

Nova Southeastern University NSUWorks

Mathematics Faculty Proceedings, Presentations, Speeches, Lectures

Department of Mathematics

6-2015

Modeling of Humoral Immune Response to Repeated Influenza A Virus Infections

Abbiana Arenas Nova Southeastern University, aa1318@nova.edu

Safiyah Muhammad Nova Southeastern University

Ly Nguyen Nova Southeastern University

Samita Andreansky *University of Miami*

Evan Haskell Nova Southeastern University, haskell@nova.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://nsuworks.nova.edu/cnso_math_facpres Part of the <u>Mathematics Commons</u>, and the <u>Medicine and Health Sciences Commons</u>

NSUWorks Citation

Arenas, Abbiana; Muhammad, Safiyah; Nguyen, Ly; Andreansky, Samita; and Haskell, Evan, "Modeling of Humoral Immune Response to Repeated Influenza A Virus Infections" (2015). *Mathematics Faculty Proceedings, Presentations, Speeches, Lectures.* 366. https://nsuworks.nova.edu/cnso_math_facpres/366

This Conference Proceeding is brought to you for free and open access by the Department of Mathematics at NSUWorks. It has been accepted for inclusion in Mathematics Faculty Proceedings, Presentations, Speeches, Lectures by an authorized administrator of NSUWorks. For more information, please contact nsuworks@nova.edu.

Modeling of Humoral Immune Response to Repeated Influenza A Virus Infections

Abbiana R. Arenas¹, Safiyah Muhammad¹, Ly Nguyen¹, Samita Andreansky², <u>Evan C. Haskell¹</u>

¹ Division of Math, Science, & Technology, Farquhar College of Arts and Sciences, Nova Southeastern University, haskell@nova.edu

² Department of Pediatrics, Microbiology, Immunology, and Medicine, Miller School of Medicine, University of Miami

Keywords: Humoral Immunity, Influenza A Virus, Mathematical Modeling. Seasonal infections by Influenza A virus (IAV) causes hundreds of

thousands of deaths worldwide each year, with most individuals being infected multiple times throughout their lifetimes. The relative impact of the components of the host immune system in controlling the severity and duration of repeated challenges from an IAV infection remains unclear. In particular, the differential contribution of the humoral immune response in primary and secondary challenges from IAV are relatively little explored. We develop a parsimonious mathematical model of the humoral immune response to IAV infection with biologically meaningful and identifiable parameters. We show the relative sensitivity of the viral load and antibody response to dynamics of B cell proliferation and antibody production. We relate immunoglobin class switching to a CD4⁺ T-cell driven process for the formation of humoral memory. Results of this study help to illuminate the relative contribution of CD4⁺ T-cells, B-cells, and antibody in the control of IAV infection and formation of humoral memory.

Funding for this project provided through the Nova Southeastern University President's Faculty Research and Development Grant No. 335321.

References

- A. R. Arenas, S. Andreansky, and E. C. Haskell, A repeated challenge humoral immune response model, Proceedings of the Symposium on BEER, 1:198–205, 2014.
- [2] A. Abdulhafid, S. Andreansky, and E. C. Haskell, Mathematical model to preduct the effects of pregnancy on antibody response during viral infection, Proceedings of the 2012 International Conference Computational and Mathematical Methods in Science and Engineering, 1267– 1274, 2012.