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SLPs and AUDs Go Global: A Research-based Cross-linguistic Consortium

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SLPs and AUDs Go Global

A Research-Based Cross-Linguistic Curriculum

Disclosure



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University Partners and Project Staff



- East Tennessee State University (lead US institution)
 - Brenda Louw (Project Director)
 - Lynn Williams (Project Co-Director)
 - Nancy Scherer (Senior Project Staff)
- University of Northern Iowa
 - Ken Bleile (Project Director)
- Universidade Federal de Santa Maria (lead Brazil institution)
 - Marcia Keske-Soares (Project Director)
 - Themis Kessler
- Universidade de São Paulo-Baurú
 - Inge Trindade

Need for a Global Training Curriculum



- "shrinking world" technology (i.e., Internet, Skype, online telepractice) and media connect people globally
- Increase in number of people who speak and understand more than one language
 - US 2010 census: almost 20% of people speak a language other than English in the home
- Increase in international adoptions (more than doubled in the last decade)
- International outreach and development activities
- International collaboration and networking of researchers (particularly in standardization of clinical procedures)

ASHA's Strategic Plan





- Designing ASHA's Future (Lemke & Dublinske, 2010)
 - Encourage academic programs to include elements related to the practice of SLP/A globally (p. 33)
 - Provide opportunities for faculty and students to visit developing countries and provide practicum to facilitate global practices in SLP/A (p. 33)
 - Promote collaboration with the international research community, focusing on clinical practice research needs (p. 35)
 - Strengthen our advocacy for the rights of people with disabilities around the world (p. 35)



It is essential for clinicians in a multicultural society to develop skills in interacting with clients from a variety of cultures who come to us with a multitude of cultural and linguistic factors.

Lynch and Hanson (2011)

Designing a Global Curriculum



- The need for a global curriculum to address ASHA's strategic plan calls for a unique, sustained approach to training future SLPs/AUDs
- Requires a collaborative and integrated curriculum that exists beyond an exchange
 - Change mindset of future clinicians from "one-time" exchange experience to enduring professional global attitude
 - Create broader and deeper learning opportunities

Development of a Global Curriculum





- Multi-institutional partnership jointly funded by US Department of Education and Brazilian Ministry of Education
- ETSU and UNI (US); UFSM and USP (Brazil)
- Exchange and non-exchange students
- Consortium for Promoting Cross-Linguistic Understanding of Communication Disabilities in Children





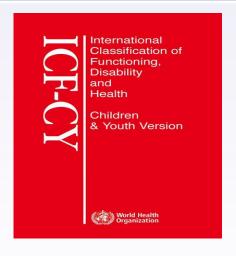
Goals of Consortium

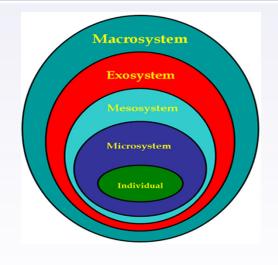


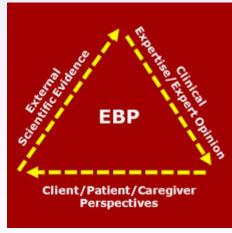
- 1
- Promote cultural and research competence in SLP/A students
- 2
- Internationally integrated coursework
- 3
- Promote language and cultural skills
- 4
- Student exchange

Theoretical Framework









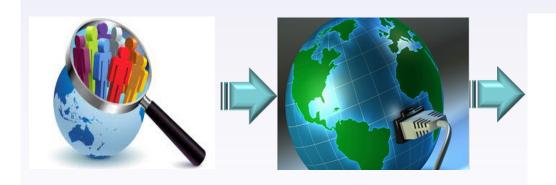
International Classification of Functioning, Disability, and Health: Children and Youth version (ICF-CY; WHO, 2007)

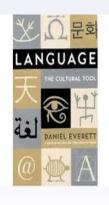
Bronfenbrenner's Bioecological Model of Child Development

Evidence-Based Practice

4 Key Activities of Global Curriculum











Research-Based Curriculum

Internet Course "Different Languages, One World" Language and Cultural Training

Student Exchange



Research-Based Curriculum: 3 Primary Objectives



Objective 1

Objective 2

Objective 3

To investigate the association between communication disorders in children and limitations to life activities within the theoretical framework of the ICF-CY.

- Families
- Social
- Educational
- Cultural differences

To understand the social and cultural aspects of assessment and intervention for children with communication disorders across different etiologies (e.g., cleft lip/palate, SSD, HI)

- Models of intervention
- Barriers to access or implementation

To explore and identify resilience and risk factors in the different social and cultural contexts across different subgroups of communication disorders from a strength-based approach.



Research Teams



Cleft Lip/Palate Team 1

• ICF-CY in CLP (Objective 1 and 2)

Cleft Lip/Palate Team 2

Nasometry in US and Brazil (Objective 2)

Speech Sound Disorders Team

 Prevalence of SSD in English-speaking countries and Brazil (Objective 1 and 3)

Hearing Impairmen Team Prevalence of HI in English-speaking countries and Brazil (Objective 1 and 3)



Research Teams: Review + Research Studies



Review Studies

 Descriptive and Narrative syntheses of literature (cf., Dunst & Trivette, 2010) in English language journals and Brazilian journals related to Research Objectives

Research Studies

- Survey studies, including SLP/parent practices or perceptions in US and Brazil
- Norming studies of nasalence across different regions within US and Brazil



Research Teams and Technology



- Skype
 - Weekly team meetings across 4 universities and 2 continents
- Google Docs
 - Shared Word documents
- Wikispaces
 - Shared research articles
- Adobe Connect
 - Faculty planning meetings



Student Research Presentations



- 11º Congresso da Fundação de Otorrinolaringologia in Foz do Iguaçu (June 2012)
- ASHA Convention in Atlanta (Nov 2012)
- Student webinar (Feb 2013)
- Multicultural conference at ETSU (May 2013)
- 12th ICCLPRCA conference in Orlando (May 2013)





Internet Course

DIFFERENT LANGUAGES, ONE WORLD



Course Objectives



- To obtain a general understanding of the relatedness of the professions in Brazil and the US within a global context.
- 2. To apply theoretical frameworks that incorporate social and cultural factors in assessment and intervention with children who have a communication disorder.
- 3. To adopt an evidence-based approach when using the audiology and speech-language pathology knowledge base, with particular attention to diversity issues and its relevance to globalization.
- 4. To expand knowledge of literature and researchers in the professions across the world.



Instructional Technology



- PowerPoint Lectures
 - Asynchronous learning
 - Wikispaces
- Monthly Webinars
 - Synchronous learning
 - Adobe connect



Course Topics



PowerPoint Lectures

- Research design and methodology
- ICF-CY as a framework for working with children with communication disorders
- Working with children and families from Bronfenbrenner's bioecological model
- EBP and PBE
- Working with translators
- Assessment (SSD, CLP, HI)
- Social and cultural aspects of communication disorders in children

Monthly Webinar

- Cross-linguistic aspects of communication development (Sharynne McLeod Australia)
- Cross-linguistic assessment of CLP speech (Anette Lohmander, Sweden)
- Application of ICF-CY in CLP (Sandra Neumann, Germany)
- Genetic syndromes in SLP/A (Luciano Maximino, Brazil)
- Interface between lexicon and phonology (Carol Stoel-Gammon, USA)
- Student webinars on research

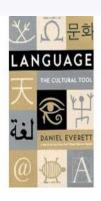


Course Components

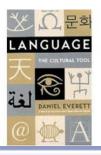


- Weekly Lectures
 - Activities (flipped classroom)
 - Students reviewed PowerPoint slides outside of class meetings
 - Incorporated interactive learning activities within class meetings
- Academic credit (6 credits: Independent Study)





CULTURAL AND LANGUAGE TRAINING



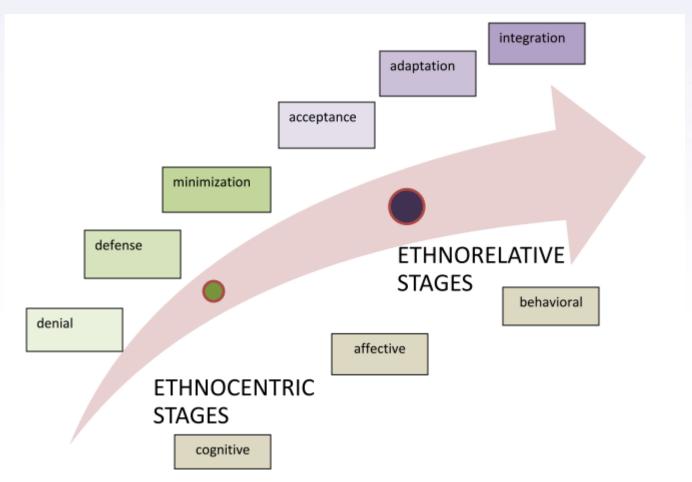
Objectives



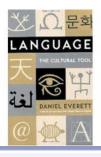
- Language (Portuguese)
 - Core vocabulary of terminology in SLP/A
 - Functional language skills for clinical and curricular purposes
 - Development of strategies for working with interpreters/translators during assessment and intervention
- Cultural and Social
 - Competency in cross-cultural interactions
 - Development of Inter-cultural sensitivity
 - Progress through ethnocentric to ethnorelative orientations (Bennett's Developmental Model of Intercultural Sensitivity)

Bennett's Developmental Model of Intercultural Sensitivity





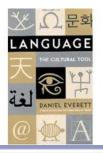
Adapted from Hammer, Bennett, & Wiseman (2003)



Language Training



- Tutor (twice weekly meetings for one semester)
- Rosetta Stone
 - Levels I-III
- Interaction with exchange students and research teams



Cultural Activities



- Exploring own culture
 - e.g., family history, family celebrations, family stories
- Exploring Brazilian culture
 - e.g., holidays, food, families, politics and religion
 - Culture of the profession
- Exploring health beliefs across cultures
- Social activities
 - Brazilian night: dinner and a movie
 - Musical heritage (bluegrass, country)
 - Appalachian Story-telling





STUDENT EXCHANGE



Objectives of Student Exchange



Academic

Attend classes, observe clinics, participate in research teams

Cultural

- Awareness of cultural attitudes and beliefs related to communication disorders
- Actively engage and participate in the culture of host university (sports, holidays, meals)

Professional

- Awareness of Brazilian professional organizations for audiology and speech-language pathology
- Code of ethics
- Understanding of the training and practice of the professions in Brazil



Exchange Students: US to Brazil



Year 1	To UFSM	To USP	Length of exchange	TOTAL
From ETSU	3	1	6 weeks	4
From UNI	1	2	6 weeks	3
Year 2				
From ETSU	2	1	6 weeks	3
From UNI	1	2	6 weeks	3



Exchange Students: Brazil to US



Year 1	To ETSU	To UNI	Length of exchange	TOTAL
From UFSM	1	0	4 months	1
From USP	2	2	4 months	4
Year 2				
From UFSM	2	2	4 months	4
From USP	1	1	4 months	2





Assessment Instruments



Intercultural Development Inventory (IDI)

- 50 item self assessment that measures orientations toward cultural difference based on Bennett's Developmental Model of Intercultural Sensitivity
- quantifies the subjective experience of cultural difference
- currently most widely used measure

Questionnaire

 M/C questions related to social, cultural, language training and exchange experience

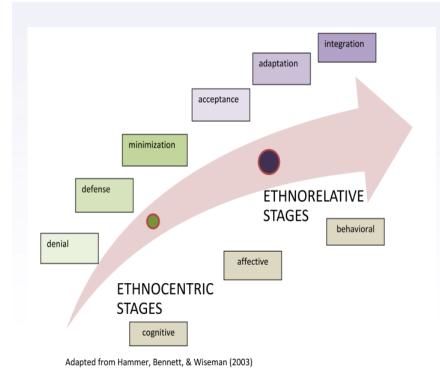
Journal and Reflection paper

 encompassed students' growth and development and included a discussion of their experiences in terms of concepts and themes that they synthesized from their journaling

Language test

Outcomes: IDI





Fellows in both programs showed growth post-course

- Program 1 Fellows exhibited more growth than Program 2 Fellows (post-exchange scores fell within high minimization on the intercultural continuum compared to polarization, or defense)
- Combined, little change in the Developmental Orientation across all Fellows between baseline and postexchange
- Non-exchange students in both programs demonstrated regression post-course

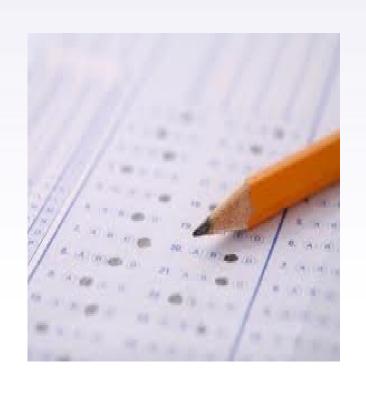
Intercultural Competence



- Not all students' scores support the developmental model
- Gamma change theory (Ingraham & Peterson, 2004) indicates that students' initial measurement is revised following post-study and post-exchange to more accurately reflect cultural sensitivity rather than expectations held prior to study and exchange experiences

Outcomes: M/C Questionnaire



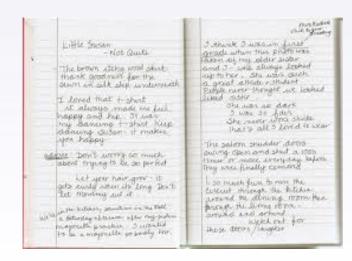


Themes identified related to:

- Increased self awareness of own culture
- Increased awareness of similarities between cultures (similar purpose and goals in life)
- Acknowledgement of IDI as a tool to learn own cultural awareness
- Increased professional awareness of similarities in knowledge base and practices

Outcomes: Journal/Reflection Paper





Personal:

- "expanded my views on how different and similar our cultures are"
- "I learned more about myself than I ever have before"
- "Accepting that I belong to my own culture and am shaped by this in a very different way than by witnessing differences through exchange"

Professional:

- "helped me understand that there are both similarities and differences between a clinic in the US and that in Brazil"
- "while similarities between clinics (and cultures)
 are important to be recognized, their differences
 should not be glossed-over; because these
 differences shed light on the values of the
 culture"

Overall



- Change was not linear, which reflects complexity of cultural awareness and sensitivity
- Increased awareness of own culture
- Increased awareness of cultural and professional similarities





LESSONS LEARNED

Challenges and Lessons Learned

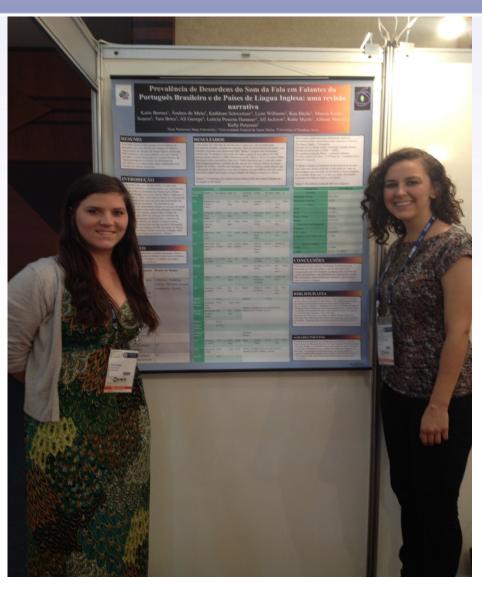


- Scope
- Technology Challenges
- Management Challenges
- Research Challenges
- Curriculum Challenges



Scope





- Review Study + Research Study
 - Completion in 2
 semesters was overambitious
- Time
 - Commitment to entire project was considerable for both faculty and students
 - Unanticipated time costs to resolve arising issues

Technology and Support Challenges





- We had to learn new and varied types of technology
- Technology support across university partners was not equivalent

Management Challenges





- Scheduling project and team meetings (time zone and academic calendar differences between northern and southern hemispheres)
- F2F meetings critical, but required time and structure to be effective
- Communication among university grant accounting and administrative offices
- Collaborations across many institutions increases complexity exponentially
- Central challenges involved time, flexibility, and follow-through

Research Challenges





- Coordination and timing of ethics approval for human subject research
- Sharing files electronically
- Journal articles/reviews in different languages
- Different levels of student research training and experience
- CITI training for all students

Curriculum Challenges





- Modifications of approved programs of study
- Evaluation of student participation and contributions
- Language training

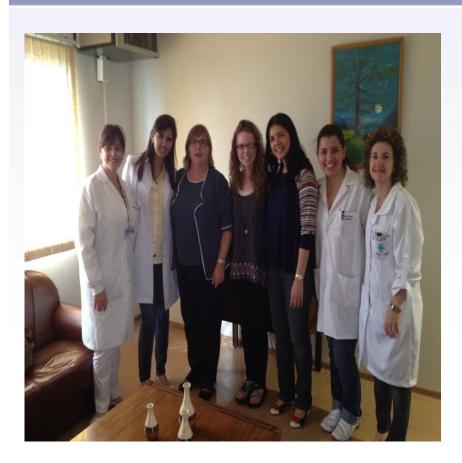




NEW OPPORTUNITIES

New Opportunities in Research





- Additional funding opportunities
 - Fogarty International NIH
 Research Grants (e.g., R03, D48, D71)
- Faculty exchange
- Research collaborations
- Joint presentations and publications
- Other international collaboration opportunities

New Opportunities for Students





- Student mentoring from other countries
- Continuation of exchanges (nonfunded)
- Curriculum changes
- International PhD collaborations

New Opportunities for Development of Clinical Materials





- Development of crosscultural and translated clinical tool and materials (e.g., ICS, PVM, SPAA-C)
- Translation of therapy materials to Portuguese
- Sharing clinical materials and resources

Conclusions



- Novel approach to global training of SLP/A
 - More intensive and integrated curriculum
- Cultural and research competence beyond exchange
 - Researchers around world
- EBP
 - Translating clinical materials (for example: ICS-Portuguese)
 - http://www.csu.edu.au/research/multilingual-speech/ics
 - Position paper on multilingual SSD
- Building international research collaborations
 - Expanded beyond FIPSE grant project
 - Global networking

Big Picture





Information on Our Project



Williams, A.L., Louw, B., Scherer, N.J., Bleile, K.M., Keske-Soares, M., & Trindade, I.K. (in press). Academic and clinical preparation in speech-language pathology and audiology: A global training consortium for U.S.-Brazil students. *Contemporary Issues in Communication Sciences and Disorders*.

Consortium for Promoting Cross-Linguistic Understanding of Communication Disabilities in Children FIPSE website:

http://www.etsu.edu/crhs/fipse/