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Location of gyrA on the Physical Map of the Escherichia coli Chromosome

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Three oligonucleotide probes with sequences corresponding to either the coding sequence or the complementary sequence of gyrA (6, 7) at nucleotide positions 295, 343, and 524 were synthesized. These oligomers were separately labeled at their 5' ends with ³²P and hybridized to phage DNA prepared from the λ miniset phages 371 through 377 (4). Each of the three probes hybridized only to E13A5 (phage 376). pAW012, which contains an EcoRV genomic fragment containing the gyrA gene (7), hybridized to 4F12 (phage 375) as well as to E13A5. The pAW012 BamHI-HindIII fragment, which contains only the first 692 nucleotides for the gyrA gene (6, 7), did not hybridize to 4F12. The gyrA gene contains restriction sites for HindIII, KpnI, PstI, and PvuII but none for the other four enzymes used for defining sites in the recombinant phage collection (4). This combined information identifies the HindIII site at nucleotide 692 of gyrA with the leftmost HindIII site of the E13A5 insert. The fact that the oligonucleotides hybridized with this phage, whereas pAW012 also hybridized to phage strain 4F12, places the gyrA gene, map position 48.3 min (1), at coordinate 2350 (5) immediately to the left of ubiG and with an orientation the same as that of ubiG (2) but opposite that of the atoDAB (3) operon at coordinate 2334 (Fig. 1). There

was no inconsistency in terms of restriction sites, and the

sizes of cloned genes were in good agreement with the

restriction map (4, 5).

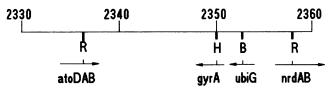


FIG. 1. Organization of the region encompassing coordinates 2330 to 2350 of the *Escherichia coli* chromosome. The coordinates of *atoDAB*, *gyrA*, *ubiG*, and *nrdAB* at *Bam*HI (B), *Eco*RI (R), and *Hind*III (H) sites are 2336.5, 2350, 2352.6, and 2357.68, respectively, on the basis of the corrected restriction map (5).

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