The Transesterification of Hickory Nuts into Biodiesel Fuel Hannah K. Trauger, Madilynn G. Dewell, Jahida A. Mendoza, and Russell J. Franks* Department of Chemistry & Biochemistry, Stephen F. Austin State University, Nacogdoches, TX

Introduction:

- Biodiesel fuels can be produced • from a fat and an alcohol via transesterification
- Hickory nuts have a high fat • content (~60 % by weight)
- Can nuts from shagbark hickory (Carya ovata) be used to produce a biodiesel fuel using existing acidcatalyzed transesterification methods?

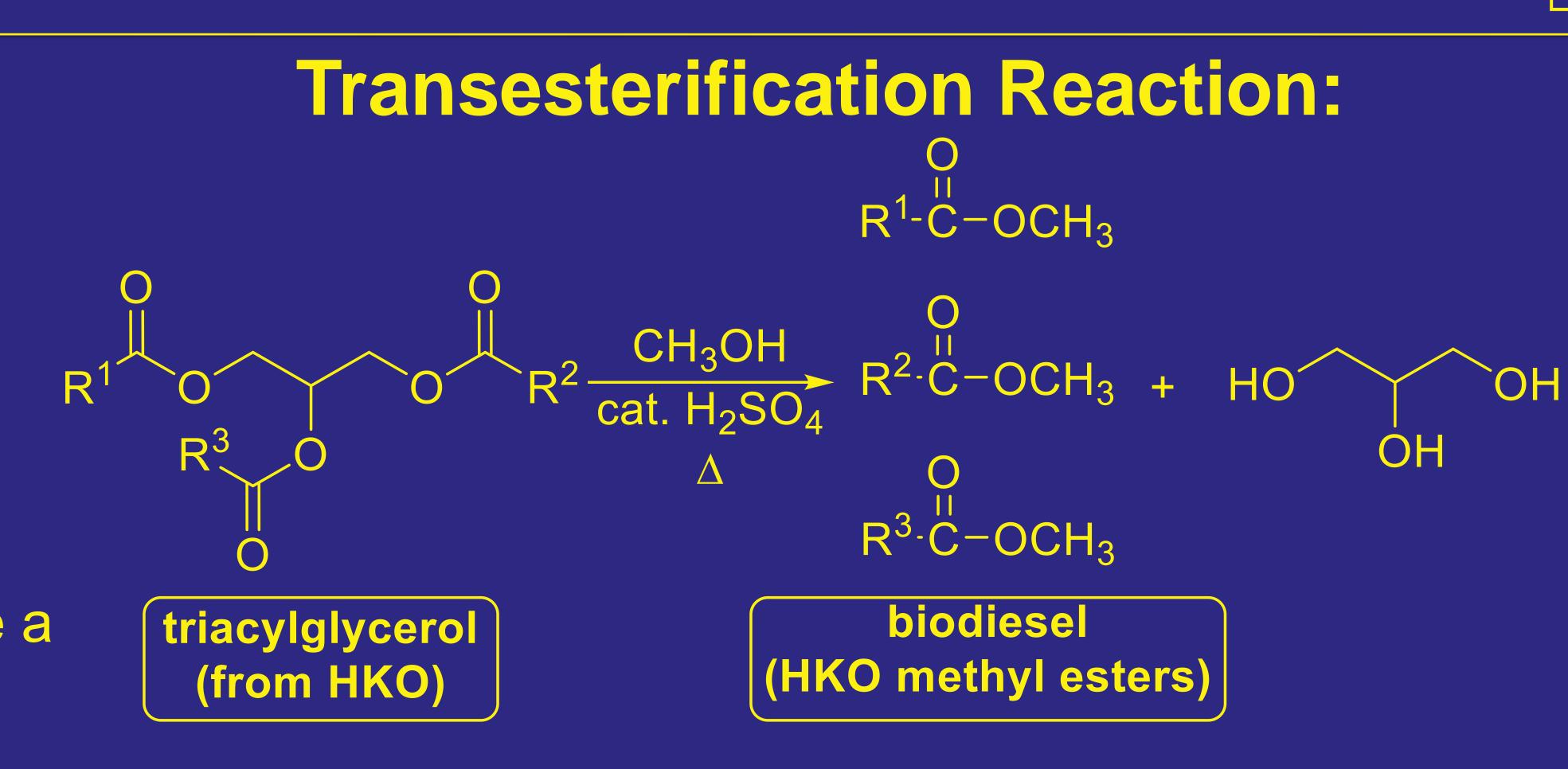
Methodology:

Extraction of HKO:

- Remove endosperm from nuts
- Grind endosperm into a powder •
- Extract HKO using heptane •
- Filter solids & remove heptane using rotary evaporation

Acid-catalyzed transesterification:

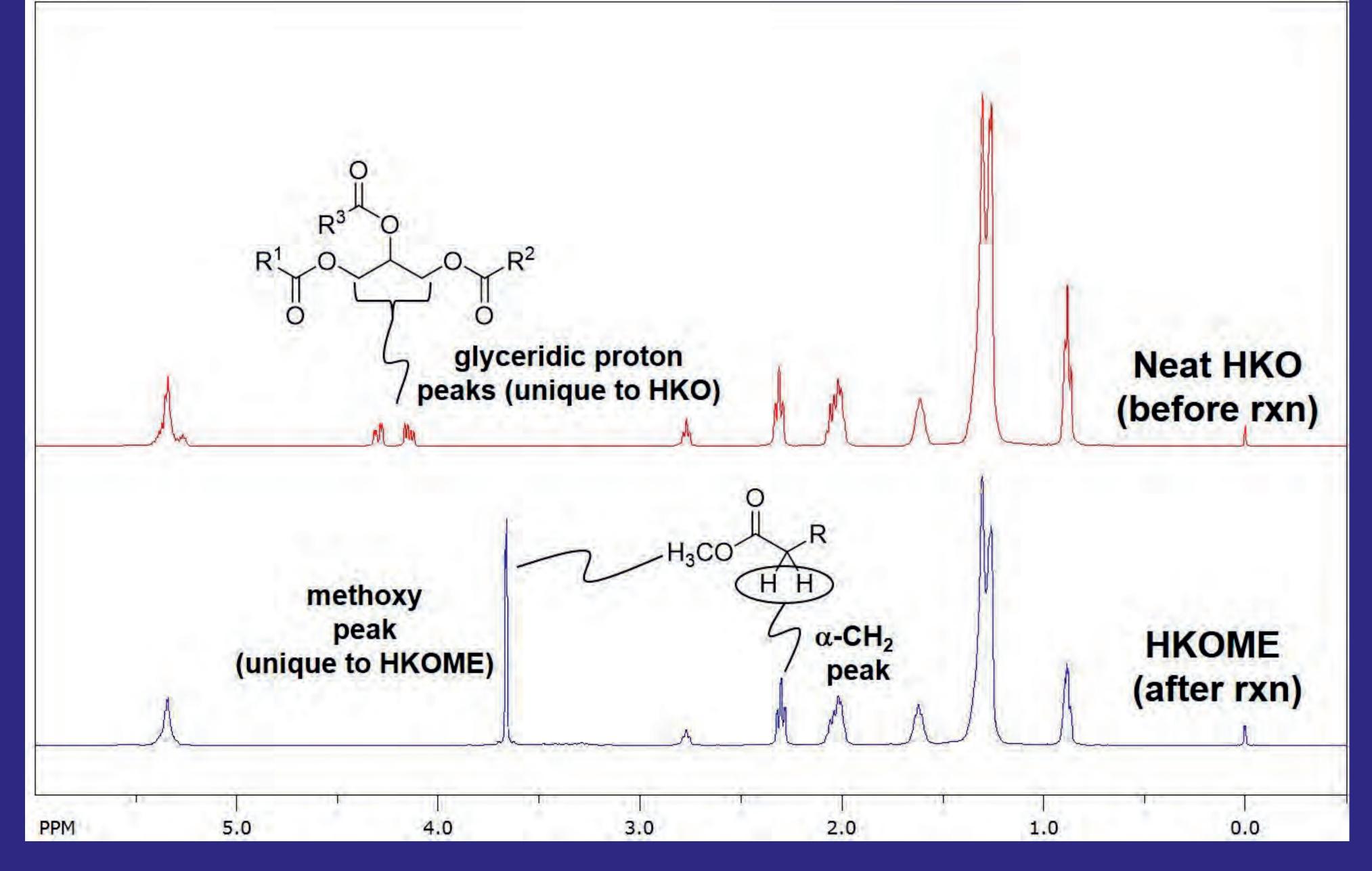
- Heat HKO & methanol with < 1 % H_2SO_4 overnight
- Wash product mixture to remove • impurities & by-products
- Dry HKOME product to remove • residual H₂O
- Remove excess methanol via rotary evaporation
- Analyze HKOME product mixture using ¹H-NMR spectroscopy



Results:

Integration data from ¹H-NMR spectra of product mixture was used to calculate % conversion

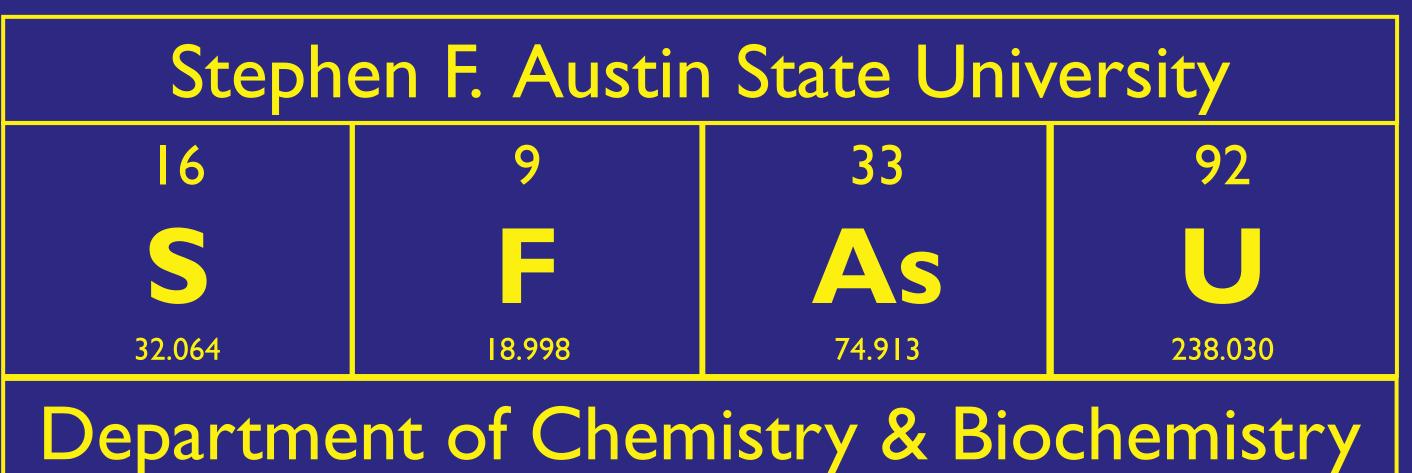
¹H-NMR Spectra of HKO & HKOME





HKOME product was formed with 97.4% conversion





Discussion:

Conclusion:

Future Work:

Acknowledgements:

References:

- - 628.

 Acid-catalyzed transesterification methods were effective for the production of biodiesel fuel from hickory kernel oil NMR data show the HKOME product was formed in 97.4 % conversion.

 Hickory nuts can be used for producing biodiesel fuel

Repeat experiments using basecatalyzed transesterification Determine the fatty acid composition of the HKOME product mixture Improve HKO extraction methods

SFASU Dept. of Chemistry & Biochemistry

SFASU School of Honors

SFASU Office of Research &

Sponsored Programs

Robert A. Welch Foundation

(Grant #AN-0008)

Ataya, F., et al. *Energy Fuels* **2007**, 21, 2450-2459.

McCormack, R.H. J. Am. Oil Chem. Soc. 1947, 24, 299-303.

Karabas, H. Environ. Prog.

Sustainable Energy 2014, 33, 625-