

Dublin Core Metadata Initiative Abstract Model



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This is not your father's DC

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DCAM \neq DCMES

The DCAM is a *different way of looking at data* than what libraries are used to.

The DCAM is...

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An “abstract model for Dublin Core metadata”

AND

“an information model which is independent of any particular encoding syntax”

History of the DCAM

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* Remember: the DCMES (and DC Terms) *never* intended to be the be all, end all, of metadata

- Qualified Dublin Core first released in 2000
 - Dumb-down principle a great idea, but challenge comes when one tries to make statements about, for example, creator roles
 - Rise of RDF 1999-2004 starts folks thinking about self-descriptive models
- (Lots of community debate)
- The term “abstract model” appears in DC documentation *at least* as early as January 2002
- (Lots of community debate)
- Abstract Model first released as stable DCMI Recommendation in March 2005
- Current version of Abstract Model released as stable DCMI Recommendation in June 2007

DCMI Resource Model

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- *Resources* are described using *property-value pairs*
 - This concept is familiar to libraries; a field and its content
 - DCAM applies additional constraints, however
- Types of values
 - *literal value*: represents something by means of a string
 - *non-literal value*: the something itself, not a reference to it
- **A value is also itself a resource**

DCMI Description Set Model (1)

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- *Description set*: collection of description(s)
- *Description*
 - Makes *statements* (which contain *property-value pairs*)
 - *Can* contain a URI for the described resource
- *Property-value pairs*
 - Properties are kind of like elements (but wait 'til later!)
 - Properties must be represented by URIs
 - The values are where this gets complicated!

DCMI Description Set Model (2)

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- *Value surrogates*
 - *Literal value surrogate:*
 - ✦ Representation of a literal value by means of a string
 - ✦ From RDF, a literal value is generally something like a number or date
 - *Non-literal value surrogate*
 - ✦ Representation of a non-literal value
 - ✦ *Can* have a URI referring to the value
 - ✦ *Can* have a vocabulary encoding scheme URI
 - ✦ *Can* have a value string (literal representing the non-literal value)
- *Value strings*
 - *Plain value string:* just a string, but can have an associated language code
 - *Typed value string:* also associates the string with a syntax encoding scheme via a URI

DCMI Vocabulary Model

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- Not just what we in libraries consider to be controlled vocabularies!
- Vocabularies can contain:
 - *Properties*
 - *Classes*
 - *Vocabulary encoding schemes*
 - *Syntax encoding schemes*

What libraries
are used to



DC encodings

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- Don't have to implement entire DCAM
 - But do need to make clear which parts are supported
- Current encoding statuses
 - RDF encoding implementing DCAM now a Recommendation
 - XML encoding implementing DCAM still a Working Draft (since May 2006)*
 - XHTML <meta> and <link> encoding implementing DCAM now a Recommendation

* I think this says something interesting.

XML DC encodings

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```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<metadata xmlns="http://example.org/myapp/"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://example.org/myapp/
  http://example.org/myapp/schema.xsd"
  xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/">
  <dc:title>DCMI Home Page</dc:title>
  <dc:publisher>Dublin Core Metadata Initiative</dc:publisher>
  <dc:identifier>http://dublincore.org/pages/home</dc:identifier>
  <dc:subject xsi:type="dcterms:LCSH">Metadata</dc:subject>
</metadata>
```

← Old

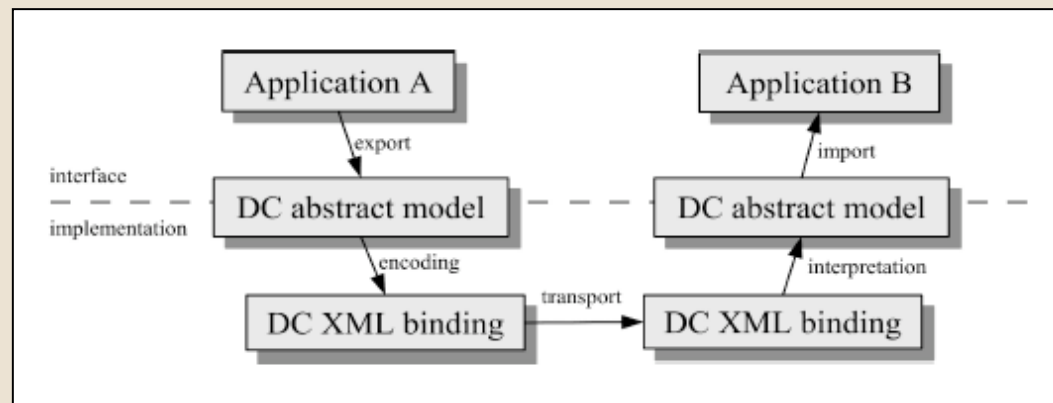
New →

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<dcx:descriptionSet xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/"
  xmlns:dcx="http://purl.org/dc/xml/">
  <dcx:description dcx:resourceURI="http://dublincore.org/pages/home">
    <dc:title>
      <dcx:valueString>DCMI Home Page</dcx:valueString>
    </dc:title>
    <dc:publisher dcx:valueURI="http://example.org/agents/DCMI">
      <dcx:valueString>Dublin Core Metadata Initiative</dcx:valueString>
    </dc:publisher>
    <dc:subject dcx:vocabEncSchemeURI="http://purl.org/dc/terms/LCSH">
      <dcx:valueString>Metadata</dcx:valueString>
    </dc:subject>
  </dcx:description>
</dcx:descriptionSet>
```

So why go to all of this trouble?

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“Interoperability”



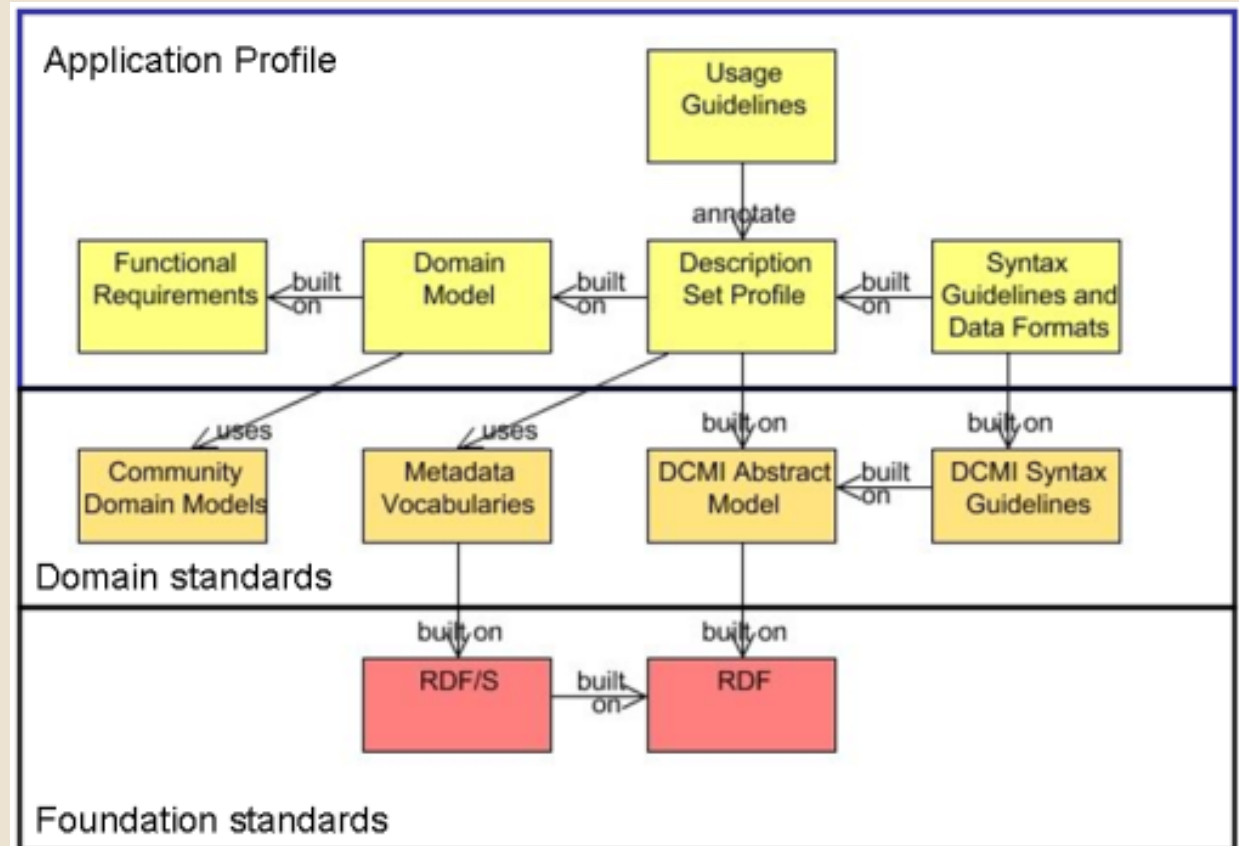
Nilsson, Mikael, Pete Johnston, Ambjörn Naeve, and Andy Powell. “The Future of Learning Object Metadata Interoperability.” In: Harman, Keith and Alex Koochang (eds.). *Learning Objects: Standards, Metadata, Repositories, and LCMS*. Santa Rosa, California: Informing Science Press, 2007. <http://kmr.nada.kth.se/papers/SemanticWeb/FutureOfLOMI.pdf>

- DCAM potentially promotes interoperability by allowing for the building of effective *application profiles*

Singapore Framework

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- Created at 2007 DC Conference
- No endorsed DC Application Profile exists yet that implements this framework



Whoa. What, now?

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- Layers would allow communities to define their own needs but still base structures on the common abstract model
- Some possible benefits of the DCMi Abstract Model
 - Much easier metadata interoperability between systems
 - Less re-inventing the wheel in multiple places
 - Increased utility of library metadata in non-library environments
 - Better integration of authority data into bibliographic discovery systems
- But setting it all up is a *lot* of work!

Is this really going to work?

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I'm afraid I don't know.

MODS elements in DC Application Profiles?

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- MODS terms suggested by the DCMI Usage Board in 2002 for the DC Libraries Application Profile
- 2 issues arose as the DCAM evolved:
 - The terms suggested were not MODS top-level elements and not directly addressable via URI (solvable?)
 - MODS “elements” ≠ DC “elements”
 - ✦ DC “element” really a “property”
 - ✦ MODS subelement values have shades of meaning affected by parent elements and parent element attribute values
- Is this really a problem?
 - Can MODS be understood in terms of the DCAM? Or MODS elements as “properties”?
 - Or is the difference fundamental in the XML vs. RDF approach?
 - And is the distinction meaningful to those who would use MODS?
 - Current DCMI position is that this is not allowable

RDA/DCMI Task Group

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- Attempting to facilitate utility of library-generated data in DCAM-focused applications
- Goal: “To define components of the draft standard "RDA - Resource Description and Access" as an RDF vocabulary for use in developing a Dublin Core application profile.”
 - Define RDA modeling entities as an RDF vocabulary (properties and classes).
 - Identify in-line value vocabularies as candidates for publication in [RDFS](#) or [SKOS](#).
 - Develop a DC Application Profile for RDA based on FRBR and FRAD.
- Vocabularies being defined in the [NSDL Metadata Registry](#)
- It is still unclear where responsibility will lie in the long term, and what role the registry will play in the production version of RDA

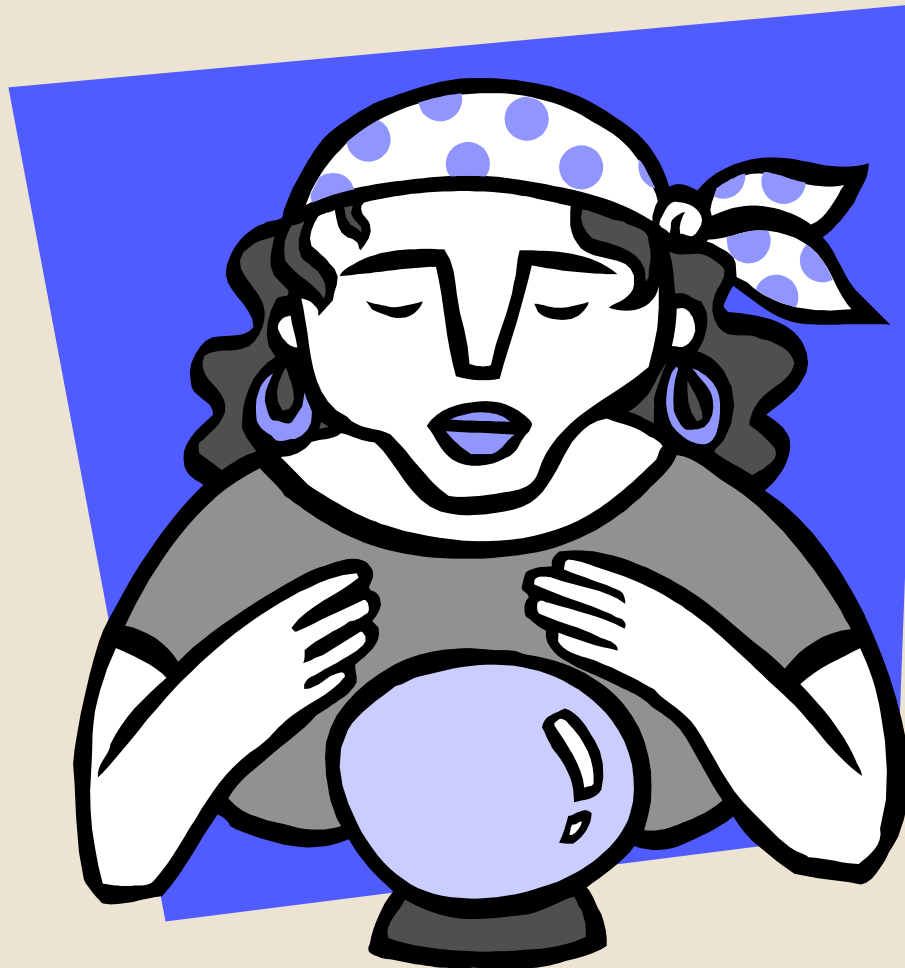
Should libraries care about this?

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- Yes, if just to be aware
 - Because this *could* be the prevailing model in the future
 - Although that's far from clear right now
- It depends, on...
 - How RDA and the RDA/DCMI vocabulary registry are received
 - How quickly metadata creation systems in libraries develop infrastructure to support making these distinctions
 - If we can overcome the terminological challenges currently separating the two communities
 - How effective mashups of library and non-library data are in the short- and medium-term, sparking interest in this area
 - How quickly Semantic Web-style applications emerge that can make good use of this data
 - How the balance between intelligence in data and intelligence in applications goes over the next few years

Do you have one? Can I borrow it?

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Thank you!

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- Questions?
- For more information:
 - DCMI Abstract Model home page: <<http://dublincore.org/documents/abstract-model/>>
 - These presentation slides: <<http://www.dlib.indiana.edu/~jenlrile/presentations/bbspro9/dcam/dcmi-am.ppt>>
 - Today's handout: <<http://www.dlib.indiana.edu/~jenlrile/presentations/bbspro9/dcam/handout.pdf>>
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