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DATA SNAPSHOT

September 14, 2017

2016 Child Poverty Rate Sees Largest Decline Since Before Great Recession

Poverty Persists as Challenge for the United States

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hild poverty declined by 1.2 percentage points between 2015 and 2016, according to analyses of the official poverty measure (OPM) in the latest American Community Survey. By 2016, child poverty across the nation was still 1.5 percentage points higher than before the Great Recession. Child poverty remained higher in cities and rural places than in the suburbs. Across the nation there is substantial variability both in the level of poverty and in improvement since the start of the Great Recession—25 states have child poverty rates higher than those in 2007 (see what's happening in your state*). Of course, the official poverty measure is only one indicator of economic challenge, and many families living above the poverty line still struggle to make ends meet.



The Great Recession officially lasted from December 2007 to June 2009, but it continues to influence U.S. economic trends.

35 30 City 25 Rural 20 All 15 Suburban 10 5 0 2007 2008 2011 2012 2013 2015 2009 2010 2014 2016

PERCENT OF CHILDREN IN POVERTY BY PLACE TYPE, 2007–2016

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This research was funded by the Annie E. Casey Foundation and anonymous donors.

Note: * Available at http://unh.me/DmFJ30f9Q1K

Analysis: M.J. Mattingly, A. Schaefer, and J.A. Carson, Carsey School, University of New Hampshire Source: 2007–2016 American Community Survey, U.S. Census Bureau