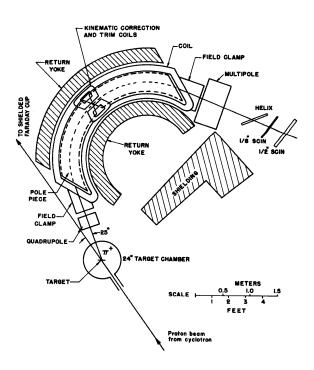
## I

## CHARGED PION PRODUCTION IN PROTON-NUCLEUS COLLISIONS NEAR THRESHOLD

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Charged pions produced in proton-nucleus collisions have been measured using the QDDM magnetic spectrograph facility shown in Fig. 1. The focal-plane detector array consisted of a helical multiwire proportional chamber followed by 1/8" and 1/2" thick scintillators separated by a distance of 30 cm. Pions were identified by multiparameter computer analysis of the  $\Delta E_1$  (1/8" scintillator),  $\Delta E_2$  (1/2" scintillator), two time-of-flight (RF  $\rightarrow$   $\Delta E_1$  and  $\Delta E_1 \rightarrow \Delta E_2$ ) and two position (helix and  $\Delta E_2$  scintillator) signals. Beam currents up to 100 na were used, and pion event rates ranged from 0.5/second for 10B to 0.2/minute for 20Bpb. A background level of  $\sim$  1 nb/sr was achieved.



Examples of data are shown in Fig. 2. The  $^{40}$ Ca spectrum shows 90 pion events obtained in a 90 minute run with an average beam current of 20 na. For  $^{208}$ Pb, 30 pions were observed in a 3 1/2 hr run with an average beam current of 50 na.

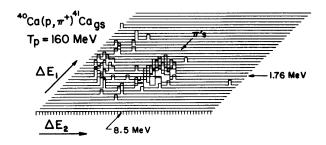
Table 1 summarizes the reactions that have been measured so far. For  $^{10}{\rm B}({\rm p},~\pi^+)^{11}{\rm B}_{\rm gs}$  at 154 MeV, measurements were made at laboratory angles of 25, 45 and 60 degrees. For all other cases  $\theta_\pi$  (lab) = 25 degrees.

Table 1. Summary of (p,  $\pi$ ) Reactions Measured with the QDDM Magnetic Spectrograph

	Bombarding		Energies		(MeV)
Reaction	152	154	156	160	164
$^{9}\text{Be}(p, \pi^{-})^{10}\text{C}_{gs}$					?
$^{10}B(p, \pi^{+})^{11}B_{gs}$	x	*	x	x	*
<sup>11</sup> <sub>B</sub> <sub>2.12</sub>				x	
$^{12}C(p, \pi^{+})^{13}C_{gs}$			x	x	
$^{40}$ Ca(p, $\pi^{+}$ ) $^{41}$ Ca <sub>gs</sub>	x	*	x	x	*
$^{51}V(p, \pi^{-})^{52}Mn_{gs}$		*			
$^{90}Zr(p, \pi^{+})^{91}Zr_{gs}$		*			
$^{208}$ Pb(p, $\pi^{+}$ ) $^{209}$ Pb <sub>gs</sub>				?	
209 <sub>Pb</sub> <sub>1.4</sub>	2		?	х	*

- x 3-5 September 1976 Run (40 hrs)
- \* 18-20 December 1976 Run (48 hrs)

Cross sections extracted from our  $^{10}B$  and  $^{40}Ca$  data are about 5 and 1.7 times larger than those obtained at Orsay<sup>1)</sup> and Uppsala,  $^{2)}$  respectively.



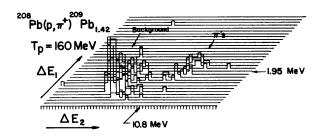


Figure 2.

Preliminary analyses of the  $^{10}\text{B}$  and  $^{40}\text{Ca}$  (p,  $\pi^+$ ) data have been carried out within the framework of the pionic stripping model using a plane-wave code written by J.G. Wills.  $^{3)}$  The point of the plane-wave analysis was to determine qualitatively the extent to which data of this type can establish the importance of the one-nucleon (stripping) mechanism near threshold as well as the non-relativistic form of the  $\pi$ -N interaction. A DWBA code for (p,  $\pi$ ) reactions is currently being developed at Indiana by Tsangarides and Wills.  $^{4)}$ 

Positive pion production on targets heavier than  $^{40}$ Ca at bombarding energies below 200 MeV and negative pion production at bombarding energies as low as 154 MeV have not been reported previously. The  $^{208}$ Pb(p,  $^{\pi^+}$ ) $^{209}$ Pb<sub>1.42</sub>

reaction was observed at IUCF to have a cross section of  $\sim$  30 nb/sr at 25° and 160-MeV bombarding energy. <sup>3)</sup> Preliminary cross sections for the  $^{90}{\rm Zr}(p,~\pi^+)^{91}{\rm Zr}_{\rm gs}$  and  $^{51}{\rm V}(p,~\pi^-)^{52}{\rm Mm}_{\rm gs}$  reactions at 25° and 154-MeV bombarding energy are 24  $\pm$  10 nb/sr and 1.5  $\pm$  1 nb/sr, respectively.<sup>5)</sup>

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- 5) Positive and Negative Pion Production by 154and 164-MeV Protons on <sup>9</sup>Be, <sup>10</sup>B, <sup>40</sup>Ca, <sup>51</sup>V, <sup>90</sup>Zr and <sup>208</sup>Pb. P.H. Pile, R.D. Bent, P.T. Debevec and R.E. Pollock, Washington Meeting of the American Physical Society, 25-28 April, 1977.