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Outlasting Memory Advantage In Synaesthesia: Evidence After One Year

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Question

Are synaesthesia-type specific memory advantages stable over time or short-lived?

Background

Previous studies have shown enhanced retention of



Results

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visual material for grapheme-colour synaesthetes. In a first session we could show that such memory advantages differ in types of synaesthesia.

The present study investigated the longevity of these synaesthesia-type specific memory advantages found in this first session.

General and synaesthesia-type specific memory performance was compared for four different types of synaesthesia: 21 grapheme-colour- (GC); 18 sound-colour- (SC); 21 grapheme-colour-andsound-colour- (GCSC) and 20 sequence-space (SS) synaesthetes and their matched controls were

tested. Recognition tests included word, music and colour stimuli. Each participant completed session 1: after 1 hour and session 2 after 1 year.

Method

80 synaesthetes and 80 healthy controls matched by age and gender.



S1 S2	S1 S2	S1 S2 S1 S2
Grapheme-	Sound-	Grapheme-Colour- Sequence-
Colour	Colour	and-Sound-Colour Space

- A marginal inducer-specific advantage for GCSC synaesthetes in session 1 was not stable.
- A tendencious concurrent-specific advantage for GC synaesthetes in session 1 was stable and approached significance in session 2. Decay was significantly lower. For SC synaesthetes the concurrent-specific advantage was not stable.
- A general advantage for SS synaesthetes in session 1 3. was not stable. Decay for words was significantly higher.

Conclusion

- 1. The stable concurrent-specific memory advantage implicates enhanced colour processing and retention.
- The unstable inducer-specific advantage might result from short-lived network activation.
- Differences between types of synaesthesia indicate 3. different mechanisms underlying these memory advantages.