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Prepared for:

JUMPSTART COMMUNITY ADVISORS

UPSTATE NEW YORK REGIONAL ANALYSIS:

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DEMOGRAPHICS, ECONOMY, ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND INNOVATION

June 2011

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report has been prepared for JumpStart Community Advisors by the Center for Economic Development at Cleveland State University. The objective of this study is to provide background analysis of the Upstate New York area¹ for JumpStart Community Advisors as they conduct interviews and other qualitative research to create a Regional Entrepreneurial Action Plan for the Upstate New York area.

This report is organized into three chapters: Demographics, Economy and Industry, and Entrepreneurship and Innovation. Each chapter contains the same structure: a summary of findings based on a review of other studies and an analysis conducted by the Center for Economic Development. In most instances in the Center's analysis, a graphic or table is displayed, followed by bullet points that highlight the observations of data collected and studied. In order to create a benchmarking system, we compared Upstate New York and its sub-regions to the state of New York and the United States.

DEMOGRAPHICS

The demographic information gathered on Upstate New York revealed interesting trends and snapshots about the population. Overall, from 2000 to 2009, the 19-County Upstate New York region has seen a decline in population (-2.07%). Most of this population loss occurred in the Buffalo region, specifically Erie County, which recorded a 4.32% population decline during this 9-year period. The Rochester region (-0.52%) and Syracuse region (-0.91%) both experienced small population losses over this time period.

The workforce of Upstate New York is moderately educated and skilled. When comparing educational attainment, the Upstate New York region is, on average, on par with the state of New York and at a higher level than the United States. A closer look at educational attainment by region reveals that the educational achievement of residents of the Rochester region is significantly higher than the other Upstate New York regions, the state of New York and the United States. Among the population greater than 25 years old, the Rochester region exceeds the other regions for the percentage of associate's degrees (11.46%) and bachelor's degrees (19.33%), while the Syracuse region falls in second place (11.02% and 16.02% respectively) and the Buffalo region third (10.98% and 14.88% respectively).

Indicators of economic prosperity are a high per capita income and a low poverty rate. From 2000 to 2008, per capita income increased by 10.71% in the Upstate New York region, which is significantly larger than the growth rate in the United States (5.96%) over this period. The increase in per capita income in the Rochester region (10.63%) was on par with the Upstate New York growth rate while the Syracuse region (8.98%) was lower. However, over this 8-year period, the increase in per capita income for four of the six counties in the Buffalo region exceeded the Upstate New York average; Cattaraugus County (within the Buffalo region) exceeded all other counties in Upstate New York with a per capita income increase of 22.22%. Overall, even with these significant increases in per capita income, the Upstate New York region and its sub-regions lag behind the United States per capita income level (\$40,166 in the United States in 2008, compared to \$32,545 in the Upstate New York 19-County region). On the other hand, the poverty rate in 2009 for the Buffalo region (14.54%) was higher than the

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¹ Upstate New York is defined for this study as a 19-county region that includes the Buffalo region (Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, and Niagara Counties) the Rochester region (Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Wayne, Wyoming, Yates, and Seneca Counties) and the Syracuse region (Cayuga, Cortland, Onondaga, Oswego, and Madison Counties).

Rochester region (12.39%), the Syracuse region (13.48%), the state of New York (14.16%) and the United States (14.34%).

The Upstate New York region can be said to be average when compared with the Nation in many indicators. Although there has been population loss compared to the nation, the region as a whole has higher educational attainment than the United States, has seen per capita income growth although the level is lower than the national average, and on average has lower levels of poverty. Nevertheless, it has been revealed by many other studies and in the demographic analysis that this region has a significant aging population, and a brain drain of young educated workers has caused a strain on the economy.

INDUSTRY AND ECONOMY

Over the last 30 years, accounting for size and scope of the different regions, the economy of Upstate New York has underperformed the state of New York and the United States in measures of economic growth (employment, gross product, and average wage). The trend analysis of the Upstate New York region reveals that the region maintained its competitive nature with the United States and the state of New York until the 2000 recession, and afterwards it has struggled to regain its footing. Of the three regions within Upstate New York, the Syracuse region is the highest performer in terms of economic growth over the last 30 years, while the Buffalo region lags behind the other regions.

Examining employment, gross product, and average wage shows that there has been a widening gap between the performance of Upstate New York and the United States, so much so that between 1979 and 2010 the growth rate of gross product in the United States (91.7%) was 66.2 percentage points higher than in Upstate New York (25.5%). This widening gap shows the significant economic problems of the Upstate New York economy. Between 2001 and 2010, gross product in the Upstate New York region increased 8.1% while the United States increase was more than double at 17.4%. Over the last 5 years, the Upstate New York region's gross product was flat (a decline of 0.1%), while nationally, gross product grew by 2.4% over the same period.

Manufacturing continues to be an important part of the Upstate New York economy. Manufacturing accounted for the highest share of gross product in two of the regions. It accounted for 16.8% of total gross product in the Buffalo region and 20.9% in the Rochester region. In the Syracuse region, manufacturing was the second largest sector, accounting for 12.2% of total gross product, following public administration (15.0%).

The industry clusters located within each of the Upstate New York sub-regions are different from region to region and are not integrated (aside from the overarching category of manufacturing) to create one overall economy; rather, each has a specific focus. The economic drivers in the Buffalo region are business services, advanced manufacturing, agribusiness (specifically dairy manufacturing), tourism (based around Niagara Falls), life sciences, logistics, and the emerging cluster of clean/green technologies. In comparison, the Rochester region focuses on advanced manufacturing, optics/imaging (fueled by the companies Bausch & Lomb Inc., Kodak, and Xerox in the region, as well as the University of Rochester and Rochester Institute of Technology), biotechnology/biomedical/life science, call centers, and agribusiness. Another specific difference, the Syracuse region's economy is fueled mostly by Syracuse University, healthcare, biotech/life science, manufacturing, and the emerging clusters of clean tech and the radar industry.

In addition to the clusters, the Center focused its analysis on industries that outperform others and are considered "winning industries." There are 15 (Tier I & II) winning industries in Upstate New York. These industries vary in size and scope, but they have in common a focus on gross product growth, regional specialization, and livable wages. Of these 15 industries, 10 are in the Manufacturing sector. Breakouts of winning industries by sub-region reveal that of the 31 winning industries in the regions, the Buffalo and Syracuse regions have 8 (Tier I or II) winning industries in common: Natural Gas Distribution, Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing, Steel Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel, Electrical Equipment Manufacturing, Wired Telecommunications Carriers, Insurance Carriers, Scientific Research and Development Services, and Remediation and Other Waste Management Services. Furthermore, the Buffalo region is a major economic driver of winning industries for the overall Upstate New York region since it has nine common winning industries with the overall Upstate New York region. This is significant since winning industry criteria is not based upon industry employment size (unless it is smaller than 500 employees); this allows for employment size to be held constant and not favor the regions with larger employment (i.e. the Buffalo region). However, it should be noted that the Buffalo region pulled down the overall Upstate New York region in growth of total employment and gross product.

ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND INNOVATION

Most of the entrepreneurship and innovation literature focuses on start-up funding and resources to foster innovation and facilitate the growth of technology companies. The literature indicates the state of New York lags behind other states in providing start-up capital to small technology firms. There is a distinct lack of venture capital in the Upstate New York region. In Upstate New York, only nine companies received venture capital dollars in 2009. Additionally, there are 11 early-stage professional capital investment firms, four private equity firms, and three revolving loan funds and micro enterprise firms. With the lack of early- and late-stage investment, the investment climate needs to be fostered.

In this analysis, patent data is used as a proxy for innovation. There were 12,000 patents (already granted and applications) in Upstate New York between 2006 and 2010. To be counted, a patent had to include at least one inventor or an assignee from the Upstate New York region. Of the 12,000 patents only 15% had an assignee from Upstate New York, indicating that businesses within Upstate New York are **not** one of the major drivers of local patents; while individual owners of patents accounted for 45% of all patents.

Examining the assignee information of patents in Upstate New York revealed interesting information. The largest holder of patents in the Upstate New York and the Rochester region is Eastman Kodak Company. The largest patent holder in the Buffalo region is Wilson GreatBatch Ltd., and John Mezzalingua Associates, Inc. in the Syracuse region. The major producers of patents in the Upstate New York economy were universities including the University of Rochester, Syracuse University, Rochester Institute of Technology, and the Research Foundation of SUNY. These universities accounted for 13% of all assignees located in the Upstate New York area.

CONCLUDING COMMENTS

There are significant challenges to overcome—structural and cultural—in the Upstate New York economy for the region to become a leader in innovation and entrepreneurship. Until 2000, Upstate New York was doing well by many economic measures in comparison to the United States, but recently the region has not been able regain its footing. In comparison to the United States, the region also has significant ground to cover to become a national economic leader. The leadership of the region has had the foresight to address these declining trends by creating regional organizations to focus on increasing early stage professional capital and to help facilitate deal flows. However, there is still a need for investment firms to provide risk capital.

CHAPTER 1: DEMOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS

The analysis, conducted by the Center for Economic Development at Cleveland State University's Maxine Goodman Levin College of Urban Affairs, examines the demographic profile of Upstate New York. It includes analysis of population, population distribution by race and age, income, poverty, educational attainment, and foreign born population.

Upstate New York is defined for this study as a 19-county region that includes the 5-county Buffalo region² (Western New York region) the 9-county Rochester region³ (Finger Lakes region) and the 5-county Syracuse region⁴ (Central New York region).

In order to create a benchmarking system, we compared the sub-regions of the Upstate New York region to the sum of the Upstate New York region and the United States.

² Buffalo region: Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, and Niagara Counties

³ Rochester region: Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Wayne, Wyoming, Yates, and Seneca Counties

⁴ Syracuse region: Cayuga, Cortland, Onondaga, Oswego, and Madison Counties

POPULATION & GROWTH

Table 1. Population Change for Upstate New York Geographies, 2000-2009

| Area | 2000 | 2009 | Difference (2000-2009) | Percent Change (2000-2009) |
|--|-------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | 1,443,743 | 1,386,153 | -57,590 | -3.99% |
| Allegany County | 49,927 | 49,157 ^A | -770 | -1.54% |
| Cattaraugus County | 83,955 | 79,689 | -4,266 | -5.08% |
| Chautauqua County | 139,750 | 133,503 | -6,247 | -4.47% |
| Erie County | 950,265 | 909,247 | -41,018 | -4.32% |
| Niagara County | 219,846 | 214,557 | -5,289 | -2.41% |
| Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) | 1,199,588 | 1,193,363 | -6,225 | -0.52% |
| Genesee County | 60,370 | 57,868 ^A | -2,502 | -4.14% |
| Livingston County | 64,328 | 62,871 ^A | -1,457 | -2.26% |
| Monroe County | 735,343 | 733,703 | -1,640 | -0.22% |
| Ontario County | 100,224 | 105,650 | 5,426 | 5.41% |
| Orleans County | 44,171 | 42,051 ^A | -2,120 | -4.80% |
| Seneca County | 33,342 | 34,049 ^A | 707 | 2.12% |
| Wayne County | 93,765 | 91,291 | -2,474 | -2.64% |
| Wyoming County | 43,424 | 41,398 ^A | -2,026 | -4.67% |
| Yates County | 24,621 | 24,482 ^A | -139 | -0.56% |
| Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | 780,716 | 773,606 | -7,110 | -0.91% |
| Cayuga County | 81,963 | 79,526 | -2,437 | -2.97% |
| Cortland County | 48,599 | 47,996 ^A | -603 | -1.24% |
| Madison County | 69,441 | 69,954 | 513 | 0.74% |
| Onondaga County | 458,336 | 454,753 | -3,583 | -0.78% |
| Oswego County | 122,377 | 121,377 | -1,000 | -0.82% |
| Upstate New York Region (19 County Region) | 3,424,047 | 3,353,122 | -70,925 | -2.07% |
| United States | 281,421,906 | 307,006,556 | 25,584,650 | 9.09% |

Source: (2000 Total Population for all study areas) U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Decennial Census; U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates;

A U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 Population Estimate Program

- The population of the entire Upstate New York region declined from 3.42 million in 2000 to 3.35 million in 2009, shrinking by 2.07% (Table 1). This is in stark contrast to the United States that witnessed a population surge of 9.09% between 2000 and 2009.
- Most of the counties in the Upstate New York region lost population. Only three counties experienced population growth: Madison County (0.74%), Seneca County (2.12%), and Ontario County (5.41%).
- Cattaraugus County in the Buffalo region experienced the largest rate of decline in population from 2000 to 2009, falling by 5.08%.
- Erie County saw the largest decline of residents in total number of people (-41,018). This loss represents 58% of the population decline the Upstate New York region.
- Amongst the three regions, the Buffalo region experienced the largest decline of population in both the number of people (-57,590) and rate of decline (-3.99%). However, the Buffalo region is still the largest among the three with a total population of 1.39 million.

RACE DISTRIBUTION

Table 2. Race Distribution for Upstate New York Geographies, 2009

| | | White | Alone | | r African an Alone | Asian | Asian Alone Two or More Races Some Other Race | | n Indian & Other Pacific Islander Alone Alone | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------|---|--------|---|--------|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| Area | 2009 Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population |
| Buffalo Region * | 1,386,153 | 1,177,948 | 84.98% | 140,349 | 10.13% | 23,340 | 1.68% | 20,849 | 1.50% | 13,707 | 0.99% | 9,729 | 0.70% | 231 | 0.02% |
| Allegany County ^A | 49,157 | 47,309 | 96.24% | 671 | 1.37% | 521 | 1.06% | 476 | 0.97% | N/A | N/A | 175 | 0.36% | 5 | 0.01% |
| Cattaraugus County | 79,689 | 74,426 | 93.40% | 1,165 | 1.46% | 579 | 0.73% | 1,129 | 1.42% | 211 | 0.26% | 2,077 | 2.61% | 102 | 0.13% |
| Chautauqua County | 133,503 | 124,998 | 93.63% | 2,495 | 1.87% | 861 | 0.64% | 3,116 | 2.33% | 1,592 | 1.19% | 362 | 0.27% | 79 | 0.06% |
| Erie County | 909,247 | 738,894 | 81.26% | 122,050 | 13.42% | 18,928 | 2.08% | 12,498 | 1.37% | 11,877 | 1.31% | 5,000 | 0.55% | 0 | 0.00% |
| Niagara County | 214,557 | 192,321 | 89.64% | 13,968 | 6.51% | 2,451 | 1.14% | 3,630 | 1.69% | 27 | 0.01% | 2,115 | 0.99% | 45 | 0.02% |
| Rochester Region * | 1,193,363 | 1,005,985 | 84.30% | 122,459 | 10.26% | 24,251 | 2.03% | 19,107 | 1.60% | 17,294 | 1.45% | 3,682 | 0.31% | 585 | 0.05% |
| Genesee County ^A | 57,868 | 54,667 | 94.47% | 1,546 | 2.67% | 366 | 0.63% | 734 | 1.27% | N/A | N/A | 536 | 0.93% | 19 | 0.03% |
| Livingston County ^A | 62,871 | 59,355 | 94.41% | 1,936 | 3.08% | 622 | 0.99% | 750 | 1.19% | N/A | N/A | 189 | 0.30% | 19 | 0.03% |
| Monroe County | 733,703 | 575,851 | 78.49% | 105,256 | 14.35% | 21,459 | 2.92% | 12,708 | 1.73% | 15,981 | 2.18% | 1,938 | 0.26% | 510 | 0.07% |
| Ontario County | 105,650 | 98,949 | 93.66% | 2,517 | 2.38% | 405 | 0.38% | 2,563 | 2.43% | 1,078 | 1.02% | 138 | 0.13% | 0 | 0.00% |
| Orleans County ^A | 42,051 | 37,918 | 90.17% | 3,113 | 7.40% | 168 | 0.40% | 593 | 1.41% | N/A | N/A | 245 | 0.58% | 14 | 0.03% |
| Seneca County ^A | 34,049 | 31,436 | 92.33% | 1,734 | 5.09% | 342 | 1.00% | 406 | 1.19% | N/A | N/A | 123 | 0.36% | 8 | 0.02% |
| Wayne County | 91,291 | 85,656 | 93.83% | 3,637 | 3.98% | 574 | 0.63% | 863 | 0.95% | 235 | 0.26% | 326 | 0.36% | 0 | 0.00% |
| Wyoming County ^A | 41,398 | 38,229 | 92.35% | 2,509 | 6.06% | 228 | 0.55% | 279 | 0.67% | N/A | N/A | 142 | 0.34% | 11 | 0.03% |
| Yates County ^A | 24,482 | 23,924 | 97.72% | 211 | 0.86% | 87 | 0.36% | 211 | 0.86% | N/A | N/A | 45 | 0.18% | 4 | 0.02% |

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates

A U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 Population Estimates Program; * Data at the regional level is not available. The regional total is calculated by summing county level data only for counties with available data. Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A.

Table 2. Race Distribution for Upstate New York Geographies, 2009, (Continued)

| | White A | | Alone | Black or African American Alone | | Asian Alone | | Two or More Races | | Some Other Race | | American Indian & Alaska Native Alone | | Native Hawaiian & Other Pacific Islander Alone | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| Area | 2009 Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population | Total | Percent of Total Population |
| Syracuse Region * | 773,606 | 683,258 | 88.32% | 54,327 | 7.02% | 14,480 | 1.87% | 11,599 | 1.50% | 5,395 | 0.70% | 4,457 | 0.58% | 90 | 0.01% |
| Cayuga County | 79,526 | 73,637 | 92.59% | 3,472 | 4.37% | 106 | 0.13% | 950 | 1.19% | 1,046 | 1.32% | 285 | 0.36% | 30 | 0.04% |
| Cortland County ^A | 47,996 | 46,053 | 95.95% | 808 | 1.68% | 312 | 0.65% | 652 | 1.36% | N/A | N/A | 163 | 0.34% | 8 | 0.02% |
| Madison County | 69,954 | 66,800 | 95.49% | 1,105 | 1.58% | 490 | 0.70% | 802 | 1.15% | 337 | 0.48% | 420 | 0.60% | 0 | 0.00% |
| Onondaga County | 454,753 | 379,333 | 83.42% | 47,876 | 10.53% | 12,635 | 2.78% | 7,757 | 1.71% | 3,599 | 0.79% | 3,501 | 0.77% | 52 | 0.01% |
| Oswego County | 121,377 | 117,435 | 96.75% | 1,066 | 0.88% | 937 | 0.77% | 1,438 | 1.18% | 413 | 0.34% | 88 | 0.07% | 0 | 0.00% |
| Upstate New York Region | 3,353,122 | 2,865,628 | 85.46% | 317,179 | 9.46% | 62,032 | 1.85% | 51,756 | 1.54% | 37,868 | 1.13% | 17,692 | 0.53% | 967 | 0.03% |
| United States | 307,006,556 | 229,773,131 | 74.84% | 38,093,725 | 12.41% | 13,774,611 | 4.49% | 7,505,173 | 2.44% | 14,948,363 | 4.87% | 2,457,552 | 0.80% | 454,001 | 0.15% |

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates

Note: Some Other Race data for Upstate NY region sum – Does not include Cortland, Allegany, Wyoming or Yates Counties

^A U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 Population Estimates Program

^{*} Data at the regional level is not available. The regional total is calculated by summing county level data only for counties with available data. Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A.

- The vast majority of the population for all counties in the Upstate New York region is classified as *White*. The Rochester region includes the counties with the smallest share of *White* population (Monroe County, 78.49%) and the largest share of *White* population (Yates County, 97.72%) (Table 2).
- 15 of the 19 counties in the Upstate New York region have shares of the *White* population that are 90% or greater.
- In 14 of the 19 counties, *Black or African American* was the second-largest racial category. Three of the remaining five counties had *Two or More Races* as their second-largest racial category: Chautauqua County (2.33%), Ontario County (2.43%), and Oswego County (1.18%). Cattaraugus County (2.61%) listed *American Indian and Alaskan Native Alone* as its second-largest racial category. For Yates County, *Black and African American* and *Two or More Races* tied (.86%) for the second-largest racial category in the county.
- Monroe County had the largest share of Black or African American population in any geographic location in the region (14.35%). Erie County had the second-highest share of Black or African American (13.42%), followed by Onondaga County where Black or African American accounted for 10.53% of the total population.
- The share of *White* population in the Syracuse region (88.32%) was the largest among all three regions in Upstate New York. In addition, the Syracuse region had the smallest share of *Black or African American* (7.02%) within its population.

AGE DISTRIBUTION

Table 3. Age Distribution for Upstate New York Geographies, 2009

| _ | - | _ Under 5 | | 5 t | o 19 | 20 to 29 | | 30 to 39 | | 40 | to 49 | 50 to 59 | | 60 & Over | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------------|---------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|---------|-----------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------------|
| Area | 2009 Total Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population |
| Buffalo Region | 1,386,153 | 74,943 | 5.41% | 269,619 | 19.45% | 181,811 | 13.12% | 159,588 | 11.51% | 197,920 | 14.28% | 203,230 | 14.66% | 299,042 | 21.57% |
| Allegany County | 49,157 | 2,649 | 5.39% | 11,050 | 22.48% | 7,381 | 15.02% | 5,070 | 10.31% | 6,208 | 12.63% | 6,813 | 13.86% | 9,986 | 20.31% |
| Cattaraugus County | 79,689 | 4,572 | 5.74% | 15,815 | 19.85% | 9,859 | 12.37% | 8,623 | 10.82% | 11,185 | 14.04% | 12,521 | 15.71% | 17,114 | 21.48% |
| Chautauqua County | 133,503 | 7,243 | 5.43% | 27,114 | 20.31% | 17,052 | 12.77% | 15,858 | 11.88% | 16,940 | 12.69% | 19,400 | 14.53% | 29,896 | 22.39% |
| Erie County | 909,247 | 48,809 | 5.37% | 174,501 | 19.19% | 120,432 | 13.25% | 105,100 | 11.56% | 132,477 | 14.57% | 131,442 | 14.46% | 196,486 | 21.61% |
| Niagara County | 214,557 | 11,670 | 5.44% | 41,139 | 19.17% | 27,087 | 12.62% | 24,937 | 11.62% | 31,110 | 14.50% | 33,054 | 15.41% | 45,560 | 21.23% |
| Rochester Region | 1,193,363 | 67,671 | 5.67% | 240,208 | 20.13% | 158,869 | 13.31% | 134,064 | 11.23% | 180,083 | 15.09% | 176,753 | 14.81% | 235,715 | 19.75% |
| Genesee County | 57,868 | 3,280 | 5.67% | 11,045 | 19.09% | 6,912 | 11.94% | 6,106 | 10.55% | 9,032 | 15.61% | 8,859 | 15.31% | 12,634 | 21.83% |
| Livingston County ^A | 62,871 | 3,129 | 4.98% | 13,125 | 20.88% | 9,909 | 15.76% | 5,929 | 9.43% | 9,581 | 15.24% | 9,422 | 14.99% | 11,776 | 18.73% |
| Monroe County | 733,703 | 42,405 | 5.78% | 149,413 | 20.36% | 101,887 | 13.89% | 84,133 | 11.47% | 108,760 | 14.82% | 105,835 | 14.42% | 141,270 | 19.25% |
| Ontario County | 105,650 | 5,973 | 5.65% | 21,045 | 19.92% | 12,223 | 11.57% | 10,595 | 10.03% | 16,271 | 15.40% | 17,216 | 16.30% | 22,327 | 21.13% |
| Orleans County | 42,051 | 2,224 | 5.29% | 8,353 | 19.86% | 5,324 | 12.66% | 4,981 | 11.85% | 6,583 | 15.65% | 6,196 | 14.73% | 8,390 | 19.95% |
| Seneca County ^A | 34,049 | 1,831 | 5.38% | 6,108 | 17.94% | 4,682 | 13.75% | 4,346 | 12.76% | 4,810 | 14.13% | 4,965 | 14.58% | 7,307 | 21.46% |
| Wayne County | 91,291 | 5,292 | 5.80% | 18,281 | 20.02% | 9,356 | 10.25% | 10,465 | 11.46% | 14,993 | 16.42% | 14,403 | 15.78% | 18,501 | 20.27% |
| Wyoming County ^A | 41,398 | 2,074 | 5.01% | 7,469 | 18.04% | 5,606 | 13.54% | 5,430 | 13.12% | 6,750 | 16.31% | 6,193 | 14.96% | 7,876 | 19.03% |
| Yates County ^A | 24,482 | 1,463 | 5.98% | 5,369 | 21.93% | 2,970 | 12.13% | 2,079 | 8.49% | 3,303 | 13.49% | 3,664 | 14.97% | 5,634 | 23.01% |

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates

^A U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 Population Estimates Program

Table 3. Age Distribution for Upstate New York Geographies, 2009 (Continued)

| - | - | Und | ler 5 | 5 to | 5 to 19 | | 20 to 29 | | to 39 | 40 t | o 49 | 50 to 59 | | 60 & Over | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Area | 2009 Total Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population | Total | % of Population |
| Syracuse Region | 773,606 | 44,599 | 5.77% | 158,573 | 20.50% | 105,424 | 13.63% | 86,794 | 11.22% | 118,007 | 15.25% | 110,932 | 14.34% | 149,277 | 19.30% |
| Cayuga County | 79,526 | 4,120 | 5.18% | 14,851 | 18.67% | 10,637 | 13.38% | 8,788 | 11.05% | 12,711 | 15.98% | 12,302 | 15.47% | 16,117 | 20.27% |
| Cortland County ^A | 47,996 | 2,594 | 5.40% | 10,455 | 21.78% | 8,546 | 17.81% | 4,542 | 9.46% | 6,656 | 13.87% | 6,384 | 13.30% | 8,819 | 18.37% |
| Madison County | 69,954 | 3,753 | 5.36% | 14,477 | 20.70% | 10,150 | 14.51% | 6,710 | 9.59% | 10,830 | 15.48% | 10,754 | 15.37% | 13,280 | 18.98% |
| Onondaga County | 454,753 | 27,105 | 5.96% | 92,914 | 20.43% | 59,474 | 13.08% | 53,670 | 11.80% | 67,995 | 14.95% | 63,697 | 14.01% | 89,898 | 19.77% |
| Oswego County | 121,377 | 7,027 | 5.79% | 25,876 | 21.32% | 16,617 | 13.69% | 13,084 | 10.78% | 19,815 | 16.33% | 17,795 | 14.66% | 21,163 | 17.44% |
| Upstate New York Region | 3,353,122 | 187,197 | 5.58% | 668,498 | 19.94% | 445,530 | 13.29% | 379,860 | 11.33% | 496,935 | 14.82% | 490,413 | 14.63% | 684,689 | 20.42% |
| United States | 307,006,556 | 21,209,207 | 6.91% | 62,425,270 | 20.33% | 42,944,914 | 13.99% | 40,328,948 | 13.14% | 44,039,759 | 14.34% | 40,532,426 | 13.20% | 55,526,032 | 18.09% |

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates ^A U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 Population Estimates Program

- The Upstate New York region, by age, has an evenly distributed population. One-half (50.13%) of the total population is under the age of 40, while 49.87% of the total population is over the age of 40 (Table 3).
- Courtland County in the Syracuse region has a relatively young population compared to the other counties in Upstate New York with 54.46% of the total population under the age of 40.
- Ontario County in the Rochester region, with 52.83% of the total population above the age of 40, has a relatively older population compared to the other counties in the Upstate New York region.
- Compared to the United States, the Upstate New York region has an older population. The Upstate New York region exceeded the United States in the percentage of population above 40 years old (49.87% for Upstate New York versus 45.63% for the United States).
- The Syracuse region is the youngest among the three regions with 51.11% of its population under the age of 40, as compared to 49.49% in the Buffalo region and 50.35% in the Rochester region.

PER CAPITA INCOME

Table 4. Per Capita Personal Income for Upstate New York Geographies, 2000 & 2008

| Area | 2000 | 2008 | Difference (2000-2008) | Percent Change (2000-2008) |
|--|----------|----------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | \$28,257 | \$31,841 | \$3,584 | 12.69% |
| Allegany County | \$23,725 | \$26,033 | \$2,308 | 9.73% |
| Cattaraugus County | \$25,953 | \$31,719 | \$5,766 | 22.22% |
| Chautauqua County | \$26,463 | \$29,893 | \$3,430 | 12.96% |
| Erie County | \$34,620 | \$38,795 | \$4,175 | 12.06% |
| Niagara County | \$30,525 | \$32,767 | \$2,242 | 7.34% |
| Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) | \$29,738 | \$32,899 | \$3,160 | 10.63% |
| Genesee County | \$30,201 | \$32,663 | \$2,462 | 8.15% |
| Livingston County | \$28,553 | \$31,202 | \$2,649 | 9.28% |
| Monroe County | \$38,539 | \$42,082 | \$3,543 | 9.19% |
| Ontario County | \$35,172 | \$38,630 | \$3,458 | 9.83% |
| Orleans County | \$25,799 | \$28,096 | \$2,297 | 8.90% |
| Seneca County | \$28,683 | \$31,286 | \$2,603 | 9.07% |
| Wayne County | \$30,969 | \$34,353 | \$3,384 | 10.93% |
| Wyoming County | \$24,303 | \$29,124 | \$4,821 | 19.83% |
| Yates County | \$25,425 | \$28,654 | \$3,229 | 12.70% |
| Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | \$29,923 | \$32,610 | \$2,687 | 8.98% |
| Cayuga County | \$28,137 | \$31,820 | \$3,683 | 13.09% |
| Cortland County | \$27,589 | \$29,776 | \$2,187 | 7.93% |
| Madison County | \$31,410 | \$32,854 | \$1,444 | 4.60% |
| Onondaga County | \$35,705 | \$39,814 | \$4,109 | 11.51% |
| Oswego County | \$26,773 | \$28,787 | \$2,014 | 7.52% |
| Upstate New York Region (19 County Region) | \$29,397 | \$32,545 | \$3,148 | 10.71% |
| United States | \$37,907 | \$40,166 | \$2,259 | 5.96% |

Notes: Per capita income adjusted for inflation to 2008 dollars Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, 2000 and 2008

- Per capita income grew in each of the 19 counties in the Upstate New York region from 2000 to 2008 (Table 4).
- Cattaraugus County in the Buffalo region experienced the greatest rate of increase in per capita income (22.22%), while Madison County in the Syracuse region experienced the smallest increase in per capita income (4.60%).
- Allegany County in the Buffalo region had the lowest per capita income of all geographies in the region for both 2000 (\$23,725) and 2008 (\$26,033); it was below the Upstate New York 19county per capital income and well below the per capita income for the United States for both years.
- Monroe County in the Rochester region had the highest per capita income of all geographies in the region in both 2000 (\$38,539) and 2008 (\$42,082). It was higher than the United States in both years.
- In 2008 the per capita income in the combined 19-county region of Upstate New York (\$32,545) was well below the United States (\$40,166). However, per-capita income in Upstate NY grew much faster than in the United States; from 2000 to 2008, per capita income in Upstate New York grew by 10.71%, nearly double the growth in the United States (5.96%) during that time.

POVERTY LEVEL

Table 5. Population and Percentage of Residents below Poverty Level for Upstate New York Geographies, 2009

| Area | 2009 Total Population Below Poverty Level | Percent of Total Population Below Poverty Level | Male Population Below Poverty Level | Percent Population Below Poverty Level (Male) | Female Population Below Poverty Level | Percent Population Below Poverty Level (Female) |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Buffalo Region (Western New York Region)* | 189,452 | 14.54% | 82,022 | 13.04% | 107,430 | 15.94% |
| Allegany County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Cattaraugus County | 13,462 | 17.40% | 5,503 | 14.40% | 7,959 | 20.33% |
| Chautauqua County | 22,704 | 17.72% | 10,476 | 16.66% | 12,228 | 18.75% |
| Erie County | 122,962 | 13.87% | 53,834 | 12.66% | 69,128 | 14.99% |
| Niagara County | 30,324 | 14.35% | 12,209 | 11.86% | 18,115 | 16.71% |
| Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region)* | 111,576 | 12.39% | 49,488 | 11.29% | 62,088 | 13.44% |
| Genesee County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Livingston County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Monroe County | 95,360 | 13.44% | 41,973 | 12.22% | 53,387 | 14.58% |
| Ontario County | 6,164 | 6.09% | 2,731 | 5.44% | 3,433 | 6.72% |
| Orleans County A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Seneca County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Wayne County | 10,052 | 11.23% | 4,784 | 10.67% | 5,268 | 11.80% |
| Wyoming County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Yates County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Syracuse Region (Central New York Region)* | 93,621 | 13.48% | 42,040 | 12.45% | 51,581 | 14.46% |
| Cayuga County | 9,012 | 12.70% | 3,506 | 10.24% | 5,506 | 14.99% |
| Cortland County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Madison County | 6,374 | 9.69% | 3,240 | 10.03% | 3,134 | 9.37% |
| Onondaga County | 61,499 | 13.92% | 27,585 | 12.88% | 33,914 | 14.90% |
| Oswego County | 16,736 | 14.44% | 7,709 | 13.54% | 9,027 | 15.31% |
| Upstate New York Region (based on 11 County data)* | 413,768 | 13.42% | 182,302 | 12.18% | 231,466 | 14.60% |
| United States | 42,868,163 | 14.34% | 19,183,762 | 13.07% | 23,684,401 | 15.55% |

Notes: * Data at the regional level is not available. The regional total is calculated by summing county level data only for counties with available data. Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A.

Percentage of population below poverty level = Total population below poverty level/population for whom poverty status is determined.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates

^A The population of Orleans, Livingston, Genesee, Seneca, Cortland, Allegany, Wyoming, and Yates counties is below 65,000 and is not included in ACS data;

- Chautauqua County in the Buffalo region had the highest overall poverty rate in 2009 among the counties in Upstate New York and United States for total population (17.72%) and male population (16.66%). Cattaraugus County, also in the Buffalo region had the highest poverty rate for female population, 20.33% (Table 5).
- Ontario County in the Rochester region had the lowest poverty rate among all other counties in the Upstate New York region and United States with a rate of 6.09% for total population, 5.44% for male population, and 6.72% for female population.
- In 2009, poverty rates in the Upstate New York region were below the United States average for total population, male population, and female population.
- The Buffalo region had higher poverty rates than the Syracuse region, the Rochester region, and the United States for total population below poverty (14.54%) and total female population below poverty (15.94%).

EDUCATION MEASURES

Table 6. Educational Attainment for Residents 25 Years and Over for Upstate New York Geographies, 2009

| | | Less Than 9th Grade | | | 9th to 12th Grade No Diploma | | High School Graduate, GED, or Alternative | | Some College, No Degree | | e's Degree | Bachelor's Degree | | Graduate or Professional Degree | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|--------|--|---------|--|---------|--|---------|--|-------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Area | 2009 Total Population Over 25 Years Old | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older |
| Buffalo Region* | 915,209 | 31,045 | 3.39% | 74,410 | 8.13% | 291,345 | 31.83% | 172,298 | 18.83% | 100,503 | 10.98% | 136,198 | 14.88% | 109,410 | 11.95% |
| Allegany County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Cattaraugus County | 53,503 | 2,249 | 4.20% | 5,546 | 10.37% | 22,286 | 41.65% | 8,245 | 15.41% | 6,327 | 11.83% | 4,341 | 8.11% | 4,509 | 8.43% |
| Chautauqua County | 89,876 | 3,750 | 4.17% | 7,228 | 8.04% | 30,488 | 33.92% | 17,867 | 19.88% | 11,536 | 12.84% | 10,731 | 11.94% | 8,276 | 9.21% |
| Erie County | 623,299 | 21,381 | 3.43% | 50,093 | 8.04% | 178,796 | 28.69% | 116,890 | 18.75% | 66,122 | 10.61% | 104,852 | 16.82% | 85,165 | 13.66% |
| Niagara County | 148,531 | 3,665 | 2.47% | 11,543 | 7.77% | 59,775 | 40.24% | 29,296 | 19.72% | 16,518 | 11.12% | 16,274 | 10.96% | 11,460 | 7.72% |

Note: * Data at the regional level is not available. The regional total is calculated by summing county level data only for counties with available data. Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A.

Data for Upstate NY region sum - Does not include Cortland, Allegany, Wyoming or Yates Counties

^A The population for the counties of Orleans, Livingston, Genesee, Seneca, Cortland, Allegany, Wyoming, & Yates are below 65,000 (not included in ACS data); Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates

Table 6. Educational Attainment for Residents 25 Years and Over for Upstate New York Geographies, 2009 (Continued)

| | | Less Than 9th Grade | | 9th to 12th Grade No Diploma | | High School Graduate, GED, or Alternative | | Some Co Deg | _ | Associate | 's Degree | Bachelor's Degree | | Graduate or Professional Degree | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------|--|-----------|--|-------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Area | 2009 Total Population Over 25 Years Old | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older |
| Rochester Region* | 618,853 | 21,688 | 3.50% | 46,950 | 7.59% | 166,620 | 26.92% | 109,056 | 17.62% | 70,914 | 11.46% | 119,647 | 19.33% | 83,978 | 13.57% |
| Genesee County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Livingston County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Monroe County | 484,472 | 17,329 | 3.58% | 38,131 | 7.87% | 123,737 | 25.54% | 84,323 | 17.41% | 52,207 | 10.78% | 97,966 | 20.22% | 70,779 | 14.61% |
| Ontario County | 71,804 | 1,544 | 2.15% | 3,220 | 4.48% | 21,154 | 29.46% | 13,505 | 18.81% | 10,401 | 14.49% | 13,384 | 18.64% | 8,596 | 11.97% |
| Orleans County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Seneca County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Wayne County | 62,577 | 2,815 | 4.50% | 5,599 | 8.95% | 21,729 | 34.72% | 11,228 | 17.94% | 8,306 | 13.27% | 8,297 | 13.26% | 4,603 | 7.36% |
| Wyoming County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Yates County ^A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Note: * Data at the regional level is not available. The regional total is calculated by summing county level data only for counties with available data. Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A.

Data for Upstate NY region sum – Does not include Cortland, Allegany, Wyoming or Yates Counties

A The population for the counties of Orleans, Livingston, Genesee, Seneca, Cortland, Allegany, Wyoming, & Yates are below 65,000 (not included in ACS data); Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates

Table 6. Educational Attainment for Residents 25 Years and Over for Upstate New York Geographies, 2009 (Continued)

| | | Less Than | 9th Grade | 9th to 12th Grade No Diploma | | | High School Graduate, GED, or Alternative | | e, No Degree | lo Degree Associate's Degree | | Bachelor's Degree | | Graduate or Professional Degree | |
|---|--|------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|--|------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Area | 2009 Total Population Over 25 Years Old | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older | Total | % Population 25 Years and Older |
| Syracuse Region* | 482,513 | 14,438 | 2.99% | 40,1 | 138 8.32% | 148,548 | 30.79% | 93,387 | 19.35% | 53,167 | 11.02% | 77,287 | 16.02% | 55,548 | 11.51% |
| Cayuga County | 54,868 | 2,011 | 3.67% | 6,7 | 795 12.38% | 18,310 | 33.37% | 10,499 | 19.14% | 6,571 | 11.98% | 7,002 | 12.76% | 3,680 | 6.71% |
| Cortland County | N/A | N/A | N/A | ١ | N/A N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Madison County | 44,894 | 1,328 | 2.96% | 3,4 | 7.74% | 16,962 | 37.78% | 7,466 | 16.63% | 5,551 | 12.36% | 6,476 | 14.43% | 3,637 | 8.10% |
| Onondaga County | 303,761 | 8,482 | 2.79% | 22,0 | 076 7.27% | 80,975 | 26.66% | 59,226 | 19.50% | 34,216 | 11.26% | 56,131 | 18.48% | 42,655 | 14.04% |
| Oswego County | 78,990 | 2,617 | 3.31% | 7,7 | 793 9.87% | 32,301 | 40.89% | 16,196 | 20.50% | 6,829 | 8.65% | 7,678 | 9.72% | 5,576 | 7.06% |
| Upstate New York Region (based on 11 County data)* | 2,147,487 | 72,732 | 3.39% | 173,2 | 277 8.07% | 654,107 | 30.46% | 399,801 | 18.62% | 239,605 | 11.16% | 348,299 | 16.22% | 259,666 | 12.09% |
| United States | 281,421,906 | 12,640,961 | 6.26% | 17,144,2 | 287 8.49% | 57,551,671 | 28.50% | 43,087,484 | 21.34% | 15,192,326 | 7.52% | 35,494,367 | 17.58% | 20,841,287 | 10.32% |

Note: * Data at the regional level is not available. The regional total is calculated by summing county level data only for counties with available data. Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A.

Center for Economic Development, Maxine Goodman Levin College of Urban Affairs Cleveland State University

A The population for the counties of Orleans, Livingston, Genesee, Seneca, Cortland, Allegany, Wyoming, & Yates is below 65,000 (not included in ACS data); Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey One Year Estimates

Data for Upstate NY region sum – Does not include Cortland, Allegany, Wyoming or Yates Counties

- Monroe County in the Rochester region has the largest share of population older than 25 years with a college degree (45.61%). Monroe County also has the highest percentage of population with a *graduate or professional degree* (14.61%) (Table 6).
- Cayuga County in the Syracuse region has the highest percentage of population older than 25 years old without a high-school diploma (16.05%); this is larger than all other 11 counties in the Upstate New York region where data was available and larger than the U.S. average.
- Compared to the United States, the Upstate New York region has higher percentages in key
 education attainment indicators. Upstate NY exceeds the nation in associate degrees (11.16% of
 the 11 counties of Upstate New York versus 7.52% for the United States) and graduate or
 professional degrees (12.09% of the 11 counties of Upstate New York versus 10.32% for the
 United States).
- Within the Upstate New York region, the percentage of population with a college degree in the Rochester region (44.36%) greatly exceeds the Buffalo region (37.82%) and the Syracuse region (38.55%). The Rochester region (61.98%) also outpaces the Buffalo region (56.64%) and the Syracuse region (57.90%) in percentage of population with at least some college education.

FOREIGN BORN

Table 7. Population Born Outside the United States for Upstate New York, and United States, 2000 & 5-Year Annual Average (2005 – 2009)

| | | 2000 | | 5 – Year Annual Average (2005-2009) | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Area | Population | Total Foreign Born Population | Percent of Total Population | Population | Total Foreign Born Population | Percent of Total Population | | |
| Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | 1,443,743 | 56,127 | 3.89% | 1,392,631 | 64,459 | 4.63% | | |
| Allegany County | 49,927 | 920 | 1.84% | 49,391 | 1,001 | 2.03% | | |
| Cattaraugus County | 83,955 | 1,183 | 1.41% | 80,349 | 1,408 | 1.75% | | |
| Chautauqua County | 139,750 | 2,643 | 1.89% | 134,078 | 2,493 | 1.86% | | |
| Erie County | 950,265 | 42,886 | 4.51% | 914,200 | 51,011 | 5.58% | | |
| Niagara County | 219,846 | 8,495 | 3.86% | 214,613 | 8,546 | 3.98% | | |
| Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) | 1,199,588 | 65,157 | 5.43% | 1,191,761 | 69,261 | 5.81% | | |
| Genesee County | 60,370 | 1,305 | 2.16% | 58,208 | 1,215 | 2.09% | | |
| Livingston County | 64,328 | 1,668 | 2.59% | 63,162 | 1,359 | 2.15% | | |
| Monroe County | 735,343 | 53,743 | 7.31% | 731,621 | 57,334 | 7.84% | | |
| Ontario County | 100,224 | 2,749 | 2.74% | 104,205 | 3,335 | 3.20% | | |
| Orleans County | 44,171 | 1,172 | 2.65% | 42,380 | 1,342 | 3.17% | | |
| Seneca County | 33,342 | 816 | 2.45% | 34,181 | 921 | 2.69% | | |
| Wayne County | 93,765 | 2,157 | 2.30% | 91,658 | 2,438 | 2.66% | | |
| Wyoming County | 43,424 | 982 | 2.26% | 41,820 | 913 | 2.18% | | |
| Yates County | 24,621 | 565 | 2.29% | 24,526 | 404 | 1.65% | | |
| Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | 780,716 | 32,382 | 4.15% | 773,503 | 34,296 | 4.43% | | |
| Cayuga County | 81,963 | 1,856 | 2.26% | 79,994 | 1,730 | 2.16% | | |
| Cortland County | 48,599 | 1,081 | 2.22% | 48,207 | 988 | 2.05% | | |
| Madison County | 69,441 | 1,558 | 2.24% | 69,868 | 1,494 | 2.14% | | |
| Onondaga County | 458,336 | 25,929 | 5.66% | 453,846 | 27,552 | 6.07% | | |
| Oswego County | 122,377 | 1,958 | 1.60% | 121,588 | 2,532 | 2.08% | | |
| Upstate New York Region (19-County Region) | 3,424,047 | 153,666 | 4.49% | 3,357,895 | 168,016 | 5.00% | | |
| United States | 281,421,906 | 31,107,889 | 11.05% | 301,461,533 | 37,342,597 | 12.39% | | |

Note: The 2005-2009 Annual Average is in Table 7 because the 2009 series was suppressed; population counts for several geographies were too small to report.

Source: (2000 Total Population for all study areas) U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Decennial Census; U.S. Census Bureau, 2005 - 2009 America Community Survey Five Year Estimate

- The foreign-born population is relatively small among the counties in the Upstate New York region. The Upstate New York region had much lower percentages of foreign born (5.00%) than the United States (12.39%) between 2005 and 2009 (Table 7).
- In 2000, the gap between the United States (11.05%) and the Upstate New York region (4.49%) was smaller than the average of 2005 to 2009, although the data source for 2000 is different from that for 2005-2009.
- Among all counties in Table 7, Monroe County (7.84%) in the Rochester region had the largest percentage of foreign-born residents for the average year from 2005 and 2009, followed by Onondaga County (6.07%) in the Syracuse region. Monroe and Onondaga counties are the second and third-largest counties in the Upstate New York area.
- Among all counties in Table 7, Yates County (1.65%) in the Rochester region had the smallest percentage of foreign-born residents for the average year from 2005 and 2009. It is also the smallest county in the Upstate New York region, with a population of only 24,261.
- The share of the foreign-born population in the Upstate New York region increased slightly between 2000 and the average year from 2005 and 2009 from 4.49% to 5.00%.
- Among the three regions analyzed, the Rochester region had the largest share of foreign-born population (5.81%) between 2005 and 2009. However, the Buffalo region experienced the largest increase (0.74%) of foreign born population. It grew from 3.89% in 2000 to 4.63% for the average year from 2005 and 2009.

CHAPTER 2: ECONOMY AND INDUSTRY

This analysis conducted by the Center for Economic Development at Cleveland State University's Maxine Goodman Levin College of Urban Affairs examines the economic profile of Upstate New York. First, we summarize information from other studies that were conducted on the Upstate New York economy. Second, we describe major findings from an analysis we conducted at the Center for Economic Development.

The analytical section includes an examination of trends in employment, gross product, and average wage. It identifies high-performing ("winning") industries, occupational information, top employers, economic inclusion, and economic development organizations.

Upstate New York is defined for this study as a 19-county region that includes the 5-county Buffalo region (Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, and Niagara Counties) the 9-county Rochester region (Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Wayne, Wyoming, Yates, and Seneca Counties) and the 5-county Syracuse region (Cayuga, Cortland, Onondaga, Oswego, and Madison Counties).

In order to create a benchmarking system, we compared Upstate New York region, and its sub-regions, to the state of New York and the United States.

The structure of this report is such that in most instances throughout the analysis, a graphic or table is followed by bullet points that highlight the observations of collected and studied data. The overall 19-county Upstate New York is analyzed and discussed first, and then followed by an analysis of each subregion and then the three sub-regions are analyzed in relation to each other.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

This section provides a review of other studies that were conducted about the Upstate New York region and its sub-regions. These studies focus on industry clusters, workforce skills, and the role of universities in the regions.

UPSTATE NEW YORK REGION

ECONOMIC CLIMATE

Overall the literature on Upstate New York has focused on changing the economic model of the region from one that was based on manufacturing and the production of goods to that of a 21st Century knowledge economy. Even with this change, there has been a shift from highly paid manufacturing employment to lower paid service jobs in the health care and education sector. The movement of manufacturing out of Upstate New York has significantly weakened the region and has had a great impact on the ability of remaining businesses to be innovative; many firms have been off-shored.

INDUSTRY CLUSTERS

The U.S.-China Economic and Security Review Commission identified four main industry clusters in the Upstate New York region that will be explored further in this analysis one region at a time. Overall, the key industries in Upstate New York are:

- Machine Tools
- Optoelectronics
- Life Sciences and Education
- Clean Tech

WORKFORCE

Much has been written about the population loss of the Upstate New York region. The loss of population over the years is combined with the fact that the population currently living in the region is growing older. In addition, those who attend a university in the region do not stay to work in the region; rather they move downstate to New York City or Long Island for employment. Studies question what the determining factor in this population loss is: a brain drain by educated people leaving or a lack of a brain gain by not attracting educated people to move to the region. ⁷

⁵ U.S.-China Economic and Security Review Commission "Chapter 3: China's Industrial Policy and Its Impact on Upstate New York." Annual Report to Congress of the U.S.-China Economic and Security Review Commission 2009

⁶ U.S.-China Economic and Security Review Commission "Chapter 3: China's Industrial Policy and Its Impact on Upstate New York." Annual Report to Congress of the U.S.-China Economic and Security Review Commission 2009

⁷ Federal Reserve Bank of New York, Buffalo "A Brain Drain or an Insufficient Brain Gain?" August 2007

In order to have a vital diverse economy, it is important that Upstate New York attract and retain highly-skilled workers with 1) technical skills to fuel the advance manufacturing industry and 2) college educations, specifically professionals and managers with degrees in science and technologies. Five suggestions have been offered to have Upstate New York compete with New York City and other vibrant cities⁸:

- 1. Investment in the urban environment and infrastructure
- 2. Tuition programs sponsored by local employers
- 3. Come home programs to strengthen ties between university graduates and the region
- 4. An Upstate New York-Specific marketing effort
- 5. Recognition of the presence and achievements of a younger generation of civic and business leaders

THE BUFFALO REGION (WESTERN NEW YORK REGION)

INDUSTRY CLUSTERS

The Buffalo Niagara Partnership, a regional economic development and marketing organization that represents a larger geographic region than the scope of this study⁹ has identified seven industry¹⁰ clusters in the Buffalo region to concentrate their economic development efforts. They are:

ADVANCED BUSINESS SERVICES 11

- This sector, which is also known as the "Back Office" industry, is composed of companies that provide professional support services, such as customer service, accounting, and human resources.
- According to the University of Buffalo Regional Institute, this sector is one of the fastest growing industries and is extremely attractive to younger workers.
- Occupations related to Back Office work include Customer Services Representatives; Tellers;
 Accountants and Auditors; Office Clerks; General Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support
 Workers; Loan Officers, Bookkeeping, Accounting, and Auditing Clerks; Insurance Sales Agents;
 Executive Secretaries and Administrative Assistants; and Computer Software Engineers.

ADVANCED MANUFACTURING 12

• The Buffalo region has a long history of manufacturing and in 1995 the region made a conscious shift to advanced manufacturing.

⁸ Christoperson, Susan "Attracting and Retaining a Young Skilled Workforce in Upstate New York" Community and Rural Development Institute. November 2007.

⁹ The Buffalo Niagara Partnership represents the eight county region of Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, Niagara, Orleans, Genesee, and Wyoming Counties.

¹⁰ University of Buffalo Regional Institute "Buffalo Niagara Labor Assessment" 2010

¹¹ NAICS Categories: General Business Support (5611, 5612, 5614); Banking, Accounting & Insurance (5221, 5222, 5223, 5231, 5241, 5242, 5412); Technical Professional Services (5414, 5415, 5419, 5413); Data & Telecommunications (5171, 5172, 5179, 5182)

¹² NAICS Categories: Food, Beverage & Tobacco (3111 –3121); Textiles & Apparel (3132 – 3152); Wood, Paper & Printing Production (3211 – 3231); Chemical-based (3241 – 3279); Metal based (3311 – 3329); Machinery (3331 – 3339); Computers & Electronics (3341 – 3359); Transportation Manufacturing (3362 – 3369); Furniture & Other Manufacturing (3371 – 3399).

- The Buffalo region's advanced manufacturing includes sub-clusters of the automotive industry and the aircraft/aerospace industry¹³
 - Automotive Companies: American Axle and Manufacturing; Delphi; Ford; General Motors;
 Motorola;
 - Aircraft/aerospace Companies: Northrop Grumman, Inc; Endine, Inc.; Moog, Inc.; Sierra Technology;
- Major industry categories include: automotive part producers and their suppliers; aerospace and defense contractors; industrial chemicals; advanced plastics and new polymers; food packagers and processors.
- This sector represents several Tier I & II winning industries discussed further in this analysis. They include:
 - o Basic Chemical Manufacturing
 - Plastics Product Manufacturing
 - Steel Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel
 - o Electrical Equipment Manufacturing
- Occupations related to Advanced Manufacturing include: Team Assemblers; Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers; Machinists; Production Helpers; Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers; Laborers and Freight, Stock and Material Movers; Welders, Cutters, and Solders; Sales Representative and Wholesale; Maintenance and Repair Workers; and Packaging and Filling Machine Operators.

AGRIBUSINESS 14

- The Buffalo region has one of the top food manufacturing and food processing economic clusters in the nation. Agribusiness primarily refers to the production of food and beverages but also includes the fabrication of machinery and creation of fertilizers for the production of food and beverages.
- The state of New York is the 3rd largest dairy producing state in the nation and Western New York State accounts for 23% of New York milk production. 15
- There are over 7,000 farms and 21 dairy processing plants in the Buffalo region.
- Occupations related to Agribusiness include: Packaging and Filling Machine Operators; Meat,
 Poultry, and Fish Cutters and Trimmers; Packers and Packagers; Food Batchmakers; Laborers and
 Freight, Stock and Material Movers; Production Helpers; Supervisors of Production and Operating
 Workers; Team Assemblers; Bakers; and Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators.
- Agribusiness represents many Tier I & II winning industries discussed further in this analysis, including:
 - Dairy Product Manufacturing
 - Animal Food Manufacturing
 - Grain and Oilseed Milling
- Regional strengths:
 - Can receive and distribute food shipments via the Great Lakes reaching Midwestern states and Canada.

¹³ The Buffalo Niagara Partnership "Industry Cluster Profile: Transportation Equipment" September 2005.

¹⁴ NAICS Categories: Agricultural Machinery and Chemical Manufacturing (3253, 3331); Agribusiness Support Activities (1151, 1152); Food & Beverage production (3113, 3114, 3115, 3116, 3118, 3119, 3121)

¹⁵ Informa Economics and Moran, Stahl & Boyer, LLC "Agricultural –Dependent Economic Development for Western New York State"

o Located near population centers to distribute food: within 500 miles of 55% of the United States population and 62% of the Canadian population including nearby Toronto.

HOSPITALITY / TOURISM 16

- The Buffalo region capitalizes on its geographic vicinity to Niagara Falls, which draws over 14 million people each year.
- Buffalo also has a variety of sports teams that are a regional and national draws for sports fans.
- Tourism has a significant appeal from an economic development standpoint because injects dollars into the local economy from individuals who could spend their money in other cities.
- The occupational patterns of individuals who work in the hospitality and tourism industry tend to be low-skilled and low-wage jobs, such as Waiters and Waitresses, Cooks, Dishwashers, Cashiers, and Bartenders.
- This sector represents one Tier I winning industry discussed further in this analysis: Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports, and Similar Events

LIFE SCIENCES¹⁷

- This sector includes Medical Products, Pharmaceutical, and Research.
- The region is home to about 130 companies in the medical device, therapeutics and related sectors.
- The Buffalo Niagara Medical Campus (BNMC) is the anchor institution which drives this industry. BNMC is a consortium of the region's clinical care, research, and medical institutions which includes:
 - o Roswell Park Cancer Institute
 - University at Buffalo's New York State Center of Excellence in Bioinformatics
 - o Life Sciences and Hauptman-Woodward Medical Research Institute
- Top Occupations in the Life Sciences cluster are: Medical Scientists; Dental Laboratory Technicians
 Team Assemblers; Molding, Coremaking, and Casting Machine Operators; and General and
 Operations Managers.
- This sector represents a Tier II winning industry discussed further in this analysis: Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing

LOGISTICS 18

- The geographic vicinity to Lake Ontario and Lake Erie makes the Buffalo region a shipping and logistics hub and home to eight international ports of entry (4 auto, 3 rail, 1 water), which contribute to \$81 billion in annual trade between Canada and the United States.
- Employment in logistics can include freight forwarding, trucking and rail transport, wholesale supply and distribution and warehousing of goods.
- Employment in this industry has grown 20% over the past decade.
- This sector represents a Tier II winning industries discussed further in this analysis: Deep Sea, Coastal, and Great Lakes Water Transportation

¹⁶ NAICS Categories: Gaming, Recreation & Entertainment (7111, 7112, 7121, 7131, 7132, 7139, 5121, 7212); Accommodations (7211, 7213); Eating & Drinking Establishments (7221, 7222, 7223, 7224); Tourism Support Services (4852, 4853, 4855, 4859, 4871, 4872, 5321, 5615, 4532, 4811, 4812, 4831, 4881, 4884).

¹⁷ NAICS Categories: Research & Development (5417); Medical Devices Manufacturing (3345, 3391); pharmaceutical & Medical Manufacturing (3254, 3261).

¹⁸ NAICS Categories: Freight Movement & Storage (4921, 4811, 4812, 4831, 4841, 4842, 4931); Wholesale (4231, 4232, 4233, 4234, 4235, 4236, 4237, 4238, 4239, 4241, 4242, 4243, 4244, 4245, 4246, 4247, 4248, 4249, 4921); Support Activities for Freight Transportation (4881, 4882, 4883, 4884, 4885, 4889)

STRENGTHS

EMERGING CLUSTER: CLEAN TECH/GREEN ECONOMY¹⁹

- The Buffalo region is looking to other clusters to expand its economy and strength and it sees Clean
 Tech as a good bet as the national economy moves toward the values of renewable energy and
 sustainability.
- The idea behind this movement is to capitalize on the region's strength in advance manufacturing and shift it towards the Clean Tech sector.
- The Buffalo Niagara Partnership identifies many different components to the Green Economy:
 - o Wind o Nuclear
 - Solar
 Energy Transmission and Storage
 - HydropowerGreen BuildingsGeothermalTransportation
 - Biomass
 Waste Remediation/Recycling

WEAKNESSES

Workforce Development issues plague the region. The current workforce lacks the required training for available jobs. Additionally, the region struggles with worker mismatch, attraction of high-skilled workers, and a declining and aging population. The University of Buffalo Regional Institute conducted a study on the regional skill assessment²⁰ and they issued some recommendations:

Company-Level Recommendations

- 1. Reevaluate requirements for hard-to-fill vacancies
- 2. Evaluate and monitor existing skills base
- 3. Coordinate employee development and recruitment efforts
- 4. Develop management training programs
- 5. Implement new-hire training programs

Regional-Level Recommendations

- 1. Establish regional skills partnerships and career pathways programs
- 2. Align regional higher education with employer demand
- 3. Develop a support network for candidate relocation

¹⁹ NAICS Categories: Professional & Scientific Consulting (5413, 5414, 5416, 5417); Construction (2361, 2362, 2371); Waste Processing & Recycling (5621, 5622, 5629); Agricultural (1111, 1119, 1151); Energy (2111, 2211, 2213); Wholesalers & Rental (4237, 4239, 5324); Goods Producing (3211, 3219, 3222, 3241, 3251, 3252, 3261, 3272, 3279, 3312, 3314, 3315, 3321, 3324, 3329, 3331, 3332, 3334, 3336, 3339, 3341, 3344, 3345, 3351, 3353, 3359, 3363, 3365).

²⁰ University of Buffalo Regional Initiative "Western New York Regional Skills Assessment: An Agenda for Advancing Regional Talent for Economic Growth." February 2009

THE ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION)

The 2009-2010 Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy Report by the Genesee/Finger Lakes Regional Planning Council set the creation of a Regional Innovation Cluster Development project as a priority for 2011. This project is slated to connect companies and researchers to identify technologies that can be developed into products and services. This is a positive step forward for the Rochester region so that it may re-assess which industry drivers and clusters are important in the current economic conditions.

The Genesee/Finger Lakes Regional Planning Council conducted focus groups in June 2010 for three days in order to get stakeholder and citizen input into defining a regional vision for the area. The group created 10 goals:

- 1. Assist in the retention and expansion of existing industries in the district
- 2. Assist in the attraction of industries and firms to the district
- 3. Strengthen agriculture and agri-business
- 4. Promote entrepreneurship and innovation and encourage small business development
- 5. Assist in improving the skills of the district's workforce
- 6. Assist in improving the infrastructure of the district
- 7. Enhance tourism and marketing efforts within the district
- 8. Support the development of targeted regional clusters within the district, including advanced manufacturing and alternative energy
- 9. Strengthen regional coordination and collaboration
- 10. Educate leadership and the community regarding economic development and sustainable development practices

INDUSTRY CLUSTERS

Finger Lakes Wired, which is a regional cooperative to foster entrepreneurship and innovation, commissioned a report by the Center for Governmental Research to explore industry clusters in the greater Rochester region.²² It identified five strong clusters to concentrate their economic development efforts. They are:

ADVANCED MANUFACTURING

- The Greater Rochester Enterprise (GRE) identifies that a large portion of advanced manufacturing employment is based in the manufacturing of machinery, computer and electronic products, and transportation equipment.
- Leading manufactures in the region are: Kodak, Xerox, Delphi, Bausch & Lomb, ITT Industries, and CooperVison.
- The paper products business is a large employer and represents a Tier II winning industry discussed further in this analysis: Paper and Paper Product Merchant Wholesalers

²¹ Genesee-Finger Lakes Economic Development District. "Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy" 2009-2010 ²² The Center for Governmental Research, "Growing the Economy in the Greater Rochester Region: drawing on the Competencies of the Finger Lakes." August 2007.

²³ Greater Rochester Enterprise http://www.rochesterbiz.com/Business/Regional/Industry/Manufacturing.aspx

OPTICS/IMAGING

- Partnerships between the University of Rochester and the Rochester Institute of Technology have produced new companies, jobs, and income for the Rochester region.
- 55% of degrees related to optical technologies earned in the United States are from the University of Rochester and Monroe County Community College has the oldest optics technology curriculum in the nation.
- According to a SWOT (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats) analysis produced by Dr.
 Duncan Moore,²⁴ a professor of Optical engineering at the University of Rochester, there are many strengths and some weaknesses to this industry in Rochester:
 - o Strengths:
 - Rich history of optics and entrepreneurship from companies such as Bausch & Lomb Inc., Kodak, and Xerox
 - Educational opportunities in the region are an asset
 - Rochester has the infrastructure for small and mid-size optics companies
 - Weaknesses
 - Lack of angel and venture capital investment
 - Lack of major intellectual property law; there have been numerous patent infringement cases in recent years in the region.
 - Opportunities:
 - World class research facilities: Optics and Laboratory for Laser Energetic at the University of Rochester; the Chester F. Carlson Center for Imaging and Photonics Research Laboratory at the Rochester Institute of Technology.
 - Numerous optics shops that specialize in rapid prototyping and creating the customized products in a short period of time.
 - o Threats: Outsourcing
- This sector represents two Tier I & II winning industries discussed further in this analysis:
 - Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing
 - o Electrical and Electronic Goods Merchant Wholesalers

BIO TECHNOLOGY/BIOMEDICAL /LIFE SCIENCE

- The University of Rochester Medical Center and the biomedical industry have been instrumental in attracting new high-skilled talent to the region.
- According to a SWOT analysis produced by Dr. Raili Kerppola,²⁵ Vice President of Pharmaceuticals
 Evaluation and Licensing at Bausch & Lomb, there are many strengths and some weaknesses to this
 industry in Rochester:
 - o Strengths:
 - Knowledge driven industry that provides economic growth opportunities
 - Attracts highly skilled, educated workforce
 - Weaknesses
 - Time versus Money heavy investment into products that take time to enter the market.
 - Reliance on angel investment and risk capital.
 - o Opportunities:

²⁴ Moore, Duncan "SWOT Analysis – Optics" Greater Rochester Enterprise

²⁵ Kerppola, Raili "SWOT Analysis – Biotech" Greater Rochester Enterprise

- Convergence of technology from other clusters in the Rochester economy are a plus
- o Threats:
 - Sarbanes-Oxley: regulations on moving a firm from public to private and venture capitalists have to wait longer to get a return on their investment
 - Off-shoring
 - U.S. Immigration Policy and the tightening of the visa policy discourage highly skilled technical professionals from moving to the United States.
- This sector represents two Tier I & II winning industries discussed further in this analysis. They
 include:
 - o Drugs and Druggists Sundries Merchant Wholesalers
 - o Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing

CALL CENTERS

- Call Centers for businesses services such as customer support, document management, payroll services, and processing services are located in this region
- Examples of Call Center companies: Verizon Wireless, The Sutherland Group, JP Morgan Chase, and Paychex

AGRIBUSINESS/ FOOD AND BEVERAGE MANUFACTURING

- Ties to Cornell University's world class food and wine research has helped facilitate innovation.
- Like the Buffalo region, the Rochester region has large employment in agriculture, especially in dairy product manufacturing.
- Large food manufactures in the region are:
 - Baldwin Richardson
 LiDestri Foods
 - o Barilla America o Mott's
 - Constellation BrandsFrito-LaySeneca FoodsWegmans Foods
 - Kraft Foods

THE SYRACUSE REGION (CENTRAL NEW YORK REGION)

In 2005, the Battelle Institute was contracted to study the Central New York region to transform it to a knowledge-based economy. ²⁶ They developed six strategies for the region to initiate:

- 1. Aggressively targeting middle-market companies with high potential for expansion and supporting existing industries
- 2. Optimizing key industry clusters
- 3. Creating, retaining, and attracting talent in Central Upstate New York
- 4. Leveraging colleges and universities as economic and community growth engines
- 5. Encouraging the creation and growth of a stronger entrepreneurial culture
- 6. Developing a broader regional consciousness

INDUSTRY CLUSTERS²⁷

HIGHER EDUCATION²⁸

- Strengths:
 - Created employment opportunities for the community through capital investments
 - o Increases in the quality of student applicants through competition
 - Added enrollment of international students
 - o Experienced growth of graduate school applications and MBA candidates
 - o Attracted quality faculty because faculty jobs are extremely competitive
- Weaknesses:
 - State funding cuts
 - Community colleges are becoming more competitive and are offering a mix of educational opportunities, diminishing higher education market share

University of Syracuse:

The University of Syracuse is a major anchor institution in the Syracuse region, and with that distinction it has increased its role in the community. In a report on community engagements by universities, ²⁹ the University of Syracuse was highlighted for their community and economic development efforts. The university has looked to strengthen ties with the community through neighborhood revitalization; Community Economic Development through Corporate Investment; Local Capacity Building; Education and Health Partnerships; Scholarly Engagement; and Multi-Anchor, City, and Regional Partnerships. The university has been active in the South Side and Near West Side neighborhoods in order to increase capacity building and the overall prosperity of these communities.

²⁶ Metropolitan Development Association. "The Essential New York Initiative: Transforming Central Upstate to a Knowledge-Based Economy" February 2005

²⁷ Source: Workforce Development Board of Oswego County Oswego County State of the Workforce Report 2004.

²⁸ Center State Corporation for Economic Opportunity. "2011 Center State Economic Forecast"

²⁹ Axelroth, Rita and Steve Dubb "The Road Half Traveled: University Engagement at a Crossroads." December 2010

HEALTH CARE

Strengths:

- Major hospitals in the Syracuse region are tied to universities and create a potential for innovation in the health care community: SUNY Upstate Medical University at Syracuse
- o The health care field is a major employer in the Syracuse region
- o Occupational Concentrations in the Syracuse region: ³⁰ Biosciences, Digital and electronic devices, Packaging, Knowledge/learning industry, Research firms, and consulting practices.
- This sector represents three Tier I & II winning industries discussed further in this analysis. They
 include:
 - o Offices of Physicians
 - o Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories
 - Scientific Research and Development Services

Weaknesses:

- The Syracuse region has a significant aging population that creates issues with end-of-life education and cost to the system while hospitals are having a problem moving individuals to nursing homes or rehab centers, increasing length of stay and associated costs.
- o There is uncertainty regarding Federal Healthcare legislation
- o State budget issues and impact on public facilities and public health care spending

BIOTECH/LIFE SCIENCE 31

- Biotechnology, Pharmaceuticals, and Medical Devices
- Central New York Biotechnology Research Center is an incubator space with ties to the University of Syracuse and Cornell University.
- Major employers include: Bristol-Myers Squibb, Albany Molecular Research, and Welch Allyn
 - This sector represents two Tier I & II winning industries discussed further in this analysis:
 - Scientific Research and Development Services
 - o Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing

MANUFACTURING

What once was a robust industry cluster is now diminished by offshoring and the contraction of major heavy manufactures in the region. This industry cluster is in transition, and now the largest employers are the health care and education sectors.³² Even with its significant declines manufacturing still plays a role in the Syracuse economy.

- This sector represents two Tier II winning industries discussed further in this analysis:
 - Steel Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel
 - o Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing

³⁰ Metropolitan Development Association. "The Essential New York Initiative: Transforming Central Upstate to a Knowledge-Based Economy" February 2005

³¹ Moran, Stahl & Boyer, LLC. "Resource Profile for the Biotech/Life Sciences Industry in Central New York State"

³² Center for an Urban Future. "Central New York's New Workforce." April 2009

EMERGING CLUSTER: CLEAN TECH/GREEN INDUSTRY 33

- At the head of this emerging cluster is the Syracuse Center of Excellence (COE) which is charged with the task of creating jobs and wealth in the region through research, development, and education in environmental and energy systems.
- The Syracuse COE has been working with the New York Energy Regional Innovation Cluster (NYE-RIC) to change how energy efficient buildings are developed and engineered.
- In addition, the Syracuse COE partners with Syracuse University's Environmental Finance Center to assist in facilitating research and development.
- Amongst individuals, there is some concern that the green bubble is peaking and that there are barriers to venture capital and private equity investments; this is something that this industry cluster must watch carefully.³⁴

EMERGING CLUSTER: RADAR INDUSTRY

- Sparse academic literature exists on the radar industry in the Syracuse region, but a recent article in the *Post-Standard*³⁵ has shed light on the new developments in this industry.
- Spurred by an initiative by Lockheed Martin which is located in Syracuse, parts of the Medium Extended Air Defense System (MEADS) are being designed and built in the region.
- Local businesses have invested over \$100 million in facilities in this industry.
- This sector represents one Tier I winning industry discussed further in this analysis: Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, and Control Instruments Manufacturing.

STRENGTHS

FOCUS ON AIR TRANSPORT

It is interesting to note that that Center State Cooperation for Economic Opportunity, a regional economic development association in the Syracuse region, created the *Fly Syracuse*³⁶ campaign to increase the amount of air travel available at the Syracuse Hancock International Airport. This initiative is important because in other regions of study for JumpStart Community Advisors³⁷ the inaccessibility to air transportation was considered as a negative to the region since management of major corporations prefer the ease of travel available by air transportation. *Fly Syracuse* could strengthen the Syracuse region and contribute to its growth.

³³ Syracuse Center of Excellence http://www.syracusecoe.org/

³⁴ Center State Corporation for Economic Opportunity. "2011 Center State Economic Forecast"

³⁵ Tobin, D. (2011, January 16, Sunday) "Central New York's Wave of Innovation: The Sky's the Limit for the Growing Radar Industry." *Post Standard, The*.

³⁶ Center State Corporation for Economic Opportunity http://www.centerstateceo.com/economic-development/Air-Service-Development.aspx

³⁷ Center for Economic Development "Upstate New York Regional Analysis: Demographics, Economy, Entrepreneurship and Innovation. February 2011.

WEAKNESSES

FINDING STRENGTHS

Literature on the regional economy of Syracuse is very sparse and what does exist is dated. Without significant study on industry clusters and innovative industries it is hard to focus economic development and workforce development efforts.

IMPROVING INCLUSION

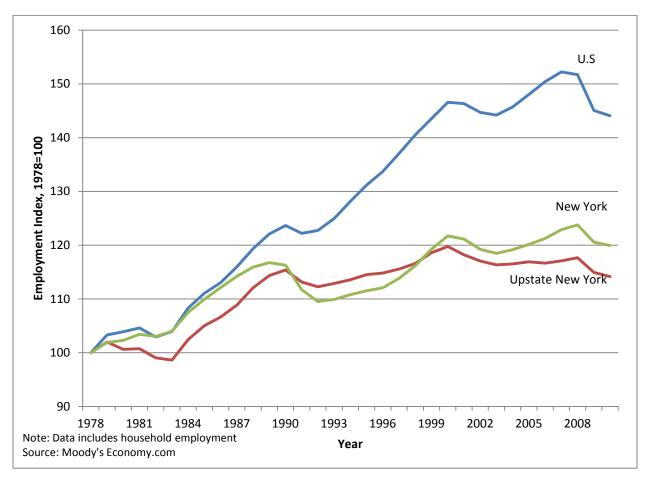
A study of a workforce survey of employers by the Center for an Urban Future ³⁸ showed that 40% of respondents employ workers with a limited English proficiency, and improving the English skills of the workforce is an important priority if respondent companies are to succeed. Engaging immigrant communities and providing access to services and idea generation will improve the vitality and diversity of the Syracuse economy.

³⁸ Center for an Urban Future. "Central New York's New Workforce." April 2009

INDUSTRY ANALYSIS

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS

Figure 1. Total Employment Growth for Upstate New York (19-Counties), New York, and the United States, 1978-2010



- Total employment growth in Upstate New York from 1978 to 2010 has been outpaced by the state
 of New York, except during the 1990-1998 years when employment in Upstate New York grew faster
 than in the state as a whole. Upstate New York has been outpaced for the entire series (1978-2010)
 by the United States (Figure 1).
- The employment index for Upstate New York peaked in 2000 (index value of 119.7) and has declined ever since.
- The employment growth rate in Upstate New York from 1978 to 2010 was 14%, which is smaller than the state of New York (20%) and the United States (44%).
- The largest over-the-year employment decrease in Upstate New York occurred from 2008 to 2009 (during the latest recession) when the economy lost 2.3% of its jobs. The progressive decline in employment from 2000 to 2010 accounts for 4.7% loss in jobs.

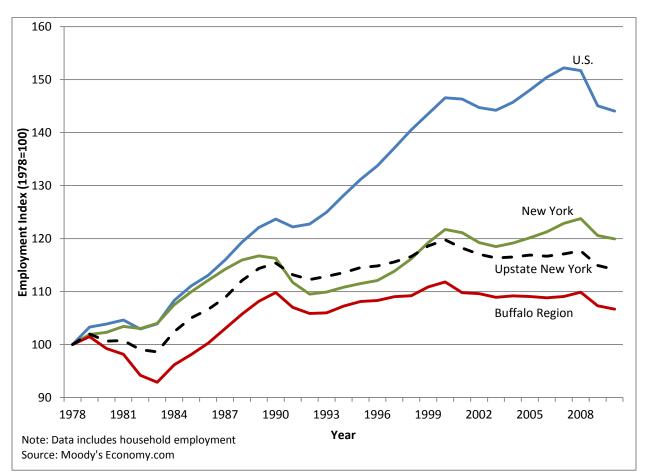


Figure 2. Total Employment Growth in the Buffalo Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- From 1979 to 2010, total employment growth in the state of New York and the United States significantly outpaced employment growth in the Buffalo region (Figure 2).
- The employment growth rate in the Buffalo region from 1978 to 2010 was only 6.7% which is staggeringly less than the state of New York (19.9%) and the United States (44.1%).
- The largest employment decrease in the Buffalo region occurred from 1981 to 1982 when the economy lost 4.0% of its jobs. The progressive decline in employment from 1980 to 1983 accounts for a 6.4% loss of total employment over this whole period.
- The Buffalo economy has had a significant negative effect on the Upstate New York employment index (Figures 1 and 2) since the Buffalo region lags behind the other two Upstate New York regions.

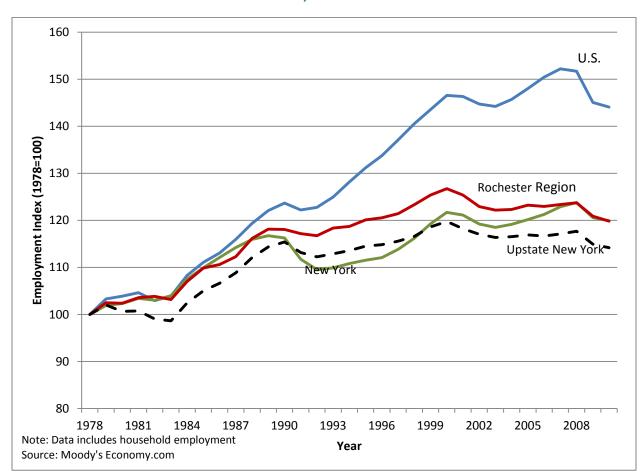


Figure 3. Total Employment Growth in the Rochester Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- Except for the years from 1983 to 1987, total employment growth in the Rochester region from 1978 to 2010 has outpaced the state of New York but has not outpaced the United States (Figure 3).
- The employment index for the Rochester region peaked in 2000 (index value 126.7) and has declined ever since.
- The employment growth rate in the Rochester region from 1978 to 2010 was 19.8% which is very similar to the employment growth rate in the state of New York (19.9%), but sizably smaller than the United States (44.1%).
- The largest one-year employment decrease in the Rochester region occurred from 2008 to 2009 (during the latest recession) when the economy lost 2.3% of its jobs. The progressive decline in employment from 2000 to 2010 accounts for a 6.9% loss of total employment.

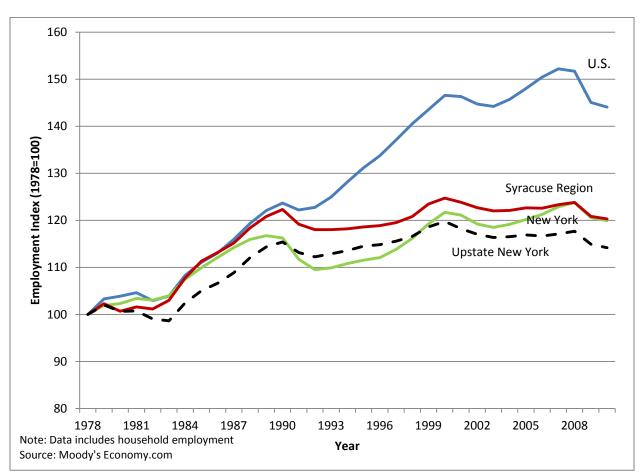


Figure 4. Total Employment Growth in the Syracuse Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- Except for years from 1980 to 1983, total employment growth in the Syracuse region from 1978 to 2010 has outpaced the state of New York but not the United States (Figure 4).
- The employment growth rate in the Syracuse region from 1978 to 2010 was 20.3%, which is slightly larger than the state of New York (19.9%), but smaller than the United States (44.1%).
- The employment index for the Syracuse region peaked in 2000 (index value of 124.7) and has declined ever since.
- The largest one-year employment decrease in Syracuse occurred from 2008 to 2009 (the latest recession) when the economy lost 3.0% of its jobs. The progressive decline in employment from 2000 to 2010 accounts for a 3.6% loss of total employment.

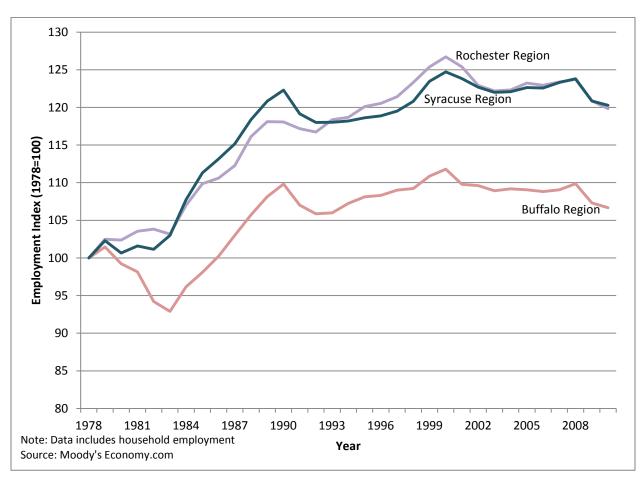


Figure 5. Total Employment Growth in the Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse Region, 1978-2010

- Comparing all three Upstate New York regions to each other shows the significant employment growth of the Rochester and Syracuse regions in contrast to the Buffalo region (Figure 5). Even though Buffalo has the largest level of employment (Table 9) it has the smallest employment growth rate of the three regions.
- Over the last 30 years, the Syracuse region has the largest employment growth rate of 20.3%, just edging out the Rochester region (19.8%), while the Buffalo region was significantly lower than the other regions with an employment growth rate of 6.7%.
- The Buffalo region suffered a large employment decline between 1979 and 1983, and although it grew from 1983 through 1990, the region's employment has remained relatively flat since then.
- It is interesting to note that in all regions employment peaked in 2000 and has yet to regain those levels, even 10 years later.

Table 8.Employment Change by Major Industry Sector in Upstate New York (19-Counties),
New York, and the United States, 2000-2010

| | Upstate New Y | New York | U.S. | | | |
|---|-----------------|----------|---------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Industry Sector | 2010 Employment | Percent | age Change, 2 | Change, 2000-2010 | | |
| Public Administration | 291,224 | 3.0% | 1.8% | 7.6% | | |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | 217,446 | 17.8% | 20.5% | 28.0% | | |
| Retail Trade | 175,545 | -7.9% | -2.5% | -5.1% | | |
| Manufacturing | 163,852 | -38.1% | -39.0% | -33.7% | | |
| Accommodation and Food Services | 118,125 | 3.5% | 13.5% | 11.1% | | |
| Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services | 78,740 | -1.0% | -11.9% | -6.9% | | |
| Educational Services | 75,060 | 29.1% | 28.4% | 31.8% | | |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | 69,619 | 6.1% | 1.8% | 8.5% | | |
| Other Services (except Public Administration) | 65,776 | 10.6% | 11.3% | 3.9% | | |
| Wholesale Trade | 56,918 | -17.6% | -12.9% | -5.3% | | |
| Finance and Insurance | 54,681 | 1.8% | -13.8% | -2.3% | | |
| Construction | 53,518 | -9.0% | -4.2% | -17.7% | | |
| Transportation and Warehousing | 36,384 | -8.5% | -9.4% | -6.7% | | |
| Management of Companies and Enterprises | 28,258 | 15.5% | 9.6% | 4.7% | | |
| Information | 24,168 | -34.4% | -22.0% | -23.9% | | |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting | 23,529 | -13.9% | -14.4% | -22.2% | | |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | 21,725 | 14.1% | 16.6% | 6.6% | | |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | 18,495 | -0.4% | -0.6% | -4.0% | | |
| Utilities | 8,047 | -26.5% | 0.8% | -6.4% | | |
| Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | 1,536 | -0.8% | 17.8% | 33.7% | | |
| TOTAL | 1,582,646 | -4.6% | -1.4% | -1.8% | | |

Note: Data excludes household employment

Source: Moody's Economy.com

- Public Administration is the largest employment sector in Upstate New York with 291,224 employees, accounting for 18% of all jobs. The next largest sector, Health Care and Social Assistance, had 217,446 employees, and accounted for 14% of total employment (Table 8).
- Five sectors in Upstate New York suffered from double-digit rates of declines from 2000 to 2010 (Manufacturing, Wholesale, Information, Agriculture, and Utilities) in comparison to six sectors in the state of New York and four in the United States.
- Employment grew in nine of the 20 major industry sectors in Upstate New York from 2000 to 2010, compared to 10 in the state of New York and nine in the United States.

Table 9. Employment Change by Major Industry Sector in the Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse Regions 2000-2010

| | Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | | | Rocheste | r Region (Finger Lal | kes Region) | Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | | |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Industry Sector | 2010 Employment | Percentage of Total Employment | Percentage Change, 2000- 2010 | 2010 Employment | Percentage of Total Employment | Percentage Change, 2000- 2010 | 2010 Employment | Percentage of Total Employment | Percentage Change, 2000- 2010 |
| Public Administration | 122,668 | 18.9% | 3.5% | 98,689 | 17.4% | 3.5% | 69,867 | 19.1% | 1.6% |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | 87,448 | 13.5% | 13.5% | 81,649 | 14.4% | 18.6% | 48,349 | 13.2% | 25.0% |
| Retail Trade | 73,958 | 11.4% | -6.9% | 61,289 | 10.8% | -8.6% | 40,298 | 11.0% | -8.6% |
| Manufacturing | 63,586 | 9.8% | -38.2% | 67,066 | 11.8% | -39.5% | 33,200 | 9.1% | -35.0% |
| Accommodation and Food Services | 52,627 | 8.1% | 5.1% | 38,640 | 6.8% | 1.2% | 26,858 | 7.3% | 3.8% |
| Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services | 35,397 | 5.5% | -2.0% | 26,412 | 4.6% | -4.5% | 16,931 | 4.6% | 7.1% |
| Educational Services | 18,934 | 2.9% | 15.9% | 37,416 | 6.6% | 42.2% | 18,710 | 5.1% | 20.8% |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | 28,948 | 4.5% | 11.2% | 23,755 | 4.2% | -5.9% | 16,916 | 4.6% | 17.9% |
| Other Services (except Public Administration) | 29,192 | 4.5% | 12.5% | 22,511 | 4.0% | 19.1% | 14,073 | 3.8% | -3.7% |
| Wholesale Trade | 22,563 | 3.5% | -21.7% | 19,081 | 3.4% | -13.3% | 15,274 | 4.2% | -16.3% |
| Finance and Insurance | 26,086 | 4.0% | 7.6% | 14,722 | 2.6% | -1.9% | 13,873 | 3.8% | -4.2% |
| Construction | 21,371 | 3.3% | -9.6% | 18,491 | 3.3% | -11.3% | 13,656 | 3.7% | -4.6% |
| Transportation and Warehousing | 15,978 | 2.5% | -14.4% | 9,689 | 1.7% | -1.5% | 10,717 | 2.9% | -4.6% |
| Management of Companies and Enterprises | 12,492 | 1.9% | 47.1% | 12,464 | 2.2% | 5.8% | 3,302 | 0.9% | -21.3% |
| Information | 9,064 | 1.4% | -36.4% | 9,830 | 1.7% | -26.8% | 5,274 | 1.4% | -42.2% |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting | 7,752 | 1.2% | -13.9% | 10,403 | 1.8% | -14.1% | 5,374 | 1.5% | -13.6% |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | 8,797 | 1.4% | 14.9% | 7,256 | 1.3% | -1.5% | 5,672 | 1.5% | 41.2% |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | 7,498 | 1.2% | 4.4% | 6,939 | 1.2% | -7.3% | 4,058 | 1.1% | 3.9% |
| Utilities | 2,465 | 0.4% | -28.4% | 1,949 | 0.3% | -23.5% | 3,633 | 1.0% | -26.7% |
| Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | 617 | 0.1% | -1.6% | 490 | 0.1% | 5.4% | 429 | 0.1% | -5.9% |
| TOTAL | 647,441 | 100.0% | -4.6% | 568,741 | 100.0% | -5.4% | 366,464 | 100.0% | -3.5% |

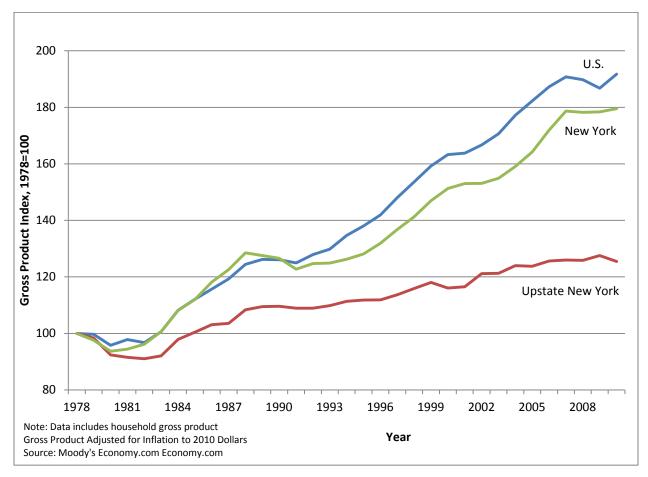
Note: Data excludes household employment

Source: Moody's Economy.com

- Public Administration is the largest employment sector in all three regions accounting for 18.9% of the employment in the Buffalo region, 17.4% in the Rochester region, and 19.1% in the Syracuse region. This sector has also had positive employment growth from 2000 to 2010 in all three regions (Table 9).
- The second largest sector for all three Upstate New York regions was Health Care and Social Assistance, (which was significantly smaller than Public Administration), employing 13.5% of the workforce in the Buffalo region, 14.4% in the Rochester region, and 13.2% in the Syracuse region. This sector experienced double-digit employment gains in all regions from 2000 to 2010.
- Six sectors in the Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse regions suffered from double-digit rates of declines from 2000 to 2010. All three regions experience double-digit declines in Manufacturing; Wholesale Trade; Information; Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting; and Utilities.
- Employment grew in 10 of the 20 major industry sectors in the Buffalo region from 2000 to 2010, compared to seven in the Rochester region and eight in Syracuse region.

TRENDS IN GROSS PRODUCT





- Gross product in Upstate New York did not return to the 1978 levels until 1985; this is a longer period of time than the state of New York and the United States, which returned to 1978 levels in 1983 (Figure 6).
- The largest one-year gross product decrease in Upstate New York occurred from 1979 to 1980 when gross product declined by 6.1%.
- The difference in gross product growth between the United States and Upstate New York has grown wider over the last 30 years. Between 1978 and 1979, the difference in growth rates between the United States (a decline of 0.3%, or index of 99.7) and Upstate New York (a decline 1.6%, or index of 98.4) was 1.3 percentage points. By 2010, the difference in the 30-year growth rates increased to 66.2 percentage points; gross product in Upstate New York grew by 25.5% between 1979 and 2009, but it grew by 91.7% in the United States. This widening gap shows the significant structural economic issues of the Upstate New York economy.

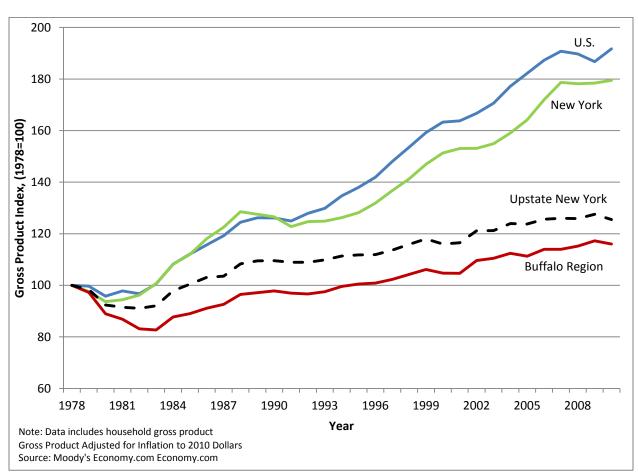


Figure 7. Gross Product Growth in the Buffalo Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- Gross product in the Buffalo region did not return to 1978 levels until 1995. In contrast, gross product in both the state of New York and the United States had a slight dip in the early 1980s but after that grew considerably over the 30-year period (Figure 7).
- The largest one-year gross product decrease in Upstate New York occurred from 1979 to 1980 where gross product fell by 8.3%.
- The difference in gross product growth between the Buffalo region and the United States has grown wider over the last 30 years. Between 1978 and 1979, the difference in growth rates between the United States (a decline of 0.3%, or index of 99.7) and the Buffalo region (a decline 2.7%, or index of 97.3) was 2.4 percentage points. By 2010, the difference in the 30-year growth rates increased to 75.7 percentage points; gross product in the Buffalo region grew by 16.0% between 1979 and 2010, but it grew by 91.7% in the United States. This staggering gap shows the significant structural economic issues of the Buffalo regional economy.

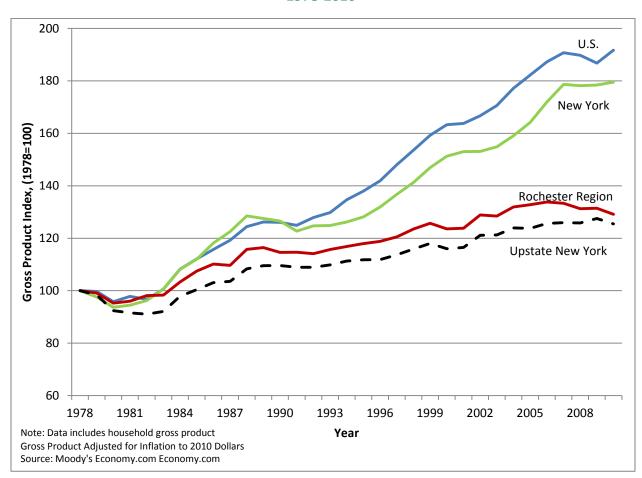


Figure 8. Gross Product Growth in the Rochester Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- Gross product in the Rochester region did not return to 1978 levels until 1984, which is a slight lag behind the recovery in the state of New York and the United States (Figure 8).
- The largest one-year gross product decrease in Upstate New York occurred from 1979 to 1980 where gross product declined by 3.8%.
- The difference in gross product growth between the United States and the Rochester region has grown wider over the last 30 years. Between 1978 and 1979, the difference in growth rates between the United States (a decline of 0.3%, or index of 99.7) and the Rochester region (a decline 0.9%, or index of 99.1) was 0.6 percentage points. By 2010, the difference in the 30-year growth rates increased to 62.6 percentage points; gross product in the Rochester region grew by 29.1% between 1979 and 2010, a third of the gross product growth rate (91.7%) in the United States. This widening gap shows the significant structural economic issues of the Rochester regional economy.

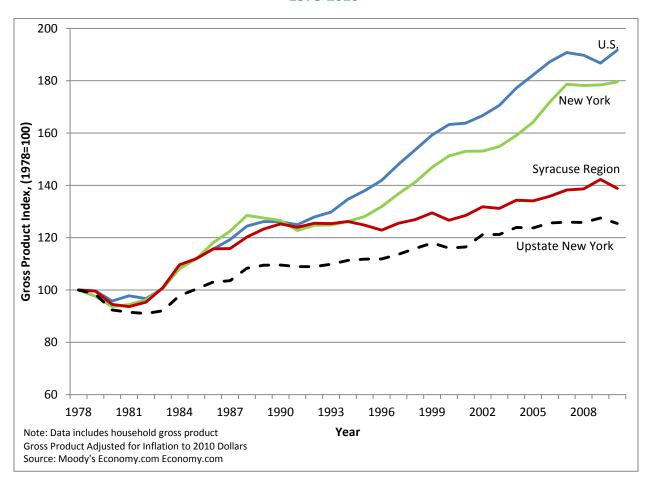


Figure 9. Gross Product Growth in the Syracuse Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- Gross product in the Syracuse region did not return to 1978 levels until 1983, which is on par with the similar decline and recovery in the state of New York and the United States (Figure 9).
- The largest over-the-year gross product decrease in Upstate New York occurred from 1979 to 1980 where gross product declined by 5.5%.
- The gap in gross product growth between the United States and the Syracuse region has grown wider over the last 30 years. Between 1978 and 1979, the difference in growth rates between the United States (a decline of 0.3%, or index of 99.7) and the Syracuse region (a decline 0.4%, or index of 99.5) was 0.1 percentage points. By 2010, the difference in the 30-year growth rates increased to 52.8 percentage points; gross product in Upstate New York grew by 38.9% between 1979 and 2010, but it grew by 91.7% in the United States. This widening gap shows the significant structural economic issues of the Syracuse region economy.
- It is interesting to note that of the three regional economies, the Syracuse region is the top performer, but it still significantly lags behind the state of New York and the United States in all three macroeconomic indicators (employment, gross product, and average wage).

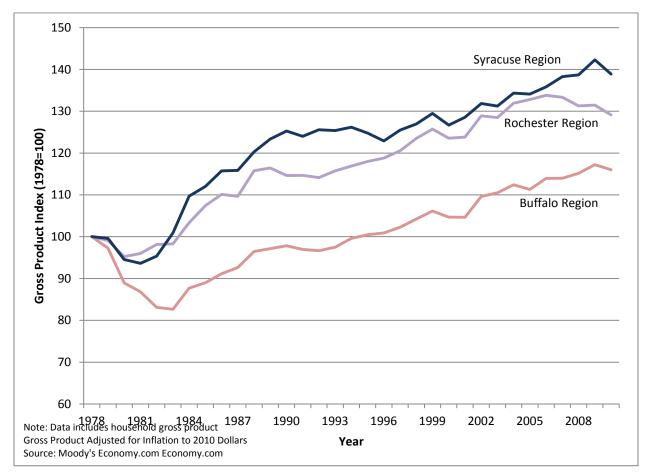


Figure 10. Gross Product Growth in the Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse Regions, 1978-2010

- Comparing all three Upstate New York regions shows the significant gross product growth in the Rochester and Syracuse regions in comparison to the Buffalo region (Figure 10). Even though Buffalo has the largest gross product in dollar terms (Table 11), it has the smallest gross product growth rate of the three regions.
- Over the last 30 years, the Syracuse region has the largest gross product growth rate of 38.9%, just edging out the Rochester region (29.1%), while the Buffalo region was significantly behind these two regions with a gross product growth rate of 16.0%.

Table 10. Gross Product Change by Major Industry Sector in Upstate New York (19-Counties),
New York, and the United States, 2000-2010

| | Upstate New | New York | U.S. | | |
|--|-------------------------------|----------|---------------|--------|--|
| Industry Sector | 2010 Gross Product (\$Mil) | Percenta | 00-2009 | | |
| Manufacturing | \$23,327.6 | -23.2% | -23.2% -16.4% | | |
| Public Administration | \$20,463.0 | 36.6% | 32.8% | 41.6% | |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | \$12,666.6 | 29.9% | 38.2% | 52.3% | |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | \$9,418.3 | 21.1% | 41.0% | 23.6% | |
| Retail Trade | \$9,417.4 | 9.3% | 18.5% | 8.6% | |
| Finance and Insurance | \$8,914.3 | 26.0% | 5.8% | 12.5% | |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | \$7,492.0 | 23.0% | 24.4% | 34.0% | |
| Information | \$7,386.8 | 18.3% | 19.8% | 8.5% | |
| Wholesale Trade | \$6,587.8 | -1.3% | -5.6% | 3.4% | |
| Utilities | \$4,509.5 | -8.7% | 24.9% | 41.8% | |
| Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services | \$4,224.1 | 27.9% | 11.8% | 19.7% | |
| Construction | \$3,532.4 | -20.1% | -10.7% | -17.6% | |
| Accommodation and Food Services | \$3,506.6 | 15.3% | 28.8% | 29.1% | |
| Educational Services | \$3,227.3 | 46.6% | 51.7% | 57.2% | |
| Management of Companies and Enterprises | \$3,039.6 | 23.3% | 25.2% | 21.7% | |
| Other Services (except Public Administration) | \$2,611.3 | 5.6% | 25.5% | 17.6% | |
| Transportation and Warehousing | \$2,542.9 | -6.5% | -1.2% | 5.2% | |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | \$1,185.2 | 20.3% | 25.2% | 29.3% | |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting | \$997.6 | 26.2% | 29.1% | 38.0% | |
| Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | \$214.6 | 53.5% | 36.1% | 40.4% | |
| TOTAL | \$135,264.9 | 4.3% | 18.6% | 17.4% | |

Note: Data excludes private household gross product; Gross product adjusted for inflation to 2010 dollars Source: Moody's Economy.com

- The Manufacturing sector is very important to the Upstate New York economy. It was the largest contributor to gross product in 2010 in Upstate New York (\$23.3 billion), accounting for 17% of total gross product; closely followed by Public Administration (\$20.5 billion; 15% of total gross product) (Table 10). However, Manufacturing gross product declined between 2000 and 2010 by 23.2% while Public Administration grew by 36.6%.
- The third-largest contributor to gross product was Health Care and Social Assistance (\$12.7 billion), but it was dwarfed in comparison to Manufacturing and Public Administration. The Health Care sector accounted for 9% of Upstate New York's gross product.

Table 11. Gross Product Change by Major Industry Sector for the Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse Regions 2000-2010

| | Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | | | Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) | | | Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Industry | 2010 Gross Product (\$ Mil) | Percentage of Gross Product | Percentage Change, 2000-2010 | 2010 Gross Product (\$ Mil) | Percentage of Gross Product | Percentage Change, 2000-2010 | 2010 Gross Product (\$ Mil) | Percentage of Gross Product | Percentage Change, 2000-2010 |
| Manufacturing | \$9,106.4 | 16.8% | -19.3% | \$10,399.1 | 20.9% | -24.8% | \$3,822.1 | 12.2% | -27.0% |
| Public Administration | \$9,028.2 | 16.7% | 34.0% | \$6,733.9 | 13.5% | 40.5% | \$4,700.9 | 15.0% | 36.1% |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | \$4,965.2 | 9.2% | 23.4% | \$4,574.1 | 9.2% | 31.2% | \$3,127.2 | 10.0% | 39.7% |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | \$3,885.3 | 7.2% | 18.2% | \$3,322.4 | 6.7% | 10.9% | \$2,210.6 | 7.1% | 47.9% |
| Retail Trade | \$3,779.4 | 7.0% | 6.0% | \$3,380.5 | 6.8% | 9.3% | \$2,257.5 | 7.2% | 15.2% |
| Finance and Insurance | \$4,308.7 | 8.0% | 36.4% | \$2,396.0 | 4.8% | 15.2% | \$2,209.6 | 7.1% | 20.3% |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | \$2,952.4 | 5.4% | 31.0% | \$2,688.9 | 5.4% | 5.2% | \$1,850.8 | 5.9% | 44.0% |
| Information | \$2,353.8 | 4.3% | 32.1% | \$3,379.1 | 6.8% | 19.8% | \$1,653.8 | 5.3% | 0.6% |
| Wholesale Trade | \$2,512.0 | 4.6% | -0.3% | \$2,367.1 | 4.8% | 2.8% | \$1,708.7 | 5.5% | -7.9% |
| Utilities | \$1,406.7 | 2.6% | 3.9% | \$735.9 | 1.5% | -26.8% | \$2,366.8 | 7.6% | -8.2% |
| Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services | \$1,858.4 | 3.4% | 21.5% | \$1,470.4 | 3.0% | 26.2% | \$895.2 | 2.9% | 47.4% |
| Construction | \$1,385.6 | 2.6% | -19.7% | \$1,232.3 | 2.5% | -23.9% | \$914.5 | 2.9% | -14.8% |
| Accommodation and Food Services | \$1,507.0 | 2.8% | 17.9% | \$1,185.3 | 2.4% | 10.4% | \$814.2 | 2.6% | 18.2% |
| Educational Services | \$648.1 | 1.2% | 46.5% | \$1,870.2 | 3.8% | 49.9% | \$709.0 | 2.3% | 38.7% |
| Management of Companies and Enterprises | \$1,128.5 | 2.1% | 47.3% | \$1,602.8 | 3.2% | 20.6% | \$308.3 | 1.0% | -16.9% |
| Other Services (except Public Administration) | \$1,073.2 | 2.0% | 0.9% | \$885.3 | 1.8% | 16.5% | \$652.8 | 2.1% | 0.6% |
| Transportation and Warehousing | \$1,173.7 | 2.2% | -9.8% | \$622.8 | 1.3% | -4.9% | \$746.4 | 2.4% | -2.2% |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | \$732.3 | 1.4% | 34.5% | \$290.0 | 0.6% | -4.3% | \$162.9 | 0.5% | 18.2% |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting | \$210.6 | 0.4% | 8.8% | \$597.9 | 1.2% | 33.4% | \$189.1 | 0.6% | 27.1% |
| Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | \$176.9 | 0.3% | 104.8% | \$24.4 | 0.0% | -24.7% | \$13.3 | 0.0% | -37.0% |
| TOTAL | \$54,192.5 | 100.0% | 10.8% | \$49,758.5 | 100.0% | 4.5% | \$31,313.9 | 100.0% | 9.7% |

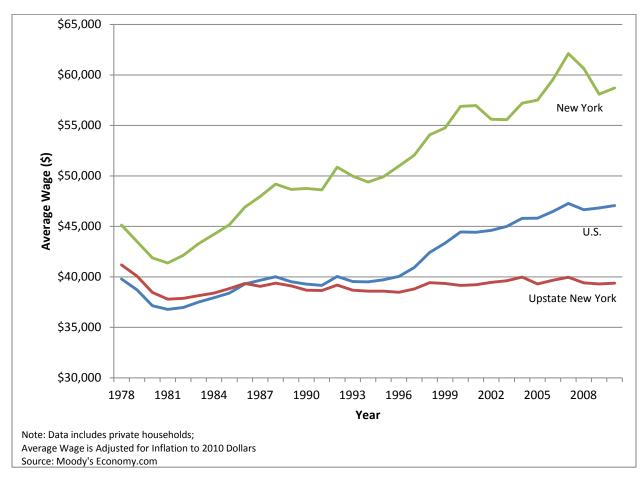
Note: Data excludes private household gross product; Gross product adjusted for inflation to 2010 dollars

Source: Moody's Economy.com

- The Manufacturing sector is very important to the Upstate New York economy. In two regions it was the largest contributor to gross product in 2010, accounting for 20.9% of the Rochester region and 16.8% of the Buffalo region. Manufacturing was the second largest sector in the Syracuse region (12.2%) (Table 11).
- Public Administration is the second largest contributor to gross product in the Buffalo (\$9.0 billion) and Rochester regions (\$6.7 billion), and the largest contributor in the Syracuse region (\$4.7 billion). In the Buffalo and Syracuse regions the gross product for this sector is of similar size to the Manufacturing industry, but in the Rochester region, Public Administration was dwarfed in comparison to the Manufacturing sector.
- Gross Product declined in all three regions between 2000 and 2010 in three sectors: Manufacturing,
 Construction, and in Transportation and Warehousing.
- It is interesting to note that the mix of industry sectors, as represented by the percentage each industry contributed to the overall gross product total, is similar across all three regions.

TRENDS IN AVERAGE WAGE





- Wages in Upstate New York have historically been lower than in the state of New York because of
 driving wages in the New York City region; but from 1978 to approximately 1995 Upstate New York
 had been competitive with the United States; since then, however, the wage gap has widened
 (Figure 11).
- In 1978, the average wage gap between the United States (\$38,794) and Upstate New York (\$41,181) was \$1,387 in favor of Upstate New York, but by 2010 it had shifted to \$7,689 in favor of the United States (\$47,067 in the United States versus \$39,378 in Upstate New York).

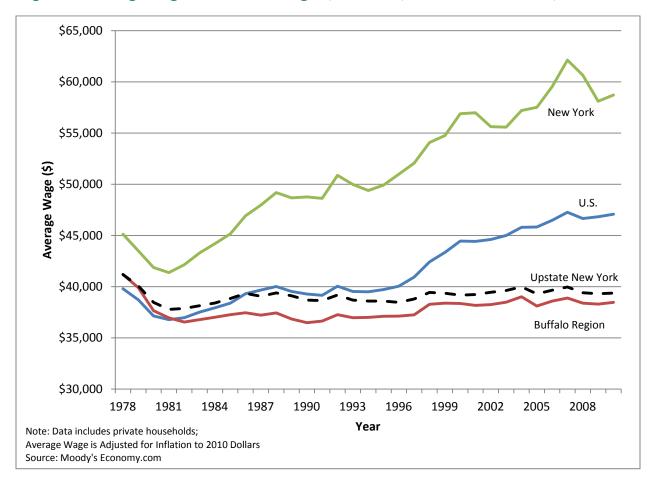


Figure 12. Average Wage in the Buffalo Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- Wages in the Buffalo region have historically been significantly lower than the state of New York because of driving wages from the New York City region; but the Buffalo region has lagged behind the United States as well and since 1982 the wage gap between the United States and Buffalo has widened (Figure 12).
- In 1978, the average wage gap between the United States (\$39,794) and the Buffalo region (\$41,180) was \$1,386 in favor of the Buffalo region, but by 2010 it had shifted to \$8,598 in favor of the United States (\$47,067 in the United States versus \$38,469 in the Buffalo region).

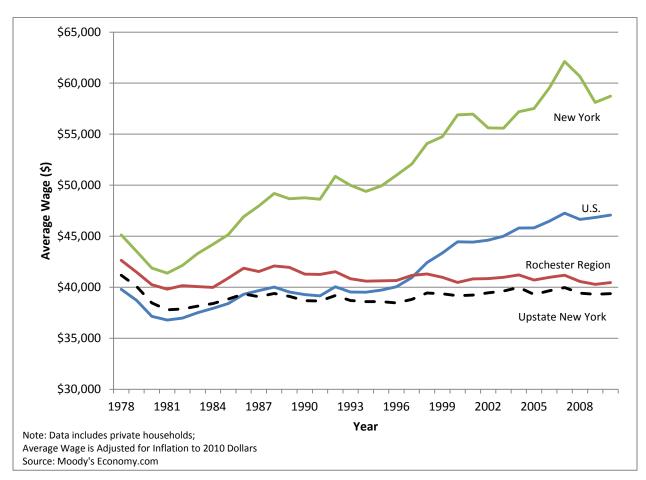


Figure 13. Average Wage in the Rochester Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- Wages in the Rochester region have historically been lower than the state of New York because of
 driving wages from the New York City region; but from 1978 to approximately 1998 the Rochester
 region had higher wages than the United States; since then, however, the United States has
 surpassed the Rochester region in average wage growth and this gap has continually widened
 (Figure 13).
- In 1978, the average wage gap between the United States (\$39,794) and the Rochester region (\$42,632) was \$2,838 in favor of the Rochester region, but by 2010 it had shifted to \$6,618 in favor of the United States (\$47,067 in the United States versus \$40,449 in the Rochester region).

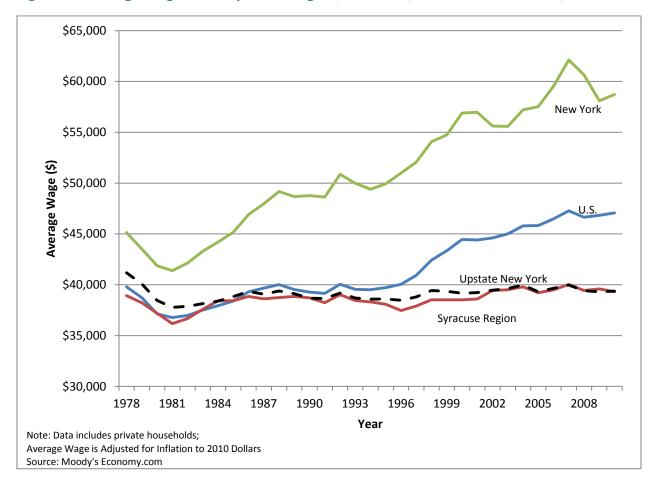


Figure 14. Average Wage in the Syracuse Region, New York, and the United States, 1978-2010

- Wages in the Syracuse region have historically been lower than the state of New York because of the driving wages from the New York City region; the Syracuse region had competitive wages in comparison to the United States until 1984. It was in 1996 that the average wage gap between the United States and the Syracuse region intensified and this gap has continually widened (Figure 14).
- In 1978, the average wage gap between the United States (\$39,794) and the Syracuse region (\$38,922) was \$872 but expanded to \$7,748 in 2010 in favor of the United States (\$47,067 in the United States versus \$39,319 in the Syracuse region).

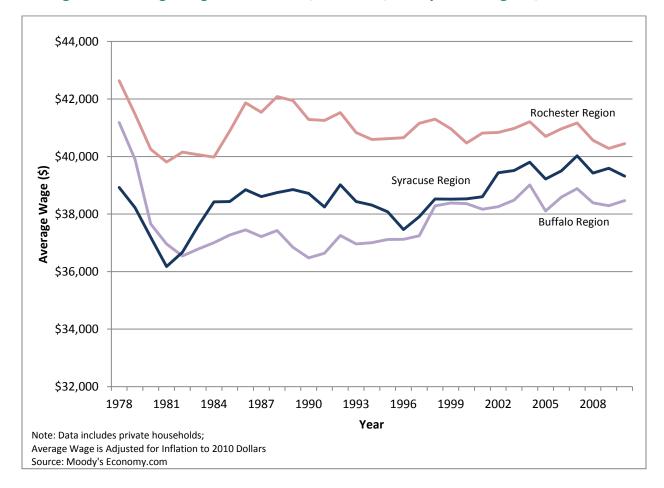


Figure 15. Average Wage in the Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse Regions, 1978-2010

- Comparing all three Upstate New York regions to each other shows the difference in average wages amongst the three regions.
- Of the three regions, the Rochester region has sustained the highest average wage over the last 30 years, ending 2010 with an average wage of \$40,449 (Figure 15).
- Over the last 30 years, only the Syracuse region has had a positive growth rate in average wage (1.0%) while both the Buffalo region (-6.6%) and the Rochester region (-5.1%) have experienced declines in average wage since 1978.
- Of all three regions, the Buffalo region had the lowest average wage in 2010 of \$38,469 in comparison to the Rochester region (\$40,449) and the Syracuse region (\$39,319).

Table 12. Average Wage Change by Major Industry Sector for Upstate New York (19-Counties), New York, and the United States, 2000-2010

| | Upstate Ne | w York | New York | U.S. |
|---|----------------------|----------|----------|-------|
| Industry Sector | 2010 Average Wage | Percenta | 0-2010 | |
| Utilities | \$96,283 | 0.1% | -0.8% | 8.9% |
| Management of Companies and Enterprises | \$65,907 | -3.0% | 3.9% | 12.0% |
| Manufacturing | \$56,479 | -1.3% | 5.1% | 3.9% |
| Wholesale Trade | \$56,376 | 12.1% | 1.9% | 4.5% |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | \$55,275 | 6.3% | 10.9% | 7.7% |
| Information | \$54,103 | 1.8% | 3.7% | -0.2% |
| Finance and Insurance | \$52,209 | -7.7% | 0.2% | 4.9% |
| Construction | \$48,057 | 3.2% | 9.6% | 7.4% |
| Public Administration | \$44,360 | 11.9% | 10.1% | 13.8% |
| Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | \$39,477 | -0.9% | -4.0% | 14.0% |
| Transportation and Warehousing | \$38,091 | -3.5% | 4.6% | 1.2% |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | \$37,099 | 7.7% | 11.8% | 11.3% |
| Educational Services | \$34,294 | 9.9% | 13.3% | 15.6% |
| Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services | \$32,609 | 19.6% | 15.9% | 13.0% |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | \$30,663 | -13.0% | -1.8% | 5.6% |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | \$29,774 | -0.9% | 2.8% | 7.9% |
| Other Services (except Public Administration) | \$24,799 | -7.4% | 8.4% | 6.0% |
| Retail Trade | \$23,545 | 0.4% | 3.5% | -2.8% |
| Accommodation and Food Services | \$15,639 | -0.1% | -0.5% | -0.1% |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting | \$10,140 | 12.4% | 15.5% | 41.2% |
| TOTAL | \$39,378 | 0.6% | 3.2% | 6.0% |

Note: Data excludes private households; Average Wage is adjusted for inflation to 2010 dollars Source: Moody's Economy.com

- The sectors with the highest average wage in Upstate New York were Utilities (\$96,283), Management of Companies and Enterprises (\$65,907), and Manufacturing (\$56,479) (Table 12). Wages in these sectors were either stable (Utilities) between 2000 and 2010, or declined (Management of Companies and Enterprises and Manufacturing)
- Average wages grew in 11 of the 20 industry sectors in Upstate New York between 2000 and 2010, as compared to 16 in New York and 17 in the United States.

Table 13. Average Wage Change by Major Industry Sector for the Buffalo, Rochester and Syracuse Regions 2000-2010

| | Buffalo Region York Re | • | Rochester Reg Lakes Re | | Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Industry Sector | 2010 Average Wage (\$) | Percentage Change (2000-2010) | 2010 Average Wage (\$) | Percentage Change (2000-2010) | 2010 Average Wage (\$) | Percentage Change (2000-2010) | |
| Utilities | \$91,985 | 9.6% | \$67,063 | -20.3% | \$114,874 | 3.5% | |
| Management of Companies and Enterprises | \$55,349 | -9.0% | \$78,792 | 3.6% | \$57,213 | -3.9% | |
| Manufacturing | \$55,940 | -3.1% | \$58,034 | 0.8% | \$54,370 | -2.0% | |
| Wholesale Trade | \$54,193 | 19.1% | \$60,516 | 11.1% | \$54,430 | 2.9% | |
| Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services | \$52,499 | 8.2% | \$57,882 | 2.3% | \$56,365 | 12.3% | |
| Information | \$49,956 | 16.9% | \$57,244 | -11.4% | \$55,378 | 5.4% | |
| Finance and Insurance | \$50,853 | -5.7% | \$54,263 | -11.2% | \$52,579 | -6.5% | |
| Construction | \$47,104 | 4.2% | \$48,649 | 1.0% | \$48,747 | 4.9% | |
| Public Administration | \$46,055 | 8.8% | \$43,529 | 15.3% | \$42,559 | 13.2% | |
| Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction | \$64,044 | 8.9% | \$26,377 | -18.3% | \$19,106 | -10.7% | |
| Transportation and Warehousing | \$39,634 | -1.9% | \$35,805 | -6.9% | \$37,859 | -2.6% | |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | \$35,640 | 5.1% | \$36,904 | 8.4% | \$40,067 | 10.4% | |
| Educational Services | \$27,174 | 21.9% | \$39,912 | 2.2% | \$30,264 | 11.2% | |
| Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services | \$31,650 | 14.9% | \$34,215 | 21.9% | \$32,106 | 27.2% | |
| Real Estate and Rental and Leasing | \$30,752 | -17.7% | \$28,832 | -13.1% | \$33,630 | -4.5% | |
| Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation | \$46,700 | 10.2% | \$21,005 | -9.6% | \$14,742 | -22.6% | |
| Other Services (except Public Administration) | \$22,930 | -13.1% | \$24,530 | -5.3% | \$29,106 | 1.7% | |
| Retail Trade | \$22,452 | -3.7% | \$24,157 | 1.0% | \$24,618 | 6.8% | |
| Accommodation and Food Services | \$15,401 | 2.6% | \$15,882 | -3.8% | \$15,757 | 0.7% | |
| Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting | \$6,494 | -3.1% | \$13,753 | 19.2% | \$8,407 | 12.7% | |
| TOTAL | \$38,474 | 0.3% | \$40,447 | 0.0% | \$39,316 | 2.1% | |

Note: Data excludes private households; Average Wage is adjusted for inflation to 2010 dollars Source: Moody's Economy.com

- Utilities had the highest average wage in two of the three regions: Buffalo (\$91,985) and Syracuse (\$114,874) (Table 13). The highest wage in the Rochester region was in Management of Companies and Enterprises (\$78,792)
- Average wages grew in 12 of the 20 industry sectors in the Buffalo region between 2000 and 2010, as compared to 11 in the Rochester region and 13 in the Syracuse region.
- Of the three regions, Rochester had the highest average wages at \$40,447, followed by the Syracuse region (\$39,316), and the Buffalo region (\$38,474).

HIGH PERFORMANCE INDUSTRIES

UPSTATE NEW YORK (19-COUNTIES)

To identify which industries in Upstate New York are outperforming others in the region and nationally, we analyzed data at a finer detail level of industry sectors (4-digit NAICS). This analysis explores 283 industry sectors in greater depth.

"WINNING" INDUSTRIES - TIER I

To examine these high performance industries we selected industries that meet all of the following criteria:

- 1. **Percent Employment Change (2000-2010) > 1%** to show employment growth
- 2. Average Wage (2010) > \$49,222.50³⁹ to find industries that have livable wages
- 3. Percent Change in Gross Product (2000-2010) > 0.1% to show positive growth in output
- 4. **Gross Product Location Quotient**⁴⁰ **(2010) > 1.2**⁴¹ to find industries that are more concentrated in Upstate New York relative to the United States.
- 5. **2010 Employment > 500 employees** to find large driver industries in the Upstate New York region.
- Table 14 shows the five industries that met the above criteria for Tier I winning industries in Upstate
 New York, two of which are in the Manufacturing sector (NAICS 31-33), one in the Finance and
 Insurance sector (NAICS 52), one in the Administrative and Support and Waste Management and
 Remediation Services (NAICS 56), and one in Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation industry (NAICS
 71).
- These five Tier I industries have a gross product LQ greater than 1.2 indicating the region specializes in these industries compared to the nation, have livable wages, and experienced growth in both employment and output, and are fairly large employers.
- The largest Tier I winning industry is Insurance Carriers with 2010 employment of 15,384 and a gross product of \$2.6 billion. This single industry accounted for 2% of overall gross product in the Upstate New York region.

This calculation was taken as 25% above the Upstate New York (19-Counties) average wage in Table 12.

This calculation was taken as 25% above the Upstate New York (19-Counties) average wage in Table 12.

This calculation was taken as 25% above the Upstate New York (19-Counties) by comparing it to data in a larger region. For our analysis:

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This calculation was taken as 25% above the Upstate New York (19-Counties) average wage in Table 12.

Table 14. Industry Winners (Tier I) in Upstate New York (19-Counties) for Employment, Gross Product, and Average Wage

| | | | Upstate New York (19-Counties) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|--------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Employment | : | | | | GDP | | | | | Average wage | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$) | 2010 (\$) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 3115 | Dairy Product Manufacturing | 3,271 | 3,507 | 236 | 7.2% | 2.60 | \$433.4 | \$599.1 | \$165.7 | 38.2% | 3.95 | \$58,350 | \$56,387 | -\$1,963 | -3.4% | 1.15 |
| 3391 | Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing | 6,646 | 7,062 | 416 | 6.3% | 2.03 | \$749.2 | \$1,060.7 | \$311.4 | 41.6% | 2.53 | \$73,721 | \$57,900 | -\$15,821 | -21.5% | 1.11 |
| 5241 | Insurance Carriers | 14,651 | 15,384 | 733 | 5.0% | 1.07 | \$1,847.3 | \$2,625.3 | \$777.9 | 42.1% | 1.36 | \$57,401 | \$55,918 | -\$1,484 | -2.6% | 0.92 |
| 5629 | Remediation and Other Waste Management Services | 1,527 | 1,747 | 220 | 14.4% | 1.17 | \$170.8 | \$256.5 | \$85.7 | 50.2% | 1.98 | \$50,553 | \$70,568 | \$20,016 | 39.6% | 1.74 |
| 7112 | Spectator Sports | 1,631 | 1,857 | 226 | 13.9% | 1.18 | \$301.5 | \$448.5 | \$147.0 | 48.7% | 1.66 | \$119,384 | \$147,013 | \$27,629 | 23.1% | 1.53 |

"WINNING" INDUSTRIES - TIER II

The main reason for the small number of Tier I winning industries was employment change. Only 91 out of the 283 industries (32%) selected for this finer detailed industry analysis had positive employment change from 2000 to 2010.

Since there were only five Tier I winning industries in Upstate New York, we looked to find industries that are surviving the economic storm, which we will call Tier II winning industries. For Tier II winning industries, we selected industries that met four of the five criteria (all those chosen for Tier I except employment growth):

- 1. Average Wage (2009) > \$49,222.50⁴² to find industries that have livable wages
- 2. Percent Change in Gross Product (2000-2010) > 0.1% to show positive growth in output
- 3. **Gross Product Location Quotient**⁴³ **(2009)** > **1.2**⁴⁴ to find industries that are more concentrated in Upstate New York relative to the United States.
- 4. **2010 Employment > 500 employees** to find large driver industries in the Upstate New York region.
- Table 15 lists the 10 industries that are Tier II winning industries in Upstate New York. Of those 10, eight are in Manufacturing (NAICS 31-33); one in the Wholesale Trade sector (NAICS 42); and one in Information (NAICS 51). All industries in Table 15 lost significant employment from 2000 to 2010; nine of the 10 industries reported double digit employment losses over this period.
- The top five employers for 2010 out of the Tier II industries are Wired Telecommunication Carriers (7,833), Electrical and Electronic Goods Merchant Wholesalers (4,198), Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing (2,696), Electrical Equipment Manufacturing (2,569), and Basic Chemical Manufacturing (2,297).
- Four of the Tier II industries had less than 1,000 employees. These eight industries (Animal Food Manufacturing; Grain and Oilseed Milling; Soap, Cleaning Compound, and Toilet Preparation Manufacturing; and Steel Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel) are all within the manufacturing sector and are high-wage industries.
- While all Tier II industries had an increase in gross product from 2000 to 2010 (under criterion #2), most had significant employment loss over this period. This indicates that even though employers were shedding workers their output increased, demonstrating productivity increases in these sectors.

⁴² This calculation was taken as 25% above the Upstate New York (19-Counties) average wage in Table 12.

⁴³ Location Quotient measures the specialization of an industry in a region by comparing it to data in a larger region. For our analysis:

— where = Upstate New York (19-Counties) gross product in industry = Total in Upstate New York (19-Counties) gross product; = US gross product in industry; = Total US gross product

⁴⁴ A location quotient >1.2 indicates specialization in an industry.

Table 15. Industry Winners (Tier II) in Upstate New York (19-Counties) for Employment, Gross Product, and Average Wage

| | | | Upstate New York (19-Counties) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Employmen | t | | | | GDP | | | | A | verage wage | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$) | 2010 (\$) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 3111 | Animal Food Manufacturing | 868 | 700 | -168 | -19.4% | 1.32 | \$120.3 | \$123.8 | \$3.5 | 2.9% | 1.98 | \$60,399 | \$55,365 | -\$5,034 | -8.3% | 1.15 |
| 3112 | Grain and Oilseed Milling | 699 | 572 | -127 | -18.2% | 0.87 | \$100.9 | \$112.5 | \$11.6 | 11.5% | 1.31 | \$62,675 | \$57,658 | -\$5,018 | -8.0% | 1.08 |
| 3251 | Basic Chemical Manufacturing | 3,613 | 2,297 | -1,316 | -36.4% | 1.47 | \$790.2 | \$1,165.5 | \$375.3 | 47.5% | 2.26 | \$74,712 | \$69,862 | -\$4,850 | -6.5% | 0.98 |
| 3254 | Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing | 3,607 | 2,696 | -911 | -25.3% | 0.85 | \$1,136.2 | \$2,411.1 | \$1,275.0 | 112.2% | 2.52 | \$112,450 | \$137,569 | \$25,119 | 22.3% | 1.53 |
| 3256 | Soap, Cleaning Compound, and Toilet Preparation Manufacturing | 1,606 | 564 | -1,042 | -64.9% | 0.47 | \$276.5 | \$527.1 | \$250.6 | 90.6% | 2.71 | \$56,062 | \$140,407 | \$84,345 | 150.5% | 3.09 |
| 3312 | Steel Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel | 1,309 | 876 | -433 | -33.1% | 1.64 | \$127.6 | \$161.9 | \$34.3 | 26.9% | 2.15 | \$50,077 | \$65,934 | \$15,857 | 31.7% | 1.19 |
| 3314 | Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing | 2,212 | 1,739 | -473 | -21.4% | 2.24 | \$278.8 | \$286.2 | \$7.4 | 2.7% | 2.94 | \$64,691 | \$55,426 | -\$9,265 | -14.3% | 1.28 |
| 3353 | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 3,086 | 2,569 | -517 | -16.8% | 1.81 | \$298.5 | \$437.1 | \$138.7 | 46.5% | 2.06 | \$52,195 | \$51,511 | -\$685 | -1.3% | 0.95 |
| 4236 | Electrical and Electronic Goods Merchant Wholesalers | 4,608 | 4,198 | -410 | -8.9% | 1.16 | \$548.1 | \$591.0 | \$42.9 | 7.8% | 1.22 | \$61,957 | \$65,998 | \$4,041 | 6.5% | 1.04 |
| 5171 | Wired Telecommunications | 11,990 | 7,833 | -4,157 | -34.7% | 1.15 | \$3,252.7 | \$5,184.0 | \$1,931.3 | 59.4% | 2.66 | \$62,786 | \$73,094 | \$10,308 | 16.4% | 1.12 |

Carriers
Source: Moody's Economy.com

Figure 16. Industry Winners (Tier I & II): Average Wage by Employment Change, and Employment Level for Upstate New York (19-Counties)

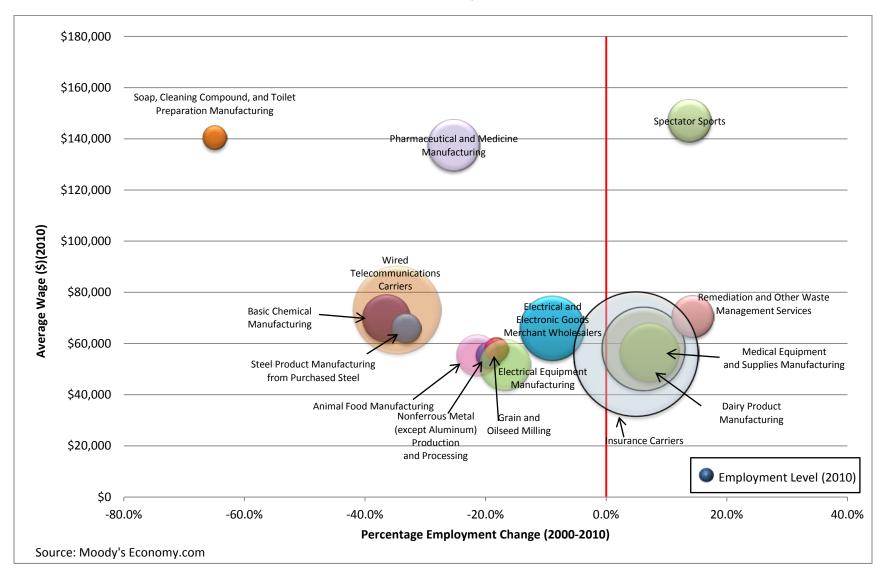
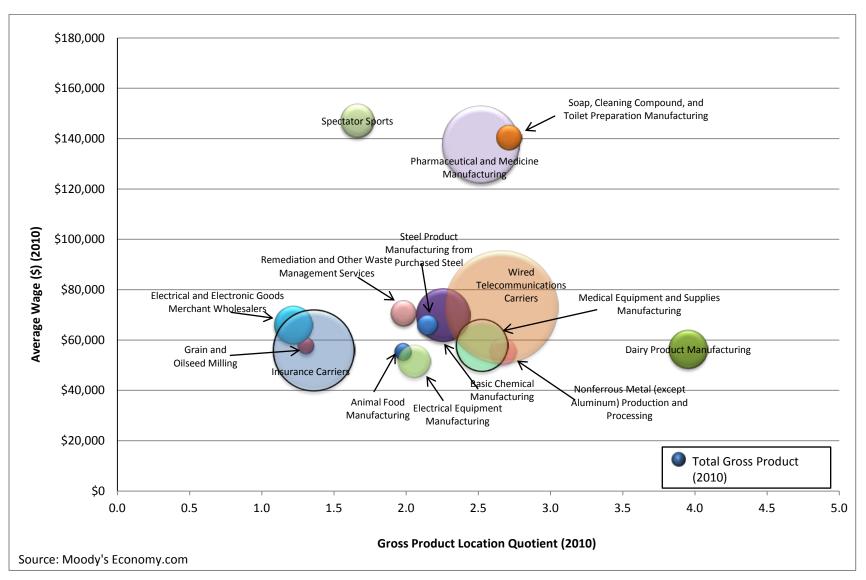


Figure 17. Industry Winners (Tier I & II): Average Wage by Location Quotient, and Total Gross Product for Upstate New York (19-Counties)



AVERAGE WAGE BY EMPLOYMENT CHANGE AND EMPLOYMENT LEVEL

- One industry from Tier I Spectator Sports (Table 14) experienced growth in employment between 2000 and 2010 and is paying very high wages (Figure 16). Five Tier I industries experienced employment growth and had average wages of over \$55,000. Of the 10 Tier II industries, 9 had average wages of over \$55,000.
- In Tier I and Tier II, industries with the largest employment include Insurance Carriers; Wired
 Telecommunications; Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing; Medical Equipment and
 Supplies Manufacturing; Electrical and Electronic Goods Merchant Wholesalers; and Dairy Product
 Manufacturing (Figure 16).

AVERAGE WAGE BY LOCATION QUOTIENT AND TOTAL GROSS PRODUCT

- One Tier I industry that stands out when examining average wage, gross product location quotient, and total gross product is Dairy Product Manufacturing. This industry has a gross product location quotient of almost 4, indicating that the Upstate New York region is highly specialized in Diary Product Manufacturing compared to the nation. Additionally, this industry has high wages and large employment (Figure 17).
- The industries of Spectator Sports; Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing; and Soap, Cleaning Compound, and Toilet Preparation Manufacturing all have high wages and a gross product location quotient greater than 1.2 indicating these industries are specialists in their field in the nation. However, these three industries are significantly different in gross product size. The Spectator Sports industry (\$448.5 million) and the Soap, Cleaning Compound, and Toilet Preparation Manufacturing industry (\$599.1 million) are much smaller than the Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing industry (\$1.1 billion).

EMPLOYMENT LOCATION QUOTIENT

Table 16. Industry Sectors in which Employment Location Quotient was Greater than 3 for Upstate New York (19-Counties)

| | | | Upstat | e New York (19 | -Counties) | |
|-------|--|--------|--------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------|
| | | | | Employmen | t | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 3259 | Other Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing | 30,855 | 7,918 | -22,937 | -74.3% | 8.07 |
| 3333 | Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing | 16,058 | 6,581 | -9,477 | -59.0% | 5.49 |
| 6112 | Junior Colleges | 2,446 | 3,502 | 1,056 | 43.2% | 4.58 |
| 6113 | Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools | 36,081 | 50,142 | 14,061 | 39.0% | 3.11 |
| 8131 | Religious Organizations | 10,186 | 13,909 | 3,723 | 36.6% | 3.62 |

- Excluding all other criteria, the five industries above represent the industries with an employment location quotient (LQ) greater than 3. With such a high LQ, the region is a national specialist in these industries (Table 16).
- Two of the industries in Table 16 are in the Manufacturing sector and represent 0.9% of all employment in Upstate New York in 2010, while two industries are in the Educational Services sector representing 3.4% of all employment.
- Two of the five industries above lost significant employment from 2000 to 2010; both were in the
 Manufacturing sector (Other Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing; and Commercial
 and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing). Combined, both of these industries shed over
 32,000 jobs over this time period. However, the region still has a high specialization in these
 industries relative to the U.S.
- The largest employer in Table 16 is Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools, which accounted
 for 3% of overall employment in Upstate New York. In addition, this sector grew by 39% over the 10year period, but the average wage in this industry for 2010 was \$42,069, below the criteria for a
 Winning Industry.
- Interestingly, none of these industries appears on the Tier I or Tier II winning industry list (Table 14 & 15) because the industries listed in Table 16 had a negative change in output or lower wages.

GROSS PRODUCT LOCATION QUOTIENT

Table 17. Industry Sectors in which Gross Product Location Quotient was Greater than 3 for Upstate New York (19-Counties)

| | | Upstate New York (19-Counties) | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|--------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Gross Product | | | | | | | | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | | | | | | | |
| 3114 | Fruit and Vegetable Preserving and Specialty Food Manufacturing | \$5,695.4 | \$5,530.0 | -\$165.4 | -2.9% | 3.22 | | | | | | | |
| 3115 | Dairy Product Manufacturing | \$4,334.4 | \$5,991.1 | \$1,656.7 | 38.2% | 3.95 | | | | | | | |
| 3159 | Apparel Accessories and Other Apparel Manufacturing | \$894.6 | \$429.2 | -\$465.4 | -52.0% | 5.15 | | | | | | | |
| 3259 | Other Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing | \$41,079.9 | \$26,577.1 | -\$14,502.8 | -35.3% | 15.18 | | | | | | | |
| 3271 | Clay Product and Refractory Manufacturing | \$3,067.1 | \$2,077.0 | -\$990.1 | -32.3% | 4.60 | | | | | | | |
| 3333 | Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing | \$23,330.5 | \$8,974.6 | -\$14,355.9 | -61.5% | 7.85 | | | | | | | |
| 3336 | Engine, Turbine, and Power Transmission Equipment Manufacturing | \$5,354.5 | \$3,957.2 | -\$1,397.3 | -26.1% | 3.20 | | | | | | | |
| 4542 | Vending Machine Operators | \$745.2 | \$883.7 | \$138.6 | 18.6% | 3.51 | | | | | | | |
| 6113 | Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools | \$16,676.6 | \$26,308.3 | \$9,631.6 | 57.8% | 3.16 | | | | | | | |
| 8131 | Religious Organizations Source: Moody's Economy.com | \$696.8 | \$1,702.2 | \$1,005.5 | 144.3% | 4.71 | | | | | | | |

- Excluding all other criteria, the 10 industries in Table 17 represent the industries with a gross product location quotient (LQ) greater than 3. Upstate New York is a national specialist in industries with such a high LQ.
- Seven of the 10 industries in Table 17 are in the Manufacturing sector and represent 38.8% of all Manufacturing gross product in Upstate New York in 2010.
- The industry Other Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing has an extremely high gross product location quotient of 15.18, demonstrating that this sector is an extreme specialist in Upstate New York economy in comparison to the United States. This industry experienced a significant decline in its gross product from \$41.1 billion in 2000 to \$26.6 billion in 2010 (-35.3%).
- Six of the 10 industries listed experienced a decline in gross product from 2000 to 2010.
- Only one of the 12 industries appears on the Tier I winning industry list (Table 14): Dairy Product Manufacturing (NAICS 3115).

THE BUFFALO REGION (WESTERN NEW YORK REGION)

To identify which industries in the Buffalo region are outperforming others in the region and nationally, we analyzed data at a finer detail level of industry sectors (4-digit NAICS). This analysis explores 283 industry sectors in greater depth.

"WINNING" INDUSTRIES - TIER I

To examine these high performance industries we selected industries that meet all of the following criteria:

- 1. **Percent Employment Change (2000-2010) > 1%** to show employment growth
- 2. Average Wage (2010) > \$48,092.50⁴⁵ to find industries that have livable wages
- 3. Percent Change in Gross Product (2000-2010) > 0.1% to show positive growth in output
- 4. **Gross Product Location Quotient**⁴⁶ **(2010)** > **1.2**⁴⁷ to find industries that are more concentrated in the Buffalo region relative to the United States.
- 5. 2010 Employment > 250 employees to find large driver industries in the Buffalo region.
- These six Tier I industries have a gross product LQ greater than 1.2 indicating these industries are specialists in their field compared to the nation, have livable wages, experienced growth in both employment and output, and are fairly large employers (Table 18).
- Table 18 shows the six industries that met the above criteria for Tier I winning industries in the
 Buffalo region, one of which is in the Manufacturing sector (NAICS 31-33), one in the Finance and
 Insurance sector (NAICS 52), one Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services (NAICS 54), one in
 Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services (NAICS 56), one in
 Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation (NAICS 71), and one in Other Services (except Public
 Administration) (NAICS 81).
- The industry with the largest employment in Table 18 is Insurance Carriers with 2010 employment of 6,091. This single industry accounted for 1% of overall employment in the Buffalo region.
- Combined, the six industries in Table 18 account for 2.5% of total employment and 2.1% of total gross product in the Buffalo region.

US gross product in industry; = Total US gross product

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⁴⁵ This calculation was taken as 25% above the average wage for the Buffalo Region in Table 13.

⁴⁶ Location Quotient measures the specialization of an industry in a region by comparing it to data in a larger region. For our analysis:

— where = the Buffalo region gross product in industry = Total in the Buffalo region gross product; =

⁴⁷ A location quotient >1.2 indicates specialization in an industry.

Table 18. Industry Winners (Tier I) in the Buffalo Region for Employment, Gross Product, and Average Wage

| | | | | | | | | | Buffalo Re | gion | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-------|-------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Employme | nt | | | | GDP | | | | | Average wag | ge . | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$) | 2010 (\$) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 3115 | Dairy Product Manufacturing | 1,925 | 2,160 | 235 | 12.2% | 3.91 | \$253.2 | \$403.5 | \$150.4 | 59.4% | 6.65 | \$57,910 | \$61,662 | \$3,752 | 0.1% | 1.29 |
| 5241 | Insurance Carriers | 4,658 | 6,091 | 1,433 | 30.8% | 1.03 | \$564.1 | \$1,046.8 | \$482.7 | 85.6% | 1.35 | \$55,134 | \$56,313 | \$1,179 | 0.0% | 0.95 |
| 5417 | Scientific Research and Development Services | 4,364 | 4,437 | 73 | 1.7% | 1.47 | \$521.8 | \$765.4 | \$243.6 | 46.7% | 1.68 | \$68,089 | \$91,106 | \$23,018 | 0.3% | 1.08 |
| 5629 | Remediation and Other Waste Management Services | 947 | 985 | 38 | 4.0% | 1.61 | \$106.8 | \$148.5 | \$41.6 | 39.0% | 2.87 | \$50,997 | \$72,447 | \$21,451 | 0.4% | 1.82 |
| 7112 | Spectator Sports | 814 | 955 | 141 | 17.3% | 1.48 | \$243.6 | \$377.6 | \$134.0 | 55.0% | 3.50 | \$193,244 | \$240,665 | \$47,421 | 0.2% | 2.57 |
| 8133 | Social Advocacy Organizations | 1,129 | 1,611 | 482 | 42.7% | 1.18 | \$93.4 | \$170.1 | \$76.7 | 82.2% | 1.31 | \$52,988 | \$61,265 | \$8,277 | 0.2% | 1.08 |

"WINNING" INDUSTRIES - TIER II

The main reason for the small number of Tier I winning industries was employment change. Only 85 out of the 283 industries (30%) selected for this finer detailed level of industry analysis had positive employment change from 2000 to 2010.

Since there were only eight Tier I winning industries in the Buffalo region, we looked to find industries that are surviving the economic storm, which we will call Tier II winning industries. For Tier II winning industries, we selected industries that met four of the five criteria (all those chosen for Tier I except employment growth):

- 1. Average Wage (2010) > \$48,092.50⁴⁸ to find industries that have livable wages
- 2. **Percent Change in Gross Product (2000-2010) > 0.1%** to show positive growth in output
- 3. **Gross Product Location Quotient**⁴⁹ **(2010)** > **1.2**⁵⁰ to find industries that are more concentrated in the Buffalo region relative to the United States.
- 4. **2010 Employment > 250 employees** to find large driver industries in the Buffalo region.
- Table 19 lists the 13 industries that are Tier II winning industries in the Buffalo region. Of those 12, one is in the Utilities sector (NAICS 22), seven are in Manufacturing (NAICS 31-33); two in the Wholesale Trade sector (NAICS 42); one is in Transportation and Warehousing (NAICS 48); one in Information (NAICS 51); and one in Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation (NAICS 71).
- The top 5 employers for 2010 out of the Tier II industries are Professional and Commercial Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers (3,570), Plastics Product Manufacturing (2,913), Wired Telecommunications Carriers (2,481), Basic Chemical Manufacturing (2,125), and Electrical Equipment Manufacturing (1,839).
- Four of the Tier II industries had less than 500 employees. These four industries (Animal Food Manufacturing; Grain and Oilseed Milling; Deep Sea, Coastal, and Great Lakes Water Transportation; and Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports, and Similar Events) are mostly high-wage industries, but account for only a very small portion (7.1%) of all employment in the Tier II industries.
- While all Tier II industries had an increase in gross product from 2000 to 2010 (under criterion #2),
 most had significant employment loss over this period. This indicates that even though employers
 were shedding workers, their output increased, demonstrating productivity increases in these
 sectors.

⁴⁸ This calculation was taken as 25% above the average wage for the Buffalo region in Table 13.
49 Location Quotient measures the specialization of an industry in a region by comparing it to data in a larger region. For our analysis:

— where = the Buffalo region gross product in industry = Total in the Buffalo region gross product; = US gross product in industry; = Total US gross product
50 A location quotient >1.2 indicates specialization in an industry.

Table 19. Industry Winners (Tier II) in the Buffalo Region for Employment, Gross Product, and Average Wage

| | | | Buffalo Region | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-------|----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Employme | nt | | | | GDP | | | | А | verage wage | 2 | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$) | 2010 (\$) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 2212 | Natural Gas Distribution | 1,069 | 858 | -211 | -19.7% | 1.39 | \$223.5 | \$424.8 | \$201.3 | 90.0% | 1.60 | \$44,978 | \$51,506 | \$6,529 | 0.1% | 0.77 |
| 3111 | Animal Food Manufacturing | 544 | 418 | -126 | -23.2% | 1.92 | \$79.1 | \$82.9 | \$3.8 | 4.8% | 3.31 | \$63,381 | \$62,106 | -\$1,275 | 0.0% | 1.33 |
| 3112 | Grain and Oilseed Milling | 445 | 341 | -104 | -23.4% | 1.26 | \$67.0 | \$75.5 | \$8.5 | 12.7% | 2.19 | \$65,338 | \$64,899 | -\$438 | 0.0% | 1.24 |
| 3251 | Basic Chemical Manufacturing | 3,391 | 2,125 | -1,266 | -37.3% | 3.32 | \$733.3 | \$1,023.0 | \$289.7 | 39.5% | 4.95 | \$73,863 | \$66,281 | -\$7,582 | -0.1% | 0.95 |
| 3254 | Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing | 1,746 | 1,734 | -12 | -0.7% | 1.33 | \$513.9 | \$1,017.5 | \$503.6 | 98.0% | 2.65 | \$105,080 | \$90,263 | -\$14,817 | -0.1% | 1.03 |
| 3261 | Plastics Product Manufacturing | 3,265 | 2,913 | -352 | -10.8% | 1.23 | \$283.6 | \$338.5 | \$54.9 | 19.3% | 2.16 | \$46,506 | \$53,376 | \$6,869 | 0.1% | 1.47 |
| 3312 | Steel Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel | 815 | 588 | -227 | -27.9% | 2.70 | \$86.4 | \$115.5 | \$29.1 | 33.7% | 3.83 | \$54,478 | \$70,084 | \$15,606 | 0.3% | 1.30 |
| 3353 | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 2,270 | 1,839 | -431 | -19.0% | 3.16 | \$225.7 | \$307.1 | \$81.4 | 36.1% | 3.61 | \$53,655 | \$50,545 | -\$3,110 | -0.1% | 0.95 |
| 4231 | Motor Vehicle and Motor Vehicle Parts and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers | 2,192 | 1,376 | -816 | -37.2% | 0.92 | \$179.0 | \$181.0 | \$2.0 | 1.1% | 1.54 | \$42,147 | \$61,616 | \$19,469 | 0.5% | 1.66 |
| 4234 | Professional and Commercial Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers | 4,848 | 3,570 | -1,278 | -26.4% | 1.17 | \$521.7 | \$525.1 | \$3.4 | 0.7% | 1.21 | \$56,376 | \$74,814 | \$18,437 | 0.3% | 1.06 |
| 4831 | Deep Sea, Coastal, and Great Lakes Water Transportation | 281 | 253 | -28 | -10.0% | 1.27 | \$43.7 | \$51.5 | \$7.8 | 17.8% | 1.75 | \$59,844 | \$84,218 | \$24,375 | 0.4% | 1.38 |
| 5171 | Wired Telecommunications Carriers | 4,435 | 2,481 | -1,954 | -44.1% | 0.89 | \$973.5 | \$1,501.1 | \$527.6 | 54.2% | 1.92 | \$50,802 | \$66,822 | \$16,019 | 0.3% | 1.05 |
| 7113 | Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports, and Similar Events | 545 | 325 | -220 | -40.4% | 0.73 | \$36.1 | \$36.8 | \$0.7 | 1.9% | 1.54 | \$38,233 | \$65,083 | \$26,850 | 0.7% | 2.31 |

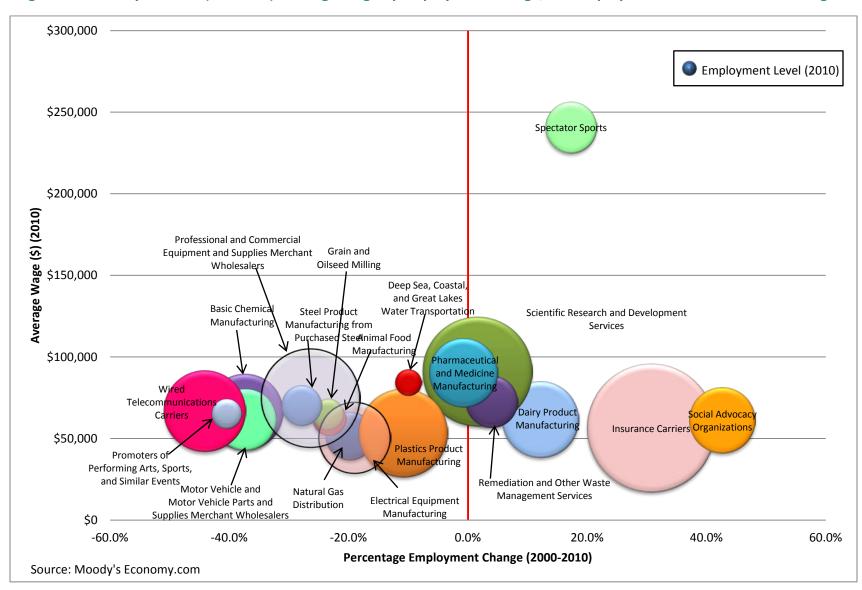


Figure 18. Industry Winners (Tier I & II): Average Wage by Employment Change, and Employment Level for the Buffalo Region

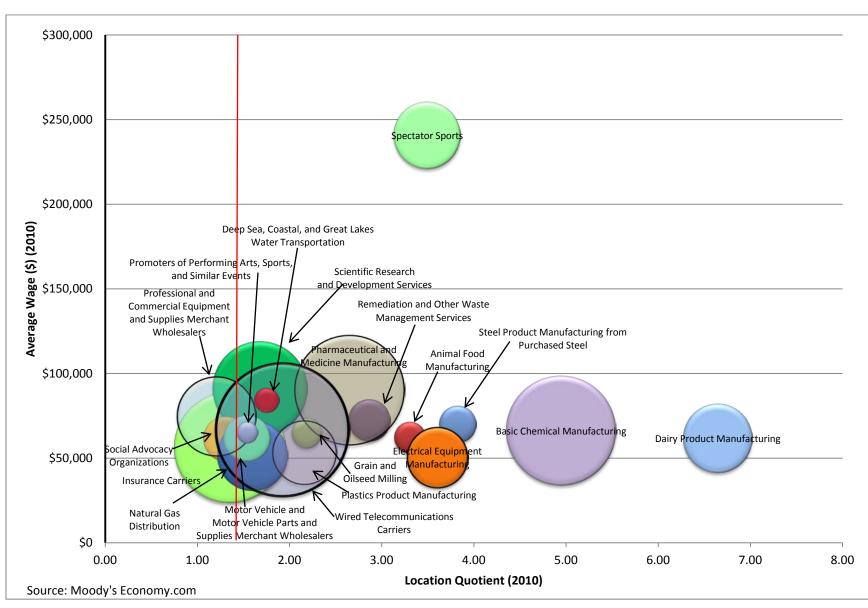


Figure 19. Industry Winners (Tier I & II): Average Wage by Location Quotient, and Total Gross Product for the Buffalo Region

AVERAGE WAGE BY EMPLOYMENT CHANGE AND EMPLOYMENT LEVEL

- One industry from Tier I Spectator Sports (Table 18) experienced growth in employment between 2000 and 2010 and is paying very high wages (Figure 18).
- In Tier I and Tier II, industries with the largest employment include Insurance Carriers; Professional
 and Commercial Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers; Scientific Research and
 Development Services; Plastics Product Manufacturing; Dairy Product Manufacturing; Wired
 Telecommunications Carriers; and Basic Chemical Manufacturing (Figure 18). Of these, only Dairy
 Product Manufacturing, Insurance Carriers, and Scientific Research and Development Services
 sectors gained employment.

AVERAGE WAGE BY LOCATION QUOTIENT AND TOTAL GROSS PRODUCT

- One Tier I industry that stands out when examining average wage, gross product location quotient, and total gross product is Dairy Product Manufacturing. This industry has gross product location quotient greater than 6 indicating that the Buffalo region is highly specialized in this industry compared to the nation. Diary Product Manufacturing also has high wages and large employment (Figure 19).
- The industries of Dairy Product Manufacturing and Basic Chemical Manufacturing have a gross product location quotient greater than 4, indicating these industries are specialists in the Buffalo region compared to the nation and have livable wages. However, the two industries are significantly different in size. The Dairy Product Manufacturing industry has a much smaller gross product (\$403.5 million) than the Basic Chemical Manufacturing (\$1.0 billion) (Figure 19).

EMPLOYMENT LOCATION QUOTIENT

Table 20. Industry Sectors in which Employment Location Quotient was Greater than 3 in the Buffalo Region

| | | Buffalo Region | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|----------------|-------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Employme | nt | | | | | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | | | | | |
| 3115 | Dairy Product Manufacturing | 1,925 | 2,160 | 235 | 12.2% | 3.91 | | | | | |
| 3159 | Apparel Accessories and Other Apparel Manufacturing | 1,184 | 605 | -579 | -48.9% | 6.10 | | | | | |
| 3251 | Basic Chemical Manufacturing | 3,391 | 2,125 | -1,266 | -37.3% | 3.32 | | | | | |
| 3271 | Clay Product and Refractory Manufacturing | 1,317 | 893 | -424 | -32.2% | 4.42 | | | | | |
| 3279 | Other Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing | 1,775 | 1,070 | -705 | -39.7% | 3.94 | | | | | |
| 3322 | Cutlery and Handtool Manufacturing | 1,075 | 950 | -125 | -11.6% | 3.92 | | | | | |
| 3336 | Engine, Turbine, and Power Transmission Equipment Manufacturing | 1,656 | 1,455 | -201 | -12.1% | 3.21 | | | | | |
| 3353 | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 2,270 | 1,839 | -431 | -19.0% | 3.16 | | | | | |
| 6112 | Junior Colleges | 973 | 1,311 | 338 | 34.7% | 4.19 | | | | | |
| 8131 | Religious Organizations | 3,974 | 6,113 | 2,139 | 53.8% | 3.89 | | | | | |

- Excluding all other criteria, the ten industries above represent the industries with an employment location quotient (LQ) greater than 3. With such a high LQ the Buffalo region specializes in these industries compared to the United States (Table 20).
- The largest employer in Table 20 is the Religious Organizations sector which alone accounted for 1.0% of total employment in the Buffalo region. In addition, this sector grew by 54% over the 10year period, but the average wage in this industry for 2010 was well below the criteria for a winning industry.
- Eight of the industries in Table 20 are in the Manufacturing sector and represent 17.5% of all Manufacturing employment in the Buffalo region in 2010.
- Seven of the of the ten industries lost significant employment from 2000 to 2010; all were in the Manufacturing sector. These industries, combined, shed over 3,700 jobs over this time period.
- Three of the industries in Table 20 appear on the Tier I or Tier II winning industry list: Dairy Product Manufacturing (Tier I); Basic Chemical Manufacturing (Tier II) and Electrical Equipment Manufacturing (Tier II) (Table 18 & 19).

Buffalo Region

-\$59.2

GROSS PRODUCT LOCATION QUOTIENT

Table 21. Industry Sectors in which Gross Product Location Quotient was Greater than 5 in the Buffalo Region

| | | | | Gross Product | | |
|-------|--|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 3115 | Dairy Product Manufacturing | \$253.2 | \$403.5 | \$150.4 | 59.4% | 6.65 |
| 3159 | Apparel Accessories and Other Apparel Manufacturing | \$83.4 | \$39.2 | -\$44.2 | -53.0% | 11.73 |
| 3271 | Clay Product and Refractory Manufacturing | \$157.8 | \$115.1 | -\$42.7 | -27.1% | 6.36 |
| 3322 | Cutlery and Handtool Manufacturing | \$105.2 | \$89.5 | -\$15.7 | -14.9% | 5.52 |

Source: Moody's Economy.com

Equipment Manufacturing

Engine, Turbine, and Power Transmission

• Excluding all other criteria, the five industries in Table 21 represent the industries with a gross product location quotient (LQ) greater than 5. Industries with such a high LQ are national specialists in their field. For the sub-regions, since a large number of industries had gross product LQs around 3, the criteria was adjusted to display gross product LQs greater than 5.

\$314.4

\$255.2

- All five industries in Table 21 are in the Manufacturing sector and represent 10% of all Manufacturing gross product in Upstate New York in 2010.
- Apparel Accessories and Other Apparel Manufacturing has an extremely high gross product location quotient of 11.73, demonstrating that this sector is an extreme specialist in the Buffalo region in comparison to the United States. This industry experienced a significant decline its gross product from \$83.4 million in 2000 to \$39.2 million in 2010 (-44.2%).
- Four of the five industries listed experienced a decline in gross product from 2000 to 2010.
- Only one of the five industries appears on the Tier I winning industry list (Table 18): Dairy Product Manufacturing (NAICS 3115).

THE ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION)

To identify which industries in the Rochester region are outperforming others in the region and nationally, we analyzed data at a fine detail level of industry sectors (4-digit NAICS). This analysis explores 283 industry sectors in greater depth.

"WINNING" INDUSTRIES - TIER I

To examine these high performance industries we selected industries that meet all of the following criteria:

- 1. Percent Employment Change (2000-2010) > 1% to show employment growth
- 2. Average Wage (2010) > \$ 50,558.75⁵¹ to find industries that have livable wages
- 3. Percent Change in Gross Product (2000-2010) > 0.1% to show positive growth in output
- 4. **Gross Product Location Quotient**⁵² **(2010)** > **1.2**⁵³ to find industries that are more concentrated in the Rochester region relative to the United States.
- 5. **2010 Employment > 250 employees** to find large driver industries in the Rochester region.
- The four Tier I industries in Table 22 have a gross product LQ greater than 1.2 indicating these industries are specialist in the Rochester region compared to the nation, have livable wages, experienced growth in both employment and output, and are fairly large employers.
- Table 22 shows the four industries that met the above criteria for Tier I winning industries in the Rochester region, one in the Manufacturing sector (NAICS 31-33), two in the Wholesale Trade sector (NAICS 42), and one in Management of Companies and Enterprises (NAICS 55).
- The industry with the largest gross product is Insurance Carriers with 2010 gross product of \$1.6 billion. This single industry accounted for 3.2% of overall gross product in the Rochester region.

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⁵¹ This calculation was taken as 25% above the average wage for the Rochester region in Table 13.

Location Quotient measures the specialization of an industry in a region by comparing it to data in a larger region. For our analysis:

— where = the Rochester region gross product in industry = Total in the Rochester region gross product;

⁼ US gross product in industry ; = Total US gross product

⁵³ A location quotient >1.2 indicates specialization in an industry.

Table 22. Industry Winners (Tier I) in the Rochester Region for Employment, Gross Product, and Average Wage

| | | | Rochester Region | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|--------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Employme | nt | | | | GDP | | | | ļ | Average Wage | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$) | 2010 (\$) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 3391 | Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing | 2,604 | 2,949 | 345 | 13.2% | 2.36 | \$396.2 | \$548.7 | \$152.5 | 38.5% | 3.55 | \$99,495 | \$71,729 | -\$27,766 | -0.3% | 1.34 |
| 4236 | Electrical and Electronic Goods Merchant Wholesalers | 1,955 | 2,276 | 321 | 16.4% | 1.75 | \$258.6 | \$329.9 | \$71.3 | 27.6% | 1.85 | \$68,897 | \$67,947 | -\$950 | 0.0% | 1.05 |
| 4242 | Drugs and Druggists Sundries Merchant Wholesalers | 788 | 814 | 26 | 3.3% | 1.04 | \$140.9 | \$169.3 | \$28.3 | 20.1% | 1.26 | \$94,548 | \$113,216 | \$18,668 | 0.2% | 1.25 |
| 5511 | Management of Companies and | 11,780 | 12,464 | 684 | 5.8% | 1.55 | \$1,329.2 | \$1,602.8 | \$273.6 | 20.6% | 1.65 | \$76,029 | \$78,792 | \$2,763 | 0.0% | 0.98 |

Enterprises

"WINNING" INDUSTRIES - TIER II

The main reason for the small number of Tier I winning industries was employment change; 130 out of the 283 industries (46%) selected for this fine detail industry analysis had positive employment growth from 2000 to 2010.

Since there were only four Tier I winning industries in the Rochester region, we looked to find industries that are surviving the economic storm, which we will call Tier II winning industries. For Tier II winning industries, we selected industries that met four of the five criteria (all of those in Tier I except employment growth):

- 1. Average Wage (2010) > \$50,558.75⁵⁴ to find industries that have livable wages
- 2. Percent Change in Gross Product (2000-2010) > 0.1% to show positive growth in output
- 3. **Gross Product Location Quotient**⁵⁵ **(2010)** > **1.2**⁵⁶ to find industries that are more concentrated in the Rochester region relative to the United States.
- 4. **2010 Employment > 250 employees** to find large driver industries in the Rochester region.
- Table 23 lists the three industries that are Tier II winning industries in the Rochester region; of these one is in the Manufacturing sector (NAICS 31-33), one in the Wholesale Trade sector (NAICS 42), and one is in Management of Companies and Enterprises (NAICS 55).
- The largest employer of Tier II industries is Wired Telecommunications Carriers (3,802 employees in 2010) accounting for 5.1% of total gross product in the Rochester region.
- While all Tier II industries had an increase in gross product from 2000 to 2010 (under criterion #2), most had significant employment loss over this period. This indicates that even though employers were shedding workers their output increased, demonstrating productivity increases in these sectors.

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 $^{^{54}}$ This calculation was taken as 25% above the average wage for the Rochester region in Table 13.

Location Quotient measures the specialization of an industry in a region by comparing it to data in a larger region. For our analysis:

— where = the Rochester region gross product in industry = Total in the Rochester region gross product;

⁼ US gross product in industry ; = Total US gross product

⁵⁶ A location quotient >1.2 indicates specialization in an industry.

Table 23. Industry Winners (Tier II) in the Rochester Region for Employment, Gross Product, and Average Wage

| | | | Rochester Region | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Employmen | it | | | | GDP | | | | А | verage Wage | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 (\$) | 2010 (\$) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 3254 | Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing | 864 | 287 | -577 | -66.8% | 0.25 | \$321.6 | \$937.9 | \$616.3 | 191.6% | 2.66 | \$132,872 | \$502,654 | \$369,783 | 2.8% | 5.45 |
| 4241 | Paper and Paper Product Merchant Wholesalers | 1,013 | 864 | -149 | -14.7% | 1.51 | \$95.4 | \$96.4 | \$1.0 | 1.1% | 1.76 | \$48,996 | \$54,238 | \$5,242 | 0.1% | 1.16 |
| 5171 | Wired Telecommunications Carriers | 5,173 | 3,802 | -1,371 | -26.5% | 1.56 | \$1,867.3 | \$2,533.2 | \$665.8 | 35.7% | 3.54 | \$83,545 | \$73,586 | -\$9,959 | -0.1% | 1.10 |

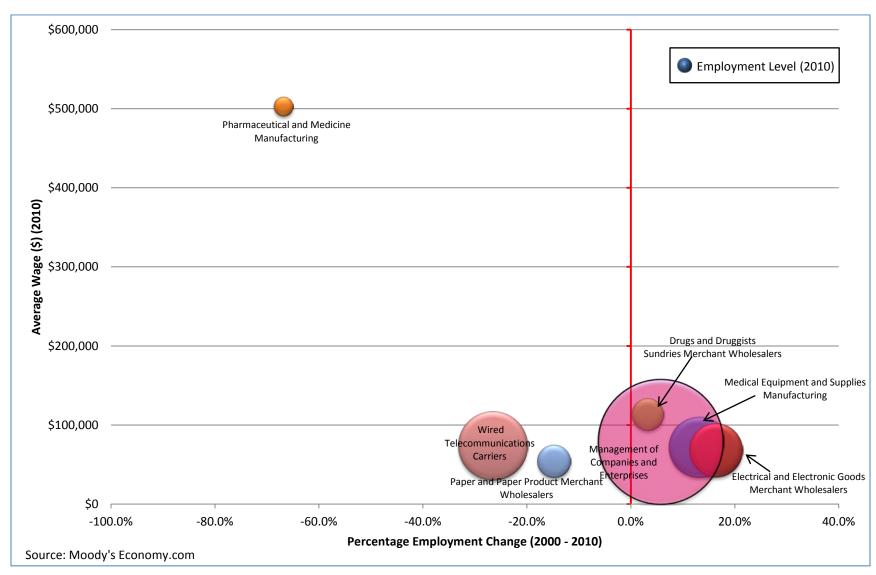


Figure 20. Industry Winners (Tier I & II): Average Wage by Employment Change, and Employment Level for the Rochester Region

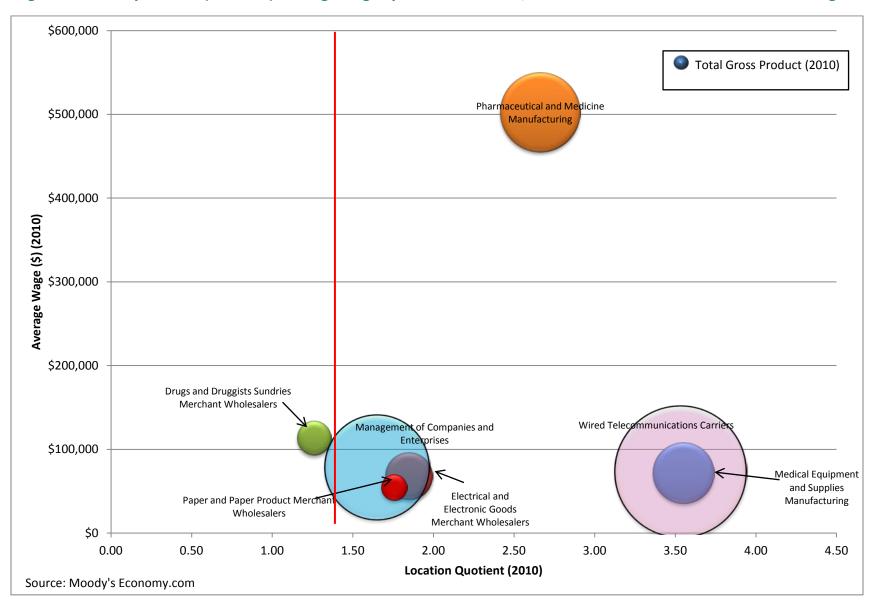


Figure 21. Industry Winners (Tier I & II): Average Wage by Location Quotient, and Total Gross Product for the Rochester Region

AVERAGE WAGE BY EMPLOYMENT CHANGE AND EMPLOYMENT LEVEL

- Four industries (Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing; Electrical and Electronic Goods Merchant Wholesalers; Drugs and Druggists Sundries Merchant Wholesalers; and Management of Companies and Enterprises) from Tier I (Table 22) experienced growth in employment between 2000 and 2010 and are paying relatively high wages (Figure 20).
- In Tier I & II, industries with the largest employment include Management of Companies and Enterprises and Wired Telecommunications Carriers (Figure 20). Of these, only the Management sector gained employment.

AVERAGE WAGE BY LOCATION QUOTIENT AND TOTAL GROSS PRODUCT

- One Tier I industry that stands out when examining average wage, gross product location quotient, and total gross product is Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing. This industry has a gross product location quotient of 2.66, indicating that this industry is concentrated in the Rochester region compared to the nation; in addition it has extremely high wages and large employment (Figure 21).
- The industries of Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing, and Wired Telecommunications Carriers have a gross product location quotient greater than 3 indicating these industries are concentrated in the Rochester region compared to the nation and have livable wages. However, the two industries are significantly different in size. The Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing industry has a much smaller gross product (\$548.7 million) than the Wired Telecommunications Carriers (\$2.5 billion) (Figure 21).

EMPLOYMENT LOCATION QUOTIENT

Table 24. Industry Sectors in which Employment Location Quotient was Greater than 3 in the Rochester Region

| | | Rochester Region | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|------------------|--------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | Employmen | t | | | | | | | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | | | | | | | |
| 3114 | Fruit and Vegetable Preserving and Specialty Food Manufacturing | 1,971 | 1,986 | 15 | 0.8% | 3.02 | | | | | | | |
| 3259 | Other Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing | 30,308 | 7,453 | -22,855 | -75.4% | 21.13 | | | | | | | |
| 3327 | Machine Shops; Turned Product; and Screw, Nut, and Bolt Manufacturing | 3,302 | 3,886 | 584 | 17.7% | 3.20 | | | | | | | |
| 3332 | Industrial Machinery Manufacturing | 2,619 | 1,312 | -1,307 | -49.9% | 3.37 | | | | | | | |
| 3333 | Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing | 15,310 | 6,117 | -9,193 | -60.0% | 14.20 | | | | | | | |
| 3335 | Metalworking Machinery Manufacturing | 5,250 | 2,311 | -2,939 | -56.0% | 3.68 | | | | | | | |
| 3342 | Communications Equipment Manufacturing | 2,438 | 3,228 | 790 | 32.4% | 6.15 | | | | | | | |
| 6112 | Junior Colleges | 931 | 1,300 | 369 | 39.6% | 4.73 | | | | | | | |
| 6113 | Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools | 19,061 | 28,350 | 9,289 | 48.7% | 4.89 | | | | | | | |
| 8131 | Religious Organizations | 3,651 | 4,864 | 1,213 | 33.2% | 3.52 | | | | | | | |

- Excluding all other criteria, the ten industries above represent the industries with an employment LQ greater than 3. With such a high LQ the Rochester region specializes in these industries compared to the United States (Table 24).
- Seven of the industries in Table 24 are in the Manufacturing sector and represent 39.2% of all manufacturing employment in the Rochester region in 2010.
- Four of the ten industries lost significant employment from 2000 to 2010; all were in the Manufacturing sector. These industries combined shed over 36,000 jobs over this time period; most of this employment loss was from the industry Other Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing.
- The largest employer in Table 24 is Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools, which accounted for 5% of overall employment in the Rochester region. In addition, this sector grew by 49% over the 10-year period, but the average wage in this industry for 2010 was \$46,062, below the criteria for a winning industry.
- Interestingly, none of these industries appears on the Tier I or Tier II winning industry list for the Rochester region (Table 22 & 23) because the industries listed in Table 24 had a negative change in output or lower wages.

GROSS PRODUCT LOCATION QUOTIENT

Table 25. Industry Sectors in which Gross Product Location Quotient was Greater than 5 in the Rochester Region

| | | | Ro | chester Regio | on | |
|-------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| | | | C | Gross Product | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000- 2010) | % Change (2000- 2010) | LQ 2010 |
| 3253 | Pesticide, Fertilizer, and Other Agricultural Chemical Manufacturing | \$68.3 | \$189.1 | \$120.8 | 176.8% | 5.68 |
| 3256 | Soap, Cleaning Compound, and Toilet Preparation Manufacturing | \$181.2 | \$441.8 | \$260.7 | 143.9% | 6.18 |
| 3259 | Other Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing | \$4,050.5 | \$2,611.4 | -\$1,439.1 | -35.5% | 40.54 |
| 3333 | Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing | \$2,200.1 | \$862.3 | -\$1,337.7 | -60.8% | 20.49 |
| 3335 | Metalworking Machinery Manufacturing | \$555.4 | \$280.1 | -\$275.3 | -49.6% | 5.34 |
| 6113 | Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools | \$1,019.7 | \$1,628.6 | \$608.9 | 59.7% | 5.31 |

- Excluding all other criteria, the five industries in Table 25 represent the industries with a gross product location quotient (LQ) greater than 5. Industries with such a high LQ are national specialists in their field. For the sub-regions, since a large number of industries had gross product LQs around 3, the criteria was adjusted to display gross product LQs greater than 5.
- Five of the six industries in Table 25 are in the Manufacturing sector and represent 42.2% of all Manufacturing gross product in the Rochester region in 2010.
- Other Chemical Product and Preparation Manufacturing has an extremely high gross product location quotient of 40.51 as well as Commercial and Service Industry Machinery Manufacturing (20.49), demonstrating that these sectors are extreme specialists in the Rochester economy in comparison to the United States. Both of these industries experienced double-digit declines in their gross product from 2000 to 2010.
- Three of the six industries listed experienced a decline in gross product from 2000 to 2010.
- Interestingly, none of these industries appears on the Tier I or Tier II winning industry list for the Rochester region (Table 22 & 23) because the industries listed in Table 25 had a negative change in output or lower wages.

THE SYRACUSE REGION (CENTRAL NEW YORK REGION)

To identify which industries in the Syracuse region are outperforming others in the region and nationally, we analyzed data at a fine detail level of industry sectors (4-digit NAICS). This analysis explores 283 industry sectors in greater depth.

"WINNING" INDUSTRIES - TIFR I

To examine these high performance industries we selected industries that meet all of the following criteria:

- 1. **Percent Employment Change (2000-2010) > 1%** to show employment growth
- 2. Average Wage (2010) > \$49,145.00⁵⁷ to find industries that have livable wages
- 3. Percent Change in Gross Product (2000-2010) > 0.1% to show positive growth in output
- 4. **Gross Product Location Quotient**⁵⁸ **(2010)** > **1.2**⁵⁹ to find industries that are more concentrated in the Syracuse region relative to the United States.
- 5. **2010 Employment > 250 employees** to find large driver industries in the Syracuse region.
- These six Tier I industries have a gross product LQ greater than 1.2 indicating these industries are
 concentrated in the Syracuse region compared to the nation, have livable wages, and experienced
 growth in both employment and output (Table 26).
- Table 26 shows the six industries that met the above criteria for Tier I winning industries in the
 Syracuse region, one of which is in the Manufacturing sector (NAICS 33), one in the Information
 sector (NAICS 51), one in the Wholesale Trade sector (NAICS 42), one in the Administrative and
 Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services (NAICS 56), and two in the Health Care
 and Social Assistance sector (NAICS 62).
- The industry with the largest employment is Offices of Physicians with 2010 employment of 6,622. This single industry accounted for 13.7% of overall Health Care and Social Assistance employment in the Syracuse region.
- Of these six industries, three are small employing jointly only 1,687 people (Cable and Other Subscription Programming; Remediation and Other Waste Management Services; and Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories).

Table 26. Industry Winners (Tier I) in the Syracuse Region for Employment, Gross Product, and Average Wage

| | | | Syracuse Region | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--|
| | | Employment | | | | | GDP | | | | | Average Wage | | | | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2009 | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) (\$Mil) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | |
| 3345 | Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, and Control Instruments Manufacturing | 2,943 | 3,677 | 734 | 24.9% | 3.13 | \$212.1 | \$241.6 | \$29.5 | 13.9% | 2.53 | \$51,215 | \$74,621 | \$23,406 | 0.5% | 1.15 | |
| 5152 | Cable and Other Subscription Programming | 256 | 373 | 117 | 45.7% | 1.54 | \$22.3 | \$51.4 | \$29.0 | 129.9% | 1.21 | \$54,224 | \$68,861 | \$14,637 | 0.3% | 0.99 | |
| 5417 | Scientific Research and Development Services | 2,378 | 2,648 | 270 | 11.4% | 1.55 | \$290.9 | \$443.0 | \$152.1 | 52.3% | 1.68 | \$69,658 | \$88,347 | \$18,689 | 0.3% | 1.02 | |
| 5629 | Remediation and Other Waste Management Services | 396 | 480 | 84 | 21.2% | 1.39 | \$42.6 | \$73.6 | \$31.1 | 73.0% | 2.46 | \$48,589 | \$73,721 | \$25,132 | 0.5% | 1.82 | |
| 6211 | Offices of Physicians | 4,855 | 6,622 | 1,767 | 36.4% | 1.06 | \$694.8 | \$989.2 | \$294.3 | 42.4% | 1.38 | \$74,682 | \$76,740 | \$2,059 | 0.0% | 1.13 | |
| 6215 | Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories | 421 | 834 | 413 | 98.1% | 1.28 | \$44.1 | \$85.7 | \$41.6 | 94.4% | 1.66 | \$54,734 | \$51,139 | -\$3,594 | -0.1% | 1.12 | |

"WINNING" INDUSTRIES - TIER II

The main reason for the small number of Tier I winning industries was employment change. Only 103 out of the 283 industries (36%) selected for this fine detail industry analysis had positive employment change from 2000 to 2010.

Since there were only six Tier I winning industries in the Syracuse region, we looked to find industries that are surviving the economic storm, which we will call Tier II winning industries. For Tier II winning industries, we selected industries that met four of the five criteria (all those chosen for Tier I except employment growth):

- 1. Average Wage (2010) > \$49,145.00⁶⁰ to find industries that have livable wages
- 2. Percent Change in Gross Product (2000-2010) > 0.1% to show positive growth in output
- 3. Gross Product Location Quotient 61 (2010) > 1.2 62 to find industries that are more concentrated in the Syracuse region relative to the United States.
- 4. **2010 Employment > 250 employees** to find large driver industries in the Syracuse region.
- Table 27 lists the eight industries that are Tier II winning industries in the Syracuse region. Of those eight, one is in the Utilities sector (NAICS 22); four are in Manufacturing (NAICS 31-33); one in the Wholesale Trade sector (NAICS 42), one in Information (NAICS 51), and one in the Finance and Insurance sector (NAICS 52).
- The largest employer in 2010 out of the Tier II industries is Insurance Carriers with 5,574 employees. This single industry accounted for 40.2% of overall Finance and Insurance sector employment in the Syracuse region.
- While all Tier II industries had an increase in gross product from 2000 to 2010 (under criterion #2), most had significant employment loss over this period. This indicates that even though employers were shedding workers, their output increased, demonstrating productivity increases in these sectors.

 $^{^{60}}$ This calculation was taken as 25% above the average wage for the Syracuse region in Table 13.

⁶¹ Location Quotient measures the specialization of an industry in a region by comparing it to data in a larger region. For our — where = the Syracuse region gross product in industry = Total in the Syracuse region gross product;

⁼ US gross product in industry ; = Total US gross product

⁶² A location quotient >1.2 indicates specialization in an industry.

Table 27. Industry Winners (Tier II) in the Syracuse Region for Employment, Gross Product, and Average Wage

| | | Syracuse Region | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-----------------|-------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---------|-----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--|
| | | | | Employme | ent | | GDP | | | | | Average Wage | | | | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2009 | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) (\$Mil) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | |
| 2212 | Natural Gas Distribution | 630 | 506 | -124 | -19.7% | 1.45 | \$149.3 | \$288.0 | \$138.7 | 92.9% | 1.88 | \$50,983 | \$59,211 | \$8,228 | 0.2% | 0.86 | |
| 3254 | Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing | 997 | 675 | -322 | -32.3% | 0.92 | \$300.7 | \$455.8 | \$155.1 | 51.6% | 2.06 | \$107,660 | \$103,864 | -\$3,796 | 0.0% | 1.16 | |
| 3312 | Steel Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel | 477 | 260 | -217 | -45.5% | 2.11 | \$39.4 | \$44.3 | \$4.9 | 12.6% | 2.54 | \$42,400 | \$60,801 | \$18,401 | 0.4% | 1.10 | |
| 3314 | Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing | 1,021 | 779 | -242 | -23.7% | 4.33 | \$109.4 | \$128.1 | \$18.7 | 17.1% | 5.69 | \$55,001 | \$55,373 | \$372 | 0.0% | 1.28 | |
| 3353 | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | 461 | 335 | -126 | -27.3% | 1.02 | \$40.2 | \$69.2 | \$29.0 | 72.2% | 1.41 | \$47,032 | \$62,531 | \$15,499 | 0.3% | 1.15 | |
| 4233 | Lumber and Other Construction Materials Merchant Wholesalers | 943 | 658 | -285 | -30.2% | 1.24 | \$65.0 | \$83.6 | \$18.5 | 28.5% | 1.78 | \$35,654 | \$56,306 | \$20,652 | 0.6% | 1.41 | |
| 5171 | Wired Telecommunications Carriers | 2,382 | 1,550 | -832 | -34.9% | 0.99 | \$411.8 | \$1,149.8 | \$737.9 | 179.2% | 2.55 | \$40,016 | \$81,926 | \$41,910 | 1.0% | 1.26 | |
| 5241 | Insurance Carriers | 7,023 | 5,574 | -1,449 | -20.6% | 1.67 | \$864.3 | \$950.7 | \$86.5 | 10.0% | 2.13 | \$56,024 | \$55,891 | -\$133 | 0.0% | 0.92 | |

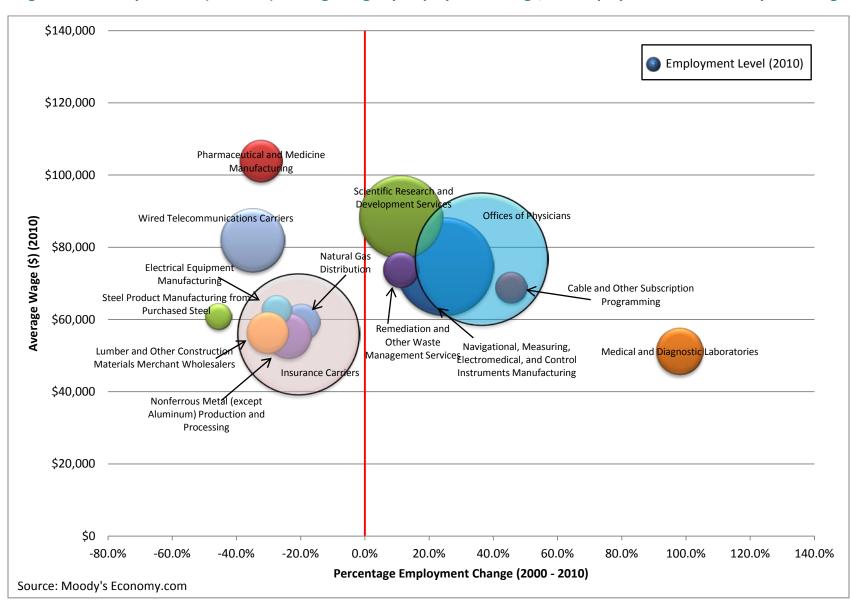


Figure 22. Industry Winners (Tier I & II): Average Wage by Employment Change, and Employment Level for the Syracuse Region

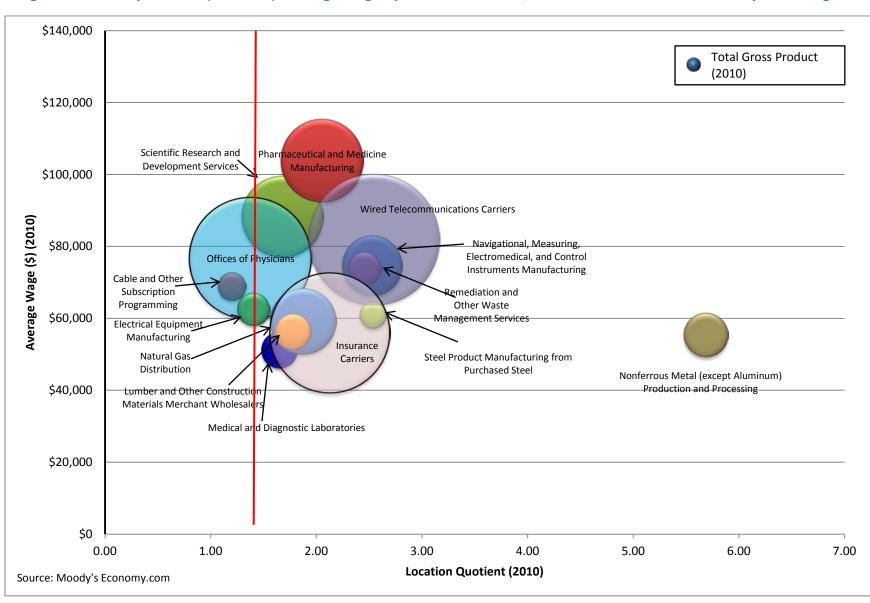


Figure 23. Industry Winners (Tier I & II): Average Wage by Location Quotient, and Total Gross Product for the Syracuse Region

AVERAGE WAGE BY EMPLOYMENT CHANGE AND EMPLOYMENT LEVEL

- One industry from Tier I Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories (Table 26) experienced significant growth in employment between 2000 and 2009. However this industry is paying an average wage of \$51,139. (Figure 22). Five other Tier I and II industries experienced employment growth and pay wages over \$60,000.
- In Tier I and Tier II, industries with the largest employment include Offices of Physicians and Insurance Carriers (Figure 22). Of these, only Offices of Physicians gained employment.

AVERAGE WAGE BY LOCATION QUOTIENT AND TOTAL GROSS PRODUCT

 One Tier I industry that stands out when examining average wage, gross product location quotient, and total gross product is Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing. This industry has a gross product location quotient greater than 5 indicating that this industry is an extreme specialist in their field in the nation. This industry has high wages and fairly large employment (Figure 23).

EMPLOYMENT LOCATION QUOTIENT

Table 28. Industry Sectors in which Employment Location Quotient was Greater than 3 in the Syracuse Region

| | | Syracuse Region | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-----------------|--------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Employment | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 | 2010 | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | | | | | | | | |
| 3313 | Alumina and Aluminum Production and Processing | 984 | 753 | -231 | -23.5% | 4.37 | | | | | | | | |
| 3314 | Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing | 1,021 | 779 | -242 | -23.7% | 4.33 | | | | | | | | |
| 3334 | Ventilation, Heating, Air-Conditioning, and Commercial Refrigeration Equipment Manufacturing | 4,063 | 1,273 | -2,790 | -68.7% | 4.34 | | | | | | | | |
| 3345 | Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, and Control Instruments Manufacturing | 2,943 | 3,677 | 734 | 24.9% | 3.13 | | | | | | | | |
| 4542 | Vending Machine Operators | 346 | 451 | 105 | 30.3% | 4.03 | | | | | | | | |
| 6112 | Junior Colleges | 542 | 891 | 349 | 64.4% | 5.03 | | | | | | | | |
| 6113 | Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools | 11,867 | 14,415 | 2,548 | 21.5% | 3.86 | | | | | | | | |
| 8131 | Religious Organizations | 2,561 | 2,932 | 371 | 14.5% | 3.30 | | | | | | | | |

- Excluding all other criteria, the eight industries above represent the industries with an employment location quotient (LQ) greater than 3. With such a high LQ, these industries are national specialists in their field (Table 28).
- Four of the industries in Table 28 are in the Manufacturing sector and represent 19.5% of all Manufacturing employment in the Syracuse region in 2010.
- Three of the eight industries lost significant employment from 2000 to 2010; all were in the Manufacturing sector. These industries shed over 3,250 jobs over this time period.
- The largest employer in Table 28 is Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools, which accounted for 4% of overall employment in the Syracuse region. In addition, this sector grew by 21.5% over the 10-year period, but the average wage in this industry for 2010 was \$34,942, well below the criteria for a winning industry.
- Two of the eight industries appear on the Tier I and Tier II winning industry lists (Table 26 & 27): Tier I Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, and Control Instruments Manufacturing (NAICS 3345) and Tier II Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing (NAICS 3314).

GROSS PRODUCT LOCATION QUOTIENT

Table 29. Industry Sectors in which Gross Product Location Quotient was Greater than 5 in the Syracuse Region

| | | Syracuse Region | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|--|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Gross Product | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NAICS | NAICS Description | 2000 (\$Mil) | 2010 (\$Mil) | Difference (2000-2010) | % Change (2000-2010) | LQ 2010 | | | | | | | | |
| 3271 | Clay Product and Refractory Manufacturing | \$93.8 | \$61.8 | -\$32.0 | -34% | 5.92 | | | | | | | | |
| 3314 | Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing | \$109.4 | \$128.1 | \$18.7 | 17% | 5.69 | | | | | | | | |
| 3334 | Ventilation, Heating, Air-Conditioning, and Commercial Refrigeration Equipment Manufacturing | \$566.1 | \$149.2 | -\$416.8 | -74% | 5.40 | | | | | | | | |
| 4542 | Vending Machine Operators | \$21.8 | \$37.2 | \$15.4 | 71% | 6.38 | | | | | | | | |
| 8131 | Religious Organizations | \$18.4 | \$43.2 | \$24.8 | 135% | 5.15 | | | | | | | | |

- Excluding all other criteria, the five industries in Table 29 represent the industries with a gross product location quotient (LQ) greater than 5. The Syracuse region is highly specialized in industries with such high LQs. For the sub-regions, since a large number of industries had gross product LQs around 3, the criteria was adjusted to display gross product LQs greater than 5.
- Three of the five industries in Table 29 are in the Manufacturing sector but represent a small fraction of all Manufacturing gross product (8.9%) in the Syracuse region in 2010.
- Vending Machine Operators has the highest gross product location quotient of 6.38, demonstrating
 that the Syracuse regional economy is extremely specialized in this industry compared to the United
 States. The industry is small, but its gross product grew from \$21.8 million in 2000 to \$37.2 million
 in 2010 (71%).
- The industry with the largest gross product in Table 29 is Ventilation, Heating, Air-Conditioning, and Commercial Refrigeration Equipment Manufacturing, but this industry encountered significant gross product losses from 2000 to 2010 by declining by almost three quarters of its size.
- Only one of the five industries appears on the Tier II winning industry list (Table 27): Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing (NAICS 3314).

"WINNING" INDUSTRY COMPARISON

Table 30. Winning Industries (Tier I and Tier II) Comparison: Upstate New York (19-Counties),
Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse Regions

| | | Upstate Nev (19-Count | | Buffalo Re | egion | Rochester Region | | Syracuse R | egion |
|-------|---|--------------------------|------|------------|-------|------------------|------|------------|-------|
| NAICS | NAICS Description | Winning | Tier | Winning | Tier | Winning | Tier | Winning | Tier |
| 2212 | Natural Gas Distribution | | | | II | | | | II |
| 3111 | Animal Food Manufacturing | 1 | II | 1 | II | | | | |
| 3112 | Grain and Oilseed Milling | √ | II | √ | II | | | | |
| 3115 | Dairy Product Manufacturing | 1 | - 1 | 1 | ı | | | | |
| 3251 | Basic Chemical Manufacturing | √ | II | | | | | | |
| 3254 | Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing | 1 | II | √ | II | 1 | II | √ | II |
| 3256 | Soap, Cleaning Compound, and Toilet Preparation Manufacturing | √ | II | | | | | | |
| 3261 | Plastics Product Manufacturing | | | √ | II | | | | |
| 3312 | Steel Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel | √ | II | √ | II | | | √ | II |
| 3314 | Nonferrous Metal (except Aluminum) Production and Processing | 1 | II | | | | | 1 | II |
| 3345 | Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, and Control Instruments Manufacturing | | | | | | | √ | I |
| 3353 | Electrical Equipment Manufacturing | √ | II | √ | II | | | √ | II |
| 3391 | Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing | √ | 1 | | | √ | 1 | | |
| 4231 | Motor Vehicle and Motor Vehicle Parts and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers | | | 1 | II | | | | |
| 4233 | Lumber and Other Construction Materials Merchant Wholesalers | | | | | | | 1 | II |
| 4234 | Professional and Commercial Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers | | | 1 | II | | | | |
| 4236 | Electrical and Electronic Goods Merchant Wholesalers | √ | II | | | √ | ı | | |
| 4241 | Paper and Paper Product Merchant Wholesalers | | | | | 1 | II | | |
| 4242 | Drugs and Druggists Sundries Merchant Wholesalers | | | | | √ | I | | |
| 4831 | Deep Sea, Coastal, and Great Lakes Water Transportation | | | 1 | II | | | | |
| 5152 | Cable and Other Subscription Programming | | | | | | | √ | 1 |
| 5171 | Wired Telecommunications Carriers | V | II | √ | II | V | II | √ | II |
| 5241 | Insurance Carriers | √ | ı | √ | ı | | | √ | II |
| 5417 | Scientific Research and Development Services | | | 1 | - 1 | | | 1 | I |
| 5511 | Management of Companies and Enterprises | | | | | √ | 1 | | |
| 5629 | Remediation and Other Waste Management Services | V | - 1 | √ | ı | | | √ | I |
| 6211 | Offices of Physicians | | | | | | | √ | I |
| 6215 | Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories | | | | | | | √ | I |
| 7112 | Spectator Sports | √ | ı | √ | ı | | | | |
| 7113 | Promoters of Performing Arts, Sports, and Similar Events | | | √ | II | | | | |
| 8133 | Social Advocacy Organizations Source: Moody's Economy.com | | | 1 | ı | | | | |

- Table 30 combines Tier I and Tier II winning industries from Upstate New York, the Buffalo region, the Rochester region, and the Syracuse region to find commonalities amongst winning industries.
- There are two industries which are winning industries (either Tier I or II) for all four regions: Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing (NAICS 3254) and Wired Telecommunications Carriers (NAICS 5171). These two industries are both Tier II industries for all regions.
- Of the 31 winning industries in Table 30, the Buffalo and Syracuse regions have eight winning (Tier I or II) in common: Natural Gas Distribution, Pharmaceutical and Medicine Manufacturing, Steel
 Product Manufacturing from Purchased Steel, Electrical Equipment Manufacturing, Wired
 Telecommunications Carriers, Insurance Carriers, Scientific Research and Development Services, and
 Remediation and Other Waste Management Services.
- The Buffalo region is a major economic driver of winning industries for the overall Upstate New York region since it has nine common winning industries with the overall Upstate New York region. This is significant since winning industry criteria is not based upon industry employment size (unless it is smaller than 500 employees); this allows for employment size to be held constant and not favor the regions with larger employment (i.e. the Buffalo region). However, it should be noted that the Buffalo region lagged behind the Upstate New York region in growth of total employment and gross product.

INDUSTRY OCCUPATIONS

Table 31. Occupational Shares and Wages in Upstate New York (19-Counties) and the United States, 2009 & 2010

| | | 2009 | | | |
|--|------------|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | - | te New Yoı Counties) | ·k | United States | |
| Occupations | Employment | Share | Average Wage | Share | Average Wage |
| Office and Administrative Support | 276,550 | 18.1% | \$32,203 | 17.1% | \$32,990 |
| Sales and Related | 148,070 | 9.7% | \$35,010 | 10.5% | \$36,020 |
| Education, Training, and Library | 133,300 | 8.7% | \$51,763 | 6.5% | \$49,530 |
| Food Preparation and Serving Related | 129,570 | 8.5% | \$20,763 | 8.6% | \$20,880 |
| Production | 119,640 | 7.8% | \$34,043 | 6.8% | \$33,290 |
| Healthcare Practitioners and Technical | 89,350 | 5.9% | \$63,170 | 5.5% | \$69,690 |
| Transportation and Material Moving | 82,990 | 5.4% | \$31,347 | 6.8% | \$32,180 |
| Management | 59,810 | 3.9% | \$99,827 | 4.7% | \$102,900 |
| Installation, Maintenance, and Repair | 58,980 | 3.9% | \$41,687 | 3.9% | \$42,210 |
| Construction and Extraction | 58,170 | 3.8% | \$43,210 | 4.4% | \$43,350 |
| Business and Financial | 55,990 | 3.7% | \$61,860 | 4.6% | \$65,900 |
| Healthcare Support | 52,540 | 3.4% | \$27,017 | 3.0% | \$26,710 |
| Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance | 51,430 | 3.4% | \$25,357 | 3.3% | \$24,970 |
| Personal Care and Service | 40,290 | 2.6% | \$23,687 | 2.6% | \$24,680 |
| Protective Service | 33,360 | 2.2% | \$43,630 | 2.4% | \$41,740 |
| Community and Social Services | 31,710 | 2.1% | \$41,777 | 1.4% | \$42,750 |
| Computer and Mathematical | 31,490 | 2.1% | \$65,493 | 2.5% | \$76,290 |
| Architecture and Engineering | 27,900 | 1.8% | \$69,363 | 1.8% | \$73,590 |
| Life, Physical, and Social Science | 16,770 | 1.1% | \$57,160 | 1.0% | \$65,660 |
| Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media | 16,370 | 1.1% | \$45,063 | 1.3% | \$51,720 |
| Legal | 11,050 | 0.7% | \$85,767 | 0.8% | \$95,820 |
| Farming, Fishing, and Forestry | 1,480 | 0.1% | \$28,063 | 0.3% | \$23,990 |
| TOTAL - All Occupations | 1,526,830 | 100.0% | \$41,640 | 100.0% | \$43,460 |

Note: Occupational data for the United States only available through May 2009

Source: New York Department of Labor; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Employment Survey

- Three occupational categories in Upstate New York had higher occupational shares (those with a difference greater than one percentage point) than the United States: Office and Administrative Support; Education, Training, and Library; and Production. Two of these industries are relatively low-wage industries; both Office and Administrative Support (\$32,203), and Production (\$34,043) and had a lower average wage than the average wage for All Occupations Upstate New York (\$41,640) (Table 31). These three occupational categories accounted for 34.7% of all occupations in Upstate New York.
- One occupational group in Upstate New York had lower occupational shares (those with a difference greater than one percentage point) than the United States: Transportation and Material Moving.
 This industry had a significantly lower wage (\$31,347) than the average wage for All Occupations Upstate New York (\$41,640) (Table 31).

Table 32. Occupational Shares and Wages in the Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse Regions, 2010

| | Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | | | Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) | | | Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | | |
|--|--|--------|--------------------------|--|--------|--------------------------|---|--------|--------------------------|
| Title | Employment | Share | Mean Annual Wage (\$) | Employment | Share | Mean Annual Wage (\$) | Employment | Share | Mean Annual Wage (\$) |
| Office and Administrative Support | 118,650 | 18.8% | \$31,720 | 93,820 | 17.2% | \$32,280 | 64,080 | 18.2% | \$32,610 |
| Sales and Related | 61,610 | 9.8% | \$34,160 | 52,880 | 9.7% | \$35,000 | 33,580 | 9.6% | \$35,870 |
| Education, Training, and Library | 50,450 | 8.0% | \$49,420 | 52,580 | 9.7% | \$50,730 | 30,270 | 8.6% | \$55,140 |
| Food Preparation and Serving Related | 58,310 | 9.2% | \$20,600 | 42,040 | 7.7% | \$21,200 | 29,220 | 8.3% | \$20,490 |
| Production | 50,570 | 8.0% | \$34,970 | 42,930 | 7.9% | \$33,020 | 26,140 | 7.4% | \$34,140 |
| Healthcare Practitioners and Technical | 35,890 | 5.7% | \$65,050 | 32,320 | 5.9% | \$61,490 | 21,140 | 6.0% | \$62,970 |
| Transportation and Material Moving | 35,330 | 5.6% | \$31,230 | 26,430 | 4.9% | \$30,330 | 21,230 | 6.0% | \$32,480 |
| Management | 23,190 | 3.7% | \$99,280 | 22,770 | 4.2% | \$102,930 | 13,850 | 3.9% | \$97,270 |
| Installation, Maintenance, and Repair | 22,220 | 3.5% | \$41,360 | 21,940 | 4.0% | \$40,780 | 14,820 | 4.2% | \$42,920 |
| Construction and Extraction | 24,510 | 3.9% | \$44,430 | 19,680 | 3.6% | \$42,780 | 13,980 | 4.0% | \$42,420 |
| Business and Financial | 24,030 | 3.8% | \$60,590 | 19,270 | 3.5% | \$63,630 | 12,690 | 3.6% | \$61,360 |
| Healthcare Support | 22,310 | 3.5% | \$27,080 | 19,440 | 3.6% | \$27,170 | 10,790 | 3.1% | \$26,800 |
| Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance | 21,370 | 3.4% | \$24,990 | 17,530 | 3.2% | \$25,790 | 12,530 | 3.6% | \$25,290 |
| Personal Care and Service | 17,430 | 2.8% | \$23,500 | 14,090 | 2.6% | \$23,380 | 8,770 | 2.5% | \$24,180 |
| Protective Service | 13,250 | 2.1% | \$43,930 | 12,610 | 2.3% | \$45,000 | 7,500 | 2.1% | \$41,960 |
| Community and Social Services | 13,200 | 2.1% | \$41,670 | 11,370 | 2.1% | \$42,270 | 7,140 | 2.0% | \$41,390 |
| Computer and Mathematical | 12,050 | 1.9% | \$62,930 | 14,070 | 2.6% | \$68,530 | 5,370 | 1.5% | \$65,020 |
| Architecture and Engineering | 8,610 | 1.4% | \$67,270 | 11,830 | 2.2% | \$67,930 | 7,460 | 2.1% | \$72,890 |
| Life, Physical, and Social Science | 7,250 | 1.1% | \$52,590 | 5,350 | 1.0% | \$61,350 | 4,170 | 1.2% | \$57,540 |
| Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media | 5,850 | 0.9% | \$45,040 | 6,790 | 1.2% | \$47,260 | 3,730 | 1.1% | \$42,890 |
| Legal | 4,940 | 0.8% | \$91,140 | 3,750 | 0.7% | \$77,770 | 2,360 | 0.7% | \$88,390 |
| Farming, Fishing, and Forestry | 400 | 0.1% | \$30,380 | 770 | 0.1% | \$24,700 | 310 | 0.1% | \$29,110 |
| TOTAL - All Occupations | 631,430 | 100.0% | \$40,610 | 544,270 | 100.0% | \$42,290 | 351,130 | 100.0% | \$42,020 |

Source: New York Department of Labor

- The three regions of Upstate New York (Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse regions) have similar
 occupations structures. Almost all of the occupations listed in Table 32 have similar occupational
 shares as compared to each Upstate New York region. Understanding the labor market structures of
 these regions allow for tailored workforce development policies.
- Of the three regions in Upstate New York, it is interesting to note the high occupational share of Education, Training, and Library occupations in the Rochester region (9.7%) which is significantly higher than the share in the Buffalo (8.0%) and Syracuse regions (8.6%). This occupation has a higher wage than the average wage for all occupations in these three regions (Table 32).
- The Buffalo region has a higher occupational share than the other two regions in the category of Food Preparation and Service Related, a very low wage occupation.
- The Rochester region has a higher occupational share than the other two regions in the category of Computer and Mathematical, a high wage occupation.
- The Rochester and Syracuse regions have higher occupational shares than the Buffalo region in the occupational category of Architecture and Engineering, a high wage occupation.
- Of the three regions in Table 32, the region with the highest overall wage for All Occupations is the Rochester region (\$42,290). This wage, although high is still lower than the overall wage for All Occupations in the United States (\$43,460) (Table 31 & 32).

FASTEST GROWING FIRMS

BUFFALO REGION

Table 33. Fastest Growing Private Firms in the Buffalo Region, by National Rank and Revenue Growth (2006-2009)

| National Rank | Company Name | City | Buffalo Region County | Revenue (\$Mil) | Revenue Growth (2006-2009) | Founded | Employees |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| 157 | Construction and Service Solution's | Buffalo | Erie | \$3.4 | 1771% | 2002 | 47 |
| 354 | U.S. Energy Development | Getzville | Erie | \$55.7 | 830% | 1980 | 85 |
| 407 | ESC Select | Amherst | Erie | \$25.1 | 726% | 2003 | 4 |
| 1285 | Young + Wright Architectural | Buffalo | Erie | \$2.9 | 230% | 2009 | 19 |
| 1434 | Logistic Dynamics | Amherst | Erie | \$18.1 | 201% | 2003 | 25 |
| 1921 | Eminent Technology Solutions | Williamsville | Erie | \$3.5 | 140% | 2004 | 31 |
| 2032 | Synacor | Buffalo | Erie | \$60.8 | 131% | 2001 | 205 |
| 2158 | Energy Curtailment Specialists | Buffalo | Erie | \$41.9 | 120% | 2001 | 120 |
| 2241 | Vaspian | Buffalo | Erie | \$3.5 | 114% | 2004 | 9 |
| 2329 | Advanced Educational Products | Buffalo | Erie | \$7.4 | 108% | 1992 | 34 |
| 2389 | Practice Management Center | North Tonawanda | Niagara | \$5.8 | 104% | 2002 | 145 |
| 3145 | Worldwide Travel Staffing | Tonawanda | Erie | \$17.4 | 64% | 1993 | 440 |
| 3169 | The Hamister Group | Williamsville | Erie | \$43.4 | 63% | 1977 | 740 |
| 3595 | Buffalo Filter | Buffalo | Erie | \$11.0 | 47% | 1995 | 0 |
| 3846 | HVR Advanced Power Components | Tonawanda | Erie | \$2.9 | 38% | 1993 | 10 |
| 3920 | Safespan Platform Systems | Tonawanda | Erie | \$11.5 | 35% | 1995 | 80 |
| 4091 | Upstate Pharmacy | West Seneca | Erie | \$34.7 | 30% | 1998 | 60 |
| 4228 | SLR Contracting & Service | Buffalo | Erie | \$17.5 | 26% | 1996 | 28 |
| 4301 | Life Safety Engineered Systems | Buffalo | Erie | \$4.9 | 24% | 1994 | 20 |
| 4555 | Kee Safety | Buffalo | Erie | \$9.6 | 17% | 1934 | 26 |
| 4666 | Cevermethod | Elma | Erie | \$2.2 | 13% | 2000 | 0 |
| 4887 | Copier Fax Business Technologies | Buffalo | Erie | \$3.6 | 6% | 1990 | 21 |

Note: Rank out of 5,000; Employees are self reported. Total may reflect employees outside of the Upstate New York region Source: www.inc.com

- Of the 5,000 fastest growing firms in the United States, 350 are located in the state of New York, and of those, 22 are located in the Buffalo region (Table 33).
- All but one of the companies listed in Table 33 experienced at least double-digit growth from 2006 to 2009
- Synacor (#2032) had the largest total revenue (\$60.8 million) of the companies listed in Table 33. In total, 11 firms had revenues over \$10 million in 2009.

ROCHESTER REGION

Table 34. Fastest Growing Private Firms in the Rochester Region, by National Rank and Revenue Growth (2006-2009)

| National Rank | Company Name | City | Rochester Region County | Revenue (\$Mil) | Revenue Growth (2006-2009) | Founded | Employees |
|------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| 705 | Callfinity | Rochester | Monroe | \$4.1 | 432% | 1999 | 34 |
| 1044 | 5LINX Enterprises | Rochester | Monroe | \$48.9 | 289% | 2001 | 170 |
| 1294 | Sydor Instruments | Rochester | Monroe | \$3.9 | 228% | 2004 | 11 |
| 1939 | Fibertech Networks | Rochester | Monroe | \$66.9 | 139% | 2000 | 200 |
| 2036 | Butler/Till Media Services | Rochester | Monroe | \$62.5 | 130% | 1998 | 65 |
| 2435 | Eagle Productivity Solutions | Rochester | Monroe | \$9.4 | 100% | 1988 | 80 |
| 2465 | Surmotech | Victor | Ontario | \$8.6 | 98% | 1990 | 52 |
| 2817 | Info Directions | Victor | Ontario | \$18.1 | 80% | 1996 | 152 |
| 2919 | Lewis Tree Service | W. Henrietta | Monroe | \$277.1 | 73% | 1938 | 3021 |
| 2963 | Sutherland Global Services | Pittsford | Monroe | \$402.9 | 72% | 1986 | 24000 |
| 2976 | First American Equipment Finance | Fairport | Monroe | \$35.5 | 71% | 1994 | 84 |
| 3235 | Passero Associates | Rochester | Monroe | \$13.0 | 60% | 1972 | 88 |
| 3273 | M/E Engineering | Rochester | Monroe | \$25.5 | 59% | 1991 | 190 |
| 3379 | E-chx | Rochester | Monroe | \$11.7 | 55% | 2001 | 104 |
| 3381 | DDS Companies | Rochester | Monroe | \$25.1 | 55% | 2001 | 200 |
| 3409 | Impact Technologies | Rochester | Monroe | \$20.4 | 54% | 1999 | 128 |
| 3445 | Fieldtex Products | Rochester | Monroe | \$9.3 | 52% | 1973 | 99 |
| 3478 | NimbleUser | Pittsford | Monroe | \$3.6 | 51% | 1992 | 36 |
| 3491 | VarData | Rochester | Monroe | \$10.1 | 51% | 2004 | 18 |
| 3525 | Complete Payroll Processing | Perry | Wyoming | \$4.0 | 49% | 1991 | 30 |
| 3591 | RockBottomGolf.com | Rochester | Monroe | \$31.4 | 47% | 2002 | 35 |
| 3770 | Stefan Sydor Optics | Rochester | Monroe | \$8.4 | 40% | 1964 | 50 |
| 4293 | Catalyst | Rochester | Monroe | \$9.5 | 24% | 1990 | 75 |
| 4347 | Liberty Pumps | Bergen | Genesee | \$33.0 | 23% | 1965 | 90 |
| 4394 | Partners + Napier | Rochester | Monroe | \$13.4 | 21% | 2004 | 150 |
| 4821 | American Swiss Products | Pittsford | Monroe | \$3.0 | 9% | 1954 | 10 |
| 4902 | RailComm | Fairport | Monroe | \$4.7 | 5% | 1999 | 55 |
| 4931 | PharmaSmart | Rochester | Monroe | \$5.4 | 4% | 2004 | 20 |

Note: Rank out of 5,000; Employees are self reported. Total may reflect employees outside of the Upstate New York region Source: www.inc.com

- Of the 5,000 fastest growing firms in the United States, 350 are located in the state of New York, and of those, 28 are located in the Rochester region (Table 34).
- All but three of the firms listed in Table 34 experienced at least double-digit growth in revenues from 2006 to 2009; the top six firms posted triple-digit growth.
- Sutherland Global Services had by far the highest amount of revenues (\$402.9 million) of the companies listed in Table 34. Sixteen (16) total firms had revenues over \$10 million dollars in 2009.

SYRACUSE REGION

Table 35. Fastest Growing Private Firms in the Syracuse Region, by National Rank and Revenue Growth (2006-2009)

| National Rank | Company Name | City | Syracuse Region County | Revenue (\$Mil) | Revenue Growth (2006-2009) | Founded | Employees |
|------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|
| 625 | Systems Made Simple | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$33.8 | 483% | 1991 | 68 |
| 2829 | Pinckney Hugo Group | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$9.2 | 79% | 1940 | 32 |
| 2906 | Giovanni Food | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$13.9 | 74% | 1934 | 55 |
| 3292 | Finger Lakes Business Services | Auburn | Cayuga | \$2.3 | 58% | 2002 | 65 |
| 3466 | Air Innovations | North Syracuse | Onodaga | \$8.3 | 51% | 1986 | 39 |
| 3477 | Infinit Technology Solutions | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$10.6 | 51% | 2005 | 26 |
| 3504 | Avalon Document Services | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$4.8 | 50% | 2000 | 73 |
| 3891 | J.R. Clancy | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$24.2 | 36% | 1885 | 55 |
| 4344 | PWR | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$20.3 | 23% | 1999 | 75 |
| 4642 | Environmental Products & Services of Vermont | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$24.9 | 14% | 2000 | 150 |
| 4872 | C&S Companies | Syracuse | Onodaga | \$59.8 | 6% | 1968 | 472 |

Note: Rank out of 5,000; Employees are self reported. Total may reflect employees outside of the Upstate New York region Source: www.inc.com

- Of the 5,000 fastest growing firms in the United States, 350 are located in the state of New York, and of those, 11 are located in the Syracuse region (Table 35).
- All but one of the firms listed in Table 35 experienced at least double-digit growth from 2006 to 2009.
- C&S Companies had by far the highest amount of revenues (\$59.8 million) of the companies listed in Table 35. Six other firms had revenues over \$10 million dollars in 2009.

TOP EMPLOYERS

BUFFALO REGION (WESTERN NEW YORK REGION)

Table 36. Top 10 Private Employers by Number of Employees in the Buffalo Region, 2011

| Rank | Company Name | Employment | Business Type |
|------|-------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Kaleida Health | 10,000 | Health Care System |
| 2 | Catholic Health System | 6,230 | Health Care System |
| 3 | Employer Services Corp | 6,089 | Employment-related services |
| 4 | Tops Markets LLC | 5,103 | Supermarket retailer |
| 5 | HSBC Bank USA N.A. | 5,000 | Commercial Bank |
| 6 | M&T Bank | 4,611 | Commercial Bank |
| 7 | Seneca Gaming Corp. | 3,505 | Entertainment |
| 8 | Catholic Diocese of Buffalo | 3,500 | Parishes, Schools, and Institutions |
| 9 | Wegmans Food Markets Inc. | 3,011 | Supermarket Retailer |
| 10 | Roswell Park Cancer Institute | 2,875 | Hospital |

Source: Buffalo Niagara Partnership http://www.buffaloniagara.org/files/content/Research/DataPoints/TopBusinesses.pdf

- Table 36 displays the Top 10 Private Employers in the Buffalo region in 2011. These employers had a total employment of 49,924.
- Three of the ten employers listed in Table 36 are in the health care field.
- Two of the companies are in the supermarket retailing industry and two are in the commercial banking industry.
- M&T Bank (#6), is ranked second among companies in the Upstate New York region on the Fortune 1000 listing and ranked 535th in the United States. M&T Bank is the only company in Table 36 on the Fortune 1,000 list; for a complete listing of the Fortune 1,000 companies in Upstate New York see Appendix A.1.
- For a comprehensive listing of the Top Employers in the Buffalo region see Appendix A.2.

ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION)

Table 37. Top 10 Employers by Number of Employees in the Rochester Region, 2009

| Rank | Company Name | Employment | Business Type |
|------|---------------------------------------|------------|--|
| 1 | University of Rochester/Strong Health | 19,441 | Higher Education, Health Care |
| 2 | Wegmans Food Markets | 13,381 | Distribution, Retail, Real Estate Developer |
| 3 | Eastman Kodak | 8,500 | Manufacturer, World Headquarters, Exporter, R&D |
| 4 | Rochester General Health System | 7,210 | Health Care |
| 5 | Xerox | 6,935 | Manufacturer, Exporter |
| 6 | Rochester City School District | 6,327 | Education |
| 7 | Unity Health System | 5,280 | Health Care |
| 8 | Monroe County | 4,880 | Local Government |
| 9 | Lifetime Healthcare Cos. | 3,542 | Health Care |
| 10 | City of Rochester | 3,500 | Local Government |

Source: Greater Rochester http://www.rochesterbiz.com/Business/Information/Lists.aspx

- Table 37 displays the Top 10 Employers in the Rochester region in 2009. These employers had a total employment of 78,996.
- Four of the ten employers listed in Table 37 are in the health care field and two are local governments.
- Eastman Kodak (#3), is ranked first among companies in the Upstate New York region on the Fortune 1000 listing and ranked 284th in the United States. Eastman Kodak is the only company in Table 37 on the Fortune 1,000 list; for a complete listing of the Fortune 1,000 companies in Upstate New York see Appendix A.1.
- For a comprehensive listing of the Top Employers in the Rochester region see Appendix A.3.

SYRACUSE REGION (CENTRAL NEW YORK REGION)

Table 38. Top 10 Employers by Number of Employees in the Syracuse Region, 2011

| Rank | Company Name | Employment | Business Type |
|------|---|------------|--|
| 1 | SUNY Upstate Medical University | 6,400 | Academic Health Science Center |
| | , | | |
| 2 | Syracuse University | 5,925 | Higher Education |
| 3 | Wegmans Food Markets, Inc. | 3,760 | Food & Pharmacy Stores (10 locations) |
| 4 | St. Joseph's Hospital Health Center | 3,150 | Medical and Health Care Facility |
| 5 | Magna Drivetrain - New Process Gear Inc. | 2,600 | Automotive and truck transfer cases, transmissions, transaxles |
| 6 | Crouse Hospital | 2,400 | Medical and Health Care Facility |
| 7 | Lockheed-Martin MS2 | 2,350 | Premier systems integrator of network-centric naval combat systems |
| 8 | P & C Food Markets Division of Penn Traffic | 2,220 | Food retailer, wholesaler and franchiser for 64 corporate stores, 68 Big M Markets and over 103 wholesale accounts |
| 9 | National Grid | 1,860 | Electric/gas utility |
| 10 | Loretto | 1,825 | A comprehensive continuing care system specializing in older adults |

Source: Greater Syracuse Economic Growth Council http://www.syracusecentral.com/market_data/major_employers.htm

- Table 38 displays the Top 10 Employers in the Syracuse region in 2011. These employers had a total employment of 32,490.
- Three of the ten employers listed in Table 38 are in the health care field.
- For a comprehensive listing of the Top Employers in the Syracuse region see Appendix A.4.

ECONOMIC INCLUSION (MINORITY- AND WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESSES)

MINORITY INCLUSION

Table 39. Black/African Americans, Asians, and Hispanics as a Percentage of Business Owners and Percentage of the Population, for the Upstate New York Region, State of New York and the United States, 2007

| | BLACK/AFRICAN AMERICAN | | ASIAN | | | HISPANIC | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Area | % of Business Owners | % of Population | Share of Shares | % of Business Owners | % of Population | Share of Shares | % of Business Owners | % of Population | Share of Shares |
| The Buffalo Region | | | | | | | | | |
| The Buffalo CSA (Cattaraugus, Erie, and Niagara Counties) | 3.91% | 11.30% | 0.35 | 2.57% | 1.65% | 1.55 | 1.20% | 3.19% ^A | 0.37 |
| Allegany County | N/A | 1.03% ^A | N/A | N/A | 1.31% ^A | N/A | N/A | 1.17% ^A | N/A |
| Chautauqua County | 1.85% | 2.07% ^A | 0.89 | N/A | 0.44% ^A | N/A | N/A | 4.81% ^A | N/A |
| The Rochester Region | | | | | | | | | |
| The Rochester CSA (Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Seneca, and Wayne Counties) | 4.47% | 10.34% | 0.43 | 2.79% | 2.07% | 1.35 | 2.30% | 4.77% ^A | 0.48 |
| Wyoming County | N/A | 5.55% ^A | N/A | N/A | 0.50% ^A | N/A | N/A | 3.23% ^A | N/A |
| Yates County | N/A | 0.74% ^A | N/A | N/A | 0.35% ^A | N/A | N/A | 1.59% ^A | N/A |
| The Syracuse Region | | | | | | | | | |
| The Syracuse CSA (Cayuga, Madison, Onondaga, and Oswego Counties) | 3.08% | 7.07% | 0.43 | 2.40% | 1.81% | 1.32 | 1.54% | 2.45% ^A | 0.63 |
| Cortland County | N/A | 1.43% ^A | N/A | N/A | 0.68% ^A | N/A | N/A | 1.64% ^A | N/A |
| New York | 10.43% | 15.60% | 0.67 | 10.06% | 6.89% | 1.46 | 9.87% | 16.37% ^A | 0.60 |
| United States | 7.09% | 12.38% | 0.57 | 5.72% | 4.39% | 1.30 | 8.34% | 15.06% ^A | 0.55 |

Note: A indicates population derived from U.S. Census Bureau Population Estimates (2007). Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A. CSA is a Combined Statistical Area

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Business Owners (2207); U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2007); U.S. Census Population Estimates (2007)

The demographic profile of Upstate New York shows that minority groups account for small shares of the regional population. Table 39 presents minority business ownership in the Buffalo region, the Rochester region, the Syracuse region, the state of New York and the United States (data are not available for some counties, and are designated with a N/A):

- 1. Percentage of business owners by minority group ⁶³
- 2. Percentage of the minority group to the total population⁶⁴
- 3. Share of shares compares the percentage of business owners to the percentage of the minority group in the total population. If this percentage =1, the share of business owners in a minority group is equal to the proportion of that group in the total population.
- Of the three Upstate New York regions analyzed, the Rochester and Syracuse CSAs had the highest share of *Black/African American* business owners of 0.43; this is still significantly lower than the state of New York (0.67) and the United States (0.57) (Table 39). For non-metro areas for which data is available, Chautauqua County has a higher share of *Black/African American* business owners of 0.89.
- The Asian community has the highest participation (in relation to their size of population) in business ownership of other minority categories (1.30 in the United States and 1.46 in New York).
 Of the three Upstate New York CSAs, the Buffalo CSAs had the highest share of shares for Asian business ownership (1.55).
- In comparison to the state of New York (0.60) and the nation (0.55), *Hispanics* have the lowest participation (in relation to their size of population) in business ownership in all three Upstate New York regions: Buffalo CSA (0.37), Rochester CSA (0.48), and Syracuse CSA (0.63).

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⁶³ U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Business Owners (2007)

⁶⁴ U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey (2007); U.S. Census Bureau Population Estimates (2007)

WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESSES

Table 40. Percentage of Women-Owned Businesses for the Upstate New York Region, State of New York and the United States, 2007

| Area | Women Owned Firms | Total Firms | % of Women Owned Businesses |
|---|----------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| The Buffalo Region | | | |
| The Buffalo CSA (Cattaraugus, Erie, and Niagara Counties) | 21,103 | 79,227 | 26.64% |
| Allegany County | 974 | 3,326 | 29.28% |
| Chautauqua County | N/A | 9,845 | N/A |
| The Rochester Region | | | |
| The Rochester CSA (Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Seneca, and Wayne Counties) | 25,611 | 83,903 | 30.52% |
| Wyoming County | 893 | 2,986 | 29.91% |
| Yates County | N/A | 1,797 | N/A |
| The Syracuse Region | | | |
| The Syracuse CSA (Cayuga, Madison, Onondaga, and Oswego Counties) | 15,343 | 54,688 | 28.06% |
| Cortland County | N/A | 3,190 | N/A |
| New York | 594,589 | 1,956,895 | 30.38% |
| United States | 7,792,353 | 27,097,236 | 28.76% |

Note: CSA is a Combined Statistical Area; Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Business Owners 2007

- The highest percentage of women-owned businesses was in the Rochester CSA where 30.52% of all businesses are owned by women, which is higher than the other Upstate New York regions (26.64% in the Buffalo CSA; 28.06% in the Syracuse CSA), and the United States (28.76%) (Table 40).
- The Buffalo CSA (26.64%) had the smallest share of women-owned businesses among geographies in Table 40.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATIONS

BUFFALO REGION (WESTERN NEW YORK REGION)

• Table 41 lists **local** economic development organizations located in the five counties of the Buffalo region with contact information.

Table 41. The Buffalo Region Economic Development Organizations, 2011

| Economic Development Organization Name | County | Contact | Phone | Website |
|--|-------------|---------------------------|----------------|--|
| Allegany County Industrial Development Agency | Allegany | John Margeson | (800) 893-9484 | www.alleganyco.com |
| Cattaraugus County Industrial Dev. Agency | Cattaraugus | Thomas E. Buffamante | (716) 699-2005 | http://www.cattcoida.com/ |
| Southern Tier West Regional Planning & Development Board | Cattaraugus | Richard Zink | (716) 945-5301 | www.southerntierwest.org |
| Chautauqua County Industrial Dev. Agency | Chautauqua | Bill Daly | (716) 664-3262 | www.ccida.com |
| Dunkirk Economic Development | Chautauqua | Kory Ahlstrom | (716) 366-3333 | http://www.dunkirkldc.com/ |
| JOBS Chautauqua | Chautauqua | Todd Tranum | (716) 488-2847 | http://www.chautauquaworks.com/ |
| Westfield Development Corporation | Chautauqua | John T. Rawlinson | (716) 326-2200 | http://www.westfieldny.com/about-westfieldny/ |
| Amherst Chamber | Erie | Colleen C. DiPirro | (716) 632-6905 | www.amherst.org |
| Amherst Industrial Development Agency | Erie | Fredrick A. Vilonen | (716) 688-9000 | www.amherstida.com |
| Buffalo Niagara Convention and Visitors Bureau | Erie | Peter Burakowski | (716) 852-0511 | www.visitbuffaloniagara.com |
| Buffalo Niagara Jobs | Erie | Lisa Roy | (716) 842-1357 | www.buffaloNiagara.org/Home/OurRegion/GrowYourCareer |
| Buffalo Niagara Partnership | Erie | Andrew J Rudnick | (716) 852-7100 | http://www.thepartnership.org/ |
| Buffalo SBA | Erie | Malcolm Richards | (716) 551-4301 | http://www.sba.gov/about-offices- content/2/3134 |
| Buffalo Urban Development Corporation | Erie | Peter M. Cammarata | (7160 856-6525 | http://www.ecidany.com/budc-home |
| Canisius College Women's Business Center | Erie | Melinda Rath Sanderson | (716) 888-8280 | http://www.canisius.edu/wbc/ |
| Construction Exchange of Buffalo and WNY | Erie | James C. Logan | (716) 874-3435 | www.conexbuff.com/ |
| Economic Development City of Buffalo | Erie | Brendan Mehaffy | (716) 851-5035 | http://www.ci.buffalo.ny.us/Home/City Depart ments/Office of Strategic Planning/Economic Development |
| Erie County Industrial Development Agency | Erie | Al Culliton | (716) 856-6525 | http://www.ecidany.com/ |

Source: Website of Individual ED orgs; Buffalo Niagara

Partnership http://www.buffaloniagara.org/Home/About-BNE/Alliances

Table 41: The Buffalo Region Economic Development Organizations, 2011 (Continued)

| Economic Development Organization Name | County | Contact | Phone | Website |
|---|---------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Grand Island Chamber | Erie | Carolyn Konopski | (716) 773-3651 | www.gichamber.org |
| Grand Island Economic Development Advisory Board | Erie | Laura Anderson | (716) 773-9600 ext. 721 | http://www.gichamber.org/business.html |
| Hamburg Industrial Development Agency | Erie | Michael J. Bartlett | (716) 648-4145 | hamburgida@aol.com |
| Lancaster Area Chamber | Erie | Kathy Wolski | (716) 681-9755 | www.laccny.org |
| National Fuel Gas (Economic Development) | Erie | <u>Karen L.</u> <u>Merkel</u> | (716) 857-7000 | www.nationalfuelgas.com |
| Small Business Development Center (SBDC) at Buffalo State College | Erie | Susan A. McCartney | (716) 878-4030 | http://www.buffalostate.edu/sbdc/ |
| Town of Clarence Industrial Development Agency | Erie | David Hartzell | (716) 741-0149 | TCIDA Website |
| Town of Concord Industrial Development Agency | Erie | Gary Eppolito | (716) 592-3321 | http://www.concordida.com/ |
| Western New York Regional Office Empire State Development | Erie | Christina Orsi | (716) 846-8200 | http://www.empire.state.ny.us/WesternNY.html |
| WNY Technology Development Corp. | Erie | Philip Celotto | (716) 681-9755 | www.wnytdc.com |
| World Trade Center Buffalo Niagara | Erie | Chris Johnston | (716) 852-7160 | http://www.wtcbn.com/ |
| City of Niagara Falls | Niagara | Mayor Paul A. Dyster | (716) 286-8800 | www.niagarafallsusa.org |
| Niagara County Industrial Development Agency | Niagara | Samuel M. Ferraro | (716) 278-8760 | www.nccedev.com |
| Niagara Falls USA Tourism and Convention Corp. | Niagara | | (716) 282-8992 | www.niagara-usa.com |
| Niagara USA Chamber | Niagara | Kevin Schuler | (716) 285-9141 | www.niagarachamber.org |
| USA Niagara Development Corp. | Niagara | Christopher J. Schoepflin | (716) 284-2556 | www.usaniagara.org |

Source: Website of Individual ED orgs; Buffalo Niagara Partnership http://www.buffaloniagara.org/Home/About BNE/Alliances

ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION)

• Table 42 lists **local** economic development organizations located in the nine counties of the Rochester region with contact information.

Table 42. The Rochester Region Economic Development Organization, 2011

| Economic Development Organization Name | County | Contact | Phone | Website |
|--|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Rochester Economic Development Corporation | Monroe | R. Carlos Carballada | (585) 428-6817 | http://www.cityofrochester.gov/article.aspx?id =8589941225 |
| Greater Rochester Enterprise | Monroe | Mark S. Peterson | (585) 530-6200 | http://www.rochesterbiz.com/GRE/ |
| Monroe County Economic Development Division | Monroe | Judy A. Seil | (585) 753-2000 | http://www.monroecounty.gov/economic2- index.php |
| County of Monroe Industrial Development Agency | Monroe | Judy Seil | (585) 753-2000 | http://www.growmonroe.org/ |
| Empire State Development Finger Lakes Regional Office | Monroe | Robert McNary | (585) 399-7050 | http://www.esd.ny.gov/FingerLakes.html |
| Finger Lakes Economic Development Center | Yates | Steve Griffin | (315) 536-7328 | http://www.fingerlakesedc.com/ |
| Brockport Small Business Development Center | Monroe | | (585) 395-8410 | http://www.nyssbdc.org/centers/centers.aspx? centid=22 |
| Genesee County Economic Development Center | Genesee | Steven G. Hyde | (585) 343-4866 | http://www.gcedc.com/index.php/gcedc/ |
| Rochester Business Alliance | Monroe | Sandra A. Parker | (585) 244-1800 | http://www.rochesterbusinessalliance.com/ |
| Urban League of Rochester | Monroe | William G. Clark | (585) 325 -6530 | http://www.ulr.org/ |
| High Tech Rochester | Monroe | James S. Senall | (585) 214-2400 | http://www.htr.org/default.asp |
| Excell Partners | Monroe | Theresa B. Mazzullo | (585) 389-6115 | http://www.excellpartnersinc.com/ |
| Digital Rochester | Monroe | Lisa Doerner | (585) 330-9797 | http://digitalrochester.com/ |
| The Entrepreneurs Network | Monroe | Jean Kase | (585) 753-2031 | http://www.ten-ny.com/ |
| The New York State Small Business Development Center | Monroe | Jan Pisanczyn | (585) 395-8410 | http://www.nyssbdc.org/centers/centers.aspx?centid=22 |
| SCORE | Monroe | | (585) 263-6473 | http://www.scorerochester.org/ |
| Genesee County Economic Development Center | Genesee | Steven G. Hyde | (585) 343-4866 | www.gcedc.com |
| Orleans County Industrial Development Agency | Orleans | James Whipple | (716) 278-8760 | www.orleansdevelopment.org |
| Wyoming County Chamber | Wyoming | Laura Lane | (800) 951-9774 | www.wycochamber.org |
| Wyoming County Industrial Development Agency | Wyoming | James M. Pierce | (585) 237-4110 | econdev@wycol.com |

 $Source: Greater\ Rochester\ Enterprise\ http://www.rochesterbiz.com/Business/Information/Entrepreneurial/Support.aspx$

SYRACUSE REGION (CENTRAL NEW YORK REGION)

• Table 43 lists **local** economic development organizations located in the five counties of the Syracuse region with contact information.

Table 43. The Syracuse Region Economic Development Organization, 2011

| Economic Development Organization Name | County | Contact | Phone | Website |
|---|----------|---------------------------|----------------|---|
| Upstate Venture Connect | Onondaga | Martin Babinec | (315) 235-1283 | http://uvc.org/ |
| Greater Syracuse Economic Growth Council Resource Center | Onondaga | - | (877) 797-8222 | http://www.syracusecentral.com/ |
| Syracuse Industrial Development Agency | Onondaga | William M. Ryan | (315) 448-8005 | http://www.syracuse.ny.us/Syracuse Industrial Development Agency.aspx |
| Onondaga County Industrial Development Agency | Onondaga | - | (315) 435-3770 | http://www.syracusecentral.com/business_res ources/ida_new2.htm |
| Central New York Regional Planning and Development Board | Onondaga | David V. Butter | (315) 422-8276 | http://www.cnyrpdb.org/programs/ec-dev.asp |
| Madison County Agricultural Economic Development | Madison | Eve Ann Shwartz | (315) 684-3001 | http://madisoncountyagriculture.com/?p=527 |
| Cortland County Business Development Corporation | Cortland | Garry Vangorder | (607) 756-5005 | http://www.cortlandbusiness.com/ |
| Central New York Regional Office Empire State Development | Onondaga | James Fayle | (315) 425-9110 | http://www.empire.state.ny.us/CentralNY.html |
| CenterState Corporation for Economic Development | Onondaga | Rob Simpson | (315) 470-1800 | http://www.centerstateceo.com/ |
| Greater Syracuse Business Development Corporation | Onondaga | Peggy A. Adams | (315) 470-1880 | http://www.gsbdc.com/ |
| The Central New York Technology Development Organization | Onondaga | Robert I. Trachtenberg | (315) 425-5144 | http://www.tdo.org/ |
| Small Business Development Center at Onondaga Community College | Onondaga | sbdc@sunyocc .edu | (315) 498-6070 | http://sbdc.sunyocc.edu/ |

Source: Greater Syracuse Economic Growth Council $\underline{www.syracusecentral.com}$

CHAPTER 3: ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND INNOVATION

The analysis conducted by the Center for Economic Development at Cleveland State University's Maxine Goodman Levin College of Urban Affairs examines the entrepreneurship and innovation profile of Upstate New York. First, we summarize information from other studies that were conducted on entrepreneurship and innovation in the Upstate New York area. Second, we describe major findings from an analysis conducted by the Center for Economic Development.

Upstate New York is defined for this study as a 19-county region that includes the 5-county Buffalo region⁶⁵ (Western New York region) the 9-county Rochester region⁶⁶ (Finger Lakes region) and the 5-county Syracuse region⁶⁷ (Central New York region).

In order to create a benchmarking system, we compared Upstate New York region, and its sub-regions, to the state of New York and the United States.

The structure of this report is such that in most instances throughout the analysis, a graphic or table is followed by bullet points that highlight the observations of collected and studied data. The overall 19-county Upstate New York region is analyzed and discussed first, and then followed by an analysis of each sub-region.

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⁶⁵ Buffalo region: Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, and Niagara counties

⁶⁶ Rochester region: Genesee, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Orleans, Wayne, Wyoming, Yates, and Seneca counties

⁶⁷ Syracuse region: Cayuga, Cortland, Onondaga, Oswego, and Madison counties

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

This section provides a review of other studies that were conducted about the Upstate New York region and its sub-regions. These studies focus on entrepreneurship, the entrepreneurial culture, innovation, investment, and the role the universities in this region play in innovation.

Based upon existing research studies about the Upstate New York region, it is clear that this area has rich community assets including universities, science and technology growth opportunities, and an environment that stimulates innovations. The state of New York and many regions within Upstate New York offer tax credits for businesses that incentivize innovation and entrepreneurship, including R&D tax credits. However, there are no tax credits for angel, venture capital, or risk capital investments. Even with all of these assets, there are missing links: a culture that fosters entrepreneurship and presence of risk capital within the region.

INNOVATION INDEX

The U.S. Economic Development Administration conducted research into the empirical measure of innovation in United States metro regions⁶⁸. They created an Innovation Index by combining measures on human capital, economic dynamics, productivity and employment, and economic well-being. The Rochester region is the only Upstate New York region to score above the U.S. average.

- Upstate New York (19-counties) = 97.2
- The Buffalo region (Western New York region) = 88.6
- The Rochester region (Finger Lakes region) = 104.4
- The Syracuse region (Central New York region) = 92.5
- State of New York = 102.0
- United States = 100.0
- Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA (MSA) = 126.7 (National leader in Innovation)

DELOITTE 2010 TECHNOLOGY FAST 500 RANKINGS

The Deloitte 2010 Technology Fast 500⁶⁹ rankings show the 500 fastest growing technology, media, telecommunications, life sciences, and clean technology companies in North America. Rankings are based on companies' revenue growth from fiscal year 2005 to fiscal year 2009.⁷⁰

There are three companies in the Upstate New York area on the Fastest 500 Ranking:

- Rank 97th: Cleveland Biolabs, Inc. (2009 revenue \$14.3 million)
- Rank 284th: Synacor (2009 revenue \$60.8 million)
- Rank 409th: PAETEC Holding Corp (2009 Revenue \$1,580 million)

⁶⁸ http://www.statsamerica.org/innovation/innovation_index/region-select.html

⁶⁹ http://www.deloitte.com/view/en_US/us/Industries/technology/technology-

fast500/89225738ab4cb210VgnVCM3000001c56f00aRCRD.htm

⁷⁰ http://www.deloitte.com/view/en US/us/Industries/technology/technology-fast500/

EXISTING ORGANIZATIONS IN THE ENTREPRENEURIAL ECOSYSTEM

The organizations described below operate within the entrepreneurial ecosystem with different framework and models than JumpStart Inc. These are emphasized to identify gaps within the entrepreneurial ecosystem for JumpStart Community Advisors.

STATE OF NEW YORK

In 2009, the Governor of the State of New York, David A. Paterson, initiated a taskforce on diversifying the New York State economy through industry-higher education partnerships.⁷¹ They identified key findings and recommendations in regard to access to capital:

Key Findings:

- o Lack of available funding between technology maturity and the ability to produce company revenues (the "valley of death") is a structural problem occurring in New York State as elsewhere.
- o Angel investors currently provide the crucial start-up capital and mentoring for start-up companies.
- New York has done less than other states to make capital available to start-ups and small technology businesses.
- o Investors located in the state are not being made aware of potential investment opportunities.
- o Investors are frequently not integrated into the university-industry research community.
- o Significant amounts of venture capital are available in New York State but most often are invested elsewhere.
- The typical faculty innovator has expertise in the laboratory, but minimal experience writing a business plan, marketing opportunities to venture capitalists, or recruiting management talent.

Key Recommendations:

- Create a seed fund for pre-revenue start-up companies.
- o Provide capital gains relief for founding investors.
- o Increase exposure of investment opportunities to angel investors and venture capitalists through outreach and inclusion in relevant summits, advisory boards, and campus activity.
- o Promote university collaboration with the investor community.
- Existing business assistance organizations should adopt a regional hub model.
- Academic institutions should adopt a credit-for-service model, where entrepreneurial-minded students can get course credit for providing consulting services to companies.

UPSTATE NEW YORK

Much of the literature in the Upstate New York region focuses on the significant lack of risk-capital in the region. There have been some initiatives to try to address this issue, including the creation of some organizations to help facilitate deal-flow. However, there is little support to actively increase risk capital, only to advocate for its increase.

NOTE: for more information on Angel, Venture Capital, and Private Equity Investment firms see Tables 46-48

⁷¹ State of New York "Taskforce on Diversifying the New York State Economy through Industry-Higher Education Partnerships" December 14, 2009

SEED NY

- \$eed NY⁷² is an awareness campaign to inform people on the urgent need for seed funding statewide in New York, how it plays a role in the entrepreneurial ecosystem, and how seed funding can transform New York to an innovation-based economy.
- This organization advocates only for the increase of risk capital in the state; it does not provide any funding.
- The organization has three areas of focus:
 - 1. Educate
 - 2. Advocate
 - 3. Transform

PRE-SEED WORKSHOP (PSW)

- Pre-Seed Workshop (PSW) ⁷³ was started in the Rochester region in 2004 and, since then, has spread to Buffalo, Ithaca, Geneva, Syracuse, Albany, NYC, and Long Island.
- PSW is a two and a half day event which allows for hi-tech ideas to move forward towards the start-up of a new company. The workshops distill six to eight hi-tech ideas from universities or research centers and help the founders move from conceptualization to the pre-seed stage.

EXCELL PARTNERS

- Excell Partners⁷⁴ is a partnership between the University of Rochester and the state of New York to provide early stage financing to hi-tech startups in the Upstate New York region.
- They have made a strong commitment to Upstate New York: if an investment is made by Excell then the company must relocate to the region; Excell also gives special consideration to companies already located within the region.

UPSTATE NEW YORK VENTURE ASSOCIATION

- The Upstate New York Venture Association (UNYVA) ⁷⁵ is a membership driven organization that promotes education and advocacy network and looks to promote and increase the quantity of venture capital and private equity investments in the state of New York.
- This organization does not provide funding; it provides only connections and information.

THE BUFFALO REGION (WESTERN NEW YORK REGION)

BRIGHT BUFFALO NIAGARA

- Starting in 2009, Bright Buffalo Niagara⁷⁶ was created to help entrepreneurs develop their ideas in order to obtain funding.
- Bright Buffalo Niagara sponsors events in the region to further connections and information on how to court investment and, as a result, foster an entrepreneurial culture in the region.
- This organization does not provide funding; it provides only connections and information about this topic.

⁷³ Albers, Judith J and Mark W. Wilson "Launching High-Tech Start-Up Companies in New York State: Launching High-Tech Start-Up Companies in New York State." December 2010

⁷² http://www.seedny.org/

http://www.excellny.com/

⁷⁵ https://www.uvany.org/

⁷⁶ http://www.brightbuffaloniagara.com/

WESTERN NEW YORK VENTURE ASSOCIATION (WNYVA)

- WNYVA⁷⁷ is a non-profit membership-based organization that aims to link investors and entrepreneurs.
- The Buffalo Angels is a program run out of WNYVA. According to the program's profile, they invest in companies within a 1-2 hour drive from the Buffalo/Rochester areas, and members invest \$100,000 - \$300,000 per deal; there is no particular industry in which they invest.

THE ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION)

HIGH TECH ROCHESTER (HTR)

- High Tech Rochester⁷⁸ has services targeted toward start-up, growing, and established firms in the Rochester region with multiple Centers (listed below in the Accelerators section).
- HTR runs the Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP) in the region.
- Eureka! Jump Start Program helps individuals narrow the focus of their ideas and increase capacity in one day; provides 30 days of consulting to ensure progress afterwards.
- Currently opening a Tech Commercialization Service department
- Helps clients obtain funds from a variety of sources:
 - o Empire State Development
 - NYS Department of Labor
 - New York State Energy Research and Development Authority (NYSERDA)
 - City and County Development Organizations
 - SBIR and STTR Grants
 - Other special-purpose programs

THE SYRACUSE REGION (CENTRAL NEW YORK REGION)

UPSTATE VENTURE CONNECT

- Upstate Venture Connect⁷⁹ is an organization that is building hi-tech, high-growth companies backed by private capital.
- They intend to achieve these goals by linking Upstate New York venture entrepreneurs to talent and support services.
- Upstate Venture Connect is developing an online platform entitled *Vconnect* where entrepreneurs can find the resources they need by connecting with each other and potential investors.

NEW YORK'S CREATIVE CORE

New York's Creative Core⁸⁰ is an entrepreneurship organization with a service area larger than the Syracuse region as defined for this report. Its mission is to encourage investment and innovation in the region.

⁷⁷ http://www.wnyventure.com/

⁷⁸ http://www.htr.org/

⁷⁹ http://uvc.org/

⁸⁰ http://www.creativecoreny.com/

- The organization offers several ways in which entrepreneurs can network and collaborate including meet-up groups, a business competition, and grants.
- This organization does not provide funding; it provides only connections and information.

THE TECH GARDEN

• The Tech Garden⁸¹ cultivates revenue-producing businesses that have a positive effect on the economic environment. The Tech Garden provides a strategic advantage to early-stage and mid-sized technology firms through statewide access to resources and networks.

ROLE OF UNIVERSITIES IN REGION

THE BUFFALO REGION (WESTERN NEW YORK REGION)

UNIVERSITY OF BUFFALO

The University of Buffalo (UB) ⁸² has been aggressive at identifying partnerships through its university-industry initiatives and has looked to multiple disciplines to continue this outreach. Through partnerships with the UB Office of Science, Technology Transfer and Economic Outreach (STOR), the New York State Center of Excellence in Bioinformatics and Life Sciences (COE), and the Center for Advanced Biomedical and Bioengineering Technology (CAT) have been able to:

- Work closely with almost 200 companies, of which nearly half were clients of the UB's business incubator program for emerging businesses.
- UB's incubator provides them with services such as wet lab space, flexible rents, administrative support, and access to UB resources.

THE ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION)

THE UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER

The University of Rochester is a major force in the Rochester region in regard to its contribution to the community⁸³:

- 6th largest private employer in New York State and largest employer in the Rochester region with over 19,000 employees
- Almost 8,000 full-time undergraduate and graduate students
- Innovation and Entrepreneurship:
 - o Grants: received more than \$1.8 billion in external funding over the last 5 years
 - Office of Technology Transfer:
 - Patents: invention disclosures have grown by 9.6% over the past 5 years
 - Royalties: has grown by 54% in the last 5 years

⁸¹ The Tech Garden http://www.thetechgarden.com/

⁸² University at Buffalo Regional Institute "An Impact Analysis of University-Industry Innovation" October 2010

⁸³ Center for Governmental Research "Economic Impact of University of Rochester and its Affiliates" April 2010

Start-Ups: From FY2005 through FY2009, there have been a total of 26 start-up companies formed as a result of research at the University of Rochester, including both the River campus and the University of Rochester Medical Center (URMC). Of those 26 companies, 20 are still operating in the Rochester area.

ROCHESTER INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Rochester Institute of Technology (RIT)⁸⁴ has partnered with the University of Rochester to increase technology transfer. Both are partners in Infotonics Technology Center Inc., a not-for-profit corporation formed in 2001 to operate New York State's Center of Excellence in Photonics and Microsystems.

Many of RIT's departments and centers focus on the local economy including:

- Center for Digital Media
- Center for Electronics Manufacturing and Assembly
- Center for Excellence in Lean Enterprise
- Center for Integrated Manufacturing Sciences

THE SYRACUSE REGION (CENTRAL NEW YORK REGION)

SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY (SU)

- Syracuse University ⁸⁵ is a major anchor institution in the Syracuse region, and has increased its role in the community.
- SU is working to strengthen ties with the community through neighborhood revitalization; community economic development through corporate investment; local capacity building; education and health partnerships; scholarly engagement; and multi-anchor, city, and regional partnerships.
- Kauffman Foundation and SU: Two programs⁸⁶ were launched with the cooperation of the Kauffman Foundation and SU: the Kauffman Professors of Entrepreneurship and Innovation (KPEI) and the program *Enitiative*.
 - KPEI is an initiative whereby faculty from all schools and colleges within SU have been engaged in research, teaching, commercialization and community engagement in entrepreneurship.
 - o *Enitiative* SU along with five partner universities received a \$3 million grant to infuse entrepreneurship across the curriculum. **It has funded more than 160 projects.**

New York State Science and Technology Law Center (NYS STLC)

Housed within the Syracuse University's College of Law, the NYS STLC⁸⁷ assists other science and technology centers throughout the state by providing essential legal advice on intellectual property protection, patent protection, copyright and trademark law, and licensing information.

⁸⁴ US Council on Competitiveness for Infotonics Technology Center, Inc. and Greater Rochester Enterprise "Fanning the Flames of Economic Progress: Igniting Greater Rochester's Entrepreneurial Economy" September 2004

⁸⁵ Axelroth, Rita and Steve Dubb "The Road Half Traveled: University Engagement at a Crossroads." December 2010

⁸⁶ Keefe, Stacy "Entrepreneurial faculty come together to network, spread innovation" February 14, 2011 http://insidesu.syr.edu/2011/02/14/kauffman-professors-of-entrepreneurship-and-innovation/

ENTREPRENEURIAL CULTURE

ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION) 88

- Innovations stay "locked" in companies or universities
- Though there is capital, it is not often available through angel investors or venture capital firms.
- People often do not pursue their technology projects because they feel the market opportunity is too small.

ENTREPRENEURIAL STRENGTHS

- Academic institutions
- Skilled workforce
- Quality of life
- Transportation and communications infrastructure
- Research and development institutions

ENTREPRENEURIAL WEAKNESSES

- Risk Capital even with large financial assets in the region, there is little or no angel or venture
 capital investments. Reservation amongst those in the financial community to branch out of
 traditional investments.
- **Taxation and Regulation** business leaders voiced significant concerns about level of taxation, workman's compensation costs liability, and permitting requirements in the region.
- Lack of Entrepreneurial Culture Business leaders do not embrace the attitudes that support entrepreneurship.
- **Closed/Insider Town** Culture of the region is such that it excludes outsiders.

BUSINESS ACCELERATORS⁸⁹

THE BUFFALO REGION (WESTERN NEW YORK REGION)

- 1. Buffalo Niagara Medical Campus Innovation Center
 - Research and development space for life science and biotech companies on the Buffalo Niagara Medical Campus
 - Collaboration opportunities available with Roswell Park Cancer Institute, Buffalo General Hospital, Hauptman-Woodward Medical Research Institute, and other life sciences and health-related companies
- 2. University of Buffalo Technology Incubator
 - Located in Baird Research Park and supports new technology-based businesses
 - Has both office and wet laboratory space available
 - Services include: coaching, counseling, mentoring and networking

⁸⁷ http://nysstlc.syr.edu/

⁸⁸ US Council on Competitiveness for Infotonics Technology Center, Inc. and Greater Rochester Enterprise "Fanning the Flames of Economic Progress: Igniting Greater Rochester's Entrepreneurial Economy" September 2004

⁸⁹ For a complete listing of Upstate New York Business Incubators with full contact information see Appendix A.5.

THE ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION)

- 1. High Tech Rochester, Inc. (HTR)
 - Incubation and acceleration services for start-up and growing technology firms
 - Services offered include: evaluation of business plans, mentoring through Entrepreneurs in Residence program, and technical assistance to raise capital
- 2. Rochester Institute of Technology's (RIT) Venture Creations incubator
 - Incubator for "mid-seed" stage companies located next to RIT's campus
 - Experienced on-site staff to provide technical assistance and coaching
 - Access to RIT's faculty and student intern and co-ops
- 3. Rochester BioVenture Center
 - Biotechnology incubator provides the resources necessary to promote and foster the growth of early life science companies
 - Center includes lab and office space as well as access to specialized equipment
- 4. Cornell Agriculture & Food Technology Park (The Technology Farm) Geneva New York
 - Business Incubator affiliated with Cornell University.
 - For businesses in the areas of food and agriculture
 - Office and lab space available

THE SYRACUSE REGION (CENTRAL NEW YORK REGION)

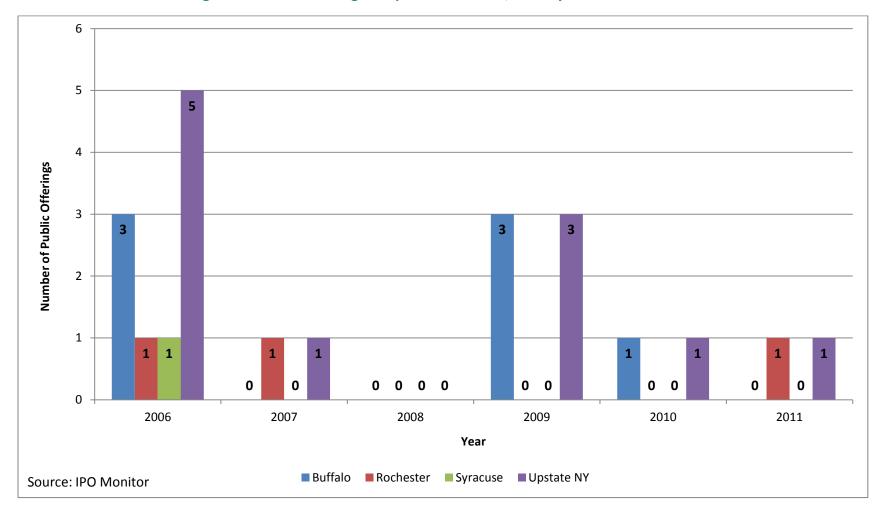
- 1. Raymond von Dran Innovative and Disruptive Entrepreneurship Accelerator (IDEA)
 - Assists Central New York college and university students in starting for-profit and nonprofit ventures that will grow the Central New York economy
 - IDEA is a collaboration between Syracuse University and the Syracuse Technology Garden
 - It is open to all college and university students in the area
- 2. South Side Innovation Center
 - Small Business Resource center located on Syracuse's South Side
 - Provides technical assistance, mentoring and training programs
 - Entrepreneurs must be committed to business development on the South Side of Syracuse
- 3. The Clean Tech Center
 - Develops renewable and clean tech ventures in New York State
 - Focused on the following areas: Renewable Energy, Alternative Fuels, System Integration and Smart Grid Technologies, Transportation, and Building and Construction Technologies
- 4. The Central New York Biotechnology Research Center
 - Slated to open in Spring 2012
 - Assist for-profit biotech and biomedical firms successfully commercialize their products
 - Joint project between Upstate Medical University and SUNY- College Environmental Science and Forestry (SUNY-ESF)
 - 40,000 square foot facility that includes 18 labs that will be able to house over 100 scientists
- 5. The Center for Advanced Systems and Engineering (CASE) Incubator Facility

- Sponsored by Syracuse University
- Office space for start-ups and young technology companies
- Access to faculty, students, and research centers
- 6. The Tech Garden
 - Incubation space for technology start-up companies
 - Resources available to entrepreneurs include:
 - Develop tailored business development plans
 - Connect with experienced mentors
 - o Access angel investments and venture capital
 - o Meet potential clients and strategic partners
- 7. Stardust Entrepreneurial Institute
 - Five incubator spaces
 - Institute also provides programs, services, and activities to support entrepreneurship and small businesses

ENTREPRENEURSHIP TRENDS

PUBLIC OFFERINGS

Figure 24. Public Offerings in Upstate New York, January 2006 – March 2011



- 11 Companies had public offerings⁹⁰ in Upstate New York between January 2006 and March 2011. There was no public offering in Upstate New York in 2008 (Figure 24).
- The Buffalo region accounted for 64% (7 public offerings) of all public offerings in Figure 24; while there was 3 offerings in the Rochester region and 1 in the Syracuse region.
- In 2007, the Buffalo and Syracuse regions had no public offerings while in 2009 and 2010 the Rochester and Syracuse regions had no public offerings.
- For the first quarter of 2011 the Buffalo and Syracuse regions had no public offerings, while the Rochester region had 1 public offering.
- For a complete listing of public offerings in Upstate New York see Appendix A.6.

⁹⁰ Public offerings are the sale of shares of a company on a public market (i.e. NASDAQ). An Initial public offering (IPO) is the first time sale of stock for a private company going public. A secondary offering is the offering of new stock from an existing public company.

BIRTH / DEATH RATIO AND BUSINESS CHURNING

Definitions:

- A single unit employer is defined as an establishment with only one worksite, while a multi-unit employer is a business with more than one worksite.
- The ratio of single unit births to single unit deaths represents the vitality of an economy. If a larger number of establishments opened then those that closed over a given period, it can be an indication of a growing economy.
- Business churning evaluates the ratio of total births and total deaths divided by all
 establishments (single unit & multi-unit) which is used to measure the underlying dynamics of
 the business environment.

Table 44. Birth / Death Ratio and Business Churning for Upstate New York (19-Counties) and its sub-regions, the state of New York, and the United States, 2007

| Region | Birth / Death | Business Churning |
|---|---------------|-------------------|
| Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | 1.06 | 0.19 |
| Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) | 1.07 | 0.19 |
| Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | 1.05 | 0.18 |
| Upstate New York (19-County Region) | 1.06 | 0.19 |
| New York State | 1.10 | 0.21 |
| United States | 1.13 | 0.20 |

Note: Birth / Death Ratio = Single Unit Births/Single Unit Deaths; Business Churning = (Total Births + Total Deaths)/Total Establishments Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Longitudinal Establishment and Enterprise Microdata

- The Upstate New York region had a lower openings/closing ratio (1.06) than the state of New York (1.10) and the United States (1.13) in 2007(Table 44).
- In the Buffalo (1.06), Rochester (1.07), and Syracuse (1.05) regions slightly more businesses opened than closed in 2007.
- In regards to business churnings, the Upstate New York region (0.19) was slightly lower than the state of New York (0.21) and the United States (0.20).
- The Upstate New York region and its sub-regions (Buffalo, 0.19; Rochester, 0.19; Syracuse, 0.18) all lagged behind New York State (0.21) and the United States (0.20) in business churning.
- Of the 136 MSAs with populations between 300,000 and 3.5 million, the top three performers in 2007 in birth/death were New Orleans (2.12); Provo, UT (1.69); and Ogden, UT (1.51). Among these 136 MSAs, Upstate New York would be ranked 93rd in birth/death ratio.
- Of these 136 MSAs, the top three performers in 2007 in business churning were Provo, UT (0.29); Las Vegas, NV (0.29); and Cape Coral, FL (0.28). Among these 136 MSAs Upstate New York would be ranked 121st in business churning. This reflects the static nature of the Upstate New York business environment.

CAPITAL MARKETS

Table 45. Number of Companies Receiving Venture Capital, Venture Capital Investment Dollars (\$Mil) for Upstate New York (19-Counties) and its sub-regions, and the United States, 2007-2009

| | 2007 | | 20 | 08 | 2009 | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Region | # of Companies Receiving VC | VC Investment (\$Mil) | # of Companies Receiving VC | VC Investment (\$Mil) | # of Companies Receiving VC | VC Investment (\$Mil) | |
| Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | 3 | \$2.37 | 4 | \$52.20 | 5 | \$4.89 | |
| Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) | 12 | \$54.31 | 7 | \$10.33 | 4 | \$74.17 | |
| Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | 2 | \$1.18 | 1 | \$4.58 | 0 | \$0.00 | |
| Upstate New York (19 – County Region) | 17 | \$57.86 | 12 | \$67.12 | 9 | \$79.05 | |
| United States | 6,141 | \$81,663.64 | 5,869 | \$80,934.35 | 4,213 | \$52,302.91 | |

Note: Venture capital investment adjusted for inflation to 2009 Dollars

Source: Thompson Reuters Financial

- Overall, the number of companies receiving venture capital investments decreased sharply between 2007 and 2009 in Upstate New York and its sub-regions. This trend was consistent with the United States and reflects the effect of the recession (Table 45).
- Even though the number of companies receiving venture capital from 2007 to 2009 in the Upstate New York region (19-county region) decreased from 17 to 9, the dollar amount received increased over this period from \$57.86 million in 2007 to \$79.05 million in 2009. This is noteworthy since the national trend for venture capital investments was downward.
- The largest recipient of venture capital funding has been the Rochester region by attracting \$138.81 million over this 3- year period, much higher than the Buffalo (\$59.46 million) and Syracuse (\$5.76 million) regions.

PROFESSIONAL CAPITAL FIRMS

Table 46. Professional Capital Investment Firms in Upstate New York, 2011

| Organization | City | Region | Website | Service | Fund Size | Geographic Investment | Investment Specialization |
|---|-----------------|---------------|---|---|-----------------------------|--|--|
| High Peaks Venture Partners | Troy | Upstate NY | http://www.hpvp.com/ | Seed and Early Stage Venture | \$100k - \$1M | New York State | Technology Companies |
| Cayuga Venture Fund | Ithaca | Upstate NY | http://www.cvf.biz | seed, early, expansion | \$250k - \$3M | Upstate New York | Technology Companies |
| Western New York Business Development Fund | Buffalo | Buffalo | http://www.insyte- consulting.com/Funding/BDF | Seed capital to technology entrepreneurs and start-up companies | Up to \$200 k in two phases | Western New York | Early Entrepreneurial Efforts |
| Buffalo Angel Network | Buffalo | Buffalo | http://angelsoft.net/angel-group/buffalo- angel-network | Angel | \$100K-\$300k | Western New York | - |
| Excell Partners Inc. | Rochester | Rochester | http://www.excellny.com | Seed Fund | \$100K | Upstate New York | - |
| Rochester Angel Network | W. Henrietta | Rochester | http://www.rochesterangels.com/ | Angel | \$250K - \$2M | Greater Rochester Region | Seed and Early Stage Startup Companies |
| Grants for Growth | Syracuse | Syracuse | http://www.creativecoreny.com/ | Matching Seed Program | Up to \$75,000 | Central Upstate New York | Applied Research Projects Between Universities and Industry |
| Rand Capital Corporation | Buffalo | Buffalo | http://www.randcapital.com/ | Venture | \$500k -\$1.5M | Western New York | - |
| Soft Bank Capital | Buffalo | Buffalo | http://www.softbank.com/pages/home.shtml | Venture | - | - | Early stage tech based businesses |
| Trillium Group - The Monroe Fund | Pittsford | Rochester | http://www.trillium-group.com/monroe- fund-venture-capital.htm | Venture | \$10 million | - | - |
| Trillium Group - The University Technology Seed Fund | Pittsford | Rochester | http://www.trillium-group.com/university-venture-capital.htm | Venture | \$6.5million | - | Early Stage Fund |
| Seed Capital Fund of CNY | Syracuse | Syracuse | http://www.scfcny.com/index.htm | Venture | - | Central Upstate New York | Angel Fund |
| Strategic Investments and Holdings, Inc. | Buffalo | Buffalo | www.sihi.net | Equity Capital | - | Western New York, Western Pennsylvania and Southern Ontario | - |

Source: Pratt's Guide to Private Equity and Venture Capital Sources; Individual Firm Websites

Table 46. Professional Capital Investment Firms in Upstate New York, 2011 (Continued)

| Organization | City | Region | Website | Service | Fund Size | Geographic Investment | Investment Specialization |
|--|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---|--------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Summer Street Capital Partners | Buffalo | Buffalo | http://www.summerstreetcapital.com/ | Growth Financing | - | - | Education, Health Care, Environmental Services |
| DeltaPoint Capital Management LLC | Rochester | Rochester | http://www.deltapointcapital.com | Private Equity Investor/Venture Capital | - | - | - |
| Cephas Capital | Pittsford | Rochester | http://www.cephascapital.com | Small Business Investment Company | \$500k -\$3M | Upstate New York | |
| Minority and Women Owned Business Development and Lending Program | State Wide | State Wide | http://www.esd.ny.gov/MWBE.html | Revolving Loan Trust Fund | Up to \$50k | New York State | Minority and Women-Owned Businesses |
| Minority and Women Owned Business Development and Lending Program | State Wide | State Wide | http://www.esd.ny.gov/MWBE.html | Micro Enterprise Loan Find: | Up to \$7k | New York State | Minority and Women-Owned Businesses |
| PathStone Enterprise Center | Rochester | Rochester | http://www.PathStoneEnterprise.org | Loans to Micro Businesses | \$20k-\$50k | Upstate New York and Puerto Rico | |

Source: Pratt's Guide to Private Equity and Venture Capital Sources; Individual Firm Websites

• Nineteen (19) professional capital investment firms were identified in the Upstate New York region (Table 46).

INNOVATION TRENDS

UNIVERSITY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

UNIVERSITY R&D BY YEAR

Table 47. Research and Development at Universities and Colleges in Upstate New York, 2005-2009

| Institution | FY 2005 (\$Mil) | FY 2006 (\$Mil) | FY 2007 (\$Mil) | FY 2008 (\$Mil) | FY 2009 (\$Mil) |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) * | \$305.43 | \$336.85 | \$333.80 | \$345.03 | \$346.26 |
| Canisius College | \$0.43 | \$0.48 | \$0.17 | \$0.19 | \$0.19 |
| Daemen C. | N/A | N/A | \$0.55 | \$0.38 | \$0.35 |
| Niagara U. | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$0.47 |
| SUNY Buffalo all campuses | \$293.59 | \$327.24 | \$325.76 | \$337.09 | \$338.28 |
| SUNY C. Buffalo | \$2.17 | \$1.87 | \$1.34 | \$1.62 | \$2.33 |
| SUNY Fredonia | \$0.19 | \$0.29 | \$0.33 | \$0.30 | \$0.25 |
| St. Bonaventure U. | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | \$0.45 |
| Alfred University | \$9.05 | \$6.97 | \$5.66 | \$5.46 | \$3.95 |
| Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) * | \$404.25 | \$429.11 | \$411.45 | \$402.08 | \$428.33 |
| Hobart and William Smith Colleges | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.71 | \$1.44 | \$1.46 |
| Rochester Institute of Technology | \$23.14 | \$24.28 | \$21.69 | \$23.93 | \$28.96 |
| SUNY C. Brockport | \$0.72 | \$0.92 | \$1.06 | \$0.70 | \$0.65 |
| SUNY C. Geneseo | \$1.05 | \$1.14 | \$1.80 | \$2.13 | \$1.91 |
| University of Rochester | \$379.34 | \$402.76 | \$386.19 | \$373.88 | \$395.36 |
| Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) * | \$122.90 | \$103.90 | \$107.34 | \$104.74 | \$98.52 |
| Colgate U. | \$1.44 | \$2.02 | \$2.29 | \$2.55 | \$2.57 |
| SUNY C. Cortland | \$0.62 | \$0.54 | \$0.50 | \$0.35 | \$0.34 |
| SUNY C. of Environmental Science and Forestry | \$13.24 | \$19.72 | \$24.68 | \$26.27 | \$20.51 |
| SUNY C. Oswego | \$1.11 | \$1.13 | \$1.13 | \$1.02 | \$1.02 |
| SUNY Upstate Medical U. | \$38.37 | \$40.84 | \$41.08 | \$36.23 | \$33.19 |
| Syracuse U. all campuses | \$68.13 | \$39.66 | \$37.66 | \$38.32 | \$40.89 |
| Upstate New York (19 Colleges and Univ.) | \$832.59 | \$869.85 | \$852.59 | \$851.85 | \$873.12 |

Note: * Data at the regional level is not available. The regional total is calculated by summing county level data only for counties with available data. Counties for which data is not available are designated with N/A; Expenditures adjusted for inflation to 2009 dollars.

Source: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Statistics, Survey of Research and Development Expenditures at Universities and Colleges

- University R&D funding in the Upstate New York region grew from \$832.59 million in 2005 to \$873.12 million in 2009, an increase of 4.9% (Table 47).
- In 2009, the Rochester region accounted for 49% of all university R&D in Upstate New York, while the Buffalo region accounted for 40% of university R&D expenditures in Upstate New York.
- The Buffalo region's R&D funding grew by 13% between 2005 and 2009 (increasing from \$305.43 million to \$345.35 million).
- The Rochester region R&D increased from \$404.25 million in 2005 to \$428.33 million in 2009, a 6% increase.
- The Syracuse region was the only region that experienced a decline in university R&D expenditures. The region's funding shrank by 20% between 2005 and 2009.
- The decrease in funding in the Syracuse region is due to the reduction of R&D funding at Syracuse University which dropped from \$68.13 million in 2005 to \$40.89 million in 2009 (-40%).

UNIVERSITY R&D BY SCIENCE FIELD

Table 48. Research and Development Expenditures at Universities and Colleges (\$Mil) in Upstate New York by Science Field, 2009

| Regions and Colleges | All R&D expenditures (\$Mil) | Environmental Sciences (\$Mil) | Life Sciences (\$Mil) | Math and Computer Sciences (\$Mil) | Physical Sciences (\$Mil) | Psychology (\$Mil) | Social Sciences (\$Mil) | Sciences (\$Mil) | Engineering (\$Mil) |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Buffalo Region (Western New York Region) | \$346.26 | \$3.13 | \$234.45 | \$13.02 | \$16.68 | \$9.06 | \$8.37 | \$1.76 | \$59.79 |
| Canisius College | \$0.19 | \$0.00 | \$0.10 | \$0.07 | \$0.02 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Daemen C. | \$0.35 | \$0.00 | \$0.35 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Niagara U. | \$0.47 | \$0.00 | \$0.18 | \$0.01 | \$0.15 | \$0.07 | \$0.07 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| SUNY Buffalo all campuses | \$338.28 | \$2.57 | \$233.55 | \$12.76 | \$16.02 | \$8.53 | \$6.94 | \$1.70 | \$56.22 |
| SUNY C. Buffalo | \$2.33 | \$0.50 | \$0.23 | \$0.00 | \$0.12 | \$0.10 | \$1.32 | \$0.06 | \$0.00 |
| SUNY Fredonia | \$0.25 | \$0.03 | \$0.05 | \$0.00 | \$0.13 | \$0.00 | \$0.04 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| St. Bonaventure University | \$0.45 | \$0.01 | \$0.00 | \$0.18 | \$0.25 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Alfred U. all campuses | \$3.95 | \$0.02 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.36 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$3.57 |
| Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region) | \$428.33 | \$4.81 | \$272.77 | \$4.74 | \$26.13 | \$14.97 | \$1.51 | \$0.27 | \$103.14 |
| Hobart and William Smith Colleges | \$1.46 | \$1.13 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.25 | \$0.04 | \$0.04 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Rochester Institute of Technology | \$28.96 | \$2.27 | \$0.77 | \$1.13 | \$10.80 | \$0.20 | \$1.18 | \$0.00 | \$12.61 |
| SUNY C. Brockport | \$0.65 | \$0.37 | \$0.06 | \$0.02 | \$0.03 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.18 | \$0.00 |
| SUNY C. Geneseo | \$1.91 | \$0.07 | \$0.25 | \$0.33 | \$1.17 | \$0.07 | \$0.02 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| U. Rochester | \$395.36 | \$0.98 | \$271.68 | \$3.27 | \$13.88 | \$14.67 | \$0.27 | \$0.09 | \$90.52 |
| Syracuse Region (Central New York Region) | \$98.52 | \$5.98 | \$46.57 | \$8.54 | \$9.32 | \$4.57 | \$4.21 | \$0.23 | \$19.11 |
| Colgate U. | \$2.57 | \$0.49 | \$0.67 | \$0.10 | \$0.86 | \$0.08 | \$0.37 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| SUNY C. Cortland | \$0.34 | \$0.00 | \$0.01 | \$0.00 | \$0.02 | \$0.06 | \$0.02 | \$0.23 | \$0.00 |
| SUNY C. of Environmental Science and Forestry | \$20.51 | \$3.23 | \$10.35 | \$0.00 | \$2.47 | \$0.00 | \$0.10 | \$0.00 | \$4.37 |
| SUNY C. Oswego | \$1.02 | \$0.09 | \$0.15 | \$0.02 | \$0.27 | \$0.45 | \$0.04 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| SUNY Upstate Medical U. | \$33.19 | \$0.00 | \$33.19 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| Syracuse U. all campuses | \$40.89 | \$2.16 | \$2.19 | \$8.42 | \$5.70 | \$3.98 | \$3.69 | \$0.00 | \$14.74 |
| Upstate New York (19 Colleges and Univ.) | \$873.12 | \$13.91 | \$553.79 | \$26.30 | \$52.14 | \$28.60 | \$14.09 | \$2.26 | \$182.04 |
| New York | \$4,224.54 | \$166.97 | \$2,693.47 | \$130.91 | \$361.44 | \$102.67 | \$115.68 | \$36.51 | \$616.88 |
| United States | \$54,935.46 | \$2,940.30 | \$32,790.69 | \$2,145.25 | \$4,294.43 | \$979.29 | \$2,074.84 | \$1,059.75 | \$8,650.91 |

Source: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Statistics, Survey of Research and Development Expenditures at Universities and Colleges, FY 2009.

Upstate New York (19-Counties)

- The Upstate New York region had \$873.12 million in total R&D expenditures in 2009, which represents 20.7% of New York State R&D expenditures and 1.6% of the total U.S. university R&D expenditures (Table 48).
- The largest expenditure by science field in Upstate New York was in *Life Sciences* (\$553.79 million), followed by *Engineering* (\$182.04 million), and *Physical Sciences* (\$52.14 million).
- It should be noted that, in the Upstate New York region, 84.0% of university R&D funding comes from just two institutions, the University of Rochester (\$395.36 million) and SUNY Buffalo (\$338.28 million).
- The Rochester region had the highest R&D expenditures in Upstate New York with \$428.33 million, followed by the Buffalo region with \$346.26 million, and the Syracuse region with \$98.52 million.

The Buffalo Region (Western New York Region)

- The Buffalo region accounted for 39.7% of the Upstate New York R&D expenditures. The majority of Buffalo R&D expenditures were in *Life Sciences* (67.9%), followed by *Engineering* (17.3%).
- The SUNY Buffalo campuses accounted for almost all (97.7%) of the R&D expenditures in the Buffalo region.

The Rochester Region (Finger Lakes Region)

- Almost half of all Upstate New York R&D expenditures occurred in the Rochester region (49.1%).
- The science field *Life Sciences* accounted for 63.6% of R&D, followed by *Engineering* (24.1%).
- The vast majority of university R&D funding in the region was produced by the University of Rochester (92.3%).

The Syracuse Region (Central New York Region)

- The Syracuse region's R&D expenditures made up only 11.2% of Upstate New York's total university R&D expenditures; this accounted for \$46.57 million in *Life Science* and \$19.11 million in *Engineering*.
- The largest share of university R&D funding came from Syracuse University with 41.5%, followed by SUNY Upstate Medical University with 33.6%, and SUNY College of Environmental Science and Forestry (20.8%).

PATENTS

UPSTATE NEW YORK (19-COUNTY REGION)

Patents are an alternative measure of regional, innovative activities and are often used as a proxy for innovation. Each patent includes the name of at least one individual inventor (many have multiple inventors). Ownership is assigned to an individual inventor or to a corporation, university, or another research institution (assignee).

Patents were electronically extracted (those already granted and applications) in the state of New York between January 2006 and December 2010. To be included in the data for the Upstate New York region, the patent had to include at least one inventor or an assignee from the Upstate New York region. An inventor or an assignee can be from outside Upstate New York (referred to as "Outside").

NOTE: The sum of the patents for the three sub-regions (Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse) will not equal the total for Upstate New York, because there are multiple inventors and assignees for each individual patent. If a patent had multiple assignees located in the different regions for Upstate New York they were counted in their respective region (i.e. if one patent had two inventors – one from the Buffalo region and one for the Rochester region – it would be counted as one patent in the Upstate New York region, but for the sub-regional analysis it would be counted as one patent in the Buffalo region and one count in the Rochester region).

Patent Counts

- In the Upstate New York region there were a total of 12,000 patents (granted and applied for) between January 2006 and December 2010 (Table 49).
- From 2006 to 2010 there was a significant decrease in the number of patents. In 2006 there were 3,169 patents In Upstate New York, falling to 744 (-77%) by 2009. This is a reflection of the recessionary trends.
- Of the 12,000 patents, 1,590 were from an Upstate New York inventor with an Upstate New York assignee (13%) (Table 50).
- Only 15% of the patents had an assignee from Upstate New York, showing that businesses within Upstate New York are **not** the major drivers of local patents.
- The largest aggregation of patents is inventors of individual patents (Upstate New York Inventor with no Assignee). Individually owned patents accounted for 45% of total patents (5,366).

Table 49. Upstate New York (19-Counties) Patent Frequency Counts, January 2006 – December 2010

| Year | Number of Patents | Percent of Total |
|-------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 2006 | 3,169 | 26.4% |
| 2007 | 3,048 | 25.4% |
| 2008 | 2,939 | 24.5% |
| 2009 | 2100 | 17.5% |
| 2010 | 744 | 6.2% |
| Total | 12,000 | 100.0% |

Source: Delphion.com

Table 50. Patents: Upstate New York (19-Counties), January 2006 – December 2010

| Designation | All Patents: Granted and Applications |
|--|---|
| Upstate New York Inventor without Assignee | 5,366 |
| Upstate New York Inventor and Upstate New York Assignee | 1,590 |
| Upstate New York Inventor and Outside Assignee | 4,789 |
| Outside Inventor and Upstate New York Assignee | 255 |
| Total Patent Applications from Upstate New York Inventors and/or Assignees | 12,000 |

Source: Delphion.com

Patent Counts by Assignee

Table 51. Top 25 Patent Assignee Companies located in Upstate New York (19-Counties),
January 2006 – December 2010

| Rank | Assignee Name | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total Patents |
|------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Eastman Kodak Company | 291 | 15.8% |
| 2 | University of Rochester | 129 | 7.0% |
| 3 | Greatbatch Inc. | 112 | 6.1% |
| 4 | John Mezzalingua Associates Inc. | 90 | 4.9% |
| 5 | Hand-Held Products, Inc. | 71 | 3.8% |
| 6 | Welch Allyn Inc. | 64 | 3.5% |
| 7 | Bausch & Lomb Inc. | 63 | 3.4% |
| 8 | Xerox Corporation | 48 | 2.6% |
| 9 | Syracuse University | 44 | 2.4% |
| 10 | Dresser-Rand Company | 34 | 1.8% |
| 11 | Rochester Institute of Technology | 33 | 1.8% |
| 12 | Research Foundation of SUNY | 32 | 1.7% |
| 13 | Gaymar Industries, Inc. | 27 | 1.5% |
| 14 | Carestream Health, Inc. | 27 | 1.5% |
| 15 | Umbra LLC | 25 | 1.4% |
| 16 | Biophan Technologies, Inc. | 25 | 1.4% |
| 17 | Caldwell Manufacturing Company | 23 | 1.2% |
| 18 | Pass + Seymour, Inc. | 18 | 1.0% |
| 19 | Multisorb Technologies, Inc. | 18 | 1.0% |
| 20 | Quality Vision International Inc. | 16 | 0.9% |
| 21 | Coopervision, Inc. | 16 | 0.9% |
| 22 | Sensis Corporation | 15 | 0.8% |
| 23 | Health, Research Inc. | 15 | 0.8% |
| 24 | Bluetie, Inc. | 13 | 0.7% |
| 25 | Torvec, Inc. | 11 | 0.6% |

Note: Out of 1,845 Patents; Rank out of 249

Source: Delphion.com

- The top five companies or organizations (Eastman Kodak Inc.; University of Rochester; Greatbatch, Inc.; John Mezzalingua Associates, Inc.; and Hand-Held Products Inc.) accounted for 38% (693) of assignee company patents that were located in the Upstate New York area (Table 51).
- Of the assignees listed in Table 51, four are the major universities in the Upstate New York region (University of Rochester, #2; Syracuse University, #9; Rochester Institute of Technology, #11; and Research Foundation of SUNY, #12).

Patent Counts by Industry Classification

Table 52. Top 15 International Patent Classifications for Assignees Located in Upstate New York (19-Counties) by Number of Patents, January 2006 – December 2010

| International Patent Classifications | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total | Rank |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|------|
| Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes | 114 | 6.2% | 1 |
| Recognition of data; Presentation of data; Record carriers; Handling record carriers | 108 | 5.9% | 2 |
| Diagnosis; Surgery; Identification | 105 | 5.7% | 3 |
| Electric digital data processing | 103 | 5.6% | 4 |
| Electrically-conductive connections; Structural associations of a plurality of mutually-insulated electrical connecting elements | 66 | 3.6% | 5 |
| Electrotherapy; Magnetotherapy; Radiation therapy; Ultrasound therapy | 59 | 3.2% | 6 |
| Semiconductor devices; Electric solid state devices not otherwise provided for | 50 | 2.7% | 7 |
| Pictorial Communication | 45 | 2.4% | 8 |
| Filters implantable into blood vessels; prostheses; devices providing patency to, or preventing collapsing of, tubular structures of the body, e.g. stents; orthopedic, nursing or contraceptive devices; fomentation; treatment or protection of eyes or ears | 37 | 2.0% | 9 |
| Electrography; electrophotography; magnetography | 34 | 1.8% | 10 |
| Typewriters; selective printing mechanisms, i.e. mechanisms printing otherwise than from a form; correction of typographical error | 31 | 1.7% | 11 |
| Optical elements, systems, or apparatus | 31 | 1.7% | 12 |
| Processes for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces, in general | 29 | 1.6% | 13 |
| Separation | 26 | 1.4% | 14 |
| Layered Products | 24 | 1.3% | 15 |

Note: Out of 1,845 Patents; Rank out of 246

Source: Delphion.com

• Table 52 displays the Top 15 patent counts by the International Patent Classification name (IPC) and shows that the Top 15 account for almost 47% (862) of patents in the Upstate New York region in this category.

• These scientific fields identify the technology strengths in the Upstate New York region.

Individual Inventors Patent Counts by Industry Classification

Table 53. Top 15 International Patent Classifications by Individual Inventors in Upstate New York (19-Counties) by Number of Patents, January 2006 – December 2010

| International Patent Classifications | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total | Rank |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------|
| Electric digital data processing | 374 | 7.0% | 1 |
| Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes | 369 | 6.9% | 2 |
| Recognition of data; Presentation of data; Record carriers; Handling record carriers | 227 | 4.2% | 3 |
| Pictorial communication, e.g. television | 218 | 4.1% | 4 |
| Diagnosis; Surgery; Identification | 185 | 3.4% | 5 |
| Semiconductor devices; Electric solid state devices not otherwise provided for | 172 | 3.2% | 6 |
| Typewriters; Selective printing mechanisms; Correction of typographical errors | 155 | 2.9% | 7 |
| Electrography; Electrophotography; Magnetography | 124 | 2.3% | 8 |
| Processes or means, e.g. batteries, for the direct conversion of chemical energy into electrical energy | 108 | 2.0% | 9 |
| Processes for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces, in general | 102 | 1.9% | 10 |
| Data processing systems or methods, specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes | 100 | 1.9% | 11 |
| Electric digital data processing | 374 | 7.0% | 12 |
| Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes | 369 | 6.9% | 13 |
| Recognition of data; Presentation of data; Record carriers; Handling record carriers | 227 | 4.2% | 14 |
| Pictorial communication, e.g. television | 218 | 4.1% | 15 |

Note: Out of 5,366 Patents; Rank out of 384

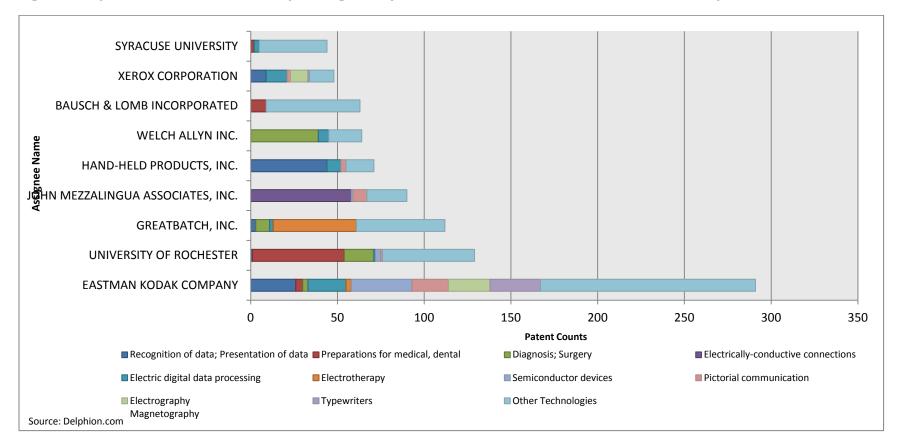
Source: Delphion.com

• Table 53 displays the Top 15 patent counts by individual inventors by the International Patent Classification name (IPC) and shows that the Top 15 account for almost 62% (3,322) of individual inventor patents in the Upstate New York region in this category.

• These scientific fields identify the technology strengths in the Upstate New York region.

Patent Assignee by Industry Classification





• Figure 25 displays Upstate New York patent counts by assignee and International Patent Classification. The largest number of patents held by an individual company within a single International Patent Classification was John Mezzalingua Associates, Inc, holding 58 patents in the category *Electrically-conductive connections*. John Mezzalingua Associates' patents accounted for 88% of all patents in this category.

THE BUFFALO REGION (WESTERN NEW YORK REGION)

Patents are an alternative measure of regional innovative activities and are often used as a proxy for innovation. Each patent includes the name of at least one individual inventor (many have multiple inventors). Ownership is assigned to an individual inventor or to a corporation, university, or another research institution (assignee).

Patents were electronically extracted (those already granted and applications) in the state of New York between January 2006 and December 2010. To be included in the data for the Buffalo region, the patent had to include at least one inventor or an assignee from Buffalo region. An inventor or an assignee can be from outside Buffalo (referred to as "Outside").

Patent Counts

- In the Buffalo region, there were 2,313 patents (granted and applied for) between January 2006 and December 2010 (Table 54).
- From 2006 to 2010 there was a significant decrease in the number of patents. The number of patents declined from 617 patents in 2006 to 236 patents in 2009 (-62%). This follows an overall decline in patents during this period.
- Of the 2,313 patents, 313 were from a Buffalo inventor with a Buffalo assignee (14%) (Table 55).
- Only 18% of patents had an assignee from the Buffalo region; showing that businesses within the Buffalo region are **not** the major drivers of local patents.
- The largest aggregation of patents is inventors of individual patents (Buffalo Inventor with no assignee). Individually owned patents accounted for 55% of total patents (1,266).

Table 54. Buffalo Region Patent Frequency Counts, January 2006 – December 2010

| Year | Number of Patents | Percent of Total |
|-------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 2006 | 617 | 26.7% |
| 2007 | 578 | 25.0% |
| 2008 | 474 | 20.5% |
| 2009 | 408 | 17.6% |
| 2010 | 236 | 10.2% |
| Total | 2,313 | 100.0% |

Source: Delphion.com

Table 55. Patents: Buffalo Region, January 2006 – December 2010

| Designation | All Patents: Granted and Applications |
|---|---|
| Buffalo Inventor without Assignee | 1266 |
| Buffalo Inventor and Buffalo Assignee | 313 |
| Buffalo Inventor and Outside Assignee | 630 |
| Outside Inventor and Buffalo Assignee | 104 |
| Total Patent Applications from Buffalo Inventors and/or Assignees | 2,313 |

Source: Delphion.com

Patent Counts by Assignee

Table 56. Top 25 Patent Assignee Companies located in the Buffalo Region, January 2006 - December 2010

| Rank | Assignee Name | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total Patents |
|------|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Wilson GreatBatch Ltd. | 107 | 25.7% |
| 2 | Dresser-Rand Company | 34 | 8.2% |
| 3 | Research Foundation of SUNY | 31 | 7.4% |
| 4 | Gaymar Industries, Inc. | 27 | 6.5% |
| 5 | Umbra LLC | 25 | 6.0% |
| 6 | Multisorb Technologies, Inc. | 18 | 4.3% |
| 7 | Health Research, Incorporated | 15 | 3.6% |
| 8 | Rich Products Corporation | 10 | 2.4% |
| 9 | Bush Industries, Inc. | 9 | 2.2% |
| 10 | Nanod Ynamics, Inc. | 9 | 2.2% |
| 11 | Unifrax Corporation | 9 | 2.2% |
| 12 | Greatbatch, Inc. | 6 | 1.4% |
| 13 | Osmose, Inc. | 6 | 1.4% |
| 14 | Confer Plastics, Inc. | 5 | 1.2% |
| 15 | Fireline 520, LLC | 5 | 1.2% |
| 16 | Jiffy-Tite Company, Inc. | 5 | 1.2% |
| 17 | Dynabrade Inc. | 4 | 1.0% |
| 18 | Ivoclar Vivadent, Inc. | 4 | 1.0% |
| 19 | McGard, LLC | 4 | 1.0% |
| 20 | Reichert, Inc. | 4 | 1.0% |
| 21 | Alfred University | 3 | 0.7% |
| 22 | Calspan Corporation | 3 | 0.7% |
| 23 | Enidine Incorporated | 3 | 0.7% |
| 24 | Fibercel Packaging, LLC | 3 | 0.7% |
| 25 | Kinex Pharmaceuticals, LLC | 3 | 0.7% |

Note: Out of 417 Patents; Rank out of 72

Source: Delphion.com

• The top five companies (Wilson Greatbatch Ltd; Dresser-Rand Company; Research Foundation of SUNY; Gaymar Industries, Inc. and Umbra LLC) accounted for 54% (224) patent assignee companies located in the Buffalo region (Table 56).

Patent Counts by Industry Classification

Table 57. Top 15 International Patent Classifications for Assignees located in the Buffalo Region by Number of Patents, January 2006 – December 2010

| International Patent Classifications | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total | Rank |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|------|
| Electrotherapy; Magnetotherapy; Radiation therapy; Ultrasound therapy | 48 | 11.5% | 1 |
| Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes | 28 | 6.7% | 2 |
| Filters implantable into blood vessels; Prostheses; Devices providing patency to, or preventing collapsing of, tubular structures of the body | 16 | 3.8% | 3 |
| Processes or means, e.g. batteries, for the direct conversion of chemical energy into electrical energy | 15 | 3.6% | 4 |
| Capacitors; Capacitors, rectifiers, detectors, switching devices, light-sensitive or temperature sensitive devices of the electrolytic type | 15 | 3.6% | 5 |
| Physical or chemical processes - Separation | 14 | 3.4% | 6 |
| Containers for storage or transport of articles or materials | 14 | 3.4% | 7 |
| Chairs, sofas, beds | 12 | 2.9% | 8 |
| Tables; desks; office furniture; cabinets; drawers; general details of furniture | 12 | 2.9% | 9 |
| Diagnosis; Surgery; Identification | 11 | 2.6% | 10 |
| Devices for introducing media into, or onto, the body; Devices for transducing body media or for taking media from the body; Devices for producing or ending sleep or stupor | 11 | 2.6% | 11 |
| Electric digital data processing | 9 | 2.2% | 12 |
| Apparatus for physical training, gymnastics, swimming, climbing, or fencing; ball games; training equipment | 7 | 1.7% | 13 |
| Devices for introducing media into, or onto the body | 6 | 1.4% | 14 |
| Chemical or physical processes, e.g. catalysis, colloid chemistry; their relevant apparatus | 6 | 1.4% | 15 |

Note: Out of 417 Patents; Rank out of 119

Source: Delphion.com

• Table 57 displays the Top 15 patent counts for assignees located in the Buffalo region by the International Patent Classification name (IPC) and shows that the Top 15 account for almost 29% (122) of patents in this category.

• These scientific fields identify the technology strengths in the Buffalo region.

Individual Inventors Patent Counts by Industry Classification

Table 58. Top 15 International Patent Classifications by Individual Inventors in the Buffalo Region by Number of Patents, January 2006 – December 2010

| International Patent Classifications | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total | Rank |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|------|
| Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes | 82 | 6.5% | 1 |
| Physical or Chemical Processes – Separation | 71 | 5.6% | 2 |
| Diagnosis; Surgery; Identification | 39 | 3.1% | 3 |
| Liquefaction, solidification, or separation of gases or gaseous mixtures by pressure and cold treatment | 33 | 2.6% | 4 |
| Electric digital data processing | 31 | 2.4% | 5 |
| Details of heat-exchange or heat-transfer apparatus, of general application | 26 | 2.1% | 6 |
| Devices for introducing media into, or onto, the body | 25 | 2.0% | 7 |
| Filters implantable into blood vessels; Prostheses; Devices providing patency to, or preventing collapsing of, tubular structures of the body | 24 | 1.9% | 8 |
| Devices for introducing media into, or onto, the body; Devices for transducing body media or for taking media from the body; Devices for producing or ending sleep or stupor | 22 | 1.7% | 9 |
| Containers for storage or transport of articles or materials | 22 | 1.7% | 10 |
| Processes for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces, in general | 22 | 1.7% | 11 |
| Heat-exchange apparatus, not provided for in another subclass, in which the heat-exchange media do not come into direct contact | 21 | 1.7% | 12 |
| Acyclic, carbocyclic, or heterocyclic compounds containing elements other than carbon, hydrogen, halogen, oxygen, nitrogen, sulfur, selenium, or tellurium | 18 | 1.4% | 13 |
| Processes or means, e.g. batteries, for the direct conversion of chemical energy into electrical energy | 17 | 1.3% | 14 |
| Printed circuits; casings or constructional details of electrical apparatus; manufacture or assemblages of electrical components | 16 | 1.3% | 15 |

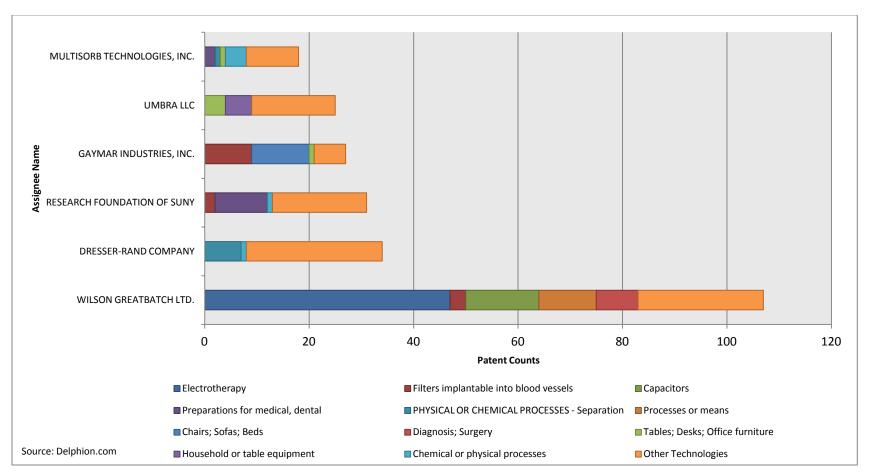
Note: Out of 1,266 Patents; Rank out of 272

Source: Delphion.com

- Table 58 displays the Top 15 patent counts by individual inventors by the International Patent Classification name (IPC) and shows that the Top 15 account for almost 20% (256) of individual inventor patents.
- These scientific fields identify the technology strengths in the Buffalo region.

Patent Assignee by Industry Classification





• Figure 26 displays patent counts in the Buffalo region by assignee and International Patent Classification. The largest number of patents held by an individual company within a single International Patent Classification was Wilson Greatbatch Ltd, holding 47 patents in the category *Electrotherapy*. Wilson Greatbatch Ltd's patents accounted for 98% of all patents in this category.

THE ROCHESTER REGION (FINGER LAKES REGION)

Patents are an alternative measure of regional innovative activities and are often used as a proxy for innovation. Each patent includes the name of at least one individual inventor (many have multiple inventors). Ownership is assigned to an individual inventor or to a corporation, university, or another research institution (assignee).

Patents were electronically extracted (those already granted and applications) in the state of New York between January 2006 and December 2010. To be included in the data for the Rochester region, the patent had to include at least one inventor or an assignee from Rochester region. An inventor or an assignee can be from outside Rochester (referred to as "Outside").

Patent Counts

- In the Rochester region there were a total of 8,523 patents (granted and applied for) between January 2006 and December 2010; they represent 69% of all patents (granted and applied for) in the Upstate New York region (Table 59).
- From 2006 to 2010 there was a significant decrease in the number of patents from 2,230 in 2006 to only 407 patents in 2009 (-82%). This is an indication of the recessionary trends in patent data.
- Of the 8,523 patents, 907 were from a Rochester inventor with a Rochester assignee (11%) (Table 60).
- Twelve percent (12%) of patents had an assignee from the Rochester region, showing that businesses within the Rochester region are **not** the major drivers of local patents.
- The largest aggregation of patents was inventors located within the Rochester region with an assignee located outside of the region (Rochester Inventor and Outside Assignee). This category accounted for 45% of total patents (3,850).

Table 59. Rochester Region Patent Frequency Counts, January 2006 – December 2010

| Year | Number of Patents | Percent of Total |
|-------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 2006 | 2,230 | 26.2% |
| 2007 | 2,175 | 25.5% |
| 2008 | 2,229 | 26.2% |
| 2009 | 1,482 | 17.4% |
| 2010 | 407 | 4.8% |
| Total | 8,523 | 100.0% |

Source: Delphion.com

Table 60. Patents: Rochester Region, January 2006 – December 2010

| Designation | All Patents: Granted and Applications |
|---|---|
| Rochester Inventor without Assignee | 3,362 |
| Rochester Inventor and Rochester Assignee | 907 |
| Rochester Inventor and Outside Assignee | 3,850 |
| Outside Inventor and Rochester Assignee | 104 |
| Total Patent Applications from Rochester Inventors and/or Assignees | 8,523 |

Source: Delphion.com

Patent Counts by Assignee

Table 61. Top 25 Patent Assignee Companies located in the Rochester Region, January 2006 - December 2010

| Rank | Assignee Name | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total Patents |
|------|------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | Eastman Kodak Company | 291 | 28.8% |
| 2 | University of Rochester | 129 | 12.8% |
| 3 | Bausch & Lomb Incorporated | 63 | 6.2% |
| 4 | Xerox Corporation | 48 | 4.7% |
| 5 | Rochester Institute of Technology | 33 | 3.3% |
| 6 | Carestream Health, Inc. | 27 | 2.7% |
| 7 | Biophan Technologies, Inc. | 25 | 2.5% |
| 8 | Caldwell Manufacturing Company | 23 | 2.3% |
| 9 | Quality Vision International, Inc. | 16 | 1.6% |
| 10 | Coopervision, Inc. | 16 | 1.6% |
| 11 | Bluetie, Inc. | 13 | 1.3% |
| 12 | Torvec, Inc. | 11 | 1.1% |
| 13 | Document Security Systems, Inc. | 11 | 1.1% |
| 14 | Ameritherm, Inc. | 11 | 1.1% |
| 15 | Ortho Clinical Diagnostics, Inc. | 10 | 1.0% |
| 16 | Lasermax Incorporated | 10 | 1.0% |
| 17 | Gleason Works | 10 | 1.0% |
| 18 | Pharos Systems International, Inc. | 9 | 0.9% |
| 19 | Vaccinex, Inc. | 8 | 0.8% |
| 20 | Misonix, Inc. | 8 | 0.8% |
| 21 | Litron Laboratories Limited | 8 | 0.8% |
| 22 | Garlock Sealing Technologies LLC | 7 | 0.7% |
| 23 | Naturalnano Research, Inc. | 6 | 0.6% |
| 24 | Mag-Life LLC | 6 | 0.6% |
| 25 | Key Systems, Inc. | 6 | 0.6% |

Note: Out of 1,011 Patents; Rank out of 133

Source: Delphion.com

• The top five companies (Eastman Kodak Company; University of Rochester; Bausch & Lomb Inc.; Xerox Corporation, Rochester Institute of Technology) accounted for 56% (564) of assignee company patents in the Rochester region (Table 61).

Patent Counts by Industry Classification

Table 62. Top 15 International Patent Classifications for Assignees located in the Rochester Region by Number of Patents, January 2006 – December 2010

| International Patent Classifications | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total | Rank |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|------|
| Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes | 84 | 8.3% | 1 |
| Electric digital data processing | 72 | 7.1% | 2 |
| Recognition of data; Presentation of data; Record carriers; Handling record carriers | 55 | 5.4% | 3 |
| Diagnosis; Surgery; Identification | 55 | 5.4% | 4 |
| Semiconductor devices; Electric solid state devices not otherwise provided for | 45 | 4.5% | 5 |
| Electrography; Electrophotography; Magnetography | 34 | 3.4% | 6 |
| Typewriters; Selective printing mechanisms; Correction of typographical errors | 31 | 3.1% | 7 |
| Pictorial communication | 29 | 2.9% | 8 |
| Optical elements, systems, or apparatus | 26 | 2.6% | 9 |
| Arrangements or circuits for control of indicating devices using static means to present variable information | 23 | 2.3% | 10 |
| Processes for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces, in general | 19 | 1.9% | 11 |
| Filters implantable into blood vessels; prostheses; devices providing patency to, or preventing collapsing of, tubular structures of the body, e.g. stents; orthopedic, nursing or contraceptive devices; fomentation; treatment or protection of eyes or ears | 19 | 1.9% | 12 |
| Apparatus or arrangements for taking photographs or for projecting or viewing them; apparatus or arrangements employing analogous techniques using waves other than optical waves; accessories therefor | 18 | 1.8% | 13 |
| Data processing systems or methods, specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes; Systems or methods specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes, not otherwise provided for | 14 | 1.4% | 14 |
| Hinges or other suspension devices for doors, windows, or wings | 14 | 1.4% | 15 |

Note: Out of 1,011 Patents; Rank out of 119

Source: Delphion.com

• Table 62 displays the Top 15 patent counts for assignees located in the Rochester region by the International Patent Classification name (IPC) and shows that the Top 15 account for almost 53% (538) of patents in this category.

• These scientific fields identify the technology strengths in the Rochester region.

Individual Inventors Patent Counts by Industry Classification

Table 63. Top 15 International Patent Classifications by Individual Inventors in the Rochester Region by Number of Patents, January 2006 – December 2010

| International Patent Classifications | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total | Rank |
|---|----------------------|------------------------|------|
| Electric digital data processing | 705 | 18.3% | 1 |
| Electrography; Electrophotography; Magnetography | 700 | 18.2% | 2 |
| Recognition of data; Presentation of data; Record carriers; Handling record carriers | 228 | 5.9% | 3 |
| Pictorial communication | 176 | 4.6% | 4 |
| Typewriters; Selective printing mechanisms; Correction of typographical errors | 168 | 4.4% | 5 |
| Processes or means, e.g. batteries, for the direct conversion of chemical energy into electrical energy | 153 | 4.0% | 6 |
| Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes | 136 | 3.5% | 7 |
| Handling thin or filamentary material, e.g. sheets, webs, cables | 112 | 2.9% | 8 |
| Data processing systems or methods, specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes; Systems or methods specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes, not otherwise provided for | 101 | 2.6% | 9 |
| Transmission of Digital Information | 68 | 1.8% | 10 |
| Transmission | 67 | 1.7% | 11 |
| Processes for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces, in general | 66 | 1.7% | 12 |
| Layered products, i.e. products built-up of strata of flat or non-flat | 66 | 1.7% | 13 |
| Photosensitive materials for photographic purposes | 34 | 0.9% | 14 |
| Diagnosis; Surgery; Identification | 32 | 0.8% | 15 |

Note: Out of 3,850 Patents; Rank out of 234

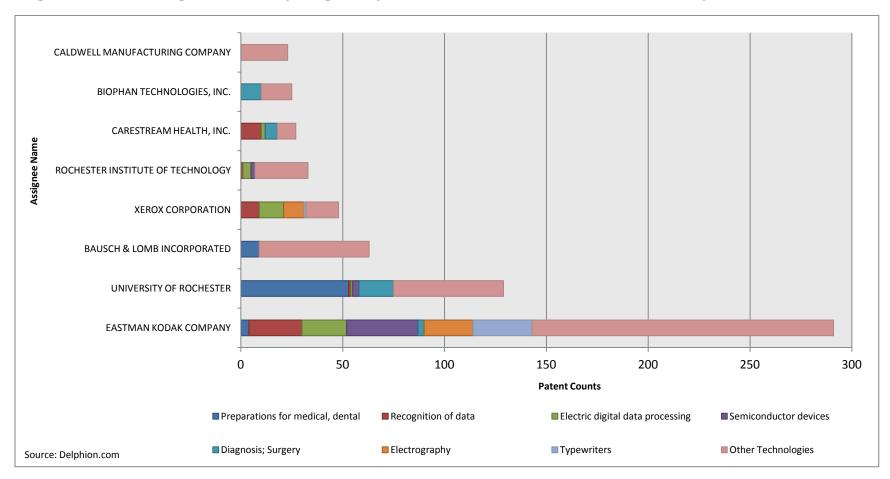
Source: Delphion.com

• Table 63 displays the Top 15 patent counts by individual inventors by the International Patent Classification name (IPC) and shows that the Top 15 account for 73% (2,812) of individual inventor patents in the Rochester region.

• These scientific fields identify the technology strengths in the Rochester region.

Patent Assignee by Industry Classification

Figure 27.Rochester Region Patents: Top Assignees by International Patent Classification Code, January 2006 – December 2010



• Figure 27 displays patent counts in the Rochester region by assignee and International Patent Classification. The largest number of patents held by an individual company within a single International Patent Classification was the University of Rochester, holding 53 patents in the category *Preparations for medical, dental.* The University of Rochester's patents accounted for 63% of all patents in this category.

THE SYRACUSE REGION (CENTRAL NEW YORK REGION)

Patents are an alternative measure of regional innovative activities and are often used as a proxy for innovation. Each patent includes the name of at least one individual inventor (many have multiple inventors). Ownership is assigned to an individual inventor or to a corporation, university, or another research institution (assignee).

Patents were electronically extracted (those already granted and applications) in the state of New York between January 2006 and December 2010. To be included in the data for the Syracuse region, the patent had to include at least one inventor or an assignee from Syracuse region. An inventor or an assignee can be from outside Syracuse (referred to as "Outside").

Patent Counts

- In the Syracuse region there were a total of 1,595 patents (granted and applied for) between January 2006 and December 2010, which represents 13% of all patents (granted and applied for) in the Syracuse region (Table 64).
- Like the other regions, there was a significant decrease in the number of patents in the Syracuse region from 2006 to 2010. The number of patents in Syracuse declined from 453 in 2006 to 136 in 2009 (-70%).
- Of the 1,595 patents, 361 were from a Syracuse inventor with a Syracuse assignee (23%) (Table 65).
- Twenty-six percent (26%) of patents had an assignee from the Syracuse region; showing that businesses within the Syracuse region are a **partial driver** of local patents.
- The largest aggregation of patents is inventors of individual patents (Syracuse Inventor with no Assignee). Individually owned patents accounted for 39% of total patents (630).

Table 64. Syracuse Region Patent Frequency Counts, January 2006 – December 2010

| Year | Number of Patents | Percent of Total |
|-------|----------------------|---------------------|
| 2006 | 453 | 28.4% |
| 2007 | 402 | 25.2% |
| 2008 | 316 | 19.8% |
| 2009 | 288 | 18.1% |
| 2010 | 136 | 8.5% |
| Total | 1,595 | 100.0% |

Source: Delphion.com

Table 65. Patents: Syracuse Region, January 2006 – December 2010

| Designation | All Patents: Granted and Applications |
|--|---|
| Syracuse Inventor without Assignee | 630 |
| Syracuse Inventor and Syracuse Assignee | 361 |
| Syracuse Inventor and Outside Assignee | 545 |
| Outside Inventor and Syracuse Assignee | 59 |
| Total Patent Applications from Syracuse Inventors and/or Assignees | 1,595 |

Source: Delphion.com

Patent Counts by Assignee

Table 66. Top 25 Patent Assignee Companies located in the Syracuse Region, January 2006 - December 2010

| Rank | Assignee Name | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total Patents |
|------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | John Mezzalingua Associates, Inc. | 90 | 21.4% |
| 2 | Hand-Held Products, Inc. | 71 | 16.9% |
| 3 | Welch Allyn Inc. | 64 | 15.2% |
| 4 | Syracuse University | 45 | 10.7% |
| 5 | Pass+ Seymour, Inc. | 18 | 4.3% |
| 6 | Sensis Corporation | 15 | 3.6% |
| 7 | Anaren, Inc. | 10 | 2.4% |
| 8 | J.R. Clancy, Inc. | 10 | 2.4% |
| 9 | Carlisle Intangible Company | 9 | 2.1% |
| 10 | DL Manufacturing | 8 | 1.9% |
| 11 | Panavision Imaging, LLC | 7 | 1.7% |
| 12 | Leonardi Manufacturing Co. | 6 | 1.4% |
| 13 | Infimed, Inc. | 5 | 1.2% |
| 14 | O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc. | 5 | 1.2% |
| 15 | Oneida Indian Nation | 5 | 1.2% |
| 16 | Defenshield, Inc. | 4 | 1.0% |
| 17 | Jadak Technologies, Inc. | 4 | 1.0% |
| 18 | Inficon Inc. | 3 | 0.7% |
| 19 | Syracuse Research Corporation | 3 | 0.7% |
| 20 | Tangidyne Corporation | 3 | 0.7% |
| 21 | Carrier Corporation | 2 | 0.5% |
| 22 | Cryomech Inc. | 2 | 0.5% |
| 23 | Arcom Digital, LLC | 2 | 0.5% |
| 24 | Fanasys, LLC | 2 | 0.5% |
| 25 | Fralo Plastech Mfg., LLC | 2 | 0.5% |

Note: Out of 420 Patents; Rank out of 46

Source: Delphion.com

• The top five companies (John Mezzalingua Associates Inc; Hand-Held Products Inc.; Welch Allyn Inc; Syracuse University; and Pass + Seymour Inc.) accounted for 69% (288) of assignee company patents in the Syracuse region (Table 66).

Patent Counts by Industry Classification

Table 67. Top 15 International Patent Classifications for Assignees located in the Syracuse Region by Number of Patents, January 2006 – December 2010

| International Patent Classifications | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total | Rank |
|--|----------------------|------------------------|------|
| Electrically-conductive connections; Structural associations of a plurality of mutually-insulated electrical connecting elements | 65 | 15.5% | 1 |
| Recognition of data; Presentation of data; Record carriers; Handling record carriers | 48 | 11.4% | 2 |
| Diagnosis; Surgery; Identification | 39 | 9.3% | 3 |
| Electric digital data processing | 22 | 5.2% | 4 |
| Pictorial communication | 16 | 3.8% | 5 |
| Waveguides; Resonators, lines or other devices of the waveguide type | 11 | 2.6% | 6 |
| Measurement of intensity, velocity, spectral content, polarization, haze or pulse characteristics of infra-red, visible or ultra-violet light; Colorimetry; Radiation pyrometry | 9 | 2.1% | 7 |
| Radio direction-finding; radio navigation; determining distance or velocity by use of radio waves; locating or presence-detecting by use of the reflection or re-radiation of radio waves; analogous arrangement using other waves | 8 | 1.9% | 8 |
| Measuring electric variables; measuring magnetic variables | 7 | 1.7% | 9 |
| Transmission- transmission systems for measured values, control or similar signals; speech analysis or synthesis; coding, decoding or code conversion, secret communication, transmission of digital information, wireless communication networks | 6 | 1.4% | 10 |
| Separation - separating solids from solids by wet methods, by pneumatic jigs or tables, by other dry methods, magnetic or electrostatic separation of solid materials from solid materials or fluids, separation by high-voltage electric fields, centrifuges, vortex apparatus, presses for squeezing out liquid from liquid containing material | 6 | 1.4% | 11 |
| Capstains; winches, tackles e.g. pulley block; hoists - winding or unwinding ropes or cables for feeding or storage purposes; rope or cable-winding or unwinding mechanisms for lifts; hoisting devices specially adapted for suspended scaffolds | 6 | 1.4% | 12 |
| Measuring temperature; measuring quantity of heat; thermally-sensitive elements not otherwise provided for | 6 | 1.4% | 13 |
| Impedance networks, resonant circuits, resonators - measuring testing, arrangements for producing a reverberation or echo sound; impedance networks or resonators consisting of distributed impedances, e.g. of the waveguide type, control of amplification, e.g. bandwidth control of amplifiers, tuning resonant circuits, e.g. tuning coupled resonant circuits, networks for modifying the frequency characteristics of communication systems | 5 | 1.2% | 14 |
| Signaling or calling systems; order telegraphs, alarm systems - signaling arrangements on vehicles; railway signaling systems or devices; on cycles; safes or strong-rooms with alarm devices; signaling or alarm devices in mines; sensitive measuring elements, see the appropriate subclasses of; traffic control systems; visual indicating means; sound-producing devices; radio or near-field calling systems; loudspeakers, microphones, gramophone pick-ups or like acoustic electromechanical transducers | 5 | 1.2% | 15 |

Note: Out of 420 Patents; Rank out of 102

Source: Delphion.com

- Table 67 displays the Top 15 patent counts for an assignee located in the Syracuse region by the International Patent Classification name (IPC) and shows that the Top 15 account for almost 62% (259) of patents in this category.
- These scientific fields identify the technology strengths in the Syracuse region.

Individual Inventors Patent Counts by Industry Classification

Table 68. Top 15 International Patent Classifications by Individual Inventors in the Syracuse Region by Number of Patents, January 2006 – December 2010

| International Patent Classifications | Number of Patents | Percentage of Total | Rank |
|---|-------------------|------------------------|------|
| Refrigeration machines, plants, or systems; Combined heating and refrigeration systems; Heat pump systems | 48 | 7.6% | 1 |
| Electric digital data processing | 40 | 6.3% | 2 |
| Electrically-conductive connections; Structural associations of a plurality of mutually-insulated electrical connecting elements | 37 | 5.9% | 3 |
| Recognition of data; Presentation of data; Record carriers; Handling record carriers | 35 | 5.6% | 4 |
| Diagnosis; Surgery; Identification | 28 | 4.4% | 5 |
| Preparations for medical, dental, or toilet purposes | 15 | 2.4% | 6 |
| Investigating or analyzing materials by determining their chemical or physical properties | 15 | 2.4% | 7 |
| Separation | 13 | 2.1% | 8 |
| Pictorial Communication | 12 | 1.9% | 9 |
| Apparatus for physical training, gymnastics, swimming, climbing, or fencing; ball games; training equipment | 11 | 1.7% | 10 |
| Other working of metal; combined operations; universal machine tools | 11 | 1.7% | 11 |
| Couplings for transmitting rotation | 11 | 1.7% | 12 |
| Containers for storage or transport of articles or materials, e.g. bags, barrels, bottles, boxes, cans, cartons, crates, drums, jars, tanks, hoppers, forwarding containers; accessories, closures, or fittings therefor; packaging elements; packages | 10 | 1.6% | 13 |
| Chairs | 9 | 1.4% | 14 |
| Arrangement or mounting of propulsion units or of the transmissions in arrangement or mounting of plural diverse prime-movers; auxiliary drives, instrumentation or dashboards for vehicles; arrangements in connection with cooling, air take, gas exhaust, or fuel supply, or propulsion units, in vehicles | 9 | 1.4% | 15 |

Note: Out of 630 Patents; Rank out of 186

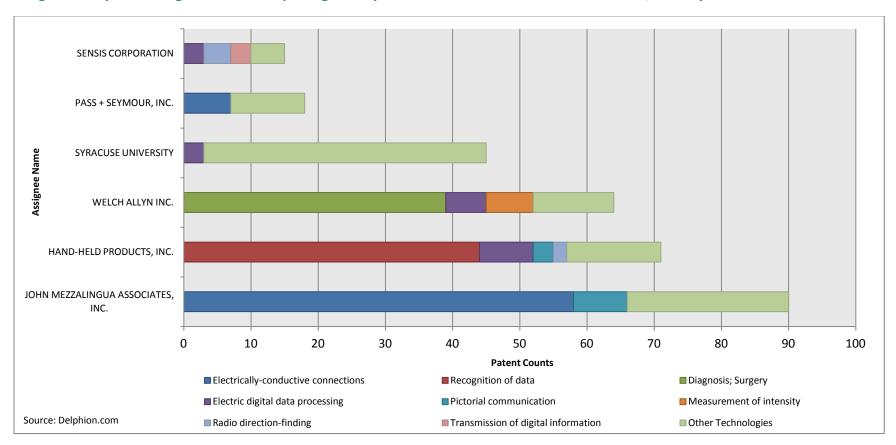
Source: Delphion.com

• Table 68 displays the Top 15 patent counts by individual inventors by the International Patent Classification name (IPC) and shows that the Top 15 account for almost 48% (304) of patents by individual inventors in the Syracuse region.

• These scientific fields identify the technology strengths in the Syracuse region.

Patent Assignee by Industry Classification





• Figure 28 displays the Syracuse region patent counts by assignee and International Patent Classification. The largest number of patents held by an individual company within a single International Patent Classification was John Mezzalingua Associates, Inc., holding 58 patents in the category *Electrically-conductive connections*. John Mezzalingua Associates' patents accounted for 89% of all patents in this category.

SBIR/STTR AWARDS

Table 69. Number of SBIR/STTR Awards by Year and Award Total (\$) in Upstate New York (19-Counties), 2005 – 2010

| Year | Number of Awards | Award Total (\$) |
|-------|---------------------|------------------|
| 2005 | 97 | \$37,266,509 |
| 2006 | 85 | \$26,150,313 |
| 2007 | 66 | \$21,291,995 |
| 2008 | 83 | \$22,784,994 |
| 2009 | 88 | \$35,379,994 |
| 2010* | 88 | \$32,416,588 |
| Total | 507 | \$175,290,394 |

Note: Awards are adjusted for inflation to 2010 dollars;

SBIR/STTR Awards totaled from the following government agencies: DHS, DOC, DOD, DOE, DOI, DOT, ED, EPA, HHS, HUD, NASA, NIH, NIST, NRC, NSF, and USDA

Source: Small Business Administration Tech-Net; National Institute of Health

- 507 SBIR/STTR awards were distributed between 2005 and 2010 in the Upstate New York region to 117 different firms (Table 69).
- Over the past 5 years, the number of SBIR/STTR awards allocated in the Upstate New York region
 has declined, while the dollar amount of awards has declined too. The awards value declined
 significantly in the period from 2006 to 2008 and then increased. However, by 2010, the value of
 total SBIR/STTR awards was still below the 2005 level.
- The year 2007 had the fewest number of awards (66) and smallest amount of dollars allocated (\$21.3 million) in the Upstate New York region.
- For a complete list of firms and awards see Appendix A.7.

^{*}Complete data for the year has not yet been released;

Table 70. Number of SBIR/STTR Awards by Year and Award Total (\$) in the Buffalo, Rochester, and Syracuse Regions, 2005 – 2010

| | Buffalo Region | | Rochester Region | | Syracus | e Region |
|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Year | Number of Awards | Award Total (\$) | Number of Awards | Award Total (\$) | Number of Awards | Award Total (\$) |
| 2005 | 31 | \$10,284,515 | 53 | \$20,962,484 | 13 | \$6,019,510 |
| 2006 | 32 | \$11,225,604 | 43 | \$12,911,764 | 10 | \$2,012,945 |
| 2007 | 21 | \$8,067,808 | 39 | \$11,271,326 | 6 | \$1,952,862 |
| 2008 | 24 | \$5,124,188 | 53 | \$14,056,191 | 6 | \$3,604,616 |
| 2009 | 31 | \$7,386,215 | 51 | \$26,736,551 | 6 | \$1,257,228 |
| 2010* | 21 | \$7,379,995 | 62 | \$22,105,759 | 5 | \$2,930,834 |
| Total | 160 | \$49,468,325 | 301 | \$108,044,075 | 46 | \$17,777,994 |

Note: Awards are adjusted for inflation to 2010 dollars

SBIR/STTR Awards totaled from the following government agencies: DHS, DOC, DOD, DOE, DOI, DOT, ED, EPA, HHS, HUD, NASA, NIH, NIST, NRC, NSF, and USDA

Source: Small Business Administration Tech-Net; National Institute of Health

- Over the 6 years from 2005 to 2010, the Rochester region acquired, by far, the largest number of awards (301) as well as the most dollars allocated (\$108 million). Firms in the Rochester region received over 59% of the number of SBIR/STTR awards and almost 62% of total dollars awarded in Upstate New York (Table 70).
- The Syracuse region had the least number of awards (46) and dollars allocated (\$17.8 million). This represents 9% of all awards and 10% of the total award dollars in the Upstate New York region.
- Monroe County in the Rochester region had the largest number of total awards (276) and dollars allocated (\$99.9 million). The total awards represent 54% of all awards in Upstate New York while the total dollars equate to 57% of all dollars allocated.
- For a complete list of firms and awards see Appendix A.7.

^{*}Complete data for the year has not yet been released;

Table 71. Top Ten SBIR/STTR Awards for the Upstate New York Region by Award Total (\$), 2005 – 2010

| Rank | Firm Name | County | Region | Number of Awards | Award Total (\$) |
|------|--|----------|-----------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1 | Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | 142 | \$44,881,683 |
| 2 | Koning Corporation | Monroe | Rochester | 5 | \$9,444,119 |
| 3 | Lucid, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | 10 | \$6,942,256 |
| 4 | Janya, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | 15 | \$6,334,240 |
| 5 | Litron Laboratories, Ltd. | Monroe | Rochester | 15 | \$5,523,374 |
| 6 | Orthosystems, Inc. | Onondaga | Syracuse | 8 | \$4,557,139 |
| 7 | VI Manufacturing, Inc. DBA Optipro System | Wayne | Rochester | 8 | \$4,345,470 |
| 8 | Therex, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | 8 | \$4,293,764 |
| 9 | Thermal Gradient, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | 4 | \$4,151,771 |
| 10 | Tactus Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | 11 | \$4,069,792 |
| | Total | - | - | 226 | \$94,543,608 |

Note: SBIR/STTR Awards totaled from the following government agencies: DHS, DOC, DOD, DOE, DOI, DOT, ED, EPA, HHS, HUD, NASA, NIH, NIST, NRC, NSF, and USDA

Source: Small Business Administration Tech-Net; National Institute of Health

- Table 71 displays the top ten firms aggregated by total SBIR/STTR award dollars in Upstate New York. Together, these firms were awarded over \$94 million in awards, representing 54% of all dollars allocated in the Upstate New York region.
- Impact Technologies, Inc. had the most dollars awarded with \$44.9 million, and the most total awards (142). These awards represented nearly 63% of all awards in Table 71 and 28% of all awards in Upstate New York.
- Koning Corporation had the largest average dollar amount per award at \$1.9 million, more than double all other firms in the top ten except for Thermal Gradient Inc. (\$1.04 million).

APPENDIX A: A.1. – A.7.

A. 1. Fortune 1,000 Companies in Upstate New York Region, 2009

| Rank | Company | Fortune 1000 Rank | Revenues (\$Mil) | City | County | Region | Stock Exchange | Ticker Symbol |
|------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------|-----------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1 | Eastman Kodak Co | 284 | \$9,416.00 | Rochester | Monroe | Rochester | NYSE | EK |
| 2 | M&T Bank Corp. | 535 | \$4,216.60 | Buffalo | Erie | Buffalo | NYSE | MTB |
| 3 | Constellation Brands Inc. | 578 | \$3,773.00 | Fairport | Monroe | Rochester | NYSE | STZ |
| 4 | National Fuel Gas Co | 803 | \$2,400.40 | Williamsville | Erie | Buffalo | NYSE | MOG |
| 5 | Paychex Inc. | 885 | \$2,066.30 | Rochester | Monroe | Rochester | NASDAQ | PAYX |
| 6 | Moog Inc. | 921 | \$1,902.70 | East Aurora | Erie | Buffalo | NYSE | MOG |

Note: Rank out of 1,000; Source: http://money.cnn.com/

A. 2. Top Private Employers in the Buffalo Region, 2011

| Rank | Company Name | Type of Business | Employee Count |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| 1 | Kaleida Health | Health care system | 10,000 |
| 2 | Catholic Health System | Health care system | 6,230 |
| 3 | Employer Services Corp | Employment-related services | 6,089 |
| 4 | Tops Markets LLC | Supermarket retailer | 5,103 |
| 5 | HSBC Bank USA N.A. | Commercial Bank | 5,000 |
| 6 | M&T Bank | Commercial Bank | 4,611 |
| 7 | Seneca Gaming Corp. | Entertainment | 3,505 |
| 8 | Catholic Diocese of Buffalo | Parishes, schools, and institutions | 3,500 |
| 9 | Wegmans Food Markets Inc. | Supermarket retailer | 3,011 |
| 10 | Roswell Park Cancer Institute | Hospital | 2,875 |
| 11 | Moog Inc. | Manufacturer of precision-control components and defense systems | 2,651 |
| 12 | Elderwood Senior Care | Skilled nursing facility | 2,364 |
| 13 | Dresser-Rand Co. | Manufacturers of compressors, engines and steam turbines | 2,300 |
| 14 | Wilson Farms Inc. | Convenience store | 2,284 |
| 15 | People Inc. | Services to people with developmental disabilities | 2,070 |
| 16 | United Parcel Service | Package delivery services | 2,048 |
| 17 | Bank of America | Commercial Bank | 2,000 |
| 18 | The Resource Center | Services to people with developmental disabilities | 1,748 |
| 19 | Delaware North Cos. | Hospitality and food service | 1,734 |
| 20 | Geico Direct | Insurance Services | 1,700 |
| 21 | Verizon | Telecommunications | 1,600 |
| 22 | GM Components Holdings | Manufacturer of radiators and heat exchangers | 1,350 |
| 23 | Aspire of WNY Inc. | Services to people with developmental disabilities | 1,300 |
| 24 | Cummins Engine Company, Inc. | Manufacturer of diesel engines and engine components | 1,300 |
| 25 | Rich Products Corp. | Food manufacturer | 1,300 |
| 26 | Blue Cross Blue Shield of Western NY | Health Insurance services | 1,277 |
| 27 | Time Warner Cable | Telecommunications | 1,240 |
| 28 | National Fuel Gas Co. | Supplier of gas and oil | 1,219 |
| 29 | The Alcott Group | HR service provider | 1,200 |
| 30 | First Niagara Bank | Commercial Bank | 1,200 |

Source: Buffalo Niagara Partnership http://www.buffaloniagara.org/files/content/Research/DataPoints/TopBusinesses.pdf

A. 2. Top Private Employers in the Buffalo Region, 2011 (Continued)

| Rank | Company Name | Type of Business | Employee Count |
|-------------------|--|---|-------------------|
| 31 | Ingram Micro Inc. | Distributor of microcomputer products | 1,200 |
| 32 | Goodyear Dunlop Tires North Am Ltd. | Tire manufacturer | 1,150 |
| 33 | WCA Healthcare System | Healthcare system | 1,118 |
| 34 | West-Herr Automotive Group | Automobile Dealership | 1,113 |
| 35 | Pioneer Credit Recovery Inc. | Collection Services | 1,100 |
| 36 | Praxair Inc. | Production and distribution of industrial gases | 1,100 |
| 37 | Baker Victory Services | Youth Services | 1,079 |
| 38 | Olean General Hospital | Hospital | 971 |
| 39 | Heritage Centers | Services to people with developmental disabilities | 950 |
| 40 | Independent Health | Health Insurance services | 950 |
| 41 | Key Bank | Commercial Bank | 950 |
| 42 | Capital Management Services | Consumer Debt Collections Services | 910 |
| 43 | National Grid | Public Utility | 900 |
| 44 | Niagara Falls Memorial Medical Center | Hospital | 894 |
| 45 | Saint-Gobain Corp. | Manufacturer of abrasives, ceramics, plastics, building materials and reinforcements | 884 |
| 46 | General Motors Powertrain-Tonawanda Engine | Manufacturer of car and boat engines | 841 |
| 47 | Upstate Niagara Coop Inc. | Food manufacturer | 776 |
| 48 | Canisius College | Postsecondary Education | 764 |
| 49 | FedEx Trade Networks | Package delivery services | 761 |
| 50 | Ford Motor Co. | Manufacturer of subassemblies for cars and trucks | 743 |
| 51 | Cutco Corp. | Cutlery manufacturing | 725 |
| 52 | Greatbatch Inc. | Manufacturer of power sources and precision engineered components | 700 |
| 53 | SKF Aeroengine North America | Manufacturer of precision ball and roller bearings for specialized aerospace applications | 700 |
| 54 | The Carriage House Co. | Manufacturer of shelf-stable wet products | 675 |
| 55 | Luvata Buffalo Inc. | Brass and copper manufacturing | 655 |
| 56 | The Buffalo News | Newspaper publishing | 604 |
| 57 | Buffalo Medical Group | Physicians | 596 |
| 58 | John W. Danforth Co. | Mechanical Contractor | 585 |
| 59 | Northtown Automotive Cos. Inc. | Automobile Dealership | 550 |
| 60 | Alfred University | Postsecondary Education | 528 |
| 61 | Catholic Charities of Buffalo | Social Services | 505 |
| 62 Source: Buf | Creditors Interchange falo Niagara Partnership http://www.buffaloni | Third-Party Accounts Receivable Services agara.org/files/content/Research/DataPoints/TopBusin | 494 esses.pdf |

Center for Economic Development, Maxine Goodman Levin College of Urban Affairs Cleveland State University

A. 3. Top Private Employers in the Rochester Region, 2009

| Rank | Company Name | Type of Business | Employee Count |
|------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 | University of Rochester/Strong Health | Higher education, health care | 19,441 |
| 2 | Wegmans Food Markets | Distribution, retail, real estate developer | 13,381 |
| 3 | Eastman Kodak | Manufacturer, world headquarters, exporter, R&D | 8,500 |
| 4 | Rochester General Health System | Health care | 7,210 |
| 5 | Xerox | Manufacturer, exporter | 6,935 |
| 6 | Rochester City School District | Education | 6,327 |
| 7 | Unity Health System | Health care | 5,280 |
| 8 | Monroe County | Local government | 4,880 |
| 9 | Lifetime Healthcare Cos. | Health care | 3,542 |
| 10 | City of Rochester | Local government | 3,500 |
| 11 | Paychex | Payroll, human resource and benefits services | 3,331 |
| 12 | Rochester Institute of Technology | Higher education | 3,138 |
| 13 | ITT Industries | Manufacturer, division headquarters | 2,845 |
| 14 | Greece Central School District | Education | 2,607 |
| 15 | Harris Corp. RF Communications | Manufacturer | 2,300 |
| 16 | Sutherland Global Services | Business processing outsourcing | 2,094 |
| 17 | Time Warner Cable | Media, telecommunications | 1,906 |
| 18 | JP Morgan Chase | Financial services | 1,765 |
| 19 | Finger Lakes Health | Health care | 1,760 |
| 20 | Bausch & Lomb | Manufacturer, world headquarters, R&D | 1,625 |
| 21 | Monroe #1 BOCES | Education | 1,555 |
| 22 | Hillside Family of Agencies | Non-profit services | 1,554 |
| 23 | Monroe Community College | Higher education | 1,501 |
| 24 | Webster Central School District | Education | 1,488 |
| 25 | Carestream Health | Manufacturer | 1,412 |
| 26 | SUNY College at Geneseo | Higher education | 1,401 |
| 27 | Verizon Wireless | Telecommunications services | 1,400 |
| 28 | Thompson Health | Health care | 1,357 |
| 29 | Delphi | Manufacturer | 1,350 |
| 30 | SUNY College at Brockport | Higher education | 1,348 |

 $Source: Greater\ Rochester\ Enterprise\ \underline{http://www.rochesterbiz.com/Business/Information/Lists.aspx}$

A. 3. Top Private Employers in the Rochester Region, 2009 (Continued)

| Rank | Company Name | Type of Business | Employee Count |
|------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| 31 | Frontier Communications | Telecommunications services | 1,292 |
| 32 | CooperVision | Manufacturer, distribution | 1,203 |
| 33 | Rush Henrietta Central School District | Education | 1,203 |
| 34 | Fairport Central School District | Education | 1,201 |
| 35 | Pittsford Central School District | Education | 1,163 |
| 36 | Wayne County | Local government | 1,120 |
| 37 | St. Ann's of Greater Rochester | Senior services | 1,097 |
| 38 | Ortho-Clinical Diagnostics | Manufacturer, exporter | 1,081 |
| 39 | Ontario County | Local government | 1,020 |
| 40 | Livingston County | Local government | 1,002 |
| 41 | St. John's Home | Senior services | 987 |
| 42 | Rochester Gas & Electric | Energy services | 950 |
| 43 | Penfield Central School District | Education | 922 |
| 44 | Nalge Nunc International | Manufacturer, exporter | 900 |
| 45 | Pactiv | Manufacturer | 870 |
| 46 | Gates Chili Central School District | Education | 868 |
| 47 | Clifton Springs Hospital & Clinic | Health care | 866 |
| 48 | Genesee County | Local government | 850 |
| 49 | Parker Hannifin | Manufacturer | 847 |
| 50 | Paetec Holding | Telecommunication services | 833 |

Source: Greater Rochester Enterprise http://www.rochesterbiz.com/Business/Information/Lists.aspx

A. 4. Top Private Employers in the Syracuse Region, 2011

| Rank | Company Name | Type of Business | Employee Count |
|------|---|--|-------------------|
| 1 | SUNY Upstate Medical University | Academic Health Science Center | 6,400 |
| 2 | Syracuse University | higher education | 5,925 |
| 3 | Wegmans Food Markets, Inc. | food & pharmacy stores (10 locations) | 3,760 |
| 4 | St. Joseph's Hospital Health Center | medical and health care facility | 3,150 |
| 5 | Magna Drivetrain - New Process Gear Inc. | automotive and truck transfer cases, transmissions, transaxles | 2,600 |
| 6 | Crouse Hospital | medical and health care facility | 2,400 |
| 7 | Lockheed-Martin MS2 | premier systems integrator of network-centric naval combat systems | 2,350 |
| 8 | P & C Food Markets Division of Penn Traffic | food retailer, wholesaler and franchiser for 64 corporate stores, 68 Big M Markets and over 103 wholesale accounts | 2,220 |
| 9 | National Grid | electric/gas utility | 1,860 |
| 10 | Loretto | A comprehensive continuing care system specializing in older adults | 1,825 |
| 11 | Empire Expo Center Home of the Greater NYS Fair | amusements, convention centers, exhibit display | 1,575 |
| 12 | Carrier Corporation | air conditioning, heating and refrigeration equipment; transportation refrigeration - R $\&$ D | 1,500 |
| 13 | L.& J. G. Stickley, Inc. | collector quality furniture manufacturer | 1,445 |
| 14 | United Parcel Service | delivery service | 1,230 |
| 15 | Roman Catholic Diocese of Syracuse, NY | diocesan administration | 1,200 |
| 16 | The Hartford Financial Services Group | investments/insurance | 1,200 |
| 17 | Syracuse VA Medical Center | medical and health care facility | 1,150 |
| 18 | Welch Allyn, Inc. | diagnostic medical instruments; automotive material handling devices; inspection systems devices, specialty lamps and fiber optics | 1,100 |
| 19 | Verizon | utility providing network services; telecommunications | 1,100 |
| 20 | AXA Equitable Life Ins. Co. | life insurance and financial services | 1,000 |
| 21 | Excellus Blue Cross and Blue Shield, Central New York Region | insurance, health care | 985 |
| 22 | Community-General Hospital | medical and health care facility | 970 |
| 23 | Anheuser-Busch Inc. | brewery | 940 |
| 24 | Bank of New York | back office financial operations | 850 |
| 25 | Bristol-Myers Squibb Company | antibiotic manufacturer; research and development of new prescription pharmaceuticals | 820 |
| 26 | McLane Northeast | distribution center | 800 |
| 27 | Eagle Comtronics | components, security devices for cable television | 800 |
| | | | |

Source: Greater Syracuse Economic Growth Council http://www.syracusecentral.com/market data/major employers.htm

A. 4. Top Private Employers in the Syracuse Region, 2011 (Continued)

| 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 | O'Brien & Gere Companies, Inc. Syracuse Research Corp. St. Camillus Health & Rehabilitation Center Crouse-Hinds Rite Aid Crucible Materials Corp. Central New York Regional Transportation Authority YMCA of Greater Syracuse, Inc. A T & T Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation The Post Standard | environmental services information technology health care, rehabilitation services electrical construction materials products pharmacies/regional headquarters specialty metals transportation social service organization telecommunications higher education surveillance equipment | 800 750 725 700 670 650 645 620 600 |
|--|---|---|---|
| 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 | St. Camillus Health & Rehabilitation Center Crouse-Hinds Rite Aid Crucible Materials Corp. Central New York Regional Transportation Authority YMCA of Greater Syracuse, Inc. A T & T Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation | health care, rehabilitation services electrical construction materials products pharmacies/regional headquarters specialty metals transportation social service organization telecommunications higher education | 725 700 670 650 645 620 600 |
| 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 | Center Crouse-Hinds Rite Aid Crucible Materials Corp. Central New York Regional Transportation Authority YMCA of Greater Syracuse, Inc. A T & T Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation | electrical construction materials products pharmacies/regional headquarters specialty metals transportation social service organization telecommunications higher education | 700 670 650 645 620 600 |
| 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 | Rite Aid Crucible Materials Corp. Central New York Regional Transportation Authority YMCA of Greater Syracuse, Inc. A T & T Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation | pharmacies/regional headquarters specialty metals transportation social service organization telecommunications higher education | 670 650 645 620 600 |
| 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 | Crucible Materials Corp. Central New York Regional Transportation Authority YMCA of Greater Syracuse, Inc. A T & T Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation | specialty metals transportation social service organization telecommunications higher education | 650 645 620 600 |
| 34 35 36 37 38 39 | Central New York Regional Transportation Authority YMCA of Greater Syracuse, Inc. A T & T Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation | transportation social service organization telecommunications higher education | 645 620 600 600 |
| 35 36 37 38 39 | Transportation Authority YMCA of Greater Syracuse, Inc. A T & T Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation | social service organization telecommunications higher education | 620 600 600 |
| 36 37 38 39 | A T & T Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation | telecommunications higher education | 600 |
| 37 38 39 | Le Moyne College Sensis Corporation | higher education | 600 |
| 38 39 | Sensis Corporation | | |
| 39 | | surveillance equipment | 600 |
| | The Post Standard | | |
| | | newspaper | 600 |
| 40 | Time Warner Cable | cable TV companies | 575 |
| 41 | James Square Health and Rehabilitation Center | long term health care facility | 550 |
| 42 | HHP Inc. | image-based data collection solutions for mobile, wireless and transaction processing applications to end users | 530 |
| 43 | The Sutherland Group, Ltd. | customer management services | 500 |
| 44 | Onondaga Community College | Higher Education | 500 |
| 45 | Catholic Charities of Onondaga County | human services organization | 490 |
| 46 | Arc of Onondaga | human services organization | 475 |
| 47 | Sysco Food Service of Syracuse | restaurant & institutional food distributor | 475 |
| 48 | Longley-Jones Associates, Inc. | commercial real estate | 470 |
| 49 | M & T Bank | finance | 450 |
| 50 | SUNY College of Environmental Science and Forestry | educational facility | 435 |
| 51 | Empire Medicare Services | insurance, claims/service-inbound | 425 |
| 52 | PEACE, Inc. | nonprofit organization | 420 |
| 53 | Laboratory Alliance of CNY. LLC | medical laboratories | 415 |
| 54 | Driver's Village | automobile dealers | 400 |
| 55 | Syracuse China Corporation | commercial china, ovenware and dinnerware services | 395 |
| 56 | Anaran Microwave, Inc. | electronic combat warning and targeting receiver systems for military aircraft, ships, submarines and combat vehicle systems | 380 |

Source: Greater Syracuse Economic Growth Council http://www.syracusecentral.com/market_data/major_employers.htm

A. 4. Top Private Employers in the Syracuse Region, 2011 (Continued)

| Rank | Company Name | Type of Business | Employee Count |
|------|--|--|-------------------|
| 57 | Sam Dell Car & Truck Services Stores | automobile dealers | 375 |
| 58 | Syracuse Community Health Center | health care services | 355 |
| 59 | JC Penney Co., Inc. | department store (2 locations) | 350 |
| 60 | Salvation Army Syracuse Area Services | social services organization | 350 |
| 61 | HSBC | finance | 325 |
| 62 | Liberty Resources, Inc. | nonprofit organization | 315 |
| 63 | PPC | cable connectors, fiber optic connectors, trap/fillers for cable television | 300 |
| 64 | Aetna Insurance | insurance-inbound | 300 |
| 65 | Blasland Bouck & Lee | environmental consultants | 300 |
| 66 | Cxtec (Cable Express) | computer networks | 300 |
| 67 | ITT Hartford Insurance | insurance | 300 |
| 68 | Menorah Park | senior care | 290 |
| 69 | POMCO | employee benefits | 270 |
| 70 | Rural Metro Medical Services | public access defibrillation, ambulance services, safety training | 265 |
| 71 | Nationwide Insurance | insurance | 260 |
| 72 | Rescue Mission Alliance | social service organization | 260 |
| 73 | Bond, Schoeneck & King | legal services | 250 |
| 74 | J P Morgan Chase | financial services | 250 |
| 75 | RMSCO | employee benefits, claims administration, insurance- health care, risk management, self insurance | 250 |
| 76 | USA Relay (Sprint) | Hearing Impaired relay center-inbound | 250 |
| 77 | Solvay Paperboard, LLC | high performance paperboard | 240 |
| 78 | Landis Plastics | plastic packaging supplies | 225 |
| 79 | Vivian Teal Howard RHCF | adult care facility | 225 |
| 80 | Haylor, Freyer & Coon, Inc. | insurance | 220 |
| 81 | Gypsum Express, Ltd. | trucking/transportation | 215 |
| 82 | Fiserv, Inc. | integrated data processing and information management systems for banking industry | 200 |
| 83 | Coca-Cola Bottling Company of Syracuse | beverage distributor | 200 |
| 84 | Fleet Building Maintenance, Inc. | construction cleaning services | 200 |
| 85 | Green Hills | grocers | 200 |
| 86 | Syracuse Home Association | adult care facility | 200 |
| 87 | Syracuse Merit Electric, Inc. | electrical contractor, communications, electronics testing equipment | 200 |

Source: Greater Syracuse Economic Growth Council http://www.syracusecentral.com/market_data/major_employers.htm

A. 5. Business Incubators and Research Parks in Upstate New York, May 2011

| Organization | Address | City | State | Zip | Phone | Website |
|--|----------------------------|----------------|-------|-------|----------------|---|
| Buffalo Niagara Medical Campus Innovation Center | 640 Ellicott Street | Buffalo | NY | 14203 | (716)218-7151 | http://www.bnmc.org/innovation/index.aspx?s=7&id=39 |
| UB Technology Incubator | 1576 Sweet Home Road | Amherst | NY | 14228 | (716) 645-5500 | http://www.research.buffalo.edu/stor/incubator/ |
| Lennox Tech Enterprise Center | 150 Lucius Gordon Drive | West Henrietta | NY | 14586 | (585)214-0592 | http://www.htr.org/incubator.asp |
| RIT's Venture Creations Incubator | 125 Tech Park Drive | Rochester | NY | 14625 | (585)239-6000 | http://www.rit.edu/research/vc/ |
| Rochester BioVenture Center | 77 Ridgeland Road | Rochester | NY | 14623 | (585) 413-9061 | http://www.rochesterbioventure.org |
| The Technology Farm | 500 Technology Farm Dr | Geneva | NY | 14456 | (315) 781-0070 | http://www.thetechnologyfarm.com/ |
| Raymond von Dran Innovative and Disruptive Entrepreneurship Accelerator (IDEA) | | | | | | http://accelerate.syr.edu/about.aspx |
| South Side Innovation Center | 2610 South Salina St | Syracuse | NY | 13205 | (315) 443-8600 | http://whitman.syr.edu/eee/ssic/index.asp |
| The Clean Tech Center | 235 Harrison Street | Syracuse | NY | 13202 | (315) 579-8369 | http://www.thecleantechcenter.com/ |
| The Central New York Biotechnology Research Center | | | | | 315-464-4398 | http://www.upstate.edu/biocenter/ |
| CASE Incubator Facility | | | | | (315)443-1060 | http://case.syr.edu/incubators/incubator.php |
| The Tech Garden | 235 Harrison Street | Syracuse | NY | 13202 | (315) 474-0910 | http://www.thetechgarden.com |
| Stardust Entrepreneurial Institute | 2 State Street | Auburn | NY | 13021 | (315) 252-3511 | http://www.stardustinstitute.org/ |

Source: Individual Business Incubator Website

A. 6. Public Offerings in Upstate New York, January 2006 – May 2011

| Company Name | Public Offering | Date | Symbol | Exchange | Sector | Industry |
|--|-----------------|------------|--------|-----------|-------------|--------------------|
| Dresser-Rand Group Inc. | Secondary | 4/28/2006 | DRC | NYSE | Cattaraugus | Industrial Goods |
| Minrad International Inc. | Secondary | 5/24/2006 | BUF | NYSE/Amex | Erie | Drug Manufacturers |
| GateHouse Media Inc. | IPO | 10/25/2006 | GHS | NYSE | Monroe | Media |
| Dresser-Rand Group Inc. | Secondary | 11/10/2006 | DRC | NYSE | Cattaraugus | Industrial Goods |
| Carrols Restaurant Group Inc. (Carrols Holdings) | IPO | 12/15/2006 | TAST | Nasdaq NM | Onondaga | Services |
| GateHouse Media Inc. | Secondary | 7/18/2007 | GHS | NYSE | Monroe | Media |
| First Niagara Financial Group Inc. | Secondary | 4/15/2009 | FNFG | Nasdaq NM | Niagara | Financial |
| Sovran Self Storage Inc. | Secondary | 9/30/2009 | SSS | NYSE | Erie | Financial |
| Moog Inc. | Secondary | 9/30/2009 | MOG.A | NYSE | Erie | Industrial Goods |
| Evans Bancorp Inc. | Secondary | 5/11/2010 | EVBN | Nasdaq NM | Erie | Financial |
| Financial Institutions Inc. | Secondary | 3/10/2011 | FISI | Nasdaq NM | Wyoming | Financial |

Source: IPO Monitor; Yahoo Finance

A. 7. SBIR/STTR Awards in the Upstate New York Region, 2005 - 2010

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| ACORDA THERAPEUTICS, INC. | Madison | Syracuse | NIH | 2005 | \$153,151 | Chimeric proteins for the treatment of spinal cord injury |
| ACORDA THERAPEUTICS, INC. | Madison | Syracuse | NIH | 2005 | \$156,491 | Effects of Chondroitinase and Training in Acute SCI |
| ACORDA THERAPEUTICS, INC. | Madison | Syracuse | NIH | 2005 | \$184,388 | Molecular Evolution of Chondroitinase ABCI for SCI |
| ADARZA BIOSYSTEMS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2007 | \$192,036.00 | A rapid label-free sensor for immune markers of environmental exposure for applic |
| ADARZA BIOSYSTEMS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2009 | \$1,759,767.00 | A rapid label-free sensor for immune markers of environmental exposure for applic |
| ADARZA BIOSYSTEMS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2009 | \$885,086 | A rapid label-free sensor for immune markers of environmental exposure for applic |
| Advanced Resonance Technologies, Inc | Onondaga | Syracuse | HHS | 2005 | \$753,149.00 | Electronic Sensor Precision Feature Extraction Pre-processor |
| ADVANCED RESONANCE TECHNOLOGIES, INC | Onondaga | Syracuse | NIH | 2005 | \$394,906 | Improved NMR Sample Tubes |
| ADVANCED RESONANCE TECHNOLOGIES, INC | Onondaga | Syracuse | NIH | 2006 | \$358,243 | Improved NMR Sample Tubes |
| ALPHA SCENTS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | USDA | 2009 | \$80,000.00 | Simple DNA/RNA Probes for Protein Targets |
| AMBP Tech Corp | Erie | Buffalo | NASA | 2006 | \$70,000.00 | ZnO HEMTs on Flexible Substrates for Large Area Monolithic Antenna Applications |
| AMBP TECH CORP. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$70,000.00 | Dielectric Materials Enhancement via Excimer Laser Processing |
| AMBP TECH CORP. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$100,000.00 | CIGS solar cell manufacturing improvements via Excimer Laser Processing |
| AMBP TECH CORP. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$1,148,190.00 | Pulsed Arc Molecular Beam Deposition (PAMBD) Tool for High Quality Films and Coatings |
| AMBP TECH CORP. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$730,000.00 | Dielectric Materials Enhancement via Excimer Laser Processing |
| AMBP Tech Corporation | Erie | Buffalo | DOE | 2006 | \$100,000.00 | Nano-Engineered High Current Density YBCO Superconducting Wires |
| AMPAC IN-SPACE PROPULSION | Niagara | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$99,723.00 | Manufacturing Processes for Propulsion Technology |
| ANDROBIOSYS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$96,765.00 | Circulating Prostate Cancer Progenitor Cell Assay Development |
| ANDROBIOSYS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2008 | \$149,994.00 | Platelet-based Nanoparticle Therapy for Prostate Cancer |
| ANDROBIOSYS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$139,945.00 | Primary Xenografts of Human Tissue as Surrogates of Cancer In Situ |
| ANDROBIOSYS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$128,052.00 | Vascular Targeting for Imaging and Treatment of Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia |
| ANDROBIOSYS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2010 | \$999,642.00 | Platelet-based Nanoparticle Therapy for Prostate Cancer |
| ANDROBIOSYS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$128,052 | Vascular Targeting for Imaging and Treatment of Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia |
| ANDROBIOSYS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$139,945 | Primary Xenografts of Human Tissue as Surrogates of Cancer In Situ |
| Ansya Enterprise Solutions | Monroe | Rochester | ED | 2006 | \$99,990.00 | Education Data Management System |
| Antek | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2010 | \$99,990.00 | Efficient Broadband Electrically Small Antenna Arrays |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|--|
| Antek Inc. | Onondaga | Syracuse | USDA | 2006 | \$80,000.00 | Enhanced Decision Support Through Information Exchange |
| ASE OPTICS | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$69,873.00 | Transmitted Wavefront Metrology of Multiple-Layer Dome Optics Using a Scanning Low- |
| ASE OPTICS | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$149,395.00 | Metrology of Corrective Optics for Conformal Windows and Domes Using Scanning Low- |
| ASE Optics | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$98,779.00 | Multi-Object Spectrometer for Space Object Identification |
| ASE Optics | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,559.00 | Reducing missile dome cost using Segmented-APerture Hybrid Image Reconstruction (SAPHIR) |
| ASE OPTICS | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$732,311.00 | Metrology of Corrective Optics for Conformal Windows and Domes Using Scanning Low- |
| Biophan Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | DHS | 2006 | \$100,000.00 | Robust Autonomous Power Generation for UGS Employing High Efficiency Thermoelectrics |
| Biophan Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | DOE | 2007 | \$100,000.00 | High Efficiency Thermoelectric Power Source for Long Life Medical Implants |
| BUFFALO BIOLABS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$104,608.00 | Safety/Efficacy of Liposomal Reversan, a novel MRP1 modulator for Cancer Therapy |
| BUFFALO BIOLABS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$130,694.00 | Targeting MLL As Anticancer Therapy for Infant Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia |
| BUFFALO BIOLABS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$109,719.00 | Generation of a Monoclonal Antibody Agonist to Toll-Like Receptor 5 |
| BUFFALO BIOLABS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$109,719 | Generation of a Monoclonal Antibody Agonist to Toll-Like Receptor 5 |
| BUFFALO BIOLABS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$130,694 | Targeting MLL As Anticancer Therapy for Infant Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia |
| BUFFALO BIOLABS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$104,608 | Safety/Efficacy of Liposomal Reversan, a novel MRP1 modulator for Cancer Therapy |
| BUFFALO MOLECULAR TARGET LABORATORY | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2006 | \$124,669.00 | Recombinant Ab markers for stem cell differentiation |
| BUFFALO MOLECULAR TARGET LABORATORY | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2008 | \$132,000.00 | Ultra-HTP Multiplex Approach to Small Molecule Screens |
| BUFFALO MOLECULAR TARGET LABORATORY | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$124,669 | Recombinant Ab markers for stem cell differentiation |
| BUFFALO MOLECULAR TARGET LABORATORY | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2008 | \$132,000 | Ultra-HTP Multiplex Approach to Small Molecule Screens |
| Calspan Corporation | Erie | Buffalo | DOT | 2008 | \$98,860.00 | Pedestrian Exposure Measurement Technology Development |
| Calspan Corporation | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$149,791.00 | Unmanned Operation of Fly-by-wire Testbed Aircraft |
| Calspan Corporation | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$93,941.00 | Technology for Dynamic Characterization of Micro-scale Aerial Vehicles |
| Calspan Corporation | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$749,984.00 | Unmanned Operation of Fly-by-wire Testbed Aircraft |
| CellTraffix Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,689.00 | In Vivo Stem Cell Extraction Device |
| CERAMIC & MATERIAL PROCESSING, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$599,899.00 | High Velocity Combustion Processes in the Solid State |
| CLEAR SCIENCE CORP. | Cortland | Syracuse | DOD | 2007 | \$100,000.00 | Network Electronic Warfare Training System (NEWTS) |
| CLEAR SCIENCE CORP. | Cortland | Syracuse | DOD | 2007 | \$100,000.00 | Universal Signal Matching for RF Threat Classification |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| CLEAR SCIENCE CORP. | Cortland | Syracuse | DOD | 2008 | \$99,999.00 | Interactive Language Trainer |
| Clear Science Corp. | Cortland | Syracuse | DOD | 2005 | \$750,000.00 | Computational Methods for Feedback Flow Controllers in Aerodynamic Applications |
| Clear Science Corp. | Cortland | Syracuse | NASA | 2005 | \$499,996.58 | Computational Models for Nonlinear Aeroelastic Systems |
| CLEAR SCIENCE CORP. | Cortland | Syracuse | DOD | 2008 | \$750,000.00 | Network Electronic Warfare Training System (NEWTS) |
| CLEAR SCIENCE CORP. | Cortland | Syracuse | DOD | 2009 | \$599,999.00 | Microarray Chips for Rapid Detection of High Affinity Nucleic Acid Sequences. |
| CLEVELAND BIOLABS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2007 | \$313,471.00 | RADIOPROTECTORS TARGETING P53 |
| CLEVELAND BIOLABS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$353,306 | N-myc Targeted Therapeutics for Childhood Neuroblastoma |
| CLEVELAND BIOLABS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2007 | \$396,999 | N-myc Targeted Therapeutics for Childhood Neuroblastoma |
| CODEVAX, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2010 | \$326,193.00 | Anti-Autolysin Passive Immunity for MRSA Osteomyelitis |
| CompSys Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | NASA | 2005 | \$69,942.69 | Securing Data for Space Communications |
| Comtech Communication | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$75,000.00 | Compact Bidirectional Acoustic Airflow Meter for Aviation Applications (CBAAM) |
| CRYOMECH, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2009 | \$69,369.00 | Low Maintenance and Low Cost Cryocooler |
| D3 ENGINEERING | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$76,952.00 | Digital Voice Technology Development |
| DIFFINITY GENOMICS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2008 | \$105,504.00 | Rapid and Efficient PCR Cleanup Filters |
| DIFFINITY GENOMICS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2009 | \$717,229.00 | Rapid and Efficient PCR Cleanup Filters |
| DIFFINITY GENOMICS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2009 | \$717,229 | Rapid and Efficient PCR Cleanup Filters |
| Dimension Technologies | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2005 | \$100,000.00 | A Volumetric Projection Display for Medical Applications |
| DIMENSION TECHNOLOGIES | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2005 | \$100,000 | A Volumetric Projection Display for Medical Applications |
| DIMENSION TECHNOLOGIES INC | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2007 | \$99,987.00 | SBIR Phase I: Ultra High Definition Head Mounted Display |
| Dimension Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2005 | \$70,000.00 | Birefringent Microlens Array for Ultra High Resolution HMDs |
| DIMENSION TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$69,998.00 | Ultra High Resolution Dynamic Foveal Vision Display |
| Dimension Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | DOE | 2009 | \$100,000.00 | Large Autostereoscopic Multi-view 2D/3D Switchable Desktop Display |
| DRAGONFLY INNOVATION, LLC | Madison | Syracuse | HHS | 2007 | \$106,932.00 | Adaptive Control of Digital Channelized Receivers |
| DYNAMIC EYE, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$92,278.00 | Segmented Thermal Flash Blindness Protection |
| DYNAMIC EYE, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$749,671.00 | Segmented Thermal Flash Blindness Protection |
| Elecsci Corporation | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2007 | \$99,913.00 | SBIR Phase I: Embedded Electron Charge for Macro Scale Devices |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|--|
| ENRG, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2007 | \$98,713.00 | Energy Storage Systems for Very High Altitude Very Long Endurance Solar Aircraft |
| ENRG, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$749,942.00 | Energy Storage Systems for Very High Altitude Very Long Endurance Solar Aircraft |
| Enslein Research, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2005 | \$411,379.00 | QSAR Models: Human CYP450 Drug Metabolism and Kinetics |
| ENSLEIN RESEARCH, INC. | Chautauqua | Buffalo | NIH | 2005 | \$255,964 | QSAR Models: Human CYP450 Drug Metabolism and Kinetics |
| ENSLEIN RESEARCH, INC. | Chautauqua | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$155,415 | QSAR Models: Human CYP450 Drug Metabolism and Kinetics |
| Esensors Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | NSF | 2008 | \$97,186.00 | SBIR Phase II: High Resolution Tunable Receiver For Remote THz Sensing |
| Esensors Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | NIST | 2009 | \$89,978.00 | Time Synchronization of Wireless Sensor Networks |
| Esensors Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$99,715.00 | Adaptive Quantum-Dot Photodetectors with Bias-Tunable Barriers |
| Esensors Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | NSF | 2009 | \$419,645.00 | SBIR Phase II: High Resolution Tunable Receiver For Remote THz Sensing |
| Esensors Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$748,546.00 | Adaptive Quantum-Dot Photodetectors with Bias-Tunable Barriers |
| ESENSORS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2007 | \$99,846.00 | Multi-channel Smart Strain Sensor System |
| ESENSORS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$99,429.00 | Multi-channel Thermocouple Data Acquisition System |
| EVA PHARMACEUTICAL, LLC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2005 | \$107,000.00 | ESA, a Novel Anti-inflammation Agent |
| EVA PHARMACEUTICAL, LLC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2008 | \$816,789.00 | ESA, a Novel Anti-inflammation Agent |
| EVA PHARMACEUTICAL, LLC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2005 | \$107,000 | ESA, a Novel Anti-inflammation Agent |
| EVA PHARMACEUTICAL, LLC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2009 | \$370,147 | ESA, a Novel Anti-inflammation Agent |
| First Wave Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | NSF | 2007 | \$99,980.00 | SBIR Phase I:Metabolic Engineering of Isoflavonoid Biosynthesis in Eschericia coli |
| FIRST WAVE TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2008 | \$185,989.00 | Use of GtfB as a Diagnostic for Caries Activity |
| FIRST WAVE TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$175,824.00 | Coupled Gene Delivery and Protein Transduction for the Reduction of Atheroscleros |
| FIRST WAVE TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2008 | \$185,989 | Use of GtfB as a Diagnostic for Caries Activity |
| FIRST WAVE TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$175,824 | Coupled Gene Delivery and Protein Transduction for the Reduction of Atheroscleros |
| FULL CIRCLE STUDIOS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$96,158.00 | Family Education for Confirmed Newborn Screen |
| FULL CIRCLE STUDIOS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$96,158 | Family Education for Confirmed Newborn Screen |
| G3 Technology Innovations, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2008 | \$99,796.00 | SBIR Phase I: Environmental Impact Mitigation of Herbicide Runoff via Sequester and Controlled |
| G3 TECHNOLOGY INNOVATIONS, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2008 | \$153,718.00 | Novel Acrylic Bone Cement Using Surface Functionalized Nanoparticles |
| G3 Technology Innovations, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2009 | \$99,715.00 | SBIR Phase I: Eliminating the use of Fluorochemicals in Textile Applications: Superhydrophobic |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|--|
| G3 TECHNOLOGY INNOVATIONS, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2008 | \$153,718 | Novel Acrylic Bone Cement Using Surface Functionalized Nanoparticles |
| Gentcorp Limited | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2005 | \$213,435.00 | Improving Battery Performance for Cardiac Pacing |
| GENTCORP LIMITED | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2005 | \$213,435 | Improving Battery Performance for Cardiac Pacing |
| George, Gabel & Conners Imaging System | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$746,489.00 | Imaging Infrared System with Extended Depth of Field Focusing |
| Geospatial Systems, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | DHS | 2006 | \$99,499.00 | Incident Surveillance Management System (ISMS) |
| GRADIENT LENS CORP. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$70,000.00 | 80-Degree Night Vision Goggle |
| Graphene Devices Ltd. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$79,961.00 | Highly Conductive and Transparent Graphene Filled Acrylic |
| HARVEST PRECISION COMPONENTS, INC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2006 | \$84,209.00 | New ceramic surgical knife improves surgical outcome |
| HARVEST PRECISION COMPONENTS, INC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$84,209 | New ceramic surgical knife improves surgical outcome |
| Helios-nrg, Llc | Erie | Buffalo | DOE | 2010 | \$98,866.00 | Advanced Membrane Technology for Helium Recover |
| HOOD-IMPACT SYSTEMS | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$149,834.00 | Multi-Source Analysis of Vibration in Turbo-Machinery |
| HOOD-IMPACT SYSTEMS | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$749,682.00 | Multi-Source Analysis of Vibration in Turbo-Machinery |
| HYBRID TECHNOLOGIES | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$99,994.00 | Fabrication of Polymeric Photonic Crystals for Photonics Applications. |
| IMAGINATION SOFTWARE CORPORATION | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$99,706.00 | Clinical System for Measurement of Oral Crest Height Change in Dental Radiographs |
| IMAGINATION SOFTWARE CORPORATION | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2010 | \$100,000.00 | Generation of 3D root canals from two or more oral radiographs |
| IMAGINATION SOFTWARE CORPORATION | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$99,706 | Clinical System for Measurement of Oral Crest Height Change in Dental Radiographs |
| IMMCO DIAGNOSTICS | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2007 | \$99,983.00 | CTL2 ELISA: A Diagnostic Test for Autoimmune Hearing Loss |
| IMMCO DIAGNOSTICS | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2007 | \$99,983 | CTL2 ELISA: A Diagnostic Test for Autoimmune Hearing Loss |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$99,889.00 | Workscope Optimization for Engine Repair and Overhaul |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$99,490.00 | A Bayesian-Based Graphical Modeling Tool for Probabilistic Reliability Analysis |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$99,982.00 | A Life Meter for Enabling Condition Based Maintenance of Mission Critical Machinery |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$119,599.00 | Stochastic Pursuit-Evasion Differential Games for Autonomous Vehicles |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$69,996.00 | Integrated Rocket Motor Life Prediction System |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$149,794.00 | Integrated Diagnostics & Prognostics for Prediction of Aircraft Electronic System Failures & |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$79,459.00 | Shaft-Coupling PHM using Accelerometers with GearModT-Shaft Processing |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$79,471.00 | FAST PHMT - An Integrated Process and False Alarm Mitigation Design Tool for PHM |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$69,964.00 | Integrated Shipboard and Shore-Based Maintenance Management Decision Tool |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$69,678.00 | A Plug-and-Play Module for Assessing Real-Time Mission Readiness Using Subsystem Health and |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$79,738.00 | Prognostics and Health Management (PHM) for Digital Electronics Using Existing Parameters and |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$79,655.00 | Model-based CAHM Software for Dynamic Self-Test of Propulsion Control System Actuators |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$79,854.00 | Dynamic Decision Support (D2S) for Real-Time Assessment of System Health and Fault |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$79,474.00 | Fleet-Wide Variability for an Integrated Flight and Propulsion System |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$69,792.00 | Autonomous Monitoring and Assessment of Sensor Data in Support of Calibration and CBM |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$149,512.00 | Enhanced Oil Quality Monitor for USAF Aircraft Applications |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$79,725.00 | JSF Fleet Manager: an Automated Reasoner for Aircraft Operational Availability Decision |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$69,800.00 | Collaborative Engagement with Unmanned Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$69,823.00 | Continuous Power Assurance for Rotorcraft |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$69,810.00 | Fault Diagnostics, Prognostics and Self Healing Control of Navy Electric Machinery |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$69,817.00 | A Charge Prediction Tool for HSU-based Suspension Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$99,567.00 | Automated, Intelligent Life-Cycle Cost Modeling |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$99,952.00 | Corrosion Modeling and Life Prediction Supporting Structural Prognostic Health Management |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$99,854.00 | Develop, test and evaluate for proof-of-concept a |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$99,852.00 | Very High Frequency Vibration Monitoring System for Accessory Health Management |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$99,560.00 | Automated Health Management for Gas Turbine Engine Accessory Components |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$99,893.00 | Application of Silicon Carbide Photodiode Flame Temperature Sensors in an Active Combustion |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$98,577.00 | Self-Aware Processing for Adaptive Resource Optimization of Advanced Computing Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$69,326.00 | A Comprehensive, Embedded Vibration Management System for In-Situ Missile Evaluation |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$69,956.00 | Automated 3-D Terrain Mission Profile Generation for CBM & Durability Analysis |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$69,757.00 | Advanced System Level Durability Analysis, Prediction, and Optimization |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$69,789.00 | Generating Correlated Corrosion Life Predictions from Affordable Accelerated Test Data |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$69,831.00 | Automated ENCON Assessment & Optimization Decision Support Tool |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$69,805.00 | Prognostics and Health Management (PHM) for Afloat Information Technology (IT) and Network |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$69,563.00 | Operational and Process Management Improvement through Implementation of In-process |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$79,788.00 | A Lightweight, In-Situ Corrosion Sensing Module (CorrSeM) |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$69,699.00 | Prognostics and Health Management for Aircraft Batteries |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DHS | 2007 | \$99,901.01 | Responder Wireless Physiological Monitoring |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2007 | \$99,994.00 | Real-Time Fault Contingency Management for Integrated Vehicle Health Management |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$99,552.00 | High-Temperature Wireless Data Transmission Technology for Turbine Bearings & ISHM |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$99,853.00 | A Portable, Vibro-Acoustic Based NDI System for Composite Structures |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$99,552.00 | Wireless Brake and Tire Monitoring System |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$99,961.00 | Health Management Tools for Rocket Engine Turbomachinery |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$99,694.00 | Design Environment to Improve Fatigue Resistance Through Engineered Residual Stresses |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$99,621.00 | Remote Intelligent Diagnostics for Electronic Systems (RIDES) |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,895.00 | Sensor Validation for Turboshaft Engine Torque Sensors |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,567.00 | Lubricant Condition and Wear Metal Analysis Sensor System (LUCAS) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,801.00 | Integrated Air & Missile Defense Systems Prognostics & Health Management |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,875.00 | Drinking Water Quality Sensor System (Dr. Watsen) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$79,938.00 | Strain Gage Calibration Using Response to Dynamic Input (STURDI) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$79,603.00 | Automated Knowledge Discovery and Reliability Analysis for the F414 Engine |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,999.00 | Automated Contingency Management and Self-Repair for Navy Ship Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,431.00 | Innovative Wide Bandgap Accelerated Life Test and Reliability Prediction |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,855.00 | System for Automated Test and Integrity Verification (SAT-IV) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2008 | \$99,610.00 | Integrating Prognostics in Automated Contingency Management Strategies for Advanced |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2008 | \$99,795.00 | HyDE Enhancements for ISHM Deployment |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2008 | \$99,834.20 | Digital System e-Prognostics for Critical Aircraft Computer Systems |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$99,822.00 | A Biologically Inspired Micro Aerial Vehicle Design and Development |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$99,752.00 | Chemical Weapons Sensing System (CheSS) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2009 | \$99,498.00 | Prognostic and Fault Tolerant Reconfiguration Strategies for Aerospace Power Electronic |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2009 | \$99,964.00 | A Unified Nonlinear Adaptive Approach for Detection and Isolation of Engine Sensor, Actuator |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2009 | \$99,877.00 | System-Level Development of Fault-Tolerant Distributed Aero-Engine Control Architecture |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2009 | \$99,895.00 | Adaptive Flight Envelope Estimation and Protection |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$119,800.00 | Embedded Structural Platform Analysis Network (eSPAN)TM |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$69,317.00 | Electronic Blast Level Alert Sensing Technique (eBLAST) |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$79,880.00 | Mission Impact and Readiness Assessment Tool for Critical Transmission Assemblies |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$69,985.00 | An Evolutionary Learning and Adaptive Underwater Object Recognition System |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$69,850.00 | Mobile-Agent-Based Autonomous Data Fusion for Distributed Sensors |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$79,686.00 | Fiber Optic Connector Inspection Test System |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$99,335.00 | Distributed Full Authority Digital Engine Control (FADEC) Workload Reduction Through |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$99,980.00 | Very High Frequency (VHF) Monitoring System for Engine Accessories Health Management |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$99,560.00 | A Framework for Work Package Optimization |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,797.00 | Dynamic PHM Modeling |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,627.00 | An Advanced Undersea Lithium Ion Management System (U-LIMS) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,798.00 | Advanced Software Tools for Lithium Ion Battery Risk Assessment (LIBRA) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,953.00 | Magnetostrictive Vibration Energy Harvester (MAVEN) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2010 | \$99,726.00 | Fusion of Built in Test (BIT) Technologies with Embeddable Fault Tolerant Techniques for Power |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2010 | \$99,408.00 | A Light Weight, Mini Inertial Measurement System for Position and Attitude Estimation on |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2010 | \$99,703.00 | An Approach to Health Management and Sustainability for Critical Aircraft Systems |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$99,960.00 | Automated Fiber Optic Interconnect Cleaning System |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$99,800.00 | A Hybrid Approach to EMA Prognostics (EMAP) for Engine and Aerospace Applications |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$99,723.00 | A Meta-modeling Approach to Failure Prognosis Using Existing Data |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$99,436.00 | Adaptable, Automated Troubleshooting Expert |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,793.00 | Composite Armor Structural Monitoring (CASM) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,676.00 | An Advanced Battery Management System for Lithium Ion Vehicle Batteries |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,795.00 | Fusing Macro and Micro Material Characteristics to Enhance Fatigue Life Prediction Accuracy for |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$148,866.00 | Prognostic Integrated Multi-Sensor MEMS Module (PRISM) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$99,332.00 | A Propulsion-Enabled Control System for Precise Submarine Maneuvering |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$149,541.00 | Life Usage and Health Assessment of Drivetrain Splines in Support of Condition Based |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$149,933.00 | Thrust Estimation System for Military Engine Test Cell Applications |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$79,696.00 | Total Rotorcraft Utility Winch (TRUW) Gearbox PHM |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,972.00 | Wireless Distributed Strain Sensing for Structural Health Monitoring (WISDOM) |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$599,258.00 | A Dynamic Failure Mode Simulation Environment (FMECA++) for EHM Design and Analysis |
| Impact Technologies, Llc | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$500,000.00 | Self-Diagnosis of Damage Criticality of Fibrous Composites Based on Multifunctional |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$749,769.00 | Intelligent Damage Identification and Prognosis for Composite Structures |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$746,324.00 | Automated Contingency and Life Management for Integrated Propulsion and Power Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$749,932.00 | An Affordable Health and Usage Monitoring System (HUMS) for UAVs |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$749,780.00 | Self-Evolving Maintenance and Operations Reasoning |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$749,871.00 | Integrated Incipient Fault Detection System for High-Performance Conventional and Ceramic |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$748,770.00 | Advanced Techniques for Verification and Validation of Prognostic and Health Management |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2005 | \$599,815.00 | Automated Contingency Management for Advanced Propulsion Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$729,809.00 | Stochastic Pursuit-Evasion Differential Games for Autonomous Vehicles |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$1,223,641.00 | Workscope Optimization for Engine Repair and Overhaul |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$729,710.00 | Integrated Rocket Motor Life Prediction System |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$747,861.00 | Integrated Diagnostics & Prognostics for Prediction of Aircraft Electronic System Failures & |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$749,793.00 | Shaft-Coupling PHM using Accelerometers with GearModT-Shaft Processing |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$400,000.00 | FAST PHMT - An Integrated Process and False Alarm Mitigation Design Tool for PHM |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$299,726.00 | A Plug-and-Play Module for Assessing Real-Time Mission Readiness Using Subsystem Health and |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$599,536.00 | Integrated Shipboard and Shore-Based Maintenance Management Decision Tool |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$759,834.00 | Prognostics and Health Management (PHM) for Digital Electronics Using Existing Parameters and |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$1,199,809.00 | Fleet-Wide Variability for an Integrated Flight and Propulsion System |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$449,999.00 | JSF Fleet Manager: an Automated Reasoner for Aircraft Operational Availability Decision |

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|--------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|--|
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$729,843.00 | Continuous Power Assurance for Rotorcraft |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$499,975.00 | Fault Diagnostics, Prognostics and Self Healing Control of Navy Electric Machinery |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$426,597.00 | A Charge Prediction Tool for HSU-based Suspension Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$849,446.00 | Develop, test and evaluate for proof-of-concept a |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$729,360.00 | Advanced System Level Durability Analysis, Prediction, and Optimization |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$1,192,477.00 | Dynamic Load Estimation and Life Usage Modeling for Nozzle Actuation Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$1,429,212.00 | Integrated Diagnostics & Prognostics for Prediction of Aircraft Electronic System Power Supply |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$749,309.00 | Self-Aware Processing for Adaptive Resource Optimization of Advanced Computing Systems |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$449,626.00 | Operational and Process Management Improvement through Implementation of In-process |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$749,444.00 | Wireless Brake and Tire Monitoring System |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$749,788.00 | Design Environment to Improve Fatigue Resistance Through Engineered Residual Stresses |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$729,666.00 | Sensor Validation for Turboshaft Engine Torque Sensors |
| IMPACT TECHNOLOGIES, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$729,136.00 | Lubricant Condition and Wear Metal Analysis Sensor System (LUCAS) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2009 | \$599,895.00 | Integrating Prognostics in Automated Contingency Management Strategies for Advanced |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$93,696.00 | A Life Meter for Enabling Condition Based Maintenance of Mission Critical Machinery |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$299,027.00 | Autonomous Monitoring and Assessment of Sensor Data in Support of Calibration and CBM |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$1,645,492.00 | Enhanced Oil Quality Monitor for USAF Aircraft Applications |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$729,475.00 | Integrated Air & Missile Defense Systems Prognostics & Health Management |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$362,715.00 | Drinking Water Quality Sensor System (Dr. Watsen) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$445,062.00 | Strain Gage Calibration Using Response to Dynamic Input (STURDI) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$749,548.00 | Automated Knowledge Discovery and Reliability Analysis for the F414 Engine |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$595,575.00 | System for Automated Test and Integrity Verification (SAT-IV) |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2010 | \$586,516.00 | HyDE Enhancements for ISHM Deployment |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$749,354.00 | A Biologically Inspired Micro Aerial Vehicle Design and Development |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2010 | \$599,644.00 | Prognostic and Fault Tolerant Reconfiguration Strategies for Aerospace Power Electronic |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2010 | \$599,479.00 | A Unified Nonlinear Adaptive Approach for Detection and Isolation of Engine Sensor, Actuator |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|--|
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$729,916.00 | Embedded Structural Platform Analysis Network (eSPAN)TM |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$494,956.00 | Mobile-Agent-Based Autonomous Data Fusion for Distributed Sensors |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$749,904.00 | Very High Frequency (VHF) Monitoring System for Engine Accessories Health Management |
| Impact Technologies, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$742,017.00 | A Framework for Work Package Optimization |
| INNOVATIVE BIOTECHNOLOGIES | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2008 | \$99,975.00 | Simple and Rapid On-site molecular detection of Mycobacterium tuberculosis |
| INNOVATIVE BIOTECHNOLOGIES | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2005 | \$200,271 | Use of nanotechnology to rapidly detect human pathogens |
| Innovative Biotechnologies International, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | EPA | 2006 | \$69,983.90 | Improved Rapid Detection of Biable Waterborne Pathogens |
| Innovative Biotechnologies International, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | EPA | 2007 | \$344,976.67 | Improved Rapid Detection of Biable Waterborne Pathogens |
| INSTITUTE/MATCHING PERSON & | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2006 | \$99,919.00 | Improving Match of Person/Assistive Cognitive Technology |
| INSTITUTE/MATCHING PERSON AND | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2007 | \$99,422.00 | Matching Assistive Technology and Child (MATCH) |
| INT | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2005 | \$499,715.00 | SBIR Phase II: Electronic DNA Biosensor |
| INTEGRTED NNO-TECHNOLOGIES LLC | Monroe | Rochester | USDA | 2009 | \$79,998.00 | Rapid, In-Field Method for Genomic-Based Identification of BVDV |
| INTEGUMENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$99,869.00 | Automated Delivery of Pigmentation for Camouflaging Patterns for Composite Shelters |
| Integument Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$69,653.00 | Rapidly Deployable Thin Film Camouflage |
| Integument Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$99,886.00 | Pressure Sensitive Adhesive (PSA) Development |
| Integument Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$99,445.00 | Visual Signature Reduction Technology |
| Integument Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$515,352.00 | Innovative Vehicle Camouflage |
| INTEGUMENT TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2007 | \$386,644.00 | Automated Delivery of Pigmentation for Camouflaging Patterns for Composite Shelters |
| Integument Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$300,000.00 | Pressure Sensitive Adhesive (PSA) Development |
| ISOFLUX, INC | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2008 | \$149,989.00 | STTR PHASE I: Alpha phase crystalline aluminum oxide coated at temperatures below 500 C |
| Janya Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$99,975.00 | Exploiting Essential Elements of Information from Significant Activity Reports (SIGACTS) for |
| Janya Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$748,228.00 | Exploiting Essential Elements of Information from Significant Activity Reports (SIGACTS) for |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$99,999.00 | Fusion of Entity Information from Textual Data Sources (e.g. HUMINT) |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$99,913.00 | Enabling Visualization of Event Information from Unstructured Text |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$99,967.00 | Adapting Information Extraction Technology to Computer-Mediated, Dynamic Text Data |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2007 | \$99,948.00 | Advanced Time-Stamping of Events from Unstructured Text for Battlespace Awareness |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|----------------------------|--------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|--|
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2007 | \$99,985.00 | Customizable Text Extraction for Warfighters |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$99,518.00 | Consolidating Entity Information from Heterogeneous Text Sources for Multi-INT Fusion |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$69,961.00 | Approaches and Techniques for Specialized Character |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$743,017.00 | Fusion of Entity Information from Textual Data Sources (e.g. HUMINT) |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$744,061.00 | Enabling Visualization of Event Information from Unstructured Text |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2007 | \$743,006.00 | Adapting Information Extraction Technology to Computer-Mediated, Dynamic Text Data |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$749,974.00 | Advanced Time-Stamping of Events from Unstructured Text for Battlespace Awareness |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$749,955.00 | Customizable Text Extraction for Warfighters |
| JANYA, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$847,937.00 | Consolidating Entity Information from Heterogeneous Text Sources for Multi-INT Fusion |
| KBN Optics | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$98,399.00 | Nonlinear Properties of Adaptive Polymer Lens Materials |
| KINEX PHARMACEUTICALS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2006 | \$107,000.00 | Commercial development of Src kinase inhibitors for oncology |
| KINEX PHARMACEUTICALS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2009 | \$955,063.00 | Commercial development of Src kinase inhibitors for oncology |
| KINEX PHARMACEUTICALS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$107,000 | Commercial development of Src kinase inhibitors for oncology |
| KINEX PHARMACEUTICALS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$628,719 | Commercial development of Src kinase inhibitors for oncology |
| Knowledge Athletes | Monroe | Rochester | ED | 2008 | \$74,681.00 | Knowledge Athletes Platform Capitalizing on Online Communication to Increase Participation |
| Knowledge Athletes, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | ED | 2008 | \$99,979.00 | Literacy Engagement and Achievement Passport |
| Knowledge Athletes, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | ED | 2009 | \$749,979.00 | Literacy Engagement and Achievement Passport |
| KONING CORPORATION | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2009 | \$5,549,283.00 | Koning Cone Beam Breast CT |
| KONING CORPORATION | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2005 | \$1,081,292 | Cone Beam Volume CT Breast Imaging Scanner |
| KONING CORPORATION | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2006 | \$737,496 | Cone Beam Volume CT Breast Imaging Scanner |
| KONING CORPORATION | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2007 | \$744,041 | Cone Beam Volume CT Breast Imaging Scanner |
| KONING CORPORATION | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2009 | \$999,861 | Koning Cone Beam Breast CT |
| L.K. Industries, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$99,191.00 | Modeling & Simulation for Optimization of Heavy-Fuel Micro Rotary Engines |
| L.K. Industries, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$749,694.00 | Modeling & Simulation for Optimization of Heavy-Fuel Micro Rotary Engines |
| LAGET, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2009 | \$258,952.00 | Laser-guided gene therapy for cartilage defects |
| LAGET, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2009 | \$258,952 | Laser-guided gene therapy for cartilage defects |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
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| LAM DESIGN MANAGEMENT, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2005 | \$100,000.00 | A 3-D Robot Design to Overcome Arm Dysfunction in Stroke |
| LAM DESIGN MANAGEMENT, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2007 | \$747,023.00 | A 3-D Robot Design to Overcome Arm Dysfunction in Stroke |
| Lithographic Technology Corp. dba Amphib | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$98,660.00 | Template-based Lithography for Advanced Low-Volume Electronics |
| Lithographic Technology Corp. dba Amphib | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$749,579.00 | Template-based Lithography for Advanced Low-Volume Electronics |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2006 | \$133,336.00 | Rapid Screen for Genotoxicants, Chemoprotectors, and Radioprotectors |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2007 | \$126,058.00 | High Throughput Radiation Biodosimetry |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2007 | \$123,701.00 | Versatile Mutation Assay Based on the Pig-A Locus |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2010 | \$600,000.00 | Rapid Radiation Dose Estimation |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2010 | \$348,293.00 | Validation of a Rodent Mutagenicity Assay |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2007 | \$919,965.00 | Rapid Screen for Genotoxicants, Chemoprotectors, and Radioprotectors |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2008 | \$767,944.00 | Versatile Mutation Assay Based on the Pig-A Locus |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2006 | \$133,336 | Rapid Screen for Genotoxicants, Chemoprotectors, and Radioprotectors |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2007 | \$123,701 | Versatile Mutation Assay Platform |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2007 | \$126,058 | High Throughput Radiation Biodosimetry |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2007 | \$577,635 | Rapid Screen for Genotoxicants, Chemoprotectors, and Radioprotectors |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2008 | \$382,225 | Versatile Mutation Assay Based on the Pig-A Locus |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2008 | \$392,293 | Rapid Screen for Genotoxicants, Chemoprotectors, and Radioprotectors |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2010 | \$348,293 | Validation of a Rodent Mutagenicity Assay |
| LITRON LABORATORIES, LTD. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2010 | \$275,831 | Rapid Radiation Dose Estimation |
| LPA SYSTEMS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$99,871.00 | Hardened or Deeply-Buried Target (HDBT) Optimization Techniques for Detecting Obscure |
| LPA SYSTEMS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$749,922.00 | Hardened or Deeply-Buried Target (HDBT) Optimization Techniques for Detecting Obscure |
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2007 | \$99,014.00 | Confocal Reflectance Microscope with Dual-Wedge Scanner |
| Lucid, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2005 | \$1,711,323.00 | In vivo Clinical Coherence Confocal Microscope |
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2005 | \$786,943 | Hand-held confocal line-scanner for intrasurgical use |
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2005 | \$436,541 | In vivo Clinical Coherence Confocal Microscope |
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2006 | \$628,048 | Accuracy of In-vivo Confocal Imaging for Pigmented Lesion Diagnosis |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2006 | \$703,121 | In vivo Clinical Coherence Confocal Microscope |
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2007 | \$793,143 | Accuracy of In-vivo Confocal Imaging for Pigmented Lesion Diagnosis |
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2007 | \$99,014 | Confocal Reflectance Microscope with Dual-Wedge Scanner |
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2007 | \$571,661 | In vivo Clinical Coherence Confocal Microscope |
| LUCID, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2008 | \$574,526 | Accuracy of In-vivo Confocal Imaging for Pigmented Lesion Diagnosis |
| Lumetrics, Inc | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2008 | \$99,932.00 | SBIR Phase II: Fiber-optic System for Fast Non-contact Measurements of Optical Structure of |
| Lumetrics, Inc | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2009 | \$489,179.00 | SBIR Phase II: Fiber-optic System for Fast Non-contact Measurements of Optical Structure of |
| LUMETRICS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2010 | \$99,963.00 | Compact, cost-effective, and operator-friendly fundus camera for early detection |
| LUMETRICS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2010 | \$99,963 | Compact, cost-effective, and operator-friendly fundus camera for early detection |
| Med Graphs, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | ED | 2005 | \$74,600.00 | Diabetes Communications for the Disabled |
| Med Graphs, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | ED | 2006 | \$499,951.00 | Diabetes Communications for the Disabled |
| MedGraph, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | ED | 2008 | \$74,980.00 | Diabetes Monitoring for Cognitively Impaired Adults |
| MEDICAL CONSERVATION DEVICES, LLC | Gennesee | Rochester | HHS | 2009 | \$168,716.00 | Pandemic or Mass Casualty Aseptic Shared Ventilation |
| MEDICAL CONSERVATION DEVICES, LLC | Gennesee | Rochester | HHS | 2010 | \$704,805.00 | Pandemic or Mass Casualty Aseptic Shared Ventilation |
| MEDICAL CONSERVATION DEVICES, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2009 | \$168,716 | Pandemic or Mass Casualty Aseptic Shared Ventilation |
| MEDICAL CONSERVATION DEVICES, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2010 | \$446,758 | Pandemic or Mass Casualty Aseptic Shared Ventilation |
| MEHRDAD SOUMEKH CONSULTANT | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$100,000.00 | Synthetic Aperture Radar Ground Moving Target Indicator (SAR/GMTI) for Detection, ID, and |
| NanoDynamics (NDI) | Erie | Buffalo | NSF | 2007 | \$149,988.00 | STTR Phase I: Novel Consolidation Method for Nanostructured Metals |
| NANODYNAMICS ENERGY, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$99,333.00 | Advanced Hybrid Thermoelectric-Solid Oxide Fuel Cell Energy Conversion for High Efficiency |
| NANODYNAMICS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$119,527.00 | Low-Cost Carbon Nanotubes for Infrared Obscurants |
| NANODYNAMICS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$69,998.00 | Development and Fabrication of Highly Conductive High Aspect Ratio Nanoflakes for Infrared |
| NANODYNAMICS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$671,114.00 | High Performance Nanostructured Tantalum for Warhead Applications |
| NANODYNAMICS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$729,205.00 | Low-Cost Carbon Nanotubes for Infrared Obscurants |
| NANODYNAMICS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$364,967.00 | Development and Fabrication of Highly Conductive High Aspect Ratio Nanoflakes for Infrared |
| NBN TECHNOLOGIES | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$68,619.00 | Develop High Operating Temperature Infrared Detect |
| New Scale Technologies, Inc. | Ontario | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,698.00 | Non-Inductive Actuation Mechanisms to Reduce Interference with Magnetometer-Based |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
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| OHRN ENTERPRISES, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2006 | \$79,997.00 | Portal Workstation Development: Multi-Sensor Network-Centric, Open Systems Portal |
| OHRN ENTERPRISES, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2008 | \$80,000.00 | Automated Blood Component Separator |
| OHRN ENTERPRISES, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2009 | \$80,000.00 | Target Identification in Complex Sensor Environments |
| OHRN ENTERPRISES, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2007 | \$699,999.00 | Portal Workstation Development: Multi-Sensor Network-Centric, Open Systems Portal |
| Optimax Systems, Inc | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,949.00 | Optically Precise Conformal Sensor Window |
| OPTIMAX SYSTEMS, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,973.00 | Aerodynamic Infrared Dome |
| OPTIMAX SYSTEMS, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$79,632.00 | Fabrication of Corrective Optics for Conformal Windows and Domes |
| Optimax Systems, Inc. | Wayne | Rochester | NASA | 2010 | \$99,991.00 | Removing Mid-Spatial Frequency Errors with VIBE |
| OPTIMAX SYSTEMS, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$599,046.00 | Aerodynamic Infrared Dome |
| OptiPro Systems LLC | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,899.00 | Optically Precise Conformal Sensor Window |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | HHS | 2006 | \$112,494.00 | Performance Improvement of a Receiver on a Chip (ROC) |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | HHS | 2008 | \$194,084.00 | A Bio-based Fuel Cell System for Rural Energy Generation |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | HHS | 2010 | \$195,561.00 | Microarray Chips for Rapid Detection of High Affinity Nucleic Acid Sequences. |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | HHS | 2008 | \$973,455.00 | Interactive Language Trainer |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | HHS | 2010 | \$1,587,554.00 | Simple DNA/RNA Probes for Protein Targets |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | NIH | 2005 | \$357,353 | OrthoSwith Probes for High Throughput Screening |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | NIH | 2006 | \$112,494 | Microarray chips for rapid detection of high affinity nucleic acid sequences |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | NIH | 2009 | \$327,591 | Microarray Chips for Rapid Detection of High Affinity Nucleic Acid Sequences. |
| ORTHOSYSTEMS, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | NIH | 2010 | \$949,182 | Simple DNA/RNA Probes for Protein Targets |
| PATHOLOGICS, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2007 | \$127,110.00 | LABEL-FREE ANTIBODY ARRAYS FOR CANCER DIAGNOSTICS |
| PATHOLOGICS, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$83,820.00 | Immunotoxicity Monitoring Method for Unknown Noxious Exposures (IMMUNE) |
| PATHOLOGICS, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2007 | \$192,036 | A Rapid Label-free Sensor for Immune Markers of Environmental Exposure |
| PATHOLOGICS, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2008 | \$170,232 | A Rapid Label-free Sensor for Immune Markers of Environmental Exposure |
| Pictometry International | Monroe | Rochester | DHS | 2006 | \$100,000.00 | Achieving Near Real Time Image Data for Emergency Management |
| Pictometry International | Monroe | Rochester | DHS | 2008 | \$750,000.00 | Achieving Near Real Time Image Data for Emergency Management |
| POLICY RESEARCH ASSOCIATES, INC. | Chautauqua | Buffalo | NIH | 2005 | \$296,204 | Develop Educ Model to Foster Collaboration Between Mental Health and Criminal Justice Staff |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|--|
| POLICY RESEARCH ASSOCIATES, INC. | Chautauqua | Buffalo | NIH | 2005 | \$97,489 | Suicide Prevention Materials and Training for Criminal and Civil Court System |
| PROCESS TECHNOLOGY OPTIMIZATION, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$70,000.00 | Self-Contained Ration Heater |
| PROCESS TECHNOLOGY OPTIMIZATION, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$364,980.00 | Self-Contained Ration Heater |
| PROGRESSIVE EXPERT CONSULTING, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2006 | \$99,734.00 | Attract and Kill Technology to Control Citrus Leafminer in Citrus Nurseries and Orchards |
| PROGRESSIVE EXPERT CONSULTING, INC. | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2008 | \$1,461,561.00 | Target Identification in Complex Sensor Environments |
| QED | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2006 | \$337,214.00 | SBIR Phase II: Non-Traditional Material Removal |
| QED TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$99,687.00 | Fluid developments for Magnetorheological Finishing of Silicon Carbide |
| Qed Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$99,935.00 | Low Cost Fabrication, Inspection and Test Methods for Hardened Satellite Optics |
| QED Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2005 | \$69,822.16 | Subaperture Stitching Interferometry for Large Convex Aspheric Surfaces |
| QED TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$747,814.00 | Dual-Band Electro-Optic (EO)/Infrared (IR) Multifunctional Pod Windows |
| QED TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$904,458.00 | Hypersonic Infrared Dome |
| QED Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2005 | \$594,318.00 | Improved Large Segmented Optics Fabrication Using Magnetorheological Finishing |
| QED Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2006 | \$556,110.00 | Subaperture Stitching Interferometry for Large Convex Aspheric Surfaces |
| RADIANT AVIATION SERVICES, INC. | Niagara | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$98,303.00 | Nonfluid Transportable Aircraft Deicing System |
| RADIANT AVIATION SERVICES, INC. | Niagara | Buffalo | DOD | 2007 | \$750,000.00 | Nonfluid Transportable Aircraft Deicing System |
| RESEARCH ASSOC. OF SYRACUSE | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2005 | \$99,982.00 | Data Authentication and Dissemination using Watermarking for Net-Centric Operations |
| RESEARCH ASSOC. OF SYRACUSE | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2005 | \$99,955.00 | Feedback Flow Control for a Three-Dimensional Turret |
| RESEARCH ASSOC. OF SYRACUSE | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2006 | \$68,559.00 | Aeroelastic Model Updating |
| RESEARCH ASSOC. OF SYRACUSE | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2006 | \$99,990.00 | Improved Sample Delivery Devices for NMR |
| RESEARCH ASSOC. OF SYRACUSE | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2009 | \$79,980.00 | Aptamer probes for Epigenetic Peptide Targets |
| RESEARCH ASSOC. OF SYRACUSE | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2005 | \$592,773.00 | Feedback Flow Control for a Three-Dimensional Turret |
| RESEARCH ASSOC. OF SYRACUSE | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2006 | \$749,993.00 | Multi-Band Air Defense/Air Search Radar |
| RESEARCH ASSOC. OF SYRACUSE | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2007 | \$749,989.00 | Improved NMR Sample Tubes |
| Research Associates of Syracuse | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2010 | \$98,547.00 | Design and Optimization of Radar Systems to Assist Rotorcraft Piloting in Adverse Environments |
| Rochester Precision Optics, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$69,232.00 | Advanced Molded Glass Lenses |
| RT Solutions, LLC | Livingston | Rochester | USDA | 2005 | \$75,500.00 | Large-Scale Production and Marketing of Vermicomposted Dairy Manure |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|------------------------------------|------------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| RT SOLUTIONS, LLC | Livingston | Rochester | USDA | 2008 | \$80,000.00 | Commercial Plant Production and Protection Products from Vermicomposted Dairy Manure |
| RT Solutions, LLC | Livingston | Rochester | USDA | 2006 | \$286,350.00 | Large-Scale Production and Marketing of Vermicomposted Dairy Manure |
| RT SOLUTIONS, LLC | Livingston | Rochester | USDA | 2009 | \$350,000.00 | Commercial Plant Production and Protection Products from Vermicomposted Dairy Manure |
| Santanoni Glass and Ceramics, Inc. | Allegany | Buffalo | NSF | 2005 | \$98,029.00 | STTR Phase I: Nano-Porous Glass-Coated Amorphous Metal Wires for Integrated Solid-Phase |
| SCIENCE TAKE-OUT, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2009 | \$122,678.00 | Biology Take-Out: Hands-On Science Activity Kits |
| Semrock | Monroe | Rochester | NSF | 2006 | \$97,529.00 | SBIR Phase I: High Performance UVB-UVC Optical Filters (230-320 nm) |
| SENSIS CORP. | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2005 | \$599,836.00 | Aeroelastic Model Updating |
| SENSORCON, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$100,000.00 | High Power Carbon Ultracapacitor |
| SIMPORE, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2010 | \$153,245.00 | Nanoporous silicon membranes for protein purification |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2006 | \$101,289.00 | SRF/MYOCD: new targets in Alzheimer's neurovasculature |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2008 | \$120,636.00 | Recombinant LRP fragments production for Alzheimer's disease treatment |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2010 | \$100,000.00 | Enhance Production of Functional Recombinant Human Protein C Variant In Mammalian |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2008 | \$1,084,494.00 | SRF/MYOCD: new targets in Alzheimer's neurovasculature |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2006 | \$101,289 | SRF/MYOCD: new targets in Alzheimer's neurovasculature |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2008 | \$120,636 | Recombinant LRP fragments production for Alzheimer's disease treatment |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2008 | \$498,129 | SRF/MYOCD: new targets in Alzheimer's neurovasculature |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2009 | \$586,365 | SRF/MYOCD: new targets in Alzheimer's neurovasculature |
| SOCRATECH, LLC | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2010 | \$100,000 | Enhance Production of Functional Recombinant Human Protein C Variant In Mammalian |
| SPECTRACOM CORP. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2007 | \$99,037.00 | Scalable Mobile Wireless Mesh Networks |
| SpectralSight Inc. | Ontario | Rochester | NSF | 2006 | \$99,973.00 | SBIR Phase II: Development of a Tunable Filter for Mini Hyperspectral Imager |
| SpectralSight Inc. | Ontario | Rochester | NSF | 2007 | \$499,421.00 | SBIR Phase II: Development of a Tunable Filter for Mini Hyperspectral Imager |
| SPRUNG-BRETT RDI, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2008 | \$99,528.00 | High Temperature Permanent Magnet Actuator Motor |
| SPRUNG-BRETT RDI, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$748,775.00 | High Temperature Permanent Magnet Actuator Motor |
| STITechnologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2005 | \$99,996.84 | Energy Based Acoustic Measurement Sensors |
| STITechnologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | NASA | 2006 | \$599,328.05 | Energy Based Acoustic Measurement Sensors |
| Tactus | Erie | Buffalo | NSF | 2005 | \$99,815.00 | SBIR Phase II: Development of ModelGlove - A Virtual Clay Modeling System Using |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|---------------------------|---------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| Tactus | Erie | Buffalo | NSF | 2006 | \$500,000.00 | SBIR Phase II: Development of ModelGlove - A Virtual Clay Modeling System Using |
| Tactus Technologies | Erie | Buffalo | ED | 2006 | \$100,000.00 | Tactus Immersive Learning Environment |
| Tactus Technologies | Erie | Buffalo | ED | 2005 | \$500,000.00 | V-Frog: Applying virtual surgery principles to dissection simulation |
| Tactus Technologies | Erie | Buffalo | ED | 2007 | \$750,000.00 | Tactus Immersive Learning Environment |
| TACTUS TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2005 | \$100,000.00 | A PC Based Virtual Reality Simulation for Forklift Safety Training, Phase II |
| Tactus Technologies, Inc. | Erie | Buffalo | ED | 2006 | \$100,000.00 | TILE: The Tactus Immersive Learning Environment. |
| TACTUS TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2007 | \$100,000.00 | The Virtual Cadaver Lab: An Innovative Platform to Supplement Medical Education |
| TACTUS TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2007 | \$750,000.00 | A PC Based Virtual Reality Simulation for Forklift Safety Training, Phase II |
| TACTUS TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2010 | \$743,387.00 | The Virtual Cadaver Lab: An Innovative Platform to Supplement Medical Education |
| TACTUS TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2007 | \$100,000 | The Virtual Cadaver Lab: An Innovative Platform to Supplement Medical Education |
| TARTIS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2010 | \$107,428.00 | New type of androgen receptor inhibitors for prostate cancer treatment |
| TARTIS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2010 | \$112,885.00 | Novel Hematopoietic Conditioning Agents for Treatment of Hematological Diseases |
| TARTIS, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2010 | \$112,885 | Novel Hematopoietic Conditioning Agents for Treatment of Hematological Diseases |
| TERRENEW, LLC | Ontario | Rochester | USDA | 2007 | \$79,716.00 | MANURE-BASED PRODUCTS FOR REMEDIATION OF OIL AND OTHER SPILLS AND FOR |
| TERRENEW, LLC | Ontario | Rochester | USDA | 2008 | \$349,200.00 | MANURE-BASED PRODUCTS FOR REMEDIATION OF OIL AND OTHER SPILLS AND FOR |
| THERAPYX, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2006 | \$144,961.00 | Treatment of Type 2 Diabetes with Oral Administration of Nanoencapsulated GLP-1 |
| THERAPYX, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2008 | \$292,501.00 | Co-encapsulation of IroN and IL-12 as an Extra-intestinal E. coli Vaccine. |
| THERAPYX, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2008 | \$172,500.00 | Delivery of Nanoencapsulated TGFbeta and ATRA for the Treatment of IBD |
| THERAPYX, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2005 | \$636,960 | Tumor Immunotherapy with Biodegradable Microspheres |
| THERAPYX, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$144,961 | Treatment of Type 2 Diabetes with Oral Administration of Nanoencapsulated GLP-1 |
| THERAPYX, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$629,093 | TUMOR IMMUNOTHERAPY WITH BIODEGRADABLE MICROSPHERES |
| THERAPYX, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2008 | \$172,500 | Delivery of Nanoencapsulated TGFbeta and ATRA for the Treatment of IBD |
| THERAPYX, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2008 | \$292,501 | Co-encapsulation of IroN and IL-12 as an Extra-intestinal E. coli Vaccine. |
| THEREX, LLC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2008 | \$126,639.00 | Improved tissue regenerative device for the oral cavity |
| Therex, LLC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2005 | \$927,108.00 | New Salicylanildes to Treat Oral Diseases |
| THEREX, LLC. | Erie | Buffalo | HHS | 2006 | \$923,226.00 | 5-Naphthoylsalicylanilides as improved anti-acne agents |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--------------------------|----------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|---|
| THEREX, LLC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2005 | \$454,525 | New Salicylanildes to Treat Oral Diseases |
| THEREX, LLC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$460,811 | 5-Naphthoylsalicylanilides as improved anti-acne agents |
| THEREX, LLC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2006 | \$472,583 | New Salicylanildes to Treat Oral Diseases |
| THEREX, LLC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2007 | \$462,415 | 5-Naphthoylsalicylanilides as improved anti-acne agents |
| THEREX, LLC. | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2008 | \$126,639 | Improved tissue regenerative device for the oral cavity |
| THERMAL GRADIENT, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2008 | \$120,411.00 | Rapid Portable HIV Detection and Monitoring System for Low Resource Settings |
| THERMAL GRADIENT, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2010 | \$2,907,868.00 | Rapid Portable HIV Detection and Monitoring System for Low Resource Settings |
| THERMAL GRADIENT, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2008 | \$120,411 | Fast and Simple Real Time PCR for Quantitative Molecular Diagnostic Testing |
| THERMAL GRADIENT, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2010 | \$1,000,001 | Rapid Portable HIV Detection and Monitoring System for Low Resource Settings |
| TPF Enterprises LLC | Niagara | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$99,490.00 | Lead-free Solder Alternative Interconnect Material |
| ULTRA-SCAN CORP. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$69,214.00 | Soldier-Borne Biometric Authentication System |
| ULTRA-SCAN CORP. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$99,415.00 | Tactical Biometric Registration and Recognition Suite |
| Ultra-Scan Corp. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$747,553.00 | High Confidence Multimodal Biometric System |
| ULTRA-SCAN CORP. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2006 | \$728,657.00 | Soldier-Borne Biometric Authentication System |
| ULTRA-SCAN CORP. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2007 | \$978,436.00 | Tactical Biometric Registration and Recognition Suite |
| Ultra-Scan Corporation | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2009 | \$69,673.00 | Developing an Interoperable Contextual Fusion Platform |
| Ultra-Scan Corporation | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2010 | \$719,601.00 | Developing an Interoperable Contextual Fusion Platform |
| UPSTATE APPLIED RESEARCH | Onondaga | Syracuse | DOD | 2006 | \$99,453.00 | Uncertainty, Sensitivity Analysis, and Design of Experiments in Flutter Testing |
| VACCINEX, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2005 | \$234,188 | Functional Identification of Cancer Regulators |
| VACCINEX, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2005 | \$295,926 | New Target Antigens for Prostate Cancer Immunotherapy |
| VACCINEX, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2005 | \$717,652 | Human Monoclonal Antibodies for Bioterrorism Defense |
| VERITAY TECHNOLOGY, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$69,998.00 | Next Generation Controlled Impulse Ejection System |
| VERITAY TECHNOLOGY, INC. | Erie | Buffalo | DOD | 2005 | \$599,667.00 | Kinetic Energy Penetrator Payload for EX 172 Cargo Round |
| VI MANUFACTURING, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2005 | \$99,636.00 | Single-Point Turning Point of Polycrystalline Alumina Missile Domes |
| VI MANUFACTURING, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$69,988.00 | Conformal Sensor Window |
| VI MANUFACTURING, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$149,945.00 | Fabrication of Corrective Optics for Conformal Windows and Domes |

| Firm Name | County | Region | Agency | Year | Award Amount (\$) | Purpose |
|--|----------|-----------|--------|------|-------------------|--|
| VI MANUFACTURING, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2008 | \$1,199,044.00 | Single-Point Turning Point of Polycrystalline Alumina Missile Domes |
| VI MANUFACTURING, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$599,867.00 | Conformal Sensor Window |
| VI MANUFACTURING, INC. | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2009 | \$749,990.00 | Fabrication of Corrective Optics for Conformal Windows and Domes |
| VI Manufacturing, Inc. dba OptiPro Syste | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$69,938.00 | Metrology for Ogive Infrared Dome |
| VI Manufacturing, Inc. dba OptiPro Syste | Wayne | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$1,349,447.00 | Metrology for Ogive Infrared Dome |
| VIRMATICS, LLC | Erie | Buffalo | NIH | 2005 | \$375,000 | Development of Bioinformatic Tools for Virtual Cloning |
| VIRTUALSCOPICS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | HHS | 2009 | \$224,131.00 | Electronic Image Trial Management System |
| VIRTUALSCOPICS, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | NIH | 2009 | \$134,563 | Electronic Image Trial Management System |
| Vuzix Corporation | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2010 | \$96,172.00 | Holographic Waveguide Visor Display (HWVD) |
| WAKONDA TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Monroe | Rochester | DOD | 2006 | \$98,950.00 | Robust, High Efficiency Flexible Photovoltaic Modules |
| Wakonda Technologies, Inc. | Monroe | Rochester | DOE | 2006 | \$99,552.00 | Alternative Thin Film Semiconductor Materials |
| WETSTONE TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Cortland | Syracuse | DOD | 2007 | \$99,988.00 | Dynamic Broadband RF Spectrometer |
| WETSTONE TECHNOLOGIES, INC. | Cortland | Syracuse | DOD | 2005 | \$749,112.00 | Biometric Liveness Authentication Development Environment (BLADE) - Live Check |