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Calculation of the Two-Way Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) Using a Programmable "Pocket" Calculator

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Calculation of the Two-Way Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) Using a Programmable Pocket Calculator

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The two-way ANOVA is one of the most used experimental designs in statistics. A program is described in this paper which requires the input of each piece of data only once.

The calculator computes the means of all rows and columns, the complete ANOVA including F-tests, the components of variance, and the coefficient of variation. An unlimited number of rows and up to ten columns can be handled by this program, which was written for the Hewlett Packard 97 programmable "pocket" calculator.

The two-way ANOVA tests the homogeneity of row means and column means. If there are significant differences among row

means, we will reject the null hypothesis that means of populations (μ_i 's) of row factors are equal ($H_0 : \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_r$), and accept the alternative hypothesis that means of populations of row factors are unequal ($H_1 : \mu_1 \neq \mu_2 \neq \dots \neq \mu_r$). In the same manner, if there are significant differences among column means, we reject $H_0 : \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_c$ and accept $H_1 : \mu_1 \neq \mu_2 \neq \dots \neq \mu_c$.

The X_{ij} denotes the variable in the i^{th} row and the j^{th} column, where $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, r$ and $j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, c$. A dot (.) in place of a subscript means that the variables have been summed across the subscript, e.g., $\sum_i X_{ij} = X_{.j}$

Formulas for Calculation of Row and Column Means

1. row means = $\bar{x}_{i.} = \frac{X_{i.}}{c}$

2. column means = $\bar{x}_{.j} = \frac{X_{.j}}{r}$

Formulas for Calculation of Two-Way ANOVA

1. correction term = $C = \frac{X_{..}^2}{cr}$
2. total sum of squares = $SS_T = \sum X_{ij}^2 - C$
3. row sum of squares = $SS_R = \frac{\sum X_{i.}^2}{c} - C$
4. column sum of squares = $SS_C = \frac{\sum X_{.j}^2}{r} - C$
5. error sum of squares = $SS_E = SS_T - SS_R - SS_C$

Note: d.f. = degrees of freedom

M.S. = mean square = $\frac{SS}{df}$

M.S.E. = mean square expectations

σ^2 = variance of population

s^2 = variance of a sample

Source	df	SS	ANOVA	MS	F	MSE
Total	$rc-1$	SS_T		--	--	--
Row	$r-1$	SS_R	$\frac{SS_R}{r-1} = MS_R$		$\frac{MS_R}{MS_E}$	$\sigma^2 + c\sigma_R^2$
Column	$c-1$	SS_C	$\frac{SS_C}{c-1} = MS_C$		$\frac{MS_C}{MS_E}$	$\sigma^2 = r\sigma_C^2$
Error	$(r-1)(c-1)$	SS_E	$\frac{SS_E}{(r-1)(c-1)} = MS_E$			σ^2

Formulas for Calculation of Variance Components

$$\sigma^2 = MS_E$$

$$\sigma_C^2 = \frac{MS_C - MS_E}{r}$$

$$\sigma_R^2 = \frac{MS_R - MS_E}{c}$$

Formula for Calculation of Coefficient of Variation (C.V.)

$$C.V. = \frac{\sqrt{MS_E}}{\bar{x}_{..}} \times 100$$

where $\bar{x}_{..} = \frac{X_{..}}{rc}$

EXAMPLE

		Columns			
		1	2	3	4
Row	i \ j	7	6	8	7
	1	2	4	4	4
	2	4	6	5	3

1. Set Print Mode Switch to "NORM" Outputs:
2. (f) (c) Initialize GSBc
3. 7 (A) _____ 7.00 GSBA
4. 6 (R/S) _____ 6.00 R/S
5. 8 (R/S) _____ 8.00 R/S
6. 7 (R/S) _____ 7.00 R/S
7. (B) _____ GSBB
- Row₁ Mean 7.00 ***
8. 2 (A) _____ 2.00 GSBA
9. 4 (R/S) _____ 4.00 R/S
10. 4 (R/S) _____ 4.00 R/S
11. 4 (R/S) _____ 4.00 R/S
12. (B) _____ GSBB
- Row₂ Mean 3.50 ***
13. 4 (A) _____ 4.00 GSBA
14. 6 (R/S) _____ 6.00 R/S
15. 5 (R/S) _____ 5.00 R/S
16. 3 (R/S) _____ 3.00 R/S
17. (B) _____ GSBB
- Row₃ Mean 4.50 ***
18. (C) _____ GSBC
- Col₁ Mean 4.33 ***
19. (R/S) _____ R/S
- Col₂ Mean 5.33 ***

20.	(R/S)	_____	R/S
		Col ₃ Mean	5.67 ***
21.	(R/S)	_____	R/S
		Col ₄ Mean	4.67 ***
22.	(D)	_____	GSBD
		Total SS	36.00 ***
		Row SS	26.00 ***
		Col. SS	3.33 ***
		Res. SS	6.67 ***
		Row df	2.00 ***
		Row MS	13.00 ***
		Col. df	3.00 ***
		Col. MS	1.11 ***
		Residual df	6.00 ***
		Residual MS	1.11 ***
23.	(E)	_____	GSBE
		F (Row)	11.70 ***
		F (Col.)	1.00 ***
24.	(R/S)	_____	R/S
		s_R^2	2.97 ***
		$s_C^2 - 5.666666667 - 09$	***
		s^2	1.11 ***
25.	(R/S)	_____	R/S
		CV	21.08 ***

Note: Reject $H_0 : \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_r$ and
 accept $H_1 : \mu_1 \neq \mu_2 \neq \dots \neq \mu_r$ with respect to row means.
 We cannot reject $H_0 : \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_c$ with respect to
 column means.

Example

	GSBc	
7.00	GSBA	
6.00	R/S	
8.00	R/S	
7.00	R/S	
	GSBB	
7.00	***	
2.00	GSBA	
4.00	R/S	
4.00	R/S	
4.00	R/S	
	GSBB	
3.50	***	
4.00	GSBA	
6.00	R/S	
5.00	R/S	
3.00	R/S	
	GSBE	
4.50	***	
	GSBC	
4.33	***	
	R/S	
5.33	***	
	R/S	
5.67	***	
	R/S	
4.67	***	
	GSBD	
36.00	***	
26.00	***	
3.33	***	
6.67	***	
2.00	***	
13.00	***	
3.00	***	
1.11	***	
6.00	***	
1.11	***	
	GSBE	
11.70	***	
1.00	***	
	R/S	
2.97	***	
-5.666666667-09	***	
1.11	***	
	R/S	
21.08	***	

PROGRAM

001	*LBLc	21 16 13	061	RCL0	36 00	121	-	-45	181	ST08	35 08
002	CLRG	16-53	062	ST+4	35-55 04	122	PRTX	-14	182	RTN	24
003	PzS	16-51	063	Xz	53	123	ST01	35 01	183	*LBLc	21 15
004	CLRG	16-53	064	ST+5	35-55 05	124	RCL5	36 05	184	SPC	16-11
005	CLX	-51	065	0	00	125	RCL2	36 02	185	RCL5	36 05
006	RTN	24	066	ST00	35 00	126	RCL3	36 03	186	RCL8	36 08
007	*LBLc	21 16 11	067	PzS	16-51	127	=	-24	187	=	-24
008	PzS	16-51	068	RTN	24	128	=	-24	188	PRTX	-14
009	ST+0	35-55 00	069	*LBLb	21 16 12	129	RCL4	36 04	189	RCL7	36 07
010	Xz	53	070	PzS	16-51	130	-	-45	190	RCL6	36 08
011	ST+1	35-55 01	071	ST+6	35-55 06	131	PRTX	-14	191	=	-24
012	RCL2	36 02	072	Xz	53	132	ST05	35 05	192	PRTX	-14
013	1	01	073	ST+7	35-55 07	133	RCL7	36 07	193	R/S	51
014	+	-55	074	LSTX	16-63	134	RCL3	36 03	194	SPC	16-11
015	ST02	35 02	075	RCL3	36 03	135	=	-24	195	RCL5	36 05
016	PzS	16-51	076	=	-24	136	RCL4	36 04	196	RCL8	36 08
017	RTN	24	077	PRTX	-14	137	-	-45	197	-	-45
018	*LBLA	21 11	078	PzS	16-51	138	PRTX	-14	198	RCL2	36 02
019	ST+0	35-55 00	079	RTN	24	139	ST07	35 07	199	RCL3	36 03
020	GSBc	23 16 11	080	*LBLC	21 13	140	RCL1	36 01	200	=	-24
021	R/S	51	081	SPC	16-11	141	RCL5	36 05	201	=	-24
022	ST+1	35-55 01	082	RCL0	36 00	142	-	-45	202	PRTX	-14
023	GSBc	23 16 11	083	GSBb	23 16 12	143	RCL7	36 07	203	RCL7	36 07
024	R/S	51	084	R/S	51	144	-	-45	204	RCL8	36 08
025	ST+2	35-55 02	085	RCL1	36 01	145	PRTX	-14	205	-	-45
026	GSBc	23 16 11	086	GSBb	23 16 12	146	ST08	35 08	206	RCL3	36 03
027	R/S	51	087	R/S	51	147	SPC	16-11	207	=	-24
028	ST+3	35-55 03	088	RCL2	36 02	148	RCL5	36 05	208	PRTX	-14
029	GSBc	23 16 11	089	GSBb	23 16 12	149	RCL3	36 03	209	RCL8	36 08
030	R/S	51	090	R/S	51	150	1	01	210	PRTX	-14
031	ST+4	35-55 04	091	RCL3	36 03	151	-	-45	211	R/S	51
032	GSBc	23 16 11	092	GSBb	23 16 12	152	PRTX	-14	212	JX	54
033	R/S	51	093	R/S	51	153	=	-24	213	RCL6	36 06
034	ST+5	35-55 05	094	RCL4	36 04	154	ST05	35 05	214	RCL2	36 02
035	5	05	095	GSBb	23 16 12	155	PRTX	-14	215	=	-24
036	GSBc	23 16 11	096	R/S	51	156	SPC	16-11	216	=	-24
037	R/S	51	097	RCL5	36 05	157	RCL7	36 07	217	1	01
038	ST+6	35-55 06	098	GSBb	23 16 12	158	RCL2	36 02	218	0	00
039	GSBc	23 16 11	099	R/S	51	159	RCL3	36 03	219	0	00
040	R/S	51	100	RCL6	36 06	160	=	-24	220	x	-35
041	ST+7	35-55 07	101	GSBb	23 16 12	161	1	01	221	PRTX	-14
042	GSBc	23 16 11	102	R/S	51	162	-	-45	222	RTN	24
043	ST+8	35-55 08	103	RCL7	36 07	163	PRTX	-14	223	R/S	51
044	GSBc	23 16 11	104	GSBb	23 16 12	164	=	-24			
045	R/S	51	105	R/S	51	165	ST07	35 07			
046	ST+9	35-55 09	106	RCL8	36 08	166	PRTX	-14			
047	GSBc	23 16 11	107	GSBb	23 16 12	167	SPC	16-11			
048	RTN	24	108	R/S	51	168	RCL8	36 08			
049	*LBLB	21 12	109	RCL9	36 09	169	RCL2	36 02			
050	PzS	16-51	110	GSBb	23 16 12	170	RCL3	36 03			
051	RCL3	36 03	111	RTN	24	171	=	-24			
052	1	01	112	*LBLD	21 14	172	1	01			
053	+	-55	113	SPC	16-11	173	-	-45			
054	ST03	35 03	114	PzS	16-51	174	RCL3	36 03			
055	RCL0	36 00	115	RCL1	36 01	175	1	01			
056	RCL2	36 02	116	RCL4	36 04	176	-	-45			
057	RCL3	36 03	117	Xz	53	177	x	-35			
058	=	-24	118	RCL2	36 02	178	PRTX	-14			
059	=	-24	119	=	-24	179	=	-24			
060	PRTX	-14	120	ST04	35 04	180	PRTX	-14			