

Life Sciences Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form is intended for publication with all accepted life science papers and provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. Every life science submission will use this form; some list items might not apply to an individual manuscript, but all fields must be completed for clarity.

For further information on the points included in this form, see [Reporting Life Sciences Research](#). For further information on Nature Research policies, including our [data availability policy](#), see [Authors & Referees](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

► Experimental design

1. Sample size

Describe how sample size was determined.

No sample size calculation was performed because the size of the effect was unknown. Experiments were repeated (biological replicates) to confirm results, or done in duplicate as in Figs. 4b, 4d.

2. Data exclusions

Describe any data exclusions.

No data was excluded from the analyses.

3. Replication

Describe whether the experimental findings were reliably reproduced.

All findings have been replicated twice (western blots and PhosphorImager analyses), or thrice (spot viability assays).

4. Randomization

Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into experimental groups.

Not relevant to the current study. There were no experimental groups.

5. Blinding

Describe whether the investigators were blinded to group allocation during data collection and/or analysis.

The experimenter was aware of the identity of the samples being analyzed. Blinding was not relevant in the current study since the Figures show the raw data from the experiments and thus the reader can directly assess the accuracy of the interpretations by the experimenter.

Note: all studies involving animals and/or human research participants must disclose whether blinding and randomization were used.

6. Statistical parameters

For all figures and tables that use statistical methods, confirm that the following items are present in relevant figure legends (or in the Methods section if additional space is needed).

n/a Confirmed

- The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement (animals, litters, cultures, etc.)
- A description of how samples were collected, noting whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- A statement indicating how many times each experiment was replicated
- The statistical test(s) used and whether they are one- or two-sided (note: only common tests should be described solely by name; more complex techniques should be described in the Methods section)
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as an adjustment for multiple comparisons
- The test results (e.g. P values) given as exact values whenever possible and with confidence intervals noted
- A clear description of statistics including central tendency (e.g. median, mean) and variation (e.g. standard deviation, interquartile range)
- Clearly defined error bars

See the web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) for further resources and guidance.

► Software

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

7. Software

Describe the software used to analyze the data in this study.

Commercial Prism software. Otherwise, all publicly available software: BLAST, PSIBLAST, RPSBLAST, HHpred, HMMER3, KALIGN, FastTree, MaxQuant, DaliLite, PyMol 1.8.2.0 (Open Source). The central conclusion of the MS is supported by all publicly available software.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the paper but not yet described in the published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). *Nature Methods* [guidance for providing algorithms and software for publication](#) provides further information on this topic.

► Materials and reagents

Policy information about [availability of materials](#)

8. Materials availability

Indicate whether there are restrictions on availability of unique materials or if these materials are only available for distribution by a for-profit company.

No restrictions.

9. Antibodies

Describe the antibodies used and how they were validated for use in the system under study (i.e. assay and species).

Peroxidase Anti-Peroxidase Soluble Complex (PAP; used to detect Protein A, Sigma, # P1291). Anti-Flag M2 (Sigma # F-1804), anti-TAP (Thermo Fisher # CAB1001, and anti-HA 3F10 (Roche/Sigma # 12013819001). Antibodies were validated by using untagged or untransformed controls. Anti-Rpl32 and Rpl3 were a gift from Jonathan Warner. These have been validated by immunoblotting sucrose gradient ribosomal fractions as well as comparing mobility on gels with tagged controls.

10. Eukaryotic cell lines

a. State the source of each eukaryotic cell line used.

All yeast cell line sources are listed in Table 1. 293T cells used for the expression and purification of hAnkzf1 were from ATCC (DTC#264).

b. Describe the method of cell line authentication used.

All yeast cell lines were confirmed by selection on drop out media or genomic PCR, or temperature-sensitivity, if the strain was temperature sensitive. ATCC certification for 293T cells.

c. Report whether the cell lines were tested for mycoplasma contamination.

293T cells used for expression and purification of hAnkzf1 tested negative for mycoplasma contamination

d. If any of the cell lines used are listed in the database of commonly misidentified cell lines maintained by [ICLAC](#), provide a scientific rationale for their use.

No commonly misidentified cell lines were used.

► Animals and human research participants

Policy information about [studies involving animals](#); when reporting animal research, follow the [ARRIVE guidelines](#)

11. Description of research animals

Provide details on animals and/or animal-derived materials used in the study.

No animals were used.

Policy information about [studies involving human research participants](#)

12. Description of human research participants

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants.

No human research participants.