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### Comments

This correction was originally published in *Scientific Reports*, volume 10, in 2020. https://doi.org/10.1038/ s41598-020-58754-5

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# **OPEN** Author Correction: Sensory primary cilium is a responsive cAMP microdomain in renal epithelia

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The legend for Figure 1c is incomplete.

'Time-lapse images represent the intracellular calcium level in response to fluid-shear stress (arrow) by epithelial and endothelial cells treated without (control, vehicle) and with tolvaptan (0.1 µM). Color bar indicates intracellular calcium level from low (black) to high (red). Corresponding brightfield images are shown in Supplementary Fig. S1.'

should read:

'Time-lapse images represent the intracellular calcium level in response to fluid-shear stress (arrow) by epithelial and endothelial cells that were first treated with vehicle alone (control), and then treated with tolvaptan  $(0.1 \,\mu M)$ for 20 hours. Color bar indicates intracellular calcium level from low (black) to high (red). Corresponding brightfield images are shown in Supplementary Fig. S1.

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