



CHARACTERIZATION OF PULP POWDER OF MURICI (*Byrsonima crassifolia* (L.) Kunth and *verbascifolia* (L.) DC.) AND TAPEREBÁ (*Spondias* *mombin*) FOR USE AS FUNCTIONAL FOOD

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In Brazilian biodiversity, there are exotic fruit species, such as murici (*Byrsonima crassifolia* (L.) Kunth and *verbascifolia* (L.) DC.) and taperebá (*Spondias mombin*), with unique sensorial characteristics and high concentrations of nutrients and bioactive compounds, that give them a great bioactive potential. This study was carried out to evaluate the functional potential of pulp powder of murici and taperebá through the antioxidant capacity, the contents of total phenolic and carotenoids compounds. Furthermore, the total phenolic contents and antioxidant activity (AA) *in vitro* of pulp powder of murici and taperebá were assessed by folin-Ciocateau, DPPH FRAP, ABTS and ORAC. The carotenoid profile was also determined by high-performance liquid chromatography (HPLC). Results indicated that the taperebá and murici pulp powder contained an important amount of phenolic and carotenoids compounds. Taperebá has the highest value of phenolic compounds (963.96mg ácido gálico/100g) and total carotenoids (243.19 μ g/g). Six carotenoids were identified in both pulp powder: β -cryptoxanthin, lutein, zeinoxanthin, α and β carotene, and zeaxanthin, being lutein the major one in pulp powder of murici (23.39 μ g/g) and β -cryptoxanthin in pulp powder taperebá (99.08 μ g/g). Regarding the antioxidant assays, taperebá showed the high values of AA for DPPH (338.83 μ mol trolox/g), ABTS (456.01 μ mol trolox/g) and FRAP (352.80 μ mol ferrous sulphate/g) compared to taperebá whose values were 216.46 μ mol trolox/g, 401.19 μ mol trolox/g and 148.28 μ mol ferrous sulphate/g, repectively. ORAC analysis revealed no significant differences ($p > 0.05$) between taperebá (71.59mmol trolox/g -1) and cajá (74.44mmol trolox/g -1) powders. These results expose a potential of Brazilian exotic fruits approach for improving human health through consumption of murici e taperebá or to be used by the food industry.