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Assistive Technology Enhancement of Written Expression for Individuals with Neurodevelopmental Disorders [Poster]

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Survey: Let us know how this paper benefits you.

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Principal Investigator: Randi Hagerman, MD;

<u>CO:Writer® 4000 and Write:OutLoud®</u> is software for literacy development. Children and youth (8-21) with mild mental retardation are routinely excluded from accessing these readily available tools. This study will investigate the impact of these tools, using valid measures and analysis technique

Purpose: AT Intervention Efficacy Study

The purpose of this project is to carry out an intensive training program in subjects with a broad range of neurodevelopm disabilities to assess the efficacy of assistive technology intervention.

Assistive Technology and Neurodevelopmental Disorders

There is a lack of research efficacy concerning the use of technology in individuals with cognitive deficits. Approxin the U.S. population has mental retardation with varied eti

Computer Software (Don Johnston, inc.) **CO:Writer**® 4000

- Word prediction software.
- Reduces total number of keystrokes required
- Facilitates correct spelling
- Features auditory feedback
- Grammar and vocabulary support

Write:OutLoud®

- Talking word processor
- Also reads imported text
- Provides visual and auditory feedback

Procedures

Baseline Testing

- ■IQ Testing (WASI or WISC -IV)
- Visual Motor Integration Test (VMI)
- Reading /Written Expression Battery: Mini-Battery of Achievement (MBA), Process Assessment of the Learn (PAL), Test of Written Language (TOWL-3)
- School Function Assessment (measures school)
- participation and any AT applications implemented)
- Parent and Teacher Questionnaires
- Families and schools will receive summary of test findings and recommendations including the use of AT

Subjects are randomized into intensive intervention group or standard of care group. Subjects who are initially randomized to the control group are rolled over into the intervention group the following year.

Re-evaluation post-control/pre-intervention, and postintervention

R4. AT Enhancement of Written Expression for Individuals with Neurodevelopmental Disorders

Project Staff: Laura Greiss Hess, MS, OTR/L, Susan Harris, BS, CCRP, Kerrie Lemons Chitwood, MA, CCC-SLP

Subjects

aining	32 subjects enrolled to date		
nental (AT)	2 subjects disqualified to continue: 1 due t arade. 1 due to coanitive level too high		
	17 randomized to interventi	on aroup 13 to	
	 10 subjects have completed 	1 1 year of inter	
	6 subjects have completed	control year, ro	
of assistive mately 3% of iologies.	Subjects include individuals abnormalities, Down syndrom spectrum disorders.	with fragile X ne, fetal alcoho	
	Subject Demographics (N=3)	32):	
	Mean Age: 12.9 years		
	Mean Verbal IQ: 78		
	Mean Performance IQ: 74	ł	
	Mean Full Scale IQ: 76		
	Mean Reading Level: 5 th g	grade 1 st mont	
	Mean Writing Level: 3 rd	grade 6 th mor	
	TOWL-3 Spontaneous	W ritin g T ask E	
	Subjects are asked to write a story	/ about a pictur	
	Boy with FSIQ 68, Lea	arning Disability	
	Pre-intervention:	P	
<u>13 year</u>	s 4 months, 7 th grade, 58 words, SS= 64	14 years 6 mont	
ner			

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Acknowledgments

- This study is funded by the Coleman Institute for Cognitive Disabilities, as well as the National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research under the US Department of Education, Grant #H133E040019 • We are very grateful to the individuals who are participants of our study, as well as

their parents and teachers

to reading level lower than 1st

o control group

- rvention
- olled over to intervention group

syndrome, sex chromosomal ol syndrome and autism

th nth

Example

re for 15 minutes y, ADHD:

Post-intervention: **hs**, 8th grade, 72 words, SS= 70



year of the study

Survey Questions

1. I am comfortable using the computer

2. I feel it is important to augment writing when it is difficult for children 3. I feel that good writing is an important part of learning

4. I understand how to use Co:Writer

5. I understand how to use Write:OutLoud 6. I think using software will help me teach writing 7. I think being taught how to best use the software will help me with teaching writing

8. I would be likely to use the software on my own without additional intervention

9. My child writes better when he/she uses the computer

10. My child struggles with writing – legibility 11. My child struggles with writing – effort/time 12. At this time I feel that my child's writing is OK 13. At this time I feel that my child's writing could be improved

Discussion

- Although we do not yet see a trend in improvement of writing quotient scores, some individuals have shown improvement in skills such as amount of generative language produced after a year of software use.
- Although the MBA reading level is significantly lower at time 2 thus far, we believe this is not a sign of loss of skills, but rather the demands of the standardized testing increasing with age



Preliminary Results

Group of 10 subjects who have completed 1 year of intervention using the software:

Pre-intervention Group Mean (n=10)	Post- intervention Group Mean (n=10)	Significance (Paired samples t- test)
72	68	.81
85	81	.57
79	66	.39
70	61	.03*
51	53	.66
76	83	.11
69	60	.04*

Parent Survey

Parents are asked questions about their feelings/attitudes toward use of software and their child's abilities both before and after the intervention

4. I understand how	p=.01
to use Co:Writer	
5. I understand how to use Write:OutLoud	p=.01
11. My child struggles with writing – effort/time	p=.03



