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## The Financial Procedures Utilized in the Administration of Athletic Programs in the Eight Eastern South Dakota Conference High Schools

Wallace Maurice Diehl

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THE FINANCIAL PROCEDURES UTILIZED IN THE ADMIN-ISTRATION OF ATHLETIC PROGRAMS IN THE EIGHT EASTERN SOUTH DAKOTA CONFERENCE HIGH SCHOOLS,

by

Wallace Maurice Diehl

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THE FIRARCIAL PROCEDURES UTILIZED IN THE ADDINISTRATION

OF ATHLETIC PROGRAMS IN THE RIGHT EASTERN SOUTH DAKOTA CORFERENCE HIM SCHOOLS

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College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts

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#### ACCNOWLEDGEMENT

This study was made under the supervision of Dr. J. Howard Eramer, Head of the Education Department at Couth Dakota State College. His able guidance and patient assistance are hereby gratefully acknowledged.

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER	
I.	THE PROBLEM
•	Introduction
	Statement of the Problem
	Surpose of the Study
II.	PROCEDURSS
	Selection of Schools • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Preparation of Questionnaire
	Distribution of Questionnaires
1	Responses Received
	Handling Data
III,	FISLINJS
	Sources of Income
·* )	Handling Income
	Expanding Income
	Accounting Procedures
	Reportes
	Budgeting
	Sxponses Incurred
IV.	CONCLUSIONS
۷.	DECOMMENDATIONE
APPANDIX	

# CHAPTER I

THE PROBLEM

Since the late 1800's when athletics were forced into the secondary school curriculum by pepular demand, methods have been sought by which they could be financed. Gate receipts have and still do provide the bulk of the funds to finance the athletic programs in these schools. Athletics originated as an extra-curricular activity and in many schools are still so regarded. Consequently, school boards generally have not accepted the fact that athletics should be financed from tax funds. in the same manner as the academic portion of the secondary school curriculum.

The school administrator then, is faced with the probles of providing both a comprehensive program of inter-school athletics, and the major portion of the funds to finance the program. In Bouth Dakota the law does not prescribe detailed procedures for accounting for these funds, and procedures in individual schools reflect the individual policies of the administration concerned. All schools, large or small, receiving and expending funds should employ sound business methods in their operations. It is with these methods that this study is concerned.

#### STATZHERT OF PROBLEM

2

This study deals with the financial procedures utilized in the administration of the athletic programs of the eight Eastern South Dakets Conference high schools. The study sought to discover the similarities, strong points and weak points of present practices.

It is not the intent of this study to examine the amounts of money expended by the various schools in conducting their athletic programs or to draw any comparisons between schools on this basis. This study is specifically limited to athletic funds, except where the athletic funds are a part of the general activities funds, or district funds are made available for athletic programs.

It is hoped that these responsible for athletic programs may find this study useful in evaluating the methods and procedures used in their own schools for handling athletie funds.

## CHAPTER II PROCEDURES

In conducting a study of this type it was apparent that many questions would have to be asked of each school to give a clear picture of their practices in handling athletic funds. With this in mind, it was decided to limit the number of schools and examine thoroughly the operations of the schools selected.

#### SELECTION OF SCHOOLS

After careful consideration the eight schools which are members of the Eastern South Dakota Conference were selected. These schools are Central High School, Aberdeen; Brookings High School; Huron High School; Central High School, Madison; Hitchell High School; Washington High School, Sloux Falls; Watertown High School; and Yankton High School. These schools are all in South Dakota.

These high schools were selected because they are members of the same athletic conference. The Eastern South Dakota Conference is the oldest high school athletic conference in the state, having been organized about 1920. At one time there were ten members in the conference and at another only seven, but over the list thirty-five years the conference has been made up for the most part of the schools that now constitute its membership. As a result of this association the eight schools included in this study have conducted similar athletic programs, and have had common problems which have been resolved in the best interests of the conference and the schools concerned. As will be shown later, there are places where member schools have identical procedures in the conduct of their athletic finances. On the other hand there are numerous differences which reflect the policies of the individual school's administration. It should be mentioned here, that no attempts have been made by the conference, to standardize these procedures in the member schools.

#### TREPARATION OF QUESTIONNAIRS

To obtain the desired information a questionnaire was used. Authorities in the field of school finance were consulted and from the information obtained and the experience of the researcher as Athletic Director of the Dioux Falls Fublic Schools for six years, a preliminary questionnaire was prepared. This questionnaire was submitted to various conches, athletic directore, and school administrators in attendance at the 1954 summer session at South Dakota State College for criticism and suggestions. Many fine suggestions were received from this group and were incorporated in a revised questionnaire. This questionnaire was then presented to Mr. R. B. Frost, Director of Physical Education and Athletics, and Lr. J. Howard Kramer, Reed of the Education Department, at South Eakota State College for their suggestions and final revision. Corrections

and additions were made following this review, and the final questionnaire as it appears in the Appendix<sup>1</sup> was prepared for transmission to respondents.

#### DISTRIBUTION OF QUESTIONBAIRS

During the 1955-56 school year the writer discussed the proposed research with the athletic directors of the selected schools. Considerable interest was expressed by these men in this study, and in their obtaining a copy of the results. It is the opinion of the writer that this preliminary personal contact had much to do with the promptness and thoroughness with which the guestionnaires were completed and returned.

Questionnaires were mailed to the athletic directors of the schools selected in the early part of Hay, 1955. A separate letter of transmittal was enclosed with each questionnaire and a stamped return covelepe provided. A one hundred percent response was received within one weak. Seven of the questionnaires were answered by the athletic directors of the schools. One was answered by the principal because the athletic director was absent.

#### HARDLING DATA

When all the questionnaires had been received from the respondents, the researcher coded the questionnaire from each school with an identifying number. Responses were then tallied

Appendix A.

on a master sheet using this code number.

This coding of schools assisted materially in enabling the writer to refer back to individual questionnaires and identify responses from particular schools. It also was useful in checking the accuracy of the tallying from the questionnaires to the master sheets, and keeps secret the identity of the individual schools.

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#### CHAPTER III

#### FINCINCE

#### EOURCES OF INCOME

Schools included in this study finance their sthletic programs in two general ways. Six of the schools use the student-activity-fee plan and two use the older season ticket plan.

In the schools having the student-activity-fee plan, the observes range from two (\$2.50) dollars and fifty cents to five (\$5.00) dollars. With this ticket the student is admitted to eighteen to twenty-seven events, depending on the number of activities sharing in the ticket income. In the two schools using the season ticket plan, one reported fees of one (\$1.00) dollar for football and two (\$2.00) dollars for basketball. Both of the latter schools indicated that their tickets admitted holders to whatever number of home games were scheduled, generally between fifteen and twenty.

Schools were evenly divided in requiring students to purchase tickets. Four of the schools having student-activityfees require all students to purchase tickets and two do not. It is interesting to note that ninety-five percent of the students purchase tickets in one of the schools which does not require students to purchase activity tickets. The two schools which use the season ticket plan offer them on an optional basis. Four schools indicated that they admit their own students who do not have activity or season tickets, at a special student price. The other four stated that they had no special price for these students. The schools were also equally divided on their admission policies for students from other schools. Four schools reported that they provide a special student price and the other four charge regular admission prices.

Only one school sells adult season tickets. These were a football ticket for three (\$3.00) dollars and a basketball ticket for four (\$4.00) dollars.

Seven of the sight schools reported that their athletic programs were subsidized in some manner by the board of education. The amounts varied from two thousand (\$2,000) dollars at one school, for all extra-class activities, to five thousend (\$5,000) dollars at another school for physical education in all buildings. The schools made the several following comments: "Includes equipment allowance; two thousand four hundred (\$2,400) dollars for all activities; varies according to needs of activities; and the board makes up any amount necesseny--urually about two thousand (\$2,000) dollars."

For the six schools which use the student-activityfee plan, the activities which were reported as sharing in the funds are indicated in Table I on the following page.

#### TABLE I

ACTIVITING FARTICIPATING IN ACTIVITY FUNDE

Activity		-23							4	. k. P. S	-			1. A.		
Athlatice	•	•			•	•		٠	•	•	•			•	٠	.5
Dramatics	•		•	•.			٠	٠	•		٠	•	٠	٠	٠	•2
Cchool Par	67	•	٠		٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	• ]
Banč	•	•			٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•
Cherus			٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		٠	٠	•	•
Grobeetra		٠		٠	٠		٠		٠	۲		٠	٠	•	٠	• :
Shearlesde	18			٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	• 2
Cebate	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	*	٠		٠	٠	٠	•	• 4
Assembly.	٠	٠	*	٠	٠		٠		٠		٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	
Annual		٠	٠		٠	٠		٠	٠	٠	٠		*	٠	•	
Pep Club.	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	•
Muelo		٠		٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•

Four schools have sources of revenue other than those mentioned. One school has: (1) receipts from concessions at athletic contests, (2) rentals from the public scores system and scoreboard at the football field, and (3) rental fees from football shoes. Three schools listed a towal fee which was collected from individual students. This varied from fifty (50%) cents per season to one (\$1.00) dollar per semester. One of these three schools also reported receipts from rentals of football, basketball, and track shoes.

## HANDLING INCOME

All cohools reported that receipts from athletic contests were maintained in separate accounts or sctivity funds, and that the treasurers of these accounts or funds were bonded. The amount of the bond was five thousand (\$5,000) dollars

in all sight schools. The average amount of funds reported in the individual school accounts varied from one thousand ((1,000) dollars at one school, to fifteen thousand ((15,000) dollars at another. With two exceptions averages reported were under five thousand ((5,000) dollars.

Three schools have faculty members other than the treasurers of the activity funds who handle athletic money. In only one of these three schools are these faculty members bonded.

Schools indicated that receipts were deposited prosptly after games. However, it is necessary for these receipts to be held over-night in most cases, since practically all games are played at night. To safeguard these funds three schools utilize after-hour bank depositaries, four keep the funds in the school vault, and one indicated that money was picked up by a bank representative. Only two schools use police protection in taking receipts from games and only two schools have insurance for the protection of their faculty members taking receipts from games. All schools use numbered tickets and maintain records of the number of tickets sold at cames.

Eix schoole indicated that if obligations were incurred against athletic funds, in excess of funds available, funds would be transferred from other activities to make up the

deficit. Only two schools indicated that in the event athletic funds developed sizeable balances, funds might be transferred to other activities. Various approvals were required to effect such transfers. One school needed authorization from the principal only, two required the principal and the superintendent, two required the superintendent only, and one indicated that the authorization would have to come from the board of education.

#### EXPENDING INCOME

Although all eight schools make all paymonts by check, only seven of them make out a written order or request for money for each expenditure. Orders for expenditures are made out by the athletic directors in four schools, the athletic director and principal in two schools, the athletic director and superintendent in one school, and by only the principal in another. Expenditures are approved in all eight schools by either the principal or superintendent.

Four schools indicated there was a limit on the amount of individual expenditures which could be made by the athletic director, the principal, the superintendent, or combinations thereof. One school reported a limit of two hundred and fifty (\$250) dollars for an individual expenditure with the approval of the principal and superintendent. Two schools indicated a limit of three hundred (\$300) dollars which could be expended with the approval of the principal. One of these schools indicated that this same amount, three hundred (\$300) dollars was

the maximum which could be approved by their superintendent. One school parmits expenditures up to five (\$500) dollars to be made by the athletic director without other approval.

Only five schools require purchase orders or requisitions for each obligation incurred. Furchases are approved by only the athletic director in two schools, by the athletic director and principal in two schools, by the athletic director and superintendent in one school, by the athletic director, principal and superintendent in two schools, and by the athletic director and the elerk of the board of education in one school.

Checks are written by various persons in the different schools. In four schools they are written by the activity fund treasurer, in three schools by the clerk of the board of education, and in one school by the principal. The superintendent or principal countersigns checks in one of the schools where checks are issued by the activity fund treasurer. This is the only school in which checks are countersigned.

When teams are playing out of town, all of the schools issue expense checks in advance. Seven of the schools require receipts for all expenditures made from these expense checks.

Five of the schools requested bide when equipment purchase amounted to more than five hundred (\$500) dollars, and three did not.

31

#### ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES

Various persons are designated as activity fund treasurers. In three schools this function is handled by the clerk of the board of education. Two schools have high school faculty members appointed, while in the three other schools, one uses the superintendent's scoretary, one the high school principal, and one the administrative assistant to the superintendent. Where the treasurer is a faculty member he does have acsounting experience. In only one case was any definite remuneration paid for handling this duty, that being two hundred (\$200) dollars. This was in one of the schools where a faculty member acts as the treasurer.

Six schools had accounting systems whereby exact amounts spent for football, basketball, track; and other sports were determined on a monthly basis. One school indicated this was done annually. The exact amount of reacipts for mach, sport

The classification of expenditures, or charging of expenses against particular sports was bandled in two schools by the athletic director, in two schools by the principal, in two schools by the clerk of the board of education, in one school by the superintendent, and is one school by the fund treasurer.

In seven schools athletic accounts were balanced monthly, and in all eight these accounts were audited annually by an auditor appointed by the board of education.

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#### REPORTS

Eaven of the schools indicated that they prepare reports of game receipts promptly after each game. The offices which are furnished copies of these reports vary considerably from school to school. Three schools furnish these reports to the board of education, the superintendent, the principal, and the athletic director. One school furnishes these reports to the board of education, the superintendent and the principal. Two schools furnish them to the principal and the athletic director, and one school furnishes these to the superintendent and the principal. One school stated that they did not prepare such reports following each contest, but furnished this information to the superintendent on a periodic basis.

Only four schools prepare southly reports of receipts and expenditures for their athletic secounts. Two of these indicated that the status of athletic funds was reported to the board of education monthly. The study showed that all eight schools report the status of these funds to the board of education annually.

Some of the schools publish reports of the status of athletic funds in their school papers. Such reports were available to faculty members in four schools upon request and in one other school through posting on the teacher's bulletin board near the principal's office. Two schools made this information available to faculty members through board proceed-

ings published in local papers. One school indicated that it did not make this information available to either the faculty or the general public. In addition to the two schools which publish reports of the status of athletic funds in the local papers, one school indicated that the public could obtain this information upon request at the beard of education office. One other school indicated that the information was made available to the public, but did not indicate the means by which this was done.

#### BUDGETING

Five of the eight schools prepare athletic budgets each year. Four of the schools indicated that the athletic director was responsible for the preparation of the budget. The fifth school did not indicate who prepared its budget. In only one school was the budget considered as "iron-clad" and not to be exceeded. Only three of the schools show itemized figures for individual items in their budgets, such asseals, transportation, and officials.

Budgets were approved in two cases by the board of education, in one case by the superintendent and principal, and in another by the superintendent only. In another school no approval was required after the budget was prepared by the athletic director. Only one school had a definite date, June 1, for submission of its budget. Other schools stated that their budgets were submitted sometime during the spring, in April, or during the summer.

#### EXPENSES INCURRED

To further investigate the procedures used at individual schools questions were asked about the purchase of specific items and the expanditure of athletic funds for certain purposes.

All schools require their athletes to have athletic insurance but revealed a number of different methods for handling the presiums. Four schools indicated that one-half of the presium was paid by the student and the other half by the school. One of these schools stated that the school's share was paid by the board of education from district funds, and the other three paid it from athletic funds. Two schools require the students to pay the entire premium and two schools pay the full premium from athletic funds.

Six of the schools pay medical bills for injured athleter. Two schools do this only on an emergency basis. Two others stated that there was a limit on the amount which was paid for this purpose, but didnot specify what this limit was.

Individual equipment which was furnished to athletes at school expense varied from school to school. In Table II equipment items which are furnished in three major sports are shown. Figures indicate the number of schools that furnish the particular item. This table can be seen on the next page.

#### TABLE II

Item	Football	Baskstball	Track
Practice Choes Game Choes Fractice Cox Game Fox Fractice Uniforms Game Uniforms	5 5 7 7 8 8	1 4 1 5 8	571488

#### - SCHOOLS FURBILHING PARTICULAR ITEME OF SQUIPMENT IN THREE SPORTS

Vareity squad only

One school indicated that it furnished no shoes. Athletes at this school are required to purchase their own shoes for all sports.

All eight schools paid for laundry or clusning of game equipment. Only six indicated that they paid for laundry or cleaning of practice equipment during the season.

Echools were evenly divided on the payment of doctors for physical examination of sthletes. Four schools pay for these examinations and four do not. All schools purchase medical supplies from sthletic funds, but four of these have some of these supplies furnished by the board of education.

Only one school indicated that it did not purchase athletic awards. It is the policy of this school to give their athletes an eward contificate, and the boy then purchases his own letter at local stores.

Four schools may faculty members for working at ath-

letic contests. The amount paid varies from one (\$1,50) dollar and fifty cents to three (\$3.00) dollars per game in the different schools.

Five schools pay postage from athletic funds, and four pay for long distance phone calls from these funds.

All schools paid mileage for staff members scouting opponents mass. Five schools pay seven  $(7\phi)$  cents per mile, and two schools pay six  $(5\phi)$ . One school indicated that it paid mileage for this purpose but did not specify the amount. Six of the schools indicated that they also allow necessary weals, and two paid hotel bills. Two schools reported that they made no allowance for scouting, beyond the mileage involved.

Three schools pay part of the expenses of coaches attending conching clinics. One school allows twenty ({20) dollars per coach, for this purpose, and another allows only fifteen ({15) per coach. The third school allows meals and lodging expense and pays mileage to one coach. Seven of the schools pay expenses of coaches to attend state basketball tournaments, even though their team may not be a participant.

Fix of the schools stated that they were satisfied with the financial procedures used in their school. Only two schools made suggestions for changes. One of the schools thought they would rather have a separate budget for athletics, in place of the activity plan they now use. One school would prefer to

have the board of education allocate a definite amount of money at the beginning of the year, for athletics.

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#### CHAPTER IV -

#### CONCLUSIONS

The following conclusions can be drawn!

1. In the schools studied, it is common practice to require students to pay a fee to attend athletic events at their own schools.

2. Students who participate in athletic programs in the schools included in this study are required to bear the expense of certain integral parts of the program from personal funds.

3. It is common practice for boards of education to subsidize the athletic programs in some manner.

4. There is a lack of agreement among schools on the -purposes for which athletic funds should legitmately be expended.

5. Schools generally are aware of the importance of properly safeguarding funds, but the procedures employed vary.

6. In general, sound business practices are apparent-

1. J. M.

7. Schools do not accept their full responsibility for the conduct of sound atbletic programs.

#### GRAPTER V

#### RECONMENDATIONS

In view of the modern philosophy of education which recognizes that athletics are an integral and important part of the secondary school curriculum, the writer recommends further study of the methods by which athletic programs are financed.

It is specifically recommended that:

1. School boards be made aware of their responsibility for providing a sound, comprehensive athletic program in their secondary schools.

2. Necessary funds be made available by boards of education to conduct athletic programs in their entirety.

3. Edmission of students to athletic contests at their own schools be provided at no cost to the student.

4. School administrators be encouraged to increase efforts to have athletics fully subsidized by the boards of education.

5. Uniform accounting systems for activities funde be required by law.

G. Schools constantly re-evaluate their own procedures for handling and accounting for athletic funds, and exercise every reasonable precaution in safeguarding these funds. Appendix A.

#### May 1, 1955

Cosch Bill Cook, Athletic Director Central High School Madison, Couth Dakots

Dear Dill:

In partial satisfaction of the requirements for the Master's Degree, the undersigned is conducting a study of the financial procedures utilized in the administration of the athletic programs in the eight Eastern South Dakota Conference schools. This work is being accomplished under the guidance of Dr. J. Howard Framer, Head of the Education Department at South Dakota State College.

To facilitate this study it would be appreciated if you would complete the enclosed questionnairs and return it to the undersigned in the self-addressed envelope.

If you would like a summary of the results of this study, please so indicate at the bottom of the questionnaire.

Sincerely,

Wallace M. Dichl

6-1-24

Enclosure

PLEASE CHECK THE RESPONSE WHICH WILL MOST ACCURATELY INDICATE THE SITUATION IN YOUR DCHOOL

## Bources of Income

		A - LER HO
•	Do you sell student activity ticke	187
2.	Are all students required to buy Does this ticket admit students to	athletic evente?
3.	Doos whis ticket somit studente w	atto ticket?
5.	If you have a student statutic of	sket, are all second as
6		chet or a student stor
0.	If you have either an activity the lette ticket, do you admit studen	te who do not have them,
•		
	at a special student price?	achoole at a special
7.	at a special students from other	
8.	student price? If you do not have either an acti	Filly cloade of a confor
	if you do not have either an atti- athletic ticket, do you have a sp	ecrat accate https tat
ο.	The star said at the second start of the secon	participate in the re-
20		
	dicate the percentage of the tick	et price which each re-
	cicare tue parcentenes of the	
	ceiveel	
		Activity Percentage
	Activity Percentage	Pep Glub
	Athletics	Lettermen's Club
	Band	
	Cheerleaders	School Paper
	Chorus	Others!
	Drematics	
1.1		
	Orchestra	
		3 7
10.	Price of activity or athletic tid	abox sentte etudente?
	HANNER OF AVANIE LO MILLER VI	
12	DA WAR BALL ANTIL BOABOE SIGAVOR	1011
4.6.1		
		7100
	Both of AboveYesNo	Price
	Both of Above Yes No Does your Board of Education sub	aidize the athletic funds with
13	DOOR YOUT DORIG UI SQUUACTOS SAC	*****
	- AAPSHILL& BROHLLE DI DWWWJ WWWW	
14	If answer to No. 13 is yes, amou	
15	Is this in the form of!	A A MAR KA AMANNET
	a. Money deposited in or creates	C LO
	athletic account?	the timestate 9
	b Allowance for aculpment?	Yes_No Amount? Yes_Ro Amount? Yes_No Amount?
	"managoristion (Eus. StC.)	Tes_no Anounti
	a transform of the above?	Yes No Abount?
	G. A COMDIDACION OF SHE	
	LELGASS BALLELI and an an	
	. Flease list below any other mone	T TATA ANT INTE THE FROM Which
16	Flease list below any other mone	y making addividies itos addivid
	receipts accrue to athletic acce	ounts
	receipts accrue to athietic acou	
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	24	
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	3 0	
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23

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## HANDLING INCOME

	Ies Ag
1.	Are receipts from athletic contests maintained in a separate
	account or activity fund?
2.	Is the treasurer of activities funds bonded?
3.	Asount of bond?
4.	Average amount of funds in account?
5.	Do faculty members other than fund treasurer handle ath-
	letic money?
5.	If so, are they bonded?
7.	Do faculty members handling sthletic money make deposits
	at the bank?
盘.	Is a report of game receipts prepared immediately after
50° \$	asofi Sames
ô.	Are reports of receipte made promptly to:
3.4	Read of Munotion Nee No Principal
	Board of Education Yes No Fincipal
10	to reports indicate clearly the source of moneys deposit-
10.	og;
176	Are game receipts deposited promptly after games?
12.0	When game receipts are held over-night, how are they safe
	guarded?
	지 않는 것 같은 것 같
	The second
12.	Is any police protection used in taking receipte from
	game 2?
14.	Lo you have any insurance to protect persone taking
	funds to the bank?
	Are the tickets sold at games, numbered?
	Is arecord of the tickets sold at games maintained?
17.	If obligations are incurred against athlatic funds
	which exceed the funds available, are funds transforred
	from other setivities?
18.	If athletic funde develop a sizable balance, are those
,	funds ever transferred to other activities?
19.	If transfers are made, as in number 17 or 18, on whose
	authority?
	ション・ディア・アイト 人気化 ション・ション かたて 読むなかか アイ
• .	Routine for expensions
1.	Is a written order or request made out for each expendi-
·	ture?
2.	Who is authorized to make out orders for expanditures?
3.	Are all payments made by check?
4.	loes the principal or superintendent approve expandi-
	tureg?
5.	Is a purchase order or requisition required for each
	obligation incurred?
5.	who is required to approve purchases?
-	
×.*	
7.	Who actually writes obecks?
8.	What people sign checke?
1	

24.

	25
9.	Are there any limits on the amounts of individual expandi-
	tures which may be made by: Amount:
	Athletic Director Yes No
	Coaches Yes NO
	Principal Yes No
	Superintendent Yes No
,	Yes No.
10.	Are expense obecks issued in advance, when teams play games
	out of town?
11.	Are receipts required for all expenditures made when
* * *	tease play out of town?
12.	Are receipts required for any expenditures when teams
an olk	play out of town?
1 7	In the case of equipment purchase amounting to more
* > *	than 500, are bids requested?
	cust (Doc) and orde radaeseer.
	AUCOUNTING MROCEDURES
	RUUNUS LAND - DUG BUNGE
	to not been a second a material and anone incom?
1.	Do you have a separate activities fund treasurer?
2.	who is the treasurer for your athletic funds?
3.	If the treasurer is a faculty member, does he or she have
	secounting experience?
4,	Does the treasurer receive any compensation for per-
	forming this function?
5.	If so, how such?
5.	Are your sthictic funds maintained and accounted for by
	the reneral school treasurer or staff?
7.	Do you have an accounting syster whereby you can deter-
	mine exact amounts spent for football, basketball, track
	and other sports? Monthly:
	Cemesters:
	Annuelly:
	Other: (Please specify)
8.	To you have an accounting system whereby you can determine
	exact asounts of receipts from each of the above sports
9.	who is responsible for classification of expenditures?
10.	Are these accounts balanced monthly?
11.	Is the sthletic account audited annually?
12.	If so, who performs this sudit?
****	
*	
× •	REPCITS
1	Is a monthly report of receipts and expenditures in the
- <b>*</b>	athletic account prepared?
•	Is any report made to the Board of Education on the status
£. 🛊	of attletic funce: Konthly
	Annually
	Priority and the second s

•

1.1.1

Are reports of the status of school sthistic funds pub- 26 No lished in your school paper? Are reports of sthictic fund status made available to: a. FacultyYesNo How
b. PublicYesNo How BUDDET
Is an athlatic budget prepared annually? If so, who is responsible for preparation?
Is this budget "iron-clad" and not to be exceeded? Loss this budget require itemized figures on money to be spent on perticular items as meals, transportation, offi- cials, etc.?
The approves your budget? Then is this budget required to be presented?
GENERAL INFORMATION
Please check staletic equipment furnished to staletes by your school: Football Basketball Frack
Dhoes, Gase
Doifors, Case
Comment:
Do you charge shoe rentals for: Football Yes No Amount? Baskstball Yes No Amount?
Do you pay for laundry or cleaning of game equipment dur-
ing the season? Do you have practice equipment laundered at school ex- pense during the season? District Funds?
Lo you pay for towel service from school funds?
Le you pay any medical bills for atbletes? If so, is there any limit to amount school will pay? Dess school pay for medical exame for athletes? Are madical supplies purchased from athletic funds? Are any medical supplies furnished by Board of Education? What? Do you purchase athletic swards from atbletic funds? Do you pay for long-distance phone calls from atbletic funds?

	Do you pay faculty members for working at athletic con- Yes No tests?
17. 18. 19.	Amount, if Number 16 was yes? De you pay postage from athletic funde? Do you pay mileage for staff members scouting?
20.	Do you allow any other expenses for scouting?
21.	Do you pay expenses of coaches to coaching clinics?
23.	To you pay expenses of coaches to atlend tournaments, 1.0.
24.	State, if your team is not a participant? Are you satisfied with the financial procedures used in
	your athletic programs?
06	Would you like a report of the results of this survey?

27. In the space below please make any comments you feel would be pertinent to this study.

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27