



eCOMMONS

Loyola University Chicago
Loyola eCommons

Biology: Faculty Publications and Other Works

Faculty Publications

2-8-2018

Draft Genome Sequence of an Active Heterotrophic Nitrifier-Denitrifier, *Cupriavidus pauculus* UM1

Catherine Putonti
Loyola University Chicago

Nathaniel Polley
Loyola University Chicago

Domenic Castignetti
Loyola University Chicago, dcastig@luc.edu

Follow this and additional works at: https://ecommons.luc.edu/biology_facpubs

 Part of the [Biology Commons](#)

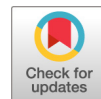
Recommended Citation

Putonti, Catherine; Polley, Nathaniel; and Castignetti, Domenic. Draft Genome Sequence of an Active Heterotrophic Nitrifier-Denitrifier, *Cupriavidus pauculus* UM1. *Microbiology Resource Announcements*, , : , 2018. Retrieved from Loyola eCommons, Biology: Faculty Publications and Other Works, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.00028-18>

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Faculty Publications at Loyola eCommons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Biology: Faculty Publications and Other Works by an authorized administrator of Loyola eCommons. For more information, please contact ecommons@luc.edu.



This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-No Derivative Works 4.0 License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/).
© The Authors 2018



Draft Genome Sequence of an Active Heterotrophic Nitrifier-Denitrifier, *Cupriavidus pauculus* UM1

 Catherine Putonti,^{a,b,c} Nathaniel Polley,^{a,b} Domenic Castignetti^a

^aDepartment of Biology, Loyola University Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, USA

^bBioinformatics Program, Loyola University Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, USA

^cDepartment of Computer Science, Loyola University Chicago, Chicago, Illinois, USA

ABSTRACT Here, we present the draft genome sequence of *Cupriavidus pauculus* UM1, a metal-resistant heterotrophic nitrifier-denitrifier capable of synthesizing nitrite from pyruvic oxime. The size of the genome is 7,402,815 bp with a GC content of 64.8%. This draft assembly consists of 38 scaffolds.

The genus *Cupriavidus* is composed of Gram-negative peritrichously flagellated rods with oxidative metabolisms. Members may be chemoheterotrophic or chemolithotrophic, and resistance among them to various metals is widespread. Species are found in soil and as human clinical specimens (1); the species *C. pauculus* has been metabolically characterized (2).

C. pauculus UM1, isolated from an agricultural soil sample in Hadley, MA, USA, is a phenol-degrading (3) copper- and nickel-resistant heterotrophic nitrifier (3) and denitrifier (4), capable of oxidizing both the carbon and nitrogen of pyruvic oxime (3). The enzyme responsible for pyruvic oxime oxygenation, pyruvic oxime dioxygenase (POD), has been cloned, characterized, and noted as a class II adolase (5). Recent work (D. Castignetti, unpublished data) has indicated that the POD of *C. pauculus* UM1 has significant nucleotide (75%) and amino acid homologies (85%) to the POD of the *Alcaligenes faecalis* isolate of Tsujino et al. (5).

C. pauculus UM1 genomic DNA was isolated as described previously (3) after being grown in nutrient-enriched tryptic soy broth medium using the Wizard Genomic DNA purification kit (Promega, Madison, WI, USA) per the manufacturer's directions. Genomic DNA concentration was determined using the Qubit fluorimeter. Library preparation for Illumina sequencing was performed at the Loyola University Chicago Genomics Facility (Maywood, IL, USA) using a Nextera XT DNA library preparation kit. The library was sequenced on the MiSeq sequencer (Illumina) using the MiSeq version 2 reagent kit (500 cycles). The run produced 1,266,809 paired-end reads in total. Genomic DNA was also sequenced using the PacBio RS II platform. PacBio library preparation and sequencing were performed at the Yale Center for Genomic Analysis (New Haven, CT, USA). Library preparation was conducted by selecting fragments 3 to 20 kb in size. The run produced 31,552 reads ranging in size from 35 to 44,849 bp.

Illumina reads were trimmed using the tool sickle (<https://github.com/najoshi/sickle>). PacBio reads were processed using the Hierarchical Genome Assembly Process (HGAP) (6). Trimmed Illumina reads and polished PacBio assemblies were then assembled together using SPAdes version 3.11.1 (7), which produced 142 contigs. Coverage was evaluated using BBMap (<http://sourceforge.net/projects/bbmap/>); contigs with a coverage of less than one were removed from further consideration. A final set of 38 scaffolds was identified, varying in size from 2,493 bp to 1.05 Mb, with an N_{50} of 320,744 bp. Integrating the Illumina and PacBio reads together greatly increased the N_{50} score (e.g., for the PacBio assembly, $N_{50} = 42,691$ bp). Sequence coverage was greater than 30× for each sequencing method employed. The genome size was

Received 10 January 2018 Accepted 12 January 2018 Published 8 February 2018

Citation Putonti C, Polley N, Castignetti D. 2018. Draft genome sequence of an active heterotrophic nitrifier-denitrifier, *Cupriavidus pauculus* UM1. *Genome Announc* 6:e00028-18. <https://doi.org/10.1128/genomeA.00028-18>.

Copyright © 2018 Putonti et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International license](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/).

Address correspondence to Domenic Castignetti, dcastig@luc.edu.

7,402,815 bp with a GC content of 64.77%. Annotations were produced by the NCBI Prokaryotic Genome Annotation Pipeline (8). Six rRNAs, 59 tRNAs, and 6,473 protein-coding sequences were detected.

Accession number(s). The draft whole-genome project for *C. pauculus* UM1 has been deposited at DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank under the accession number [PJRP00000000](https://doi.org/10.1099/jqs.0.63247-0). Raw sequence reads are deposited at DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank under the accession numbers SRR6382437 and SRR6382438.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This work was supported by Loyola University Chicago.

REFERENCES

- Vandamme P, Coenye T. 2004. Taxonomy of the genus *Cupriavidus*: a tale of lost and found. *Int J Syst Evol Microbiol* 54:2285–2289. <https://doi.org/10.1099/jqs.0.63247-0>.
- Vanechoutte M, Kampfer P, De Baere T, Falsen E, Verschraegen G. 2004. *Wautersia* gen. nov., a novel genus accommodating the phylogenetic lineage including *Ralstonia eutropha* and related species, and proposal of *Ralstonia* [*Pseudomonas*] *syzygii* (Roberts et al. 1990) comb. nov. *Int J Syst Evol Microbiol* 54:317–327. <https://doi.org/10.1099/jqs.0.02754-0>.
- Ramirez M, Obrzydowski J, Ayers M, Virparia S, Wang M, Stefan K, Linchangco R, Castignetti D. 2014. Pyruvic oxime nitrification and copper and nickel resistance by a *Cupriavidus pauculus*, an active heterotrophic nitrifier-denitrifier. *ScientificWorldJournal* 2014:901702. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2014/901702>.
- Castignetti D, Hollocher TC. 1981. Vigorous denitrification by a heterotrophic nitrifier of the genus *Alcaligenes*. *Curr Microbiol* 6:229–231. <https://doi.org/10.1007/BF01566978>.
- Tsujino S, Uematsu C, Dohra H, Fujiwara T. 2017. Pyruvic oxime dioxynase from heterotrophic nitrifier *Alcaligenes faecalis* is a nonheme Fe^(III)-dependent enzyme homologous to class II aldolase. *Sci Rep* 7:39991. <https://doi.org/10.1038/srep39991>.
- Chin CS, Alexander DH, Marks P, Klammer AA, Drake J, Heiner C, Clum A, Copeland A, Huddleston J, Eichler EE, Turner SW, Korlach J. 2013. Non-hybrid, finished microbial genome assemblies from long-read SMRT sequencing data. *Nat Methods* 10:563–569. <https://doi.org/10.1038/nmeth.2474>.
- Bankevich A, Nurk S, Antipov D, Gurevich AA, Dvorkin M, Kulikov AS, Lesin VM, Nikolenko SI, Pham S, Prjibelski AD, Pyshkin AV, Sirotkin AV, Vyahhi N, Tesler G, Alekseyev MA, Pevzner PA. 2012. SPAdes: a new genome assembly algorithm and its applications to single-cell sequencing. *J Comput Biol* 19:455–477. <https://doi.org/10.1089/cmb.2012.0021>.
- Tatusova T, DiCuccio M, Badretdin A, Chetvernin V, Nawrocki EP, Zaslavsky L, Lomsadze A, Pruitt KD, Borodovsky M, Ostell J. 2016. NCBI Prokaryotic Genome Annotation Pipeline. *Nucleic Acids Res* 44:6614–6624. <https://doi.org/10.1093/nar/gkw569>.