

South Dakota State University Open PRAIRIE: Open Public Research Access Institutional Repository and Information Exchange

Extension Extra SDSU Extension

1-1-1989

Nitrogen Requirements of Crops

James R. Gerwing South Dakota State University

Ron Gelderman South Dakota State University

Follow this and additional works at: http://openprairie.sdstate.edu/extension extra

Recommended Citation

Gerwing, James R. and Gelderman, Ron, "Nitrogen Requirements of Crops" (1989). Extension Extra. Paper 242. http://openprairie.sdstate.edu/extension_extra/242

This Other is brought to you for free and open access by the SDSU Extension at Open PRAIRIE: Open Public Research Access Institutional Repository and Information Exchange. It has been accepted for inclusion in Extension Extra by an authorized administrator of Open PRAIRIE: Open Public Research Access Institutional Repository and Information Exchange. For more information, please contact michael.biondo@sdstate.edu.



Extension Extra

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE & BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES / SOUTH DAKOTA STATE UNIVERSITY / USDA

Nitrogen Requirements of Crops

by James R. Gerwing, Extension Agronomist-Crops, and Ron Gelderman, Director, SDSU Soil Testing Lab

Nitrate nitrogen (NO₃-N) in the top 2 ft of soil is normally used as efficiently by crops as fertilizer nitrogen. Therefore when nitrogen fertilizer recommendations are made, the NO₃-N soil test level is subtracted from the total nitrogen requirement of the crop.

The nitrogen required by most crops grown in South Dakota has been determined by extensive field calibration studies over the past 20 years by SDSU soils researchers (Table 1).

Nitrogen fertilizer recommendations are made by subtracting the NO₃-N soil test level in the top 2 ft of soil from the calculated nitrogen requirement for a given yield goal.

Example 1: The farmer has a 40-bu wheat yield goal and his NO₃-N soil test level is 45 lb/A.

40 bu x 2.4 lb N/bu = 96 lb N required. 96 - 45 lb NO₃-N = 51 lb N fertilizer needed.

Example 2: The farmer has a 100-bu corn yield goal and his NO₃-N soil test level is 45 lb/A.

(100 bu x 1.45 lb N/bu) - 20 lb = 125 lb N required.

125 - 45 = 80 lb N fertilizer needed.

If a 0-2 ft NO₃-N soil test is not taken, nitrogen needs can be estimated by using the average soil test level for the past few years. This average, however, does not relfect the wide fluctuations of available nitrogen often found in soil. Its use may result in recommendations for more or less nitrogen than the crop actually needs.

Without a two-ft NO₃-N test, an assumption of 40 lb/acre residual NO₃-N is made. If the previous crop was black fallow, 75 should be used instead of 40 as the estimated residual 2-ft. NO₃-N level.

Table 1. Nitrogen recommendations using NO₃-N test, 0-2 ft.

Crop	Unit	Nitrogen required*
Wheat Oats Barley Rye Flax	bu bu bu bu	2.4 x yield 1.3 x yield 1.5 x yield 2.4 x yield 3.0 x yield
Corn (grain) Corn (silage) Sorghum (grain) Sorghum, sudan	bu ton bu	(1.45 x yield)-20 (11.6 x yield)-20 1.1 x yield
(hay) Sunflowers Edible beans Millet Rape	cwt cwt cwt cwt	25 x yield 5.0 x yield (2.9 x yield)-7 4.0 x yield 6.0 x yield
Mustard Safflower Buckwheat Potatoes	cwt cwt bu cwt	6.0 x yield 5.0 x yield (2.73 x yield)-16 (.5 x yield)-20

*Fertilizer nitrogen to apply is equal to the nitrogen requirement minus soil NO_3 -N to a 2-ft depth.

This publication and others can be accessed electronically from the SDSU College of Agriculture & Biological Sciences publications page, which is at http://agbiopubs.sdstate.edu/articles/ExEx8010.pdf



Issued in furtherance of Cooperative Extension work, Acts of May 8 and June 30, 1914, in cooperation with the USDA. Larry Tidemann, Director of Extension, Associate Dean, College of Agriculture & Biological Sciences, South Dakota State University, Brookings. SDSU is an Affirmative Action/Equal Opportunity Employer (Male/Female) and offers all benefits, services, and educational and employment opportunities without regard for ancestry, age, race, citizenship, color, creed, religion, gender, disability, national origin, sexual preference, or Vietnam Era veteran status.