brought to you by 🄀 CORE

South Dakota State University Open PRAIRIE: Open Public Research Access Institutional Repository and Information Exchange

South Dakota Poultry Field Day Proceedings and Research Reports, 1981

Animal Science Reports

1981

Some Effects Of Lactobacillus Cultures On Egg Production

C. C. Rakshit South Dakota State University

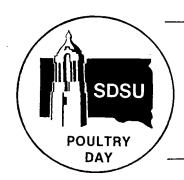
C. W. Carlson

Follow this and additional works at: http://openprairie.sdstate.edu/sd poultry 1981

Recommended Citation

Rakshit, C. C. and Carlson, C. W., "Some Effects Of Lactobacillus Cultures On Egg Production" (1981). South Dakota Poultry Field Day Proceedings and Research Reports, 1981. Paper 5. http://openprairie.sdstate.edu/sd_poultry_1981/5

This Report is brought to you for free and open access by the Animal Science Reports at Open PRAIRIE: Open Public Research Access Institutional Repository and Information Exchange. It has been accepted for inclusion in South Dakota Poultry Field Day Proceedings and Research Reports, 1981 by an authorized administrator of Open PRAIRIE: Open Public Research Access Institutional Repository and Information Exchange. For more information, please contact michael.biondo@sdstate.edu.



ON EGG PRODUCTION C. C. Rakshit And C. W. Carlson DEPT. OF ANIMAL SCIENCE REPORT POULTRY 81-4

Previous studies at this station on the addition of probiotics to turkey and broiler feeds have shown some favorable results; but, for the most part, there has been no response as has been the case for laying hens (see A.S. Series 76-10, 77-20 and 78-7). Probiotics usually contain, among other things, Lactobacillus types of cultures and are defined as being products which favor the establishment of life.

The present study is aimed at studying the effect of the addition of Lactobacillus acidophilus 1X, Lactobacillus acidophilus 2X and Lactobacillus acidophilus/Lactobacillus plantarum 1X/1X culture on egg production. For this, 432 De-Kalb birds 52 weeks of age were used at 108 birds per diet. The basal diet was a 16% protein corn-soy type of ration. The birds were arranged in multiple cages at 12 birds per group with nine groups for each diet. Feed consumption, egg production, body weight and other parameters were averaged for five 28-day periods as shown in Table 1.

A statistical analysis did not show any significant difference with respect to any parameter. However, considering individual data, it was evident that birds on diet three with the Lactobacillus acidophilus 2X culture showed somewhat better production. Performance of hens on diets two and three had been consistently 3 to 5% higher than that of the control groups. Further work is planned to evaluate the possibility that the use of these live cultures did indeed allow for their establishment in the gut of the birds. This in turn may have made for a more favorable microflora and therefore allowed for an improved performance.

 $^{^{1}}_{2}$ Graduate student. Professor and Leader, Poultry Research and Extension.

Table 1. Effect of Lactobacillus cultures on egg production (Averages for five 28-day periods)

Treatment	Hen-day produc- tion	Hen-day feed con- sumption	Kg of feed/dozen eggs	Egg weight	Haugh unit value	Body weight
	%	g		g		kg
Basal	64.3	107.3	1.9	64.3	78.2	1.7
L. acidophilus 1X		106.7	1.9	64.2	76.9	1.7
L. acidophilus 2X L. acidophilus 1X and L. Plantarum		109.6	1.9	64.4	75.1	1.7
1X	63.4	107.2	2.0	63.9	75.1	1.7