
41	Lysin A
42	Lysin B
43	Holin
67	Helicase
75	Exonuclease
79	RecA-like DN
85	DnaE-like DN
91	RuvC-like Re
97	Hydrolase
109	<b>DNA</b> Primase

Table 2A: Genes for which we were able to call functions in DrLupo.

## Discussion

The genomes of JacoRen57 and DrLupo exhibit mosaicism which is hypothesized to be due to horizontal gene transfer. JacoRen57 is a singleton, and is most genetically similar to Muddy and FF47, both from the AB cluster. DrLupo exhibits sequence similarity to Barnyard. These two phages are the only known members of the rare H2 sub-cluster. Our work contributed to the growing understanding of phages. Our annotation results have passed peer review and were published in GenBank. The GenBank Accession Numbers for JacoRen57 and DrLupo are MK279840 and MK279909 respectively.





Results
195
70030
Circularly Permuted

Table 2B: DrLupo genome details