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Convergence of Data and Scholarship: Open Access and Reproducibility

Samantha Teplitzky UC Berkeley, steplitz@berkeley.edu

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Convergence of Data and Scholarship:

Open Access and Reproducibility

Sam Teplitzky and Anna Sackmann

Motivating question: how do workflows change?

I see that Geophysical Research Letters and Journal of Geophysical Research A (Space Physics) are on the proposed list of 'electronic only' journals, starting 2011. I strongly oppose this move. We have >100 scientists and students here at and read primarily these two journals (we have had a recent JGR senior editor here too).

They are the lifeblood of our field and is a leader in this field - it seems like a very poor choice to discontinue the print version of these journals.

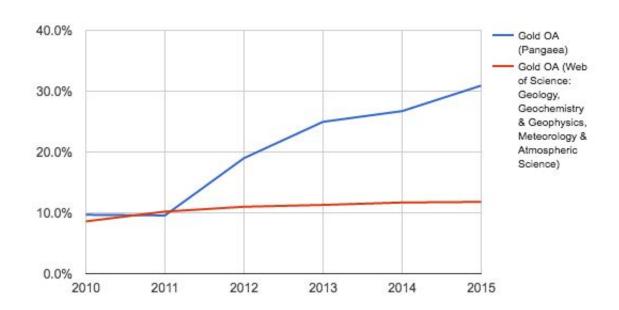
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 They are the lifeblood of our field and a leader in this field it seems like a very poor choice to discontinue the print version of these journals.
 - Thanks for soliciting feedback on this. It's a bummer that the library has to cut back on its journals subscriptions but, after looking at the list, I think the impact on my research will be minimal.
 - Given that this is solely a print cancellation and that we will retain digital access to GSA Special Papers/Field Guides as well as the Lyell Collection , I have no objections to anything on the list.

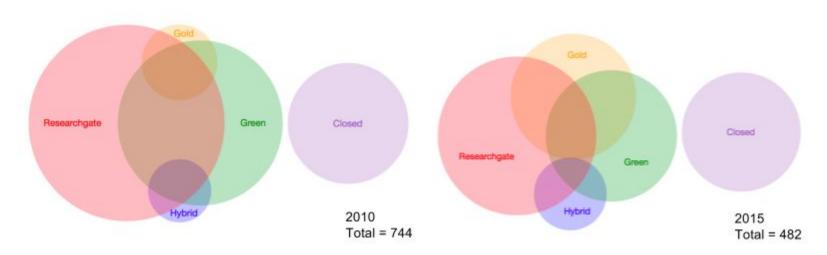
Background

Gold Open Access Articles in the Earth Sciences



Background

Overlap in free availability of articles linked to Pangaea data sets



• Many types of open access exist concurrently

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- The rise of the data article elevates data to the focus rather than a supplement of research
- Researchers are incorporating reproducibility practices in early phases of research to prepare open materials

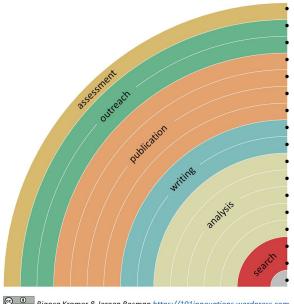
Research Life Cycle



Source: http://acrl.libguides.com/scholcomm/toolkit/

Rainbow of open science

You can make your workflow more open by ...



adding alternative evaluation, e.g. with altmetrics communicating through social media, e.g. Twitter sharing posters & presentations, e.g. at FigShare using open licenses, e.g. CCO or CC-BY publishing open access, 'green' or 'gold' using open peer review, e.g. at journals or PubPeer sharing preprints, e.g. at OSF, arXiv or bioRxiv using actionable formats, e.g. with Jupyter or CoCalc 😇 🧶 open XML-drafting, e.g. at Overleaf or Authorea sharing protocols & workfl., e.g. at Protocols.io sharing notebooks, e.g. at OpenNotebookScience sharing code, e.g. at GitHub with GNU/MIT license sharing data, e.g. at Dryad, Zenodo or Dataverse pre-registering, e.g. at OSF or AsPredicted commenting openly, e.g. with Hypothes.is using shared reference libraries, e.g. with Zotero sharing (grant) proposals, e.g. at RIO



Case Studies

Definitions

Open Access: free, immediate, online availability of research articles coupled with the rights to use these articles fully in the digital environment. (https://sparcopen.org/open-access/)

Open Data: Structured data that are accessible, machine-readable, usable, intelligible, and freely shared. (CASRAI)

Data Reuse: The practice of reusing previously generated data. (CASRAI)

Supplementary Materials: Additional data files that contain information directly supportive of the document, for example, an audio clip, movie, database, spreadsheet, applet, or other external file. (https://dtd.nlm.nih.gov/publishing/tag-library/1.0/n-r2x0.html)

Open licensing: a description of usage terms that grants permission to access, re-use and redistribute a work with few or no restrictions. (http://opendefinition.org/guide/)

Sharing code, protocols or notebooks: Opening the underlying methods necessary to reproduce published research.

Preprint publication: Preliminary version of an article that has not undergone review but that may be shared for comment. Preprints may be considered as grey literature. (CASRAI)

Introduction to case studies

Examples of Open Science	Related roles	Key Issues
Open Access	Researcher	Ex. Funder Mandates
Open Data	Funder	
Data Reuse	Collaborators	
Supplemental Materials	Study participant	
Open licensing	Government Agency	
Sharing code, protocols or notebooks	Librarian/ Research data manager	
Preprint publication	Reporter	
Other	Other	

URLs for case studies

Case Study #1: http://ucblib.link/iF

Case Study #2: http://ucblib.link/iC

Case Study #3: http://ucblib.link/iG

Case Study #4: http://ucblib.link/iA

Case Study #5: http://ucblib.link/iz

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Case Study #1:

Assessing Social Contagion in Body Mass Index...

Original Investigation

March 2018

Assessing Social Contagion Index, Overweight, and Obe Natural Experiment

Ashlesha Datar, PhD1; Nancy Nicosia, PhD2

JAMA Pediatr. 2018;172(3):239-246. doi:10.1001/jamapediatrics.201

The New Hork Times

Your Neighbors, Your Waistline

By Nicholas Bakalar Jan. 24, 2018



Is obesity contagious?

Researchers studied 1,519 military families who were assigned to 38 military bases across the country and living in counties with higher or lower rates of obesity.

The scientists collected data on height and weight of children and parents using questionnaires and in-person examinations. The study, in JAMA Pediatrics, used data on county obesity prevalence from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

ARTICLE INFORMATION

Accepted for Publication: October 25, 2017.

Published Online: January 22, 2018. doi:10.1001/jamapediatrics.2017.4882

Author Contributions: Dr Datar had full access to all the data in the study and takes responsibility for the integrity of the data and the accuracy of the data analysis.

Study concept and design: Datar.

Acquisition, analysis, or interpretation of data: All authors.

Drafting of the manuscript: Datar.

Critical revision of the manuscript for important intellectual content: All authors.

Statistical analysis: Datar.

Obtained funding: All authors.

Administrative, technical, or material support: Datar.

Study supervision: All authors.

Conflict of Interest Disclosures: None reported. Funding/Support: This research was funded by

National Institute of Child Health and Human Development and 1001/10067536

wole of the Funder/Sponsor: The funding source and the US Army played no role in the design and conduct of the study; collection, management, analysis, or interpretation of the data; preparation, review, or approval of the manuscript; and decision to eubmit the manuscript for publication

Additional Contributions: We thank Bonnie Ghosh-Dastidar, PhD, and Ann Haas, MS, MPH, RAND Corporation, for constructing corrected BMI measures; and Victoria Shier, MPhil, Pardee-RAND Corporation, and Sarah White, MPP, and Elizabeth

Wong, MPH, University of Southern California, for their excellent research assistance. All contributors were supported by the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development grant

Health and Human Development grant RO1HDO67536. We also gratefully acknowledge the US Department of the Army for facilitating data

collection for this study.

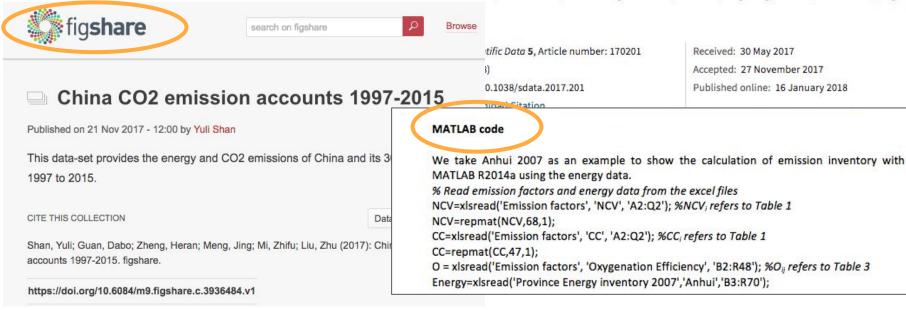
SCIENTIFIC DATA

Case Study #2: China CO2 emission accounts



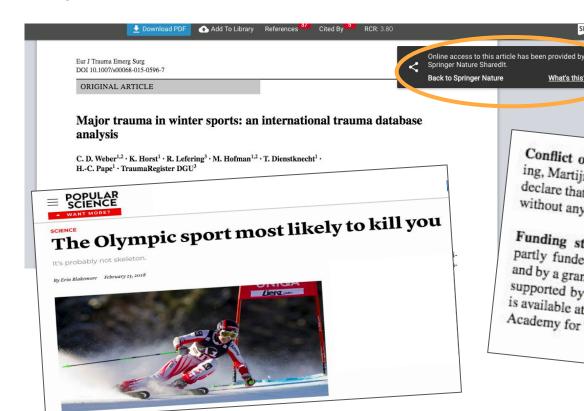
China CO₂ emission accounts 1997–2015

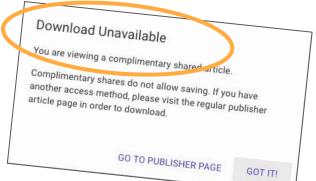
Yuli Shan, Dabo Guan M, Heran Zheng, Jiamin Ou, Yuan Li M, Jing Meng, Zhifu Mi, Zhu Liu M & Qiang



Case Study #3:

Major trauma in winter sports





Conflict of interest Christian Weber, Klemens Horst, Rolf Lefering, Martijn Hofman, Thomas Dienstknecht, and Hans-Christoph Pape declare that they have no conflict of interest. This study was performed

SN SharedIt

What's this?

Funding statement The TraumaRegister DGU® was previously partly funded by the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (Ne 385/5) and by a grant from Novo Nordisk A/S, Bagsvaerd, Denmark. It is now supported by fees from the participating hospitals (a list of hospitals is available at http://www.traumaregister.de) and hosted by the AUC-

Case Study #4:

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

Super Cryogenic Dark Matter Search

SUPER CRYOGENIC DARK MATTER SEARCH

Home | In the News | The Experiment | The Collaboration | Publications | The ses | Public Data | Lime: Plotter | Photos

SUPERCOMS DATA MANAGEMENT POLICY

The SuperCDMS data management policy can be found in this document: pdf.

SUPERCOMS DATA RELEASES

arXiv.org > her -ex > arXiv:1708.08869

High Energy Physics - Experiment

Results from the Super Cryogenic Dark Matter Search (SuperCDMS) expe

SuperCDMS Collaboration: R. Agnese, T. Aramaki, I.J. Arnquist, W. Baker, D. Balakishiyeva, S. Banik, D. Barker, R. Bas M.A. Bowles, P.L. Brink, R. Bunker, B. Cabrera, D.O. Caldwell, R. Calkins, C. Cartaro, D.G. Cerdeño, Y. Chang, Y. Che Cushman, M. Daal, P.C.F. Di Stefano, T. Doughty, E. Fascione, E. Figueroa-Feliciano, M. Fritts, G. Gerbier, R. Germor Golwala, J. Hall, H.R. Harris, Z. Hong, E.W. Hoppe, L. Hsu, M.E. Huber, V. Iyer, D. Jardin, A. Jastram, C. Jena, M.H. Kel Kurinsky, B. Loer, E. Lopez Asamar, P. Lukens, D. MacDonell, R. Mahapatra, V. Mandic, N. Mast, E.H. Miller, N. Mirab Mendoza, J. Nelson, J.L. Orrell, S.M. Oser, et al. (41 additional authors not shown)

(Submitted on 29 Aug 2017)

We report the result of a blinded search for Weakly Interacting Massive Particles (WIMPs) using the majority of the SuperCDMS of 1690 kg days, a single candidate event is observed, consistent with expected backgrounds. This analysis (combined with p limit on the spin-independent WIMP--nucleon cross section of $1.4\times10^{-44}~(1.0\times10^{-44})~\text{cm}^2$ at 46 GeV/ c^2 . These results set germanium-nucleus interactions for masses >12 GeV/ c^2 .

Referees Highlights Collections Authors Open Acces Results from the Super Cryogenic Dark Matter Se at Soudan R. Agnese et al. (SuperCDMS Collaboration) Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 061802 - Published 9 February 2018 Article References No Citing Articles HTML **Export Ci ABSTRACT** We report the result of a blinded search for weakly interacting massive part majority of the SuperCDMS Soudan data set. With an exposure of 1600 kg is observed, consistent with expected backgrounds. This sets an upper limit on the spin-independent WIMP-nucle (1.0×10^{-44}) cm² at 46 GeV/c². These results set the structure

interactions for masses > 12 GeV/c2.

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Case Study #5:

Analysis of populationscale family trees

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Quantitative analysis of population-scale family trees with millions of relatives

Joanna Kaplanis^{1,2,*}, Assaf Gordon^{1,2,*}, Tal Shor^{3,4}, Omer Weissbrod⁵, Dan Geiger⁴, Mary Wahl^{1,2,6}, Michael Gershovits², Bar...

+ See all authors and affiliations

Science 01 Mar 2018:

eaam9309

DOI: 10.1126/science.aam9309

Supplementary Materials for

Quantitative analysis of population-scale family trees with millions of relatives

aplanis, Assaf Gordon, Tal Shor, Omer Weissbrod, Dan Geiger, Mary Wahl, Gershovits, Barak Markus, Mona Sheikh, Melissa Gymrek, Gaurav Bhatia, Daniel G. MacArthur, Alkes L. Price, Yaniv Erlich*

g author. Email: erlichya@gmail.com

When Did Americans Stop Marrying Their Cousins? Ask the World's Largest Family Tree

Researchers assembled 5 million family trees using data from the websit Geni.com to test several genetic and historical hypotheses.

Published 1 March 2018 on Science First Release DOI: 10.1126/science.aam9309

Common Themes

Questions?

Contact information:

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Anna Sackmann <u>asackmann@berkeley.edu</u>

Slides: http://ucblib.link/iE

References

Teplitzky, S. (2017). Open data, [open] access: linking data sharing and article sharing in the Earth Sciences. Journal of Librarianship and Scholarly Communication, 5(1), eP2150. DOI: http://doi.org/10.7710/2162-3309.2150

Rainbow of Open Science: https://zenodo.org/record/1147025#. WoTHxZM-dE6

Research Life Cycle: http://acrl.libguides.com/scholcomm/toolkit/

Case Study Links:

- Case Study #1: http://ucblib.link/iF
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- Case Study #4: http://ucblib.link/iA
- Case Study #5: http://ucblib.link/iz